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MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

OYAMA BEGINS GENERAL ATTACK ON RUSSIANS, DRIVING IN OUTPOSTS

Advance Posts of Russians Have a Front of 100 Miles.

The Czar's Army Moving Backward Without Much Resistance.

The Japanese Army Has Received Large Reinforcements Lately.

St. Petersburg, May 8.—Interest is once more directed to Manchuria, the news from the front indicating that Field Marshal Oyama is pressing Gen. Linevitch's advance posts east and west of the railroad with considerable force as if about to undertake a general offensive movement. The Russians are offering slight resistance and are falling back upon their first line of denfense. The Russian advance posts cover a front of about 100 miles, extending from Singmantsu on the Liao river in a southeasterly direction, across the railroad above Changtu to the Mandarin road leading to Kirin, to Karal pass about seventy miles due east of Tie pass. The Russian cavalry protects both wings, small bodies being probably beyond the Liao river, in Mongolia, to guard against a surprise turning movement in that direction. Experts believe, however, that Oyama's purpose is to thrust in from the east, turn Kirin and interpose himself between Harbin and Vladivostok preparatory to the investment of the latter place. Linevitch's dispositions seem especially taken to meet such a plan. He would not give battle along his present line, but would gradually retire and draw in his forces as Oyama's strategy develops, to the main Russian positions, which extend due east and west from Kirin through Kuanchangtsu to Huaitihsien. A considerable force of troops also is reported to be due east of Kirin as far south as the Tumen river to contest the Japanese advance northeastward toward Vladivostok. It is not regarded as certain that the Japanese advance will really be serious. Oyama is known to have received large reinforcements, which have filled up the Japanese ranks and he brought up immense quantities of supplies and amunition after the battle of Mukden both by way of Simmintin and over the reconstructed Manchurian railroad. But at the war office here there is a difference of opinion as to whether Oyama is yet ready, and it is added that if he is in earnest probably almost a fortnight will elapse before the issue is decided. The preliminaries of each of the battles of the present war, in view of the fact that the armies cover such a large area, have always been long and tedious. Up to noon yesterday the Russian advance posts generally had retired about eighteen miles. If Oyama's offensive is presed home a climax should be reached at about the time the sea fight between Admirals Rojestvensky and Togo is anticipated. Gen. Linevitch's headquarters are at Gunshu Pass.

SICK AND WOUNDED

In Russian Army East of Lake Baikal.

Gunshu Pass, Manchuria, May 8.—In view of the exaggerated reports of sickness in the Russian armies published abroad, the Associated Press is authorized to give the following figures furnished from headquarters of the number of sick in the entire region from Baikal east to Vladivostok:

In hospitals: Wounded 769 officers and 14,904 soldiers; sick 1,157 officers and 13,918 soldiers.

In sanitary trains: Wounded 35 officers and 774 soldiers; sick 45 officers and 772 soldiers.

In hospitals for convalescents: Wounded 216; sick 332.

Last week 65 sick patients died and 42 were discharged.

Convalescents: Wounded 437; sick 500.

Among the sick are the following cases: Contagious dysentery, 39; typhus 218; grippe 204; fever 92; anthrax 30; scurvy 71; smallpox 30; catalepsy 16; diarrhoea 449; unspecified 129.

CIVIL GOVERNMENT

For Manchuria to Be Provided By the Japs.

Tokio, May 8.—The government is perfecting plans to convert the military administration of the occupied territory in Manchuria into a civil administration. Army officers will continue to be chiefs of departments, but they will be assisted by civilian experts and civil police. It is expected that Gen. Kamio will be administrator of the Liao Tung peninsula. The administrator of Manchuria has not been selected. Taxes sufficient to pay the expenses of the civil administration will be imposed

PRINTERS WIN VICTORY.

St. Petersburg, May 8.—The printers who struck Sunday, April 23, have won a victory in their demand for the observance of Sundays and holidays by abstention from work, only the Novoe Vreyma appearing this morning.

VOLCANO IS ACTIVE.

Honolulu, May 8.—There is marked activity in the volcano of Kilauea. The flow of lava is increasing and a rising in the crater gives indications that there may be an overflow.

RUSS HOSPITAL SHIP STEAMS INTO SAIGON

Indicates That Admiral Nebogatoff's Fleet Is Near at Hand.

Saigon, French Cochin China, May 8.—The Russian hospital ship Kostroma arrived here today, which indicates the approach of the fourth division of the Russian second Pacific fleet, commanded by Vice Admiral Nebogatoff. Sixteen freight-laden steamers are off Cape St. James, near here. The main Russian fleet is said to be off the coast of Annam.

JAPANESE SHIP

Stops Steamer In the Straits of Korea.

Hongkong, May 8.—A special dispatch from Saigon, Cochin China, reports that Rear Admiral Nebogateff's fleet has passed Saigon.

A Russian cruiser was off Hon-Kohe bay, a short distance north of Kamranh bay, May 5, when the British steamer Charterhouse, which arrived here today passed that point. The latter also noticed a collier leaving the bay and steaming east, but the main Russian squadron was not seen. The British steamer Angola from Muroran, Japan, was stopped by a Japanese cruiser in the Straits of Korea. After being questioned about her cargo and destination, she was allowed to proceed.

SHARP REPLY

From France Concerning Comments on Neutrality.

Paris, May 8.—The critical tone of the British press concerning France's alleged breaches of neutrality in Indo China brought out an emphatic general statement from the foreign office that the accusations are unfounded. An official said:

"It is universally known that Japan's intelligence department is exceptionally efficient. Therefore if various specific breaches of neutrality really existed, the Japanese government would have been aware of them and would have presented specific charges to the French government. So far, however, Japan's official action has been confined to requesting France to exercise strict neutrality. She has not made any specific charges nor have any specific acts of violation of neutrality yet been brought to our attention. The Japanese government asked in an amicable spirit that we observe neutrality and we answered that we had done and are doing everything possible to that end. The reports to the contrary we believe to be misrepresentations."

Dr. Motono, the Japanese minister to France, went to the foreign office yesterday evening, where he had an extended interview with Foreign Minister Delcasse. The nature of their conversation was not disclosed, but it is understood that Dr. Motono referred to Japan's increasing impatience regarding the alleged breaches of neutrality.

The feeling prevails here that the situation is gradually assuming much tension. Reports are current that the positive instructions of the French officials here reserve perfunctory execution on the part of their subordinates in Indo China owing to the individual sympathy existing between the civil and naval French and Russian authorities.

TEAMS ARE MOVING WITHOUT TROUBLE

Strike Situation at Chicago Is Better Than For Some Days.

Chicago, May 8.—Today, the thirty-first day of the teamsters' strike, found both sides prepared for an even more intense struggle during the week to come—the week in which President Roosevelt is to visit Chicago.

The commission, composed of Prof. Graham Taylor, Towner K. Webster and William C. Boyden, appointed by Mayor Dunne to investigate charges of graft and blackmail on the part of union leaders and of efforts to incite trouble on the part of the employers, have made detailed plans for beginning the inquiry.

The merchants have made plans for more strenuous efforts to bring the recalcitrant team owners into line, and the Federation of Labor, on the other hand, has resolved to seek the indictment of the officials of the Employers' association for this effort, calling it conspiracy.

The strike commission, which was to begin work this morning, from all appearances will have no holiday task. It is without power of subpoena and all information it gets will of necessity be volunteered. The union leaders declare that they will submit volumes of testimony bearing on the charges that the employers have fostered the war by aiming to extend the strike through a score of trades.

On the other hand the employers are not enthusiastic over the project, seeing no good that is likely to come out of it, though Chairman Taylor was assured the merchants would no nothing to block the inquiry.

Two brothers, John and Richard Fruen, were fatally injured today in a street fight with a colored man. Both of the men were stabbed in the abdomen. Their assailant, whose identity is not known, escaped. The police believe he is a stranger in Chicago and are working on the theory that he may be a "strike breaker."

Attempts were made by the employers today to resume business on a scale as near as possible to that before the teamsters' strike. This was especially the case at all the barns used by the department stores.

Little trouble was reported at any of the Employers' company barns. Unlike the corresponding time last week, few persons were about the stables. Even the Peabody Coal company, against which there has been a special fight, sent out caravans of loaded coal wagons without molestation. Police and deputy sheriffs have continued to guard all or nearly all wagons driven by non-union men.

FAITHFUL DOGS

Perish While Keeping Vigil Over Their Master.

New York, May 8.—In a swamp near Mt. Holly, N. J., two dead dogs have been found where they perished from starvation while keeping vigil over their master who had suddenly lost his mind and wandered from home. The man, Amos Willett was still alive but in the last stages of exhaustion from hunger and thirst. His condition was such that his captors marvelled that he should have outlived his devoted animals.

Willett suddenly lost his mind several days ago. Almost as soon as the fact became known, he disappeared with the two dogs, his inseparable companions. The case was reported to the authorities and constables were assigned to the task of finding of Willett. They searched the entire country side without success, but on entering the swamp found Willett curled up in the mud. His clothing was torn to shreds and he was unconscious from exhaustion. Beside him were stretched the carcasses of the faithful dogs.

JUDGE HARGIS OUT ON BAIL.

Lexington, Ky., May 8.—Judge James Hargis, whose trial for the murder of James Cockrill resulted in a hung jury Thursday, was granted bail today by Circuit Judge Parker in the sum of $25,000. Judge Hargis was released.

SHIPOFF DEVELOPS GREAT STRENGTH.

St. Petersburg, May 8.—The extreme strength developed by M. Shipoff, president of the Moscow zemstvos at the Moscow zemstvo congress is the cause of great satisfaction to the Moderate Liberals. He delivered a strong speech against the radical constitutional program and although twenty-four orators opposed him vigorous when the question was put to a test, he captured 80 out of 132 delegates in the opposition camp.

THREE BOYS DROWN IN CONNECTICUT RIVER.

Hartford, Conn., May 8.—Charles Pease, 18-years-old, Richard Meade, 16, and Charles Chappelle, 12, all of South Windsor, are missing today and are believed to have been drownd in the Connecticut river. A canoe was seen to capsize about two miles above here yesterday evening. Two fishermen, who went to the rescue, were unable to reach the occupants of the craft before they sank. All circumstances point to the missing boys being the victims.

TAKES HIGHER GRADE OF BATHS.

Bad Nauheim, May 8.—Secretary Hay has finished the first portion of the cure and is now taking the higher grade of baths. He drives, walks and goes to the concerts on the Kur terrace daily. Prof. Grodel says Mr. Hay's condition is satisfactory.

COAL BARGE RAMS OCEAN STEAMSHIP, SENDING HER QUICKLY TO THE BOTTOM

GOTTSCHALK CONFESSES TO KILLING HARTMANN

Says He Murdered Him In Self Defense on Pike Island.

Claims Hartmann Killed Butcher While He Was Outside.

Murderer's Plea of Guilty Is Accepted By the Court.

St. Paul, May 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—Edward Gottschalk, charged with the double murder of Christian Schindeldecker, a West Seventh street butcher, and Joseph Hartmann, his accomplice, today pleaded guilty to the charge of having murdered Joseph Hartmann, and made a confession to Judge Lewis, in the district court, of his part in both crimes. Judge Lewis accepted the plea and announced that he would pass sentence on Thursday.

When Gottschalk's name was called in court today, he, with his attorney, stepped to the desk, and after a long talk, the court announced the plea of guilty and its acceptance.

Christian Schindeldeckr was murdered at noon Saturday, Feb. 18, in his butcher shop, 523 West Seventh street. His body was horribly mutilated by one of his own cleavers, and the motive was robbery. Edward Gottschalk was arrested on Feb. 25 on a charge of having committed the crime, and the police at once began a search for Joseph Hartmann, who was seen in Gottschalk's company on that day. Hartmann could not be located by any means, and the police advanced the theory that Gottschalk had killed him also. Then they began a systematic search of the haunts of the two men, and dragged the river. Near Pike island, where Gottschalk had a fishing camp, March 17, the body of Joseph Hartmann was brought up from the river. The skull was crushed and two sadirons were tied to the feet. Gottschalk strenuously denied all knowledge of both crimes, and repeatedly stated that the man who killed Schindeldecker so fiendishly ought to be treated in the same manner. Consequently his plea of guilty was a great surprise to everyone connected with the case.

A brief outline of the statement made to the court was given by Gottschalk's attorney, as follows:

According to Gottschalk, Hartmann planned the Schindeldecker robbery, and the younger fellow entered the shop and killed the butcher, while Gottschalk remained on the outside in the street. Hartmann came out and told Gottschalk what he had done, much to Gottschalk's surprise and dismay. Gottschalk then tried to avoid Hartmann, but the actual murderer persted in following him about. Gottschalk, on the Monday following the murder, went to Pike island, and Hartmann trailed after him. Gottschalk could not rid himself of Hartmann.

Finally Hartmann produced a razor and made a savage attempt to kill Gottschalk. In self-defense, Gottschalk killed Hartmann and threw his body into the river.

The self-defense story, however plausible, the police say, does not comport with a plea of guilty to murder in the first degree.

CHURCH ASSOCIATION

For Advancement of Labor Begins Annual Session.

Boston, May 8.—The third annual national convention of the Church association for the advancement of the interests of labor, an organization allied with the Episcopal church, was formally opened at the Parish house of St. Paul's church here today. Delegates were present from various parts of the country. Before the opening of the business session, there was a celebration of the Holy communion in St. Paul's church. Since the last convention, the national president, Right Rev. Frederic Dan Huntington, bishop of Central New York, has died and the delegates were called to order by Rev. Thomas H. Sill of New York, national vice-president. Reports by Secretary Kayser of New York and Treasurer H. B. Livingston stated that the organization was gradually extending its work to different parts of the country. Fifty bishops of the church have been made vice-presidents.

R. R. TELEGRAPHERS MEET IN BUFFALO.

Buffalo, May 8.—The initial meeting of the fifth biennial and fifteenth regular session of the Grand Division of the Order of Railroad Telegraphers opened here today with about 300 delegates in attendance.

The question of amalgamating with the Commercial Telegraphers' Union of America will be considered. The order of railroad telegraphers has a membership of 45,000 and the commercial body claims a total of 15,000 members.

TO GIVE CITY A FOUNTAIN.

Calcutta, May 8.—Lady Curson, wife of the viceroy, intends to present a handsome fountain to the city of Calcutta as a mark of her gratitude for the notable welcome accorded her on returning to India after her long illness in England.

THE BLOODY INITIALS FIRST CALLED G. R. R.

No Talk on Evening of the Murder That They Were G. R. K.

Mankato, May 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—Chief of Police Klause of New Ulm was on the stand this morning in the Koch trial. "I cannot say whether Gebhardt's safe was open or closed on the night of Nov. 1. I cannot swear I saw a due bill in his office with the words 'Due George $40.' I did see an account book on Gebhardt's desk."

Question: "Did you see a letter containing the words 'Look out for Ed?' directed to Dr. Gebhardt?

"I am not positive."

"Do you say you never heard of such a letter?"

"I could not swear definitely."

Witness said the money must have been taken from the desk because he saw it counted at the desk.

Coroner Fritchie called. "On the evening of the murder some of us saw the bloody handkerchief and made out the initials to be 'G. R. R.' There was no talk that evening that the initials were 'G. R. K.' When I first saw the pasteboard box, the same stamp mark was on it. Several days after the murder Detective Rydell brought a stamp impression and I thought they were the same. When he called again I noticed a little difference in the placing of the year mark. The year mark on the box was lower than the year mark on the stamp impression brought me by Detective Rydell. I called Rydell's attention to that fact and he brought another impression that did not compare.

STOWAWAYS MAKE A DARING ESCAPE FROM BIG STEAMSHIP

New York, May 8.—As the Italian liner Citta Di Napoli, from the Mediteranean was about to be docked at the Italian piers, at the foot of Thirty-fourth street, in the North river, two young men leaped to the port railing of the liner and jumped into the water. Both were expert swimmers, and in less than ten minutes they had reached the shore. Scrambling to the street they quickly disappeared. Both were stowaways, and unless they are captured the government will impose a fine of $1,000 on the line for permitting their escape.

According to a third stowaway the Italians had the reputation of being the most expert swimmers and divers in Naples. For a long time the two boys, with the third stowaway, who did not escape, had read of the wonders of America, and on April 21 they managed to sneak aboard the liner unnoticed. After passing Gibraltar they boldly walked out on deck and announced their presence.

All three immediately were put to work in the stoke hole. When the liner left quarantine, the boys managed to get on deck, and again mingling with the steerage passengers, awaited the first favorable opportunity to jump overboard. Unfortunately for the third lad, he could not swim and will have to go back home. Those who saw the bold escape of the two Neapolitans kept silence, and when the officers learned what had happened the swimmers had almost reached a yacht landing, on top of which a minute later, they climbed.

A CRANK THREATENS TO KILL NAN PATTERSON IF RELEASED

New York, May 8.—Lawyers representing Nan Patterson have made an appointment to hold a conference with District Attorney Jerome, late today, concerning the release of Nan Patterson, on bail or without it.

Lawyer Levy of Miss Patterson's counsel, received a letter which had been sent in the mail to Mrs. J. B. Patterson, Nan Patterson's mother, in Washington, D. C., in which Miss Patterson's life was threatened. The letter says in part: "I am sorry to cause you some pain, but you will not see Nan, although she cheated justice of the law, she has more to deal with, and she will never go far away from the Tombs. I am the victim of another such a woman as your daughter, and not only has my money gone, but I am slowly dying. Wednesday night, if the jury had acquitted Nan I would have shot her as she left the Tombs. If she was convicted I could have committed suicide, as I have wished to do for the last ten months. But my name will be famous yet as a lover of justice. The American people shall know that one man has the courage to avenge Young's murder. I write this to you so you will know that I am in no way connected with Young's friends. Yours in death,

"Armed I. Beauparlar."

Lawyer Levy said that if the letter had not been written by a crank he would regard it as important. He added that it evidently was written by a man who knew the name of Nan Patterson's father, who has been known through the trial as "J. Randolph Patterson," but whose name is John Bartlett Patterson.

BAD SMASH-UP ON ELECTRIC RAILROAD NEAR ELGIN, ILL.

Chicago, May 8.—In an accident on the Elgin & Chicago third rail electric line, near Wayne, six miles south of Elgin, one man has been fatally injured, two were seriously hurt and a score of passengers were badly bruised and shaken up.

William Murphy, at one time a pitcher in a professional baseball league, is the most seriously injured. He may not survive.

The motorman received serious injuries in jumping.

The two coaches on the third-rail line were speeding along toward Chicago at a rate of forty miles an hour. Near Wayne there is a sidetrack leading from the third rail road to the Illinois Central road. Several freight cars were on the siding and the switch from the main line had not been turned.

The electric cars went through this switch telescoping one of the freight cars and smashing into another. The entire front end of the Chicago car was caved inward and the flying timbers went crashing into the load of passengers.

NOMINATION HANGING FIRE

Bishop For New Superior Diocese May Be a Pole.

Rome, May 8.—The nomination of a bishop for the newly created diocese of Superior, Wis., is still hanging fire, because of the contention of the many thousands of Polish Catholics in the Milwaukee archdiocese, that the new bishop should be a Pole. Many petitions have been received in Rome, upholding this contention, and it is known that Pius X. is personally in favor of making a concession to the Polish Catholics in the United States. It is contended here that if the Polish Catholics in America had had a bishop of their own, with jurisdiction all over the country, the schism of so many thousands a few years ago would not have occurred. But the American bishops have always been opposed to the appointment of a national bishop, with jurisdiction all over the country, and it is possible that as a matter of enterprise the new bishop of Superior may be a Pole, probably Rev. Father Kruszka, who last year came to Rome to preach the cause of his countrymen in the United States.

JAP RAILROADS MAKE MONEY.

Tokio, May 8.—The profits of the government railroads for the fiscal year were $5,750,000, exceeding the estimates by about $1,000,000.

Out of Eighty on Board But One Was Drowned.

Collision Occurred In Fog on the Nantucket Shoals.

Steamer Sank In Fifteen Minutes After Being Struck.

Vineyard Haven, Mass., May 8.—With the arrival here today of the tug Patience, came news of one of the most remarkable marine disasters in the history of Vineyard sound shipping. The Joy line steamer Aransas, bound from Boston for New York was struck by the coal-laden barge Glendower, in tow from Philadelphia for Boston and sunk less than fifteen minutes later, but out of forty-seven passengers and a crew of twenty-nine on the steamer most of whom were asleep at the time of the collision, only one life was lost. Miss Mamie Keller, 27 years old, residence unknown was missing when the roll of passengers was called.

The scene of the collision was about a mile and a half southeast of the Pollock rip shoals lightship. Although the accident happened at 1.30 o'clock yesterday morning and at a point only thirty-three miles distant from this port, the survivors did not arrive here until early today, the thick fog which prevailed necessitating slow navigation. The disaster was due to the fog. The Aransas, Captain Rood in command, left Boston Saturday afternoon and was well across the bay before she ran into the fog. The steamer rounded Cape Cod and proceeded slowly down the cape shore. It was about midnight on Saturday when the steamer began to thread her way cautionsly across the perilous Nantucket shoals. At 1:30 o'clock Sunday morning, when about a mile and a half from the Pollock rip shoals lightship, the tug Patience, with a tow of three Reading railroad barges, loomed up through the fog. The tug cleared the Aransas, but the barge Glendower struck the steamer amidships on the starboard side opposite the engine, tearing open a great hole through which the sea poured like a cataract. The Glendower was uninjured. The engine room and fire room of the Aransas were quickly flooded and some of the firemen barely escaped being caught by the torrents of water. It was seen at once that the steamer was sinking and orders to lower the boats were given.

Most of the passengers and crew were in their berths at the time of the collision, but all were awakened by the crash. They dressed hastily and rushed on deck. Although there was great excitement the discipline was excellent.

While some of the passengers were being transferred to the steamer's boats, the Patience came alongside the rapidly sinking Aransas and took off those who had not already taken to the boats. Those who had taken to the boats were then transferred to the tug or to the barges in tow.

Among the passengers were five women and one child. All were saved with the exception of Miss Kelly. Mate Croker remembers distinctly that he assisted Miss Kelly to the ladder leading to the life boats, but she was not gers saved anything except their clothing and small hand baggage.

As soon as the Aransas had disappeared beneath the waves, the tug Patience with the survivors on board, put about and headed for this port, Some of the passengers belonged in Providence and others in the city of Boston and New York. The Aransas had a full cargo of general merchandise, most of which, it is understood was insured. The Aransas was a twin screw of 1,156 gross tonnage. She was built in 1877 at Wilmington, Del. Her dimensions were:

Length 241 feet; breadth 35.5 feet; depth 16.5 feet. Her indicated horsepower was 656. She was classed in the government list of merchant vessels of the United States as an ocean passenger steamer. Her home port was New Orleans. She was formerly owned by the Southern Pacific railroad company and for years was employed in services out of New Orleans, running from that port to Havana and also between New Orleans and New York.

The wreck of the Aransas is reported to be directly in the path of coastwise steamers.

The officers of the tug Patience disclaim responsibility for the collision. They say that the Glendower was the stern barge of a tow of three. The barges were light and were proceeding at half speed on account of the fog, according to the officers. Preparations were being made by the tug to anchor the tow to await clearer weather. The tug was just nearing Pollock rip when the Aransas came along in the mist and struck the towing hawser of the Glendower, the blow forced the bow of the Glendower into the starboard side of the steamer, the heavy blow making a hole in the Aransas into which the water poured with a rush that carried down the steamer within fifteen minutes.

The Patience and her tow proceeded today for Philadelphia.

ATTACK BY HEROROS.

Berlin, May 8.—A force of Herors on April 27 fell upon a German column under the command of Capt. Winterfeldt in the mountains east of Gananis, German Southwest Africa, and in a lively fight which folowed sixteen Germans were killed or wounded. The natives were beaten off with the loss of fifteen men killed.

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The most critical exactness is exercised in every process.—That's why Blatz Beers are always the same.

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Always the Same Good Old "Blatz"

LUMBER IS SOLD

One 3,000,000 Foot Lot Disposed of In Local Market.

Prices Remain Stiff and Manufacturers Make No Concessions.

One sale of lumber, comprising 3,000,000 feet of No. 3 and better boards was reported during the last few days in this market. The price paid is said to be $18 per thousand feet, which is considered the present market price for that grade from the manufacturers.

Lumber prices are claimed to be stiff with the manufacturers offering no concessions.

The manufacturers' prices of the various grades may be slightly changed by individual conditions determining the quality of single lots, but in the main they are being quoted as follows: No. 5 boards from $9 to $10; No. 4 boards, $13.50 to $14; No. 3 boards, $15.75 and $16; No. 3 boards, $18 and $20.

The settlement of the final details for the transfer to W. H. Cook, William O'Brien and their interests, of the Rainy Lake company's holdings, is said to have been made within the last week. Rumor is still busy about a second large mill that Cook & O'Brien are said to be contemplating at Virginia.

Nothing new can be said of the local manufacturing conditions. The mills are steadily piling up their new stocks of lumber and the lake movement of the dry stock is now considered well under way. Rough weather on lake Superior of late has not been as favorable for the lumber boats as the shippers would wish, but the outlook is good for a lively shipping movement the remainder of the month.

The Pigeon River Lumber company is making arrangements to operate heavily this season on the Minnesota side of the boundary line, on the line of the new logging railway it is building. The company is also logging on the north side of the boundary line for its mill at Port Arthur.

The small sawmill operated at Bennett's Siding by John Barnes has been started up for the summer. It has a capacity of about 20,000 feet per day.

At Tower day and night crews are employed at the Tower Lumber company's mill and large cargoes are being sent to Two Harbors to be loaded on the boats.

Lumber shipments from Superior in April totaled about 1,500,000 feet, practically all of which was moved the last of the month by the Edward Hines Lumber company's boats.

Low water for driving has been complained of from many localities in Northern Minnesota, this spring, but it is claimed that general rains over the Northern district in the past two weeks have raised the water in some of the streams to a good driving heighth.

The Gibson Lumber company which annually gets out a big drive on the Mississippi river to go down to Burlington, Iowa, has started from Leech Lake its drive of 15,000,000 feet. The logs were last week in boom limits below the Pokegama dam. The only summer logging to be done in the Leech Lake country this year will be that of the Standard Lumber company, which will take out about 30,000,000 feet on the reservation.

PAINFUL PERIODS

AMERICAN WOMEN FIND RELIEF

The Case of Miss Irene Crosby Is One of Thousands of Cures Made by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

How many women realize that menstruation is the balance wheel of a woman's life, and while no woman is entirely free from periodical suffering, it is not the plan of nature that women should suffer so severely.

Miss Irene Crosby

Thousands of American women, however, have found relief from all monthly suffering by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, as it is the most thorough female regulator known to medical science. It cures the condition which causes so much discomfort and robs menstruation of its terrors.

Miss Irene Crosby, of 313 Charlton Street East Savannah, Ga., writes:

"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is a true friend to woman. It has been of great benefit to me, curing me of irregular and painful menstruation when everything else had failed, and I gladly recommend it to other suffering women."

Women who are troubled with painful or irregular menstruation, backache, bloating (or flatulence), leucorrhœa, falling, inflammation or ulceration of the uterus, ovarian troubles, that "bearing-down" feeling, dizziness, faintness, indigestion, nervous prostration or the blues, should take immediate action to ward off the serious consequences, and be restored to perfect health and strength by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and then write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for further free advice. Thousands have been cured by so doing.

DEFENDANTS FILE ANSWERS

J. C. Flynn and Associates Deny Allegations of Senator Laybourn.

J. C. Flynn, C. H. Bradley and E. L. Bradley have filed answers in district court to the complaint of George R. Laybourn, who is suing them for certain rights to a mineral lease of land in St. Louis county, which the defendants secured from the state land office, Jan. 5, and demanding to be released.

Denial is made that Mr. Flynn and associates have knowledge sufficient to constitute belief concerning the rights and allegations of Mr. Laybourn.

The lease issued by the state auditor covered the southeast quarter of section 16-57, and ran to O. W. Sylvester of this city, dated April 10, 1901. Because Mr. Sylvester failed to pay his annual installment of $100, the state auditor notified him last October that unless the money was paid the lease would be forfeited.

Mr. Laybourn alleges that before the payment was made, or the days of grace had elapsed, the state auditor entertained the application made by Mr. Flynn and his associates, and later issued them the lease.

It is alleged that another application made for the lease, a few hours later, Oct. 2, was refused.

Mr. Laybourn claims to have made application for the lease, Nov. 12, and he contends his application is the only one made in conformity with the law after the time expiration for Sylvester to pay up or lose his lease.

Mr. Flynn and his associates maintain the lease is valid, and in this they have been upheld by the state auditor.

APPOINTS RECEIVER.

C. B. Miller Takes Over Investment Co.'s Affairs.

The petition of Joseph Schober, one of the creditors of the National Home Investment company, for a receiver for the concern, has been granted, and Judge Cant has appointed Clarance B. Miller as receiver. Mr. Miller will be required to furnish a $2,000 bond. The receiver is to have full power to collect and reduce to his possession all the property and assets of the defunct company.

The officers of the corporation are ordered to make an immediate transfer to the receiver, who will file with the court an inventory of the property, showing the number of shares of stock and the money that is due from that source. The court holds the stockholders liable for this sum and confers authority on the receiver to enforce the liability.

LABOR LEADER LEAVES.

S. S. McDonald Goes to Sioux City on Journal.

S. S. McDonald, vice president of the Federated Trades assembly and one of the leading labor union men of Duluth, left here this afternoon to take up his residence in Sioux City, Iowa. He has obtained employment on the Journal of that city as machinist. Much regret will be felt among labor unions of Duluth at Mr. McDonald's departure, as he is a strong man in the organizations, has probably done more to organize new unions than any one man of late, and always took an active part in labor matters. In the trades assembly he was greatly depended on in matters of organizing, investigating and other places where a clear and good business head was required.

Mr. McDonald has been employed on The Herald as assistant machinist for some months.

LEAVE FOR RANGE.

Officials of International Harvester Company Were Here.

H. F. Perkins, general manager of the International Harvester company, and Samuel Hale, superintendent of the same concern, who arrived in the city yesterday from Chicago, left last evening for the Mesaba range. They were accompanied by Joseph Sellwood, manager of the company's mines. The party went over the Great Northern in a special train provided for their use by D. M. Philbin. The International Harvester company controls and operates the Hawkins mine at Nashwauk and the Agnew at Hibbing, also the Illinois mine in the Baraboo, Wis., district. It will this year require close to 400,000 tons of ore. Three-fourths of this amount will come from the two range mines.

SERMON BY BISHOP

Rt. Rev. J. J. Keane of Cheyenne at the Cathedral.

"The Good Shepherd" Subject of Sunday Morning Sermon.

Every available pew at the Cathedral had its full quota of worshippers yesterday morning, in spite of the fact that the weather was such as would ordinarily dampen the ardor of many of the churchgoers. It had been announced that the Rt. Rev. J. J. Keane of Cheyenne, bishop of Wyoming, who has been the guest of Bishop McGolrick, would deliver the sermon, and evidently the people were anxious to hear this noted Western divine.

Bishop Keane is an interesting, convincing and eloquent talker. He took "The Good Shepherd" as the subject for his sermon. He dwelt upon the significance of the words "I am the good shepherd," as spoken by Christ, and on the beautiful thought as expressed by them. The comparison was a good one, he said. Christ was a shepherd in all that the term implies. In the olden days the duties of a shepherd were much more arduous than they are today. Not only did he watch the flocks, keeping individual members from straying away and becoming lost, but he also guarded them from all other dangers. Not infrequently he was called upon to match his strength and cunning with that of wild beasts of the forests, which were wont to prey upon the helpless animals at every oportunity. Without the shepherd, said the bishop, the sheep had little chance in the world, and, surrounded by many dangers, all of them as good as unknown to the flock, their existence was a hopeless one. But with the shepherd to guard and watch over them, all was different, and with him about they were safe to wander about on the hillsides in peace and quiet, getting happiness and contentment out of life.

"Even as the shepherd of old tended his flocks upon the hills," continued the bishop, "and even as he guarded them from the many dangers that beset their way, so did Christ do for his people to the uttermost, even to the laying down of his life. All that is good in this world, all our happiness, we owe to Him. What would our life have been, and what would it now be, if it were not for the guidance and guardianship of Christ, the good shepherd? Think of the dangers with which we are surrounded. Like the sheep, we cannot recognize them all, but for those who trust in Him, as the sheep trusted in their shepherd, there is safety and contentment, joy and happiness. Had it not been for Him our existence would be a hopeless and joyless one.

"The mantle of the Christ descended upon His apostles and from them it has been handed down to His priests. Therefore do you find the priests with the people of the church in their extremity. If they risk their lives upon the field of battle the priest is with them to administer the last rites of the church should they fall, and to comfort and help them when comfort and help is needed. If they lose their worldly goods, the priest is present to comfort them, and when they are sick he watched by their side and his services may be likened to those of the shepherd of the olden time or the Christ, theirs even unto death.

"'I am the good shepherd.' What a beautiful thought those words express, and how full they are of wonderful meaning, and what a lot they mean to the followers of Christ today, and have meant to them since they were first uttered. The sentence clearly expressed His meaning. He could not have chosen an expression better suited to explain His purpose in the world, or one more simple and easily understood by even the ignorant people of the hills. They knew the full significance of the term. They understood Him as meaning that He would be to the people as the shepherd was to the sheep, and that would they but look to Him for protection, care and guidance they would even be safe from the dangers which surrounded them, even though it became necessary for Him to sacrifice His life in their behalf. The sincerity and truth of the words were soon to be proved."

A musical mass by Perosi was sung by the choir. The bishop left for Fargo, N. D., last night, whence he will return to Cheyenne.

NATIONS OF THE WORLD.

Rev. C. F. Davis Takes Japan as Subject.

The third of the series of lectures on the "Nations of the World," was given last evening by Rev. Charles Fox Davis of the Lester Park M. E. church. The subject was "Japan." Taking for his text, "Go ye into all the world and preach the gospel to every creature." Mr. Davis said in part as follows:

"There have been some world-wide dreams of religion, but they have all turned out to be marvelous failures. There are three forces at work for the Christianizing of the world; steam, the printing press and the religion of Jesus Christ. Steam has annihilated nine-tenths of space, the printing press has made it possible to send religious publications to the remotest ends of the world, while the religion of Jesus Christ is the only Catholic religion. In the early stages of Christianity the missionary work among the churches was somewhat dampened by the fact that good Christians were under the impression that the heathen was born to be damned, but all that has been changed and the missionary enterprise is the greatest factor in the civilizing and Christianizing of the heathen world. It is small wonder, then, that the mikado, last week, gave $5,000 to help the work of the Y. M. C. A. of his country.

"The Japan are hungering and thirsting for the divine. Buddhism, the national religion, is nothing more than atheism. The history of Buddhism is the history of stagnation. There are 30,000 different idols which they worship and offer up their prayers to, and some of them are as ugly as sin. Nations are not born in a day. European countries have had tremendous influences at work in their behalf, and America stands first and foremost in the recreation of a new Japan.

"Of all the forces that have been at work the religion of Jesus Christ has almost transformed the country.

"Owing to the small area of space and the numerous population of Japan, the country must have more land, so they coveted Korea, and in the war with China, ten years ago, and the agreement was almost signed that Korea should become the property of Japan, when Russia stepped in and spoiled the deal. The rest of the circumstances leading up to the war are fresh in the minds of the public.

"How the war will come out no one can foretell, but it is earnestly to be hoped that Russia will never get her hands on China. It should be the earnest prayer of every Christian to hasten the day when the religion of Jesus Christ will be adopted by both Russia and Japan. As goes Russia, so goes Asia; as goes Japan, so goes Asia."

The fourth and last lectures of the course will be given next Sunday evening, and the subject will be "China."

FALLS DEAD ON STREET

Traveling Salesman From Cleveland Dies of Heart Failure.

The body of Harry Rodwell Robinson, a traveling man about fifty years of age, was found lying in the gutter on Second street near the Pilgrim Congregational church, late Saturday evening. The man was lying on his back, with his face upturned and the rain beating down upon him.

Death, which occurred instantaneously, was due to fatty degeneratich of the heart.

A passer-by, who did not care to give his name, heard a groan and saw the man fall. He immediately ran across the road, but Mr. Robinson was dead when he reached the spot.

The man notified the police and the body was removed to Durkan & Crawford's morgue, where Coroner McCuen examined it yesterday.

Mr. Robinson's home was in Cleveland, Ohio, and he traveled for a firm of gun manufacturers in that city.

He was a member of the St. Paul lodge of United Commercial Travelers and instructions were received from the members of that lodge yesterday to ship the body to St. Paul for burial.

The firm by which he was employed, was also notified and the coroner was notified to prepare the body for shipment.

The sum of $97 in cash was discovered in the dead man's clothing, together with a silver watch and a round gold locket.

THE SAFE WAY.

The safe way to open a safe is to employ an expert safe-opener.

You might open it with dynamite, of course, and probably injure the contents, as well as the safe.

That's unsafe.

Yet millions are doing worse for themselves than that every day.

Consider the food in your stomach, which you cannot digest, as treasures in a safe, of which you have forgotten the combination.

How to get into the safe without injuring it or wasting the treasure?

Do it the safe-way.

Take Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

They will open up the safe for you, in a safe and expert manner and place at your service all the treasures, on which your health depends, that you should take advantage of.

Any other way of doing it is like dynamiting your safe—injuring your stomach, wasting the good food, and the valuable energy, and time you have used up in putting it where it is.

Any other way is reckless extravagance, dangerous carelessness, foolish waste.

No other medicine for stomach disorders will give you such safe, certain or permanent results as Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are a scientific, specific, curative treatment for one certain disease; which, in its universality amongst rich and poor, and in all walks of life, dwarfs all other diseases of the human race by comparison.

They are so true to scientific ideals, so certain in their curative results, so safe and sane in their ways of acting upon the undigested food, and upon all the delicate digestive organs, that they are endorsed by over forty thousand reputable physicians as the very best possible medicine you can take for all disorders of digestion, assimilation and nutrition.

Nothing could be more unpardonably, criminally careless, than to do, as too many do do, destroy your health and all possible chance of a happy old age in years to come, by injuring your stomach with dangerous drugs, when you could so easily get safe relief by using Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

No matter whether the symptoms point merely to a slight indigestive derangement, or to the very dangerous catarrhal condition of the entire digestive tract, which is sure to come, sooner or later, to the confirmed dyspeptic, no time should be lost, but immediate treatment begun, with Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

Even a slight headache, a feeling of overfullness, gas eructations, dizziness, sleeplessness, and such comparatively light symptoms, should receive immediate attention; for no one can tell when the danger point is reached, where further neglect turns the mere indigestion of food into the more pernicious activity of the manufacture of virulent ptomaine, or other poisons.

No time to be lost, if the danger signal tolls.

Quick action may mean life, instead of death.

Take Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

Sold at all druggists. Price, 50 cents a box.

Write for valuable Free Book about Dyspepsia, to F. A. Stuart Company, Marshall, Mich.

FIRE VICTIMS ARE BURIED

The Longshoremen Take Charge of Funeral of John Myers.

Through the assistance of sympathetic friends, three of the victims of the Fifth Avenue hotel fire were given respectable burial yesterday. The Longshoremen's union conducted the services for John Myers in Durkan & Crawford's morgue, yesterday afternoon at 1:30 o'clock.

Services were also held for Duncan McIntyre at the same time, and the body of Abraham Fletcher was shipped to Bay City, Mich., his former home.

The body of Gus. Johnson, the camp cook, lies unclaimed, and unless friends appear during the next twenty-four hours it will be buried at the county's expense.

ASKS DAMAGES.

Coffee Company Claims Rival Uses Its Trade-Mark.

The Importers' Coffee company has instituted a suit in district court against the Aroma Coffee company for damages in the amount of $2,000, the contention being that the Aroma company has been using coffee can labels with a trademark which the Importers' company claims is exclusively its own. Both companies are local corporations.

The Importers' company alleges that it bought its labels from the Carpenter company last September when it succeeded to the business of the latter concern. H. J. Grannis represents the suing company.

BRAKEMAN KILLED.

Strikes Head Against Trestle on Hines Road.

Charles Halgren, a brakeman on the Washburn & Northwestern road, known as the "Hines" road, was instantly killed Saturday evening by striking his head against a trestle.

It was Halgren's first day at work. He was riding on a load of baled hay as the train was running under the Omaha bridge. Halgren, in the darkness, did not see the bridge and stood erect on the top of the car. He struck his head against the trestle, and was instantly killed.

KILLED UNDER WHEELS OF CAR

Jens Thompson Loses His Life Near Two Harbors.

Jens Thompson, an old fisherman on the north shore, who resides with his son at Mile 22, was killed at the small station there Saturday morning by the southbound Duluth & Iron Range passenger train.

When the train approached the station the engineer noticed Thompson sitting at the edge of the platform close to the track. As the train approached closer, Thompson, apparently startled, attempted to move back out of the way, when he lost his balance and fell, the pilot of the engine striking his arm and whirling him so that he fell under the wheels of the cars following, his head being severed from his body.

The remains were brought to Duluth and taken care of at the undertaking rooms of Durkan & Crawford. The funeral will be held tomorrow from 12 East Fifth street.

Mr. Thompson, who was well advanced in age, is said to have been subject to fainting spells, and it is believed that his accidental death was due to one such spell; that when he heard the engine signal he attempted to get out of the way, but was overcome before he could do so.

The decedent has been known about this locality since 1880. Three of his sons were engaged with him in the fishing business.

Mr. Thompson leaves four daughters and four sons. The daughters are Mrs. I. Cosson, Mrs. B. Munkeby, Mrs. A. W. Eiler and Mrs. A. Hagen, all of this city, and the sons are Louis, Tolluf, E. A. and T. A. Thompson.

DULUTHIAN IS DROWNED

Dirus Dexter's Body Found In Trout Fish Lake.

Dirus Dexter of Duluth, familiarly known here as "Dick" Dexter, was drowned in Trout Fish lake, four miles north of Cascade River, Minn., April 26. The body was recovered by Wesley McCauley and Coroner Houstin of Grand Marais.

Dexter is said to have started out to look for a homestead, promising to return later. When he did not return, McCauley started out to make a search, and found his friend's hat floating in the water about 150 feet off shore. The body was recovered near the spot where the hat was found floating. It was taken to Cascade for burial.

Dexter was formerly in the United States army, and it is said that he will be given a military funeral.

MARS THE HONEYMOON.

Action For $2,250,000 Is Brought Against Bridegroom.

New York, May 8.—It was learned that just before E. R. Whitney of Magog, Can., sailed for Europe on his honeymoon, a month ago, he was served with a summons in a suit for $2,250,000, the complainant being Richard S. Kaufmann, of this city. Whitney is nearly 70 years old. His bride was Miss Anna Bennett of Brooklyn, and barely 22 years old. Mrs. Whitney was in charge of the telephone booths at the Grand Central hotel when Mr. Whitney, a guest at the hotel, first met her, three months ago.

Whitney is the owner of exclusive asbestos mines in various parts of Canada, and after obtaining options on other such mines he engaged Kaufmann to float the securities of a projected consolidation. Kaufmann says he took an option on the bonds and interested financiers in the proposed company. After he had made much favorable progress Kaufmann alleges that Whitney announced that he had given some German bank an option on the $20,000,000 bonds, and thus rendered Kaufmann's work futile. He says his compensation as promoter was to be $258,000 in cash and $2,000,000 in stock.

THE DELINEATOR

"The Most Necessary of All Magazines Published for Women"

The June Issue contains 182 pages, 78 devoted to Fashions and 104 to Home and General Features—182 pages in all

This reproduction cannot present the beautiful coloring of the June front cover. It is one of George Gibbs' American Girls.

Get the June Issue—Out To-Day

IN THIS ISSUE is presented as a fitting companion feature to Mrs. Berkeley-Loyd's "Fashions in New York" no less an authority than Edouard La Fontaine, who will furnish us with the text and illustrations each month for our Paris Letter.

M. La Fontaine is without peer on the European continent as a dress critic and a writer on all topics pertaining to fashions. Besides this, he is an artist of great individuality, as is shown by his sketches which are reproduced in his Paris Letter. They have a style and an atmosphere about them distinctly Parisian. Known personally to all the famous dress creators in the various fashion centres of Europe, he has free access to their establishments and "private views" of their latest productions long before they are seen in public. Under the arrangement just concluded, M. La Fontaine will contribute to THE DELINEATOR exclusively in America.

ANNA BURNHAM WESTERMANN, whose charming drawings have appeared for some time in THE DELINEATOR, illustrating the styles described in the "Fashions in New York," is well known as a creator of figures of living grace, which, without lessening in any way their value as fashion drawings, lifts them far beyond the plane of the usual fashion plate. Mrs. Westermann's women are sweet and womanly and, better than all for your purpose, they know how to wear their dresses. They are always well groomed, and their appearance each month in THE DELINEATOR will surely be welcomed by all of its readers. Hereafter Mrs. Westermann's fashion drawings will appear only in THE DELINEATOR.

BEAUTIFUL FASHION ILLUSTRATIONS IN COLORS

ROMANCES OF SUMMER RESORTS," by *Weymer Jay Mills*, begins in this number. No series of tales published for some time promises so much of general interest as these charmingly reminiscent tales. Their delightful telling and the quaint old pictures which accompany them assure enjoyment to every reader.

A TRAVEL SKETCH that is brimful of interest is *F. Berkeley Smith's* description of "A CORNER IN NORMANDY." It is interesting as a story and gives you more than a passing glance at one of the most curious nooks in the old world.

THE third installment of *Albert Bigelow Paine's* "THE LUCKY-PIECE," and another of the "SON RILEY RABBIT" tales by *Grace MacGowan Cooke*, together with the many regular departments, make this issue a remarkable one. "THE PRACTICAL SIDE OF A WEDDING," in the Home Department, discusses fully the problem of bringing the wedding festivities within a reasonable expenditure.

FOR ALL THESE GOOD THINGS AND MANY OTHERS

"Just get The Delineator"

Of your Newsdealer or any Butterick agent, or of the publishers, at Fifteen Cents a copy; One Dollar a year

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FITGER'S BEER

AT NOON

MAKES A LIGHT LUNCH SATISFY
It dispels that afternoon drowsiness by aiding digestion. It rouses the appetite for dinner.

FITGER BREWING CO. DULUTH, MINN.

GATELY'S GOOD GOODS — BEST ON EARTH

A Few Facts

GATELY'S GOOD GOODS — BEST ON EARTH

Gately's Clothing is made for this community. It is specially made for this climate and to meet the demands of the people at the Head of the Lakes. It comes direct from the factory which we control. We not only want to meet you "Face to Face," but we want you to call and look our line of clothing over before you buy elsewhere. Our goods are right—our prices as low as cash stores—our terms the easiest in the city. Every garment that leaves this store has the **GATELY GUARANTEE** in one pocket, the **UNION LABEL** in the other.

UNION MADE

We Clothe the Whole Family—

$1.00 Per Week Payments.

Our Clothing Department on 2nd Floor.
Our Ladies' Dept. is filled with Good Bargains.

Suits, Top Coats, Rain Coats, Hats and Shoes
For Men and Young Men.

Suits, Skirts, Coats, Hats and Waists
For Ladies and Misses.

UNION LABEL.

GATELY SUPPLY CO.
8 East Superior St

In Woman's Sphere
Social, Musical and Club Circles.

That woman will have the last word has been the accepted tradition almost since time began, and in the current number of the Courant a delightful example of the crispness, tartness, timeliness and above all the finality of woman's word, is an example that is scarcely more typical than those samples which any mere man may furnish you any day, or even several times during the twenty-four hours. The Courant, for those who do not know, is the official organ of the club women of Minnesota, and the dainty little pat the editor takes at Senator E. B. Hawkins will be of interest to St. Louis county, to the senator, and particularly his immediate friends.

During the last legislature a committee of the club women appeared before the legislature to ask a reconsideration of the famous forestry reserve bill. Senator Hawkins rose and said that he was weary of the presence of the honorable ladies, who had been buttonholing and lobbying for the past several years for this measure, and he further asserted that the women from his district did not have the equivalent of money to waste on legislation at the state capital, they had to stay at home "AND HELP" their husbands. (The quoted words and large type are copied from the Courant).

The committee from the federation could not and dared not talk back then and maybe that was why the senator had the temerity to speak, chuckling, mayhap to himself of having once gotten a woman in a position where she could not have the last word. Alas! he knew not of, or had forgotten the Courant. In the present number a column is devoted to Senator Hawkins, and it is headed with Portia's one unkind, biting appellation, "God made him, therefore let him pass for a man." The senator's misdemeanor is dwelt upon at length, and what seems to be his most unforgivable offense was the time he took to say things, when the law, from which there was no appeal, denied them the right to say things back. In any other walk of life, the condition of the writer would be described by that vulgar word, "sore." The means the committee took of getting even may not be advanced politics, nor exceedingly diplomatic, but it certainly was very womanly.

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The opening of the Northland Country club took place Saturday evening with an informal dinner, served at the club. A large number of the members went out and dined there informally, and during the evening an informal hop was held in the dancing hall, and card tables attracted others. These Saturday night dinners will be one of the attractions during the season. The club begins the season with the promise of one of the most delightful in its history.

• • •

Mrs. L. N. Case entertained at a delightful card party Saturday afternoon at her home at Lakeside. The rooms were prettily decorated in pink roses and dainty ferns, and the score cards were heart shaped, decorated in water color, tiny pink roses outlining the card. The card favors were won by Mrs. E. C. Little and Mrs. D. H. Williams. The invited guests were:

Mesdames—

H. C. Webster,	D. H. Williams,
B. Howard,	W. G. Joerns,
C. A. Prosser,	D. A. Reed,
F. H. Barnard,	W. H. Northmore,
L. P. Hall,	E. C. Little,
A. H. Crassweller,	C. E. Van Bergen,
A. H. Smith,	W. C. Sargent,
J. C. Howard,	H. W. Pearson.

Misses—

Kate Kingman,	Agnes Kingman,
Blackmar,	Owens,
Everest,	Florence Halling.

• • •

Tomorow evening the members of the Women's Relief corps will give an entertainment in their hall in the old Masonic temple. The first part of the evening will be devoted to an amusing little comedy in two acts and will be followed by a program of songs, recitations and violin numbers. Among those who will take part are Miss Staples, C. O. Applehagen, W. S. McCormick and Laura Hamblin and the prize essay on "Gen. Grant," which was written by a St. Paul high school boy, will be read by Dr. Wilson.

• • •

Mrs. Charles B. Nunan entertained at a pretty luncheon Saturday in honor of Mrs. Willard Lincoln, who will soon leave to make her home at Staples, Minn. The guests were:

Mesdames—

W. Chisholm,	Watson,
Goodman,	H. R. Armstrong,
A. McCullough,	Baxter,
Emerson,	E. Wood.
J. O'Brien,	

A delightful surprise party was given Saturday evening in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Willard Lincoln at their home on West Third street. Cards were the amusement of the evening. Those present were:

Messrs. and Mesdames—

J. A. Goodman,	A. Mentzer,
A. A. Brewer,	T. Bardsley,
G. H. Craig,	C. P. Cunliff,
G. F. Watson,	Charles Emerson,
F. G. Clayton,	J. A. Cullen,
H. H. Scobie,	E. Lostrum,
A. G. Thompson,	A. Andersen,
George Morton,	F. B. Thomas,
F. W. Dunlap,	Sands Van Wagoner,
J. M. Grimms,	William McQuinn,
George Fonsey,	W. Thompson,
A. C. Farrar,	J. A. Marshall,
C. A. Brewer,	C. G. Sunlay.
William Cale,	

Messrs.—

C. E. Ellman,	P. Hughes.

• • •

Calumet Baking Powder

A wonderful powder of rare merit and unrivaled strength.

FANCY HOSIERY.

Demand Great as Ever This Year.

The demand for fancy hosiery is as great as ever this season, and in order to be in fashion and yet not stretch their pocketbooks too much, many girls are putting their fine needlework into their summer hosiery.

It is very much less expensive to buy a pair of plain lisle or silk stockings and do the lace inserting or silk embroidery yourself. The very newest stockings, says the Philadelphia Public Ledger, are of the finest silk, with elaborate hand-drawn work patterns on the order of Mexican embroidery. Less difficult for the amateur, but scarcely less fashionable in reality, are insertions of lace or medallions. These are basted in place and appliqued round the edge; perhaps, in the case of the medallions, buttonholed in long and short stitch, the stockings afterward being cut out behind the lace.

The ubiquitous spangle is in favor for evening hosiery, and these may also be added at home to lace with most satisfactory results. Lisle or cotton as well as silk stockings may be embroidered in wash silks at home, but it should be remembered that a cheap stocking will scarcely pay for the careful work and time spent in embellishing it, and in the end it will be found economical to purchase a good quality lisle or silk rather than a cheap cotton for such a purpose.

A pretty design which may be carried out at home is to run a two-inch band of black lace up the front of the stocking from the toe, and then embroider scattered pink and green rosebuds on either side of the lace. Another design is to run three narrow stripes of lace with a row of white polka dots between the stripes. Clocks, too, are always in good taste, and the imagination of the designer can bring forth many unique and attractive patterns.

Japanese Beauty Hints.

The American woman who wants to be truly Japanese must strive for these things, says an exchange:

A perfectly smooth complexion.

A little healthy tan in summer.

A good wholesome wind-burn in winter.

Long, dark, curling lashes.

Eyebrows that are level and, if she wants to be very Japanese, eyebrows that slope slightly upward.

Here are some of the rules laid down by a physical culturist who has made a specialty of Japanese beauty arts:

"Eat meat once a day.

"Eat fish once a day.

"Eat all the eggs you want.

"Drink nothing with your meals.

"Eat no candy.

"Take nothing fried.

"Drink a cup of tea, weak and hot, four times a day, but not with your meals.

"Never eat for at least four hours before going to bed.

"Exercise five miles a day.

"Do not retire before midnight.

"If you go to bed early, then get up early.

"Keep busy; don't sit idle.

"Surround yourself with pictures of your ideals.

"Do not go to extremes."

In the Snowsheds

By F. C. Reed.

(Copyright, 1905, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

Tilted back in his old round chair, the night operator at Devil's Butte gazed absentedly at the light from his smoky lamp glimmering over the rails without. Save for the ceaseless, jerky ticking of the instrument, silence reigned in the inky blackness of the snowsheds, whose tunnel-like sides shut the station from the desolate mountains. A dry odor of fallen cinders penetrated the cold night air and the sooty stanchions of the sheds cast gloomy shadows across the further track. But the man in the station house cared little for his isolation. The chill of the snowdrifts could not cool the warmth of his happiness, nor could the heavy silence still the singing of his heart.

He was a slight young fellow, with a thin, dark face, and eyes which were almost too thoughtful. The hand that played with a pen on the table beside him was long, angular and sensitive. Years of unceasing labor had made him what he was—years in which he had risen from the drudgery of a section hand to a position whence all the future lay bright before him. The world had not been unkind to him, though he had worked for every advancement he had received, yet his labor had never been a struggle. He had never had a reverse, never had to retreat one rung down the ladder of his career. Yet after all that life had done for him, he was despondent of his own powers; he was ambitious, but he had little confidence in himself.

Tonight a throbbing happiness, such as the man had never known before, filled his whole being. There was a warmth about his heart, a light in his eyes, and a look on his face, which made it almost handsome. For this was the eve of his wedding day, the very dawn of the happiest day of his life, and the train, which far down the grade was speeding eastward, was bringing him his bride. His was the right to clear the way for her, to hold all the trains while she went by. Nothing could pass, nothing go wrong with his eyes on the semaphore and his hand at the switch. He thrilled with the pride of power, of the trust it was his to fulfill.

A sudden distant sound in the sheds roused him. The west-bound freight was due. He had his orders to hold it until the passage of No. 6, the east-bound passenger, and its precious burden. For a moment he waited, listening tensely. Could they have forgotten to whistle at the usual spot? Strange that he had heard nothing but the faint humming in the sheds, which could only mean one thing—the coming of a west-bound train. Then his ears caught a familiar click of the instrument.

"Operator Devil's Butte," ticked the message. "No. 6 just left Cataract Falls. Close the block."

"Only five minutes more and she'll be here," sang the man's heart as he picked up his lantern with its jingling weight of track explosives, and ran out into the darkness.

The humming sound, which had died away for the moment, came on again with a rush as the swift moving freight rounded the bend. In an instant the operator felt that something was wrong. They had not slowed up. They were passing the switch without a sign of heeding the warning of the semaphore or his own swinging lantern. What could be wrong? A cold dread clutched at his heart as he shouted frantically at the oncoming locomotive.

There was a blinding glare from the great headlight, a whirl and a roar, and the iron monster flashed past him, lurching like a drunken thing in the mad haste of its passage. One horror-stricken look he gave, and then, shouting despairingly, ran up to the track like one possessed. For, leaning in the window of the swaying cab, sat the engineer, asleep.

The railroad man is a creature of ready action, and it took the operator but an instant to grasp the situation. Yelling like a fiend, though his voice was almost drowned in the roar of the iron trucks, he raced along beside the train. He knew that his only chance lay in being seen by the man in the watch tower of the caboose. Forty cars swung by him in a choking swirl of flying dust. Then came the caboose, swaying on its heavy trucks, and in a moment it too flashed past him. But that moment was enough, for by the glimmer of a light inside the operator saw that there was no man on watch.

His voice broke despairingly as he shouted, and he flung his lantern crashing against the carside. Then like a wild thing he sprang for the iron railing of the steps, clutched at the wood with clawing fingers and fell back heavily.

It was not more than a minute that he lay there on the track bruised and bleeding; but it seemed a thousand years of purgatory to him. The sheds were silent once more, though the rails under his body were still warm from the friction of hurrying wheels. A beating pain throbbed in his head, and over and over again two thoughts rushed through his suffering brain. She would die, die, die. Even now she might be lying crushed and lifeless under the splintered wreck of two long trains. Oh, God, when he had been so happy! When it had seemed as though there was nothing but ruin was left. Nothing, nothing more in life to wish for, now nothing for he knew those men in the caboose. They would say that they had had no warning; that he, the operator, had been asleep. Asleep! when her train was coming—with her to watch over! It would be three men's testimony against the feeble story of one poor, lone man; and what did he care now that she was dead?

He rose wearily and stumbled back towards the station. Once he stopped to lean against a stanchion, shaken by dry sobs. Years of success and fortune had failed to give him the strength which was not a part of his nature. The happy-hearted boy of a moment before was now a hopeless, despairing old man.

Slowly he entered the station room under the arm of the semaphore still sending forth its red gleam as if in irony of its uselessness. Walking straight to his desk, he drew a heavy, loaded revolver from its unlocked drawer. The yellow light of the dying lamp glinted coldly along its barrel. For the moment the instrument had ceased its busy ticking and the sheds were silent.

Then the operator sank wearily into the round chair just as he had sat five short minutes before. Slowly he raised his hand until the muzzle of the revolver met his white lips. A moment he waited, his eyes fixed vaguely on a photograph before him. Then he prepared to pull the trigger.

The little telegraph instrument suddenly commenced ticking.

For a moment his hand palsied. He seemed to be in a delirium as he listened. The ticks spelled:

"Operator Devil's Butte: No. 6 backed on to sidetrack Cataract Falls with hot box. Send on west-bound freight."

HER ASHES THROWN

Into Lake Michigan to Mingle With Husband's.

Chicago, May 8.—In accordance with the last request of Mrs. Charles Price of Bloomington, Ill., whose body was cremated at Graceland cemetery Friday morning, the urn taking her ashes was opened as they were thrown on the waters of Lake Michigan.

The ashes of Charles Price, husband of the dead woman, who first conceived the idea, were similarly disposed of two months ago.

Shortly before Mrs. Price's death at Bloomington on Wednesday, she said her husband had desired that their ashes be allowed to mingle together in the lake. The body was sent to Chicago and given in charge of relatives. They secured a boat and fulfilled the latter part of her request.

Impossible to forsee an accident. Not impossible to be prepared for it. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil—Monarch over pain.

The Stage

TONIGHT'S ATTRACTIONS.

METROPOLITAN—Harry Corson Clarke in "His Absent Boy."

COMING ATTRACTIONS.

LYCEUM—Tuesday and Wednesday, "The Marriage of Kitty."
LYCEUM—Saturday, "The Burgomaster."

HARRY CORSON CLARKE.

Harry Corson Clarke, the comedian, who is declared by many to be the natural successor to Nat Goodwin, and whose popularity is increasing year by year, as he is seen in new creations, in none of which he ever fails to score, has a new farce this season which he declares gives him the best opportunity he has ever had.

HARRY CORSON CLARKE.

It is called "His Absent Boy," and in it Mr. Clarke appears in the part of the mendacious Mr. Pennie; a friend to be helped—an imaginary son to be supported, for when Pennie draws an allowance from his wife—form the basis of one of the funniest laughter producers of recent days. The support with which Mr. Clarke has surrounded himself is entirely adequate.

Mr. Clarke will open an engagement of three weeks at the Metropolitan this evening.

"THE MARRIAGE OF KITTY."

An evening of healthy and hearty fun may be confidently looked forward to when that brilliant semi-musical comedy, "The Marriage of Kitty," is given at the Lyceum Tuesday and Wednesday. This was the most pronounced comedy success of last season in New York, and in London it ran for 350 performances. Manager Jules Murry is offering it with a cast of favorite players, headed by Max Figman.

Baby sleeps and grows while mammy rests if Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea is given. It is the greatest baby medicine ever offered loving mothers. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Ask your druggist.

PRICES FOR

WHEN SOLD YOU BY SINGER SEWING MACHINES — SINGER STORES IN EVERY CITY

LOWER

Quality considered, than any other.

Needles, Oil, Repairs

FOR ALL MAKES AT

SINGER STORE,
14 West Superior Street,
Duluth, Minn.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. | SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. | SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Exclusive Summer Wearables!

New Yachting Suits—New Linen Suits—New Shirt Waist Suits—Lingerie Waists and Suits.

FOR SUMMER WEAR—An extensive assortment of artistic summer frocks. Lingerie Waists in handkerchief linen, silk mull, fine French lawn, dotted Swiss and perspiration-proof Japanese silk. Shirt waist dresses in the same materials—hundreds of beautiful styles to select from—and the prices are remarkably low, quality and workmanship considered. For instance we are showing—

HANDSOMELY-TAILORED CREATIONS—bright and fresh from the home of fashion. New tailored suits in Linen De Soie, new Linen Coat Suits, new white serge and Sicilian Suits, made in long or short coat styles, new blouse effects, etc. A charming array of new and stunning models—the very latest fashion conceits.

MANY PRETTY EFFECTS IN WAISTS of fine lawn at $1.00—From this figure the prices increase by small amounts as high as $25 for the finest waists of handkerchief linen.

IN SHIRT WAIST DRESSES we show some dainty styles in fine lawn as low as $5.00, then $7.50, $10.00 and so on. Among some of the best numbers are—

AT $5.00—A pretty tailor-made model in fine lawn waist, pleated all over—hemstitched skirt to match.

$6.75—Light blue Voile, made with surplice waist effect and new 18-30 skirt—trimmed with Torchon lace—a $9.75 value.

$9.75—A linen model, made with box-pleated waist and a 48-gore side pleated skirt—all colors.

$12.50—Made in fine white lawn with the colored embroidery trimming on waist and skirt—guaranteed thoroughly washable—a $15 model.

Women's Tailored Suits Reduced!

$15 for $19.50 Suits—$18.50 for $22.50 and $25.00 Suits—

The choicest creations of the season in desirable fabrics. These lines will remain on sale until disposed of. But 35 Suits in the lot. See them.

$10 for $14.50 and $15 JACKETS—We offer a choice of many splendid models in man-tailored coats, made from fine covert and lined with guaranteed lining. Nothing in this section to compare with this value.

AT $12.50 and $15.00—We show many new arrivals in swagger coats including the new top coat, the Pony coat and chic short-fitted models.

Fur Storage.

Year after year we keep safe from moth, fire and thief the fur garments and neck pieces of thousands of careful people. It costs little and the things are insured. We have the largest fur vaults in the city. Any needed alterations or repairs will be made by expert furriers at the usual reduced rates for summer. Shall we send for yours? Apply or phone to the 2nd floor, Fur department.

SILBERSETIN & BONDY CO.

Silberstein & Bondy Company. | Silberstein & Bondy Company.

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

Two Men Perish While Stealing Ride In a Box Car.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Minot—Two laborers, Fred Thomnson and Pjarne Jenfolt, were killed while stealing a ride in a lumber car at midnight on Friday, in the Great Northern yards in this place, the lumber in the car sliding and crushing them to death. They were on their way from Williston to St. Paul. Thompson's relatives live at Hamilton, N. D. Jenfolt had a letter on his person from J. Harlson of the Metropolitan Commercial college, Minneapolis. The bodies were horribly mangled.

An unidentified man, aged 50, was run over by a Soo engine at Kenmare. His head, legs and left arm were severed from his body. Identification was impossible and he was buried at Kenmare.

Hillsboro—At a meeting of the directors of the Traill County Agricultural association a site was selected for the new fair grounds. The property will cost $2,000. It is expected to hold a county fair here this summer.

J. H. Hanson has sold his stock of merchandise to N. N. Hardy of Alexandria, Minn.

Probably the largest 17th of May celebration in the state will be held at Hillsboro this year. The speakers selected are Governor Searles, Professor Thigelstad, B. G. Skulason and Rev. Mr. Smeland of Grand Forks.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Sioux Falls—Upon opening his mail the other day J. A. McKeever, a Sisseton business man, was surprised to find in one of the envelopes $1.50 in cash and the following letter:

"Dear Sir: Enclosed find $1.50 which I owe you for a sack of flour that I took from you about three years ago. I was hard up and had no money to pay you, and went into your place of business and helped myself to the flour when you was not there. I have repented and want to make it right with you and God. I hope this will prove satisfactory, because flour was cheaper then, and the enclosed money will pay both principal and interest.—A Repentent Sinner."

There is nothing about the letter to disclose the identity of the writer.

Watertown—One of the features of the traveling men's carnival to be held in this city on May 26 and 27, will be the attendance of the commissioned officers of the South Dakota National Guard. Adjutant Gen. Englesby today issued an order commanding the officers to assemble in Watertown on May 26. The main purpose is to hold the annual meeting previous to encampment to consider arrangements and receive instructions in regard to transportation, equipment, etc. While here the men will wear the new service uniform, and will act as the adjutant general's staff in the big parade on May 26.

The jury in the case of J. G. Lund vs. J. T. Obenshain returned a verdict for the defendant. The dispute involved $250, claimed by the plaintiff to be due him as the commission on a sale of land. The plaintiff will move for a new trial.

After having made three attempts to secure a library from Andrew Carnegie and failed in all, the building committee has decided to advertise for bids for the construction of a $10,000 structure.

Sturgis—There will be no regular round-up program printed this year, owing to some misunderstanding, but the following is the program for the local round-up, with dates:

Moreau Round-up—Begins May 20 at the Flying V ranch, working up the South Moreau to its head; over to North Moreau and down to the Flying V; thence down main Moreau to reservation line; up Rabbit and Antelope creeks to the head; down Thunder Butte to the reservation line, and thence to Grand river.

Belle Fourche River Round-up—Beginning May 25 at the mouth of Bull creek on the Belle Fourche; down the Belle Fourche and Cheyenne to the reservation line; thence up Red Owl to its head; thence across to Hay creek; up to the Elms to the head and thence to Willow creek.

Sulphur Round-up—Beginning June 5 at the reservation line on Sulphur; thence up that creek to its head, and thence to Willow creek.

Range foremen will act as round-up foremen on their respective ranges.

Clark—S. R. Libby, one of the oldest settlers of Clark county, died suddenly at his home ten miles southwest of Clark, of heart failure. He had hitched up a team and had driven to his son-in-law's home to see his daughter. While talking to her he fell dead. He was 75 years old.

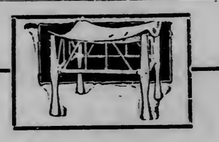
RICH BANKER

Leaves Bulk of Fortune to Spiritualism.

Bloomington, Ill., May 8.—The will of the late J. T. Crumbaugh, a rich banker at Leroy, provides for an endowment of $200,000 for a church for spiritualism in that village. It also makes provision for a free library for the village, with an endowment of $50,000. The will was probated Saturday. Mr. Crumbaugh died at the age of 77, leaving no children. Five brothers and sisters are given $1,000 each, and his wife is left a nominal sum, but the great bulk of the estate, which may aggregate $300,000 will go to spiritualism, and to carry on a school in the interest of this belief.

THE WOMAN WE LOVE.

She needs a pure life-giving remedy like Chrystal Tonic. It quickly cures rheumatism, constipation, torpid liver, kidney trouble, Bright's disease, heart disease, neuralgia, nervous exhaustion, bad blood, headache, backache, dizziness, sleeplessness, dyspepsia, general debility, tired brain and any run-down condition of the system. For sale all druggists, $1.00 a bottle. Try it. If not satisfied after using, write Chrystal Tonic Co., Marshall, Mich., and they will refund your money without question.



WE TRUST YOU — YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD

THESE **INDIA SEATS**

98c

Strong and neat—made of golden oak, or birch mahogany. They are longer, stronger and better finished than the cheap kind most stores sell. Well worth $1.75. Sale price only 98c.

The F. S. KELLY Furniture Co.

The New Spring Models

In Burrows' Bench-Made Oxfords and Shoes perfectly illustrate the preferred styles in Men's Fine Footwear. More elegant—more desirable than ever. Burrows' Shoes—the correct foundation for man's attire—priced at ..... **$3.50 and $4**

M. S. BURROWS.

RUDOLPH SUCCESSFULLY HANGED

Union, Mo., May 8.—William Rudolph was hanged in the jail yard at 10:01 o'clock today. His neck was broken and death was instantaneous. His mother and stepfather bade him farewell in his cell, after which Rudolph announced that he was ready to go. Rudolph walked to the scaffold with a firm step and said nothing after leaving his cell. Sheriff Gehlert sprung the trap. About 200 persons witnessed the execution and a large crowd was collected in the street outside the jail. The crime for which Rudolph was executed was participation, with George Collins, who was hanged last year, in the killing of Detective Charles J. Schumacher of St. Louis, at Rudolph's home, near Stanton, on Jan. 25, 1903. The murder of Detective Schumacher resulted from an attempt to capture Rudolph and Collins, who were charged with having robbed the bank in this place.

HARRIMAN LOSS

To Keep Hyde In Control of Equitable Is Heavy.

Real Cause of the Recent Slump In Stock Market.

New York, May 8.—The fight of E. H. Harriman to keep James H. Hyde in control of the Equitable Life Assurance society has cost Harriman at least $5,000,000, and perhaps double that amount, according to a Wall street authority. It is said that he has had to take up heavy loans on Union and Southern Pacific, and other Harriman securities with the Mercantile and Equitable Trust companies, National Bank of Commerce and other financial institutions in which the premiums of the 600,000 Equitable policy-holders are deposited.

Some of the Wall street bankers said the officers of these subsidiary institutions of the Equitable decided to clean house. Others told how the insurance department examiners, in trading Equitable money, uncovered the big loans and gave the subsidiary institutions a hint that they had put out too much money on one class of collateral and to one borrower. Not being able to replace all of the loans with other institutions, Mr. Harriman, it is said, had to sell big chunks of Union Pacific, Southern Pacific and other Harriman stocks. And this, it is said, was the real cause of the recent stock market slump and the fall in the value of Union Pacific from 158 to 115⅝.

It is said Mr. Harriman had cleaned up the last of his Equitable loans on Friday and that he is now on good, hard ground.

It developed Saturday that the anonymous call for a caucus of Equitable directors at 3 o'clock Monday was sent out by Jacob H. Schiff, head of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., and partner in Mr. Harriman's railroad ventures. Mr. Schiff is one of the thirty-eight dummy directors in the Equitable and has been criticised sharply because his banking house sold $22,000,000 worth of bonds to the Equitable Life in 1904, on which it is said to have cleared $500,000. Mr. Schiff acting in a dual capacity of partner and director as seller and buyer. His action is, therefore, resented in some quarters.

Mr. Schiff, it is understood, did not say anything about the call for the conference to H. C. Frick, chairman of the investigating committee, until it had been sent out. Mr. Frick resents it, and is said to fear that some of the directors sincerely in favor of reform within the society will ask embarrassing questions relative to the work done by his committee.

There are indications that the caucus will be stormy. Some of the radical reformers were planning to ask leading questions, and insist upon categorical answers from fellow directors who have participated in a large number of syndicates and other schemes for enrichment at the expense of the policyholders.

Such a plan will upset the program of the Harriman-Schiff combination, which hopes to control and force President Alexander and Vice President Tarbell out of the society. It was said that they have consulted lawyers and have been told that the directors cannot remove either unless it can be proved that they have committed malfeasance of office, and that the present plan of Schiff and Harriman is to request Alexander and Tarbell to resign. They may also go through the form of asking Hyde to resign.

If such a request is made of either Alexander or Tarbell, a blunt refusal will be the answer. Of a report that Hyde would resign, Samuel Untermyer, counsel for Mr. Hyde, said: "All talk of Mr. Hyde's resignation under any circumstances is mere bosh and circulated for a purpose. Whatever may be the course of others who have no interests at stake, Mr. Hyde has his interests and his reputation to protect, and he will protect them."

One of the men associated with President Alexander in the fight to mutualize the company and end the one-man control of young Hyde said: "It become known today that the prime mover in this mysterious and so-called informal conference of directors of the Equitable called for Monday is Jacob H. Schiff. The fact that a conference is called, that it is pronounced to be informal, and that it should be called at all in advance of the conclusion of the Frick committee of its investigation has occasioned no end of comment.

"The further fact that one of the chief movers in the matter is a man whose connection with the finance committee of the Equitable has been the subject of outspoken criticism in relation to transactions of a financial nature had by the society with his firm, it is not calculated to allay curiosity or speculation as to the motives underlying the call for the conference. It has been suggested, in view of figures published this morning, that the Equitable holds some $20,000,000 of securities of railroads in which Mr. Harriman is interested, that the sudden and what would seem ill-timed call for this conference may have something to do with the recent loss in stock exchange values of the so-called Harriman securities.

"The possibility of changes in the management and policy of the Equitable has been openly stated as one of the chief contributing causes of the recent slump. At any rate, Mr. Schiff, who has been described as one of the 'co-syndics,' is conceded by very busy, and, in the absence of authentic explanation of the reasons or purposes of the conference, speculation is naturally rife with such materials as it can feed upon and as are here mentioned."

It was learned today that young Hyde, who is drawing a salary of $100,000 a year from the Equitable and salaries of $22,500 from two of its subsidiary companies—the Mercantile Trust and the Equitable Trust—started in the Equitable on a salary of $25,000. This was suddenly jumped to $75,000 a year and again to $100,000 a year. The directors did not pass upon these stupendous increases. A subcommittee of two, composed of Chauncey M. Depew and Valentine P. Snyder, was appointed and they fixed young Hyde's salary. Mr. Depew is drawing $25,000 as "counsel fees" from the Equitable and Mr. Snyder receives a large amount as president of the National Bank of Commerce, which is controled by the Equitable.

ARRESTED IN SUPERIOR.

Two Duluth Boys Run Away From Home.

Two Duluth boys who ran away from home Saturday, were arrested yesterday in South Superior, but through a misunderstanding were released by the South Superior officers, and are still at large.

The boys were James McLean and Russell Suger. The mother of the latter boy has sworn out a warrant charging the boy with incorrigibility, and if caught he will probably be sent to the training school at Red Wing.

Humane Officer Withrow and the Superior police are making a search for the two lads, and expect to find them before night.

Jewelry Stock Must Go!

In order to devote more time and attention to my fast-growing optical business and to gain more room for additional machinery, etc., for grinding lenses, I have determined to close out the entire stock of jewelry, etc, generally carried by first-class jewelry stores. The stock consists of jewelry of all descriptions, both in solid gold and gold-filled articles by the thousands—all new and up-to-date, solid silver and high-grade plated table ware, finest and most exquisite cut glass in the market, genuine hand-painted china that must be seen to be appreciated, hundreds of souvenir spoons, fine silk umbrellas with gold and silver-trimmed handles, watches and clocks in great varieties, etc., etc.

These will be real and irresistible bargains that you cannot afford to miss. Remember that all of these articles will be sold at wholesale prices, and some even way below cost, also remember that we are going out of the jewelry business only.

Sale Begins Saturday, May 6.

A. L. NORBERG,

5 West Superior St.

TRIALS BY JURY

Three Cases Start Before Jurors In District Court.

Grand Jury Still Busy But Makes No Report.

The jury trials in this term of district court began this morning in all three courtrooms, the petit jury assembling at 9:30 o'clock. By this noon there were three juries selected and the cases were well underway for trial.

In Judge Ensign's room the jury is listening to the testimony in the action brought by J. F. Ogle against Ely, Salyards & Company to recover judgment for $532 alleged to be due as the balance for the sale of two cars of wheat shipped the local firm from Manhatten, Mont., to be sold when Mr. Ogle directed.

Mr. Ogle claims that when he shipped the two cars of grain to Duluth he drew on the local house two drafts of $475 each, notifying them of the presentation to be made. He claims that he afterward directed the two cars of wheat to be sold when wheat brought 96 cents per bushel, which would total $1,501. Mr. Ogle claims that after taking out the amount of the drafts made and $15 for bags he should have received a balance of $532 which the company is alleged never to have remitted.

The action of French & Bassett against Grier H. Thompson is on trial in Judge Cant's room. In this case the local firm is suing to recover on an alleged sale of a piano, about a year ago, in the amount of $375. Mr. Thompson claims that there was not a sale, that he merely took the piano on approval.

The damage action of John D. Lowe against Adam McAdams is being tried in Judge Dibell's room. Mr. Lowe claims that while Mr. McAdams was fulfilling the terms of a contract he had for digging a sewer at West Duluth, he used some explosive negligently and the effect was to practically put out of commission a brick house owned by Mr. Lowe about 25 feet from the scene of the explosion. The house owner claims that the brick building was moved in its foundations, that the plaster was knocked off and the piazza thrown down, also that the walls were so shaken up that the doors will not close. He claims the damage amounted to about $300.

The grand jury, which is still in session has made no report since Saturday afternoon, when some secret indictments were returned. It was considered as possible that some others would be returned this afternoon.

This morning the grand jury was investigating some cases concerning the alleged sale of liquor to minors.

The following is the court settings for tomorrow: Nos. 41, 51, 52, 59, 60, 61.

A. W. Hepworth of Duluth was excused from jury duty this morning on representing to the court that he has never taken out citizenship papers since coming to this country.

Logging Company Answers.

The Powers-Simpson company of Hibbing, against whom an action was brought by Duval & Poquette of the same place, to recover the value of certain merchandise that the logging company is claimed to have taken into its possession, filed an answer with the clerk of district court, this morning. The answer alleges that Duval & Poquette owed the logging company $500 and that suit was brought to recover the amount in municipal court at Hibbing. The goods are claimed to be in the possession of the marshal, having been attached by that official in the regular course of procedure in such matters. It is alleged, however, that the merchandise is forth not more than $254.35.

Figures Were Wrong.

Through some errors in composition, the figures given in Saturday's Herald relative to the road appropriation for Commissioner Morcom's district, from the special county road fund, were misleading. Capt. Morcom apportioned $1,000 to the Tower and Itasca road instead of $1,500, and $300 to the Crane Lake road, instead of $500. The road foremen appointed and confirmed were George Beatty, John Isaacson, Charles Walstein and Oscar Johnson.

The Eagle's Opening Sale.

Large crowds attended the opening sale of the Eagle Clothing and Shoo House Saturday afternoon and enjoyed the fine program rendered by the orchestra provided for the occasion. Mr. Casmir was kept busy receiving the congratulations of his numerous friends and patrons on the handsome appearance of his store which has been entirely refitted and remodeled on a metropolitan scale, and on the success which marked the occasion.

TERRIFIC RACE WITH DEATH.

"Death was fast approaching," writes Ralph F. Fernandez, of Tampa, Fla., describing his fearful race with death, "as a result of liver trouble and heart disease, which had robbed me of sleep and of all interest in life. I had tried many different doctors and several medicines, but got no benefit, until I began to use Electric Bitters. So wonderful was their effect, that in three days I felt like a new man, and today I am cured of all my troubles." Guaranteed at all druggists; price 50c.

REV. ELMQUIST LEAVES DULUTH

Determines to Accept Call to St. John's Church, Minneapolis.

Rev. A. F. Elmquist, pastor of Bethany Lutheran church at Twenty-third avenue west and Third street, yesterday announced his final determination to sever his connection with Bethany church and go to Minneapolis as pastor of St. John's English Lutheran church.

Some time ago Mr. Elmquist received a call from the Minneapolis church and resigned from the pastorate of Bethany church, but about a week ago the congregation refused to accept the resignation and asked him to reconsider his action. He thought the matter over for a few days and then announced yesterday that he had determined to go. He expressed deep regret at leaving, but said that he felt the field in Minneapolis was a wider one for the work he had in view and that, as he was leaving Bethany church in good shape financially and spiritually, he felt it safe to make the change.

Mr. Elmquist will leave here the last of June and will begin his pastorate of St. John's church in Minneapolis during the first part of July.

Why Endure Pain

the excruciating misery of blind, bleeding, itching piles, when there is an absolute cure?

Dr. Perrin's Pile Specific is an internal remedy that painlessly produces a positive and lasting cure. Pleasant to the taste, it is absolutely free from opium, cocaine or other injurious drugs. Simply take a spoonful three times daily before each meal.

Dr. Perrin's Pile Specific

The Internal Remedy

For dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation, biliousness, catarrh of the stomach and kindred ailments it is the greatest remedy that has ever yet benefited mankind.

Think what a relief it would be to you to be rid of these troubles and to avoid the almost certain consequence of Piles.

Dr. Perrin Medical Co., Helena, Mont.

COMPANY WILL SPRINKLE

Street Railway Will Lay Dust on Garfield Avenue.

In response to a request from Mayor Cullum, the Duluth Street Railway company has offered to sprinkle Garfield avenue, on condition the city will furnish the water and the cart.

Manager Herbert Warren appeared this morning before the meeting of the board of public works and made the offer to the board. He stated that the company would furnish the horses and the man to do the work, if the city would loan one of the sprinkling carts and supply the water.

It is believed that Manager Case of the water department will be willing to furnish the water free, for the work, as the cost would be but small.

Garfield avenue is in a terribly dusty condition, and it is as much to the interest of the street railway to have it sprinkled as it is to the city, as the passengers suffer no little annoyance from the clouds of dust.

STRANGER "BUTTS IN"

Attempts to Manage the Affairs of Aerial Ferry Bridge.

An example of the manner in which some citizens feel called upon to "butt in" is given by the men in charge of the ferry bridge.

Saturday afternoon City Engineer McGilvray and his assistant, E. K. Coe, decided to test the manner in which the hand power on the ferry car worked. They told the operator to shut off the power, and worked the car across the canal and back once by the hand power, which is for use in cases of emergency.

As soon as the car had landed some officious citizen, who had conceived the idea that the power was off, immediately went to a telephone and called up the street railway.

Manager Warren sent a man to the bridge to repair a supposed break in the cable, and the man found the car running smoothly.

NO BIDS ARE RECEIVED.

Council's Attempt to Get Lower Prices Fails.

No bids were received this morning by the board of public works for the contract for laying cement sidewalks during the coming summer.

Two weeks ago the board opened bids for the work and let the contract to the firm of Sang & Preston. The contract was sent to the council for approval, and the board was instructed to advertise for new bids, on the ground that the contract was let at an excessive rate.

The board advertised again for bids, to be opened this morning, but none was received.

The matter will be reported to the council this evening, and the former award may be confirmed.

QUIET MEETING.

No Important Business to Come Before Council.

Little business of importance is due to come up for discussion at the council meeting this evening.

The question of auditing the city's books may possibly be settled at this time, but final action is likely to be deferred for another week.

The question of building a bridge over the Jenswold street subway is also due to come up, and the council will take final action on several building line easements in the East end.

Consideration of the changes in the city's building laws will not be due for two or three weeks yet.

SCHOOL TEACHER HELD UP AND MURDERED.

Minot, N. D., May 8.—The body of Amunders Olsen, a school teacher, aged 38, was found by the roadside four miles east of Mohall. He had been murdered, his skull having been crushed by a blunt instrument. The authorities are perplexed, but believe he was the victim of a hold-up.

NEW RURAL ROUTES.

Washington, May 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—Rural free delivery routes 8 and 9 will be established on June 15 at Little Falls, Morrison county, Minn., serving 1,020 people and 204 houses.

Want some GO? Eat Grape-Nuts

There's a Reason.

BUTTERICK PATTERNS NOW 10c, 15c and 20c NONE HIGHER

Freimuth's

Lake Avenue, Superior and Michigan Streets, Duluth, Minnesota.

BUTTERICK PATTERNS AND DELINEATORS FOR JUNE HERE NOW.

ON THE BARGAIN SQUARE TUESDAY

NOT everything that we put on the Bargain Square gets its name in the newspapers—some of the very best bargains of them all are not mentioned in print because lots are small and not big enough to satisfy the crowds of eager buyers that would be sure to respond if they knew about them.

So when there's a small or broken lot, we simply place it unannounced on the Bargain Square—and put on a price that makes a quick finish.

Many people make it a point to come here every day—and they are well repaid for their watchfulness by the snaps they get. Better form the habit—visit our Bargain Square whenever you are down street—it pays!

Here are three of tomorrow's attractions—

10c Castile Soap 5c

Five full cases pure white castile soap—imported in ½-pound bars to get a lower duty—regular price 10c bar—Tuesday on the Bargain Square at 5c—more soap and better soap than in 3 cakes common castile. **5c**

75c Rubber Gloves 39c

Sizes 7½ and 8 only—guaranteed seamless. Not many—so be prompt.

7c Apron Ginghams 5c

A single case — two thousand yards full standard apron ginghams—little checks and broken checks, in blues, browns, greens and pinks—goods you'll need all the time—pay 7c the yd elsewhere — on the Bargain Square tomorrow at 5c yard. **5c**

MANY MORE SAMPLES LIDDELL'S GOLD MEDAL LINENS

Cloths $1.69 to $8.00 Worth $2.50 to $12.50

Napkins 69c to $5.75 Worth $1.00 to $10.00

THE wonderful success of our sale of the Liddell's office samples only three months ago is yet fresh in the minds of all.

The quantity isn't large this time—this is only a traveling man's samples—about ninety beautiful cloths—and nearly as many dozen napkins.

But the values—they're just as good as those we gave you three months ago, and in some instances even better

They're samples—we tell you frankly that most of them are a trifle soiled—if they weren't we'd have had to pay at least a third more for them and you'd have had to pay the regular price.

But they're genuine Gold Medal Linens, made by William Liddell & Co. of Belfast, Ireland—winner of gold medals and grand prizes at every international exposition for more than half a century past—and the oftener they're washed the prettier Gold Medal linens get.

Note these specimen prices and arrange to be here early tomorrow:

69c for sample napkins, worth $1.00 the dozen. **$5.75** for sample napkins worth $10 the dozen. **$1.69** for sample cloths worth $2.50 each. **$8.00** for sample cloths worth $12.50 each.

These linens are the very newest designs—were used to secure the fall orders of the trade—these patterns are not carried in stock in America—it's a grand opportunity. Think what a chance for brides and their friends!

Most of the cloths are the popular 10-4 size—but there are also 8-4, 12-4 and a few 10-12 sizes.

Four Lots Carpets Under-Price

65c Tapestry Brussels 50c $1.35 Velvet Carpets $1.00
$1 Tapestry Brussels 85c $1.50 Body Brussels $1.25

MEASURE up your rooms and make it a point to be here tomorrow—this is an unusual opportunity. It is a sale of "one and two-room patterns"—by that we mean patterns of which there is only enough for one or two rooms—the styles are all good—the qualities, Freimuth's usual high standard—they're patterns other people have liked best of all in our stock, else they would not be reduced from three and five-roll lots to mere part pieces now. Many of them have no borders.

Some pieces have enough for two large rooms—others only enough for one small room—so bring your measurements and let us save you some money on these.

50c for choice of one lot 65c Tapestry Brussels—handsome bright colorings—no borders. **85c** for choice one lot best ten-wire Tapestry Brussels—our regular dollar grade. **$1.00** for choice one lot beautiful, extra quality $1.35 velvet carpets—without borders. **$1.25** for choice of one lot 25 to 45 yd pieces, best $1.50 body Brussels carpets.

$6 and $6.50 Lace Curtains at $5

A SPLENDID assortment of beautiful lace curtains—regular $6.00 and $6.50 goods in Arabian, Cluny, Brusels Net and Irish Point effects—in white, ecru or Arab—on sale tomorrow at—per pair $5.00.

Our showing of lace curtains is unrivalled in point of the number of select styles shown and the low prices at which we sell them. Prices range 50c to $50—Duluth's best money's worth at each price.

10c FOR 18c BRASS EXTENSION RODS—24 to 50 inches in size.

$27.50 9x12 feet Velvet Rugs $22.50

FIVE SPLENDID patterns in elegant velvet rugs—size 9x12 feet—just right for large rooms——a really surprising quality at $27.50—on sale tomorrow here at $22.50.

We also offer Tapestry Brussels rugs—size 9x12 feet—regular price $17.50—tomorrow only $14.00.

ORIENTAL RUGS AND CARPETS

A wonderful collection of rich pieces—every rug selected for beauty of weave, design and color—every piece priced reasonably—even the finest. Visitors welcome to see them.

FALSE ALARM AT MATINEE

Strike Tumult Outside, Cry of Fire In Theater.

Chicago, May 8.—Cries of alarm, raised by non-union teamsters, mingling with the shouts of policemen, the clamor of a crowd, and the rattling of chains in the alley adjoining the Grand Opera house nearly caused a panic in the matinee audience at the theater Saturday afternoon. Mrs. Fiske, as Leah Kleschna, the girl burglar, had just crept up to the jewel safe of Paul Sylvaine and turned her bulls-eye lanten upon the lock when a coal wagon driven by two non-union colored teamsters entered the alley north of the theater building. The alley was then thronged with strike sympathizers who had gathered around several wagons of the United States Express company.

The arrival of the coal wagon was greeted with a shout and the two colored teamsters appealed to the police to disperse the crowd. Meanwhile the theater and the stage were in utter darkness except for the red lights that burned over the exits. Leah Kleschna had taken the box of jewels from the safe and was turning to face Sylvaine, who had come into the room and caught her at her work.

It is a moment of intense excitement in the performance. It was then that the shouts were heard. Women in the gallery mistook them for cries of alarm in the theater. There was a movement in the gallery. Then somebody shouted "fire." It was the same old story with a new ending.

The Iroquois horror was remembered by the audience and people in the gallery arose as if on the point of rushing out of the theater. But the actors and the employes of the theater also remembered the Iroquois. Mrs. Fiske and John Mason raised their voices so that they could be heard in all parts of the hall:

"You never saw the true light, did you?" asked Sylvaine of Leah, "if you ever do, believe in it and follow it. It's your only hope of peace in this world."

Just then the lights in all parts of the house were trned on simultaneously and the audience saw the fireman stationed at the theater, Edward Slane of engine company No. 42, standing in the center of the stage between Mrs. Fiske and Mr. Mason.

"There is no fire," he announced in a loud voice, "keep your seats. The disturbance was caused by teamsters in the alley. If any of you are timid and do not care to remain the exits are open and you may go."

In an instant the audience became quiet. The curtain was rung down and after an intermission of a few minutes the second act was begun again. No one left the theater.

SOLE COMPETITOR

For Prize In Paris Sends Illegible Essay.

Paris, My 8.—The sole competitor for the prize offered by the Academy of Moral and Political Sciences for the best essay on Schopenhauer's philosophy and on the "Idea of Progress in French Philosophy of the Eighteenth and Nineteenth Centuries" must regret his incapability to write legibly, for the member to whom fell the task of reading the composition found it impossible to decipher the manuscript. It is expected that the competitor will typewrite his essay next year, for it is highly probable that the Academy will follow the recent example of the censor of plays who refused to read any but typewritten compositions.

The French Academy has just received a new fund instituted by the late Mme. Blonet for the purpose of providing two annual prizes, worth $100 each, for filial piety. These prizes will be given each year to the young woman who shall have given proof of devotion in nursing an invalid father or mother.

Orrine Cures the Liquor Habit.

$1 per box. Money back if it fails. Simple, home treatment, no publicity. A safe, sure and harmless specific. Can be given secretly if desired. Excellent stomach tonic, restoring normal appetite, digestion and health. F. W. Kugler, 108 West Superior street, Duluth.

THE GOLDEN RULE
17 & 19 EAST SUPERIOR STREET

will have their grand opening this week. Watch The Herald and Tribune!

THE GOLDEN RULE
17 & 19 EAST SUPERIOR STREET

CANADA IS STIRRED

By Protests In Regard to Railroad Rate Discrimination.

Important Advantages to American Interests In Export Trade.

Ottawa, Can., May 8.—The government has taken action on the allegation made in the house of commons that the railways of the Dominion have established a system of discrimination that is injurious to producers, shippers, and all allied industries in districts where there is no competition between the companies, and, in regard to export trade, conferring important advantages on American interests.

Mr. Gordon, a member for East Kent, suggests whether the attitude of the Canadian roads in these matters is not responsible for driving Canadians to establish themselves in such centers of activity as New York, Boston, Chicago, and Detroit. He regards the advantages secured to manufactures and farm produce of the United States over those of Canada by the action of the Canadian roads as neither more nor less than a bonus to producers to settle in the United States and develop business in the territories south of the line served by the lines so benefited.

One of the questions that have perplexed Canadians, he says, is why farm products should have a higher value to the producer in the United States than in Canada. He regards it as self-evident that if the Canadians had fairly proportionate freight rates to the seaboard compared with those given to American shippers and the superiority in this respect to which Canada's geographical position entitles her, the value of farm products throughout the Dominion would be higher than in the United States.

American roads passing through Canadian territory, he asserts, are willing to accord to Canadians the same privileges as they accord to their own people, but are prevented from doing so by the action of the Canadian roads. In other words, the latter assert the privilege of entering the American markets and carrying products at whatever rates will secure business, while taking to themselves the right of preventing American roads from entering Canadian territory and competing in like manner.

Had the territories within the Dominion served by these Canadian roads been accorded the same benefits as are allowed the people of the United States, it is asserted those portions of the Dominion would have been developed, and farming and manufacturing increased in the same proportion as in the State of Michigan.

In the case before the railway commission a mass of testimony is submitted in support of the findings of the subcommittee. A Chicago contract is mentioned under which half a million bushels of corn were shipped from Chicago to Portland to be delivered to the steamer at the rate of 6 cents per hundred pounds over the Grand Trunk railway. If the corn is stopped en route in Canada to be milled in transit, the Canadian miller has to pay 12½ cents, and if he sells it for local use 20 cents. This is characterized as making Canada pay the expense of hauling American corn from Chicago to the seaboard, or, in other words, to Europe.

In another instance a grain rate of 5 cents a bushel from Chicago to the head of ocean navigation in Canada, Montreal, is given, which pays 2 cents for the water haul to Midland, Georgian bay, and 3 for the rail haul from Midland to Montreal. But if a Canadian farmer at any point along the Midland railway has grain to ship to Montreal, he must pay three and sometimes four times as much as is paid for the haul from Midland to Montreal under the through rate.

Lumber can be brought to points on the Canadian side, competing in the Canadian markets with Canadian lumber, from Chicago, Cincinnati, and St. Louis at lower rates than those at which the lumber can be moved from the Canadian mills to the chief Canadian distributing points.

The Canadian roads charge higher rates for many products from Windsor on the Canadian side of the Detroit river to British ports than they do to take the same products from Chicago to Great Britain. The discrimination is shown to range from 3d to as high as 56 per cent. From Detroit to the seaboard the rate on cattle is 2 cents a hundred pounds less by the Grand Trunk than it is on the Canadian side. From Guelph and Hamilton the rate is 7 cents a hundred more than the American rate. Comparing local rates on the Michigan side with those on the Canadian side, horses, cattle, sheep, and pigs to Michigan points are found to run to an average of 3½ cents a hundred pounds more to carry the stock 100 miles in Canada than 396 miles in the United States.

These instances illustrate an endless number, all pointing to the same results. It is conceded that rates on the American side should be lower than on the Canadian, owing to the difference in the quantities carried, but it is contended the actual difference is far beyond what it ought to be and in plain English the effect, take it all around, is to damage the leading branches of Canadian trade to an almost incalculable extent, and a remedy must be promptly found and applied. The motion was adopted, the government indorses it, and the case goes to the railway commission.

3%

INTEREST PAID ON SAVINGS ACCOUNTS.

You should have this advantage, no matter at what distance you live. Our booklet explains how. It's sent free.

DULUTH SAVINGS BANK
(A State Bank.)
No. 216 West Superior Street.

INSPECTING THE CATTLE

Farmers, Supplying Milk to Duluth, Standing the Expense.

The cattle in the country along the Omaha line which furnish milk to Duluth dairies, are being inspected and subjected to the tuberculin test, by W. Soneral, a veterinary surgeon from Cambridge, Minn.

The work is being done at the expense of the farmers, and without any cost to the city.

Dr. Murray, the Duluth health inspector, stated this morning that he believed all of the outside cattle could be inspected in this manner, and that it might not be necessary for the Duluth inspectors to be sent outside of the city and the immediate vicinity.

CONFERENCE FINISHES.

Swedish Methodists Conclude Their Business and Depart.

The Swedish Methodist Episcopal conference finished its business this morning at the church at Twentieth avenue west and Third street and this afternoon the delegates are viewing the town, going first to see the aerial bridge.

The business this morning was purely routine and cleaned up the matters that come up in conference.

This evening the usual evangelistic service and musical program will take place and this will finish the session, after which the delegates will depart for their homes.

The services yesterday were carried out according to program. Numerous services were held and the delegates spoke in several different Swedish churches.

CASES DISMISSED.

Six Counts Against Grain Dealers Are Settled.

The cases against Edwards Wood & Co., were adjusted in the municipal court this morning. The test case, brought against the company for the purpose of deciding the legality of some practices said to be in use generally by grain dealers, was decided against the company by the supreme court. The other six cases brought together with the test case, were dismissed upon the state's motion in the municipal court this morning.

LITTLE BUSINESS TALKS.

One employe who is a disorganizer will set half your plans on end. "Create a vacancy," and fill it through a Herald want ad.

That renters intend to own their own homes as soon as possible is as certain as that young men intend to marry when ready. Every day some renters are ready to buy—and some young men ready to marry. Real estate ads. interest both.

"Home-hunting" usually begins by answering a Herald ad., and it ends there if the property is right.

A furnished room has been called "the Fraction of a Home." If yours is too small a fraction, less than "half a home," look for a better one through a want ad.

Read the wants tonight.

OWES BANK $1,549,133.

Amount of Its Unsecured Claim Against Bigelow.

Milwaukee, May 8.—At a meeting of the creditors of ex-Banker Frank G. Bigelow today, the Wisconsin Trust company of Milwaukee was elected trustee and an adjournment taken for two weeks. It was stated by Mr. Bigelow's attorney that the former banker was interested in about fifty corporate concerns and that more time was needed in which to make a comprehensive report as to liabilities and assets. Several claims ranging from a few hundred dollars up to $10,000 were filed today and new items are coming to light every day.

The largest claim filed by any single creditor is that of the First National bank, of which Bigelow was the former president, the amount being $1,549,133.63, which is nearly $50,000 in excess of the original amount acknowledged by Bigelow. As yet there are no set offs to reduce the bank's claim, the total being unsecured.

PORTRAIT OF CROWN PRINCE

High Praise Given to the Heir of the Kaiser.

Berlin, May 8.—Willie Seibert, who was the crown prince's violin master at Bonn, has published a pen portrait of his royal pupil entitled "The Heir Apparent," which is attracting attention as showing its subject in a different light from that generally seen. The crown prince lived with Professor Seibert from 1901 to 1903.

"He let himself go," writes Seibert, "but his escapades never got beyond the overturning of a few pails of rubbish the inhabitants had placed at the edge of the pavement for removal in the dust carts. He, moreover, was averse to every species of excess; he has not a cultivated thirst; he cannot carouse and his refusal to conform to the traditional drinking rules of the corps to which he belonged frequently led to unpleasant friction.

"The crown prince never really enjoyed the student life of the men who might have been his friends, but sought the society of those who preferred seriousness to drinking and the prince's intercourse with his fellow students was quite of a superficial nature. He is not prudish, but the noteworthy lack of interest he displayed in stories which do not bear repeating acted as a cold douche on those who took delight in them.

"In politics he is free from prejudice. In matters connected with art he admits he has not sufficient wide knowledge to form an opinion and he is always ready to listen to different views. He plays the violin and undoubtedly had musical talent. He obtains from it a fine tone, free from dross and knows practice is wanting. The prince arrived at Bonn just in time for the attraction of the tennis court supervened.

"'I am suffocated among so many people packed together,' he said. 'I need air. I am fit for nothing unless I have a few hours of healthy exercise.'

"Hunting, riding, dancing, tennis, automobiling and cycling he enjoys to the full, but purely for their own sake. He preferred the society of the old Rhenish burgher families to the semi-official gatherings he was expected to attend and nothing pleased him better than to spend an evening with a few persons in whose company he could be merry, hearty and simple. He was sentimental and did not disdain a harmless flirtation with a pretty girl of burgher stock."

It is understood that Emperor William will increase the relchstag to allow a special civil list for the support of the crown prince and his bride. It is ordinarily the emperor who provides for the support of the crown prince, but it is said that the imperial house is just now rather hard pressed for money, owing to inherited debts and that the grant is deemed by the emperor to be absolutely necessary for the style in which he desires the crown prince and his bride to live.

"BAT" MASTERSON

Held Up In New York and Decorated.

New York, May 8.—William ("Bat") Masterson of notched-gun fame, for the first time in his career, was forced to stand Saturday with his hands in the air when he was decorated with a diamond badge, an insignia of the office of deputy United States marshal, to which he was recently appointed. "Bat" was entertaining several friends at the Delevan hotel when a party composed of Charles Prager of 14 Maiden Lane, Marcus Mayer, William E. Lewis and "Tom" O'Rourke descended upon him and made him stand and receive their token of friendship.

"We are presenting this token, not as a badge of courage—that is to be found in a record of your achievements in the notches on your gun—but as a fitting insignia of the office that has been honored by you," said Mr. Lewis in pinning the sparkling badge, a huge affair of fourteen-karat gold with four big diamonds, upon the marshal's coat.

"Bat" blushed like a June bride, and when called upon for a speech just invited his friends to enjoy his hospitality.

PUBLIC IS SICK

Of Petty Jealousies of the Equitable Officers.

New York, May 8.—The following statement was made today by a director of the Equitable Life Assurance society, who was one of those instrumental in the conference of directors said this afternoon: "The call for today's meeting of the Equitable society's directors was issued by some of the conservative members of the board who recently arrived at the conclusion that something must be done at once to repair the society's falling fortunes. The conference will be in the fullest sense informal and every director present will be asked to express his views and if possible offer a plan to solve existing difficulties.

"It will be a frank heart to heart talk and for that and other reasons it was deemed advisable not to invite the executive officers. The directors realize that the public is heartily sick of the bickerings and petty jealousies of these officers."

UMPIRE ANDERSON TO GO WITH AMERICANS.

Milwaukee, May 8.—President O'Brien of the American association today announced the signing of Oliver O. Anderson of Willmar, Minn., as umpire. Anderson will report at Minneapolis on Thursday and work with Umpire Haskell in two games prior to being assigned regularly. Anderson umpired last year for the Northern league.

COMING ON THE BALTIC.

London, May 8.—The White Star liner Baltic, which sails from Liverpool for New York, May 10, will take among her passengers the Brazilian ambassador to the United States, Senor Joaquin Anabuco Anarujoa and the duke of Sutherland.

Treatment For Falling Hair.
Knauff Sisters' hair store. Both 'phones.

CARNEGIE DENIES

That He Ever Said He Wanted to Die Poor.

Fears Russo-Japanese War May Involve Other Nations.

New York, May 8.—A London cable to the World says: A Daily Chronicle publishes a long onterview with Andrew Carnegie on a multitude of subjects.

Asked by the interviewer to consider Lord Rosceberry's saying, "Pity the poor rich, and say if he were happy?" Carnegie replied:

"Happy? Do I look like a miserable man? I never was miserable, I don't see how a man can be miserable if he does what he feels to be right. Here I am with all this money, it is true, but what does it mean to me personally? Nothing but opportunities.

"I'm not happy simply because I happen to have money. People talk about wealth as if it were the only road to happiness. How foolish. Professors and teachers in colleges and universities working for two or three thousand dollars a year care nothing about heaps of money, uplifted by the use they are making of their lives; these are the true aristocracy, these are the happiest men."

The hero fund, Mr. Carnegie considered one of the best uses of his wealth he has ever made. What he is trying to teach now he says will be universally accepted doctrine in the days to come.

On the question of the Russo-Japanese war, he said:

"As things stand today no one can tell how the war is to end, because no one knows what powers may be involved in it before the end. The feeling in America has somewhat changed during the last few weeks, although a majority of the people still sympathize with the Japanese.

"All I can say is, it will be a happy day for Europe, and especially for Great Britain, when peace is restored without embrolling her. As an ally of one of the belligerents, it cannot be doubted that England is running a great risk.

"The feeling in America for Great Britain strengthens every day. A man can stand up in the biggest halls over there and address the masses, and if he wants enthusiasm he has only to strike the chord of race imperialism. That has never been the case in my time until recently."

Mr. Carnegie dilated with enthusiasm on his teachers' pension scheme, the administration of which he is confident will be as near perfection as anything can be.

Questioned on the charge that his wealth was obtained by sweat labor:

"The labor unions of America asked me very recently to take Mark Hanna's place as president of the Civil Federation. This I could not do, but I took Mr. Hanna's place on the executive council and became a member of the federation. That is my answer."

As regards the charge that his benefactions were secretly intended as a movement to perpetuate Carnegie's name, he replied:

"I am not moved a particle by what people think. I have never required any building to be called by my name. When people see fit to use it, it is not worth making a fuss about. People who make such allegations are the sort of people who like that sort of thing themselves. They are not worth heeding.

"I never offer money for libraries; only give money when asked for it. But apart from all that, I don't worry about whether or not I am forgotten after death.

"You know my views on wealth. As long as I am spared I shall try to put it to the best possible use. Time will tell whether or not I have exercised wise discretion."

"What," asked the interviewer, "about the statement that you intended to die worth no more than a dollar?"

"I never said anything so foolish," Mr. Carnegie promptly replied.

THIS PICTURE IS A PUZZLE

Bridge Experts In Quandary Over Meaning of Painting.

New York, May May 8.—A London cable to the Herald says: Considering the popularity of the game of bridge in New York, it may interest the players to know that the staple tonic of conversation in clubs frequented by bridge players here is the Hon. J. Collier's remarkable picture, "The Cheat," at this year's Royal Academy.

The picture shows a scene at the bridge table. One of the players, a woman, has thrown down her cards and is in the act of rising from her seat to denounce an opponent, also a woman, on whose face fury and shame are struggling for supremacy. The woman's partners, too, have stopped their game and their gaze is fixed on the culprit. But how has the woman managed to cheat? puzzled bridge players are asking, and very ingenious are some of the theories put forward.

"Has the woman who has risen to her feet been the culprit, the method would have been sufficiently obvious," said one famous bridge expert to an interviewer, "but it is the woman who is seated who is the cheat, and she is dealer, and her partner, being dummy, has, of course, exposed his hand. It is evident from the number of cards still in hand that at least four tricks have been played. If the cheat had signaled for trumps, the most usual method of cheating at bridge, she would have been found out at once, and not at this stage of the game."

To Mr. Collier, the painter of the picture, the interviewer went for a clew.

"I am going to leave the solution of the little mystery to the public," remarked Mr. Collier. "It is self-evident, though I am quite prepared for bridge experts to scoff at it, because it is so delightfully simple.

"But, unfortunately for me, all the methods, or nearly all, necessitated a collusion between two partners, and it was necessary for the purpose of my picture that the cheat should be alone in her wrongdoing. Well, I found one way, and I believe the only way, in which connivance was not necessary.

"No, I am not going to give away my little secret, but the clew is to be looked for in the card which lies face downward on the table in front of the lady who has risen."

"Marked card." Such, indeed, is the obvious solution of the enigma and one that has been overlooked by bridge experts. The dealer in dealing has nicked a tiny corner out of the card, and the woman to whom she dealt that card has detected the nick and denounced the "cheat."

FOUND TWO BOMBS.

Lodz, May 8.—The police today discovered two bombs in the house of a workman on Lesz street. The workman, his wife and child and four men armed with revolvers, were found on the premises and were arrested. The bombs were unusually large and fully charged with explosives of little force.

Embroidery lessons
By our expert needlewoman for Glass Block customers—
FREE

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

Clear light.
Equal to any $1.50 lamp—Globe, Welsbach mantle and burner complete for only
69c

Remnants--Linens and muslins--Tuesday
On bargain counter No. 1—main floor.

BIG CLEANING-UP SALE—Remnants of bleached and unbleached table damasks, remnants of crashes, remnants of muslins and sheetings, remnants of white waistings, plain and dotted Swisses—the entire spring accumulation of remnants, odds and ends—

At cost and less than cost.

EMBROIDERED WAIST PATTERNS—also on the bargain counter—regular $1.50 value in fine waist patterns, handsomely embroidered—while they last, Tuesday, choice for 89c

Special for Tuesday
50c wallpaper 12½c

3,000 rolls in all—large lots and small lots—side walls, dadoes, borders, ceilings—matched and unmatched—crown and lattice papers included.

All the odds and ends—some enough for a room, some for several rooms, but the entire season's accumulation of gold, bronze and fancy papers of every description worth up to 50c.

Special for Tuesday
Umbrellas

FOR LADIES—Corola silk umbrellas, with woven borders — reds, blues and black, with borders in white silk, wood handles, paragon frames—excellent $3.50 values for... $1.75

FOR MEN—$1.25 values in excellent quality strong black umbrellas, heavy wood and bone handles, paragon frames—special 98c

AMERICA'S BIG CAPITALISTS

Estimate of Their Fortunes Made By Henry Clews.

New York, May 8.—Andrew Carnegie's $10,000,000 benefaction to the college professors of the United States and Canada aroused great interest among Wall street men, who were disposed to do some calculating regarding the extent of the fortunes of the great capitalists of the country. One of them well qualified to make such a calculation is Henry Clews, for he has had business and social relations for forty years that puts him in a position to judge pretty well what the great fortunes really amount to.

Following is Mr. Clews' estimate of the wealth of some of the most prominent of our capitalists:

John D. Rockefeller	$500,000,000
Andrew Carnegie, $125,000,000 given away, leaving	250,000,000
William Waldorf Astor, chiefly in real estate	200,000,000
John Jacob Astor	75,000,000
Gould family of which George J. Gould's personal fortune represents $35,000,000	150,000,000
Marshall Field	100,000,000
Blair estate	100,000,000
W. K. Vanderbilt	80,000,000
Russel Sage	75,000,000
D. O. Mills	75,000,000
William Rockefeller	60,000,000
J. P. Morgan	60,000,000
James J. Hill	50,000,000
Henry H. Rogers	50,000,000
Henry Phipps	45,000,000
John D. Archibold	40,000,000
Henry M. Flagler	40,000,000
James B. Haggin	40,000,000
J. Henry Smith	35,000,000
W. H. Tilford	20,000,000
James Stillman	15,000,000
George F. Baker	15,000,000

It will be noted that Mr. Clews' list does not contain by any means all the great rich men. The members of the so-called Rock Island crowd—William H. and J. H. Moore, D. G. Reid and H. Leeds—are not in it, neither is Senator W. A. Clark, Henry C. Frick, John W. Gates, Norman B. Ream, the William C. Whitney estate, P. A. B. Widener, the younger Vanderbilts, Mrs. Hetty Green or any of the other notably rich women of the country. Mr. Clews, in fact, admitted that his list was by no means complete, but he said he believed it contained undoubtedly all the very richest capitalists.

FLASHLIGHT

Put Bears Nearly Out of Their Senses.

New York, May 8.—A London cable to The Herald says: A curious discovery which is creating considerable speculation, chiefly among those who are interested in polar exploration, has been made in the den of the polar bears now performing at the London Hippodrome.

The other day an attempt was made to take a photograph of these performing bears, some of which were captured in the wild state, the others being bred by the owner of the troupe, but they were too restless, and therefore another attempt was made the next day.

A strong charge of powder was used for the flashlight, and immediately after the flash every bear was discovered lying prone on the side as if dead, but in reality they were only terrified and nearly out of their senses. It was a long time before they recovered from their excitement.

Next morning in clearing out the den an attendant found on the floor a fine gold ring, such as sailors used to wear in their ears. Inscribed inside were the initials "I. D. F. N." with the date 1835, and the supposition is that the ring had been carried about between the teeth or the claws of one of the bears until the episode of unusual excitement thus brought it to light.

A CREEPING DEATH.

Blood poison creeps up towards the heart, causing death. J. E. Stearns, Belle Plaine, Minn., writes that a friend dreadfully injured his hand, which swelled up like blood poisoning. Bucklen's Arnica Salve drew out the poison, healed the wound, and saved his life. Best in the world for burns and sores. 25c at all druggists.

BRITONS MAKE FUN OF AMERICAN LAWS.

New York, May 8.—"The English papers are full of the Nan Patterson case," said Baroness Caroline Von Roques, mother of Mrs. Florence Maybrick, who arrived on the steamship La Touraine Saturday night. The baroness was deeply interested in the case and on it much of her conversation turned. "The English papers make much fun of American laws," she continued. "They criticise the opera bouffe manner in which the poor girl was tried and ridicule the methods employed here in all murder cases."

Mrs. Maybrick was at the pier to greet her mother, whom she found broken in health. It was the first time they had met since Mrs. Maybrick left France, after being released from prison. Mrs. Maybrick took her mother to a hotel for the night and yesterday they left for Washington, where the baroness will give her testimony in her suit against W. D. Armstrong and others to recover possession of certain lands.

POINT SCORED BY CHICAGO

Court Says Franchise of Adams Street Line Has Expired.

Chicago, May 8.—The city scored a victory in traction litigation today, bringing municipal operation a step nearer Judge Grosscup of the federal district court, denied a motion on behalf of the Union Traction company to enjoin the city from interfering with the use of the so-called Adams street line of the old Chicago Passenger Railway company. Judge Grosscup said that he had withheld the decision for a considerable time, believing that it would hinder rather than help negotiations for an agreement between the city and the traction interests; but that as soon as he was officially informed negotiations had been balked he framed his decision. The court holds that the franchise of the Chicago Passenger Railroad company expired in April 1904. With the way cleared by today's decision, it is the intention of the city administration to use the Adams street line as a beginning for a municipal ownership street railway system.

WOMAN RISKS LIFE

To Save Horse From a Live Wire.

Stamford, Conn., May 8.—Mrs. Homer S. Cummings risked her life by electrocution to save a favorite horse Saturday. As it was Mrs. Cummings suffered several shocks and her hands were burned. The brave woman is the wife of the Democratic national committeeman from Connecticut, Homer S. Cummings.

Mrs. Cummings was driving. Opposite the city hall a guy wire which supports a trolley feed wire fell. Mrs. Cummings' horse stepped on the wire and went down. She remained in the seat and tried to pull the horse to its feet. The animal, paralyzed by the current, could only quiver.

Mrs. Cummings sprang to the ground and was about to seize the live wire when she was restrained. She then seized the charged brass mountings of the harness and was shocked. She did not desist until the animal was removed from danger.

DARING THIEF

Steals Clock From New York Hotel Lobby.

New York, May 8.—A young man, with a light overcoat over his arm, entered the ladies' entrance of the Fifth Avenue hotel early Saturday evening and took a seat under the big mantelpiece, on which stood the Tiffany clock that has been there since the hotel was built. William Hughes, the doorman, kept an eye on the young man until a couple asked him to call a cab. When he returned the young man was gone.

Hughes looked at the mantelpiece and saw the clock was gone, too. The clock weighs 110 pounds, is three feet high, and stood upon three brass legs. Hughes concluded the man must have gone towards Seventh avenue. At Seventh avenue and Twenty-fifth street he saw a crowd surrounding a policeman who had a young man.

"That's him," he told the cop. "Sure, and here's the clock," said the policeman, lifting the overcoat with which the young man had covered it.

So many persons asked questions at the hotel that finally he tacked up a card where the clock had stood. It read: "The clock was stolen by a strong man. A policeman found it going, stopped it, and arrested the strong man. It will be back soon."

POMPADOUR IN STYLE.

Majestic Roll In Front Is to Stay.

New York, May 8.—The short, fat girl with deep dimples in her face like a harvest moon, may perk u pa bit, for the pompadour still is the thing. The Association of Women Hair Dressers of America has said so. The hair dressers gave a public exhibition of styles ancient and modern, at Murray Hill Lyceum Saturday night. New styles hot from "Paree" were shown.

There was a long table in the room, and at regular intervals double mirrors were arranged. The best looking girls the association could find were used as subjects.

Here are styles that were shown: Bridal, pompadour, fantastic, soiree, modern, still another modern, yet one more modern, Adrea, modern again, transformation, the latest, duchess of Devonshire, du bal, fantaisie No. 2, two mode moderns, and the Inauguration.

Of all the styles shown the one that pleased the women most was the "soiree." G. Berg, a hair dresser, put it something like this:

"You take small pieces of white hair, take in the back hair in two or three switches, lay them in puffs, rococo style, and drape the two broken curls on each side of the neck. Surmount the whole with a crown of jewels and electric light bulbs. Every woman may carry her own battery in her corsage. It is quite simple."

PRONOUNCED A FRAUD.

"Coreless" Apples Had Both Cores and Seeds.

New York, May 8.—A London cable to the Herald says: The much-vaunted seedless and coreless apple imported from America has been solemnly pronounced a fraud on the premises of Messrs. Shearn in Tottenham court road. On Thursday a little crowd of experts in fruit culture met to see the closure put upon the fierce controversy which for months has raged around this fruit.

Shearn purchased for $15 three months ago two of the only four alleged seedless apples which have so far reached England. Columns have been written about this fruit, and never before has the agricultural product received such a boom. Orders for trees have poured in from all parts of England. But there was an army of skeptics who talked and wrote with never failing energy, their sole desire being to see the two samples possessed by Shearn put to the test.

There were four swift cuts, and those seedless and coreless apples were undone, revealing just as many pips and a harder and larger core than most other apples have. There was a gasp of astonishment among the onlookers, and then the comments which were made were as heartless as the apples had been claimed to be.

DOWIE TO SELL BONDS.

Will Raise Money By Merger at Zion.

Chicago, May 8.—According to a plan announced by John Alexander Dowie in a general apostolic letter under date of May 6, all the Zion industries are to be consolidated into one organization to be known as "Zion Consolidated Annuities." The securities of the various Zion industries will be purchased by the issue of $7,000,000 of 7 per cent gold bonds.

This issue will be a lien on all of Dowies' personal property as well as all the Zion industries, including not only those at Zion City but also the recently purchased Mexican land. It is stated that the minimum value of the property exceeds the liabilities by $21,000,000.

After the outstanding stocks of the various industries shall have been purchased, the remainder will be used to develop the Mexican plantation. It is expected that this will furnish also additional means for the establishment of schools and for "the extension of the work of the Zion restoration host" throughout the world.

Little difficulty is expected in floating the new issue, as it is thought Dr. Dowie's followers will be glad to subscribe for it themselves. In conclusion, the "apostle" calls on his believers for their prompt cooperation and their earnest and daily prayers.

NEW RECORD MADE

At Rail Mill of Edgar-Thomson Plant.

New York, May 8.—The rail mill at the Edgar-Thomson plant of the United States Steel corporation has established a new world's record by making 3,678 tons of steel rails in twenty-four hours. The best previous record was 2,929 tons.

Because of the fact that the rail mills of the Illinois Steel company are out of the market the other rail mills of the corporation are run to the limit to take care of new orders.

It is considered assured that the steel corporation will make at least 1,700,000 tons of rails this year, as against 1,200,000 tons last year and over 1,900,000 tons in 1903.

ESTATES ARE BURNED.

Tiraspol, Russia, May 8.—A general revolutionary movement has occurred among the peasants of the province of Bessarabia. They have attacked and burned several estates. The valuable estate of Prince Abamelek is among those destroyed.

People who commenced to buy real estate in this city ten years ago, and "kept at it," are among your "rich neighbors" today. If you acquire the habit now, and watch the real estate ads. as closely as you do the news, you may be "well to do" in a few years.

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AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

TO SUBSCRIBERS:
It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both old and new addresses.

PUSH THE CENSUS.

In a few weeks more the enumerator will be around to find out how many people there are in Duluth and St. Louis county, and it is extremely important that every possible aid be given Superintendent Haven and his corps of counters, in order that the census may be full and complete.

It is the hope of every citizen that the completion of the census will show that Duluth has passed the 75,000-mark. This will advance the city into a new class of communities, and will bring her from No. 72 in the list of cites up to about No. 50, into company that is much better known than the cities of the class she is now associated with. It will give her more of the recognition her commanding strategical situation entitles her to, and by calling her to the attention of people all over the country, will lead to investigation and investment.

Therefore it is to the interest of every citizen, prominent or inconspicuous, official or not, that the census should be full. There are many, doubtless, who will not be familiar with the institution of the census, and somebody must explain to them just what it is and just what it does, in order that they may not frustrate is purposes through misapprehension of its aims. The Commercial clubs can and will lend much assistance, and with them every public-spirited citizen will join. The count must be full, and work will be necessary to make it so.

A RICH ARGOSY.

Perhaps nothing could be more significant of our trade with the Orient, of the growth of the country at large and especially of the West and Northwest, and of the commercial value of the Northern Pacific seaports, than the cargo carried by the big steamship Minnesota last week when she left for the Far East.

It was the largest cargo that ever left a Pacific coast port, and the vessel reached her maximum carrying capacity. As reported by the Seattle Post-Intelligencer, that cargo will be a revelation to those who have not observed the growth of our commerce with Asia and the development of shipping on the Pacific coast.

There were 10,000 bales of raw cotton. There were fifty-seven locomotives. There were 8,000 barrels of flour. There were steel rails and structural steel. There were large quantities of cotton textiles. That was the cargo of one vessel, though to be sure it is one of the largest and most modern.

In view of the growing importance of the western country, it is a matter of the deepest regret that the Minnesota senate should have stood in the way of an appropriation for a Minnesota exhibit at the Portland exposition this year. The house passed a bill appropriating $25,000, but the senate failed to adopt it. Minnesota is a way-station for practically all of the travel and traffic between the East and the Pacific Northwest. The people going to the exposition will generally pass through this state, and many will stop here, attracted by the richness of the state. Minnesota's commercial relations with Washington and Oregon are important, and if for no other reason than mere friendliness, this state should have been represented. But it would have been good business policy, too, probably productive of greater results than the exhibit at Buffalo or St. Louis.

Truly this is not the least of the many crimes of misrepresentation and betrayal of the public will the Minnesota senate will have to answer for.

THE NEWLANDS PLAN.

The railroad rate solution proposed by Senator Francis G. Newlands of Nevada in the April North American Review has some features that commend it to the neutral observer, and anyway it is very interesting.

Briefly, Senator Newlands would do these things: He would require all railroads to incorporate under a national law which would not only permit but favor consolidation; he would have all railroad property valued by the interstate commerce commission, and he would limit the capitalization to such valuation; he would have the commission revise rates so as to produce a reasonable return, not less than 4 per cent, on this new valuation; he would exempt all railroad property from taxation except a gross earnings tax to start at 3 per cent and increase at the rate of one-fifth of 1 per cent a year until it reached 5 per cent, such tax to be collected by the government and apportioned fairly among the states and territories; he would set aside out of the gross earnings a percentage to produce a pension fund for employes; and, last, but not least, he would require arbitration of all disputes between railroads and their men as to pay, hours or protection of life and limb.

Not so bad, and it answers many serious objections to railway management as it exists today. As to federal incorporation and supervision, of course these would depend upon the character of the administration. But public sentiment is getting strong enough on these subjects now so that administrations will soon hardly dare do otherwise than the fair thing—or is that hoping for a too early approach of the millenium? Really, however, if the public mind continues to get more interested in these matters, administrations may soon be depended upon to do pretty near what is right. The railroads, of course, fear that the public mind will get so excited that it will go so far as to work injustice to them.

The principle of a revaluation and a capitalization and income based on actual value, commends itself strongly. It is just what we have been wanting, not only for the railroads, but for the oil business, the coal business, the cracker business, the tobacco business, and many others. As an experiment, it will be well to try it with the railroads, however, and if the margin is small enough so there is not much room left for the operation of rebates, that may affect the situation in some other lines of business.

The gross earnings tax principle Minnesota has tried, and it appears to work well for the state. It is probably as fair and just a system of taxation as could possibly be devised, providing, of course, that the rate is fair to the railroads and the people. The proposed rate of 5 per cent seems reasonable. The government is to collect the taxes and apportion them to the states, probably in proportion to the amount of railroad property in each. This is all very well, but if the Newlands scheme becomes effective, it is to be hoped the government will not do what Minnesota did when she adopted the gross earnings tax—rob the poitical subdivisions of a needed source of income by taking all of the tax.

The pension and arbitration planks in the [illegible]s platform are so obviously in accord with the trend of sentiment that they need no words of commendation or criticism.

We might do worse than try the Newlands plan.

LONG LIFE.

Life insurance men study long life and what makes it from a cold, business standpoint. They want us to live long, so that our insurance policies may not mature quickly. Therefore those who desire long life should be able to get some hints from the results of their investigations.

So it is very pleasant to those who live in this section to learn from this source that if they had deliberately sought for the place most likely to produce long life they would have picked no other place than this. F. L. Hoffman, statistician of the Prudential Life Insurance company, in an interview in the Insurance Press, shows in these words that we made a wise choice of our place of residence: "It is probably not going too far to say that the region included in central and Northern Wisconsin and Minnesota is probably as healthy as any region to be found in the United States."

Mr. Hoffman's talk was along the line of conditions likely to produce the best life insurance risk, and the matter of location was only one item. It may be interesting to follow some of the other factors. Married men, for instance, will find comfort in his statement that the married, other things being equal, live longer than the single. The moderately well-to-do are better risks than the extremely rich or the extremely poor, because their lives are calmer and better regulated, and are free from an injurious surplus of rich living on the one hand and the weakening influences of extremity and deprivation on the other. Naturally, those whose physical make-ups are nearest the normal have the best chance of life, though this is a matter not measurably within our control.

As to the use of liquor, he preaches nothing more binding than moderation, which he urges also as to habits of eating. He intimates that there are more premature deaths from over-eating than from over-drinking, though the cause is more clearly manifest in the latter case than in the former. Tobacco, tea, coffee and condiments he handles gingerly, and without positive statements either way. No doubt the immoderate use of either is bad, but he passes up the question of whether it is better to avoid them altogether. Naturally, other things being equal, outdoor occupations are healthiest, though indoor occupations, under proper sanitary conditions and with due regard to the demands of hygiene, are often wholesome.

THE JAP'S HYGIENE.

The Japs have learned and are still learning many lessons from us, so it will be only a fair exchange if we can manage to get a few from them.

While their progress up from barbarism has come with a swiftness that astonished the world, and therefore they have come in for general praise from all quarters, according to many authorities some of this praise is fulsome, and the tendency is to exaggerate their virtues and accomplishments. A Duluth man who has had some experience with them said recently that their civilization was only a silk hat, a kimono and a pair of sandals. But there is no denying some of their virtues, and from them, even if we do not adopt them in their entirety, we could easily learn something.

For instance, there can be no doubt that much of their military strength can be traced to the fact that, as a writer in C. B. Fry's Magazine states, they are the "cleanest-living and most sober soldiers in the world." They have no camp followers; they drink very little; their diet is simplicity itself; their one luxury is the incessant smoking of cigarettes—another blow to the campaign against the cigarette, or perhaps to the extremists among the Jap's admirers. He is not a strict vegetarian, as many imagine, but he adds to his main staple of rice such things as pickles, dried fish and tinned meat. The soldiers are worked hard, and their day of instruction and drill begins at 6 a. m. Avoidance of luxury is a point of honor, especially among the officers.

But it is doubtful whether people of older civilization who have been brought up to different conditions could thrive on the Jap's way of living. Indeed, it is said that the foreign attaches with the Japanese army suffered considerably, because the fare which was ample for the brown soldiers was half-starvation for them.

So while we can easily get some lessons from the Jap's way of living, that is very far from saying that we should adopt it bodily.

THE FIELD SURVEY.

A show monkey was arrested in Indiana for smoking a cigarette during the performance. If the press agent did not get that incident up he overlooked something.

* * *

Somebody recently gave Columbia university $500,000, and his name is withheld. Whoever he is, we are certainly indebted to him for taking no chances on starting a new tainted money controversy.

* * *

There is certainly nothing in the name of the minister who is waging a fight against liquor sellers down in Missouri. It is Beers.

* * *

Mr. Taft, is the lid getting hot?

* * *

The "terrible Cossack" is certainly terrible to unarmed workingmen, women and children.

* * *

On the other hand, is the lid showing any signs of the strain?

* * *

Roosevelt said: "Be kind to the rich." It is feared that his party has followed that doctrine too long already.

* * *

Warsaw's attempt to equal Chicago is perfectly ridiculous.

* * *

American travelers will be unusually numerous in Europe this summer, says an exchange. Has the beef trust grand jury anything to do with it?

* * *

The kind of municipal ownership Chicago needs most is municipal ownership of the public peace.

* * *

J. Pierpont Morgan has expressed admiration of Mt. Vesuvius. He needn't go and bring that thing home with him.

Hotel Gossip.

"Snow slides in the Western mountains annually cost the railroads a lot of money, time and trouble," said Peter Freburg of Leavenworth, Wash., at the McKay. "Most of the trouble from this source comes in the spring of the year, when long-continued thaws loosen the snow on the mountain sides and start it to sliding.

"One section of the Great Northern road, measuring five miles in length, in the Tumwater canon district, required twenty boxes, or 1,000 pounds of dynamite to clear the track of large boulders brought down by the snow. These boulders were too large to be gotten out of the way by ordinary methods, and large quantities of the explosive were necessary to break them up small enough so that they could be handled. The twenty boxes were used during the last four or five months.

"In the mountain districts the snow was seven feet deep on the level last winter. That is not nearly so bad as a year ago, when it measured fifteen feet in depth in many sections. This meant a vast amount of work for the snow plow crews.

"What is true of this five-mile stretch of track is also true of numerous other pieces of the road through that territory, so you can imagine what even an ordinary winter means to the great transcontinental roads. In the Tumwater canon there are thirty-two curves in the five miles of track."

* * *

Late Saturday evening the man in charge of the aerial bridge noticed a small lumber carrier, towing a schooner, enter the canal at the outer end, slow down almost to a stopping point, and then proceed with extreme caution until within a short distance of the bridge. Wondering as to the cause of this strange procedure, the bridgeman kept a close watch of the approaching vessels.

"Ship-a-hoy!" called the captain of the steamer.

"Well, what's the trouble?" asked the man on the car.

"Can I get under that blamed bridge or is it supposed to turn?" called back the captain.

Supposing that everyone in the country had heard of Duluth's famous aerial bridge, and were acquainted with its manner of operation, especially the lake captains, and as the one mast the vessel possessed did not reach more than about thirty feet heavenward, the bridge tender was too astonished to give an immediate answer.

When the bewildered skipper discovered that there was more than a hundred feet of space between the top of his mast and the bridge's lower girder, he was heard to ejaculatae a forcible, "Well, I'll be ——" and this was followed by an order to the engineer to go ahead at full speed, in an endeavor to escape the jeers of the pasengers on the ferry.

This incident calls to the mind of local marine men something along the same order, which occurred last fall, when a boat captain on approaching the canal, whistled the signal for the draw bridge, and when the structure refused to swing in answer to his shrill demand he quickly signaled the engine room to reverse the engines, so as to avoid a collision.

* * *

"There are so many pretty lakes in Northern Wisconsin and Minnesota that it is almost a wonder to me that any of them succeed as summer resorts," said E. E. Wagner of Eau Claire at the Lenox. "I don't suppose that anyone as yet has actually counted all the little sheets of water through this part of the country, but the total must mount into the hundreds. And so many of them are convenient to the railroads that no single one appears to have any particular advantage over a number of the others.

"Down in Wisconsin, Solon Springs and Gordon seem to be the most popular of the resorts in the northern part of the state, but in addition to these there are numerous other places which are about as attractive, only they have not been brought so prominently to the attention of the public as have the others. Solon Springs is the nearest to Superior, and is most liberally patronized, but Gordon is forging to the front and quite a number of summer cottages have been erected on the shores of the several lakes in the vicinity of the town.

"In Minnesota I suppose Deerwood is about the most popular resort in the Duluth territory, although I have never stopped off there. Then there are the towns along the Fosston branch of the Great Northern, most of which are situated on or near really pretty lakes. As the most of these lakes offer good fishing as well as charming scenery it is hard to choose between them when selecting a place to spend a vacation. But, aside from these, think of the scores of lakes all through this region which are practically unknown to the average city dweller. Any one of them near Chicago or Milwaukee would become tremendously popular as a summer resort in no time. Occasionally you run across a reasonably pretty lake down in that country, but most of them would not amount to anything if it were not for the large sums of money expended in improving the grounds about them."

* * *

At the Lenox: A. A. Sutherland, Mora, Minn.; Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Mattsan, Minneapolis; George Ayre, Chicago; C. L. Martin, Minneapolis; J. A. Leonard, Chicago; G. E. Church, Skibo; G. R. Cullum, St. Paul; D. E. Rico, Chicago; E. A. Smith, St. Louis; E. Finch, Virginia; D. Stroch, Minneapolis; C. A. Golden, Antigo, Wis.; George Wiseman, Minneapolis; E. M. Fisher, Minneapolis; C. M. McCloud, St. Paul; H. E. Prirlow and family, Scanlon; Charles Morse, Cromwell, Minn.; J. M. Johnson, Bloomer, Wis.; J. H. Horrigan, Virginia.

* * *

At the St. Louis: A. Lorg, St. Paul; Miss E. Olson, Deer River; C. E. Walton, Wakefield; J. M. Ferris, Montreal; Miss Carol B. Gaver, Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Thompson, L. E. Hawkins, Hibbing; L. Ogan, Deer River, Minn.; F. L. Russell, Detroit; Ben Levy and son, Grand Rapids; N. A. Tortnus, wife and children, Stillwater; Mrs. E. V. Beach, Minneapolis; Frank Hamilton, Chippewa Falls, Wis.; S. A. Steinberg, Hibbing; P. A. Smith, International Falls; C. J. Johnson, Minneapolis.

* * *

At the Spalding: J. V. Tuttle, Cleveland; H. Hartman, North Dakota; T. C. Hoffman, Baltimore; E. Sage, S. L. Haonsleim, Minneapolis; S. F. Mellin, A. Corchain, New York; B. W. Noyes, Mass.; John Everett; S. Hale, H. F. Perkins, Chicago; A. Lund, Augusta, Wis.; S. G. Plummer, Hibbing; P. J. McCloy, Devils Lake, N. D.; F. W. Platt, Minneapolis; S. J. Cusson, Ashland; C. K. Eictlar, Lancaster, Pa.; D. C. Darley, G. W. Little, Chicago.

* * *

At the McKay: J. L. Kearns, Washburn; J. H. Smith, Cloquet; J. Share, Staples; Peter Freburg, Leavenworth, Wash.; M. Anderson, Minneapolis; Mrs. Myra L. Sprague, Minneapolis; M. T. Ahern, St. Paul; J. Adams, Ironwood, Mich.; E. J. Andern, M. Mullin, Grand Rapids; A. C. Willcuts, Holyoke; S. Weidlardt, W. H. Hastings, Minneapolis; A. Dollin, Ewen, Mich.; R. F. Nickers, Minneapolis.

What He Needed.

Kansas City Star: Many anecdotes concerning Disraeli are cropping up these days. After he was created Lord Beaconsfield and had attained every distinction he could wish for, says a correspondent, he was dining out one day at a fashionable London home and was asked by the lady whom he had taken into dinner: "Is there anything, my lord, that you can possibly want which you do not already possess?" His characteristic reply, after due consideration, was: "Yes, a potato, please."

Adulterated Senate.

Kansas City Star: In the repeated efforts that have been made to impose a check upon the alarming growth of food adulteration in this country the persons who are active in that movement constantly meet with obstinate and successful opposition in the United States senate.

Will persons who refuse to admit the deterioration and the degeneracy of that branch of the law-making body try for even a moment to place such statesmen at Webster and Clay and Calhoun and Benton and Sumner and Seward and Hoar in the attitude of sponsors and defendants of a style of fraud that carries with it a serious menace to public health and possible murder?

The Weather.

United States Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), May 8.—Showers fell over the western lake region, upper and lower Mississippi valley, Southern and Pacific states, heavy at Abilene, Texas and Shreveport, La. Barometric depressions are central over Ontario and British Columbia. Freezing temperatures continued in the Red River valley. In the lake region the winds are fresh easterly and southerly on eastern portions and northwesterly on western portions.

Following were the maximum temperatures recorded during the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	80	Miles City	62
Atlanta	78	Milwaukee	64
Battleford	58	Minnedosa	38
Bismarck	59	Modena	61
Buffalo	52	Montgomery	82
Calgary	68	Moorhead	48
Charleston	82	New Orleans	82
Chicago	66	New York	80
Cincinnati	72	Norfolk	80
Davenport	70	Northfield	70
Denver	70	North Platte	76
Detroit	62	Oklahoma	80
Dodge City	78	Omaha	78
Duluth	38	Phoenix	90
El Paso	84	Pittsburg	70
Escanaba	52	Port Arthur	44
Galveston	80	Portland	74
Green Bay	64	Prince Albert	54
Havre	70	Qu'Appelle	60
Helena	70	Rapid City	58
Houghton	48	San Francisco	56
Huron	58	Santa Fe	68
Jacksonville	88	Shreveport	76
Kamloops	80	Spokane	78
Kansas City	76	St. Louis	70
Knoxville	76	St. Paul	58
La Crosse	70	Sault Ste. Marie	42
Lander	66	Swift Current	58
Little Rock	80	Washington	74
Los Angeles	82	Williston	54
Marquette	42	Winnemucca	70
Medicine Hat	68	Winnipeg	38

Forecasts for twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. (local time), Tuesday: Duluth, Superior and vicinity—Partly cloudy tonight and Tuesday; probably frost tonight; fresh northerly to easterly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

Chicago, May 8.—Forecasts till 7 p. m. Tuesday: Wisconsin—Generally fair tonight and Tuesday; colder tonight, with frost.

Minnesota—Generally fair tonight and Tuesday; frost tonight.

The Dakotas—Probably showers tonight and Tuesday; warmer tonight.

Upper Lakes—Brisk northwest winds this afternoon and tonight, shifting to northeasterly on Michigan and Western Superior by Tuesday morning; partly cloudy tonight, with rain or snow on Superior and Northern Huron; Tuesday fair.

MINNESOTA OPINIONS.

Mankato Free Press: August Westfall of New Ulm is the oldest man in the state who has applied, so far, for a part of the $10,000 which the legislature appropriated for the relief of citizen soldiers of the Indian war of 1862. Mr. Westfall is 92 years of age, and in his application to the adjutant general claims to have taken an active part in the Indian wars of 1862.

Princeton Union: There is no other state in the Union which is making more ample provisions for the education of its children than the State of Minnesota. In the rural districts there should be elected men on the school boards who will second the good efforts of the legislature and put none but competent teachers in the schools.

Marshall News-Messenger: The educational results attained by graduates of the high schools of Minnesota seem to be growing less satisfactory each year. Two years ago, out of nearly 7,000 applicants for teachers' certificates, a little less than one-half passed the required examination. The previous year the state superintendent greatly lowered the minimum of required percentage in order to save the large class from public humiliation and secure sufficient teachers to meet the demand. Last year, out of about 5,000 applicants, only 40 per cent were passed, and at the examinations just closed, of 5,473 applicants only 1,983 reached the required standard, or less than 35 per cent.

* * * And yet all this vast number of high school graduates are trained under our educational system particularly for and are eligible to the university.

Norman County Herald: Jake Jacobson of Lac Qui Parle has announced that he will be a candidate for the nomination of governor on the Republican ticket next year. Jacobson made an excellent record during the years he served in the legislature, as well as during the time he was a member of the board of control. He is as strong a man as the Republicans can pit against Governor Johnson.

Fergus Falls Journal: Wheat is only about 2 cents higher than it was last year at this time. The rust district does not appear to be a very large spot in the wheat area of the world.

Something Concrete.

Kansas City Star: Here is something quite concrete bearing upon the oil situation in Kansas: Kansas oil that brought $1.18 a barrel a year ago now brings 37 cents.

This reduction has been caused by the Standard Oil company by way of crushing the life out of the independent operators who have dared to assert the right of fair competition.

It is not necessary to go into the ethics of this kind of business. If Mr. Rockefeller were to reduce the price of oil to 5 cents a barrel and bankrupt every operator in the Kansas field outside of the Standard, he would find champions and apologists among people who are fascinated by the purity of his private life and his profound piety.

But opposed to all of the dishonest casuistry that is exploited in defense of Rockefellerism is the froce of facts. These Kansans figures speak for themselves. Society cannot get over them or pass around them. And they indicate, in the land of the free, a collossal policy of oppression and injustice that would create an immediate revolution in any country in Europe—including Russia.

Room for the Hoopskirt.

Chicago Tribune: Place aux dames! Room for the hoopskirt! In fact, it might be as well to make it two rooms.

The first hoopskirt that goes down the aisle of an elevated railroad car will revolutionize the architecture of transportation. It may get wedged. It may have to be extricated with crowbars. But it will force wider aisles. The hand that sways the skirt is the same hand that rocks the cradle, and the world is ruled accordingly.

There is another change which will be wrought by the hoopskirt and for which the stronger but less courageous sex will feel humbly grateful. Flats have been getting too small. There hasn't been room in them for children. But there will be for hoopskirts. An expansion of the plans for the apartment buildings to be erected this spring may be here and now predicted.

One Too Many.

Harper's Weekly: Senator Hansbrough of North Dakota has long been the owner of a country newspaper. Of late years other duties have prevented him giving it much attention, and he has depended on divers itinerant journalists.

"I've had some good men in the place, too," the senator observed to a friend; "men capable of holding an important place on a city daily. Then I have had some who did not altogether make good. I remember one in particular, a man named Linkwood. Linkwood was never satisfied with simplicity. He would refer to an 'equine horse,' and in the case of a tramp killed in a railroad accident said that the 'unfortunate man sustained a fracture of the spinal column.' Another of his pet expressions was 'tripping the light bombastic toe.'"

"You probably didn't keep him long," suggested the friend.

"Oh, I didn't mind these so much. But when the daughter of a leading citizen was married and he spoke of the bridal procession 'preceding down the aisle to the entrancing strains of Mendel & Son's wedding march,' I decided that we had reached the parting of the ways."

The Evening Paper Supreme

STATEMENTS FROM ADVERTISERS WHO KNOW FROM EXPERIENCE

No. 23.

THE HOWE & STETSON CO.
NEW HAVEN.

"Consider evening papers better mediums. More people have time to read items to effect."

M. E. LOOMIS, Adv. Mgr.

In Duluth It's The Herald!

Twenty Years Ago.

Taken From the Columns of Duluth Papers of This Date 1885.

***A warm May has seldom been known in Duluth.

***Duluth has a good health department this year in the persons of Messrs. Fletcher and Sherwin, and better work is being done than ever before. We have comparatively a clean city.

***A. De Lacy Wood and family left N. P. Junction last Wednesday for Minneapolis. Mr. Wood will leave his family in that city while he goes further West in search of a location for the establishment of a newspaper.

***James Washington of East Saginaw recently visited Grand Marais for the purpose of selecting a site for a large saw and shingle mill, which will be built.

***Arthur H. Fish died at Port Huron, Mich., on Saturday last, of inflammation of the stomach, aged 39 years. He came to Duluth in 1881, from Port Huron, bringing with him the first of the new series of sawmills, that of Taylor, Fish & Haupt. The firm afterwards dissolved and sold the mill to Little, Peck & Co., and Fish Bros. & Hall built a new mill at Oneota, but this afterwards passed out of their hands. Both mills were burned last fall. Mr. Fish leaves a wife and son, aged 16.

***James C. Hunter is again in the American Exchange bank.

***John McLaren has returned from California. His health is about as it was when he left here, but he is not pleased with the far Western country.

***Miss Mamie Harvey left today for a visit at Chicago. She will return next week. Newman Harvey, who has been South some months, will return with her.

***Tower is to have a daily mail from Duluth after June 1.

***F. B. Mills, formerly the Minneapolis end of Mills & Leavens, will probably open a grain office here shortly.

***A. M. Longstreet has sold his residence on Third avenue west to Dr. McKay, and is building a new residence in the east part of town, near Chester Creek.

FLASHES OF FUN.

Washington Star: "When I was your age," said the practical parent, "I never had anything like as much money to spend as you have."

"Well," answered the nochalant youth, "that shows the fitness of things. You probably wouldn't have known how to spend as much money as I do."

Philadelphia Press: "I don't suppose Miss Passay ever had and beaux when she was a young girl."

"No, she was too dignified and oldfashioned."

"And the men don't like her now, either."

"No; she's too kittenish now."

Cleveland Leader: Fat Gentleman (gasping)—W-what do you m-mean by —making m-m-me run after the car so? I'll p-probably—die of—apoplexy!

Polite Conductor—Yes, sir. Transfer to some other car going past the morgue, sir?

Chicago Tribune: Visiting Relative—Fie, Kitty! You shouldn't lie abed as late as this. Don't you know that "He who would thrive must rise at 5?"

Miss Kitty—O, yes, I know that. Papa always rises at 5, and he thrives so well that there's no need of my thriving.

Philadelphia Ledger: Magistrate—You've been behind the bars several times, haven't you?

Prisoner—Why, yes, I—

Magistrate—I thought so. Your face is very familiar to me.

Prisoner—Yes, sir; as I was-sayin', I'm a bartender.

Somerville Journal: Molly—Dick is painfully homely, isn't he?

Polly—Awful! But I saw him once when he looked quite handsome.

Molly—When was that?

Polly—When he dressed up as Santa Claus, with a white wig and long whiskers, to take the presents off the Christmas tree.

THE ONE SURE SIGN.

When the grass is faintly greening in the
shelter of the fence,
When the daring maple blossoms make
the tree-top's shadow dense,
When the baby dandelions peep above the
chilly mold,
Hiding in their startled bosoms all their
wealth of splintered gold,
Then we rightly may conjecture that the
spring is drawing nigh,
With its snowy clouds a-sailing in a sea
of purple sky.
But the only sign that's certain—you've
observed it, like as not—
Is the bunch that's batting grounders on
the
old
back
lot.

Mickey Peters, Fatty Johnson, Skinney Brown and Nosey Watts,
Limpy Wilson, Buster Thompson and that sassy Rabbit Potts—
This the gang that pools their pennies and their nickels and their dimes,
Kicking, as they note the total, on the hardness of the times.
Then they go an' buy a bat or two and bargain for a ball,
Though they owe the man a little when they've pungled up their all.
But we know that spring's approaching—that it's nearly on the spot,
When we see the bunch bat grounders on the
old
back
lot.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: Love is a disease that you can catch like the measles and get over.

A man learns a lot about not getting rich in the summer resort season.

One of the relaxations of home, after you have worked down town all day, is to try to solve the servant problem with your family.

It's dangerous not to notice a new dress your wife has, because she thinks you are not interested, and it's dangerous to notice it may be a new one you forgot to notice before.

"Snow Brown."

New York Times: "'Snow brown' has meant 'don't give up,' ever since the first year of Sir Henry Irving's management of the Lyceum theater," said an actor in New York.

"Sir Henry was producing a drama that demanded, in one scene, large quantities of snow. White paper, cut fine and packed in a great number of little bags of brown paper, was given to two men perched up aloft and they were told to snow hard and fast from the scene's beginning till the curtain dropped.

"The men obeyed this order too well. They snowed too hard and fast. Before the scene's end they found their white paper running out. So their snowstorm became feebler and feebler and finally it ceased altogether.

"The hero's next speech was:

"'I cannot see your face, dear heart, for these blinding flakes of snow.'

"And no snow, not a drop, was falling.

"Sir Henry rushed like the wind to the two supers.

"'We have no more white paper,' they answered.

"'Then snow brown, you fool! Snow brown!' cried Henry."

Tainted Times.

Tainted money,
Tainted stocks,
Tainted ways of
Getting rocks;
Tainted garments,
Tainted shoes,
Tainted food
And tainted booze.
Tainted morals,
Tainted sports;
Tainted cases
In the courts.
Tainted votes
And tainted tricks
In the world
Of politics.
Tainted novels,
Tainted plays,
Occupy our
Nights and days.
Tainted husbands,
Tainted wives—
Gee, but our are
Tainted lives!
—Louisville Courier-Journal.

The Case of Jim.

Maw's callin' from the milkhouse
Callin' stern:
"Jim, yer lazy good fer nuthin,'
Come an' churn."

Paw's callin' from the cornpatch,
Callin' loud:
"James, yer hulkin', stupid loafer,
Time yer plowed."

Nature's callin' from the trout brook
Callin' whish:
"Son, yer poor tired lazy feller,
Come and fish."

Stranger, if we just swapped places,
Put it clear,
Which of all three a-callin'
Would you hear?
—McLANDBURGH WILSON, in New York Sun.

A Way They Have.

Springfield Republican: The railroad man who criticised the Esch-Townsend bill, before the Elkins committee on the ground that it would result in endless litigtion, and require at least two or three supreme court decisions to determine what it meant, should try to frame a railroad law that wouldn't. And then, too, what law in which conflicting interests are involved does not precipitate litigation and require two or three supreme court decisions? It's a way law (and lawyers) have.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER
TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY,
Mr. MAX FIGMAN in the roaring, screaming, farcical comedy success,
"The Marriage of Kitty."
Prices 25c, 50c, 75c and $1.
MAY 13—"THE BURGOMASTER."

METROPOLITAN
TONIGHT, Tomorrow Night, Wednesday Matinee and Night,
Mr. HARRY CORSON CLARKE and Company in the Funny Farce—
"HIS ABSENT BOY"
Prices 15c, 25c, 35c, 50c. Matinees 10c, 25c
Thursday and Friday Nights and Saturday Matinee and Night—
"LOST 24 HOURS"

Gray-Tallant Co

TOMORROW

When tomorrow's past those who stay at home will hear from their neighbors what bargains they missed.

10c for Arnold's Taffetas Everywhere 15c.

Today is the first time that Arnold's Taffetas have ever sold in Duluth for less than 15c a yard. Ten cents does not cover the usual wholesale price. Every yard should be gone before tomorrow night.

39c for 69c Embroidered Silk Cord.

A bewitching sheer cotton stuff in delicate shades of pink, green, helio, blue and gray—and black. One of the richest of the beautiful cottons—and one of the most extraordinary bargains this season.

59c for Sheer White Stuffs from 65c to $1.25.

Including fresh lawns, sheer and hand-woven batistes and crepe lisse—all 50 inches wide and all from our regular stock of 65c, 75c, 85c, $1.00 and $1.25 stuffs. On sale today and tomorrow only. Graduates should secure materials for gowns at this sale.

WHEN **THE GOPHER**

Does your Shoe Repairing, it's done right—at right prices—and quickly. That's our business.

SHOE REPAIR WORKS

5 FIRST AVENUE WEST. BOTH 'PHONES.

RAILROAD NEWS

Milwaukee Will Educate Patrons on the Rate Question.

Canadian Pacific May Let Track Work to Private Contractor.

The Milwaukee system has inaugurated a campaign of education on the rate question, to supply information to leading farmers and shippers in each community it serves. There is to be no secret about the giving of information, either to private agents or shippers in general. The first of these circulars, sent to agents by Superintendent D. L. Bush, reads as follows:

"Please select the names of the five leading and most influential farmers in your territory, and the five similarly important shippers, and send the ten names (indicating the class to which each belong) to this office. Attend to this immediately.

"It might be well for you to let each of these gentlemen know that you have recommended him to headquarters as a person to whom it will be worth while for the Chicago office to send facts, and information based on facts, in relation to railroad rate regulation.

"We ask your co-operation in doing this effectively, and in interesting yourself in this matter, because of your own interest in the question, as the 1,000,000 employes of the American roads are naturally interested in a question which might affect them, receiving, as they now do, 40 per cent of the gross earnings of the roads."

NEW POLICY.

Canadian Pacific Has One Concerning Trackmen.

St. Paul, May 8.—According to a special to the Pioneer Press from Winnipeg, the Canadian Pacific railroad has under consideration a change of policy regarding maintenance of Western lines which will involve the dismissal of 10,000 trackmen. The company will let the work to private contractors if satisfactory arrangements can be effected.

At present it costs the company about $4,000,000 annually for this work. Negotiations for the change are now being conducted. The company's relations with the trackmen at present are strained and it is understood that the latter have submitted an ultimatum which means more wages or a general strike.

Change In Service.

The towns between Fargo and Jamestown, N. D., are to have the same train service over the Northern Pacific as the line east of Fargo. The local passenger trains, known as Nos. 5 and 6, which run from St. Paul to Fargo, will be extended to Jamestown. With the present service it will give Fargo two morning and two evening trains each way. The extension of the run of the local trains will relieve the coast trains from doing local work and enable them to make better time.

Railroad Personals.

W. L. Hathaway, better known as "Baptist Bill," district passenger agent of the Rock Island road, is in the city from Minneapolis today.

J. M. Ferris, traveling passenger agent of the Rutland line, is here from Montreal today.

Physical Culture.

Prof. Carciofini, formerly of the United States military academy, West Point, and late of Minneapolis, the country's greatest physical culturist, is now at the Spalding hotel, introducing his perfect home course of prescribed exercises for business men.

The only sure method of cure for nervous debility, weak heart, indigestion, constipation, kidney trouble, rheumatism and deformities of all kinds.

Reducing and increasing weight a specialty. I examine you thoroughly and prescribe for you accordingly.

Summer rates reduced from $25 to $15. Personal instructions with each course.

Hours from 12 to 1 p. m. and 5 to 7 p. m.

Coughs and colds, down to the very borderland of consumption, yield to the soothing, healing influences of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup.

POLICE OFFER A REWARD FOR CROWE.

Omaha, May 8.—Chief of Police Donahue has personally offered a reward of $200 for the capture of Pat Crowe, wanted on a charge of highway robbery, in connection with the Cudahy kidnaping. Chief Donahue describes Crowe as 32 years of age, 5 feet 11 inches tall and gives his weight at 190 pounds. According to the description, Crowe has been shot in the left shoulder.

"AS DRY AS A BOHN" SYPHON REFRIGERATOR.

You know how quickly the clothes dry on a windy day, and, of course, you know it's the wind that dries them.

When there is no circulation of air there's bound to be mold and decay, and this is what ruins food stored in many kinds of refrigerators.

The Bohn Syphon System of Refrigeration secures a stronger circulation of pure cold air than any other refrigerator, and this is why Bohn Syphon Refrigerators provide the most favorable condition for the preservation of food.

You can keep a box of matches in a Bohn Syphon Refrigerator for an indefinite time and then strike the matches on the box when you take them out.

Salt and Sugar will not become damp, and a wet cloth will dry ever more quickly than if exposed to the open air, when placed in a Bohn Syphon Refrigerator.

This strong current of air gives the greatest economy in the consumption of ice, because the cold air after leaving the ice chamber has very little opportunity to become warmed before it again strikes the ice.

We are sole Duluth agents and carry a full line of these Refrigerators. ALL GOODS SOLD ON EASY PAYMENTS. TRY THE "BAYHA SYSTEM."

BAYHA & CO.,

Duluth's Greatest Furniture Store. Cor. 2nd Ave. W. & 1st St.

West Duluth

FOR A NEW FUEL

Saw Dust and Coal Tar Used In This Way.

Alger-Smith People Talking of Starting Factory.

Alger-Smith & Co., who have two sawmills in the city, one of which is at West Duluth, is figuring on putting in a new industry in West Duluth before long. This is the manufacture of briquettes for use as fuel. These biquettes will be made of coal tar and sawdust packed as hard as machinery can do the work.

It is claimed for them that they can be manufactured on a paying basis and that they can be used as fuel at a less cost than coal and that their heating capacity will be greater.

The sawdust from the sawmills of the company can thus be utilized and so can that of other sawmill companies. It is believed that the manufacture of briquettes will prove a well paying by-product of the business and that it will be a success in every way.

There is some talk that when such a factory is started it will employ 250 men, but the plans have not as yet been thoroughly formulated.

A. O. H. AT CHURCH.

Large Turn Out of Men and Women.

St. James Catholic church was the scene of an interesting ceremony Sunday morning. Division No. 4, A. O. H., accompanied by Division No. 2, Ladies' Auxiliary of the A. O. H., attended divine service at 8:30 o'clock. It is a requirement of the order that all divisions attend to their Easter duty on or about the Easter period, and it was in compliance with the provisions of the constitution that both branches of the order in this part of the city attended church yesterday morning. Division No. 4 appeared for the first time in its new regalia and presented a very neat appearance.

The attendance was large and representative. The Ladies' Auxiliary was not behind its brothers and gave an excellent turnout. At the church Rev. Father Feehely congratulated the societies for the large attendance of the members and said that they proved the love of their faith and motherland by so doing.

The Irish people, said he, have ever been missionaries in their holy faith. Driven from their home by the hand of persecution, they have sought refuge in all lands and wherever they have settled the old faith has been planted and schools and churches erected, a monument to the faith and fidelity of the Irish people. Father Feehely predicted that a bright day is dawning for Ireland and that it would soon receive a measure of self-government which would give new life to the old land.

Father Feehely requested the members to work together faithfully for the upbuilding of their societies and to continue the good work in which they are engaged. Said he:

"Be true to the principles of your order—friendship, unity and true Christian charity—and you are bound to grow and prosper, and much good work will be accomplished."

Both divisions of the A. O. H. did themselves and the order to which they belond, proud, yesterday, and many complimentary remarks were heard.

ABOUT JOHN KNOX.

Rev. W. J. Lowrie Speaks on Scotland's Reform.

In the Westminster Presbyterian church yesterday morning, Rev. W. J. Lowrie, the pastor, spoke of "John Knox, Scotland's Greatest Reformer," in observance of the 400th anniversary of the birth of the great originator of Presbyterianism. Mr. Lowrie said yesterday that while little is known of John Knox's early life he has left an imprint upon humanity that will never be effaced while time lasts.

John Knox, though born of poor parents, obtained a good education, the best he could, and became a priest in the established church, but at the time of the martyrdom of Mishard joined the reformed church. For eighteen months he was a galley slave, for twelve years he was an exile and his hardships turned a naturally timid man into a person of iron will and immeasurable daring.

Mr. Lowrie told how Knox dared to defy Queen Mary, how he dared to take the reins of power in Scotland in his own hands at a critical period and how on his last appearance as a preacher he denounced in no gentle terms Charles IX of France for the St. Bartholomew massacre.

To Knox, Mr. Lowrie gave credit for the religious liberty and educational advantages and other benefits which Scotland enjoys.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Sons have been born to Mr. and Mrs. John E. Brotherton of 232 North Fifty-third avenue west, and to Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Johnston of 5329 State street.

For furniture, see E. Oettel. Our motto: Honest goods, honest prices, and cheaper than any installment house in the city.

Mrs. Call Bailey is entertaining her mother, Mrs. Ehmilhani of St. Paul. Mrs. Bailey will return to St. Paul with her mother this week.

J. B. Chaurette of 5901 State street, and George Highmark of Sixty-third avenue west, are recovering from typhoid fever.

Two houses on easy terms. J. J. Frey.

At the meeting of the West Duluth Republican club, last Saturday evening, it was decided to hereafter hold meetings every Saturday night, instead of holding just once every four weeks.

On Saturday afternoon the Irving school team defeated the Fairmonts in a game of baseball by a score 24 to 14.

Next Saturday nightt he wedding of Miss Anna Melting of 4901 West Fourth street, to Charles Wick of 5711 Grand avenue, will take place at the German Evangelical Lutheran church, and Rev. Herman C. Hinz will officiate.

For sale, gasoline launch, 17-footer. J. H. Schuler.

A. G. Anderson has purchased, through J. J. Frey, a house at Fifty-seventh avenue and Cody street, for $1,000. After having improvements made, Mr. Anderson will move in June.

Reduced prices on drugs and sundries until June 1st—Olander's.

Mr. and Mrs. Julius Peterson of Nye, Wis., who have been visiting with their daughter, Mrs. C. T. Johnson of Fifty-sixth avenue west, have returned home.

Most complete line of ladies' and children's oxfords and slippers at Lauermann's.

Ted Goneau left this morning for Scanlon. He will be filer in the Brooks-Scanlon mill there.

John Holmes, who has been spending the winter in Grand Rapids, Minn., spent Sunday with his family at Fifty-second avenue west and Ramsey street.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Sweet spent Sunday in St. Paul.

B. F. Dodson of St. Paul was in West Duluth this morning and then went to Solway on business.

Crescent Bicycles

Will carry the largest and heaviest people that grow. They are built to stand up, and we are reducing our stock by selling them below factory cost. Just think of buying chainless bicycles at the price of ordinary chain bicycles.

$60.00 chainless (ladies' only) at **$35.00.**

$50.00 cushion frame (ladies' and gents') at **$25.00.**

$35.00 Crescents (1902 models) at **$15.00.**

If you want a bicycle see us, and you will save money.

F. H. WADE

Hardware, Bicycles and Sporting Goods.

329-331 CENTRAL AVENUE.

REPRESENTATIVE

WEST DULUTH FIRMS

Come Right In

To my place and let us talk about Wall Paper, Paint, Varnishes, Paperhanging and House Painting—A large stock to choose from.

J. C. JOHNSON,

225 North Fifty-fifth Avenue.

If the best is none too good for you, use

MURRAY BROS.' NON-EXCELLED ICE CREAM

Try It.

THREE HUNDRED

Indicted on Charge of Being Whitecappers.

Jackson, Miss., May 8.—The 300 Franklin county alleged whitecappers indicted by the Federal grand jury on a charge of conspiracy to intimidate government homesteaders, are now being searched out and warrants served upon them by a posse of deputies. They are to appear for trial before Judge Niles in Jackson next Wednesday morning.

The list contains fully 300 names, among them being some of the most prominent citizens of the county. Dr. A. M. Newman, sheriff and tax collector of the county, is charged with being among them. Also Dr. Decatur P. Butler, member of the lower house of the legislature and a former county treasurer, and Thomas H. Montgomery, representative from Franklin and Lincoln counties.

District Attorney Lee will be assisted in the prosecution by R. H. Miller, probably the most noted criminal lawyer in Mississippi, and H. T. Bradley, of Brookhaven, whose vigorous prosecution of the Lincoln county white cappers last November caused fifteen of the number indicted to be sent to the penitentiary.

GERMAN PRESS

Is Annoyed By Ambassador McCormick's Speech.

London, May 8.—Undoubtedly the most impressive international incident of the past week has been the speech of Mr. McCormick, when presenting his credentials to President Loubet.

As the Vienna Fremdenblatt remarks, Europe gets a new glimpse of America's foreign policy every time an American diplomat opens his mouth."

German papers refer to the speech with unmistakable annoyance. They do not take kindly to such an emphatic new departure as Mr. McCormick made in mentioning Britain at a function, when by all the canons of the old diplomacy, he should have restricted himself to France and the United States.

FOREST FIRES IN NEW ENGLAND.

Plymouth, Mass., May 8.—A forest fire has been burning in the towns of Plymouth, Kingston and Plymton since last Saturday and has caused the loss of many thousands of dollars by the destruction of valuable standing timber. The flames today were being carried in the direction of this place. Hundreds of men were engaged in fighting the fire.

To lose is often merely not to find—as a business chance or bargain missed, and thus lost, through failure to read the ads.

REMOVAL SALE

THE GREATEST SALE OF ITS KIND EVER HELD AT THE HEAD-OF-THE-LAKES.

New, Used and Second-hand Pianos, Piano Players and Organs at 15 per cent, 25 per cent, 33 1-3 per cent and 50 per cent OFF REGULAR PRICE. May 25th we will be in our new store—222-224 WEST FIRST STREET.

Our Removal Sale Means

For Us—"Money Saving." For You—"Money Saving." This sale is on every day until we move.

As everyone knows, we carry the largest stock of pianos, piano players and organs in the Northwest. The quality and grade of our instruments are unsurpassed. The factories that we represent are absolutely the best in the world.

We are going to offer you your choice of this unexcelled line of instruments at prices never before quoted, at discounts that bring the prices down, in many cases, to wholesale, and in a few instances, less than wholesale.

If you are thinking of buying a musical instrument this is the sale you have been waiting for.

We would like to close out our entire stock before moving, and if sacrifice prices will do it we shall certainly be successful.

Just a Few of the Good Things We Have to Offer:

One mahogany case large size piano; used for concert work; former price $325—now. **$190**

One golden oak; A 1 condition; regular selling price $330; will go at **$210**

One mahogany case piano, slightly used; good condition—regular $275; now..... **$150**

One beautiful walnut; standard make, fine condition; former price $450—now..... **$198**

One mahogany case, medium size; second hand; in A 1 condition; was sold for $385—this sale for **$170**

One beautiful oak case, medium size, new; marred slightly in transit; regular $285—this sale for **$180**

One absolutely new Pianola, mahogany case; latest improvements—this sale for..... **$195**

One Pianola, mahogany case—second hand; will go at..... **$75**

One slightly used Emerson; mahogany case, fully warranted; is worth $375; will go in this sale at **$265**

This is a snap; don't lose it.

One Pianola, mahogany case—new, slightly marred; with $15 worth of music **$185**

One large organ with French mirror; was sold for $125—now.... **$28**

75 organs in our present stock which we will close out at prices from $5 up. **Every one guaranteed.**

Duluth Music Co

CORNER LAKE AVENUE AND SUPERIOR STREET.

J. T. STEWART, Manager.

RESIGNS JOB

New Policeman Lasts Just Three Days on the Force.

Monotony of Late Watch Proves Too Much For Him.

It took Hector Rambo just three days to find out that a policeman's life is not a happy one.

Rambo was appointed to a position on the force last Wednesday and assigned to the beat covering Michigan and Superior street between Eighth and Eleventh avenues west. He had what is known as the "late watch" between 11 o'clock at night and 8 o'clock in the morning.

The watch is not a pleasant one. Even the oldtimers on the force are willing to admit that they are ready to leave the beat when 8 o'clock comes. At that time of the night there is very little to see or hear and the hours drag along very slowly.

The new man stood it just three nights. He had heard, like the other applicants for positions on the force, that policemen have a lazy time of it, with little or no work to do, and spend the time taking life easy. But eight hours on the late watch was taking it a little too quietly. The first night was not so trying, as there was a novelty about walking the beat in a new uniform, with a club at one's side and a pistol in the hip pocket. The second night, the novelty had worn off, and it began to grow monotonous. But the third night was more than the new man could stand. He saw night after night stretching before him before he could hope to be transferred to a day watch. That morning when the day man relieved him from duty he walked into headquarters and turned in his uniform, badge, revolver and cap to the lieutenant.

"I've had enough," he said. "No more of a policeman's job for me. I've worked at this job now seventeen or eighteen years, I don't know which it is, and that's long enough for any man to stay at one job."

Rambo was formerly operator on the ferry bridge. He resigned that position to go on the force, and his place is now filled, so he is out of both positions, but he said he would rather go and look for another job than stay any longer on the force and tramp the late beat.

Henry Mason, who headed the eligible list, has been appointed to fill the vacancy caused by Rambo's resignation.

BACK-ACHE

and all other symptoms of kidney disease are speedily removed when the kidneys are made healthy, active and vigorous by the use of

Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills

the world's greatest kidney and liver regulator, and the only medicine having a combined action on kidneys and liver. One pill a dose; 25 cents a box. Write for free sample to The Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Sault Man Hangs Himself By Kicking Box From Under Feet.

Sault Ste. Marie—Alexander Jeston committed suicide while despondent by hanging himself in a woodshed. He used a clothes line and is supposed to have fixed the rope about his neck while standing on a box, then kicking the box from under his feet and dropping to his death. He was 50 and had no family. He left no word. He had been drinking much of late. His father lives in Port Elgin, Ont.

Pasquale Mascitelli, J. Cassidy and Paris brothers were arraigned before Judge Couch at the Soo on charges of keeping their saloons open April 16 in violation of the closing law. The complainants were B. B. Winters and I. W. Harroun. Mascitelli was fined $10, it being alleged that he threw Harroun out of his saloon when the latter went in to see what was going on. The others were fined $5.

Game Warden Charles H. Chapman has discovered that fishermen along the St. Mary's river have been using nets, in direct violation of the law. Several men apprehended at West Neebish have been arested for fishing this way, but the court has not announced its decision in the cases. Mr. Chapman has issued a warning to the people along the river, in which the provisions of the law are set forth. The only place a net can be used is in rapids and perch under four inches cannot be taken. It is also unlawful to catch bass until after May 20 and then only with a hook and line.

Escanaba—James Curran, constable of Maple Ridge township, Delta county, was sentenced to thirty days in county jail by an Escanaba justice, he failing to pay the $25 fine and costs of court. The charge was one of assault on the person of John Britz of Lathrop. Constable Curran offered no defense.

Masonville—The exact cause of the death of Lawrence Denny, who died suddenly at the home of his parents at Masonville on March 21 within two hours after drinking from a bottle of whisky that was at first supposed to have contained poison will never be known. The coronor's jury which was sworn by Coroner F. J. Sheedlo several weeks ago, after a searching investigation, has submitted a verdict that the cause of death is unknown to them. The case has now been formally closed and it is not probable that the investigation will be continued. Although it was at first thought the young man had died as the result of poisoning the analysis of the contents of the stomach, which was made at the state university, failed to show the presence of poison of any kind, and the physicians who performed the post mortem examination were unable to decide upon the cause of death.

DR. McLEAN'S LIVER and KIDNEY BALM

CURES

LIVER and KIDNEY ILLS.

Your Druggist sells this famous remedy.

DROP US A POSTAL AND WE WILL MAIL YOU

FREE

OUR BOOK

SOUND SENSE FOR THE SICK AND THE WELL

THE DR. J. H. McLEAN MEDICINE CO.

ST. LOUIS, MO.

NATURE'S ESSENCE.

Extracted From Forest Plants.

Go straight back to Nature for your health. There is your *strength*. Consider your body as an engine which supplies you with all activity, mind and body. Keep the machinery well oiled and it runs smoothly. It does not grind nor groan in the doing of its work. But let the stomach, which is the safety valve to the human engine get out of kilter and we soon meet with disaster. The product of undigested and decomposing food is poison to the system. We do not live on what we eat but on what we digest, assimilate, and take up in the blood. The blood in turn feeds the nerves, the heart, and all goes well with us if the human filter within us does not get clogged up, if poisons do not accumulate in the body from over-eating indigestible food, over-drinking, heating, alcoholic beverages or hurriedly doing both. The *smash-up* occurs when the blood is poisoned by the stomach and liver being unable to take care of the *overload*? The red flag of danger is thrown out in the shape of eruptions on the skin, or nervousness and sleeplessness, which become constant because the nerves are starved and the person feels blue, despondent and irritable. Nature's laws are perfect if we obey them, but disease follows disobedience. Go straight to nature for the cure, to the forest; there are mysteries there that we can fathom for you. Take the bark of the wild-cherry tree, the root of mandrake, stone root, stillingia, bloodroot and golden seal, make a scientific, non-alcoholic extract of them with just the right proportions and you have *Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.*

It took Dr. Pierce, with the assistance of two learned chemists, eight years of hard work experimenting to make this vegetable extract and alterative of the greatest efficiency.

Just the sort of spring remedy you need to make rich, red blood, and cure that lassitude and feeling of nerve exhaustion. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery bears the stamp of *public approval* and has sold more largely in the past forty years than any other blood purifier and stomach tonic. The refreshing influence of this extract is like Nature's influence—the blood is bathed in the tonic which gives life to the blood—the vital fires of the body burn brighter and their increased activity consumes the tissue rubbish which has accumulated during the winter. Dr. R. V. Pierce, the founder of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, and a physician of large experience and practice, was the first to make up an *alterative extract* of roots, herbs and barks, without a particle of alcohol or narcotics, which purifies the blood and tones up the stomach and the entire system in Nature's own way. The "Golden Medical Discovery" is just the tissue builder and tonic you require when recovering from a hard cold, grip, or pneumonia. No matter how strong the constitution our stomach is apt to be "out of kilter" after a long, hard winter; in consequence our blood is disordered for the stomach is the laboratory for the constant manufacture of blood. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery strengthens the stomach—puts it in shape to make pure, rich blood—helps the liver and kidneys to expel the poisons from the body. If you take this natural blood purifier and tonic you will assist your system in manufacturing each day a pint of rich, arterial blood, that is stimulating to the brain and nerves. The weak, nervous, run-down, debilitated condition which so many people experience at this time of the year is usually the effect of poisons in the blood; it is often indicated by pimples or boils appearing on the skin, the face becomes thin and feeling "blue." Dr. Pierce's "Discovery" *cures* all blood humors as well as being a tonic that makes one vigorous, strong and forceful.

HIRSCH SAYS OBEY THE LAW

Noted Chicago Rabbi Denounces the Rule of Mobs.

Chicago, May 8.—Frederich Schiller, exponent of German thought, preacher of the personality of man, poet of universal liberty, and hater of lawlessness and license, was eulogized by Dr. Emil G. Hirsch at the Temple Israel.

The doctrines of the German poet were brought down to the present day and applied to the teamsters' strike in Chicago by the speaker. Thinly veiled charges were made of incompetency, mismanagement, cowardice and self-interest on the part of the city administration in its attitude toward the rioters.

"Schiller says it is dangerous for the spirit of liberty when the mob rules," said Dr. Hirsch. "It were well if the whole city tonight might read his 'Song of the Bell.' 'Concordia,' he says 'should be the name of the bell of liberty,' and concord should be the name of the bell that should hang in the city hall where citizens, for selfish reasons, forget their responsibility and permit the mob to rule.

"Man is under the law and the law must be obeyed. Schiller teaches us that history is the high tribunal which says the law must be obeyed. Rome could not stand against the law. No nation can stand against it, and woe to that city which, for selfish reasons, heeds not the word of God.

"Schiller stood for law above all things. He did not yield to the influence of fear of party. He did not need to be renominated. And so, although he has been dead a hundred years, although he lived before the day of telephones and the telegraph, he had a message which may apply to our day as well as to his own."

German-Americans in Chicago will open at the Auditorium tonight a four days commemoration of the one-hundredth anniversary of the death of Schiller.

ARMY HAS A SCANDAL.

Much Ado Over a Soldier's Colored Wife.

Washington, May 8.—The war department officials are wrestling with a question growing out of the case of a soldier who recently married a colored woman in New York. The case caused a great stir in army circles. The laws and regulations, taken into consideration with the laws of New York state, a condition will result in the soldier being discharged from the service "without honor." There is a distinction between "without honor" and "dishonorable discharge," the latter being possible only as a result of court-martial sentence. A discharge "without honor," however, prohibits the man so discharged from inlisting again.

The question is now before Gen. F. D. Grant, commanding the military department in which the soldier is stationed, and, like all race problems, must be handled gingerly. In New York it is not an offense for a white man to marry a colored woman, and, of course, army regulations are silent on such a union. At the same time, it is against the army regulations for a soldier to marry without permission, this restriction being adopted to the end that the army may not be hampered by the wife and family of a soldier. On the other hand, it would not do to discharge the soldier because he married either with or without permission. That might lead, the military authorities say, to marital incumbrance in order to evade military duties.

This could not be permitted for a moment, of course, and in the case of the soldier at the New York post who married a negress it is not proposed to discharge him for that alliance alone, and such riddance will only be accomplished when it shall appear to the satisfaction of the commanding officer that his marriage constitutes a scandal and acts as a reflection on the uniform. This might easily be the case if the soldier appeared in public in his service garb and accompanied by his colored wife. That would be a reflection on the uniform which could not be tolerated.

In the same manner, if he brought his wife to the post, this would lead to criticism and discontent among his associates, and if, on report of the post commander, it appeared that the marriage attracted attention, there would be nothing left for the military authorities to do but to discharge the man "without honor."

SAVED BY DYNAMITE.

Sometimes, a flaming city is saved by dynamiting a space that the fire can't cross. Sometimes, a cough hangs on so long, you feel as if nothing but dynamite would cure it. Z. T. Gray, of Calhoun, Ga., writes: "My wife had a very aggravated cough, which kept her awake nights. Two physicians could not help her; so she took Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. Coughs and Colds, which eased her cough, gave her sleep, and finally cured her." Strictly scientific cure for bronchitis and La Grippe. At all druggists, price 50c and $1.00; guaranteed. Trial bottle free.

STUDENTS' BIG SHOW.

Great Doings at the University of Michigan.

Ann Arbor, Mich., May 8.—A circus, with 600 student actors, is showing at the University of Michigan to raise money for a $200,000 student club house.

The parade, a mile long, started from the campus. Of the 600 students, 100 were dressed as girls. Carrie Nation, impersonated by "Octopus" Graham of Chicago, who weighs 250 pounds, straddled a huge sprinkling cart, "water wagon," and carried a fifty-pound ax. The engineering students converted a thrashing machine into a whistle-rigged steam calliope.

Elephants and camels, whose front and hind legs kept military step, and mensters which the professors assert are extinct, were in the parade. There were snapping turtles dressed in furs. Automobiles were pushed from behind by horses wearing trousers and silk hats.

The parade and the night shows, which occupy the two gymnasiums, are given by the fraternities and sororities. The actors stand the entire expense of their production and pay their own way into the performance. Every cent of profit goes toward the club house. A silver cup, presented to the fraternity turning in the most money, is the only remuneration offered.

At the night performance the sorority girls sell 5-cent newspapers.

The Rocky mountain students made the campus shake with their gun play. A prize ring battle between the university's famous thin mile runner, "Spider" Coe, and "Octopus" Graham is one of the attractions.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Your doctor will tell you why he prescribes it for thin blood, weak nerves. He will explain why it gives strength, courage, endurance. Sold for 60 years. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

SPORTING NEWS

White Sox Win Close Game From Lake Linden.

Team Is Meeting With Good Success In Copper Country.

Marquette, Mich., May 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Duluth White Sox got away with yesterday's game by a very narrow margin. The Lake Linden team took the lead early in the game, and O'Dea's men had a hard, uphill fight against odds, but they finally pulled the game out of the fire by knocking out two runs in the eighth inning.

Potts pitched a steady game for the Duluth team, and he was a puzzle after the first three innings. Werner and Watts were also in fine form for Lake Linden, and had they been given better support, would have won the game. The final score was 5 to 3 in favor of Duluth.

A second game will be played this afternoon.

GOOD SHOWING.

White Sox Are Defeating Higher Salaried Teams.

Three straight games against teams with a salary limit of $350 more than the Duluth team is allowed is a pretty good record for Van Praagh's pennant aspirants.

The teams in the Copper Country league are allowed a salary limit of $1,200 a month, as compared with the Northern league limit of $850. The two teams which Duluth has met and defeated are paying their players at least $400 a month more than the Duluth club is paying out, and they are supposed to be faster teams, but the White Sox have a clean record of victories up to date.

The Duluth team will remain in the copper country all this week. Lake Linden will be met again today, Hancock Tuesday and Wednesday, and Calumet again on Thursday, Friday and Saturday. The players will then come home for a game with Calumet here next Sunday, and will then go to Hibbing for two games with Judge Brady's team on Monday and Tuesday, returning to the city Wednesday morning, and leaving at once for St. Cloud, where the league season will be opened the following afternoon.

WITH THE AMATEURS.

Foxy Granpas and Texas Rangers Are Winners.

The Foxy Granpas were again victorious Saturday, defeating the North Stars in a ten-inning game. The features were the second base playing of F. Mainella and Andre's one hand, running catch.

Foxy Granpas—		North Stars—
Mulbar	1b	P. Erichson
Wagner	3b	Johnson
Owens	1f	Lief
Stevens	c	L. Erickson
Hollar	r	Bothers
Andre	o	King
N. Campbell	p	Andrews
F. Mainella	2b	Meniece
McGinny	s	Murray

	R.	H.	E.
Foxy Granpas	1	0	3
North Stars	1	0	2

											R.	H.	E.
Foxy Granpas	1	0	3	1	2	0	0	2	0	0—10	17	2	
North Stars	1	1	0	3	0	2	2	0	0	0— 9	10	5	

The Texas Rangers defeated the Goosetown team by a score of 10 to 4. The game was an interesting one all the way through. The pitching of Mainella was good. Score by innings:

											R.	H.	E.
Rangers	0	2	1	0	3	0	1	2	1	—10	17	1	
Goosetowns	0	0	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	— 4	12	4	

BASEBALL.

National League.

STANDING.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
New York	17	13	4	.765
Pittsburg	18	11	7	.611
Chicago	20	12	8	.600
Philadelphia	16	8	8	.500
Cincinnati	19	9	9	.500
Brooklyn	21	9	12	.429
Boston	18	6	12	.333
St. Louis	18	5	13	.278

BROOKLYN, 4; PHILADELPHIA, 2.

Brooklyn, May 8.—Brooklyn defeated Philadelphia yesterday in the third Sunday baseball game of the season at Washington park. A batting rally by the local men in the seventh won out. Attendance, 10,000. Score:

										R.	H.	E.
Brooklyn	1	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	—4	10	1	
Philadelphia	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	—2	3	2	

Batteries—Scanlon and Ritter; Duggleby and Dooin. Umpires—Johnstone and O'Day.

PITTSBURG, 4; CINCINNATI, 3.

Cincinnati, May 8.—Ewing's spit ball failed to obey instructions yesterday and the Pittsburgs won out in the tenth. Attendance, 14,328. Score:

										R.	H.	E.
Cincinnati	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	—3	10	3
Pittsburg	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	—4	6	2

Batteries—Ewing and Schlei; Robertaille and Peitz. Umpires—Bauswine and Emslie.

CHICAGO, 3; ST. LOUIS, 0.

Chicago, May 8.—Chicago made it four straight from St. Louis yesterday, closing the series with a shutout. Attendance, 14,000. Score:

										R.	H.	E.
Chicago	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	x—3	3	1	
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0	5	2	

Batteries—Briggs and O'Neill; Taylor and Grady. Umpire—Klem.

SATURDAY'S GAMES.

Cincinnati, 2; Pittsburg, 2.
Chicago, 5; St. Louis, 3.
Boston, 2; New York, 1.
Philadelphia, 11; Brooklyn, 0.

American League.

STANDING.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Cleveland	16	10	6	.625
Washington	19	11	8	.579
Philadelphia	17	9	8	.529
St. Louis	19	9	10	.474
New York	17	8	9	.471
Chicago	17	8	9	.471
Detroit	19	8	10	.444
Boston	19	8	11	.421

ST. LOUIS, 2; DETROIT, 1.

St. Louis, May 8.—St. Louis won yesterday afternoon's game from Detroit, 2 to 1, and made a clean sweep of the series. Attendance, 11,200. Score:

										R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	x—2	7	1	
Detroit	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0—1	7	1	

Batteries—Sudhoff and Weaver; Mullin and Drill. Umpire—Sheridan.

CLEVELAND, 2; CHICAGO, 0.

Chicago, May 8.—Cleveland defeated Chicago yesterday 2 to 0. Chicago was unable to hit Rhoades. Attendance, 18,750. Score:

										R.	H.	E.
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—	0	2	2
Cleveland	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1—	2	7	1

Batteries — Owen and McFarland; Rhoades and Bemis. Umpires—Kelly and McCarthy.

SATURDAY'S GAMES.

St. Louis, 9; Detroit, 4.
Boston, 8; New York, 2.
Philadelphia, 2; Washington, 1.

American Association.

STANDING.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Columbus	16	12	4	.706
Milwaukee	14	8	6	.571
Minneapolis	15	8	7	.533
Louisville	16	8	8	.500
St. Paul	15	7	8	.467
Kansas City	15	7	8	.467
Indianapolis	13	5	8	.385
Toledo	15	5	10	.333

MINNEAPOLIS, 14; KANSAS CITY, 3.

Minneapolis, May 8.—Minneapolis held a batting bee in the eighth inning yesterday and secured seven hits off Isbell. Kansas City then went to pieces. Attendance, 6,000. Score:

										R.	H.	E.
Minneapolis	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	9	x—14	18	1	
Kansas City	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0— 3	8	3	

Batteries—Villeman and Marshall; Isbell and Butler. Umpire—King.

TOLEDO, 6; COLUMBUS, 2.

Columbus, May 8.—Errors by the locals gave Toledo an easy victory over Columbus yesterday. Hulswitt's fielding was a feature. Attendance, 10,004. Score:

										R.	H.	E.
Columbus	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0—2	7	3	
Toledo	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	3—6	6	2	

Batteries—Dorner and Ryan; Childs, Camnitz and Clark. Umpire—Kane.

LOUISVILLE, 4; INDIANAPOLIS, 3.

Louisville, May 8.—Louisville defeated Indianapolis yesterday in a well played dianapolis yesterday in a well played game. Montgomery, in sliding to second in the first inning broke his ankle and will be out of the game for some time. Attendance, 3,700. Score:

										R.	H.	E.
Louisville	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	x	—4	12	1	
Indianapolis	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	—3	6	4	

Batteries—Kenna and Schriver; McGill and Roth. Umpire—Hart.

ST. PAUL, 3; MILWAUKEE, 1.

St. Paul, May 8.—Dougherty's error and a wild pitch in the first inning lost the game for Milwaukee. Both pitchers were in fine form. Attendance, 4,254. Score:

										R.	H.	E.
St. Paul	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	x—3	5	0	
Milwaukee	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0—1	4	2	

Batteries—Slagle and Noonan; Dougherty and Beville. Umpire—Haskell.

SATURDAY'S GAMES.

Columbus, 1; Toledo, 0.
St. Paul, 12; Milwaukee, 5.
Minneapolis, 10; Kansas City, 2.
Indianapolis, 3; Louisville, 3.

GOOD SCORES ON RANGES

Members of Two Militia Companies Make Good Records.

Rain prevented the completion of the rifle practice by companies A and C yesterday afternoon, but those who shot made good scores.

The target had an 8-inch bulls-eye, counting five points, an inner circle 26 inches in diameter counting four points, and a third 46 inches in diameter, counting three points. The shots striking the target outside the circles counted two points. Ten shots were fired by each man at a distance of 200 and 300 yards. The scores were as follows:

COMPANY A.

	200 yds.	300 yds.
Nelson	29	24
Lee, B.	31	28
Marlow	34	38
Messinger	34	32
Whitaker	36	35
Aronson, F.	29	28
Hunt	32	Rain
Bentson	36	Rain
Franklin	29	Rain

COMPANY C.

	200 yds.	300 yds.
Smith, F. E.	35	31
Swan, G. H.	32	13
Kehtel	40	36
Lee	26	Rain
Carpenter	26	31
Grinden	40	17
Clark	29	39
Hanson, E.	19	17
Schultz	38	Rain
Larson	20	11
Sorenson	40	Rain
Eyning	35	Rain
Sergt. Hanson	34	Rain
Running	33	Rain
Hovland	21	21
Peterson	15	6
Resche	43	37
Lahti	Rain	10

Two million Americans suffer the torturing pangs of dyspepsia. No need to. Burdock Blood Bitters cures. At any drug store.

DOGS LEFT TO STARVE

Local Sportsmen Find Valuable Canines In Pitiable Condition.

Sportsmen in the city are "seeing red" over the action of E. D. Seymour, the man who conducted a kennel for the care and training of hunting dogs at the grounds of the Duluth Central Gun club.

Seymour is said to have left the city early last week. It is claimed that he left the dogs in charge of a man living in the vicinity of the club grounds, but if this is the case, the man neglected his duties, as the dogs have not been fed or watered since his departure.

The condition of affairs was discovered Saturday by F. B. Berry, who went out to inspect a puppy which he had left there to be trained. He was horrified to find the dogs half starved, and in a most pitiable condition for want of water and attention.

Mr. Berry attended to their needs as far as possible, but his own dog was in such bad condition he felt compelled to shoot it, to put it out of its suffering.

The owners of the other dogs were notified as soon as they could be found. Maj. Charles L. Potter had a very valuable setter puppy in the kennels. It was in a little better shape than the other dogs, and after being fed, watered and transferred to new and cleaner surroundings, it showed no bad effects.

Several of the dogs have died from hunger or disease, and several others have been shot by their owners.

Seymour has not yet returned to the city, and it is not known whether he intends to do so or not.

SHOOT FOUR EVENTS.

Good Sport at the Highland Gun Club.

Four events of twenty-five birds each were pulled off at the Highland Gun club grounds yesterday. Good scores were made in all events. The records were as follows:

Event 1—Nelson, 21; Hoople, 19; Storey, 19; Russell, 18; Lock, 17; Abel, 17; Beyer, 16; Adams, 16; Hoar, 16; Erickson, 14; Webb, 13; Bernie, 13; Feetham, 12; O'Donnell, 12; Fred, 12; Max, 11; Agatin, 11; Porter, 10; Mrs. Abel, 10; Mac, 10; Lee, 10; Hoyer, 10, and Whitmore, 10.

Event 2—Storey, 23; Max, 21; Hoople, 20; Russell, 18; Adams, 17; Nelson, 16; Whitmore, 16; Agatin, 15; Lock, 14; Mac, 14; Feetham, 13; Erickson, 13; Beyer, 13; Bernie, 12; Porter, 8, and Leo, 8.

Event 3—Storey, 22; Lock, 20; Porter, 19; Max, 18; Russell, 17; Adams, 14; Bernie, 9; Pennell, 9; Miss Smith, 8; Hogan, 8, and Miss Goodman, 4.

Event 4—Storey, 22; Adams, 19; Russell, 17, and Max, 17.

SCHEDULE OUT

Committee Issues List of Games For Baseball Season.

Duluth Well Treated In Matter of Holiday Dates.

After many delays the Northern league schedule has at last been issued.

Duluth opens the season in St. Cloud on May 18, jumping from there to Winnipeg, then to Crookston, and then to Fargo. From Fargo the team comes home, opening here on June 1 and playing Winnipeg, Grand Forks, Crookston and the combination in succession. The team then goes to St. Cloud and Brainerd for three games, and returning plays Fargo a series of three.

On June 20 the players take another swing around the circuit and return home in time for a game on July 4 with Crookston, remaining at home until July 16. Another trip is then taken and the team once more comes on Aug. 3, playing until Aug. 12, inclusive. The last trip is then taken, the team returning on Aug. 21, to remain at home until the close of the season, on Sept. 4.

The following is a copy of the complete schedule:

WINNIPEG AT HOME.
Grand Forks—May 18, 19, 20.
Duluth—May 22, 23, 24, 24.
St. Cloud-Brainerd—May 25, 26, 27.
Fargo—June 8, 9, 10, 10.
Grand Forks—June 17, 19, 20, 21.
Crookston—June 23, 23, 24.
Duluth—June 26, 27, 28.
Fargo—June 29, 30, July 1, 1.
Crokston—July 20, 21, 22.
St. Cloud-Brainerd—July 24, 25, 25, 26.
Duluth—July 27, 28, 29.
Grand Forks—Aug. 1, 2.
Crookston—Aug. 3, 4, 5.
Fargo—Aug. 17, 18, 19.
St. Cloud-Brainerd—Aug. 24, 25, 26, 26.
Grand Forks—Aug. 28, 29, 30, 31.
Crookston—Sept. 2, 4, 4.

GRAND FORKS AT HOME.
Fargo—May 22, 23, 24.
Crookston—May 29, 30, 30, 31.
Fargo—June 12, 13, 14.
Winnipeg—June 15, 16.
St. Cloud-Brainerd—June 22, 23, 24, 24.
Crookston—June 26, 27, 28.
Duluth—June 29, 30, July 1, 1.
Winnipeg—July 3, 4, 4.
Crokston—July 17, 18, 19.
St. Cloud-Brainerd—July 20, 21, 22.
Duluth—July 24, 25, 26.
St. Cloud-Brainerd—Aug. 10, 11, 12, 12.
Duluth—Aug. 17, 18, 19.
Winnipeg—Aug. 21, 22, 23.
Fargo—Aug. 24, 25, 26.
Fargo—Sept. 1.

CROOKSTON AT HOME.
St. Cloud-Brainerd—May 22, 23, 24.
Duluth—May 26, 27, 28.
Grand Forks—June 1, 2, 3, 3.
Winnipeg—June 12, 13, 14.
Fargo—June 15, 16, 17.
St. Cloud-Brainerd—June 19, 20, 21.
Grand Forks—July 6, 7, 8, 8.
Winnipeg—July 13, 14, 15.
Fargo—July 24, 25, 26.
St. Cloud-Brainerd—July 27, 28, 29.
Duluth—July 31, Aug. 1, 1, 2.
Winnipeg—Aug. 7, 8, 9.
Grand Forks—Aug. 14, 15, 16.
Fargo—Aug. 21, 22, 23, 23.

ST. CLOUD-BRAINERD AT HOME.
Duluth—May 18, 19 at St. Cloud.
Duluth—May 20, 21 at Brainerd.
Winnipeg—May 29, 30 a. m. at Brainerd.
Winnipeg—May 30 p. m., 31 at St. Cloud.
Fargo—June 1, 2 at Brainerd.
Fargo—June 3, 4 at St. Cloud.
Crookston—June 5, at St. Cloud.
Crookston—June 6, at Brainerd.
Grand Forks—June 8, 9 at St. Cloud.
Grand Forks—June 10, 11 at Brainerd.
Duluth—June 15, 16 at Brainerd.
Duluth—June 17, at St. Cloud.
Crookston—June 29, 30 at Brainerd.
Crookston—July 1, 2 at St. Cloud.
Fargo—July 3, 4, a. m., at Brainerd.
Fargo—July 4, p. m., 5 at St. Cloud.
Winnipeg—July 6, 7, 7 at Brainerd.
Winnipeg—July 8, 8 at St. Cloud.
Grand Forks—July 10 at Brainerd.
Grand Forks—July 11, 12 at St. Cloud.
Duluth—July 17, at Brainerd.
Duluth—July 19, at St. Cloud.
Fargo—July 31, at Brainerd.
Fargo—Aug. 2, at St. Cloud.
Grand Forks—Aug. 3, at Brainerd.
Grand Forks—Aug. 4, 5, at St. Cloud.
Fargo—Aug. 6, at Brainerd.
Duluth—Aug. 15, at Brainerd.
Crookston—Aug. 18, at St. Cloud.
Crookston—Aug. 19, 20, at Brainerd.
Crookston—Aug. 29, at St. Cloud.
Crookston—Aug. 31, at Brainerd.
Duluth—Sept. 1, at Brainerd.
Duluth—Sept. 2, at St. Cloud.

FARGO AT HOME.
Crookston—May 18, 19, 20.
Grand Forks—May 25, 26, 27, 28.
Duluth—May 29, 30, 30.
Winnipeg—June 5, 6, 7.
Duluth—June 22, 24, 25.
St. Cloud-Brainerd—June 26,27, 28.
Crookston—July 10, 11, 12, 12.
St. Cloud-Brainerd—July 13, 14, 15, 16.
Winnipeg—July 17, 18, 18, 19.
Duluth—July 20, 22, 23.
Grand Forks—July 27, 28, 29, 30.
St. Cloud-Brainerd—Aug. 7, 8, 9.
Crookston—Aug. 10, 11, 12, 13.
Winnipeg—Aug. 14, 15, 16.
Grand Forks—Sept. 3, 4, 4.

DULUTH AT HOME.
Winnipeg—June 1, 2, 3, 3.
Grand Forks—June 5, 6, 7.
Crookston—June 8, 9, 9, 10, 11.
St. Cloud-Brainerd—June 12, 13, 14.
Fargo—June 18, 19, 20.
Crookston—July 3, 4, 4, 5.
Fargo—July 6, 8, 9.
Winnipeg—July 10, 11, 12.
Grand Forks—July 13, 14, 15, 16.
Fargo—Aug. 3, 4, 5.
Grand Forks—Aug. 6, 7, 8, 9.
Winnipeg—Aug. 10, 11, 12, 12.
St. Cloud-Brainerd—Aug. 21, 22, 23.
Crookston—Aug. 24, 25, 25, 26, 27.
Fargo—Aug. 28, 29, 31.
St. Cloud-Brainerd—Sept. 3, 4, 4.

OPEN DATES.
At Grand Forks—July 5, with Winnipeg.
At Winnipeg—July 31, with Grand Forks.
At Winnipeg—Sept. 1, with Crookston.
At Ct. Cloud—Aug. 17, with Crookston.
At St. Cloud—Aug. 28, with Crookston.
At Brainerd—Aug. 30, with Crookston.
At St. Cloud—Aug. 1, with Fargo.
At St. Cloud—July 18, with Duluth.
At St. Cloud—Aug. 16, with Duluth.
At Brainerd—Aug. 14, with Duluth.
At Duluth—June 21, with Fargo.
At Duluth—July 7, with Fargo.
At Duluth—Aug. 30, with Fargo.
At Fargo—May 31, with Duluth.
At Fargo—June 23, with Duluth.
At Fargo—July 21, with Duluth.
At Fargo—Sept. 2, with Grand Forks.

ONE ROOM FOR BRIDGE.

Duchess of Manchester's New House Is Handsome.

London, May 8.—The most conspicuous house in Grosvenor Square is the new one to be occupied by Consuelo, duchess of Manchester. Painted bright red, the bricks picked out with white, the exterior forms a brilliant spot of color among its dingy neighbors.

The small hall, painted in deep cream color and gold, leads through square-paned doors to an inner hall, and this into the dining room, a spacious apartment, also done in white, which runs through to the back, overlooking a small garden.

Upstairs some very beautiful paintings adorn the walls, and the whole suit of reception rooms is of the period of Louis XVI., and the furniture, too, is French of the same period.

The duchess' own rooms are far simpler. The furniture is practically comfortable chairs and sofas covered with the loveliest flower chintzes, white with great clusters of roses and peonies.

One room will be fitted up exclusively for bridge, and one on the ground floor is set aside exclusively for the king when he dines, where he can be received before dinner, thus preventing the necessity of going upstairs, an exertion his majesty likes to avoid. The duchess took the idea from Mrs. Ronald Greville, who always receives the king in a pretty reception room on the ground floor of her house in Charles street. The duchess had a letter from his majesty at the beginning of last week at which he made known his intention of dining with her at the first opportunity in her new home.

LOCATED IN OREGON.

Lost Boy Is Found After Twenty Years.

Battle Creek, Mich., May 8.—A lost boy mystery, dating back twenty years, has been solved, and the only grandson of the late David Shepard, millionaire and head of a big threshing machine firm, the Nichols & Shepard company of this city, has been located in Portland, Or., where he is the proprieter of a hotel.

His father, Alfred Shepard, lived at the time in St. Joseph, Mich. The boy, Fred Shepard, on the night of Jan. 10, 1885, went to a skating rink and was never heard of from that date until this month. Thousands of dollars were spent in running down clews.

Two weeks ago the father, now living in this city, received a Portland paper containing the picture of a famous Western horsewoman, and beneath the cut was her name. Shepard wrote to the chief of police, and a return message came that it was the wife of his son, the long lost boy, who is now 36 years of age.

Once away from home, he ran out of money. He was too proud to make his circumstances known, and so roughed it out. Last October he married the daughter of Col. Young, a wealthy retired cattle king. Having confessed to his bride a few weeks ago, his story, out of sympathy for the sorrowing father and mother, she sent the paper containing her picture to his parents.

GROOM WORTH MILLIONS.

Young Musician Will Marry Wealthy New Yorker.

Peoria, Ill., May 8.—The engagement is announced of Miss Iola Powell of this city to Robert H. Maizner of New York, whose wealth is estimated at $8,000,000. The young man is to take the young woman and her mother to Europe, and the wedding is to be in Paris in June.

Two years ago Miss Powell, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Powell, residents of this city, left for New York city to study music. It was with great effort that her parents were enabled to supply the necessary money to send their daughter away to complete her musical education.

Miss Powell secured a position in New York, where she met Mr. Maizner. Their friendship soon became love. Miss Powell has been warmly received by the New York family. The groom is the junior member of the firm of Holgotten & Maizner, bankers, and inherited $8,000,000 at the death of his father. His grandmother is said to be worth $40,000,000.

THIEVES MAKE HIM MOVE.

Bowery Cigar Dealer Robbed Seventy-Five Times.

New York, May 8.—For the seventy-fifth time, according to Samuel Kaskel, his cigar store on the Bowery and Stanton street has been visited by burglars. The latest robbery was Wednesday night. When Kaskel came down to business Saturday morning his safe was open and the shop in disorder.

"Away from the Bowery for mine," said the cigar dealer sorrowfully. "I've been on the Bowery for nearly twenty-five years, but the burglars won't let me alone. It's clear out, for me, I'm afraid, but I hate to do it."

The robbery Wednesday night resulted in a profit of $400 to the burglars. Kaskel took it philosophically.

"I know I've done about as much to support the crook fraternity as anybody in New York," he remarked. "I guess they pick me out now because of the record I have—seventy-five robberies and never a capture. The only time an arrest was made I was sued for $5,000 for false arrest, and had to pay out a small fortune in lawyer's fees."

FOR BILIOUS AND NERVOUS DISORDERS, SICK HEADACHE and CONSTIPATION TAKE

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

They cost little. They perform miracles. They do four things where other pills do one. In successful use for 70 years.

ROMAN EYE BALSAM

25 CENTS,

for weak and inflamed eyes and eyelids.

For Sale by all Druggists.

EDUCATED IN THE BEST HOSPITALS IN EUROPE AND AMERICA.

DR. REA

SPECIALIST.

Has the largest individual medical laboratory in the world. Assisted by Drs. Landry, Doran, Bolkcom and Caldwell.

Dr. Rea Will Make His Next Visit at Spalding Hotel Saturday, May 13. From 9 a. m. Until Sunday Noon.

One day only—returning every four weeks.

Dr. Rea has no superior in diagnosing and treating disease and deformities. He will give $50 for any case that he cannot tell the disease and where located in five minutes.

All curable medical and surgical diseases. Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Lung Diseases, Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Brenchial Catarrh, Constitutional Catarrh, Nasal Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Appendicitis, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney, Liver, Bladder Troubles, Prostatic and Female Diseases, Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity, Interrupted Nutrition, Slow Growth in Children, and all wasting diseases in adults. Many cases of Deafness, Ringing in the Ears, Loss of Eyesight, Cataract, Cross Eyes, etc., that have been improperly treated can be easily restored. Deformities, Club Feet, Curvature of the Spine, Disease of the Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease, Dropsy, Swelling of the Limbs, Stricture, Open Sores, Pain in the Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long-standing diseases properly treated. YOUNG, MIDDLE-AGED AND OLD, single or married men, and all who suffer from lost manhood, nervous debility, spermatarrhoea, seminal losses, sexual decay, failing memory, weak eyes, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished

A Liquid Food

The *true* Malt-Tonic rich in tissue-forming, blood-making properties is

ANHEUSER-BUSCH'S

Malt-Nutrine

TRADE MARK.

It is made up of 14.60 per cent of nutritious Malt extract and is a perfect digestant—non-intoxicating—delicious tasting. The ideal tonic for convalescents.

Sold by all druggists and grocers.

Prepared by

Anheuser-Busch Brewing Ass'n

St. Louis, U. S. A.

VITIATED AIR

Causes the Traveling Public to Contract Many Diseases.

Importance of Ventilation of Street And Passenger Cars.

FROM THE HERALD WASHINGTON BUREAU.

Washington, May 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—In the course of his inquiries as to the possible spread of diseases over the country through the unsanitary condition of railway passenger and street cars, Surgeon General Wyman, of the United States Marine Hospital service, has received a large number of letters from health officers of the various states and cities. From these letters it appears to be almost unanimous opinion among health officers that many diseases are contracted by the traveling public through breathing vitiated air in the cars, or by the reception into their systems of disease germs from others infected. Especially is this said to be true of the "White plague."

From these letters it also appears that health boards and health officers to remedy this great evil, but that they are hampered in their efforts by the lack of legislation. Only one or two of the states have laws giving authority to the health boards to enforce sanitary rules and regulations on the railroads. In some other states the health officers have undertaken this work without waiting for legislation.

All of the health officers who have written upon this question recognize the importance of the subject and express an earnest willingness to aid in every possible way to protect the public health by enforcing rigid regulations. On the question of the ventilation of street and passenger cars, Dr. J. N. Hurty, secretary of the Indiana state board of health, writes:

"Its importance can hardly be exaggerated. Indianapolis has good street cars and very satisfactory service, but the ventilation is simply horrid. I never think of riding in the inside of the cars, but always stand out on the platform, even in cold weather, because the air inside is always so extremely foul. It is my opinion that the people are more to blame for this condition than the street car company. As you know, the only method for ventilating street cars is by the ventilators in the roof and by the windows and doors. No passenger will permit a window to be lowered and if doors are held open for even a moment, some one will rise and close them. The same is true in regard to the ventilators in the roof. I have repeatedly opened these ventilators only to see them immediately closed again by some other passenger. The street railway authorities will give orders to their conductors to keep the ventilators open, but passengers will close them.

"The problem of car ventilation is a most difficult one. Cars have been termed 'houses on wheels.' In these moving houses space is at a high premium and to keep them supplied with sufficient pure air for the crowded occupants is a matter of extreme difficulty. Indeed, so difficult is the problem, I do not believe that cars can be thoroughly ventilated without creating drafts and without, in cold weather, lowering the temperature below comfortable endurance. Passable ventilation will doubtless be some day secured."

These comments by Dr. Hurty are practically reiterated by every other health officer who has written on the question, except that some are more optimistic and foresee adequate ventilation through the application of simple scientific principles. Dr. Hurty goes on in his letter to speak strongly on the question of the unsanitary condition of passenger cars and of the spread of diseases by the filthy habit of expectorating upon the floor. All of the health officers who have written on the subject express an earnest desire that congress may enact the necessary legislation to place the sanitation of passenger cars under the direction of the interstate commerce commission, under regulations prescribed by the United States marine hospital service.

Many of the more important railroad companies are using every effort to secure a better system of car ventilation. C. A. Goodnow, general manager of the Chicago & Alton Railway company, writes that his company has been experimenting with a new device and that as it has proved to be satisfactory the company will doubtless equip all their cars with it.

The Pullman company has appointed a superintendent of sanitation whose special duty it is to make thorough and complete tests of whatever devices may be offered until one is found that will prove satisfactory. Other railroad companies are working along the same lines and it is believed that the railroad authorities and the health boards, acting in harmony, will soon work decided changes for the better preservation of the public health.

* * *

Germany's commerce with the principal commercial nations, and the share of the United States therein, is the subject of a statement just prepared by the department of commerce and labor through its bureau of statistics. From the statement it is seen that the United States has made greater gains so far as relates to imports into Germany than any of her commercial rivals, while in the matter of German exports the United Kingdom offers the largest market and Russia shows the largest proportionate gain during the most recent period. The figures relate to the calendar years 1890-1903, and are taken from the official trade statistics of the German government.

The total imports of merchandise for domestic consumption into Germany increased from $999,023,000 in 1890 to $1,428,640,000 in 1903, and the domestic exports from $751,717,000 in 1890 to $1,193,483,000 in 1903. Germany's imports therefore have grown 439,000,000, or 44 per cent, and her exports 402,000,000, or 53.8 per cent, during the period under review. This considerable growth of commerce is not, however, distributed uniformly among those commercial nations with which Germany carries on its principal commercial exchanges, viz., the United Kingdom, the United States, Russia and Austria-Hungary.

The largest relative gain in exports from Germany during the period under consideration is shown in the shipments to Russia, 99.4 per cent, while those to Austria-Hungary show a gain of 50.5 per cent, those to the United Kingdom, 42.5 per cent, and those to the United States, 12.5 per cent. In absolute gain, however, the United Kingdom excels Russia as a market for German products, the increase being about $70,000,000 for the United Kingdom, as compared with $41,000,000 for Russia, $40,000,000 for Austria-Hungary, and $12,000,000 for the United States.

The importance of the United States to German foreign commerce is seen from the fact that during the calendar year 1903 this country held first rank among importing nations and third rank among countries of destination of German exports.

The principal exports from the United States to Germany during the fiscal year 1904, acording to latest accounts of the bureau of statistics were: Unmanufactured cotton, $109,000,000; breadstuffs, over $16,000,000; provisions, about $21,500,000; manufactures of copper, $11,333,333; mineral oils, $9,000,000; iron and steel manufactures, about $5,000,000; unmanufactured tobacco, about $5,000,000; wood and manufactures, about $4,500,000; oil cake and meal, about $4,000,000; fertilizers, about $2,500,000, and agricultural implements, about $1,500,000.

The leading imports into the United States from Germany during the fiscal year were: Chemicals, over $16,000,000; cotton manufactures, over $14,00,000; iron and steel manufactures, about $6,500,000; manufactures of silk, about $6,000,000; toys, $4,500,000; earthen and chinaware, $4,750,000; manufactures of wool, about $3,333,333, and various articles too numerous to mention in a brief discussion of this character.

Obstinate constipation, indigestion and stomach disorders are permanently and positively cured by taking Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Ask your druggist.

THE PRIMER OF FORESTRY

Part Two, "Practical Forestry", Has Just Been Published.

Washington, May 8.—As a source of positive information about what forestry really is, and to spread a knowledge of its methods, a book has been prepared by Gifford Pinchot, forester of the United States department of agriculture and chief of the bureau of forestry, entitled "A Primer of Forestry," which is published in two parts. Part I was issued in 1899, and has passed through several editions, reaching a circulation of about 225,000 copies. It deals with the life of a single tree, with trees as they exist in a forest, with the life of a forest, and with the enemies of the forest.

Part II of the Primer has just been published. It deals with "Practical Forestry," the purpose of which is defined as "to make the forest render its best service to man in such a way as to increase rather than to diminish its usefulness in the future." In other words, it means "both the use and the preservation of the forest."

Chapter I of Part II tells of the varied uses of the forest; specifies the four requisites if the forest is to yield good returns under management—protection, strong and abundant reproduction, regular supply of ripe trees, and growing space sufficient for each tree; discusses the yield of a forest, describing how it is determined, and showing that it must keep even pace with the growth; and concludes by describing the different systems of cutting trees in such a way as to get the best returns from the forest, while at the same time improving its usefulness.

The second chapter discusses "Work in the Woods." Conservative and ordinary lumbering are contrasted, and the great superiority of conservative work is shown. Information and suggestions are given on the work from the time the tree is found standing in the forest until it passes through some distant mill. The chapter is intensely practical, and indicates changes which will make for the advantage of the forest.

Chapter III is entitled "The Weather and the Streams." It discusses the influence forests have on climate, and explains in detail the effect of forest cover on temperature, moisture, evaporation, rainfall and fallen rain. One of the most vitally important functions of the forest is to restrain the fallen rain, to prevent erosion of the soil, and to store away the water for gradual use in the future.

Chapter IV, the last, is a short sketch of the history of forestry abroad and at home. Important events in forestry in this country are recorded down to the first of this year. The showing of the United States in this field is behind that of every other civilized nation. Still initial steps of high promise have recently been taken, and there can be no question but that the development of a truly American system of forest management, adjusted to our own conditions, is now fairly under way.

Part II of the Primer supplements Part I, and the two together give the fundamentals of forestry in terse and compact form. Part II is illustrated by 18 plates and 47 text figures. In typographical execution and general appearance it is an exact counterpart of Part I. The Primer as a whole will be read with profit by every one who takes a practical interest in the forests and who wishes to see them protected and properly developed as one of the greatest resources of the nation.

SKIN DISEASES
SPEAK FOR THE BLOOD

Skin Diseases speak for the blood and tell of the acid-laden, poisonous condition of that vital fluid, and of its effort to throw off and rid the system of the poisons and waste matters that have accumulated in it. Eczema, Tetter, Acne, Salt Rheum, Psoriasis, Boils and diseases of this type are all caused by a weakened and polluted blood circulation, and though they may have lain dormant in the system during the cold weather, at the coming of Spring and Summer, when the blood is reacting and making extra efforts to expel all morbid and poisonous matter, they make their appearance. External remedies cannot cure; they soothe and give temporary relief, but often clog the pores and glands, and the poison causing the trouble is thus shut up in the system to break out afresh later on. S. S. S., a purely vegetable blood remedy, cures all skin diseases by going down into the circulation, driving out all poisons and waste matters, strengthening the blood, leaving the skin soft and smooth, and building up the entire system by its tonic effect. S. S. S. cures Nettle Rash, Poison Oak and all skin diseases that enter the system through the pores and glands, as well as those that have their origin in the blood. Book on Skin Diseases and any advice wished, without charge.

SSS

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

In 1896 I experienced at times patches on the inside of my hands that itched and burned, causing much discomfort. I was convinced I was afflicted with a type of Eczema. I consulted several physicians, and used several external applications, receiving but slight temporary relief. I decided to try S. S. S., and soon I found myself entirely cured.

Station A., Kansas City, Mo. W. P. BRUSH.

EQUITABLE SURPLUS

Held Exclusively For Policy Holders and Not Stockholders.

President Makes Matter Clear Through Statement of Actuary.

New York, May 8.—James W. Alexander, president of the Equitable Life Assurance society, has made public a letter written by him to Edward A. Woods, manager of the society at Pittsburg, in which he asserts that the surplus of the society is held for the exclusive benefit of its policy holders, and not the holders of the stock. Mr. Alexander also takes occasion in the letter to deny the rumors that he will resign. The letter was written under date of Saturday, in reply to a question from Mr. Woods for a confirmation of certain official statements made by the Equitable society regarding "the mutual plan of its business and the exclusive ownership of the policyholders of the surplus."

Mr. Alexander says in part: "I recognize that, for the benefit of present and future policy holders of the society, there should be at this time some clear and unequivocal expression on this subject, and without reviewing all the society's statements on this subject I consider that there can be no doubt as to three facts: First, that the business of the society has been conducted in accordance with its charter since the date of its organization, on the mutual plan; second, that the profits of the society have been accumulated for its policy holders; and third, that the surplus of the society is held for the exclusive benefit of its policy holders. I do not recall any serious question having ever arisen on these points until recently, when a claim has been put forward on behalf of the stock which is at variance with the terms of the society's charter, the uniform course of its business, and all its official and unofficial statements and representations. This is not merely my own understanding and opinion, but is confirmed by Mr. Van Cise, who, as you know, has been in the service of the society for nearly forty years, most of the time as its actuary."

He then quotes from a letter written by Mr. Van Cise to the society's manager at Albany, in response to formal inquiries from the latter on the subject of the surplus. In this letter, under date of May 5, Mr. Van Cise says: "As an officer of the Equitable Life Assurance society, I fully agree with you as to the truth of the following statements in regard to the Equitable:

"1. That the business has always been and must always be, conducted on the mutual plan.

"2. That the entire surplus belongs to policyholders exclusively.

"3. That each participating policy will receive its due share of surplus profits in accordance with the trms of each contract, respectively.

"4. That the agents in soliciting business on this basis have acted with due authority, and

"5. That the policyholders have no ground for apprehensoin of debt in the premises.

"In this connection, I would say that while I have been connected with the Equitable, as clerk and officer, for nearly thirty-eight years, I have never, until recently, heard of any questions being raised as to the absolute ownership of the surplus of the society by its policyholders.

"For about thirty years I had the privilege of being associated as one of the subordinate officers with Henry B. Hyde, the founder and late president of the society, and my recollection is that in his declarations, both verbal and in writing, he always stated that the business of the Equitable was transacted on the mutual plan and that the stockholders could not receive more than the dividend of $7,000 per annum on their capital stock, which was provided for by the charter.

"Mr. Hyde always directed me to apportion surplus to policyholders, when entitled by their contracts to such apportionment on the basis of its all belonging to policyholders, and he was very much averse to any reduction of dividends, unless such reduction was found to be absolutely necessary in accordance with our experience.

"As actuary and assistant actuary of the society, I have had special charge during more than twenty-five years of the apportionment of surplus to holders of deferred dividend contracts at the end of their dividend periods, and, in making such apportionments, I have always proceeded upon the assumption that the entire surplus of the society belonged to its policyholders."

"These statements," continues Mr. Alexander in his letter, "are literally true. They should set at rest all doubts and quiet an agitation which should never have arisen, and is naturally disturbing to the society's policy holders and agents.

"No greater emphasis could be given to the fact that the Equitable Life Assurance society is really a mutual life insurance company, in which the interests and rights of the policy holders are recognized as paramount, than the success of the recent effort to confer upon the policy holders the right of electing a majority of the society's directors.

"It will follow that the personal proprietary regime within the society must succumb to the checks and restraints necessarily involved in this passage of control to the policy holders, and many of the abuses and irregularities, which are now in course of elimination, cannot thereafter occur. It should be a source of confidence to every one interested in the society that the correction of all conditions hurtful in tendency or effect is being accomplished within the society itself.

"Notwithstanding the present publicity and wide discussion of the society's affairs, I regard the situation as full of encouragement for all who are truly interested in the society and its prosperity. The financial strength and stability of the society are not questioned. There is no abatement of effort on the part of its efficient staff and loyal agency force to perform their full duty to the society in maintaining and extending its growth and prestige. The work we have inaugurated will be carried to a successful completion. In this determination there is but one thought, either on the part of the independent members of the board of directors, the society's officers, or of the agents. I shall devote myself and all my strength to its accomplishment. Do not be deceived by rumored suggestions of my resignation as president of the society. They proceed from interested sources, and are intended to discredit and defeat the principles of mutualization. Although no one appreciates better than I the sensitive character of a life insurance company's credit, and the great importance of its hold upon public confidence, I firmly believe that the fact that the society proposes to take care of itself and to work out its own reforms will afford the best possible guaranty of its inherent strength and the security of its future."

When Mr. Alexander's letter was read over the telephone to Mr. Untermyer of counsel for Vice President Hyde, Mr. Untermyer made the following comment:

"Nobody is likely to be deceived by this palpable attempt to anticipate the serious charges on which the removal of Mr. Alexander is about to be asked for betraying his trust."

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable *Brent Good*

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

We Offer $1,000

For a Disease Germ That Liquozone Can't Kill.

On every bottle of Liquozone we offer $1,000 for a disease germ that it cannot kill. We do this to assure you that Liquozone does kill germs.

And it is the only way known to kill germs in the body without killing the tissues, too. Any drug that kills germs is a poison, and it cannot be taken internally. Medicine is almost helpless in any germ disease. It is this fact which gives Liquozone its worth to humanity; a worth so great that, after testing the product for two years, through physicians and hospitals, we paid $100,000 for the American rights. And we have spent over one million dollars, in one year, to buy the first bottle and give it free to each sick one who would try it.

Acts Like Oxygen.

Liquozone is not made by compounding drugs, nor is there any alcohol in it. Its virtues are derived solely from gas—largely oxygen gas—by a process requiring immense apparatus and 14 days' time. This process has, for more than 20 years, been the constant subject of scientific and chemical research.

The result is a liquid that does what oxygen does. It is a nerve food and blood food—the most helpful thing in the world to you. Its effects are exhilarating, vitalizing, purifying. Yet it is an absolutely certain germicide. The reason is that germs are vegetables; and Liquozone—like an excess of oxygen—is deadly to vegetal matter.

Liquozone goes into the stomach, into the bowels and into the blood, to go wherever the blood goes. No germ can escape it, and none can resist it. The results are inevitable, for a germ disease must end when the germs are killed. Then Liquozone, acting as a wonderful tonic, quickly restores a condition of perfect health. Diseases which have resisted medicine for years yield at once to Liquozone, and it cures diseases which medicine never cures. Half the people you meet—wherever you are—can tell you of cures that were made by it.

Germ Diseases.

These are the known germ diseases. All that medicine can do for these troubles is to help Nature overcome the germs, and such results are indirect and uncertain. Liquozone attacks the germs wherever they are. And when the germs which cause a disease are destroyed, the disease must end, and forever. That is inevitable.

Asthma	Hay Fever—Influenza
Abscess—Anaemia	Kidney Diseases
Bronchitis	La Grippe
Blood Poison	Leucorrhea
Bright's Disease	Liver Troubles
Bowel Troubles	Malaria—Neuralgia
Coughs—Colds	Many Heart Troubles
Consumption	Piles—Pneumonia
Colic—Croup	Pleurisy—Quinsy
Constipation	Rheumatism
Catarrh—Cancer	Scrofula—Syphilis
Dysentery—Diarrhea	Skin Diseases
Dandruff—Dropsy	Stomach Troubles
Dyspepsia	Throat Troubles
Eczema—Erysipelas	Tuberculosis
Fevers—Gall Stones	Tumors—Ulcers
Goitre—Gout	Gonorrhea—Gleet
	Varicocele
	Women's Diseases

All diseases that begin with fever—all inflammation—all catarrh—all contagious diseases—all the results of impure or poisoned blood.

In nervous debility Liquozone acts as a vitalizer, accomplishing what no drugs can do.

50c Bottle Free.

If you need Liquozone, and have never tried it, please send us this coupon. We will then mail you an order on a local druggist for a full-size bottle, and we will pay the druggist ourselves for it. This is our free gift, made to convince you; to show you what Liquozone is, and what it can do. In justice to yourself, please, accept it today for it places you under no obligations whatever.

Liquozone costs 50c and $1.

CUT OUT THIS COUPON

for this offer may not appear again. Fill out the blanks and mail it to The Liquozone Company, 458-464 Wabash Ave., Chicago.

My disease is.....

I have never tried Liquozone, but if you will supply me a 50c bottle free I will take it.

.....

.....

.....

694 Give full address—write plainly

Any physician or hospital not yet using Liquozone will be gladly supplied for a test.

PASTOR DRIVEN FROM CHURCH

Barron Shocked By Fall of Rev. Mr. Morton.

Barron, Wis., May 8.—Two weeks ago citizens were shocked by the charge of Cora Studebecker, a married woman, that Rev. G. W. Morton, pastor of the Baptist church, and also married, had criminally assaulted her while she was doing janitor work in the church. Many discredited the story on account of the profound faith in the good character of Mr. Morton.

When a delegation of members of his church went to him for an explanation, he denied having assaulted the woman, but did not deny that he had been criminally intimate with her. It is said he paid her hush money then he resigned and took the first train for Chicago. His wife sold all their household goods and followed him. His excuse to her for resigning his position was that his relatives were dissatisfied with his work.

By hard and diligent work he had made a wonderful improvement in the Baptist church in two years. A $1,500 parsonage had just been completed and he had moved into it.

Last Monday was set for a hearing and Mr. Morton was duly notified to appear and defend himself. Rev. D. W. Hulbert of Wawatosa, Wis., came to conduct the examination, but instead of appearing Mr. Morton wrote a letter in which he practically admitted having been criminally intimate with Mrs. Studebecker, but denied having used force. He was then promptly expelled from the church.

He also stated that the woman told him she would make the matter public if he did not pay her a certain sum of money, which was far more than he was able to pay. It is generally believed that Mrs. Morton went away from here none the wiser as to the real cause of her husband's sudden departure. Mrs. Studebecker is a sister to "Coxey" Burns, the ball player who was shot and killed by Bob Walker last summer. Her husband left her several years ago. She was a member of the Baptist church and employed as its janitor. It is said she is in a hospital in Minneapolis suffering from nervous prostration.

AMERICAN BIBLE LEAGUE.

Another Convention In New York This Month.

New York, May 8.—Another convention of the American Bible league, of which William Phillips Hall is president, and the Rev. Dr. Daniel S. Gregory, general secretary, is to be held in this city on May 16, 17 and 18, the place of meeting being the Marble Collegiate church, where the league's first convention was held just a year ago. The coming meeting will be especially notable because of the presence of the Rev. John Urquhart, the distinguished Scotch lecturer on Biblical topics, who is spending a few weeks in the United States on his way to Australia. Mr. Urquhart makes three addresses at the convention, his topics being "Is the Book of Jonah History or Parable?" "The Book of Daniel; the Archaeologist Critic of the Archaeologist," and "The Miracle of Prophecy."

The purpose of the American Bible league, as has been demonstrated by its two previous conventions and by its publications, is "to organize the friends of the Bible, to promote a more thorough, reverential and constructive study of the sacred volume, and to maintain the historic faith of the church in its divine inspiration and supreme authority as the word of God." In its directorate and membership are included many of the leading Biblical scholars of the time, representing practically all Protestant religious bodies. This month's convention will have two general topics: 1—Belief in the integrity and inspiration of the Old Testament scriptures essential to Christianity. 2—The Bible as the inspired word of God, the only foundation for Christian life and achievement.

There will be seven sessions, possibly nine, at each of which there will be one principal address, several shorter ones, and discussion conducted by some of the ablest men in the evangelical churches. The program in its entirety has not yet been announced, but there will be made at the opening session a statement of the objects of the convention by the president, Mr. William Phillips Hall, who will also, at the close of the convention, outline some of the aims and immediate needs of the league.

One of the speakers at the convention will be the Rev. Dr. G. Frederick Wright of Oberlin, the greatest living authority on glacial Biblical geology, his topics being "Geological Confirmations of the Biblical History of Israel from Abraham to Exodus," and "Contributions of Geology to the Credibility of the Flood." Another notable address will be that of the Rev. M. G. Kyle of Philadelphia, who has just returned from a season of study abroad, on "Some Gems Recovered From an Old Egyptian Lapidist's Workshop; Testimony to the Historical Trustworthiness of the Old Testament." Still another address in Old Testament defense will be delivered by the distinguished Oriental scholar, Rev. Dr. Robert Dick Wilson of Princeton on "Abraham Demonstrated an Historical Character, From Geography, History and Chronology."

From the point of view of practical Christianity various vital problems will be discussed by able leaders. Some topics for these discussions are: "The Scientific Type of Unbelief," "The Bearings of the Higher Criticism on Christian Ministers," "The Bible as a Source of Spiritual Power," "The Bible and Individual, Social and Civic Purity."

Already a wide interest has been manifested in the coming convention, and Christian leaders from many centers of the country are planning to attend its sessions. Local interest is also aroused, as it was at the time of the New York convention last year, when the attendance was much larger than had been expected. Similar interest was shown in the league's second convention, held in Boston last December, and everything now points to a great meeting here in New York this month.

Scratch, scratch, scratch; unable to attend to business during the day or sleep during the night. Itching piles, horrible plague. Doan's Ointment cures. Never fails. At ny drug store, 50 cents.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Eight Cornell students had a narrow escape from drowning in Cayuga lake Sunday. They were sailing close reefed in a thirty-mile wind when their boat capsized in the middle of the lake. For forty-five minutes they clung to the overturned craft, awaiting the rescuing party which put off in row boats. After great difficulty, the students were taken ashore, nearly exhausted.

The centennial of the death of Ffederic Von Schiller, the German poet and dramatist, was marked in St. Paul by the laying of the corner stone of a monument to be erected to his memory in Como park. The ceremonies were participated in by German singing societies and the "Deutscher Krieguerein."

Spreading rails caused the wreck of a Galveston, Houston & Northern passenger train Sunday night. Engineer Cox was burned to death, Fireman Conway is missing, and many passengers are suffering from serious injuries. The train left the track near Houston, Tex., shortly before midnight, the engine turning upside down. The coaches were wrecked and immediately caught fire.

IMMIGRANT RECORD BROKEN AT NEW YORK.

New York, May 8.—All records were broken yesterday in the number of immigrants passing quarantine. Within twelve hours, 12,039 foreigners, arriving in steerage, were permitted to enter New York, indicating that the spring influx of immigrants this year will probably exceed the records for former years.

Ten trans-Atlantic liners brought this army of immigrants to the United States. They began to arrive early in the morning and the last to pass quarantine was the Hamburg-American liner Blucher, which was admitted at 6 o'clock in the afternoon and added 605 names to the already long list of foreigners arriving in the steerage.

The steamer Pretoria brought 2,198 steerages passengers, the greatest of any of the day's arrivals. The Italia was second with 1,354 and the Weimar was third with 1,571. Other ships admitted carried immigrants as follows: Citta di Napoli, 1,442; Gerty, 1,410; Umbria, 640; New York, 587; Hudon (French), 553; Algeria, 1,081.

TRIBUTE TO VON SCHILLER.

New York, May 8.—Mayor McClellan last night delivered the principal address at the observance of the semi-centennial anniversary of the death of the German poet, Frederic Von Schiller, held in Carnegie hall under the auspices of the United German Singing societies. Mr. McClellan's tribute to the poet was enthusiastically received. An extended musical program was rendered by a chorus of 500 voices, with accompaniment by an orchestra of one hundred and fifty pieces.

Persian Nerve Essence

RESTORES VITALITY—Have cured thousands of cases of Nervous Debility, Insomia, Varicocele and Atrophy. They clear the brain, strengthen the circulation, make digestion perfect, and impart a magnetic vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses stopped permanently. $2.00 per box; 6 boxes, guaranteed to cure or refund money, $5. Mailed sealed. Book free. Persian Med. Co., 935 Arch street, Philadelphia. Sold in Duluth only by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior St.

Every Woman

is interested and should know about the wonderful MARVEL Whirling Spray

The new Vaginal Syringe. *Injection and Suction.* Best—Safest—Most Convenient. It Cleanses Instantly.

Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. MARVEL CO., 44 E. 23d ST., NEW YORK.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Mention this paper Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

MEN NERVE BEANS quickly cure Nervousness, all results of abuse, failing manhood, drains, losses. Married men and men intending to marry should take a box; astonishing results; small weak parts and lost power restored. $1.00 at S. F. BOYCE, Druggist, 335 Superior St., Duluth, Minn

SUMMONS ON APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION OF LAND—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Lida Stewart, applicant to have registered the land situated in the County of St. Louis and State of Minnesota, and described as follows: The easterly twenty-one (21) feet of lot six (6) and lot seven (7), block twenty-nine (29), Portland Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said county, Plaintiff,

vs.

All persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the leal estate described in the application herein, Defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the application of the applicant plaintiff in the above entitled application for registration, and to file a copy of your answer to the said application in the office of the clerk of said court, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said application within the time aforesaid, the applicant plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the application herein.

Witness, J. P. Johnson, clerk of said court, and the seal thereof, at Duluth, in said county, this 29th day of April, A. D. 1905.

(Seal of District Court, St. Louis County, Minn.)

J. P. JOHNSON, Clerk.

By J. S. MOODY, Deputy.

Filed in my office at — o'clock, — M., Apr. 29, 1905.

J. P. JOHNSON, Clk. Dist. Court.

By J. S. MOODY, Deputy.

Duluth Evening Herald—May 1-8-15, '05.

WHEAT IS STRONG

Sharp Advance With Northwestern Markets Showing Most Strength.

Visible Supply of Wheat Getting Smaller—Flax Is Erratic.

Duluth Board of Trade, May 8.—Wheat was very strong this morning and the strength seemed to emanate largely from Minneapolis. Shorts in the May option there are getting nervous and the trade is beginning to talk bullish again. The decrease in the visible of more than two million bushels caused some of this change of sentiment and much attention is being called to the fact that outside of the stocks of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis and those in Canadian terminals which are included in the visible, there is very little wheat in the country. Millers are finding a better demand, too.

A shipper this morning sold five loads of new crop Duluth wheat to go abroad and also sold a small amount of new crop winter wheat for export.

The Liverpool market closed ⅛@¼d higher and Berlin and Antwerp unchanged.

The May option advanced 2c in Duluth, 2⅜c in Minneapolis, 3c in Chicago and was unchanged in New York. The July option gained 1⅝c in Duluth, 1⅞-2c in Minneapolis, 1⅝c in Chicago and 1¼c in New York.

World's shipments of wheat and corn last week, the week previous and the corresponding week of last year were as follows:

	WHEAT. Last Week.	Previous Week.	Last Year.
America	1,064,000	1,424,000	1,152,000
Russia	3,272,000	2,832,000	3,344,000
Danube	880,000	968,000	400,000
Argentina	3,512,000	3,040,000	1,560,000
India	1,096,000	664,000	3,232,000
Australia	448,000	856,000	2,168,000
Aust. Hung.			80,000
Various	72,000	104,000	104,000
Total	10,144,000	9,328,000	12,480,000
	CORN.		
America	1,000,000	2,272,000	336,000
Russia	146,000	94,000	454,000
Danube			696,000
Argentina	1,216,000	934,000	350,000
Total	3,622,000	3,300,000	1,748,000

The amount of wheat on passage last week increased 480,000 bushels, and corn increased 411,000 bushels.

Car receipts at Duluth were 1 against 24 last year, and at Minneapolis 152, against 111 last year, making a total for the Northwest of 153 against 135 last year. Chicago received 2 against 23 last year.

Primary receipts of wheat were 196,250 bus, last year 198,774 bus. Shipments 200,213 bus, last year 222,757 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 57,689 bus.

The visible supply of wheat last week decreased 2,154,000 bus, and is now 26,335,000 bus, against 29,058,000 bus last year.

Corn in the Liverpool market closed ¼@½d higher. In the Chicago market July corn closed ¼-⅝c higher. July oats closed unchanged. Primary receipts of corn were 178,570 bus, last year 410,000 bus. Shipments 314,374 bus, last year 276,571 bus. Clearances were 33,581 bus. The visible supply of corn last week decreased 1,077,000 bus, and is now 8,804,000 bus, against 6,897,000 last year.

Trading in wheat in the Duluth market was quiet. The July option opened ½c higher at 93c, sold up to 94¼c at 11 o'clock, and fell back to 94c at 11:15. It again advanced to 94¼c at 12:35 and closed at that price, a gain of 1⅜c.

The May option opened ½c higher at 94½c and advanced to 97c. The close was at 96c, a gain for the day of 2c. September wheat advanced ⅝c to 80½c.

Cash price continued on the basis of May price for No. 1 northern, but offerings were very light.

Flax was dull and erratic. Up to the noon hour prices had made a good advance, but at the close they fell off. May after selling 1c up to $1.41½, closed ½c lower at $1.40. July bulged 3c to $1.41 and closed 1c higher than Saturday at $1.38. The October option closed ¼c higher while September was off 1c.

Oats closed without change.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat to arrive—No. 1 northern, 96c. On track—No. 1 northern, 96c; No. 2 northern, 89@92c. Durum No. 1, 86c; No. 2, 85c; May, 96c; July 94¼c; Sept., 80½c. Flax to arrive, $1.40; on track, $1.40; May, $1.43; July, $1.39; Sept., $1.38; Oct., $1.27¼. Oats to arrive, 29⅜c; on track, 29¾c. Rye to arrive, 76c; on track, 76c. Barley, feed, 29½@41c.

Cars inspected: Wheat 1, last year 24; oats 4, barley 2, flax 3, last year 15.

Receipts: Oats 1,462; barley, 1,115; flax, 2,711.

Shipments: Wheat, 8,765; rye, 15,000; flax, 162,375.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Active Demand By Shorts Strengthens Wheat.

Chicago, May 8.—Fears of fresh complications in the war situation brought out an active demand from shorts for wheat, resulting in a strong market today. A revived rumor that France and England might become involved in the struggle in the Far East more than offset the effect of ideal weather prevailing throughout the United States. July opened ¼c to ⅜c up at 83¾c to 83¼ and advanced to 83⅝@⅞c. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 355 cars, against 253 cars last week and 158 cars a year ago.

As trading progressed prices continued to advance, a scarcity of offerings being a noticeable feature. Demand was further augmented by reports from Oklahoma of damage to winter wheat. A decrease of nearly 3,000,000 bus in the visible supply was an additional bull factor. At 84¼c July reached the highest point of the day. The market closed strong with July up 1⅞c at 84⅛c.

In response to the strength of wheat, the corn market showed firmness. Shorts were fair buyers. Offerings came largely from commission houses. July opened ⅛c to ¼@¾c up at 47¼@⅝c to 47¼c. After selling up to 47½c the price settled back to 47¼@¾c. Local receipts were 89 cars, with one of contract grade.

The strength was well maintained the market closing firm with July up ¼@⅜c at 47⅜c.

Firmness of other grain caused a steady tone in the oats market. Trading was very quiet. July opened unchanged at 29¼c and sold up to 29⅜@⅞c. Local receipts were 82 cars.

Moderate demand from packers held the provisions market fairly steady, despite a decline of 10c to 15c in the price of live hogs. July pork opened down 5c at $12.25, and sold later at $12.27½. Lard was off 2½@5c at $7.27½@7.30. Ribs were 2½c to 5c lower at $7.22½ to $7.25.

Close: Wheat—May, 92¼c; July, 84c; September, 79¾c. Corn—May, 48⅝c; July, 47⅜c; September, 47c; December, 47⅝c. Oats—May, 29¾c; July, 29⅝c; September, 28@28½c. Pork—May, $12.45; July, $12.32½; September, $12.55. Lard—May, $7.15; July, $7.32½; September, $7.50; October, $7.47½. Ribs—May, $7.05; July, 7.27½; September, 7.47½@7.50. Rye—May, 71@72c; July, 66c; September, 55@57c. Flax—Cash Northwestern, $1.39; Southwestern, $1.25; May, $1.25. Timothy—May, $3.00; September, $3.25. Clover—May, $12.00@12.25. Barley—Cash, 46@49c. Cash wheat—No. 2 red, 94½@95½c; No. 3 red, 88@93c; No. 2 hard, 91@92½c; No. 3 hard, 88@90c; No. 1 northern, 96@97c; No. 2 northern, 92@97c; No. 3 spring, 88@96c. Oats—No. 2, 29¾@30c; No. 3, 29½c. Corn—No. 2, 49¾@50¼c; No. 3, 46@47¾c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Chicago Tribune: For the first time in months wheat sold in the 60's on the grain exchanges of the country. September wheat in Kansas City off to 69⅝c, although it rallied slightly and closed at 70½. The steady decline in that market is a strong testimonial to the general excellence of the winter wheat prospect in the Southwest and to the lack of any genuine belief in the occasional complaints of damage which have come from different sections. A month or so ago when the Kansas City September was holding around 75c, leading exporters in this market thought there would be a good export demand for wheat on the basis of 70c for September in Kansas City, which a moderate business on a decline to within two cents of that figure. Foreigners, however, are still according to the experience of local export houses, indifferent to the advantages of buying wheat in this country on that basis.

• • •

Edwards, Wood & Co.: Wheat—The market opened strong on reports of frost at Bismarck, Sioux City and Valentine, with colder weather in the Northwest and strength of foreign markets. After the 2c advance of today, although advantage may be taken of today's news and crop scare reports to carry prices slightly higher, we believe profits could well be taken and sales made for good substantial profits.

• • •

Chicago Record-Herald: The government crop report due Wednesday probably will make as good, if not better, showing for winter wheat than it did a month ago, when the average was 91.6. Heavy and general rains the last week of April were in time to be included in the government showing, which is of May 1. There is every indication that practically all of the winter wheat area seeded last fall will go to harvest.

• • •

Chicago Tribune: "Seeding in the North west and Canada is about complete," says a Minneapolis letter. "It has been accomplished under most favorable conditions. The fields were dry and there was no land wasted, due to wet places as in former years. The Northwestern Miller estimates that the wheat acreage of the three states has been increased 10 to 15 per cent over what it was last year. The entire country received abundant moisture the last week. While we have not had any growing weather since the crop was seeded, the cold weather has caused the seed to grow down instead of up, giving the plant a firm root. The indications are for a bountiful crop of wheat in the Northwest."

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	...94¾	$1.00¾	92½	83½
High	...97	1.03½	93¾	94
Low	...94¼N	1.00¾	92	82¾
Close	...96	1.02¾	92¾	93
Close 6th	..94	1.00	92⅜	93
July—				
Open	...93⅞	94¾	83½-¾	85⅜
High	...94¼	96½	84¼	89¼
Low	...93⅜	94¾	83⅛	85⅝
Close	...94¼	96¼-¾A	84	89¼
Close 6th	..92⅞	94⅜	82⅞	87⅜
September—				
Open	...80⅜B	80¼	78½-¾	83
High	...80⅝	80¾	79¼-⅝	83⅝
Low	...80⅜	80¼	78½	83¼
Close	...80¼	80⅜B	79¼	83⅝
Close 6th	..79⅝	79⅞	78⅜	82½

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. July.	Corn. July.	Pork. July.
Open	....29¼	47⅛-¼@47¼	$12.25
High	....29½	47½	12.30-37
Low	....29⅛-¼	46⅝-¼	12.25
Close	....29¼	47⅜	12.35

GRAIN IN STORE.

At Duluth, Saturday, May 6, 1905:

	Bus.
Wheat—	
No. 1 hard	4,067
No. 1 northern	1,027,665
No. 2 northern	35,391
No. 3 spring	93,629
No. 4 spring	15,849
Rejected	2,522
No grade	5,731
Special bin	1,895,625
Western	18,459
No. 1 and No. 2 durum	79,060
Rejected and no grade durum	3,424
Total	3,181,432
Decrease	280,380
Stocks a year ago	4,461,374
Coarse Grain Stocks—	
Corn	21,242
Decrease	35,234
Oats	4,159,390
Decrease	881,350
Rye	172,863
Decrease	11,097
Barley	374,468
Increase	14,441
Flax	7,258,818
Decrease	268,731

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, May 8.—Wheat—Spot dull; No. 1 California, 6s 8½d; futures steady; May, 6s 6¼d; July, 6s 6⅞d; September, 6s 4⅞d. Corn—Spot steady; American mixed new, 4s 3d; American mixed old, no stock; futures quiet; May, 4s 3d; July, 4s 3¼d.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, May 8.—Close: Wheat—May, $1.02⅜; July, 96¼@⅝c; September, 80½c; No. 1 hard, $1.07¾; 1 northern, $1.05¼@⅝c; 2 northern, $1.01⅝@1.02⅜.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, May 8.—Close: Wheat—May, 93c; July, 89⅝c; September, 83⅝c. Corn—May, 53¾c; July, 55c.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER.		
Creamery, prints	27	
Dairies, fancy	23	@ 24
Renovated	24½	
EGGS.		
Fresh	16	
CHEESE.		
Twins, full and cream	16	
Twins, full cream, old	8	
Full cream, Young America	16	
Brick cheese, No. 1	16	
Limberger, full cre'm cheese	15	
Primost	7	
HONEY.		
New fancy, white clover	14	
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb	12½@	13
Goldenrod	14	
Dark honey	14	
Buckwheat, dark	14	
MAPLE SYRUP.		
Vermont, per lb	12½	
Ohio, per lb	10	
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10	
NUTS.		
Filberts, per lb	14	
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	16	
Cocoanuts	50	
Brazils, per lb	14	
Pecans, per lb	12	
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	8	
Almonds	14	
Mixed nuts	14	
FRUITS.		
Apples	3 25	@ 3 50
Cranberries, per bbl	6 00	
California naval oranges	3 00	¾ 3 50
Smyrna figs, 12-lb box	1 80	
Bananas	2 00	@ 2 50
Lemons, per box	2 75	
Strawberries, 24 quarts	2 50	@ 2 75
Dates, Fard, per box	1 15	
Sugar, walnut dates	1 00	
VEGETABLES.		
New Potatoes, bu	3 00	
Sweet potatoes, per bbl	4 50	
Fancy navy beans, per bus	2 00	
Lettuce, per bus	1 00	
Beets, cwt	1 25	
Green onions	15	
Spinach, box	1 15	
Picplant, per box	1 00	
Potatoes, per bus	20	
Dry Onions, per cwt	2 75	
Celery, per doz	50	
Bagas, per cwt	35	
Cabbage, per cwt	1 00	
Radishes, per doz	25	
Tomatoes, per basket, Cal	1 00	
Tomatoes, per basket, Cal	1 00	
Asparagus, per doz	1 25	
POP CORN.		
Choice, per lb	4	
Rice corn, shelled	6	
CIDER.		
Common juice, half bbl	2 50	
Fruit juice	5 00	
Duffy cider	2 50	
DRESSED POULTRY.		
Spring chickens	16	
Hens	16	
Ducks	15	
Turkeys	20	
Geese	13	
MEATS.		
Beef	6½@	9½
Mutton	9	
Lard	7½	
Pork loins	10½	
Veal	6½	

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, May 8.—Butter, steady; creameries, 20@24c; dairies, 18@22c. Eggs, easy; at mark, cases included, 15c. Cheese, steady; daisies, 13½@14c; twins, 13½@14c; Young Americas, 13½@14c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, May 8.—Butter, strong; receipts 4,224. Street price, extra creamery, 26½@26¾c; official prices, creamery common to extra, 23@26c; state dairy, common to extra, 21@26c; renovated, common to extra, 17@25½c; western factory common to extra, 19@23c; western imitation creamery extra, 25c; do first, 23@24c. Cheese firm; receipts 1,673. State, full cream small, old, colored and white, fancy, 14¼c; do fine, 13¾c; do late made, colored and white choice, 13¼c; do fair to good, 12¾@13c; do poor, 10½@11c; do new small, colored and white fine, 13c; do fair to choice, 11¾@12¾c. Eggs, irregular; receipts 12,575. State and Penna fancy selected white, 20@21c; do choice, 19@19½c; do mixed extra, 19c; western storage, selected, 18¼c; do firsts, 18c; southerns, 14@16c.

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., seventy-fifth meridian time, Monday, May 8, 1905.

Station	Temperature. Max	Min	Rainfall inches and hundredths
Alexandria	Cloudy	54	38	T
Campbell	Cloudy	50	36	T
Crookston	Clear	48	34	T
Detroit City	Cloudy	58	34	.20
Grand Meadows	Cloudy	70	30	.01
Minneapolis	Cloudy	62	36	T
Montevideo	Cloudy	60	36	T
New Ulm	Cloudy	64	38	T
Park Rapids	Cloudy	50	34	.02
Winnebago City	Cloudy	..	38	.0
Worthington	Cloudy	70	32	.0
Devils Lake	Cloudy	40	30	.0
Larimore	Cloudy	44	32	T
Lisbon	Cloudy	50	32	T
Pembina	Clear	42	32	.02
Aberdeen	Pt. Cloudy	64	28	.0
Millbank	Cloudy	56	34	.0
Mitchell	Cloudy	64	28	.0
Redfield	Cloudy	58	24	.0
Amenia	Raining	48	34	T
Bismarck	Clear	50	26	.0
Duluth	Cloudy	38	34	.09
Huron	Pt. Cloudy	58	30	.0
La Crosse	Cloudy	70	42	.06
Moorhead	Cloudy	48	36	.0
Pierre	Clear	60	36	.0
St. Paul	Cloudy	58	40	.02
Winnipeg	Clear	38	30	.0

REMARKS.

Showers fell over all districts except Ohio, Kentucky and Missouri. Frosty and freezing weather prevailed last night in the Dakotas and Red River Valley.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

T. indicates inappreciable rainfall. *For yesterday. †For twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., Seventy-fifth meridian time.

Note.—The average maximum and minimum temperatures and the average rainfall are made up at each center from the actual number of reports received. The "state of weather" is that prevailing at time of observation.

CROP CONDITIONS

In California Are Reported to Be Excellent.

San Francisco, May 8.—The Call says today: Reports from all sections of California tell of splendid crop conditions. The grain yield will be large and from present indications the fruit season will show an improvement over last year. Prunes, raisins and cherries will be harvested in lighter quantities than last season, but otherwise the yield is promising. The output of grapes in the bay counties will be large. Conditions are most favorable for beets and beans.

We Are Headquarters For

Bonanza Circle and North Butte Copper Stocks!

PAINE, WEBBER & CO
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
328 West Superior Street.

MINNEAPOLIS OMAHA

Edwards-Wood Co.
(INCORPORATED)

MAIN OFFICE
5th and Robert Sts.
ST. PAUL, MINN.

DEALERS IN
Stocks, Grain, Provisions

Ship Your Grain To Us
Best Facilities. Prompt Returns.
Liberal Advances.

DULUTH WINNIPEG
Branch office, 210 Board of Trade. Old 'Phone, 135. City office, Room A, Torrey Bldg. Both 'Phones 1199.

HOLMAN BROS. & CO.
314-316 Palladio Bldg.

STOCK BROKERS

Bonanza Circle Stocks a Specialty.

Offices: Calumet, Mich.; Hancock, Mich.; Duluth, Minn.

BONANZA CIRCLE COPPERS!

NOON QUOTATIONS.

Coppers.	Bid	Ask.	Miscellaneous.	Ask.
Butte, $10pd	18¾	19	Alaska Con.pfd	5½
Butte fulpd	.....	99	Ariz. C. Mt	10
C. & A.	.....	99	Black Rock	36
C. & P.	25½	28½	Cal. & Sonora	bid.
L. S. & P.	35	36	Crooked River	20
P.&D.$8 pd	18	19	LaLuz, Mex.	2½
P.&D.ful pd	20	21	Little Cracker	12½
Junc. ful pd	.....	69	Metropolitan	30
Man. $1 pd	.....	9	Ophir Tunnel	25
B. Mt. $3 pd	.....	$3.15	Parry Sound	6½
Denn-Ariz.	.....	7	Shakespeare	12½

BEFORE BUYING OR SELLING COMMUNICATE WITH

H. E. SMITH & CO.,
William Kaiser, Manager.
Main Floor, Palladio Bldg.
Phones—Zenith, 696; Duluth, 82.

WEAKNESS SHOWN

By Stock Market Owing to Threatened Foreign Complications.

Rally Towards Close and Some of Losses Recovered.

New York, May 8.—The weakness of foreign markets on account of threatened international complications was acutely reflected in the opening dealings in the stock market here. Most of the dominant speculative leaders were down to ½ from the opening quotations. In the case of People's Gas the decline extended to 6¼. Louisville & Nashville was down 2¼. Canadian Pacific 2, United States Steel preferded 1⅞ and Cleveland, S., C. & St. Louis 1¾.

Feeble rallies after the opening fall in prices were not sustained, fresh offerings driving the market well below the initial figures. Representative stocks of all classes scored losses of between 1 and 2 points, and there was considerable liquidation in spots. While the selling was general in character, very determined pressure was concentrated at times against certain railroads, coal and industrial stocks. Some of the important declines were Consolidated Gas 4¼, Northern Pacific 3, Ontario & Western 2½, Smelting 2¼, Union Pacific, Colorado Fuel and Tennessee Coal 2 and Reading and Southern Pacific 1¾. Stocks were ruling a slight fraction above the lowest at 11 o'clock.

Declines reached 1¾ to 2 in Atchison, D. & R. G. preferred, St. Louis Southwestern preferred, Wabash preferred, Colorado & Southern second preferred, Erie second preferred and Atlantic Coast Line. Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Tennessee Coal lost 3. When operations for foreign account were concluded the pressure was relaxed and the market rallied. New York Central and Locomotive recovered 1½ and St. Paul, Union Pacific, Reading, Louisville & Nashville, Colorado Fuel, Smelting and People's Gas about a point. Rubber Goods gained 1. Trading became semi-stagnant at the recovery and prices slipped off again before noon. Bonds were heavy at noon.

Some stocks were pressed steadily downward until they were quoted below the low figures of last Thursday. This was especially noticeable in some of the low priced stocks, particularly United States Steel and O. & W. In the selling after midday Consolidated Gas extended its decline to 6½. Tennessee Coal 4½ and Northwestern, Illinois Central, Wisconsin Central preferred, Sugar and Smelting 1¾ to 2½.

After some further concessions in which Copper and Reading figured for losses of 1⅝ and 2¾ respectively, an irregular recovery set in ranging to about a point in New York Central, Union Pacific, St. Paul and Reading.

The supply of stocks proved scanty when room shorts started to cover, and there was a substantial rally. Some stocks touched the highest prices for the day and St. Paul made a full recovery. The satisfaction of the demand left prices unsupported again and they settled back. The closing was about steady but extremely dull.

Quotations furnished by Edwards-Wood Co., room A, Torrey building.

Stocks—	High	Low	Close
Atchison com	82⅛	81⅛	82
Smelter com	110⅞	109¼	110⅝
Amalgamated Copper	80¾	78¾	79⅝
Baltimore and Ohio	106⅝	105	105⅝
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	60⅝	59⅝	58¾
Canadian Pacific	147	145⅞	146½
Chesapeake and Ohio	48½	47¼	48
Colorado Fuel and Iron	43½	41⅞	42¾
Chi. Great W. com	19½	19	19½
Erie 1st pfd	78	77	77½
Erie com	42⅜	41½	41⅞
Illinois Central	158¼	157	157
Louisville and Nashville	144	143	144
Mexican Central	20¾	20¼	20⅜
Metropolitan Railway	116⅜	115⅝	116⅛
Missouri Pacific	96⅝	95	95¼
Manhattan	163¾	163⅜	163⅝
Norfolk and Western	76⅞	76⅜	76½
New York Central	141¼	139⅝	141
Ontario & Western	47⅞	46¼	46⅞
People's Gas	104½	100⅝	102¼
Pacific Mail	36	35⅛	35⅛
Pennsylvania Railway	135⅜	134½	134⅝
Rock Island com	28¼	27⅜	27⅜
Rock Island, pfd	74	74	74
Reading, com	92⅛	90⅝	91⅛
R. I. & S., pfd	73¾	71⅞	72
R. I. & S., com	18	17¼	17½
Rubber, com	38½	37⅜	37½
St. Paul	170⅜	168⅝	170¼
Sugar	134	131⅜	132⅜
Southern Railway, com	29⅝	29¼	29¾
Southern Pacific	59½	57⅞	58⅜
Soo, com	116	115	115
Tenn. Coal & Iron	81	77⅜	78¼
Texas Pacific	31⅞	31⅜	31½
U. S. Steel, pfd	98	96⅞	98
U. S. Steel, com	30⅞	29⅞	30⅝
Union Pacific, com	118½	117	118
Wis. Central, com	20¾	20⅜	20½
Wis. Central, pfd	46	45	45⅞
Western Union	93¼	93	93
Wabash, com	19	18¾	18¾
Wabash, pfd	41	39¾	39¾
Twin City R. T.	109½	108⅞	109¼
Northern Pacific	183	180½	181
D., S. S. & A., com	12¾	12¼	12¾

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, May 8.—Money on call steady, 1½@2¾ per cent; closing, bid, 2½, offered at 2¾ per cent; time money steady, 60 and 90 days, 3¼; six months, 3½@3¾ per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 3⅝@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange strong, closing steady with actual business in bankers bills at $4.86.70@75 for demand and at $4.84.65@75 for 60 day's bills; posted rates, $4.85½ and $4.87½; commercial bills, $4.84¾@½. Bar silver, 57¾c; Mexican dollars, 44½c. Government bonds steady; railroad bonds irregular.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, May 8.—The cotton market opened quiet and steady at an advance of 1@3 points in response to steady Liverpool cables and some New Orleans buying based on the forecast calling for unsettled weather in the belt. Wall street buyers also supported the market and with Liverpool and New Orleans firm, prices here worked up to a net gain of about 7@10 points. Trading was moderately active on the advance but realizing sales increased as prices advanced with the market in the middle of the morning a little off from the top though the tone was steady.

Cotton spot closed quiet, 20 points higher. Mid ups, 8.15; mid gulf, 8.40. Sales, 7,855 bles. Futures closed very steady, May, 7.69; June, 7.58; July, 7.67; August, 7.71; September, 7.77; October, 7.84; November, 7.85; December, 7.92; January, 7.98; February, 8.01; March, 8.05.

LONDON STOCK MARKET.

London, May 8.—Vague fears of possible complications over French neutrality in the Far East affected the tone at the opening of the stock market today. The markets were inclined to flatness all around. Paris, however, showed an inclination to buy its favorites rather than sell, indicating a belief there that the neutrality question will be amicably arranged. The uncertainty concerning the American market and the possibility of financial difficulty here over an American speculative account tended to increase the feeling of nervousness.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, May 8.—Cattle—Receipts, 21,000; steady to easy; good to prime steers, $5.60@6.75; poor to medium, $4.40@5.40; stockers and feeders, $2.75@5.00; cows, $2.75@5.25; heifers, $3.50@5.50; canners, $1.50@2.40; bulls $2.50@4.75; calves, $3@6. Hogs—Receipts, 54,000; tomorrow, 35,000; 10c to 15c lower; mixed and butchers, $5.40@5.50; good to choice, heavy, $5.40@5.52½; rough, heavy, $5@5.40; light, $5.20@5.47½; bulk of sales, $5.40@5.50. Sheep—Receipts, 28,000; sheep and lambs, steady; good to choice wethers, shorn, $4.40@5.00; fair to choice, mixed, shorn, $3.50@4.25; western sheep, shorn, $4@5; native lambs, shorn, $4@6; western lambs, $5.75@7.10.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 328 West Superior street:

	Bid.	Asked.
Amalgamated	79 ⅛	79 ¾
Adventure	3 ½	4
Atlantic	12½	13
Allouez	19¾	20
Arcadian	.....	1¼
Elm River	2	2¼
Bingham	31	32
Copper Range	70⅛	70⅜
Centennial	18	18½
Calumet and Hecla	640	650
Calumet and Arizona	.....	100
Calumet and Pittsburg	27	28½
L. S. and Pittsburg	36	38
Isle Royale	20¾	21
Mass	8¾	8½
Michigan	10¾	11¼
Mohawk	48½	49½
Mayflower	75c	1.00
Mercur Con.	50	55
National	1	1¼
Old Colony	1	1½
Old Dominion	23¾	24¾
Osceola	91½	92½
Phoenix	1½	1⅝
Parrott	24½	25½
Quincy	95	100
Rhode Island	1 ⅜	2
Santa Fe	1½	1¾
Franklin	8	8½
Tecumseh	2	3
Tamarack	110	115
Shannon	7¾	8
Utah	42½	43
U. S. Mining	30¾	31
Victoria	3 ⅛	3⅜
Wolverine	106	108
Wyandot	1½	1¾
Winona	10¼	11
Daly West	12⅞	13⅜
Greene Cons	26	26½
Pitts and Duluth, f. pd	.....	21¼
Pitts. and Duluth, $8 pd	.....	19
Union Land	3	3½
Junction	.....	71
Black Mountain	.....	3.10
Chihichihua	.....	50
Granby	5½	6¾
North Butte	18½	19

STRIKERS ARE QUIET

Practically No Rioting Occurs In Streets of Chicago.

Chicago, May 8.—Today was the quietest since the strike began. There has been practically no rioting, and the police were called on but once to rescue non-union men. The employers started to make deliveries on the apparent theory that the strike is broken. Over 1,000 wagons were said to be on the streets. Some of the State street stores sent out the normal number for the first time. Deputy sheriffs and private guards, many armed with rifles, aided the police to preserve order. Patrolmen, under orders of the chief of police, will not accompany wagons hereafter on foot, but be seated beside the driver.

The strikers received their first benefit payment today, drivers getting $10, and helpers $6. Hereafter they are to get $7 and $3 respectively.

SERIOUS DISTURBANCE AT OPENING OF GARDEN.

St. Petersburg, May 8, 6 p. m.—There was a serious disturbance today at the opening of a music hall and summer garden in the Moikai quarter. During the performance a man mounted a table and began scattering literature causing a scene of great confusion during which people began to sing revolutionary songs while other tried to prevent them from so doing. A free fight was almost in progress when the police were summoned, drove the audience out of the place and closed the garden.

CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE WINS IN SUPREME COURT.

Washington, May 8.—The supreme court of the United States today decided the case of the board of trade of Chicago against the C. C. Christie Commission company of Kansas City and the Kinsey company of Chicago, involving the question as to the right of the private concerns to use the continuous quotations of the board, in favor of the contentions of the board of trade.

PAPERMAKERS MEET.

Holyoke, Mass., May 8.—The annual convention of the International Brotherehood of Papermakers, opened in this city today. It is expected to continue through the greater part of the week. One of the most important matters to be considered will be the question of the number of hours which should constitute a day's work for operatives in mills manufacturing newspaper.

Homeseekers' Excursions

To points in Minnesota, North Dakota and Manitoba, the Northern Pacific railway will sell Homeseekers' tickets at one fare, plus $2.00, every Tuesday during March, April, May and June.

On first and third Tuesdays, same months, will sell similar tickets to all points in West and Southwest. For further information as to rates and tickets, call at City Ticket office, 332 Superior street.

Colonist Rates Via the Northwestern Line.

On sale daily until May 15th, to California at $32.00, Colorado, Utah and Wyoming at $22.50; Portland, Seattle and Tacoma, $25.00. Other points, proportionate rates. City Ticket office, 302 West Superior street. Depot, foot Fifth avenue west.

Race For Supremacy.

It is interesting to watch the race for supremacy among Minneapolis-St. Paul-Chicago trains. First place is securely held by the Pioneer Limited and the second place by the Fast Mail. Both trains are entirely owned by the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway. There are three other fast trains via this line from the Twin Cities to Chicago every day, and there is no extra fare to ride on them. Address W. B. Dixon, northwestern passenger agent, St. Paul, for further particulars, lowest rates, etc.

Low Rate Summer Excursions

Low rate summer excursions to Chautauqua Lake and Asbury Park. For illustrated folder, rates and general information write Erie R. R., 555 Railway Exchange, Chicago.

MAKE NEW CLAIM

A. D. Thomson & Co. File Further Protest Against Peavey Annex.

Has No State License and Has Filed No Bond.

A. D. Thomson & Co. have filed with the directors of the Duluth Board of Trade an additional protest against the maintenance of the Peavey concrete annex as a "regular" house, whose receipts must be accepted as delivery upon contracts.

It will be recalled that the firm last week filed a protest claiming in effect that the house is unsafe, having twice had accidents.

Thomson & Co. now supplements the first protest with the charge that the annex is maintained as a public warehouse without having procured from the state the license required by law, and without filing the bond required and that, as it is operating in violation of law and is subject to a heavy fine, it should no longer be maintained as a regular house by the Duluth Board of Trade.

This addition to the original protest created quite as much of a sensation as the original one. The law requires that all public warehouses shall be annually licensed by the state railroad and warehouse commission and shall file with the state a bond of not less than $10,000 and not more than $50,000, the amount to be fixed by the commission. Operating a house without a license subjects the person or corporation doing so to a fine of $50 for each day's operation.

The Peavey people say that they have always regarded the concrete annex and the working house adjoining, which passes the grain into it and takes it out again, as one warehouse and that the wooden house has always been licensed. It is understood that the state officials claim to have taken the same view. It is understood, however, that receipts have been issued for the houses separately.

The board of directors is meeting this afternoon to consider the matter.

Marine.

The tug office at the end of No. 4 dock has been improved to the extent of having a new office room put on its front for the tug dispatchers. In this office, which has been finished in pine, the dispatcher has his desk and telephones and as he sits in a bay window, has a clear view of the lake and harbor, seeing the whole of the marine view from one of the best points of vantage to be found on the water front. Dispatcher George Johnson, who is on days and Dispatcher John McMillan who is on night duty are congratulating themselves on the improvement.

TO PULL REND OFF.

Word has been received here that an attempt will be made to pull the steamer W. H. Rend off Manitou Island where she went ashore a few days ago. Some vesselmen believed that she will be gotten off all right if the weather holds good, but others think she is likely to go to pieces. It was thought that this would be the end of the steamer, but she may live to hoodoo some other vessels a while yet.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Milwaukee—Arrived: Schlesinger. Cleared: Wolvin, Superior; Outhwaite, Escanaba.

Cleveland—Arrived: Wright, Wallace, Oglebay

ADDITIONAL WANTS.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED — BY AN EXPERIENCED lady stenographer—a position. Law office preferred. C 68, Herald.

WANTED — WORK BY THE DAY, washing, ironing and cleaning. C 70, Herald.

WANTED—BY YOUNG GIRL, A PLACE to board and room; private family; will help mornings and evenings. Address C 73, Herald.

WANTED — MAN AND WIFE WOULD like to engage with some railroad company; woman to cook for section crew; man, section work or work in cedar camp. O 34, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS PLAIN SEWING OR any day work; housecleaning. C 67, Herald.

WANTED—PLAIN SEWING BY SEAMstress; will go out or take work home. 2830 West Third street.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

WANTED — POSITION BY YOUNG man in gents' furnishing or retail shoe house. Experienced; references. C 64, Herald

A BRIGHT, ACTIVE BOY, 15 YEARS OF age, would like to get a position with some railroad company; can furnish good references. O 32, Herald.

EMPLOYERS FURNISHED WITH competent male help free. Apply Employment department, Y. M. C. A. Both phones, 889.

ACCOUNTS AUDITED BY THOROUGH accountant. All business confidential. Address H. H., care Herald.

FARM LANDS.

FOR SALE — 80-ACRE IMPROVED farm at Missabe Station, D. & I. R., all cleared. House, store, barn and outbuildings; thirty tons of hay and a large amount of vegetables and other crops raised last year. William C. Sargent & Co., 176 Providence bldg.

FARM LANDS AND FARM LOANS. John Q. A. Crosby, 309 Palladio Bldg.

FOR RENT—STORES.

FOR RENT—FRONT HALF OF STORE, good for confectionery, employment or barber shop. Call at once at 530 West Superior street.

BASEMENT AND DESK ROOM AT No. 325 West Michigan street. George L. Tupper, 18 West Michigan street.

FOR RENT—STORE AT 32 EAST SECond street. Rooms at 15 Lake avenue north. Inquire M. Norris, 112 East Third street.

FOR RENT — STRICTLY MODERN stores on First street, near Wolvin building, ready to occupy June 1st, $32 per month, including heat and water. 205 Lyceum.

FOR RENT — STORE, CORNER FIRST street and Fifth avenue west. Inquire Hotel McKay office.

FURNITURE MOVING.

PIANOS A SPECIALTY. NEW PHONE 1222, or Duluth Music Co. W. Flett.

UPHOLSTERY.

C. F. FORSELL, PRACTICAL UPHOLsterer. Shop 333 E. Sup. St. Zenith, 949.

CHAIR CANING AND GENERAL REpairing. Goods called for and delivered. J. Underwood, new phone 1703.

LOST AND FOUND.

STRAYED OR STOLEN ON EASTER Sunday, one sorrel horse, age 8 years; mane cut; white hind feet, and dark brown horse, 12 years old. Liberal reward. Notify Sparta Livery, Sparta, Minn.

LOST — FRIDAY NIGHT, GENTS' watch, open face, silver case. Elgin movement, on Sixth avenue east, between Third and Fifth street. Finder leave at 311 Lyceum for reward.

LOST—LADY'S BROOCH PIN, PANSY pattern, with diamond in center. Finder will be rewarded by leaving at 206 South Sixteenth avenue east.

Double brick, West Third street — cheap. Will be worth 50 per cent more when Court House is located. 31-5.

Six-room house near car line—only $750. Why pay rent? 99-12.

Fifteen fine lots in Endion on Superior, First, Second, Third and Jefferson streets—cheap for the bunch.

Ten acres in heart of city — only $600 per acre — below Fourth street.

LITTLE & NOLTE INSURANCE LOANS REAL ESTATE UNDER AM. EX. BANK. ESTABLISHED 1886

Eleven fine lots in Lakeside—cheap for the bunch. Fine corner lots.

Fine Suburban Homes.

One of nine rooms, modern in every respect; cost $9,000. Can sell for $5,500. Let us show you this—it will only take about $2,000 cash. It has barn, etc., large grounds. 73-2.

One of nine rooms for $5,000. Fine location.

One of six rooms—only $1,800. A dandy home. 89-2.

DANGER!

If you realized for how long a time you could protect your property against loss by Tornado, Cyclone or Windstorm for a very small amount of money, you would insure at once with

MANLEY-McLENNAN AGENCY,

General Insurance and Surety Bonds,

Torrey Bldg., First Floor.

You want the best: we furnish it—See us for rates.

$7000 Improved corner, 3 houses, excellent investment. East Third street.

$2100 50-foot lot on East Fifth street.

$700 50-foot corner near Third street and Twenty-ninth avenue west.

$1000 50-foot corner lot on East Superior street.

11½ Acres on Hermantown road. All cleared. Ready for gardening purposes.

A. H. W. ECKSTEIN

Real Estate, Insurance and Loans. 300 Exchange Building. Zenith Phone 338.

5% LOANS WANTED 6%

Money on Hand For Real Estate Loans.

NO DELAY. NO ANNOYANCE.

THE BEST CONTRACT.

W. M. PRINDLE & CO

Lonsdale Building.

$5000 takes finest 150-foot corner on East Second street, in swellest district.

Make us an offer on 425 Ninth avenue East. We will sell this at a bargain.

A. C. VOLK & CO.

$5500 For choice corner lot and residence down town, within walking distance.

$800 for desirable lot on Fifth street, this side of Normal school. $900 for fine lot on Jefferson street.

COOLEY & UNDERHILL Exchange Building.

The man who wanted to buy a lot and the man who wanted to sell one were fellow-passengers on a street car today—but utter strangers to each other. A Herald want ad, inserted by either of them, would introduce them.

$3500 Will buy a seven-room house with modern bath room, located in the Normal school district on a street with all improvements made and paid for. House is finished in hardwood down stairs, has hardwood floors throughout, a concrete foundation, and is in the best of condition. Size of lot 50x140.

WHITNEY WALL,

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE.

Main Floor Palladio Building.

$625 Comfortable house, six rooms, easy terms. Duluth Heights.

$800 Fourth avenue west and Fourth street, 28x70 feet of ground. Splendid central location for house or flats.

$1050 Lot on Fourth street between Eighth and Ninth avenues east.

$1500 Seven-room house, stone foundation, cement cellar. Cost $1,700; on East Eighth street.

$2400 Seven-room house, Nineteenth avenue east, near London road—stone foundation, hardwood floors, water, sewer, etc. A fine home on easy terms.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.,

Real Estate—Mortgage Loans—Insurance.

220 West Superior Street.

C. H. GRAVES & CO.

Profitable property doesn't always require a large amount of money to swing it—not if you get the right property.

There are some owners that need your money more than they do their property. That's where a little ready cash has the advantage. We've just such a chance for you. Others will see this—so don't wait.

First Floor, Torrey Building.

C. H. GRAVES & CO.

TO MEET IN DULUTH

Western Passenger Association Will Convene In This City.

Annual Midsummer Meeting Is Called For July 10.

The Western Passenger association, comprising all the railroads in the region to the west and south of Chicago, will hold the regular midsummer meeting in Duluth this year, on Monda, July 10, according to a message received today by George M. Smith, general agent of the Omaha in Duluth, from George H. MacRae, assistant general passenger agent of the road.

The message was very brief, containing little more than bare announcement of the fact that the committee having the matter in charge had decided upon Duluth as a place for holding the meeting, and the information that Mr. MacRae would be in the city within the next two or three days to see about the preliminary arrangements looking to the entertainment of the guests while here. This will be the first time that Duluth has ever had the pleasure of entertaining this organization as a body, although, of course, individual members of some of the roads frequently visit here.

The gathering will draw representatives with their families from the South and entire western half of the United States, including Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Louis, the Twin Cities and other large cities through the country. As the meeting will be of considerable importance, with beneficial effects so far as the city is concerned, it is believed that quite elaborate arrangements for the entertainment of the railroad men while they are here will be made by the Commercial club and local railroad men. There will probably be the usual lake rides and drives around the city and boulevard, in addition to other features of entertainment.

Lester Park.

First dance of the season at Lester Park next Thursday evening, May 11. Grand opening of both pavilions Decoration day. Halls for rent to private dancing parties and lodges at a reasonable price. No intoxicating liquors allowed.

THOSE WHO HAVE DIED

New York, May 8.—George W. Lyon, surveyor of the port of New York under President Harrison and more recently judge of a minor court in the Philippines, is dead at the home of his son, in Saybrook, Conn. He had been ill for a long time. Lyon was prominent in politics here for years. He returned from his post in the islands over a year ago broken in health.

New York, May 8.—Edouardo Rubini Jervis, better known as douardo Rubini, once a distinguished singer and teacher of vocal music, is dead here at the age of 63 years.

CANADIAN PACIFIC EXPRESS WRECKED.

Moncton, N. B., May 8.—The Canadian Pacific express train which left Halifax about 8 a. m. today for Montreal and Boston was wrecked this afternoon near Dorchester, twenty miles east of this city. All of the cars except the sleeping car were derailed. The engine was also thrown from the track and it is reported that Engineer White was pinned beneath it. No word has been received as to the number of persons injured.

THE DECISION OF SECRETARY FINAL.

Washington, May 8.—In the case of Juy Toy, the supreme court of the United States held that the decision of the secretary of the department of commerce and labor, is final in Chinese exclusion cases. Juy is the son of Chinese parents, but claims to have been born in the United States. His exclusion was ordered after a temporary visit to China and he took the case to the federal courts.

AN ACCIDENT.

Five Boat Club Members Enjoys a Ducking.

Five members of the Duluth Boat club took an unexpected and very cold bath in the bay last Friday afternoon. All were sworn to secrecy, which explains why the story has not received more publicity before this. It was agreed that the less said about the incident the better. The unfortunates were getting in condition to try for the rowing crew, and occupied one of the frail shells. The water was rather rough, altogether too rough for so light a craft, as the rowers soon learned. When about eighty rods from the shore the boat capsized, and the services of the crew at the life-saving station were required to bring the men to shore. They were scantily attired, as befits such a crew, and the water, it is reported, had an unpleasant feeling, but no evil results have as yet been noted. The five patiently clung to the shell, or paddled about in its vicinity, until the life savers' boat arrived and took them on board.

Indictments Returned.

The grand jury returned another bunch of indictments today.

The Eveleth murderers are indicted for murder in the first degree and there is a considerable revision of the Austrians' names. The dead man instead of being Peter Koceran is Peter Kracovitch. Frank Lenich is one of the men indicted for the crime, but the other is given in the indictment as Frank Loufer.

Indictments were also found against Herman Kalberg, and John Cusac for grand larceny in the second degree and two against Rose Ettinger for the same offense.

Dr. von Suessmilch, The Dentist,

Has removed to 315 W. Superior St., over F. D. Day & Co.'s Jewelry Store

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CITY BRIEFS

Embossing. North Land-Printery.

Independent Ferry to Superior, 5c.

Dr. A. E. Walker has moved his office to 210 and 212 New Jersey building.

Benjamin Hanson, a farmer, was fined for stealing 10 cents' worth of hay, in the municipal court Saturday afternoon. The warrant for his arrest was sworn out by John D. O'Connell, Capt. Resche of the police department refusing to make an arrest for such a petty charge without a warrant. Hanson said he had been directed to put his team in O'Connell's barn by a Bowery saloonkeeper, and he had helped himself to an armful of hay.

Skin will probably be grafted on the wounds of Ruth Bakken, the 5-year-old girl who was burned while playing near a bonfire two weeks ago.

United States Immigrant Inspector W. H. Dean and Miss Root, appointed as government nurse, left yesterday for New York with two women who are to be deported. One woman was sent back to her home in Austria, as it is believed that she is insane or becoming so. The other woman was sent back because she is a pauper.

Engebert Moe, one of the "regular boarders" at the county jail, who took a leave of absence from the chain gang last week and went over to Superior for a change of climate, has been returned to the fold. He was picked up on Garfield avenue yesterday by Officer Olson. Moe was sent up April 2 for a 60-days' term for disorderly conduct, having abused his family. Last week Mrs. Moe was granted a divorce in district court, on the grounds of cruelty and non-support.

T. G. Vaughan has begun an action in district court against John J. Haley for a judgment of $387.50, which he alleges is his commission due for negotiating the sale of the Haley flats at Sixth avenue east and Third street, which were bought recently by Nellie Galbraith, for $10,500.

Clarence B. Miller of this city has been engaged to deliver the Decoration day address at Sandstone, Minn., this year.

At the Star of Hope mission this evening at 8 o'clock the services will be conducted by the Epworth league of the First M. E. church. There will be special music. The pastor, Dr. M. S. Rice, will speak.

The Woman's Relief corps will give a musical and literary entertainment in the Temple Opera hall Tuesday evening, May 9. Admission 25 cents.

See our new line of summer hats. Humes', over Suffel's.

William G. White has instituted in district court a suit against Harriet Smith and others to clear title to lot 234, block 31, Duluth proper, Second division.

A Northern Pacific special train will convey sixty-five or seventy Knights of Pythias to New Duluth this evening, leaving the Union depot at 7:30 o'clock. A class of eight new members will be initiated into the order at New Duluth tonight, and the North Star lodge team will have charge of the initiatory work. The visiting members will be banqueted and otherwise entertained.

PERSONALS

Mrs. M. J. Mullin of 1032 East First street, who was called to Chicago two months ago on account of the serious illness of her mother, returned yesterday.

Misses Lea and Minnie Young have returned from a short visit with their sister, Mrs. A. W. Lane of Fargo, N. D.

Walter E. Hunter spent Sunday with his brother in Virginia.

J. M. Gidding is registered at the Hotel Astor in New York.

Miss Ruby Perry left for Chicago today.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Mendenhall left for Atica, Ill., today.

Mrs. O. F. Humes has returned from Chicago.

J. C. Greenway and J. H. McLean, mine superintendents for the Oliver company on the range, were in the city yesterday.

S. T. Holten left for Minneapolis today.

Isaac Russ left for Milwaukee yesterday.

City Engineer McGilvray spent a few days with Governor Johnson's party, fishing on the Brule, as the guest of C. D. O'Brien of St. Paul.

A. L. Ordean has returned from a short fishing trip to the Brule.

Charles d'Autremont and family have returned from a six months' trip to Europe.

J. W. Comstock and family have removed from 230 East Third street to 1020 East Second street.

SWINDLED HIM OUT OF $1,100

St. Paul Teamster Asks For Arrest of Borrowing Widow.

St. Paul, May 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—Michael H. Hensel, a teamster today applied to the police for a warrant for the arrest of Mrs. Elsie Drayton, whom he alleged swindled him out of $1,100.

Mrs. Drayton, according to the story told to the police by Hensel, came to St. Paul from Chicago representing herself to be a wealthy widow and rented a handsome home on Dayton avenue. She engaged Hensel to move her goods from the depot and later, on various pretexts borrowed from Hensel several sums making the total stated. A week ago when Hensel called at the Dayton avenue home of Mrs. Drayton, he found the widow had left the city. It is said that she has performed the same feat in other cities. A deputy sheriff has been sent to arrest her.

MUNICIPAL OWNERSHIP

Endorsed By Carnegie In Speech at Leicester, Eng.

Leicester, Eng., May 8.—Andrew Carnegie was present here today at the opening of a free library, towards the erection of which he had contributed, and he took occasion to pay a tribute to the city of Leicester and its progress, which, he said, was so wonderful that it placed Leicester on a par with the cities in America. In endorsing the policy of municipal ownership, to which Leicester is a staunch adherent, Mr. Carnegie said that in all matters requiring the giving away of valuable franchises which in their nature became monopolies, the municipalities should undoubtedly undertake the work.

"We, in the new land," he said, "are less advanced. Smaller New York hitherto had given away its franchises and was glad to get capital to meet its ever growing requirements, but recently we have begun to take a leaf out of your book. In future franchises will be zealously guarded."

Turning to the free library question the benefit of which has been so much debated in this country, Mr. Carnegie said there is no greater cradle of pure democracy than a free public library in which the workman is joint owner with the other tax payers.

CHADWICK CASE PUT OVER.

Cincinnati, May 8.—The case of Mrs. Chadwick was today set for hearing by the United States court of appeals for Oct. 3.

ADMIRAL IS WARNED

De Jonquires Tells Rojestvensky to Leave Coast of Annam.

Japanese Scouts Are Patroling North of China Sea.

Saigon, Cochin China, May 8.—Admiral Rojestvensky's fleet has been located by Admiral De Jonquire's intelligence department in the neighborhood of a bay southward of Hon Kohe bay, coast of Annam. Rojestvensky was warned and said he would leave immediately.

St. Petersburg, May 8.—Gen. Linevitch, telegraphing from the front, under yesterday's date, says the Japanese cavalry, on May 4, drove back the Russian mounted forces.

Amoy, China, May 8.—Vessels arriving here report having sighted Japanese warships between this port and Hongkong. Japanese ships appear off Amoy at night and undoubtedly are in communication through this place with the island of Formosa.

A Japanese line of scouts is reported here to be around the south of Formosa and another line of scouts is said to reach out into the Pacific from opposite Tamsui, north of Formosa. A censorship is maintained over cable messages from Formosa.

St. Petersburg, May 8.—M. Notovitch, editor of the Novosti was re-arrested yesterday and charged with the publication of statements subversive of the existing form of government. He was released in $500 bail. The extreme penalty for M. Notovitch's offense is exile to Siberia for three years. The basis of the charge is the publication of a statement of Maxim Gorkey's lawyer in defense of his client. The case is attracting particular attention, the Novosti being the leading Jewish organ in Russia.

London, May 8.—Verbal communications quite recently passed between the British and French foreign offices concerning the alleged toleration by France of breaches of neutrality on the part of the Russian warships in the Far East. This was practically admitted to the Associated Press at the foreign office today, but the officials declined to enter into details on the matter.

In the absence of official and definite information it is said that the verbal communications were not unnatural, in view of the newspaper publications. From another source the Associated Press learned that Foreign Secretary Lansdowne communicated with the French ambassador in London, and to the French foreign office through the British ambassador at Paris within a few days.

Baron Hayashi, the Japanese minister, informed the Associated Press that from what he had seen in the papers he believed the Russian warships were not observing French neutrality. He added that it was not alone the question of the Russian ships being within the three-mile limit, Japan just as strongly objecting to the Russian fleet making a base of Indo China, lying outside the three-mile limit and receiving supplies from French ports.

Baron Hayashi laid stress on the statement that the French government had refused to allow press dispatches to be sent from Saigon and said he understood that to be a contravention of the international telegraph agreement.

PRESIDENT RETURNING

Executive on His Way Back From Hunting Trip.

Glenwood Springs, Col., May 8.—President Roosevelt started on his return trip to Washington this morning. His special train left here at 8 a. m. and is due in Denver at 5:20 p. m.

The president entertained at dinner last night his companions on his three weeks hunt in the Rocky mountains. After dinner he bade them an affectionate farewell and promised that all would live forever in his fondest memory. At the dinner were P. B. Stewart of Colorado Springs; Dr. Alexander Lambert, Guides Borah, Wells, Fry and Sprague, Courier Chapman and Secretary Loeb.

FULL PARDON IS REFUSED

To Mrs. Florence Maybrick By British Foreign Office.

Washington, May 8.—Amabssador Choate has cabled the state department that the British foreign office has refused to grant any further clemency to Mrs. Florence E. Maybrick, who recently made application through the state department at Washington for a complete pardon.

It appears that Mrs. Maybrick was not granted a complete pardon, but was released from imprisonment upon certain conditions and she still is technically under sentence. Her testimony is regarded as very necessary in the prosecution of a civil action of her mother, the Baroness Von Rouques, to recover a sum of money on account of land transaction which is now pending and it was to make her eligible as a witness that an application was made to the British government through the state department to grant a full pardon.

RUNAWAY GRAVEL CAR CAUSES FATALITIES.

Nashville, Tenn., May 8.—A gravel car on the street railroad here, ran away this afternoon down a steep hill. It collided with three or four vehicles and several people are reported killed.

The Prettiest Tailored Suits Shown This Season.

Every day brings a new epoch in our Store of Handsome Suits for women. Every day brings new arrivals, entirely different from their forerunners. Endless variety, novelty and scope.

We have no habit of ordering a great number of suits "of a pattern." Styles are always individual and many. A stock full of changes and always changing.

The last additions are the most effective—as they should be.

Beautiful pastel greens, tans, light checked materials, and rich blues and black. Among others, these are noticed for their smartness of style and trimming:

Suits of fine Serges and novelty checks—$25.00.

Suits of mohair novelty cloth, plaited, trimmed with linen and braid—$18.50 to $38.00.

Suits of fine checked material—$33.00 and $37.50.

Suits of voile, plaited, $40.00—of chiffon, serges and Panamas, $29.50 to $44.00.

All novel. Skirts, gored and plaited.

Skirts Worth Seeing. These "Special" Popular Priced Values.

$13.50 Beautiful Umbrella Skirts, $10.00—of fine Panama cloth, in black, navy, brown, tan, covert and novelty mixtures.

A Great Range of $10.00 Skirts at $7.50—of fine Panama cloths, mohairs, novelty mixtures and homespuns, side or box pleated; navy, brown, dark green, nuns' gray, cream, white and black shepherd check and black.

$5.75 for Mohair and Panama Skirts, regular $7.50—brown, black, navy and mixtures; 17 gores or umbrella effects. Complete sizes for women or misses.

Taffeta Petticoats at $5.00, exceedingly good quality.

You will probably say you never saw petticoats of such good quality at $5—and it is not strange if you haven't seen them, for although we've offered some very good values at $5 we do not remember any that were quite the equal of these.

Finely Tailored Jackets at $10.

Of excellent quality covert—tailored straps back and front—form fitting. Satin lined throughout and of splendid quality covert. Equal to anything sold in the city at from $12.50 to $13.50.

Fine Tailored Jackets at $15.

Of double and twist Tan Covert or fine Black Broadcloth. Beautifully tailored and strapped front and back, collarless or with collar; perfect fitting, lined with guaranteed satin, new leg-o'-mutton sleeve of double and twist covert cloth.

Nothing to compare with it in fit, workmanship or appearance for less than $20.00 to $22.50. Can also be had in black Broadcloth.

GIDDING'S.

NOTHING TO SAY.

Minister Herbert W. Bowen Arrives From Venezuela.

New York, May 8.—Herbert W. Bowen, American minister to Venezuela, arrived here today on the steamship Philadelphia. He said he would say nothing on Venezuelan affairs until he had reported at Washington. He inquired as to the present status of the Loomis charges, but declined to discuss the matter. He said he probably would go to Washington tomorrow.

MACHINISTS ON STRIKE.

Toronto, May 8.—The Grand Trunk railway machinists from Montreal to Port Huron, Mich. are out on strike, 2,500 men are involved. The question of hours and wages is involved.

CROWE STILL SCARCE.

Omaha, May 8.—No new developments came today in the hunt of the police for Pat Crowe. Chief Donahue believes that Crowe is still in the vicinity of Omaha, and has not relaxed his efforts to secure his capture.

HINTS ON GARDENING.

Gardening should be done in the spring, says the Detroit News.

It is rather dry amusement in hot weather.

To avoid getting muddy feet, sit on the fence and let somebody else step in the mud.

Flower seeds should not be planted too close to potatoes, as the flowers annoy potato bugs.

Tomato and cabbage plants will not grow too rapidly if planted six feet below the surface.

Apples planted before frost are likely to be poor and few in a hill.

Pumpkin trees should be set out early in the fall.

The best place for bonbon bushes is in the backyard out of the way of mischievous boys, liable to eat too much of the fruit and make themselves slightly indisposed.

DESERVES KNIGHTHOOD.

The constitution of the United States expressly forbids the giving of "titles of honor and distinction," else John Monagan of the Bronx would be knighted by the president, says the Kansas City Journal. Mr. Monaghan is building two new apartment houses, and no flat will be rented to a family without children. This is what the remarkable landlord says of his unusual course: "It may be a queer thing for a landlord to invite families with children into his houses, but that's what I am doing. Why, I have seen so much suffering from this inhuman prohibition against children in apartments that I think it is time for some one to take a hand in this matter."

ADJUSTING THE RATES.

The stage route from the Boston and Maine railroad station at Meredith, N. H., to Center Harbor and Sandwich is one of the few remaining links of the system that formerly extended all over New England, says the Boston Herald. Forty years ago John Little of Laconia, N. H., was a driver on this route. One day a fussy individual approached him with numerous inquiries regarding the route, and wound up by asking the rates of fare.

"Well," said John, "we charge $1 for first class, 75 cents for second, and 50 cents for third class passage."

The man looked over the stage and inquired where the third class passengers were seated.

"Oh," said John, "sit anywhere; we don't make any difference about that." And, thinking that he had struck a country crank, the man paid his 50 cents for a third class passage.

Everything went smoothly until they reached the foot of one of the long hills which extend over nearly one-half the distance, when the driver pulled up with the announcement: "First class passengers will remain seated, second class passengers will get out and walk, and third class passengers will get out and push."

SELLS LIVE FISH.

An East side wholesale fish dealer who supplies most of the Jewish peddlers with live fish has had a big automobile built, fitted with two tanks, for the transportation of fish from points on Long Island, says the New York Sun.

The Hebrews, according to their religion, must buy the fish alive. The fish were formerly packed into barrels with sea grass and kept more or less alive in this way until they reached the city. Now the dealer expects to go along the island, put the fish into the tanks and cart them here swimming, at less cost than it took to pack them.

AFTER TWENTY YEARS.

Although belated more than twenty years, a love letter appointing a tryst has been discovered and forwarded to the person addressed, Alonzo Birdsall, a motorman, who lives in Darby, says the Philadelphia Record. Birdsall was born and raised near Bay City, Mich., and there he met, wooed and won his wife, who was a Miss Parkinson.

Her parents and his people occupied adjoining farms, but, owing to a temporary feud, the young people's love did not run smoothly. They courted on the sly, and, to facilitate meetings, used to leave letters for each other in the hollow of an old elm tree. One day death visited the Birdsall family, and the feud was suddenly terminated. In the excitement Miss Parkinson totally forgot a letter she had just left in the tree.

The barriers removed, the lovers married, and about ten years ago moved to Philadelphia. Last week Birdsall received a letter from his brother, which explained that in chopping down the old elm he had found a note, which he enclosed. Although weather-beaten and discolored, the writing was legible. It ran: "John, Dear—Meet me at the willows tonight. Ellen."

Too Late to Classify

Blemishes, pimples eruptions rashes medicated by Satin skin cream soon disappear.

WANTED — POSITION IN CLERICAL capacity, young man, 27, experienced in general office work; Remington operator, window card writer, etc. Address O 35, Herald.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED COACHman; splendid position; good wages. Apply Dr. Magie, Lyceum building.

BARBER WANTED AT 2530 WEST Superior street.

WANTED AT ONCE—BRIGHT BOY TO wrap bundles. Apply Eagle Clothing House, 221 West Superior street.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED LAUNDRY girls. Acme laundry.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

John A. Tupper and Dorothy Nichols.

BIRTHS.

AVENBOOK—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Israel Avenbook of 105 First avenue east, May 4.

ASH—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Charles R. Ash of 716 East First street, May 6.

WATERS—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. George Waters of 118 East Fourth street, May 6.

MADDEN—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Edward Madden of 131 Central avenue, May 1.

SWANSTROM—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Swanstrom, Jr., of Twenty-first avenue west and First street, April 28.

DEATHS.

PHILLIPSON—A. H. Phillipson, aged 43 years, died May 5, at St. Luke's hospital of appendicitis.

JOHNSON—John A. Johnson, aged 33 years, died May 5 at 604 West Michigan street.

CARD OF THANKS.

I WISH TO EXPRESS MY SINCERE thankfulness and appreciation to the friends and lodges who so kindly assisted during my late bereavement in the loss of my wife.

ED. GILBERT.

BUILDING PERMITS.

Neil Walton, frame dwelling on Elinor street between Gravel and Fifty-fourth avenue west, to cost. $585

Isaac Anderson, frame dwelling on Minnesota avenue between Argyle and Dundee streets, to cost..... 500

Anton Jeanetta, concrete foundation on Piedmont avenue between Twenty-first and Twenty-second avenues west, to cost..... 500

C. A. Bentson, bay window on Fifth street, between First and Second avenues west, to cost.... 200

A Man Who Wants to Buy a Second-Hand Bicycle Looked Over These Ads. Today!

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

SHOPPING BY TELEPHONE

	Old Phone	New Phone
MEAT MARKETS—		
B. J. Toben	22	22
Mork Bros.	677-M	189
LAUNDRIES—		
Yale Laundry	479	479
Lutes' Laundry	447	447
DRUGGISTS—		
Boyce	163	163
COAL AND FUEL—		
Ohio Coal Co.	76	76
Pinch Fuel Co.	1291	1291
Upham Coal Co.	256	485
FUNERAL DESIGNS—		
Victor Huot	633-R	1370
FLORISTS—		
Seekins & Le Borious	1556	1626
BAKERIES—		
The Bon Ton		1166
SEWING MACHINES—		
ELECTRICAL CONTRACTING—		
Mutual Electric Co.	496	496
RUBBER STAMP WORKS—		
Cons. Stamp & Prtg. Co	702-K	755
FRENCH CLEANING—		
La Rose Dye Works	633-K	1191
PLUMBING AND HEATING—		
McGurin Plumbing & Heating Co.		815
ICE CREAM—		
Aerial Ice Cream Co.	469-M	1340-Y
DYE WORKS—		
Northwestern Dyeing & Cleaning Co.	285-M	1516

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR SALE—NINE-ROOM HOUSE. 906 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED COTTAGE, on Park Point. Inquire 616 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT — SEVEN-ROOM, BRICK dwelling, thoroughly modern; hot water heat, etc., East end. G. G. Dickerman & Co., Alworth building.

FOR RENT—DOUBLE HOUSE—NEW, six rooms each; very comfortable. 119-121 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT—SIX-ROOM HOUSE — MODern conveniences. Apply 814 East Third.

EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE — 823 WEST First street. All modern; rent, $22.

FOR RENT—SIX-ROOM HOUSE WITH bath. 632 West Second street. Immediate possession.

FOR RENT—COTTAGE ON BAY SIDE close to pavilion, Park Point. Old 'phone 1224-K.

FOR RENT — EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE, all modern conveniences, good location, $30 per month. C. H. Graves & Co., No. 102 Torrey bldg., Duluth, Minn.

$2,250—EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE CENTRAL, ly located, near Fourth avenue west. Water, sewer, bath. Terms agreeable. J. W. Shellenberger, 705 Palladio Bldg.

FOR RENT — NINE-ROOM HOUSE IN Park Terrace. Water and heat, $50 per month. 205 Lyceum.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM FLAT, BATH, electric light. 115 West Second street.

FOR RENT — SEVEN-ROOM FLAT, No. 625 East Third street; water and bath. $25.00 per month. Address 120 East Superior street.

FOR RENT — FIVE-ROOM FLAT, 312 South Nineteenth avenue east; also 5-room flat, 328 East First street. N. J. Upham Co.

FOR RENT — SIX-ROOM FLAT IN Park terrace; water and heat, $40 per month. 205 Lyceum.

FOR RENT—FOUR-ROOM FLAT. 2016 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—FINE SIX-ROOM BRICK flat, warm and cozy, central, all hardwood floors. Thomas W. Wahl Co., 203 Exchange building.

FLAT IN ASHTABULA TERRACE. Inquire 202 Lonsdale building.

MEDICAL.

MARRIED OR ANY ONE— GONOVA IS A French mode of treatment for male and female, for the positive, sure and prompt cure of gonorrhea, gleet, unnatural discharges, inflammation, irritations and ulcerations of the mucous membranes. An internal remedy with injection combined, warranted to cure worst cases in one week. $1 package or 2 for $5. Send your money to nearest druggist. He will deliver you the medicine at your residence, prepaid, in plain wrapper. Don't fool with cheaper or other remedies. Druggists supplied by jobbers.

FOR WOMEN ONLY—DR. RAYMOND'S Pills, for delayed periods, absolutely reliable, perfectly safe. No danger, no pain, no interference with work. Relief brought to thousands after everything else failed. Highly recommended by all that have used them. By mail $2.00. Dr. R. G. Raymond Remedy Co., Room 27, 81 Adams street, Chicago, Ill.

LADIES—Dr. La Franco's Compound; safe, speedy regulator, 25c, druggists or mail. Booklet free. Dr. La France, Phila. Pa.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSEN, GRADUATE MIDwife; female complaints. 413 Seventh avenue east. Old 'phone 865; Zenith 1225.

PAINTING, PAPERHANGING.

C. GILL, PAINTER AND PAPERhanger, 627 West Michigan street. Zenith 'phone 1518-X. Call and see him.

CIVIL ENGINEERS.

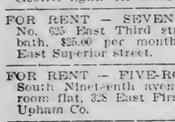
DULUTH ENGINEERING CO.—W. B. Patton, Mgr., 615 Palladio bldg. Specifications prepared and construction superintended for waterworks, sewers, etc.

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE—WE REPRESENT SEVen strong companies. Let us write your insurance. Wm. C. Sargent & Co., 106 Providence Bldg.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST COMpanies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

LEADING MUSIC STORE.



MUSIC and musical merchandise of every description. Edison phonographs and orchestra instruments, pianos and organs. INGVALD WESTGAARD, 7 and 9 First Avenue West.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR, BURrows bldg. Best work. Moderate prices.

CLOTHES BOUGHT.

I BUY all kinds of old clothing; highest prices. G. Shapiro, 721 W. Superior St. Zenith 1582-X.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE.
REAL ESTATE.
$250 will buy Park Point lots; $300 for better ones. I can build you a home. Come and see me.
W. F. LEGGETT.
507 Burrows Building.

AN EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE NEAR Lincoln Park. In good repair. Complete plumbing, electric lights, No. 1 hardwood floors over entire house, with exception of one room. Lot 33 1-3x140 ft. All street improvements paid. Price $2,700. Enquire of S. Morterud, 1931 West Superior street, or at residence, 429 Twenty-sixth avenue west.

FOR SALE—50 FEET ON UPPER SIDE Superior street, between Thirty and Thirty-first avenues west. Good location for speculation from benefit of electric power and new railroad. Price $1,500. W. M. Prindle & Co.

FOR SALE — FOUR-ROOM COTTAGE and choice lot, near La Fayette Square, Park Point—$800. Wm. C. Sargent & Co., 106 Providence Building.

FOR SALE — FIVE ACRES, ALL cleared and fenced, good house, well and cellar, 700 feet from school and post-office. F. Frantz, Arnold, Minn.

FOR SALE—FIVE AND TEN-ACRE tracts, close to street car. Easy payments. Send us your address and we will call and see you. W. M. Prindle & Co., 2 Lonsdale building.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Zenith, 936. Duluth Tel. 759-R

MONEY TO LOAN!
WESTERN LOAN CO.,
Pioneers in the Business. 521 Manhattan Bldg. Courteous Treatment to All.
MANAGED BY MEN!

$10 to $1,000 on horses, cattle, wagons, pianos, household goods. Salaried people with steady employment can borrow on their plain note. Lowest rates and best terms in the Northwest. No charge for taking application. Everything absolutely confidential.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC.
We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $100. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms, on their plain note, without mortgage, endorsers or publicity. Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.
MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY,
205 Palladio Building.
Phones—New, 383; Old, 636-M.

THE BEST PLACE TO MAKE A SALARY LOAN.
Because: Offices are private.
Because: We loan on personal notes.
Because: All dealings are confidential.
Because: We give actual rebate.
Because: We are open Wednesday and Saturday evenings.
Because: We give the easiest terms.
Because: We are the
DULUTH FINANCE CO.,
301 Palladio Building.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, diamonds, furs, etc., and all goods of value from $1 to $1,000. We hold all goods one year, even if interest is not paid. The only recognized, reputable pawnbroker. Established 1887 Keystone Loan and Mercantile Co., 16 West Superior street. Zenith phone 1680-X.

UNION LOAN CO.—Makes loans' buys notes and mortgages. 210 Palladio.

MONEY SUPPLIED TO SALARIED people and others upon their own names, without security; easy payments. Office in 51 principal cities. Tolmon, 640 Palladio building.

Money to Loan on Watches, Diamonds, Furs, Guns and all articles of value. We have two large fire and burglar proof safes. All business strictly confidential. The only up-to-date and reliable place in the city to transact your business. Give us a trial. Crescent Brokers, 413½ West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE security in sums from $900 up. Any amount—no delay—all privileges—5, 5½, 6 per cent. Let us know what you need. William C. Sargent & Co., 106 Providence building.

FOR SALE—HORSES.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN, Midway Horse Market, St. Paul, have the largest assortment of horses in the entire Northwest. Auction every Wednesday at 2 o'clock. Private sales daily. Part time given.

CRUSHED OATS
CRUSHED OATS
Is the best feed for your horse. It gives him more strength than other feeds. Maginnis Grain and Feed company, foot of Third avenue east. New 'phone, 666; old 'phone, 1154-M.

FOR SALE — ONE HORSE, SINGLE dray, double harness. A. N. Wilson, Thirty-seventh avenue east and Dagwall street. Zenith phone 6088.

FOR SALE — ACCLIMATED, FINE draft and general purpose horses; 70 to 100 head always on hand. Stone-Ordean-Wells company.

FOR SALE—COWS.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD FRESH MILCH cows. Will sell or exchange for fat cattle. E. Carlson, Twenty-second avenue west and Twelfth street. Zenith 1654-D.

COW FOR SALE—JERSEY, 2 YEARS old, fresh about May 10th. Will P. Hicken, 4627 Cooke street, Lakeside.

S. M. KANER WILL ARRIVE WITH a carload of fresh milch cows Wednesday, May 10. Some full-blooded Jerseys in the lot. 1219 East Seventh street. Zenith phone 1387.

A CARLOAD OF FRESH MILCH COWS just arrived, will exchange for fat cattle. 821 Fourth avenue east. I. L. Levine.

ARRIVED A CARLOAD FRESH MILCH cows, cheap. H. Hill, 329 St. Croix avenue.

Cows—74th Ave. W., bay front. A. Smith.

TYPEWRITERS.

MINIMUM OF REPAIRS, MAXIMUM of sales; they go together with the Remington. Remington Typewriter Co., New York and everywhere.

WANTED—TO RENT.

LOCATION FOR CIGAR STORE; MUST be on Superior street, between Fifth avenue west and Second avenue east. Address C 71, Herald.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE — SHAFTING, HANGERS, pulleys. Seipel & Huntley, printers, 220 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—BRICK HOUSE AT LAKEside, six rooms, with bath and toilet; stone foundation; price $2,300; only $1,100 cash. Inquire of owner, No. 5725 Oneida street.

FOR SALE — PRACTICALLY BRAND new Smith-Premier typewriter. Reasonable for cash. O 26, Herald.

FOR RENT! FOR RENT!
FOR RENT! FOR RENT!
FOR RENT! FOR RENT!
FOR RENT! FOR RENT!

Store room No. 511 West Superior street. Fixtures for sale, consisting of a nice safe, shelving, show cases, mirrors, and a fine $75 desk.

PALACE JEWELRY CO.,
324 West Superior St.

BARGAIN—$400 CASH TAKES COMplete rooming house on Superior street; fine location for man and wife. C 95, Herald.

FOR SALE—GO-CART, GOOD AS NEW. Call afternoons or evenings, 312 East Fifth street.

$150 BUYS FINE UPRIGHT PIANO; used four months; cost $325. Room 219 Lowell building.

FOR SALE, CHEAP—1904 CYPHERS INcubator; capacity 220. Address O 35, Herald.

FOR SALE—SECOND-HAND BUGGY—cheap. 114-116 West Superior street.

FISHING TACKLE, BICYCLE SUNdries and baseball goods. Prices to meet all kinds of competition. J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

TWO HUNDRED FIFTY FEET WIRE netting, post and railing fence. Will sell cheap. 1130 East Second street. W. J. Allen.

FOR SALE, CHEAP — GASOLINE launch, 2 H. P., 16 feet; Pearson hull; owner leaving city. C 66, Herald.

FOR SALE — STOVES, CARPETS, dressers, commodes, tables, chairs, iron beds complete, very cheap. 506 East Second street.

FOR SALE—CONFECTIONERY, CIGAR store and ice cream parlor. C 94, Herald.

FOR SALE—HACK, IN FINE CONDITion, easy payments if desired. Call or write, 205 Palladio building.

FOR SALE—EIGHT-ROOM DWELLING, all modern conveniences, on Superior street, east of Fourteenth avenue East. Inquire at 302 First National Bank building.

LANDS FOR SALE.

HARDWOOD TIMBER LANDS NEAR Duluth in tracts of 40 to 160 acres, for sale at prices so low that the timber cut into cordwood will pay for the land and timber both. Easy terms. Guaranty Farm Land Co., 416 Lyceum.

ACRES IN LARGE AND SMALL tracts for gardens, poultry or stock, in all parts of St. Louis county; some very desirable five and ten-acre pieces in valley of Lester, two or three miles from Pavilion. Wm. C. Sargent & Co., 106 Providence Bldg.

400 ACRES IN ST. LOUIS COUNTY AT $1.25 per acre. Timber sold, but no taxes for owner of land to pay until timber is removed. One half of mineral rights goes with land. Lands at this price are an absolutely safe investment. Guaranty Farm Land Co., 416 Lyceum.

SEVERAL SMALL TRACTS OF LAND located on lakes in St. Louis county, and desirable for summer homes, and for hunting and fishing. Some have good comfortable buildings. Prices $3 to $5 per acre. Guaranty Farm Land Co., 416 Lyceum.

160 ACRE FARM FOR $1,000. HOUSE 15x20 with 10x12 addition. Barn 16x18 with hay loft. Another barn 20x23. 32-foot well of fine water. Only 40 rods from railroad. School half a mile. Nine miles from city limits on good road. There is over 2,000 cords of hardwood which alone is worth twice what is asked for the whole property. Title perfect. Easy terms. Guaranty Farm Land Co., 416 Lyceum.

IMPROVED FARMS OF 40 TO 160 acres in St. Louis, Carlton and Douglas counties for sale at low prices and on easy terms. Guaranty Farm Land Co., 416 Lyceum Building.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. HENLEY—PRIVATE HOSPITAL for women. 304 St. Croix avenue.

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL — WILL THE PARTIES who are dissatisfied with their meals try the Boston cafe. 7 East Superior street. The best at popular prices, with clean, quick service.

SAFE! SURE! GUARANTEED FEMALE Pens; quickly relieve suppression from any cause. $2. French Remedy Co., box 267, Duluth, Minn.

MILLINERY.

UP-TO-DATE MILLINERY AT LOW prices. Miss Swenson, 106 West Superior street.

MARIA HEIAM, 1913 West Superior St.

MILLINERY—Over Suffel's. HUMES.

MISS FITZPATRICK, 502 E. 4. Old 'phone

M. A. COX, 330 EAST FOURTH STREET.

A SNAP.

$1,200.000 TAKES A GOOD EIGHT-ROOM house on corner of Seventh street and Twenty-fifth avenue west; $675 cash, balance to suit. Look this up. J. A. Stephenson, 104 Providence building.

CANCERS AND TUMORS.

All stomach and blood diseases cured by Herbaqueen remedies. Dr. Flnsen's Ray. Herbaqueen Mfg. Co., 14 West Sup. St.

NOTICE.

THE RING-ROSE CLEANING ESTABlishment has opened a branch at 18 Third avenue west, under Northern Electric Co. We do cleaning, dyeing and repairing. Moderate prices.

DYE WORKS.

NORTHWESTERN DYING & CLEANing Co., 17 North Lake avenue. French dry cleaners and fancy dyers. Largest and best and most reliable dye house in the Northwest. Both 'phones.

ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS—PRACTIcal dyers and French dry cleaners. We make a specialty of pantorium work. 6 East Superior street. Both 'phones.

AERIAL HOME BAKERY.

Fresh home baking. Mrs. Alice Shields, 332 E. Superior street. Old 'phone 1172-M.

No adcertisement less than 15 cents.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

YOUR DOOR BELL buzzes busily all day long after you have told about that VACANT ROOM through a Herald Want Ad. Tell it to Phone 324.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED room, steam heat; both gas and telephone; board if desired. 921 East First street.

FOR RENT—FOUR PLEASANT ROOMS, $7. 4701 Dodge street, Lakeside.

FURNISHED ROOMS AT 117 WEST First street.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED rooms; day, week or month; central location; rates reasonable. 207 West Superior street.

FOR RENT — PLEASANT FRONT room, furnished or unfurnished. 823 East Third street.

FOR RENT — TWO OR THREE FURnished or unfurnished rooms, to gentlemen, in fine home, central; Superior street car line. Address M. R., Herald. Old 'phone 223-K.

FOR RENT—A SUITE OF TWO ROOMS at 7 West Superior street, suitable for office purposes. C. P. Craig & Co., 220 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—A FURNISHED MODERN home for the summer, seven rooms, Lakeside. Address X 6, Herald.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOMS, $10 PER month. 1112 West Third street.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED rooms, all modern conveniences. 704 West Second street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM, with board. Old 'phone 725-R.

FURNISHED ROOM, 232 MESABA AVE.

Other Wants On Page 11

TWO FURNISHED ROOMS FOR TWO gentlemen, modern. 807 E. First street.

FOR RENT — LARGE FURNISHED front room with alcove; will allow light housekeeping, 325 Third avenue west, upstairs.

TWO UNFURNISHED ROOMS FOR light housekeeping. 420 Sixth avenue west.

FOR RENT — LARGE FURNISHED room with alcove; light housekeeping allowed. 20 First avenue west.

FOR RENT—ONE LARGE FURNISHED or unfurnished room, 708 East First street.

FURNISHED ROOMS FOR HOUSEkeeping. 420 First avenue west.

FOR RENT—NINE LARGE FURNISHor unfurnished rooms, 708 East First street.

FIVE ROOMS FOR RENT, 309 WEST First street.

FOR RENT—ROOMS, 110 FIRST AVEnue west.

FURNISHED ROOMS WITH OR WITHout board, at 213 Second avenue east.

FURNISHED ROOM FOR RENT. 10 Mason flats.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED front room. 229 Fifth avenue west.

FOR RENT — THREE ROOMS, CENtral, cheap. Call at 32 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT—TWO PLEASANT ROOMS, furnished complete for housekeeping. Call 710 West Second street.

NICELY FURNISHED FRONT ROOM, all modern, for one or two gentlemen, 224 Third avenue east.

FOR RENT — TWO NICELY FURnished rooms at reasonable rent. 320 West Third street.

ONE DESIRABLE FURNISHED ROOM, modern conveniences; gentleman preferred. 707 West Second street.

YOUNG MEN SEEKING PLEASANT homes should consult boarding house register at Y. M. C. A.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED AND UNfurnished steam-heated rooms. 218 West Superior street.

A LARGE FURNISHED ROOM, 217 Second avenue east.

FOR RENT — OFFICES, MESABA building. Julius D. Howard & Co.

WANTED TO BUY.

FIRST-CLASS CIGAR STORE OR stand for cash. Address C 72, Herald.

WANTED AT ONCE — DELIVERY horse. Apply Beck's market, 230 West Second street.

WANTED TO BUY — ONE DOUBLE flat-top office desk and chairs; must be in good condition. E. A. Lindgren, 430 West Superior street.

WANTED TO BUY—TEN-FOOT OAK counter; must be in good condition. E. A. Lindgren, 430 West Superior street.

HIGHEST CASH PRICES PAID FOR men's and women's clothing. Abe Winer, 502 West Superior street. Zenith 1640.

STENOGRAPHER.

STENOGRAPHY AND BOOKKEEPING taught. 31 Twenty-fifth avenue west, corner First street.

DENTISTRY.

TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN. Duluth Dental Parlors, 3 West Superior street.

No advertisemetn less than 15 cents.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

COOK, DISHWASHERS, WAITRESSES, laundresses, general housework and nurse girl. Somer's Emp., 17 2nd Ave. E.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; small family. 220 Fifth avenue east, flat B.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Mrs. B. E. Baker, 6009 Tioga street, Lester Park.

WANTED — LADIES TO SEND US their old carpets to be made into fluff rugs. For particulars write the R. Abt Co., rug weavers, 139 South Halstead street, Chicago, Ill.

LADIES TO KNOW THAT THE BEST millinery at the lowest prices can only be had at Brandt's, 114 West Fourth street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 412 West Third street.

WANTED—COMPETENT COOK, MAY 8. Mrs. Clinton Markell, 219 Fourth avenue east.

WANTED—A GOOD COOK. APPLY TO 302 Sixteenth avenue east.

WANTED—GIRL TO WORK IN KITCHen at the Midland hotel.

LADIES—EARN $20 PER HUNDRED writing short letters. Enclose stamped envelope. American Belt Works, Batavia, Ill.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; small family. 103 Park terrace, Eighth avenue west.

WANTED — A COMPETENT COOK, AT once. Mrs. J. B. Cotton, 1617 East First street.

COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENERAL housework at 1214 East Second street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR FAMILY OF three persons. Call at 101 North Fifty-eighth avenue west.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED CHOCOlate dipper in Boston Candy Kitchen, 307 West Superior street.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED HATMAKer for millinery department; good wages. Roth Bros., "Bee Hive," Superior.

WANTED — SECOND COOK — GOOD wages; no Sunday work. Apply at once, 207 West Superior street.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WIDOWER, with three children ages 5, 12 and 14, a young widow as housekeeper; no objection to one small child. Call or address 4628 Rene street, West Duluth.

WANTED—DININGROOM GIRL AND girls to wait on table. California Restaurant, 620 West Superior street.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 1723 East Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 1016 East First street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. German preferred. 129 West Fourth street.

WANTED—NEW-COMER GIRL. CALL 2532 West Superior street.

WANTED — CHAMBERMAID, FINlander preferred. Nicollet hotel.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Mrs. Hoff, 211 West Second street.

WANTED—SMALL GIRL TO TAKE care of baby. 632 West First street.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

WANTED — FOR U. S. ARMY — ABLEbodied, unmarried men, between ages of 18 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write English. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, Torrey building, Duluth, Minn.

BOY FOR CHECK ROOM. SPALDING Hotel.

BOOKS OPENED, POSTED, AUDITED and closed. All business confidential. Thorough accountant. M., Herald.

WANTED — TINNERS TO STAY AWAY from Duluth until strike is settled. Ads to the contrary notwithstanding. By order of local union, No. 32.

WANTED PARTNER — STENOGRApher preferred, to join me in establishing a Correspondence School. Must invest $100. Address Correspondence, care of Herald.

WANTED — PANTS AND VESTMAKER at No. 9 Twentieth avenue west. Karl J. Hagberg.

WANTED — CLERK FOR RAILROAD office; salary $55 per month; chance for advancement. C 65, Herald.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN TO WORK IN dairy and deliver milk. Take Woodland car. Woodland Dairy.

WANTED — IMMEDIATELY TWO first-class coatmakers. Permanent position. George H. Brenton.

WANTED—TWO EXPERIENCED MEN for greenhouse. Elschen Bros.

WANTED—COATMAKER. B. E. WELLberg, 2004 West Superior street.

WANTED—TWO COATMAKERS, ONE pantmaker. J. S. Lane, 217 West Superior street.

MEN TO LEARN BARBER TRADE. Splendid opportunity just now. Write for free illustrated catalouge. Moler Barber college, 221 Second avenue south, Minneapolis, Minn. Established 1895.

ARE YOU GETTING ALL YOU EARN? Getting tired of working for small pay? We can enable you to make at least $3 a day selling our celebrated household specialties on easy payments. Experience and investment not necessary; city or country. Gately Supply company, 8 East Superior street.

WANTED—TWO GOOD COATMAKERS; steady work. Mies, Wolvin building.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

ANDERSON'S DETECTIVE AGENCY—B. F. Anderson, Mgr., 527 Manhattan building, Duluth. Zenith phone, 660; residence, 1213.

STOVE REPAIRS.

DULUTH STOVE REPAIR WORKS, 217 East Superior street. Both phones.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk Factor, 220 W. Superior St.

KNAUF'S METHO CREAM

CLEARS THE COMPLEXION. KNAUF Sisters' Hair Store.

SATIN TOILET SPECIALTIES.

Nourish away wrinkles, lines and blemishes with Satin skin cream and powder.

BAND AND ORCHESTRA.

LA BROSSE BAND AND ORCHESTRA; residence, 430 Nineteenth avenue west. Phones, Zenith 1717-X; Duluth 678-R. Office with Lundberg & Stone, 221 West Superior street.

WATCH REPAIRING.

WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING done promptly and in a thorough manner. J. Gruesen, 31 West Superior St.

ENGLISH AND GERMAN BOOKS

OF ALL KINDS. FINE PICTURE framing. Gustav Hennecke, 211 East Superior street.

DRESSMAKING.

FASHIONABLE DRESSMAKING Charges reasonable. 1917 Diugwall street. Duluth phone 1034-L.

MADAME FERRIER—WORK AND FIT guaranteed first-class. Old phone 1400-L. 304 McDonnell block.

ASHES AND GARBAGE.

ASHES AND GARBAGE REMOVED. Telephone 570-Y, Zenith.

BY LOAD OR MONTH. 48 both phones.

CHIROPRACTIC INSTITUTE.

DR. KONKLER CURES FEMALE DISeases, 314, 315 and 316 Burrows building. Zenith 'phone. Consultation free. We teach chiropractic.

ARCHITECTS.

FRANK L. YOUNG & CO., 201 Pal. Bldg.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

JOE POPKIN,

THE TAILOR, HAS MOVED OVER Gidding's. Suits pressed, 50 cents; pants, 15 cents.

BOSTON HAIR PARLORS.

FACIAL BLEMISHES, HAIR MOLES, warts removed by electricity. Shampooing, manicuring, hair switches. Miss Kelly, opp. Glass Block. Both 'phones.

MINES AND MINING.

R. B. HIGBEE, GERMANIA LIFE building, St. Paul, Minn., dealer in iron lands.

IRON MINES, iron lands, iron leases and mining stock. O. A. Nafe, 407 Torrey.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

MATTRESSES REPAIRED.

ALL KINDS OF MATRESSES MADE to order. Let me make yours. Repairing neatly done. Duluth Bedding co., 733 West Mich. St. Zenith 'phone 1732.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEYER, 14 W. SUPERIOR ST.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.
PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings first and third Monday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting May 15. Work—First degree. Guy A. Eaton, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

ICNIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, May 8, 1905. Work—Second degree. William D. Underhill, W. M.; H. S. Newell, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting May 3rd, 1905. Work—M. M. Degree. William A. McGonagle, H. P.; W. T. TenBrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY NO. 18, K. T. Stated conclave, first Tuesday of each month at 8 p. m. Stated conclave May 2, 8 p. m., at Masonic Temple, Lake avenue and Second street. C. W. Wilson, Em. Com.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

SCOTTISH RITE.
Regular meetings every Thursday evening of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting, May 4th, 1905. Work—General business. Jerome E. Cooley, secretary.

K. O. T. M.
DULUTH TENT, NO. 1, MEETS EVERY Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. John P. Peterson, Com., 2017 West Third street; Charles J. Hector, finance keeper, 39 West First street; J. B. Gelineau, R. K., third floor Hunter bldg. Office hours, 10 a. m. to 1:30 p. m.

MODERN SAMARITANS.
ALPHA COUNCIL, NO. 1, meets every Thursday, 8 p. m., in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. Next meeting May 11. Samaritan degree. F. A. Noble, G. S.; W. P. Welbanks, scribe; Thomas A. Gall, financial scribe.

A. O. U. W.
FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 165, meets in Hunter hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Lee Warner, M. W.; W. W. Fenstermacher, recorder; O. J. Murvold, financier, 8 East Seventh street.

A. O. U. W.
DULUTH LODGE, NO. 10, meets in Odd Fellows' hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. Geo. J. Sherman, M. W.; J. W. Stepherdson, financier; A. E. Blake, recorder. Sick benefits meets 7:30 o'clock. A good time after meeting. All members come.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock sharp at 118 West Superior street. May 9, Work in the Third degree. G. E. Storms, C. C.; H. B. Young, K. R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.
DULUTH ARIE, NO. 79, MEETS every Thursday night, at 8 o'clock at Eagle hall, Folz building, 116 West Superior St. W. E. Brown, W. P.; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, 23 West Superior St. Apply to W. E. Brown, 417 West Superior street, for rental of hall.

M. W. A.
IMPERIAL CAMP, NO. 2266, meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior St., first and third Mondays. Visiting members always welcome. F. B. Beaupre, V. C.; N. P. Turnbladt, banker; Robert Rankin, clerk.

I. O. F.
COURT COMMERCE, NO. 3283, Independent Order of Foresters, meets first and third Friday evening, at 8 o'clock at Kalamazoo hall. Next meeting, May 19, 1905. Initiations. R. J. Packard, C. R.; W. W. Hoopes, R. S.

CLAN STEWART, NO. 50, O. C. C.—meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at 8 p. m., in Folz hall, West Superior street. John G. Ross, chief; Malcolm MacDonald, secretary; John Burnett, financial secretary. 10 Mason Flats. Next meeting, Wednesday, May 3.

ROYAL LEAGUE.
ZENITH COUNCIL—NO 161, Royal League, meets in Elks' hall, second and fourth Monday evenings at 8 o'clock. J. P. Heffernan, archon; L. P. Murray, scribe. 1815 East Fifth street.

KNIGHTS OF THE LOYAL GUARD.—Subordinate Division, No. 122, meets first and third Wednesday evenings each month. Hall A, Kalamazoo block. E. F. Heller, Capt. Gen'l; H. V. Holmes, paymaster, 415 Fifteenth avenue east. Mrs. Mary P. Foster, recorder, 720 Third avenue east.

MODERN MACCABEES—Zenith City Tent No. 1044 meets every first and third Friday of the month at Hall B, Kalamazoo building. Commander, J. A. McCuen; record keeper, E. R. Gnilke; finance keeper, Wm. Blainey, address care of National Biscuit company.

U. A. O. D.
DULUTH GROVE NO. 40, meets the second and fourth Monday at Kalamazoo hall. F. G. Sandstedt, N. A.; M. Monson, financial secretary.

INTERNATIONAL BROTHERHOOD OF Teamsters, Local No. 411, meets at Manhattan Bldg., 412 West Superior street, room 204, second and fourth Monday of each month. A Beattie, president, 2809 West Helm street; J. M. Rock, recording secretary, 722 Garfield avenue; Archie McPherson, secretary-treasurer, 816½ East Fifth street.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; small family. 1115 East Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1115 East Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1115 East Superior street.

PALMIST.

COME! COME! COME!
Madam DeVerna
Is going to leave. The LAST CHANCE TO SEE HER

For she will leave the city May 20th. Don't miss this chance, when she is gone you will regret that you did not avail yourself of her wonderful knowledge and advice. What she charged pennies for will be worth hundreds to you in the future. She is now located over the Bijou theater, 10 East Superior street. Hours: 9 to 12 a. m., 1 to 9 p. m. Her $1.00 Readings for 50 cents.

AGENTS WANTED.

HERE'S YOUR CHANCE — TO BUILD up a permanent business, with a splendid income. We wish to appoint an agent, (man or woman) to represent us at Duluth and adjacent territory. We manufacture dustless floor and carpet brushes, that sweep without dust. Unquestionably one of the best sellers on the market. Without competition. Guaranteed absolutely. Can give exclusive territory and will make attractive proposition to live wide-awake party. Write us today for full particulars. Milwaukee Dustless Brush Co., Milwaukee, Wis.

WANTED — AN AGENT IN EACH LOcality for "Men and Women" (Catholic magazine). O. 5, Herald.

BOARD OFFERED.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH board, bath, telephone and all modern conveniences; also table board if desired. 20 West Third street.

FURNISHED ROOMS WITH BOARD TO gentlemen. Private family. Three blocks from business center. References exchanged. Address "M. C.," Herald office.

DESIRABLE SUITE OF ROOMS, WITH first-class board. 318 West Second St.

TWO NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS with board, bath, telephone and all modern conveniences. 9 Chester Terrace.

FURNISHED ROOMS AND BOARD, 218 West Third street.

LOANS WANTED.

IF YOU WANT THE LOWEST RATE and the best terms, I can satisfy you. John A. Stephenson. Ask for Frank E. Kennedy.

MERCHANT TAILOR.

SUITS PRESSED, 50c; PANTS, 15c. J. Oreckovsky, 10 Fourth avenue west.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MADAME BIAS, SPIRITUALIST MEDium, 1809 Eleventh St., Superior, Wis.

NOTICE.

FINE LINE OF LADIES', GENT'S AND children's shoes. You will get a perfect fit and save 25 cents on the dollar by buying at 229 East Superior street. Repairing while you wait. Soles, 50 cents. N. Nurick.

FLORIST.

EVERYTHING in plants, cut flowers, artistic designs. Seekins, 110 W. Sup. St.

CHINA FIRING.

INMAN STUDIO. 114 So. 14th Ave. E.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

14 Pages. **DULUTH EVENING HERALD.** 14 Pages.

TWENTY-THIRD YEAR. LAST EDITION. TUESDAY, MAY 9, 1905. TWO CENTS.

AN AWFUL TORNADO STRIKES MARQUETTE, KANS., HURLING SLEEPING PEOPLE TO DEATH

FRANCE FORBIDS JUNCTION OF RUSSIAN FLEETS IN ITS WATERS

Issues Strict Orders to Naval Authorities at Indo China.

French Admiral Must Make Rojestvensky Keep His Promises.

Paris, May 9.—Orders have been sent to the civil and naval authorities in French Indio-China not to permit the junction within French waters of the Russian naval forces under Admiral Rojestvensky and Rear Admiral Nebogatoff. Instructions have also been sent to Admiral De Jonquieres, the French naval commander to see that Rojestvensky fully observes the promise he has already given to leave French waters. These orders resulted from the receipt of a detailed dispatch giving an account of Admiral De Jonquieres meeting with Rojestvensky. The dispatch says the Russian fleet made a four days' cruise on the high sea outside the three miles limit and then returned last Saturday, anchoring at Kong-Hai and requested Admiral Rojestvensky to immediately withdraw outside territorial waters. The Russian admiral gave De Jonquieres his word that he intended to leave his anchorage and take to the open sea. He also informed De Jonquieres that in his communications with the land he had not violated any of the neutrality regulations and that the stops of the Russian fleet along the Indo-China coast were for the purpose of resting the crews. The Russian admiral said he would depart the following day. The French admiral then returned from Kong-Hai to advise the French government of the result of the interview. He returned to Kong-Hai yesterday to see whether Rojestvensky's promise to go to sea had been carried out and found the Russian warships still at their anchorage but preparing to depart. Admiral Rojestvensky assured him that the entire fleet would leave during the night.

RUSSIANS RIDICULE

The Japanese Threats Made Against the French.

St. Petersburg, May 9.—The Japanese threats against France are not taken very seriously here. The Russian authorities continue to maintain that Admiral Rojestvensky has not overstepped the limits of neutrality. In view of the excited state of the Japanese over the possibility of the fruits of their previous land and sea victories being swept away Japan's protests are considered quite natural but her attitude towards a chivalrous country like France is regarded as a blunder.

While Great Britain is expected to support her ally and secure fair play, should Japan press France too far, Great Britain, it is said, can be counted upon to use all her influence to calm the statesmen at Tokio. The interests of Japan could not be served according to an opinion here by an extension of the hostilities unless Admiral Togo is beaten in which case it is not doubted that Japan will use the pretext of French violation of neutrality to demand the fulfillment of Great Britains obligations as her ally. The opinion is held in some quarters that it is exactly this contingency which Japan has in view. All the newspapers discuss the subject, the Novoe Vreyma very sarcastically picturing Japan as the great dominating power of the world laying down the law, issuing orders and making of Rojestvensky, a veritable outlaw driven from place to place at Japan's bidding. "And poor Rojestvensky," the paper continues, "wearied and not knowing where to go remains where he is. But why does not the great Togo who knows so well where his enemy is anchored attack him and thus end all the complications? That would be better than bombarding the ports of French Indo-China. Japan has grown very pompous. Her frown inspires the world with awe, but it is passing strange, that Rojestvensky has not been seized with the universal fright."

The Novosti says France did well to come to an understanding with Great Britain in view of the danger which threatens Indio-China, which the paper insists is not imaginary.

"From the beginning of the war," continues the Novosti, "Japan has done everything in her power to exhaust France's patience and force her to take a dangerous step and until now France has shown tact and moderation. Japan may desire to draw in France, but this is impossible in view of Great Britain's reserve."

The Sviet warns Japan against offending French pride and says the French fleet would not leave a trace of Togo on the sea. The paper accuses Great Britain, which it says hastened the present war, of being behind all these machinations. "Great Britain," the Sviet adds, "is the nightmare of French ministers."

The Russ insists that the situation is in no sense critical, saying:

"Great Britain fears nothing so much as war. She sees the terirbie spectre of Germany, which impatiently awaits a false step by Great Britain, so Great Britain can be relied upon to counsel her ally not to draw in a third power."

SAW MANY WARSHIPS.

Hongkong, May 9.—The German steamer Neumuhlen arrived here today from Colombo, March 28, and reported having sighted forty-five vessels, of which twenty were warships, in the vicinity of Kamranh bay, Annam, May 5. The coasting steamer Haimun, which also has reached this port observed a Japanees cruiser off Amoy, Straits of Formosa.

FLEET CONCENTRATING.

Togo's Vessels Are In the Korean Channel.

London, May 9.—The correspondent at Singapore of the Daily Mail telegraphs: "A private letter from influential friends at Tokio states that Vice Admiral Togo's fleet is concentrating in the Korean channel and that a portion of the Japanese navy is watching Vladivostok."

FLEETS UNITED.

Admirals Rojestvensky and Nebogatoff Get Together.

St. Petersburg, May 9.—According to dispatches to the admiralty brought to Saigon by the hospital ship Kostroma, the junction of Vice Admirals Rojestvensky and Nebogatoff is by this time an accomplished fact. The admiralty professes ignorance of the present location of the united squadrons, but in view of the long and uninterrupted voyage of Nebogatoff's division, it is believed his ships will spend some time in sheltered waters of the China sea, near the coast, but outside the three-mile limit, in order to complete final recoaling and other preparations before setting out on the last and crucial stage of the voyage.

ACTION OF FRANCE

Concerning Neutrality Explained to House of Commons

London, May 9.—The situation arising in the Far East by reason of the alleged violation of French neutrality in Indo China by Admiral Rojestvensky's fleet and the possibility of Great Britain becoming involved, formed the subject of a question to Premier Balfour in the house of commons this afternoon. Mr. Balfour in reply read a statement supplied to the British government by the French ambassador, M. Cambon, as follows:

"As soon as the French government was aware of Admiral Rojestvensky's presence at Kamranh bay representations were sent to St. Petersburg with the result that under the orders of the emperor himself instructions were telegraphed to the admiral desiring him to leave Kamranh bay at once. The Russian fleet subsequently was reported to be at Hon-Kohe bay, a few miles north of Kamranh bay. Admiral De Jonquieres, commanding the French station, was sent there to report. He found Rojestvensky's squadron there, though not inside French territorial waters. Thereupon the governor of French Indo China, who had received instructions to see that French neutrality was duly respected, sent the French resident at Nha-Trang, the nearest point to that place, with directions to ask the Russian admiral to leave. The admiral promised to do so May 3.

"As regards the reports that the Russian fleet received valuable assistance from the French authorities at Kamranh bay, I am informed there are only two Frenchmen there, neither of whom is an official, but these are holders of concessions from the French government in that place."

QUIET ON LAND.

Fenghuahsien, (eighty miles north of Tie pass, Manchuria), May 9.—All was quiet yesterday at the front. The weather is warm and the Liao river is in flood.

A PARIS RUMOR.

London, May 9.—The Paris correspondent of the Times telegraphs: "It is rumored in official circles here that the Japanese flagship Mikashi was lost in the Straits of Korea a week ago."

STOVES "LOADED."

Plot to Blow Up Shepherds In Montana.

Hamilton, Mont., April 9.—It is believed that a plot has been laid against the lives of the sheep herders on the Bitter Root stock farm, belonging to the Marcus Daly estate. As one of the herders started a fire some dynamite which had been maliciously placed in the stove, exploded and one of the men, Charles Hainline, was seriously injured.

An investigation by the sheriff resulted in the finding of another loaded stove in a near-by camp. A stick and a half of dynamite prepared with a cap and fuse was so placed that the flames, as soon as a fire was started in the stove, would ignite the fuse and explode the charge. A reward of $650 is offered for the arrest and conviction of the guilty persons.

DR. KOCH'S AGED FATHER TESTIFIES IN HIS BEHALF

Tells the Exact Time He Came Home on Fatal Night.

The Prisoner's Sister Also Corroborates Testimony of the Father.

Witnesses Declare Writing on Poison Bottle Is Not Koch's.

Mankato, May 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—White haired, earnest, honest looking, E. G. Koch, the father of the young man accused of the murder of Dr. L. A. Gebhardt took the witness stand this morning in his son's behalf.

The father said that George came in at 9:45 o'clock, the evening of the murder. He noticed the time, as he had told his boy to come home earlier nights.

The Koch clock was compared with the town clock the next day and found to be seven minutes fast, making the actual time of Dr. Koch's arrival home 9:38 o'clock.

Miss Ida Koch also testified as to the time her brother came home the night of November 1. She looked at the clock at 9:30 o'clock to ascertain whether she could read another chapter of her book before retiring for the night.

She was certain she had not read more than ten or fifteen minutes when her brother George came home.

Prof. Curtis, a Minneapolis handwriting expert was shown the word "Sample" on the poison bottle and a specimen of Dr. Koch's writing and declared he could not have written the one word on the blue bottle.

H. W. Somsen of New Ulm, a brother-in-law of Dr. Koch, was called and shown the word "Sample" written across the bottle label. He thought it was not Koch's handwriting. He was shown the exhibits of the defendant's writing, being sheets taken from Koch's account books.

William Koch, a brother of the defendant, testified that the word "Sample" on the label of the bottle is not in the handwriting of the defendant.

Last evening at the Clifton house the Gebhardt brothers, of Black River Falls, and W. B. Brooks, of Cumfrow, brother of Asa, came into a wordy collision. The Gebhardts indulged in a warm roast of Asa P. Brooks.

Yesterday afternoon the jury listened to expert testimony produced by the defense in an endeavor to show that the state's attempt to connect the defendant with the mailing of an alleged bottle of poison to Dr. Gebhardt, had failed. Experts on typewriters testified that the address on the poison package could not have been written upon the typewriter to which Dr. Koch had access, and chemists from the state university declared that it was impossible to say what proportion of poison was contained in the bottle of bromo caffiene, from the fragments of the substance submitted to analysis.

OTTO CARMICHAEL

Bccomes Publisher of the Detroit Free Press.

Detroit, Mich., May 9.—Otto Carmichael, a well known Washington newspaper man, became publisher of the Detroit Free Press yesterday. William E. Quinby, for forty years the owner of the paper, still retains the position of editor-in-chief. The control of the stock of the company, it is stated, has been secured by Col. Frank J. Hecker and Charles L. Freer, both prominent and wealthy citizens of Detroit. William C. McMillan, a son of the late Senator McMillan, is also a stockholder in the syndicate that bought the control.

GOLD MEDAL OF W. C. T. U.

Won By Miss Nettie Wellman of Frazee.

Frazee, Minn., May 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—After an exciting contest the gold medal given by the local W. C. T. U. was won by Miss Nettie Wellman, daughter of Capt. Wellman, of Frazee. The Methodist Episcopal church was filled to hear the contestants who, were Etta Graham, Mabel Hamilton, Nettie Wellman, Tressie Brier, Mrs. Hummel and Mrs. Hall. Miss Wellman has decided to compete for the grand gold medal which will be given at Fergus Falls by the district W. C. T. U. in June. She has won a silver and gold medal and now aspires to win the grand gold medal.

Mayor E. R. Barton presided at a public meeting held in the town hall last evening to consider the advisability of organizing a fire department. It was decided to organize and the following officers were elected: L. D. Durkin, chief; Carl Schmidt, assistant chief; Peter Streukens, secretary; Botlieb Baer, treasurer; committee on by-laws, L. W. Oberhauser, L. Daly and Peter Streukens.

FLOUR TEAMSTERS JOIN THE STRIKERS

Their Action Causes a Scarcity of Bread In Windy City.

Chicago, May 9.—Shortage in delivery of flour to groceries and bakeries was threatened by a fresh spread of the teamsters' strike today. The latest recruits are the drivers of the Wenig Teaming company, a large concern chiefly engaged in delivering flour for milling companes. All of the men quit work when one of them was discharged for refusing to deliver to boycotted department stores. A direct result of the strike will be a shortage of 15,000 barrels of flour a week, according to George K. Wenig. Among those for whom the firm has delivered flour are:

The Northwestern Consolidated Milling company, the Washburn-Crosby company, the Star and Crescent Milling company, Wells, Stone & Co., Donaldson & Co.

"Unless we can get the Employers' asociation to help us out the strike means an immediate shortage in the flour supply," said Mr. Wenig. "If the strike continues there will be a flour famine. I expect to apply to the association at once."

Another strike of even greater importance impended today. The Crane company, controlling most of the material in the steam fitting and gas fitting industries, may be involved through the discharge of two drivers, who refused to deliver material at the Marshall Field building, on Wabash avenue. The Crane company employs a large number of teamsters, who promptly sought instructions from the leaders as to whether the strike of the flour teamsters should be imitated. It was said that the conferences of the Teamsters' union officials and representatives of the Crane company would be held in the hope of averting a new strike upheaval.

The Crane company gives employment to 25,000 men, directly or indirectly through its mills, foundries and warehouses. Should a strike of the Crane teamsters be declared the building industry of the entire city would be badly handicapped.

While the strike was today assuming a most threatening attitude, the Employers' Teaming company is becoming increasingly aggressive. Today 1,800 teams were sent out, and the company promised to furnish teamsters to do the work of all drivers who quit. The delivery of retail goods was further extended, and the number of deputy sheriffs and special police was increased. Although surrounded by six guards, a non-union teamster was knocked off his wagon today and severely injured by strike sympathizers. The victim was Joseph St. John, who was attacked while driving one of the Peabody Coal company's wagons, near Kinzie street bridge.

The executive board of the Chicago Federation of Labor met today to appoint committees to meet the president's train west of Dixon, Ill., and explain to him the strike situation here before he reached Chicago. The unionists received an intimation, however, that the president did not wish to be met by any large number of Chicagoans before he arrived in the city. The plan, therefore was abandoned.

A motion to dissolve all federal injunctions against the leaders, on the ground that the bills are supported by insufficient affidavits, was made before United States Circuit Judge Kohlsaat, who continued the proceedings until tomorrow morning, saying he was too busy to hear arguments today. The attorneys then went to Master in Chancery Sherman's rooms, where the labor leaders have gathered to give testimony desired by the employers' lawyers. President Cornelius Shea, although subpoenaed, failed to appear in court, but the room was crowded with labor leaders.

Rioting broke out at Lake and Clark streets this afternoon, when a fruit-laden truck, belonging to the Employers' Teaming company, and driven by Henry Scott, a colored non-union teamster, was surrounded by a blockade of wagons and a mob, estimated by the police to have numbered 1,000 persons. A riot call brought police to the spot, and after a half hour of active work, the police dispersed the crowd and the blockading wagons drove away. Stones and missiles were thrown and one shot was fired. The police were unable to learn who fired the shot and whether any person was wounded.

The commission appointed by Mayor Dunne to investigate the strike started work in earnest today. Attorney Seymour Stedman, representing the Chicago Federation of Labor, appeared before the commission and made a plea for public hearings, the commission having previously decided to hold secret sessions. The commission took the matter under advisement.

LUMBER ADVANCED 50 CENTS PER M

Milwaukee, May 9.—The price list committee of the Mississippi Valley Lumbermen's association, the Wisconsin Lumbermen's association and the Northwestern Hemlock association has agreed to advance the price on all classes of lumber 50 cents per thousand.

"The reason for the advance in prices is the decrease in the lumber output last winter," said Geeorge H. Chapman, Stanley. "The cut of lumber in Wisconsin and Minnesota is 325,000,000 feet less than a year ago. This is due to the decline of the forest and the disappearance of timber. The expense of cutting logs last year was at least $1 per thousand greater than usual, owing to the depth of snow in the woods."

MORAL WAVE AT CASS LAKE

Saloons Close on Legal Time and Gambling Stopped.

Cass Lake, Minn., May 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—Cass Lake is just now reveling in the throes of what would appear to the uninitiated to be a great wave of moral reform. Up to a couple of weeks ago, the average saloonkeeper had thrown away the keys to his place of business and kept his thirst parlor open at all hours, after 11 p. m. and also on Sunday, where the roulette wheels, klondike table, slot machines and other products of inventive genius wherewith to beguile the filthy lucre on games of chance were open to the efforts of the fickle-minded, and it is said the frequenters of questionable resorts infested places in the very heart of town, and the lawless plied their trade with scarce an objection from the authorities. Now, all this is changed.

At the village election held during the month of March there was a heated contest for the various offices, one ticket being known as the saloonkeepers' choice and the opposition designated self-styled as the citizen's ticket. The saloonkeepers won out. Their candidate for mayor, Frank L. Gorenflo, resigned after election. At the term of court held recently at Walker the members of the grand jury subpoenaed several of the good citizens of Cass Lake to appear before that body and testify as to what they knew concerning the observance of law and order at the lake. As a result of the testimony submitted to the jury, the county attorney issued orders that the state law must hereafter be rigidly enforced in Cass Lake, or there would be a reckoning, or words to that effect. And now, President Siddon of the Cass Lake village council has issued his orders as to the observance of the state law, and quiet reigns supreme where gambling tools were formerly used, and the saloons are darkened and closed after 11 at night.

MINISTERS ASSIGNED.

Close of State Conference of Evangelical Association.

St. Paul, May 9.—The Minnesota conference of the Evangelical association, which has been in session in the Emanuel church, Pine street and Van Slyke court, was closed yesterday. An elder and two pastors were ordained Sunday. The list of pastors, with the stations to which they have been assigned for the ensuing year, includes the following:

Duluth—C. A. Tesch.
Bemidji—C. C. Stetthacher.
Brainerd—H. A. Leder.
Wadena—G. G. Schmid.

TWENTY-FOUR BODIES ALREADY RECOVERED

Great Wind Came at Midnight, Without Warning to Inhabitants.

Many of the Victims Were Killed as They Lay Asleep In Their Beds.

Marquette, Kan., May 9.—Twenty-four persons are known to have been killed and over thirty-five were injured in a tornado, the most disastrous in the history of Central Kansas, which swept over this portion of the state at midnight. One large section of Marquette, where the principal loss of life occurred, was entirely wiped out. Reports from the surrounding country show that the destruction to life and property was widespread, and the list of dead and injured is growing constantly. A store room belonging to Olaf Olson, a furniture dealer, has been converted into a temporary morgue and at 9:30 twenty-four bodies had been brought in. Following the storm, the utmost confusion prevailed and it will be sometime before the actual extent of the storm is known.

The known dead:
GUS ANDERSON.
TILLIE ELERSON.
MRS. A. V. ANDERSON.
MRS. ELMER HULTGREN.
BLANCHE SWITZER.
LENA SWITZER.
NINA SWITZER.
ANNA COULSON.
M. P. NELSON, wife and three children.
A. S. JOGREN, SR.
OLAF HANSON and wife.
GOTTFRIED NELSON, wife and child.
ELMER NELSON.
MRS. POSTIER and child.
CHARLES ROBERTS.
Unknown woman.

The most seriously injured are: V. A. Anderson, O. S. Ellvin and wife, Mrs. C. McCormick, Mrs. Charles Roberts and three children, M. S. Jogren, Mrs. Berg, Beta Swenson, M. Coulson and three children, Swan Hart, Rose Briton, J. A. Carlson and wife, William Barkley and wife, Anna Dittlof, John Dittlof, Olaf Carlson, Mrs. John Carlson, Andrew Peterson and wife.

Marquette is a town of 1,500 people, in McPherson county. It is in the exact centre of Kansas and in the richest farming country in the state.

Marquette, Kas., May 9.—Many persons were killed, a score or two others injured and a part of the residence portion of Marquette was demolished by a tornado that struck this place at midnight last night.

The number of dead is estimated at twenty, but owing to the confusion following the storm, it will be sometime before the actual casualties are known. The Swedish Lutheran and Methodist churches and the opera house block were wrecked and dozens of residences were rendered into scrap heaps. The business portion escaped with slight damage.

Aid was asked of other towns and physicians were sent from Salina and many nearby places.

The tornado struck the southern end of the town and cut a clean path one hundred yards in width through its entire length. Coming as it did at midnight, the people were caught without a moment's warning. A heavy rain storm had preceded the wind and after the tornado passed, a scene of complete desolation followed. The tornado came upon the town with great fury, wrought its terrible havoc within a few minutes time and continuing on into the rich farming country north of Marquette, caused further damage.

In Marquette, many residences were completely demolished, the wreckage being carried away entirely while others were picked up bodily, moved a short distance away and dropped to earth.

Many of the victims were killed as they lay asleep; others maimed and bleeding awoke to find themselves buried in the wreckage of their former homes. Following the storm came a lull. Soon cries of the injured and frightened people could be heard on every hand. Men with lanterns appeared here and there among the wreckage and as quickly as possible the work of rescue was begun. Progress was slow because of the darkness and it was sometime before anything like a systematic effort could be made to remove the injured and before aid was asked of neighboring towns.

When daylight broke over the town, it found the entire population in a state of panic. Business was entirely suspended and every one who escaped injury turned his attention toward aiding the wounded.

The tornado seems to have formed three miles south of Marquette and did not spend its force until it had passed many miles north of town. In Marquette the residense portion west of the main street suffered the principal damage. The houses in the course of the tornado were all with two or three exceptions completely wrecked. In this section there were a number of modern residences of which only one, the home of R. A. Thompson, was left standing.

The Swedish Lutheran and Methodist churches were among the first buildings struck and they, together with the parsonage adjoining the Methodist church were completely demolished.

Yesterday afternoon had been hot and oppressive, the atmosphere loaded with electricity. Late in the evening a terrific rainstorm broke over the town. The rain continued to fall in torrents until 11:55 last night when the tornado struck. Within less than five minutes, it had wrought its terrible work and passed on. Telegraph and telephone wires were carried down and it was several hours before the outside world could be appraised of the plight of the city.

It was not until 8 o'clock that physicians and surgeons began arriving from surrounding towns. In the meantime, dozens of willing hands set to work to clear away the debris and extricate the dead and injured. The Swedish Lutheran parsonage and several private residences were turned into temporary hospitals while the dead were taken to the store room of Olaf Olson and laid out in rows.

Early today, a representative of the Associated Press made the rounds of the different places. In one room in the Lutheran parsonage he found six injured, and in an adjoining room were five corpses of persons who had died from injuries after they had been brought in. In half a dozen other houses similar scenes were found. Dr. Lund, the Lutheran pastor, passed about among the suffering, ministering to their comfort, while two score other persons, working under his direction, cared for the injured at other points.

When the missing in Marquette had been pretty thoroughly accounted for the searchers directed their attention to the surrounding country. Soon half a dozen wagonloads of dead and injured had been brought to town from the district adjoining it on the south. The sufferers tell of many narrow escapes from death. Ione Salen, the infant daughter of Charles Salen, was lifted in her bed and carried to the middle of the street, receiving only a few scratches. Salen and his wife were dangerously injured.

The mattress upon which the baby daughter of the Rev. Smith lay, was doubled up in such a manner as to cover the child and protect it from falling timbers. In spite of the destruction of the Smith house, the entire family escaped uninjured.

Mr. and Mrs. O. S. Ellvin were carried on their bed a distance of 500 feet and laid down without being injured.

CHURCH UNROOFED

In Cincinnati By a Heavy Wind Storm.

Cincinnati, May 9.—Reports received today indicate that the damage from the wind and rain storm which struck this neighborhood late yesterday, was more severe than at first indicated. In this city Trinity Methodist church, which was recently repaired and redecorated, was unroofed and otherwise damaged, the steeple of the Cumminsville Lutheran church was blown away and a number of residences in various parts of the city were badly damaged, while trees in and near the city were blown down and considerable minor damage was done.

NEW RURAL ROUTES.

Washington, May 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—Rural Routes Nos. 1, 2 and 3 have been ordered established on June 15 at Pierz, Morrison county, Minn., serving 1575 people and 315 houses.

MINNESOTA INVENTORS.

Washington, May 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—The following patents have been issued to Minnesota inventors: Frank J. Baker of St. Cloud, magazine for fire arms; Peter P. Hedenstrom of Lake Park, Shifting attachment for vehicle shafts; Peter McGrath of Hibbing, lemon squeezer.

STRIKERS STARVE OUT EMPLOYER

New York, May 9.—M. Beaulieu, a leather manufacturer, is reported to have been in a state of siege at his private house in Limoges, cables the Herald correspondent at Paris. Striking workmen from the leather factory surrounded the Beaulieu home and prevented tradesmen from entering with provisions. Finally the manufacturer telephoned Mayor Lubussiere that he and nine persons, with three horses, were suffering from hunger. Beaulieu refused to parley with the strikers until their hunger was satisfied, whereupon a policeman was dispatched to the nearest restaurant for provisions.

On his return the besiegers, whose number had increased, made a show of preventing him from entering the house.

The mayor made a speech, stating that bread would be distributed at the city hall, but the excited strikers stood their ground and allowed only one loaf of bread to be delivered. Subsequently the manufacturer agreed to a conference with the workmen, but no settlement has yet been reached.

The BIG DULUTH
WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

Buster Brown Suits
Ages 2½ to 10.
Buddy Tucker Suits
Ages 6 to 14.
——PRICES——
$3.95 to $10
Sold in Duluth Exclusively by Us.

Shipping Orders Promptly Filled.
D. O'LEARY'S
CASH GROCERY,
15 E. SUPERIOR STREET.
Wednesday Specials:
Early Rose Potatoes, per bu---30c
Creamery Butter, per lb ------27c
Corn, Peas, Tomatoes, 3 for....25¢
CATSUP—per gallon.....40¢
CARROTS, beets, rutabagas, pk 15¢
TABLE RAISINS—per lb.....10¢
OLIVES—per qt .....25¢
TRY OUR 30¢ COFFEE.
Prompt Deliveries Everywhere.

MAINTAINED AS REGULAR

Board of Trade Directors Continue Peavey Annex as Such.

The directors of the Duluth Board of Trade yesterday declined to declare the Peavey concrete annex irregular. Before the conclusion of the meeting yesterday afternoon the Peavey company gave notice that a license had been taken out and a bond of $100,000 filed with the state. Both the working house which is of wooden construction and the concrete annex are now covered by licenses and bond.

As to A. D. Thomson's contention that the house is unsafe it was held that there was nothing to show that it was so at the time the protest was made.

The board has been advised by its attorney that no liability can attach to it because of losses occasioned through accidents at elevators maintained by the board as regular houses.

A BAD BLAZE AT BRAINERD

Old Stratton Livery Stable and Horses Burned.

Brainerd, Minn., May 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—A disastrous fire occurred this morning at 4 o'clock and the old Stratton livery was burned to the ground. The building was owned by N. D. Seavey, who conducted a feed stable. The origin of the fire is unknown. The front office was occupied by Mr. Seavey and H. Riddle who barely escaped with their lives. The rear portion of the barn was rented to C. G. Mooers, a railroad contractor, who had fourteen valuable horses consumed by the flames. Included among these was a driving team he had refused $600 for only a few days ago. The rest of the horses were to have been shipped today to North Dakota where Mooers has a contract to lay a roadbed for a railroad company. He also lost harnesses and tools and carried no insurance whatever. His loss is about $4,500 and the loss on the building will amount to about $3,000, insurance $1,300. A suspicious character was arrested by Officer Hurley shortly after the fire started and will be before the court to give an account of himself being around at that hour of the night.

DABNEY AN ARROW
QUARTER SIZE
15 CENTS EACH; 2 FOR 25 CENTS
CLUETT, PEABODY & CO.
Largest Makers of Collars and Shirts in the World.

MUST STAY IN JAIL

Joseph Sheehy Fails In Legal Attempt to Get Out.

Judge Dibell Says Court Acted Within Its Jurisdiction.

Joseph Sheehy, the erstwhile employment agent, will continue to languish in the county jail during the remaining fifty-three days of his 60-day term, except for the few hours per day that he may be out with the chain gang working on the streets.

Sheehy's last effort to get out from behind the bars in the county bastile met with a dismal failure when Judge Dibell, this morning, filed an order that the writ of habeas corpus be discharged and that Joseph be remanded to the custody of the sheriff.

Sheehy was sent up from municipal court on the charge of drunkenness and disorderly conduct. So obnoxious had his attentions to city hall officials become that with them patience ceased to be a virtue, even when a man of Sheehy's calibre was concerned, and he was hauled before Judge Windom and given a jail sentence at hard labor without the alternative of a fine.

Sheehy has employed two attorneys, and has seemingly tried all the means in his power to break the municipal court sentence, the habeas corpus being based on the claim that the municipal court cannot give a "hard labor" sentence.

Judge Dibell holds, in a memorandum attached to his order, that a sentence to imprisonment at hard labor is within the jurisdiction of the municipal court, and that if it is the construction to be placed on the sentence imposed, then it is valid. If this is not the proper construction, the court holds that there is even then no irregularity which can be reached on a habeas corpus.

The court points out that while the city ordinance says nothing about labor, but provides for a fine, not to exceed $100, or a term of ninety days in jail, chapter 127 of the general laws of 1897 provides that one sent to jail for the violation of an ordinance may be required to labor, and that it is made the duty of the court, in passing final judgment of imprisonment, to determine whether such imprisonment shall be at hard labor. Sheehy's committment stated that he was to work on the streets.

Young Men For Presidents.

For the near future, at least, the great political parties intend to show preference to young men as candidates for the presidency, their experience with the present one, who broke all records in youthfulness, having been highly satisfactory. The experience with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, extending over half a century, has also been highly satisfactory to everyone and the record of cures of stomach, liver, bowel and kidney disorders established by it, far exceeds that of any other medicine. You cannot sleep, eat, work or enjoy life if any of these organs are weak or diseased. That's why we urge you to try a bottle today and good health will be your sure reward. It cures poor appetite, sleeplessness, billousness, costiveness, kidney troubles, dyspepsia, indigestion and malaria, fever and ague. Insist on having Hostetter's.

PROTESTS HER INNOCENCE

Rose Ettinger Is Splendid Example of Female Volubility.

Rose Ettinger, the young woman who is alleged to have cleaned out a Lake avenue establishment of its money and valuables before decamping for Superior, was arraigned this noon on one of the two grand larceny charges preferred against her. In this indictment Rose is charged with stealing from Anna McIver, at the Acme hotel, 204 South Lake avenue, April 18, a quantity of jewelry in the value of $150 and $65 in money.

The young woman, when arraigned before Judge Ensign was very voluble, and, between tears and laughter persisted in maintaining her innocence and talking about the old mother she claims to support, in spite of the frequent admonitions of the court to keep still and answer the questions which were put. Rose was bound to do all the talking and she wanted to do it all the time.

"Honest to God, judge, I never took anybody's money. All the money I had was my own. I am a hard-working girl and I earns all my money and takes care of my old mother," she protested over and over again.

Questioned by the court as to whether she had any money and whether she would employ an attorney, Rose admitted that she had perhaps $55 in a bank at Cincinnati, but that she had no money for lawyers. Her mother, she said, would get her money, not the lawyers. The court finally appointed an attorney for her and Rose was led back to the jail protesting at every step that she never before was arrested and that she never stole anything in her life.

TO SPEND $20,000,000 ON NEW STEEL PLANTS.

Youngstown, Ohio, May 9.—The Carnegie Steel company has prepared plans for the construction here of five new blast furnaces of 500 tons each daily, fifty open hearth furnaces of 100 tons capacity daily and will add several plate and structural mills to its Ohio plant. Additions to the plants will require the services of about 3,000 hands and entail an expenditure of about $20,000,000.

WOODMEN IN SESSION.

Chattanooga, Tenn., May 9.—The annual convention of sovereign camp Woodmen of the World began here today. The sessions are being held on Lookout mountain. The election and installation of officers will occur tomorrow. The session will continue three days.

The Patronage of Our New
"Lake View"
CAFE
Shows an appreciation by the public of up-to-date equipment, service and cuisine.
Both of our Cafes will be found "not better than the best, but better than the rest."
The Spalding
L. J. EMERY, Mgr.

PRESIDENT BOUND HOME

Special Train Leaves Colorado For Washington, Via Chicago.

Denver, May 9.—The presidential special train, consisting of a baggage car, buffet car, sleeper, private car of the general manager of the road, and the president's private car, "Rocket," pulled by one of the new monster engines, left the Union depot here over the Union Pacific road for Chicago promptly at 7 o'clock this morning. The curtains in president's private car were closely drawn and all was quiet within. Quite a crowd had assembled at the station to see the president off, but no demonstration was made when it became known that the president was slumbering.

The huge engine was piloted by Engineer Hockenberger, and was in charge of Conductor Clark. The engine itself was literally smothered in decorations consisting of tri-colored effects in bunting. Several large portraits were displayed on the sides of the engine cab.

Preceding the president's train by ten minutes went a pilot train of one coach. The pilot train will lead the special to Julesburg, when another pilot will take its place and run ahead of the special into Omaha.

Track walkers and inspectors were ordered out at daylight all along this division of the Union Pacific and every precaution was taken to insure the president's safety on his eastward journey.

Sterling, Colo., May 9.—The first stop made by the presidential special today was at Fort Morgan, Colo. The president made a one-minute speech from the rear platform, in which he predicted increased prosperity for the state.

OGLE GETS VERDICT $405

Court Directs Jury to Find In His Favor.

The trial of the action of J. F. Ogle against Ely, Salyards & Company, came to an end rather abruptly, this morning, when, on motion of Mr. Ogle's attorney, Judge Ensign directed the jury to return a verdict in his favor for $405. The action was brought to recover a balance claimed to be due on two cars of wheat shipped here for sale by the local company, Mr. Ogle having secured the same on a mortgage.

In Judge Cant's room the case of French & Bassett against Grier H. Thompson was given to the jury about 3 o'clock this afternoon. The action is one to determine whether there was a sale of a piano made to Mr. Thompson or whether he took it on approval.

In Judge Dibell's room the testimony was nearly completed this noon in the damage action of J. D. Lowe against Adam McAdams. This action is one in which Mr. Lowe claims that Mr. McAdams in using dynamite in a sewer excavation was careless and that a building owned by the former was damaged in the amount of $300.

Race For Supremacy.

It is interesting to watch the race for supremacy among Minneapolis-St. Paul-Chicago trains. First place is securely held by the Pioneer Limited and the second place by the Fast Mail. Both trains are entirely owned by the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway. There are three other fast trains via this line from the Twin Cities to Chicago every day, and there is no extra fare to ride on them. Address W. B. Dixon, northwestern passenger agent, St. Paul, for further particulars, lowest rates, etc.

WISCONSIN DIVORCE BILL PASSES SENATE.

Madison, Wis., May 9.—The senate today concurred in the assembly's bill providing that divorced persons cannot marry until a year from date of the divorce, except that on application of the party obtaining the divorce judges may grant permission to divorced persons to marry after sixty days.

The bill to compel a telephone company to connect with the exchange of a rival failed to pass today.

NOTICE
I want your shoe repairing. A call over the 'phone and I will get it and have it delivered. Call 1451.
I can do your custom-work also.
BLODGETT & CO.'S Shoe Parlors.

VANDALS' WORK

Miscreants Destroy Artificial Lake at Forest Hill Cemetery.

Trustees Had Planned a Number of Scenic Improvements.

The trustees of the Duluth Cemetery association are incensed over an act of vandalism perpetrated at Forest Hill cemetery Sunday night, and if they can discover the person or persons who had a hand in the matter some interesting developments may be expected.

During the past year an artificial lake, formed largely by the nature of the ground, together with a little help through the agency of man, had been put in at the cemetery. The little lake or pond was of good size, and a quantity of flowers and trees to be placed along its borders, fountain fixtures and water lilies for the lake itself, had been ordered.

The water supply for the lake is furnished by the melting snow in the spring and the succeeding rainfall. Sunday the water level of the lake was well up to the point desired.

Some miscreant, with the aid of stones, went to the trouble of smashing the outlet pipe, a 12-inch tile, and knocking out the retaining plug which had been cemented in solidly. The water has all escaped from the lake, and there is said to be little prospect of the pond filling up again this season. It will need a great deal of rainfall, more than the ordinary amount, to bring the water back to the normal level, so that the trustees feel that all the trouble they have gone to is for naught. Among the improvements arranged for was a windmill, to be worked in connection with a fountain at the lake.

W. B. Patton, one of the cemetery trustees, says that if the board can get any clue of the perpetrators of the act, it will make an example of them.

THE DRUMMER'S LUCK.

Mistaken For Pastor, Falls Into Good Thing.

There are occasionally some good points in being mistaken for the other fellow, but in the long run it is best to sail under your own colors, says the Philadelphia Telegraph.

Some time since a church entertainment and supper were given in a small town not far from this city, and a salesman who was compelled to stop over night in the place dropped in to pass the time away.

No sooner had he appeared at the doorway than he was laughingly kidnaped by a half a dozen pretty young women and dragged over to one of the supper tables. He mildly protested at first, but finally decided that no wise man would kick over a good thing like that and became the willing slave of the fair ones.

After giving him a seat at the head of the table they brought him chicken with all the trimmings and insisted that he should eat it all and cackle for more. Not knowing what else to do and keep in the good graces of his pretty friends, he promptly put the chicken in storage, and said it was the best he ever had. Then they brought his tea, ice cream, angel cake and a lot of other palatable things, and just to oblige them he kept on eating until he fattened to the extent of at least five pounds.

This done his fair friends conducted him around the hall, showed him the decorations of the room and told how they had successfully engineered the supper. Meanwhile men came up, shook him by the hands, called him brother, and told him how glad they were that he had been able to come so early.

Naturally the salesman wondered where he was at, but since he was supremely happy he wisely decided that it was none of his business and let it go at that.

An hour or so later a gentleman with a deacon-like air ascended the platform, made a few introductory remarks, and announced that those present would now have the pleasure of listening to an address by Pastor Smith. For some reason Pastor Smith failed to hop on the platform, and then all eyes turned on the salesman.

"Brother," said the deacon one, going up to the well-fed drummer, "if you are not quite ready to give us a little talk now we can postpone it until later in the evening.

"I—I—the fact is," stammered the salesman. "I—I——"

"Oh, that's all right, brother," returned the deacon, with a cheery smile, "there is no particular hurry. Let's go and get some more chicken."

But just at that moment another gentleman entered the hall, and then a few sisters and brothers began to think some. He was the exact counterpart of their beloved pastor, even to the white tie and saintly air. A few minutes later they were face to face, and the salesman, wise at last, smilingly remarked:—

"Brother, without being able to help myself, I have tackled your chicken and eaten your cream and angel cake, but I can't make your address."

"Brother," returned the real pastor, "you are welcome to my chicken, and I don't want your face, for it is too much like mine, but I do wish that I had your nerve."

Then they shook hands, patted each other on the back, and had more chicken, and there is still some doubt among the brothers as to whether the pastor or drummer really made the address that followed.

NOBLEMAN RAISES MULES.

William Anson, nephew of Lord Lansdowne, the English statesman, cousin to the duke of Marlborough, and a near relative to the duke of Portland, owns a horse, mule and cattle ranch in the San Angelo district of Texas, says the Kansas City Journal. Mr. Anson, during the South African war, acted as an agent for the British government here in the purchase of horses and mules. He is an expert horseman and much of his time is spent now in training polo ponies. These animals he buys for $25 each, and after a short course of training he ships them to England, where they bring fancy prices. Mr. Anson affects the Western ranchman's garb and few of those who met him while in the city would have taken him for a member of the English nobility.

PURITAN FORERUNNERS.

Praise-God Barebones and other quaintly named Puritans had their forerunners in such saints as Deogratias (Thank-God), bishop of Carthage. Deogratias' episcopal predecessor rejoiced in the name of Quodvultdeus (What-God-wills), who was borne by half a dozen fifth or sixth century bishops, says the Kansas City Journal. Habetdeum (He-hath-God) were other names of the time. Latin can form such names, usually, less grotesquely than English. It is probably apocryphal, however, that Praise-God Barebones, or Barebone (really Barbon), had two brothers, named Christ-came-into-the-world-to-save Barebone, and If-Christ-had-not-died-for-you-you-had-been - damned Barebone, which, according to Hume, was called "Damned Barebone," for short. Hume also mentions God-reward Smart, Stand-fast-on-high Stringer, Kill-sin Pimple, Fly-debate Roberts, and Fight-the-good-fight-of-faith White.

A CUNNIG MOOSE.

How He Fooled the Hunter and Got Away.

Moose are not often credited with having much cunning. They are usually enticed by the hunters very carefully until they get within gunshot, and then, if the hunter misses his aim, the moose will start to run and keep running for hours, often traveling sixty miles or more a day without resting, says the New York Sun. Will McLain a guide of Passadumkeag, Me., had an odd experience with a moose last season and he declares it was the only moose he tracked that ever got away from him.

McLain had two New York sports with him and they were hunting in the Oxbow region. A moose's tracks were found and they were very easy to follow. The three men stuck to the track and after two days came up with a big buck moose with a fine head. They succeeded in wounding him, as they found a little blood on the track. The moose started off and entered a clump of trees about 100 yards ahead of the hunters, who followed. They expected to get another shot at him before dark, as there was open country all around this clump of trees, but McLain, who followed into the woods, could see nothing of the moose. A small stream flowed through this clump of trees and after a careful search in the darkening night McLain had to give it up until the next day. He knew that if the Moose was not badly wounded he had a poor chance of getting him, but there was nothing to do but wait until the next morning, and so the three hunters, tired and hungry, camped for the night, making their camp out of hearing of the moose and getting the wind blowing from the clump of trees toward the camp.

At daylight the next morning McLain was at work again. He sent one of the hunters to the east of the clump and another to the north, giving them a view of all sides, so that Mr. Moose had a poor chance of getting away. He felt sure that the moose was still in the woods, because he found his tracks where he entered and there were none to show where he had come out. McLain thought that the moose was so badly wounded that it had hidden in the woods and could easily be found. He followed the tracks in. They were not very distinct on account of the hard wood growth, but when he got into the middle of the woods these tracks disappeared altogether. He still hunted all the forenoon, but could find only the tracks going in, none coming out. Then he called the other hunters and together they circled the clump of trees, but could find no tracks of where the moose had gone out.

Every inch of ground was gone over and by evening McLain was sure that there was no moose in the woods and camp was made again for the night. The next morning McLain decided that the moose had developed more reasoning power than he had ever given a moose credit for and that he had borrowed a trick from a fox and gone out by the stream. The hunters followed the stream for two miles and then came across tracks that showed distinctly where the moose had left the water and taken to the country. There were no signs of blood, and as the moose had at least thirty-six hours' start on the hunters they gave up the chase. McLain declares that he never heard of another moose walking through water to hide his tracks and that this particular moose was the only one that ever got away from him.

OUR BEST CUSTOMERS.

Bulletin 32 of the bureau of statistics of the department of agriculture devotes a page on an exhibit of our exports of farm products to the various countries of the world in 1901, says the Kansas City Journal. What countries are our best customers is clearly shown. Confining our attention to countries that buy $10,000,000 worth from us, we see that Cuba takes, $12,623,000; Denmark, $13,172,000; Spain, $13,690,000; British South Africa, $10,561,000; Italy, $24,762,000; Canada, $27,550,000; Belgium, $35,341,000; Netherlands, $50,399,000; France, $50,208,000; Germany, $144,802,000; England, $496,401,000. Our interest lies in the cultivation of friendly relations with all nations, but particularly with those that buy most of us. The mother country seems to be our best friend, from the commercial point of view, while the Fatherland comes next. The entire exportation of farm products in 1901 was $951,628,000; in 1903, $878,490,000.

WATCH DREAD LEPROSY.

Smallpox or variola, was not known to the Aomans before the sixth century, says the New York Press. Leprosy is as different from it as palsy is from St. Vitus' dance. What is this awful disease? Something endemic, chronic, malignant, with cutaneous lesion. It is a scabious affliction of a dreadful character, attacking nations negligent of cleanliness and the decencies of life. All that France and England gained by engaging in the crusades was leprosy; and of all that they took, leprosy was the only thing that remained with them. In olden times every man laboring under the disease was imprisoned, like a thief or a robber. A woman who desired to get rid of her husband had only to secure the sanction of the priest, and the unfortunate partner was shut up. Moth holes and the mildew on walls were believed to be the effects of leprosy.

When we captured the Philippines for $20,000,000 we took over to our care and protection some 5,000 lepers. The disease was brought to Manila from Japan 200 years ago. In Hawaii we have the most celebrated leper colony on earth. It is on the island of Molokai, otherwise Ka-anipali, the "land of precipices," consisting of some 200,000 acres. The settlement is on an elevated grassy plain of 8,000 acres. The climate disposes on to lassitude and sleep.

There are about 1,100 lepers in Molokai, and each has seven acres of ground. There in an abundance of fresh water in the cottages, hospitals and dispensaries. Every man, woman and child may draw twenty-one pounds of good beef every week, a liberal supply of taro, flour of bread, rice, tea, sugar, salt, tobacco and matches, and as much good clothing as is required. A sum of money is paid to such as do not draw the full ration. We have leper colonies in New York, San Francisco and New Orleans.

COMFORT ON STEAMERS.

The new steamships going into commission this year are to be Waldorfs and St. Regises afloat, says the Pittsburg Dispatch. On the new hotel steamship the grill room has grown into a large, modern, a la carte restaurant. Passengers dine when they please, arrange luncheon and dinner parties for friends whom they may chance to meet on board and have a change from the meals served in the regular dining room. The much-decried upper berth finds no place in the first-cabin staterooms. The comfort of a lower berth is thus insured to every passenger. Spaciousness is an important feature of the staterooms. Some of them have the unusual dimensions of 10 feet by 17 feet. Suites of large connecting rooms, with private bath and toilet, and combinations of one room with bath and toilet, are numerous. The ladies' saloons, smoking room and other customary features found on all liners are larger and more splendidly furnished on the 700-foot ship of today.

If a merchant fails to make it worth your while to read his advertisement he wastes his space. Space costs money; and very little of it is wasted. Therefore—it is usually "worth your while" to read any store-advertisement.

Rheumatism Cured in a Day.
Mystic Cure for Rheumatism and Neuralgia radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits. 75 cents and $1. Sold by all druggists.

"GO TO YOUR GROCER"
AND GET A 10c PACKET OF
"SALADA"
Ceylon and India Tea. You'll find it the finest tea you have ever tasted. Black, Mixed or Natural Green.
Sold in lead packets, 60c and 70c per lb.—never in bulk.
HIGHEST AWARD ST. LOUIS, 1904.

RE-CONQUEST OF NEVADA

Great Irrigation Work Being Conducted By the Government—Will Double the State's Agricultural Population.

Has Nevada always been an arid and desert region? Its geological records, as indelibly carved in sandstone and granite, showing the shore lines of ancient lakes, proclaim that it has not, but that at one time a vast body of water, as great in area as Lake Erie, covered a portion of the state. Today, however, the aridity of the country is unquestioned and the 350,000 acres, to part of which Uncle Sam is about to apply water, will practically double its well irrigated area and its agricultural population.

Nevada's ancient inland sea is known as Lake La Hontan. It was one of the great pre-historic lakes distributed over the great basin of the arid region, among them Lake Bonneville of which the great Salt lake was the deepest portion. Its area was nine times greater than the great Salt, or almost as large as Lake Michigan and much deeper.

The contracted remains of Lake La Hontan, in Nevada, are found in Pyramid lake, and a number of other small enclosed lakes which were the deepest portions of the ancient lake. Since these large pre-historic lakes were land-locked and did not overflow, it follows that the rainfall which fed them was much heavier than it is today.

Should conditions revert, many of the important points situated in the great basin would be hopelessly flooded, such for instance as the Mormon temple, which would stand in 850 feet of water, while 700 miles of railroad would be submerged.

These pre-historic lakes are said to be of very recent origin—that is recent by the geologists' count—perhaps 30,000 or 40,000 years old. Fossils have been found showing the presence of primitive man along their ancient shores and embankments, which in many instances, are as perfect in contour and as distinct as if the waters had receded only a few years since. These lakes included such arid and fear-inspiring localities of today as the Black Rock desert, Skull valley, Death valley and a score of other places where the belached bones of man and animal attest to an awful lack of water.

This first irrigation work of the national government, which is to be celebrated by the turning of water into the gigantic ditches this month, is the largest project which has been definitely outlined and approved under the irrigation act known as the Truckee-Carson project. When completed it will involve the expenditure of approximately $9,000,000 and will reclaim 350,000 acres of desert land. That portion of the system now completed consists of a canal thirty-one miles long to take water from the Truckee river and convey it to the Carson river, where a large storage reservoir is projected. Just below this reservoir site, the waters of the two streams will be led out upon the plains by two canals, with a combined capacity of 1,900 cubic feet per second. Some 50,000 acres are to be irrigated this spring, for which 200 miles of small distributing ditches have been dug.

The secretary of the interior has set aside $2,740,000 of the "reclamation fund" for the initial work, and by the time this has been expended about 100,000 acres will be under canals, and the settlers will be returning in annual payments the original investment. The money thus received will be used as a revolving fund for the completion of this project. The land has been divided into farm units of eighty acres, and the cost of reclamation will be $26 per acre. Work is being commenced this spring on regulating gates at the outlet of Lake Tahoe, located in California, but whose waters will be used to reclaim the fertile Nevada soil. Future plans involve the draining of Carson Sink, 25,000 acres in extent, which overflows in years of heavy rainfall, and the reclamation of lands in the Upper Truckee and Carson valleys. As these large areas are gradually brought under irrigation a greater water supply will be required and nine additional reservoirs will be constructed, with a combined storage capacity of over one acre, one foot deep).

The soil under this project is very fertile, and deciduous fruits such as apples, pears, peaches, grapes, all the berries and vegetables produce luxuriantly. Wheat, oats, potatoes and alfalfa are the staple crops. The lands are tributary to the Southern Pacific, the Nevada, California and Oregon, and the Virginia and Truckee railroads and the recent enormous activity in gold and silver mining in Nevada insures a nearby and profitable market. At the same time the supply of food products will greatly reduce the cost of living and further stimulate mining development.

The fact that a very large portion of the lands included in this project belong to the government and have been withdrawn from speculative entry under the desert and other land laws, is a matter for congratulation. Nevada's past history has been one of land monopoly, in fact it has been said that the state was long since stolen by land grabbers. In area Nevada is three times the size of Indiana, but her population is scarcely sufficient for a single small county. The popular vote of last year was but little over 12,000. The bulk of the inhabitable lands are in the hands of a few great land-owners, while the opportunity for settlement and increased population has never been extensive. Nevada's land history is one which can be studied with profit by those who are searching for light on the question of proper administration of the public domain. With exception of the influx of immigration due to mining excitement, the population is at a standstill and must continue to remain so until farm lands are thrown open to settlement in small tracts through government irrigation.

When the state was admitted to the Union, in place of receiving the usual donation of alternate school sections—16 and 32 in each township—she secured a flat grant from the government of 2,000,000 acres of public land to be located wherever her lawmakers saw fit. The state legislature passed as much as desired of this great and valuable resource into private ownership of stockmen, at as low a figure as 25 cents an acre. These lands have been located up and down the sides of every river and stream and around every spring and waterhole in the state, so that while Nevada has today some 60,000,000 acres of public land, there is not a quarter section of it upon which a homesteader could make a living. The land granted to the state for school purposes—disposed of by the state for a mess of pottage—controls the lands of the state.

The government's irrigation, when worked out, will immediately double Nevada's population; it will provide a new life-blood of settlement and citizenship for a region of unsurpassed agriculture.

This great reclamation scheme for the rebuilding of Nevada is being carried into operation by Engineer L. H. Taylor, under the supervision, of Frederick H. Newell, chief engineer of the reclamation service. It will afford the first practical example of the operations of the new national irrigation law. GUY ELLIOTT MITCHELL.

A NEW USE.

At a fire a few nights ago a half frozen reporter asked a battalion chief to take a drink to warm him up, says the New York Sun.

"I will have some whisky," replied the fireman, "but I won't drink it."

The reporter led the way to the back room of a saloon and ordered whisky. The fireman never made an attempt to raise the glass to his lips.

"I'll hold my coat collar back and you pour that down the back of my neck," he said. "It soaks into my flannel and does me more good than if I was to put it in my stomach, and it's a heap sight less dangerous."

"Oh, this isn't a new wrinkle," said the fire chief. "Some firemen pour whisky down the back of the neck and some put it in their rubber boots. Both ways are good, but I like mine on my back. It's an old trick of firemen when they get very cold. Of course, all firemen don't take their whisky this did."

WHAT IT IS FOR.

A short time ago an English school teacher was giving a lesson on the function of the hyphen. Having written a number of examples on the blackboard, the first of which was "bird-cage," he asked the boys to give a reason for putting the hyphen between the "bird" and "cage" There was a short silence. Then a boy who is unjustly reckoned among the dunces, said: "It is for the bird to perch on, sir."

WORLD'S RICHEST WOMAN.

Signora Cousino of South America, is now said to be the richest woman in the world, says the Kansas City Journal. Her silver and copper mines are now yielding £20,000 per month; her coal mines yield £17,000 per month. Her stock farms of thoroughbred horses and cattle at present bring in an income which exceeds that of all the mines put together. In addition, she has large landed interests and a fleet of steamships.

THE STUDIOUS JAP.

Mr. Takahira, the Japanese minister at Washington, has a new story. He says he heard two women discussing his nation. "The Japanese," said one of them, "ought to be excluded from the country. Their young men come here to school and no sooner do they arrive than they begin a systematic course of cheating." "How is that?" asked the other. "They only pay tuition for one," said the complainant, "and they learn enough for two or three."

The Best Food in the World
MALTA-CERES
Always Ready to Serve
NATIONAL NUT FOOD CO. MINNEAPOLIS

USE
MAGIC PIANO POLISH.
Don't spoil your furniture for the sake of 25 cents, but use Magic Polish, which is the best. Used by practical people. C. O. KRISTENSEN, 236 East Superior street. Telephone, Old phone 1202-L.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

"ALL HAVE NOT WEALTH,

But All Must Have a Home."

The "Bayha system" of easy payments places a well furnished home within the reach of all. Our new store, as it is equipped and stocked today, with high grade as well as medium and ordinary grades of Furniture and Home-furnishings, offers you the best place to be found anywhere in the Northwest at which to buy your home needs, whether it be a "Cottage" or a "Palace" you have to buy for.

$5 Dining Table $2.95.

Made of solid oak well-seasoned, so will not bind or warp. Extension can be made full size (like cut), except legs are bolted at the corners. No ash or elm is used in this table, but made of well seasoned solid oak. A good value anywhere at $5. Special here all this week..... **$2.95**

This is only one of 100 good values on our floors for your dining-room. No matter what you may want in this line, we want you to call and examine our stock.

See our big line of bedroom furniture in Oak, Bird's-eye Maple, regular Mahogany and "Toona" Mahogany.

Mahogany Hall Clock $47.50.

We will offer you a fine opportunity this week to purchase that "Hall" or "Dining Room" Clock you have been wanting. We offer this week a clock, like cut — guaranteed works of the finest solid brass—well made and finely finished, as special inducement we quote this clock

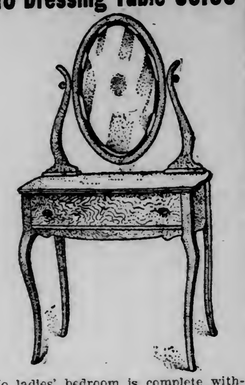
$47.50

NOTE—No veneers or imitation mahogany used in this clock.

WE INVITE YOU

To open a charge account at this store and assure you the most liberal treatment. We get you one piece or will furnish your home complete, and you can arrange to pay for same on convenient and legitimate easy payments.

$10 Dressing Table $5.95



No ladies' bedroom is complete without a dressing table. We are showing an immense line of this kind of furniture, consisting of 75 different samples, and we aim to have each as good a value at its price as this one. We offer this week a fine solid oak dressing table, made with French post legs, swell front of quartered oak, large drawer, French beveled plate glass, choice of either round or square, a good value at $10.00, special this week **$5.95**

BAYHA & CO.,

"Duluth's Greatest Furniture Store."

Corner Second Avenue West and First St., Duluth, Minn.

Over One Whole Acre of Space for Home-furnishings Only.

men they know little about, it is probable that men are often equally rash in choosing their partners for life. The influence of New York's Four Hundred is doubtless greatly exaggerated, and young men are as likely to disregard parental leading in matters matrimonial as are young women. Indeed, if the advice of some match-making mammas were disregarded, it is possible that there would be fewer unhappy marriages for money and more happy marriages for love. The divorce question is interesting enough, but one wonders sometimes whether it not receiving more attention than it deserves. Persons who cannot live happily together ought to separate. The interests of society demand it. But it is well to remember that the vast majority of marriages do turn out happily. Let those who are alarmed at the "spread of the divorce evil" in this country examine the government statistics on the subject. The figures should put a quietus on the professional pessimist.

AN EYE OPENER

By Alice De Carret.

(Copyright, 1905, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

Miss Gilchrist had boarded and elevated train on her way to the shopping district. It was crowded with men and women going to business, but she was fortunate enough to get a corner seat, next to those running crosswise.

It was not yet 9 o'clock, but Miss Gilchrist was anxious to get to the shops early and have her purchases sent home before night. There were several things, an evening waist or two, a fashionable wrap and a stylish hat, that she must have before she could let herself be seen by anybody.

"Anybody" meant Horace Whiting, the dashing New Yorker whom she had met the summer before at her home in Pineville. His advent had made her extremely critical of the men she had known all her life, particularly of Oliver Leighton, the greatest catch in Pineville. At any time previous she joyfully would have taken Oliver for better or worse, had she been able to bring him to the point of asking her to, but now she began to keep him at bay with a discreet mixture of coyness and coquetry that bewildered him, and naturally his ardor grew as she became indifferent. Whitting was certainly no better looking than her Pineville admirer, and not half as well bred, but his air of knowing it all, his clothes and the way he wore them quite dazzled her. She began to have brilliant vision of life in New York that made Pineville seem unendurably dull and tame.

She couldn't say that Whiting had made love to her, but he had taken her driving, singled her out on every occasion, and made her promise again and again that she would let him know the minute she came to New York. So she could easily picture his delight at learning that she was here, and that he would have an opportunity to entertain her as he had so often assured her he longed to do. Whether anything serious would follow she, of course, could not tell, but she had no intention of binding herself to any one else until she had given Whiting a chance to meet her again. Meanwhile she had obtained a refusal on Leighton, to whom she had promised an answer within a couple of weeks. The intervening time she would spend in New York, and thus fit herself to come to a proper decision.

Miss Gilchrist's pleasing meditations on new frocks and hats, and the theaters and operas to which she would wear them, were rudely broken in upon by some one's trampling on her toes. Two men were pushing roughly by several women in their eagerness to get possession of the cross seat next her, which was just vacated. Indignant at their indecent manner, she cast a look of contempt at their backs as they settled themselves comfortably.

"Well, this is luck!" said one. "I've been out every night this week, and dead tired."

The voice made Miss Gilchrist start and shrink back into her corner in dismay. For an instant she was conscious of nothing but the danger of her being discovered in her out-of-date attire by the man who had spoken, the very one on whose approval hung so many of her plans. Her heart beat hard and fast, but as she remembered the thick veil she wore her mind grew easier, and she began to study furtively the profile that was so familiar, and yet so different from her recollection of it. Some way Whiting did not look at all as he had in Pineville. He had pushed his hat back on his head, which gave him a boorish air, and as for his clothes, they were not conspicuous here; indeed, there were half a dozen men in the car who surpassed him on this ground.

"How's business?" asked the companion of the man she was scrutinizing.

"Slow!" growled the latter. "I'm dead sick of it! Makes me feel like crawling into a hole and staying there. But no matter what happens, people seem to think you've got money to burn. Girls are the worst. Pay them the slightest attention and they think you are bound to keep it up. There's never a let-up with them. That reminds me," feeling in his pockets, "of a letter I had this morning from a girl just in from the country. Met her last summer. Not a bad little thing at all; the best there was in the place. Not a bad note, either, is it," handing it to his friend.

"Not at all," replied the latter, glancing over it and handing it back. "Quite clever, in fact."

"Just so. Means, of course, that she wants me to take her to the theater and so on. So I would if things were a little easier, but I ain't in shape to do it now. When you come to figure it out, it don't pay. There's five dollars for seats, flowers five, carriage five, supper ten—twenty-five in all. Take the girl home, press her hand at the door, bid her good night. Tain't worth it! I'll just wait a few days 'til she's gone back, then write her a nice letter, telling her I've been out of town, awfully sorry to miss her, and all that kind of thing. It's too bad, but a fellow must draw the line somewhere."

The speaker wound up with a great yawn, and threw his head back with such a jerk that his hat tumbled into the lap of the girl behind him.

"I beg your pardon, madam!" he cried, waving his arm wildly behind him in an attempt to regain his fedora. "Why, she's carrying it along with her. Confound it, she trod all over it. What's the matter with the woman, anyway?"

The other passengers grinned, but the object of his remarks was already out of the car. They were still a long way from the shopping district, but Miss Gilchrist had lost all interest in her purchases. Her only desire was to get back to Pineville, and to dear, dear Oliver.

Their wedding came off three months later.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

MORE NEW ARRIVALS!

New Silk Shirt Waist Suits.

New Wash Suits.

New Wash Silk Waists.

New Covert Coats.

So many new things—smart ideas which are cropping up in the fashion centers and which find their way to Duluth's representative establishment almost as soon as they appear in the Eastern fashionable stores. Our Mr. E. A. Silberstein, now in the markets, is daily sending us new lines—the choice pickings from European fashions—Every day something new. You're invited to inspect them.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

The wedding of Miss Dorothy Nichols and John A. Tupper took place last evening at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Fanny Nichols, of 1427 East Third street. The wedding was a quiet affair, only the immediate friends being present. The wedding party entered the parlors at 8 o'clock. Six little ribbon bearers, Rachael Hammell, Berna Willard, Eleanor Warner, Clara Green, Helen Smith and Mina Hay, entered first and formed an aisle through which the bride passed. The ceremony took place before a bank of palms and pink roses. The bride was given away by her mother, and Mr. Tupper was unattended. The service was read by Rev. John W. Powell. The bride wore a pretty gown of white net, trimmed with deep ecrue lace, and carried bride's roses.

An informal reception followed the ceremony, and during the evening Mr. and Mrs. Tupper left for their new home at 1431 East Fourth street.

Among the out-of-town guests were: Mr. and Mrs. A. Nichols and daughter, Verna, of Haywood, Wis.; Mrs. John Logan, a sister of the groom, of Truro, N. S.; W. Wallace Wood, Millbank, St. D.; Harry Palmer of Little Falls, Minn., and Miss Silver of St. Paul.

* * *

Miss Elizabeth Silver, who has been the guest of Miss Kathleen Watterworth for the last few days, returned to her home in St. Paul today.

* * *

Miss Mayme Balmer of 206 South Eighteenth avenue east left today for a visit with relatives at Chamberlain, S. D.

* * *

Mrs. John Logan of Novia Scotia is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. George Tupper of Hunter's Park.

* * *

Mrs. T. K. Hicks and daughter, Miss Winnifred Hicks, will leave tomorrow evening for New York, from which place they will sail Saturday for a year abroad.

* * *

A delightful meeting of the Cecilian society, which was reorganized last month, was held yesterday afternoon with Mrs. Mark Baldwin, at her home on East Second street. The program was a most interesting one, and the following members took part: Miss Isabel Pearson, Mrs. C. P. Craig, Mrs. K. A. Ostergren, Mrs. C. H. Thornten, Emily Ellis Woodward, Mrs. C. F. Sheldon, Miss Grayce Turner and Miss Clara Stocker.

* * *

Tomorrow evening the second in the series of readings by Rev. Alexander Milne on "In Memoriam" will be given at the rooms of the Young Women's Christian association. Any one interested is invited to attend.

* * *

The gymnasium classes of the Young Women's Christian association are planning for an indoor frolic and picnic, to be held in the gymnasium, Wednesday evening, May 24. All but the children's classes of the gymnasium will take part in this informal frolic, and a generally jolly time is looked forward to by the members of the classes, as all restrictions of dignity and skirts are removed for the time being, and leap frog and other feats impossible with the hamperings of skirts are possible and permitted. The children's classes are planning for much the same sort of entertainment for the Saturday afternoon following.

ROBBING BIRDS' NESTS.

Punishable Offense to Take Eggs From Them.

In the spring of the year the lovers of the birds plan anew for their protection during the early spring and summer months. One of the women prominent in the work of the local Audobon society said today:

"There seems to be on foot a desire among some women and small boys to make collections of birds' eggs. After all has been said and written about this abuse, that it should still continue seems incredible. It cannot be done in ignorance as to the laws or from a lack of knowledge as to the suffering of the parent birds. A woman of the East end was asking small boys only last week to get eggs for her collection. The robins are now nesting and probably some others and attention is called to the following law:

"General statutes, 1894, section 6795. Any person who shall wantonly maim, kill or destroy by any means whatever, any brown thrush, bluebird, martin, swallow, wren, catbird, robin, peewee, meadowlark or other insect devouring bird of any kind, or wantonly destroy the nests or eggs of any such bird is punishable by a fine not exceeding $15 nor less than $1."

HOW DO THEY GET IT?

Man's Embarrassing Question to Two Women.

They were talking about losing money, says an exchange.

"I always put it under the knee," said the one who was contemplating carying $50 worth of bills for a few hours.

"I don't; I push mine 'way down beneath the shoe top," said the second one, "and then I know it is there all the time because I can feel it."

An exclamation caused them to look up and under the portieres stood the man member of the household.

"Do you mean to say," he asked, pointing a derisive finger at the second speaker, "that you actually carry money in your stocking?"

"Why, certainly," she returned with scorn. "Why not?"

"Well, I'm surprised," said he. "I have heard that women did it, but I never believed it."

"Why, they all do it," said his listeners in chorus.

"There's a bank been built with a stocking room for the women patrons," put in the first speaker.

"Now, now," said the man, "that's a newspaper yarn."

"No, it isn't," she returned, "and if it is, it's true."

"Well, what on earth do you carry it there for?" he asked, going back to the original issue.

They were all in such dead earnest by this time that they all forgot it was a rather unconventional subject.

"Because it's safe," said one.

"Because we have no other place," said the second.

"Because it can't be stolen," said the first.

"Because it won't get lost," said the second.

The man looked from one to the other during this vaudevillian dialogue. He looked and grinned.

"How do you get it when you want it?" he next propounded.

A sudden silence fell.

"Come on, Anne; let's see if it's raining now," said the one who had spoken last, and the two went out on the porch.

"I wonder how they do get it," said the man to the empty air.

REASONS FOR DIVORCE.

Club Women Give Dozen Causes For Separations.

A dozen club women of St. Louis recently reported upon "the spread of the divorce evil in the United States," assigning the following reasons:

Girls marry men they know little about.

There is too much independence between husband and wife.

Young people frequently are obliged to live with their parents.

Marriages are regarded as simply a contract, without the religious element.

Ministers have married persons they knew were not fitted to be married.

The blacksmith's son cannot live happily with the daughter of the man in a higher social sphere.

Lawyers who solicit trade by guaranteeing prompt divorces are largely responsible.

Elopements cause entertainment and amusement, but not the anxiety which they should.

The example of New York's "Four Hundred" is bad for the rest of the country.

Women of today do not show enough loyalty to their husbands.

Divorce is so easy to secure, married persons treat lightly bonds of matrimony.

Young women do not heed advice of parents in regard to marriage.

The counts in the indictment seem most of them, to be valid enough, but plenty more might be cited, says the Housekeeper. As for girls marrying in very few cases answer: "That, teacher, is a non-enumerated unmanufactured article." But the collector of customs at Bangor said that it was. When the ex-rabbit became incarnated in a donkey, it could truthfully say that its soul was marching on, but that its former bodily habitation had become merely a non-enumerated unmanufactured article. Believing a rabbit to be this, there was nothing else for the collector to do but to assess a 10 per cent ad valorem duty under section 6 of the most scientific tariff act which the world has ever seen. But Bangor was not to be allowed to write the zoological dictionaries. Assistant Secretary of the Treasury James B. Reynolds forwarded to the Bangor collector a letter written only two weeks before by Charles Hallam Keep, another assistant secretary of the treasury, in charge of the nation's financial operations.

Mr. Keep is a graduate of Harvard college, a lawyer of long experience and a decidedly studious man. He does not affix his name to treasury documents without personally familiarizing himself with their contents, merely to accommodate a fellow-official, on any subject other than pickled sheepskins, and it is doubtful if he does that any more. Accordingly Mr. Keep's conclusions regarding dead rabbits must be considered the results of his own personal research. He calls attention to a T. D. of Feb. 13, 1904, numbered 25,012, wherein it was held that venison "by virtue of the similitude clause," in section 7 of the Dingley act, became dutiable at 2 cents a pound instead of at 10 per cent ad valorem. Had Bangor never heard of the similitude clause? The auditor of the treasury, a very wise man, when she came to handle the Eastport vouchers, did not like to take 10 per cent ad valorem on rabbits when there was this venison precedent, so ably set forth in the old treasury decision, known as a T. D.

The principle enunciated by the auditor, Mr. Keep finds, was followed by the board of United States general appraisers at New York, in an unpublished decision, dated March 27. This was T. D. 26,212. With the weight of this authority the department holds that dead rabbits are not properly classified as non-enumerated unmanufactured articles. Something has thus been gained for popular definitions.

Mr. Reynolds, in forwarding this letter, squarely commits himself to this new theory regarding dead rabbits. He is now on record. However important this issue may become in politics, and though he might desire to evade responsibility at some future time, he will find that path obstructed. He stands committed before the world as to the essential nature of dead rabbits, and from this position retreat would be dishonorable.

PRICES FOR

LOWER

Quality considered, than any other.

Needles, Oil, Repairs

FOR ALL MAKES AT

SINGER STORE,

14 West Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

Explosion of Picture Machine Sets Fire to Sioux Falls Theater.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Sioux Falls—The Booth theater was badly damaged Monday evening by fire which was caused by a moving picture machine exploding. The performance had commenced and the building was comfortably filled, but the people kept their heads and marched out without exhibiting the slightest sign of panic. The building is in the same block as the headquarters station of the fire department and was saved by the promptness with which the firemen appeared upon the scene.

Bonesteel—Because about 10,000 men of all ages from every state in the Union want to marry the 120 women who are eligible for matrimony and drew homesteads on the Rosebud Indian reservation, the women have formed a mutual protective society.

The man who marries into the family must show he is able to work a farm and must put in a whole season at plowing, sowing and harvesting. After he does all this work, for which the object of his affections receives the reward, the applicant may be rejected if he does not please the owner of the homestead. But if his work has been well done, if there has been no grumbling, if the furrows have been straight and even, then the man may possibly become the possessor of a wife and a quarter section of good Rosebud land. Miss Ruth Pyrtle, formerly of Lincoln, Neb., is president of the society, and Miss Estelle Salle, formerly of Mexico, Mo., is vice president.

Belle Fourche—Three golden wedding anniversaries have been celebrated in this city in thirty days. The couples are Rev. T. Thirloway and wife, James Newland and wife and John Barr and wife.

James Newland and wife came to the Black Hills as pioneers in 1876, when he made a filing on an irrigation water right which was the first one recorded in Dakota territory. Singlehanded he constructed nine miles of ditch, using ox teams for the work. He is known locally as "the father of irrigation."

John Barr and wife came to South Dakota in 1887 and have resided in Belle Fourche eight years. Rev. Mr. Thirloway and wife came to Belle Fourche six years ago.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Enderlin—Fire in Munt & Wilson's flouring mill completely destroyed the plant. A high northwest wind was blowing at the time. Later a fire was discovered in the upper part of the Soo line depot, a light wooden structure. This was destroyed. The wind carried the fire to the Royal Elevator company's elevator, just across the street, which also was reduced to ashes. The total loss is estimated at $30,000.

Minot—Mrs. Clara Giles, aged 13 years, the child-wife of William Giles, appeared before Judge A. B. Goss in the district court and asked that tribunal to annul her marriage. The petition was presented to the court by her father and guardian, Andrew Hammer. The court granted a decree annulling the marriage and giving the 2-year-old daughter to the mother. The young woman eloped three years ago with William Giles to Minnesota, where they were married. They reside in Bowbells, this county.

June 1 will witness the opening of the free delivery mail service in Minot. The postoffice department has appointed two carriers, John J. O'Neal and Jacob Schwiatz. The business houses will receive mail three times a day, while the residence portion will have two deliveries every twenty-four hours.

George W. Newton of Williston, convicted in district court of contempt of court in selling liquor in violation of an injunctional order restraining him from continuing the sale of liquor, has applied for a pardon. He pleaded guilty and was sentenced to ninety days and to pay a fine of $250.

Following the burglary of the Clifford store occurred the robbery of the farmers' store at Taft, a siding two miles north of Hillsboro. At the Taft store $30 had been left over night in the safe, which had not been locked. The burglars easily effected an entrance, and besides taking the money, secured two gold watches and some gold rings.

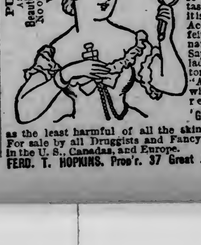
Sheriff Olson at Hillsboro was not notified until late the next day and has only a slim clue to work upon. He has notified all the police in near-by towns, and with his deputies is making a systematic search.

Fargo—The state attorney's office is advertising for two victims of a holdup man. Last fall Sanders and O'Malley were convicted for "sticking up" two men and were given seven years. Both appealed. Sanders has to serve, but a new trial was ordered for O'Malley because of an error in the charge of Judge Pollock to the jury. After the conviction the victims of the holdup were allowed to depart without leaving their addresses. They are laboring men and their address is unknown. O'Malley will probably be permitted his liberty.

A SKIN OF BEAUTY IS A JOY FOREVER.

DR. T. FELIX GOURAUD'S ORIENTAL CREAM, OR MAGICAL BEAUTIFIER

Removes Tan, Pimples, Freckles, Moth Patches, Rash, and Skin diseases, and every blemish on beauty, and defies detection. It has stood the test of 56 years, and is so harmless we taste it to be sure it is properly made. Accept no counterfeit of similar name. Dr. L. A. Sayre said to a lady of the haut-ton (a patient): "As you ladies will use them, I recommend 'Gouraud's Cream' as the least harmful of all the skin preparations." For sale by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers in the U. S., Canadas, and Europe.



FERD. T. HOPKINS, Prop'r, 37 Great Jones St., N. Y.

COFFEE HEART

Very Plain In Some People.

A great many people go on suffering from annoying ailments for a long time before they can get their own consent to give up the indulgence from which their trouble arises.

A gentleman in Brooklyn describes his experience, as follows:

"I became satisfied some months ago that I owed the palpitation of the heart, from which I suffered almost daily, to the use of coffee, (I had been a coffee drinker for 30 years) but I found it very hard to give up the beverage.

"I realized that I must give up the harmful indulgence in coffee but I felt the necessity for a hot table drink, and as tea is not to my liking, I was at a loss for awhile, what to do.

"One day I ran across a very sensible and straightforward presentation of the claims of Postum Food Coffee, and was so impressed thereby that I concluded to give it a trial. My experience with it was unsatisfactory till I learned how it ought to be prepared—by thorough boiling for not less than 15 or 20 minutes. After I learned that lesson there was no trouble. Postum Food Coffee proved to be a most palatable and satisfactory hot beverage, and I have used it ever since.

"The effect on my health has been most salutary. It has completely cured the heart palpitation from which I used to suffer so much, particularly after breakfast, and I never have a return of it except when I dine or lunch away from home and am compelled to drink the old kind of coffee because Postum Food Coffee cheers and invigorates while it produces no harmful stimulation." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason.

Ten days' trial proves an eye opener to many.

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville" in every pkg.

RECORD IS BROKEN

Brandegee's Election to Senate Upsets a House Precedent.

Dead Rabits Give Treasury Department Considerable Concern.

Washington, May 9.—In the choice of Frank B. Brandegee for the United States senate, Connecticut has made an excellent selection, apparently worthy of her old traditions. He is a young man, just passed his fortieth birthday, of vigor and ability. It is no reflection upon him to say that he has not been conspicuous in the house; no new man is, but his service has been meritorious, and promised to give him a place in the front rank of that body. He now goes to a larger field, and the greatest career, aside from the presidency, which any American public man can have.

Those who looked for the election of E. J. Hill, if any of the Connecticut congressmen was to be selected, relied on the "ways and means committee tradition." Seldom is a member of any other committee transferred to the senate. Mr. Hill, if successful, would have been the sixth member of that committee to be transferred to the senate within the last five years. And until the Fifty-ninth congress opened on Mar 4, bringing Hemenway and Burkett, both from the appropriation committee, there was nobody during all that period promoted from one house to the other from any committee except the ways and means, with the solitary exception of Mr. Carmack. To home constituencies think service on the ways and means the only stamp of genuine success in congressional service? The probabilities are that they think little about it; that the strongest men, other things being equal, get on the ways and means, and that these are the men who push to the front in the senatorial contests.

From the ways and means committee went Dolliver of Iowa to the senate, and then Bailey of Texas and Hopkins of Illinois, and Newlands of Nevada, and Long of Kansas. It was the precedent which Hemenway, the chairman of the appropriations committee, broke, in getting transferred to the seat of Fairbanks. Burkett, the man who was staggered under two nominations at the same time last fall, that of his district for the lower house, and that of the state convention of his party for the upper, also helped to spread the notion that there is some other committee in the house worth mentioning. Much of the pre-eminence of the ways and means committee, like many other things in this world, is a matter of sentiment. It really is much less important year in and year out than appropriations. Both have fallen far behind interstate commerce in the last congress, with its pure food legislation, its Panama canal affairs and its railroad regulation, besides numberless little things. But tradition had made ways and means the big committee; its chairman is the floor leader of the house. His name attaches to tariff bills, and it was this that made McKinley president. His name became associated in the public mind with a great Republican measure. His party went down in defeat because of it. Times grew hard, under the legislation that followed, and his party was shrewd enough to attach the responsibility to the rejected McKinley tariff. Accordingly, it became the head of the corner, and its author was called out for the presidential nomination. Nothing could stop it. The speakership which Mr. Reed had won over McKinley proved of trifling value as a president maker by comparison with it.

When Mr. Hill was making his fight for the senate last winter, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the retirement of Senator Hawley, who afterwards died, he met John R. Thayer of Massachusetts in the corridor of the upper house one day. They fell to talking of the senatorial outlook.

"The best thing I can say for you," remarked John R. waggishly, "is to paraphrase what I said at the state convention in Massachusetts when I put young William A. Gaston in nomination for governor. Remembering his father's services in that office, I declared it was time that we had another Governor Gaston. To-day, I say it is time that we had another Senator Hill." By an historical coincidence, neither of these suggestions for duplicating titles has been adopted.

* * *

Dead rabbits have for some time been giving the treasury department considerable concern, calling for the display of the greatest skill and legal learning of its most distinguished officials. It would be pleasant to veil this uncanny subject by the use of scientific phraseology, but textual exactness, following a manifesto on this subject issued last Thursday, requires that the bald vernacular should be used.

The collector of customs at Bangor, Me., was informed by a letter of the department, dated April 29, that it has been discovered through the auditor's office of the treasury, that he had defined dead rabbits as "non-enumerated unmanufactured articles." Few students of biology would define them in this way. Probably a child in school, if shown a dead rabbit, and asked what it was, would

DESIRE BY VATICAN

For an Agreement With the Italian Government.

Rome, May 9.—A pamphlet has been published by Mgr. Patrizi on the relation of the papacy and the kingdom of Italy, which is taken to be the sign of a desire on the part of the Vatican for an agreement with the Italian government. In the article it is stated that such a sum should be guaranteed to the pope as would assure his independence.

In newspaper and political circles, it is believed that such official conciliation would be dangerous for both sides.

One of the conditions mentioned is that the Italian government shall pay the papacy an amount guaranteed under the law of 1871, offering an annual payment of $640,000, which would now amount to $22,000,000. But it is predicted that the government will not now grant such a sum. Its refusal to pay the accumulated arrears, as the Vatican refused the proposal at the time, would be popularly sustained.

MADE NOOSE OF WIRE.

Discouraged Young Dane Takes His Own Life.

Winnipeg, Man., May 9.—A young immigrant named Harold Frederick Anderson committed suicide on Saturday by hanging himself on the Canadian Pacific railway track, at Bergen, seven miles west of Winnipeg. Lack of employment is the cause attributed. In his desperation he tied a piece of wire round his neck and affixed it to the guard rail of a culvert, and flung himself into the ditch below. He was a Dane and left his address as Copenhagen on a card in his clothes.

MINNESOTA MACARONI

How to Cook It

Macaroni and Ham: Boil a ha'f package of Minnesota Macaroni in throwing it in boiling water and boil twenty minutes. Put in a buttered pudding dish the boiled macaroni in layers with minced ham, season with a little mustard or finely chopped onion. Beat one egg and mix with one cupful of milk; pour over all and bake fifteen minutes.

MINNESOTA MACARONI CO.
ST. PAUL, MINN.

THOUSANDS HAVE KIDNEY TROUBLE AND DON'T KNOW IT.

To Prove what Swamp-Root, the Great Kidney Remedy, will do for YOU, Every Reader of The Herald May Have a Sample Bottle Sent Free by Mail.

Weak and unhealthy kidneys are responsible for more sickness and suffering than any other disease, therefore when through neglect or other causes, kidney trouble is permitted to continue, fatal results are sure to follow.

Your other organs may need attention—but your kidneys most, because they do most and need attention first.

If you are sick or "feel badly," begin taking Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy, because as soon as your kidneys begin to get better they will help all the other organs to health. A trial will convince anyone.

The mild and immediate effect of Swamp-Root the great kidney and bladder remedy is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. Swamp-Root will set your whole system right, and the best proof of this is a trial.

53 Cottage St., Melrose, Mass.
Jan. 11th, 1904.

Dear Sir:
"Ever since I was in the army, I had more or less kidney trouble, and within the past year it became so severe and complicated that I suffered everything and was much alarmed—my strength and power was fast leaving me. I saw an advertisement of Swamp-Root and wrote asking for advice. I began the use of the medicine and noted a decided improvement after taking Swamp-Root only a short time.

I continued its use and am thankful to say that I am entirely cured and strong. In order to be very sure about this, I had a doctor examine some of my water today and he pronounced it all right and in splendid condition.

I know that your Swamp-Root is purely vegetable and does not contain any harmful drugs. Thanking you for my complete recovery and recommending Swamp-Root to all sufferers I am."

Very truly yours,
I. C. RICHARDSON.

Swamp-Root is not recommended for everything but it promptly cures kidney, liver and bladder troubles, the symptoms of which are— obliged to pass you water frequently night and day, smarting or irritation in passing, brickdust or sediment in the urine, headache, backache lame back, dizziness, poor digestion, sleeplessness, heart disturbance due to bad kidney trouble, skin eruptions from bad blood, neuralgia, rheumatism, diabetes, bloating, irritability, wornout feeling, lack of ambition, loss of flesh, sallow complexion, or Bright's disease.

If your water, when allowed to remain undisturbed in a glass or bottle for twenty-four hours, forms a sediment or settling or has a cloudy appearance, it is evidence that your kidneys and bladder need immediate attention.

Swamp-Root is pleasant to take and is for sale at drug stores the world over in bottles of two sizes and two prices—fifty cents and one dollar. Remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

EDITORIAL NOTE.—In order to prove the wonderful merits of Swamp-Root you may have a sample bottle and a book of valuable information, both sent absolutely free by mail. The book contains many of the thousands upon thousands of testimonial letters received from men and women cured. The value and success of Swamp-Root are so well known that our readers are advised to send for a sample bottle. In sending your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure to say you read this generous offer in The Duluth Evening Herald. The genuineness of this offer is guaranteed.

CORRUPTION IS CHARGED

Beltrami County Affairs Indicate Officials Were Very Thrifty.

Bemidji, Minn., May 9.—By means of documents, newspapers, maps and witnesses, Assistant Attorney General Stone and Attorney McDonald have apparently overwhelmed County Commissioners Wright and Sibley in the investigation ordered by Governor Johnson, on information filed with him by the public examiner. During the week six exhibits, mainly of illegal and excessive bills, have been shown, embracing all sorts and varieties of business transactions.

In the matter of the public printing, since January, 1903, it is shown by the state that overcharges in excess of the fees allowed by law to the amount of $1,800 to $2,000, have been permitted.

A page thirteen inches wide by nineteen inches long, containing printed matter set in 10-point type, five inches wide and eleven inches long, has been measured as solid six-point, while 10,000 primary election ballots, 10,000 general election ballots and 5,000 women's ballots furnished the county last fall, are paid for with a county warrant of $740.

Commissioner Wright has, according to the evidence, used the jail prisoners to split large quantities of wood and rails and large quantities of logs, the prisoners working under the watchful eyes of a deputy sheriff, the county receiving no compensation for the service.

T. N. Harvey, a cabinetmaker, at Wright's instance was given a contract to build eighteen coffins for the poor farm. These coffins, plain pine boxes, were to cost $6 each, the county furnishing the lumber, and when the work is paid for the warrant is assigned to Commissioner Wright in payment of $45.

Martin Gulchett, another cabinetmaker, testified that for seven coffins built for the county on the same specifications he had been paid $4 each, he furnishing everything. The material in the boxes cost 80 to 90 cents, and competent evidence was introduced to show that the coffins, in quantities of a dozen each, could be purchased for $4.75 each.

The prosecution shows that Supt. Sprague of the county hospital had been allowed a claim of nearly $500 for supplies sent from the county store at the hospital to the detention and contagious wards.

By order of the public examiner this warrant was cancelled. In settlement with the defunct Merchants bank in which county funds to the amount of practically $12,000 were lost there is nothing on the records to show that any sum greater than $800 had ever been paid, while the commissioners' records show several unexplained transactions.

On July 23, 1903, a resolution was adopted authorizing Commissioner Sibley and Auditor Sylvester to issue a release of all liability to the defunct bank on receipts of $1,000, which money was to be accepted as payment in full of all demands.

The testimony on this point proves that while the Merchants bank, as a county depository failed with funds of the county to the amount of $12,000, and that as such depository the bank had deposited a good and sufficient bond, the records show that no money has been paid. No actor has been taken on the bond, yet by resolutions of the board, of which Wright and Sibley are members, the entire indebtedness has been wiped out.

The Beaudette road matter shows that bills to the amount of over $800 had been paid for doing work of doubtful utility which would have been expensive at $100.

The trend of the investigation has been to show that there has been a conspiracy between the commissioners. Wright and Sibley, the county attorney and county auditor, and that through this merging of interests the treasury has been looted to the extent of $50,000 or $40,000 since Wright and Sibley became the whole thing on the county board.

A man does not sell his services at the market "nearest his home," but at the best market. There is no more reason why a woman should do most of her shopping at stores "nearest home," unless these stores afford the best opportunities.

LOOSE LEAF LEDGERS
and Blank Books at Wholesale Prices.
BOOKKEEPERS' SPECIAL PENCILS.
ZENITH PAPER CO.,
222-224 WEST MICHIGAN STREET.

RAILROAD NEWS

Details of the April Car Service Report Are Now Ready.

More Building Material Handled Than Same Month Last Year.

The feature of most general interest in the April report of the Lake Superior Car Service association, as compiled in detail by Secretary James Kelly, is the figures pertaining to the amount of building material handled. It is shown that there is a big increase in the number of cars handling such material, as compared to the same month last year, which is taken as an indication that this will be a better season all around than Duluth has enjoyed for some time past.

There was a marked falling off in the number of carloads of coal and wheat, but the total of all cars put on record during the month was very nearly the same as that for April, 1904, owing to the increase in the amount of other classes of freight handled. The falling off in coal cars was 400, and in wheat 1,000. The total number of cars for the month was 18,997, as compared to 19,028 in April, 1904, a difference of only 31. The classes of freight and number of cars loaded with each class were as follows:

Hay and straw, 299; flour, feed and bran, 471; corn and oats, 485; general groceries and merchandise, 298; sugar, syrup and salt, 281; fruit and vegetables, 145; meat and livestock, 307; beer, 161; oil, 95; furniture, 87; lumber and forest products, 4,466; wood, 116; brick, tile and sewer pipe, 321; stone and sand, 484; cement, lime and clay, 437; wagons and woodstuff, 9; iron, pipe and machinery, 1,359; empty barrels and barrel stock, 98; ice, 8; lumbermen's outfits, 24; paper, 77; copper, 71; wheat, flax, rye and barley, 1273; coal and coke, 7406.

WASTING AWAY

It's the small but constant loss of flesh, that indicates physical waste — the gradual slipping away of healthy flesh, pound by pound, which no ordinary food seems to restore. Scott's Emulsion will restore it. This Emulsion is the greatest flesh builder obtainable. Scott's Emulsion first stops the wasting—that's one gain. Then when it supplies new flesh and takes one back to normal strength and weight, that's another gain and a big one.

We'll send you a sample, free
SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl Street, New York.

Railroad Personals.

Harry Carter, traveling passenger agent for the Union Pacific, is in the city.

L. K. McConnell, traveling passenger agent for the Milwaukee, is in the city.

Harry Wyand, traveling passenger agent of the Great Western, is in the city.

David Brown, Jr., traveling passenger agent of the Grand Trunk, is in the city today.

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Swain Cut Throat When Sweetheart Closed Door Against Him.

Gladstone—Billy Kline, aged 24, went to the home of Miss Josephine Potalance, an old sweetheart, Sunday evening and on being refused admittance, cut his throat with a razor and is in a critical condition. Three sharp knives were found upon him and he said he was going to use them on his rival.

The Gladstone flour mill, which has been idle the past several years, is to resume operations under a new management and with nearly a complete new outfit of machinery. The mill will be operated by the A. A. Freeman Milling company and H. E. Brooks, a miller of many years' experience, will act as general superintendent and manager. The mill will have a capacity of 250 barrels each working day. Only the best grades of flour will be turned out. It is expected that one result of the resumption of the mill will be largely increased acreages of wheat in the farming region contiguous to Gladstone this spring.

Escanaba—According to the report of the poor commissioner it cost the city of Escanaba $399.32 to look after the poor people of the community during the month of April. Including in this sum, however, was the expense of three burials made by the city, amounting to over $60.

The eighteenth annual report of the Escanaba fire department has been presented to the council. Company No. 1 responded to seven alarms, Company No. 2 to sixty-three alarms. The total losses for the year were $4,943.72. The total value of the buildings endangered by fire is placed at $3,000 and their contents at an additional $16,000.

According to the report for the Escanaba municipal lighting plant for January, February and March, just submitted to the council, the earnings over all operating expenses were $2,147.91. Of this sum $1,948.30 is credited to the electric lighting department and $199.61 to the gas plant. The items of depreciation, taxes, loss, and provision for a sinking fund are not mentioned in the report.

Munising—T. G. Sullivan, former president of Munising village, was splitting wood the other day. He is unaccustomed to this kind of exercise and failed to handle the axe properly. The result was that a stick flew up and struck him in the eye, causing quite a serious injury to the eyeball.

APPROACHES BIBLE'S SIZE

Largest Record Ever Filed Reaches the Supreme Court.

Washington, May 9.—The largest record ever filed in the supreme court of the United States was delivered by an express wagon Monday, May 1, and was carried by a squad of employes to the file room of the court. It is the record in the case of the state of Missouri against the state of Illinois and the sanitary district of Chicago, and is commonly known as the Drainage Canal case.

This mammoth record consists of testimony taken by Special Commissioner F. S. Bright. The record of this testimony covers 13,109 typewritten pages, which, when printed makes 7,975 pages of 500 words each, or 4,465,000 words. This is half a million more words than are contained in the Old and New Testament combined. To print the records with the maps, diagrams, etc., cost in the neighborhood of $8,000 and the cost of the case to the litigants up to date is more than $500,000.

The next largest record ever presented to the supreme court was the Myra Clark Gaines record, which covered a litigation lasting over twenty years.

The object of the proceeding is to put the Chicago drainage canal out of business. The state of Missouri claims that the Illinois sewage is polluting the waters of the Mississippi and Missouri rivers and spoiling the drinking water of St. Louis. The Chicago drainage canal being put out of business would mean a loss to the people of Chicago of $46,900,000.

The real question is: Can a fellow named Mike Robe swim from Chicago to St. Louis without drowning or getting sunstroke? That is the plaint every day English of it. In the evidence, all diseases carried by water are translated into their equivalents of Latin named germs. Then one side tries to prove that such germs can take the voyage and arrive at the St. Louis spigot in prime condition, while the other side tries to prove the contrary.

Commissioner Bright has been working at the evidence for two years. Now both sides are content to stop.

The supreme court judges will read the documents and decide upon the facts.

There is a tax on carelessness—and it cannot be "sworn off." When you buy something in the poorest market, because you failed to read the ads. you pay such a tax.

SENSATION IN WINNIPEG

Ralph Connor Makes Attack on the Social Leaders.

Winnipeg, Man., May 9.—Rev. C. W. Gordon, known as Ralph Connor, the author of "Black Rock" and other works, made some extraordinary statements in his pulpit at St. Stephen's Presbyterian church Sunday night. He said that people were heartily sick of sermons to young men. It was the young woman who needed speaking to. His deliverances on Winnipeg society have created a sensation. Speaking of the lust that threatens Winnipeg, he said:

"It seems a strange thing that the growth of wealth may have a great deal to do in weakening the relations of the sexes. You have a growth of those things which constitute an attack on virtue, and you invite things that make for shame and lust, and this is true in Winnipeg society. Blame must be laid on married women of society. It is said that young men are to blame who are found dangling after married women as lovers.

"No man would dare, by any act, to suggest what is improper to a married woman unless she gave the invitation. Is it not time we separated the clean from the unclean? Is the time not come, or must we go farther and sacrifice more of our homes and lives? Or is the time come when wives will remain pure and keep their hearts for their husbands? Is the time coming when some will differentiate among those who constitute society, and refuse to associate with those who pander to lustfulness and vice and the vile ground of their who sacrifice on burning altars of their own lusts the purity of young men and women?

"I am hoping the day is coming when sufficient of our society leaders will say, 'We will not have any woman in our house whose life is not spotless and absolutely without taint.' Then they will have to go to their own set and depart to their own places.

"If I had stronger words I would attach them deliberately to the names of women in this city who rank in the 'first' sets of society. I will attach blame to them. They are responsible, not our slums, saloons and brothels. Those so-called respectable women are responsible for the decay of virtue in our fair city."

BISHOP SPALDING BETTER.

Peoria, Ill., May 9.—Advices from Hot Springs, Ark., indicate that Bishop Spalding has so far recovered that he is able to take short walks without assistance and that his general condition of health shows marked improvement.

ALWAYS FRESH FOOD.

Crisp and Easily Digested, Malta-Vita Goes Straight From Its Huge Ovens to the Many WHo Eat It.

The Malta-Vita Pure Food company, of Battle Creek, Mich., has adopted a successful method of keeping the public always supplied with fresh Malta-Vita, the perfect food.

When Malta-Vita comes from the ovens, it is the crispest, most delicious food in the world, containing only 1 per cent of moisture. The other 99 per cent is food—brain and bone and nerve and muscle food—and most easily digested because the gelatinized starch of the thoroughly cooked wheat has been converted, by fine malt extract, into maltose (malt sugar).

No other food preparation contains such a low degree of moisture.

Of course, if Malta-Vita were permitted to stand on the grocery store shelves for months it might lose some of its crispness. But such a state of affairs is not permitted.

The Malta-Vita company limits orders from every wholesale dealer to a quantity which the company knows can be disposed of quickly in the wholesaler's territory. The wholesaler, in turn, makes only such shipments to grocers as he knows they will be able to handle satisfactorily.

Thus the grocer's supply of Malta-Vita is always as fresh and crisp as when it comes from the ovens in the big factory at Battle Creek—always the kind that melts in the mouth.

Malta-Vita is so deliciously refreshing and satisfying that it should be in every home. It is the only perfect food. Best for children and best for grown folks.

At all grocers now 10 cents. Same high quality, same big package as when sold for 15 cents.

RAILWAY BILLS

Drastic Law For Regulation of Freight Rates Unlikely.

Testimony to Be Indexed to Let Congress See Facts.

Washington, May 9.—It is doubtful whether, for the average citizen, the hearings before the senate interstate commerce committee will mean a great deal. Much testimony, all of it necessarily of an ex-parte character, is being taken, and its very mass tends to popular confusion.

But the work is important. Later on, by the time congress is ready to proceed to a serious consideration of the transportation problem, this testimony will be carefully assorted and arranged, with some view to systematic classification. Not until this work has been performed will the law-makers themselves know precisely what the hearings have offered in the way of a solution of the problem.

Before congress adjourned on March 4 there were hearings before committees of both houses as to the merits of the Esch-Townsend bill, the Stevens private car bill, and all the various other bills aimed at better control of railways and rates. These hearings, in several instances, were protracted, continuing over periods of many weeks. In general character they were similar to the hearings now being held. When the testimony is completed it will make a dozen or more large octavo volumes.

The work of compiling and assorting and digging out the salient points developed in these hearings will be done by experts—employes of congress who have had much experience in such matters—and it will extend over a period of two or three months. An elaborate alphabetical index will be one of the conveniences this compiling will bring about. Without such help congress would not know what the hearings have done in the way of supporting or opposing the arguments back of the present agitation.

For the reasons just stated, it need not be expected that the hearings, for the present, will throw much light on what congress ultimately will do. The congressional programme will depend in part on the president's message, in part upon the state of public sentiment, and in part upon the facts which the hearings will develop. So far as the president is concerned, there has been no change of purpose, if the San Antonio speech may be taken as an index of his policy. In that speech he strongly urged legislation such as the Esch-Townsend bill proposes, and intimated that the country would be satisfied with nothing else.

Public sentiment, however, is not quite holding itself up to the president's level of thought. It has sagged perceptibly in many places, noticeably in the Middle West, where the Esch-Townsend bill originally had the strongest support. Many men who last winter were as one with the president in favor of giving the interstate commerce commission the power to fix rates, subject to appeal to the courts, are now congratulating themselves that the Esch-Townsend bill did not go further than the house of representatives.

These men still demand relief from the expressions of the great transportation companies, but they are beginning to ask themselves whether this relief can be secured through federal control of the rate-making power. Some of them are coming to believe that, for the present, the government should confine its attentions to control of rates, but should address itself to the regulation of private car lines, the "midnight tariff," and to terminal switching and elevator charges, arguing that through such a policy rebates and rate inequalities can be met in a more satisfactory way than through a policy as drastic as that which the Esch-Townsend bill proposes.

The hearings will throw a great flood of light upon the entire question, and when congress gets ready to proceed next winter it will be much more sure of its ground than it was during the session which closed in March.

The Esch-Townsend bill represents one extreme of the present situation, and the policy of doing nothing, with a view to doing nothing, represents the other extreme. If one were to hazard a guess as to what congress would do at the next session, it would be that it would take some midmost ground between these two extremes, leaving the future to determine whether or not the Esch-Townsend bill is economically sound and desirable.

This middle ground would include the form of legislation declaring the private car lines common carriers in accordance with the decision of the supreme court. It may also strike at the "midnight" tariff, and at the rebates which are paid under the guise of terminal switching and elevator charges. Such middle ground would, after some show of resistance, be acceptable to the railroad companies, which are as anxious as the public to have the private car lines placed under proper control. Such a program as is here suggested would necessarily postpone the question of rate-making.

The new legislation would be tried long enough to determine its effectiveness. If it should be found to reach the evils now complained of, the question of railroad legislation would be closed, probably for many years. If it should be found inadequate, an agitation would at once be started in favor of supplementing it with some such statute as that aimed at in the Esch-Townsend bill.

Should the president, in his message, insist upon the rate-making proposition, the ground for compromise legislation would be clearly marked, and toward this ground, so far as the next session is concerned, congressional sentiment would be almost certain to gravitate. It is highly necessary that whatever legislation is to be enacted in the near future should be enacted at the next session, in order that the new satute may be sufficiently tried before the presidential campaign of 1908 to keep the railroad issue out of politics; or, if it is to come in, to have the public well enough informed to be beyond the reach of the political demagogue and opportunist.

LITTLE BUSINESS TALKS.

Store-publicity is the coin with which you buy buyers. You control the number of patrons who enter your store with little less certainty than you control the number of clerks who work for you.

"Chance is neither to be scorned nor relied upon." Chance-sales in your store are welcome—but not to be depended upon. Publicity is the only reliance.

Some people see your store-advertisement for the first time today. First impressions are lasting—and a small advertising space implies a small store to most people.

The woman who never reads store advertising is about as wise as the merchant who never advertises—but this is too much like "calling names," so we withdraw the comparison, in deference to the woman.

A MATTER OF HEALTH

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure
HAS NO SUBSTITUTE

JAPANESE VICTORY

In the Coming Sea Fight Expected By Admiral Dewey.

Careful, However, Not to Express Opinion For Publication.

Chicago, May 9.—A Washington special to the Record-Herald by Walter Wellman says: Admiral Dewey declares he never said that in his opinion the Russians were going to whip the Japanese in the naval engagement which is soon expected. As a matter of fact, the admiral's private opinion, as gathered from his associates, is quite to the contrary, and that Admiral Togo is pretty sure to smash Rojestvensky whenever the Russian commander gets near enough to Japanese bases to warrant an attack in force. But Admiral Dewey, mindful of the proprieties of the situation, has been careful not to express an opinion of the result of the coming battle for publication. He is not so backward among his friends, but his friends have no right to quote him one way or another. The notion that Admiral Dewey pinned his faith to the Russians grew out of his well-known advocacy of battleships as the chief and most effective part of a fighting navy. As the statement was sent broadcast, Admiral Dewey was represented as believing the Russians would win on account of their superiority in battleships. That would, indeed, be in line with his theory as to the relative value of that sort of fighting craft. But the admiral, in discussing the outlook with his friends, always has been careful to put in the qualification that "other things being equal or approximately equal, superiority in battleships should give victory." In the present case this is a distinction with a very wide difference. Other things are not equal. No one knows better than George Dewey the enormous value of superior personnel, gunnery and seamanship. Admiral Dewey is not violating naval etiquette by rushing into print with his opinions as to the outcome of the coming naval battle or series of battles. But privately his opinion coincides with that of ninety-nine out of a hundred American naval officers, to wit: That all the chances are in Togo's favor.

* * *

Naval and military officers here have shown much interest in the remarkable photographic experiments recently made by Lawrence & Co. of Chicago in the presence of representatives of both the army and the navy. The inventors claim to be able to make photographs by means of kites or small balloons from an altitude of 1,200 or 1,500 feet. They claim, moreover, that such photographs will show the whole country round about for a distance of twenty miles. Officers admit it might be of vast importance in naval or land warfare if a photographic view of the enemy's country could be taken for a distance of ten or perhaps fifteen miles within his lines. Such pictures, the inventors claim, would develop the presence of ships, fortifications, earthworks, guns, etc., in a manner far superior to a mere momentary visual observation through the eye of a scout sent aloft in a balloon. Besides, these photographic surveys may be made under circumstances which would preclude the use of the larger observation balloons required to send up an observer. In a picture made by the experts who have been demonstrating the usefulness of the invention to officers here and this vicinity, a country church was shown at a distance of nearly twenty miles with sufficient clearness to enable one to count the windows in the structure. Having once located a ship or fort or camp within the enemy's lines, the inventors say they can send up a telescopic lens focused on the object about which further information is desired, and bring out its details as if it were only half a mile distant. Army and navy officials are greatly interested in the aerial and photographic scouting plan, and believe it may be found very useful in time of war.

* * *

Admiral Dewey and Secretary Paul Morton have discovered that they are kinsmen. The relationship is not very close, only a sort of distant cousinship. The Morton family came from Vermont where some generations ago they were neighbors of the Deweys, and the two families inter-married. Moreover they appear to have had a penchant for and also a sort of aversion to certain Christian names common to both families. Secretary Morton's grandfather was named Julius Dewey Morton, and his son, the former secretary of agriculture and originator of Arbor day, was named Julius Sterling Morton. Mr. Morton never liked the name of Julius and dropped it altogether or abbreviated it to the simple "J." When he came to name his own sons his dislike of high-sounding and double-ender Christian names so strong that he called one Paul, another Mark and a third Joy, about as short and direct appellations as it would be possible for anyone to hunt out of the back pages of the dictionary. Admiral Dewey's father also had a "Julius" in his name, and he never liked it and didn't use it whenever he could avoid doing so. When he gave patronymics to his own children he insisted on the simplest names that could be found. Hence George Dewey, the now famous admiral; Charles Dewey, also a doctor, like his father, and Mary Dewey for the only daughter.

ELROD AND SARLES

To Attend Seattle's Reception For Steamer Dakota.

Seattle, Wash., May 9.—C. F. Whaley, chairman of the local committee in charge of the arrangements for the reception of the steamship Dakota, expected to be in Seattle some time next month, has extended an invitation to the governors of North and South Dakota to be present and each has accepted.

In the communication from Governor S. J. Elrod of Pierre, a suggestion is offered that provision be made for a large delegation from that state, which is expected to come along. It is also expected there will be an excursion from North Dakota.

The committee plans a similar turnout as was given at the time the Minnesota arrived, to end with a banquet at the Washington hotel, in honor of the officers of the boat on her initial trip.

James J. Hill has promised the committee he will be present and if so it is probable that he will deliver an address from the bow of the steamer shortly after she ties to the wharf.

ITALIAN WOMAN

Is Head of a Gang of Laborers.

Paterson, N. Y., May 9.—Vittoria Luigi, aged 30, an Italian woman, is in charge of thirty-five Italian laborers who are laying pipes at Butler for the new waterworks there. Hundreds of persons stop to watch her directing the work. It is said she gets more out of the workmen than any of her male predecessors. Miss Luigi discusses her affairs reluctantly, but says there is nothing strange about her employment. She likes the work and the men would make objections if she were replaced.

Glogau's Alcohol Gas Stove!

Manufactures its own gas. Burns wickless, odorless and smokeless. Consumes but 2 cents worth of alcohol in an hour. It is absolutely safe, explosions cannot occur. Will heat a quart of water in nine minutes. Heats faster than regular Gas stoves. The flames can be blown out like a candle. Will support a vessel of 100 pounds. Never gets out of order. It forms no soot. Will burn wood alcohol as well as grain alcohol—just the thing to heat the Baby food with—Price..... **85c**

KELLEY HDW. CO.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

THOUSANDS HAVE KIDNEY TROUBLE AND DON'T KNOW IT.

To Prove what Swamp-Root, the Great Kidney Remedy, will do for YOU, Every Reader of The Herald May Have a Sample Bottle Sent Free by Mail.

Weak and unhealthy kidneys are responsible for more sickness and suffering than any other disease, therefore when through neglect or other causes, kidney trouble is permitted to continue, fatal results are sure to follow.

Your other organs may need attention—but your kidneys most, because they do most and need attention first.

If you are sick or "feel badly," begin taking Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy, because as soon as your kidneys begin to get better they will help all the other organs to health. A trial will convince anyone.

The mild and immediate effect of Swamp-Root the great kidney and bladder remedy is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. Swamp-Root will set your whole system right, and the best proof of this is a trial.

53 Cottage St., Melrose, Mass.
Dear Sir: Jan. 11th, 1901.

"Ever since I was in the army, I had more or less kidney trouble, and within the past year it became so severe and complicated that I suffered everything and was much alarmed—my strength and power was fast leaving me. I saw an advertisement of Swamp-Root and wrote asking for advice. I began the use of the medicine and noted a decided improvement after taking Swamp-Root only a short time.

I continued its use and am thankful to say that I am entirely cured and strong. In order to be very sure about this, I had a doctor examine some of my water today and he pronounced it all right and in splendid condition.

I know that your Swamp-Root is purely vegetable and does not contain any harmful drugs. Thanking you for my complete recovery and recommending Swamp-Root to all sufferers I am."

Very truly yours,
I. C. RICHARDSON.

Swamp-Root is not recommended for everything but it promptly cures kidney, liver and bladder troubles, the symptoms of which are— obliged to pass you water frequently night and day, smarting or irritation in passing, brickdust or sediment in the urine, headache, backache lame back, dizziness, poor digestion, sleeplessness, heart disturbance due to bad kidney trouble, skin eruptions from bad blood, neuralgia, rheumatism, diabetes, bloating, irritability, wornout feeling, lack of ambition, loss of flesh, sallow complexion, or Bright's disease.

If your water, when allowed to remain undisturbed in a glass or bottle for twenty-four hours, forms a sediment or settling or has a cloudy appearance, it is evidence that your kidneys and bladder need immediate attention.

Swamp-Root is pleasant to take and is for sale at drug stores the world over in bottles of two sizes and two prices—fifty cents and one dollar. Remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

EDITORIAL NOTE.—In order to prove the wonderful merits of Swamp-Root you may have a sample bottle and a book of valuable information, both sent absolutely free by mail. The book contains many of the thousands upon thousands of testimonial letters received from men and women cured. The value and success of Swamp-Root are so well known that our readers are advised to send for a sample bottle. In sending your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure to say you read this generous offer in The Duluth Evening Herald. **The genuineness of this offer is guaranteed.**

CORRUPTION IS CHARGED

Beltrami County Affairs Indicate Officials Were Very Thrifty.

Bemidji, Minn., May 9.—By means of documents, newspapers, maps and witnesses, Assistant Attorney General Stone and Attorney McDonald have apparently overwhelmed County Commissioners Wright and Sibley in the investigation ordered by Governor Johnson, on information filed with him by the public examiner. During the week six exhibits, mainly of illegal and excessive bills, have been shown, embracing all sorts and varieties of business transactions.

In the matter of the public printing, since January, 1903, it is shown by the state that overcharges in excess of the fees allowed by law to the amount of $1,800 to $2,000, have been permitted.

A page thirteen inches wide by nineteen inches long, containing printed matter set in 10-point type, five inches wide and eleven inches long, has been measured as solid six-point, while 10,000 primary election ballots, 10,000 general election ballots and 5,000 women's ballots furnished the county last fall, are paid for with a county warrant of $740.

Commissioner Wright has, according to the evidence, used the jail prisoners to split large quantities of wood and rails and large quantities of logs, the prisoners working under the watchful eyes of a deputy sheriff, the county receiving no compensation for the service.

T. N. Harvey, a cabinetmaker, at Wright's instance was given a contract to build eighteen coffins for the poor farm. These coffins, plain pine boxes, were to cost $6 each, the county furnishing the lumber, and when the work is paid for the warrant is assigned to Commissioner Wright in payment of $45.

Martin Gulchett, another cabinetmaker, testified that for seven coffins built for the county on the same specifications he had been paid $1 each, he furnishing everything. The material in the boxes cost 50 to 90 cents, and competent evidence was introduced to show that the coffins, in quantities of a dozen each, could be purchased for $3.75 each.

The prosecution shows that Supt. Sprague of the county hospital had been allowed a claim of nearly $500 for supplies sent from the county store at the hospital to the detention and contagious wards.

By order of the public examiner this warrant was cancelled. In settlement with the defunct Merchants bank in which county funds to the amount of practically $12,000 were lost there is nothing on the records to show that any sum greater than $800 had ever been paid, while the commissioners' records show several unexplained transactions.

On July 23, 1903, a resolution was adopted authorizing Commissioner Sibley and Auditor Sylvester to issue a release of all liability to the defunct bank on receipts of $1,000, which money was to be accepted as payment in full of all demands.

The testimony on this point proves that while the Merchants bank, as a county depository failed with funds of the county to the amount of $12,000, and that as such depository the bank had deposited a good and sufficient bond, the records show that no money has been paid. No action has been taken on the bond, yet by resolutions of the board, of which Wright and Sibley are members, the entire indebtedness has been wiped out.

The Beaudette road matter shows that bills to the amount of over $800 had been paid for doing work of doubtful utility which would have been expensive at $100.

The trend of the investigation has been to show that there has been a conspiracy between the commissioners. Wright and Sibley, the county attorney and county auditor, and that through this merging of interests the treasury has been looted to the extent of $50,000 or $15,000 since Wright and Sibley became the whole thing on the county board.

A man does not sell his services at the market "nearest his home," but at the best market. There is no more reason why a woman should do most of her shopping at stores "nearest home," unless these stores afford the best opportunities.

LOOSE LEAF LEDGERS
and Blank Books at Wholesale Prices.
BOOKKEEPERS' SPECIAL PENCILS.
ZENITH PAPER CO.,
222--224 WEST MICHIGAN STREET.

RAILROAD NEWS

Details of the April Car Service Report Are Now Ready.

More Building Material Handled Than Same Month Last Year.

The feature of most general interest in the April report of the Lake Superior Car Service association, as compiled in detail by Secretary James Kelly, is the figures pertaining to the amount of building material handled. It is shown that there is a big increase in the number of cars handling such material, as compared to the same month last year, which is taken as an indication that this will be a better season all around than Duluth has enjoyed for some time past.

There was a marked falling off in the number of carloads of coal and wheat, but the total of all cars put on record during the month was very nearly the same as that for April, 1904, owing to the increase in the amount of other classes of freight handled. The falling off in coal cars was 400, and in wheat 1,000. The total number of cars for the month was 18,997, as compared to 19,028 in April, 1904, a difference of only 31. The classes of freight and number of cars loaded with each class were as follows:

Hay and straw, 299; flour, feed and bran, 471; corn and oats, 485; general groceries and merchandise, 298; sugar, syrup and salt, 281; fruit and vegetables, 145; meat and livestock, 307; beer, 161; oil, 95; furniture, 87; lumber and forest products, 4,466; wood, 116; brick, tile and sewer pipe, 321; stone and sand, 484; cement, lime and clay, 487; wagons and woodstuff, 9; iron, pipe and machinery, 1,359; empty barrels and barrel stock, 98; ice, 8; lumbermen's outfits, 24; paper, 77; copper, 71; wheat, flax, rye and barley, 1273; coal and coke, 7406.

Railroad Personals.

Harry Carter, traveling passenger agent for the Union Pacific, is in the city.

L. K. McConnell, traveling passenger agent for the Milwaukee, is in the city.

Harry Wyand, traveling passenger agent of the Great Western, is in the city.

David Brown, Jr., traveling passenger agent of the Grand Trunk, is in the city today.

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Swain Cut Throat When Sweetheart Closed Door Against Him.

Gladstone—Billy Kline, aged 21, went to the home of Miss Josephine Potalance, an old sweetheart, Sunday evening and on being refused admittance, cut his throat with a razor and is in a critical condition. Three sharp knives were found upon him and he said he was going to use them on his rival.

The Gladstone flour mill, which has been idle the past several years, is to resume operations under a new management and with nearly a complete new outfit of machinery. The mill will be operated by the A. A. Freeman Milling company and H. E. Brooks, a miller of many years' experience, will act as general superintendent and manager. The mill will have a capacity of 250 barrels each working day. Only the best grades of flour will be turned out. It is expected that one result of the resumption at the mill will be largely increased acreages of wheat in the farming region contiguous to Gladstone this spring.

Escanaba—According to the report of the poor commissioner it cost the city of Escanaba $399.32 to look after the poor people of the community during the month of April. Including in this sum, however, was the expense of three burials made by the city, amounting to over $60.

The eighteenth annual report of the Escanaba fire department has been presented to the council. Company No. 1 responded to seventy-two alarms. Company No. 2 to sixty-three alarms. The total losses for the year were $4,943.72. The total value of the buildings endangered by fire is placed at $31,000 and their contents at an additional $16,000.

According to the report for the Escanaba municipal lighting plant for January, February and March, just submitted to the council, the earnings over all operating expenses were $2,147.91. Of this sum $1,948.30 is credited to the electric lighting department and $199.61 to the gas plant. The items of depreciation, taxes, loss, and provision for a sinking fund are not mentioned in the report.

Munising—T. G. Sullivan, former president of Munising village, was splitting wood the other day. He is unaccustomed to this kind of exercise and failed to handle the axe properly. The result was that a stick flew up and struck him in the eye, causing quite a serious injury to the eyeball.

APPROACHES BIBLE'S SIZE

Largest Record Ever Filed Reaches the Supreme Court.

Washington, May 9.—The largest record ever filed in the supreme court of the United States was delivered by an express wagon Monday, May 1, and was carried by a squad of employes to the file room of the court. It is the record in the case of the state of Missouri against the state of Illinois and the sanitary district of Chicago, and is commonly known as the Drainage Canal case.

This mammoth record consists of testimony taken by Special Commissioner F. S. Bright. The record of this testimony covers 13,160 typewritten pages, which when printed makes 7,975 pages of 500 words each, or 4,465,000 words. This is half a million more words than are contained in the Old and New Testament combined. To print the records with the maps, diagrams, etc., cost in the neighborhood of $8,000 and the cost of the case to the litigants up to date is more than $100,000.

The next largest record ever presented to the supreme court was the Myra Clark Gaines record, which covered a litigation lasting over twenty years.

The object of the proceeding is to put the Chicago drainage canal out of business. The state of Missouri claims that the Illinois sewage is polluting the waters of the Mississippi and Missouri rivers and spoiling the drinking water of St. Louis. The Chicago drainage canal being put out of business would mean a loss to the people of Chicago of $46,000,000.

The real question is: Can a fellow named Mike Robe swim from Chicago to St. Louis without drowning or getting sunstroke? That is the plain every day English of it. In the evidence, all diseases carried by water are translated into their equivalents of Latin named germs. Then one side tries to prove that such germs can take the voyage and arrive at the St. Louis spigot in prime condition, while the other side tries to prove the contrary.

Commissioner Bright has been working at the evidence for two years. Now both sides are content to stop.

The supreme court judges will read the documents and decide upon the facts.

WASTING AWAY

It's the small but constant loss of flesh that indicates physical waste — the gradual slipping away of healthy flesh, pound by pound, which no ordinary food seems to restore. Scott's Emulsion will restore it. This Emulsion is the greatest flesh builder obtainable. Scott's Emulsion first stops the wasting—that's one gain. Then when it supplies new flesh and takes one back to normal strength and weight, that's another gain and a big one.

We'll send you a sample, free
SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl Street, New York.

There is a tax on carelessness—and it cannot be sworn off." When you buy something in the poorest market, because you failed to read the ads. you pay such a tax.

SENSATION IN WINNIPEG

Ralph Connor Makes Attack on the Social Leaders.

Winnipeg, Man., May 9.—Rev. C. W. Gordon, known as Ralph Connor, the author of "Black Rock" and other works, made some extraordinary statements in his pulpit at St. Stephen's Presbyterian church Sunday night. He said that people were heartily sick of sermons to young men. It was the young woman who needed speaking to. His deliverances on Winnipeg society have created a sensation. Speaking of the lust that threatens Winnipeg, he said:

"It seems a strange thing that the growth of wealth may have a great deal to do in weakening the relations of the sexes. You have a growth of those things which constitute an attack on virtue, and you invite things that make for shame and lust, and this is true in Winnipeg society. Blame must be laid on married women of society. It is said that young men are to blame who are found dangling after married women as lovers.

"No man would dare, by any act, to suggest what is improper to a married woman unless she gave the invitation. Is it not time we separated the clean from the unclean? Is the time not come, or must we go farther and sacrifice more of our homes and lives? Or is the time come when wives will remain pure and keep their hearts for their husbands? Is the time coming when some will differentiate among those who constitute society, and refuse to associate with those who pander to lustfulness and vice and the most depraved of heart who sacrifice on burning altars of their own lusts the purity of young men and women?

"I am hoping the day is coming when sufficient of our society leaders will say, 'We will not have any woman in our house whose life is not spotless and absolutely without taint.' Then they will have to go to their own set and depart to their own places.

"If I had stronger words I would attach them deliberately to the names of women in this city who rank in the 'first' sets of society. I will attach blame to them. They are responsible, not our slums, saloons and brothels. Those so-called respectable women are responsible for the decay of virtue in our fair city."

BISHOP SPALDING BETTER.

Peoria, Ill., May 9.—Advices from Hot Springs, Ark., indicate that Bishop Spalding has so far recovered that he is able to take short walks without assistance and that his general condition of health shows marked improvement.

ALWAYS FRESH FOOD.

Crisp and Easily Digested, Malta-Vita Goes Straight From Its Huge Ovens to the Many WHo Eat It.

The Malta-Vita Pure Food company, of Battle Creek, Mich., has adopted a successful method of keeping the public always supplied with fresh Malta-Vita, the perfect food.

When Malta-Vita comes from the ovens, it is the crispest, most delicious food in the world, containing only 1 per cent of moisture. The other 99 per cent is food—brain and bone and nerve and muscle food—and most easily digested because the gelatinized starch of the thoroughly cooked wheat has been converted, by fine malt extract, into maltose (malt sugar).

No other food preparation contains such a low degree of moisture.

Of course, if Malta-Vita were permitted to stand on the grocery store shelves for months it might lose some of its crispness. But such a state of affairs is not permitted.

The Malta-Vita company limits orders from every wholesale dealer to a quantity which the company knows can be disposed of quickly in the wholesaler's territory. The wholesaler, in turn, makes only such shipments to grocers as he knows they will be able to handle satisfactorily.

Thus the grocer's supply of Malta-Vita is always as fresh and crisp as when it comes from the ovens in the big factory at Battle Creek—always the kind that melts in the mouth.

Malta-Vita is so deliciously refreshing and satisfying that it should be in every home. It is the only perfect food. Best for children and best for grown folks.

At all grocers now 10 cents. Same high quality, same big package as when sold for 15 cents.

RAILWAY BILLS

Drastic Law For Regulation of Freight Rates Unlikely.

Testimony to Be Indexed to Let Congress See Facts.

Washington, May 9.—It is doubtful whether, for the average citizen, the hearings before the senate interstate commerce committee will mean a great deal. Much testimony, all of it necessarily of an ex-parte character, is being taken, and its very mass tends to popular confusion.

But the work is important. Later on, by the time congress is ready to proceed to a serious consideration of the transportation problem, this testimony will be carefully assorted and arranged, with some view to systematic classification. Not until this work has been performed will the law-makers themselves know precisely what the hearings have offered in the way of a solution of the problem.

Before congress adjourned on March 4 there were hearings before committees of both houses as to the merits of the Esch-Townsend bill, the Stevens private car bill, and all the various other bills aimed at better control of railways and rates. These hearings, in several instances, were protracted, continuing over periods of many weeks. In general character they were similar to the hearings now being held. When the testimony is completed it will make a dozen or more large octavo volumes.

The work of compiling and assorting and digging out the salient points developed in these hearings will be done by experts—employes of congress who have had much experience in such matters—and it will extend over a period of two or three months. An elaborate alphabetical index will be one of the conveniences this compiling will bring about. Without such helps congress would not know what the hearings have done in the way of supporting or opposing the arguments back of the present agitation.

For the reasons just stated, it need not be expected that the hearings, for the present, will throw much light on what congress ultimately will do. The congressional programme will depend in part on the president's message, in part upon the state of public sentiment, and in part upon the facts which the hearings will develop. So far as the president is concerned, there has been no change of purpose, if the San Antonio speech may be taken as an index of his policy. In that speech he strongly urged legislation such as the Esch-Townsend bill proposes, and intimated that the country would be satisfied with nothing else.

Public sentiment, however, is not quite holding itself up to the president's level of thought. It has sagged perceptibly in many places, noticeably in the Middle West, where the Esch-Townsend bill originally had the strongest support. Many men who last winter were as one with the president in favor of giving the interstate commerce commission the power to fix rates, subject to appeal to the courts, are now congratulating themselves that the Esch-Townsend bill did not go further than the house of representatives.

These men still demand relief from the expressions of the great transportation companies, but they are beginning to ask themselves whether this relief can be secured through federal control of the rate-making power. Some of them are coming to believe that, for the present, the government should undertake to control rates, but should address itself to the regulation of private car lines, the "midnight tariff," and to terminal switching and elevator charges, arguing that through such a policy rebates and rate inequalities can be met in a more satisfactory way than through a policy as drastic as that which the Esch-Townsend bill proposes.

The hearings will throw a great flood of light upon the entire question, and when congress gets ready to proceed next winter it will be much more sure of its ground than it was during the session which closed in March.

The Esch-Townsend bill represents one extreme of the present situation, and the policy of doing nothing, which is doing nothing, represents the other extreme. If one were to hazard a guess as to what congress would do at the next session, it would be that it would take some middle ground between these two extremes, leaving the future to determine whether or not the Esch-Townsend bill is economically sound and desirable.

The middle ground may take the form of legislation declaring the private car lines common carriers in accordance with the decision of the supreme court. It may also strike at the "midnight" tariff and at the rebates which are paid under the guise of terminal switching and elevator charges. Such middle ground would, after some show of resistance, be acceptable to the railroad companies, which are as anxious as the public to have the private car lines placed under proper control. Such a program as is here suggested would necessarily postpone the question of rate-making.

The new legislation would be tried long enough to determine its effectiveness. If it should be found to reach the evils now complained of, the question of railroad legislation would be closed, probably for many years. If it should be found inadequate, an agitation would at once be started in favor of supplementing it with some such statute as that aimed at in the Esch-Townsend bill.

Should the president, in his message, insist upon the rate-making proposition, the ground for compromise legislation would be clearly marked, and toward this ground, so far as the next session is concerned, congressional sentiment would be almost certain to gravitate. It is highly necessary that whatever legislation is to be enacted in the near future should be enacted at the next session, in order that the new satute may be sufficiently tried before the presidential campaign of 1908 to keep the railroad issue out of politics; or, if it is to come in, to have the public well enough informed to be beyond the reach of the political demagogue and opportunist.

LITTLE BUSINESS TALKS.

Store-publicity is the coin with which you buy buyers. You control the number of patrons who enter your store with little less certainty than you control the number of clerks who work for you.

"Chance is neither to be scorned nor relied upon." Chance-sales in your store are welcome—but not to be depended upon. Publicity is the only reliance.

Some people see your store-advertisement for the first time today. First impressions are lasting—and a small advertising space implies a small store to most people.

The woman who never reads store-advertising is about as wise as the merchant who never advertises—but this is too much like "calling names," so we withdraw the comparison, in deference to the woman.

A MATTER OF HEALTH

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure
HAS NO SUBSTITUTE

JAPANESE VICTORY

In the Coming Sea Fight Expected By Admiral Dewey.

Careful, However, Not to Express Opinion For Publication.

Chicago, May 9.—A Washington special to the Record-Herald by Walter Wellman says: Admiral Dewey declares he never said that in his opinion the Russians were going to whip the Japanese in the naval engagement which is soon expected. As a matter of fact, the admiral's private opinion, as gathered from his associates, is quite to the contrary, and that Admiral Togo is pretty sure to smash Rojestvensky whenever the Russian commander gets near eough to Japanese bases to warrant an attack in force. But Admiral Dewey, mindful of the proprieties of the situation, has been careful not to express an opinion of the result of the coming battle for publication. He is not so backward among his friends, but his friends have no right to quote him one way or another. The notion that Admiral Dewey pinned his faith to the Russians grew out of his well-known advocacy of battleships as the chief and most effective part of a fighting navy. As the statement was sent broadcast, Admiral Dewey was represented as believing the Russians would win on account of their superiority in battleships. That would, indeed, be in line with his theory as to the relative value of that sort of fighting craft. But the admiral, in discussing the outlook with his friends, always has been careful to put in the qualification that "other things being equal or approximately equal, superiority in battleships should give victory." In the present case this is a distinction with a very wide difference. Other things are not equal. No one knows better than George Dewey the enormous value of superior personnel, gunnery and seamanship. Admiral Dewey is not violating naval etiquette by rushing into print with his opinions as to the outcome of the coming naval battle or series of battles. But privately his opinion coincides with that of ninety-nine out of a hundred American naval officers, to wit: That all the chances are in Togo's favor.

* * *

Naval and military officers here have shown much interest in the remarkable photographic experiments recently made by Lawrence & Co. of Chicago in the presence of representatives of both the army and the navy. The inventors claim to be able to make photographs by means of kites or small balloons from an altitude of 1,200 or 1,500 feet. They claim, moreover, that such photographs will show the whole country round about for a distance of twenty miles. Officers admit it might be of vast importance in naval or land warfare if a photographic view of the enemy's country could be taken for a distance of ten or perhaps fifteen miles within his lines. Such pictures, the inventors claim, would develop the presence of ships, fortifications, earthworks, guns, etc., in a manner far superior to a mere momentary visual observation through the eye of a scout sent aloft in a balloon. Besides, these photographic surveys may be made under circumstances which would preclude the use of the larger observation balloons required to send up an observer. In a picture made by the experts who have been demonstrating the usefulness of the invention to officers here and this vicinity, a country church was shown at a distance of nearly twenty miles with sufficient clearness to enable one to count the windows in the structure. Having once located a ship or fort or camp within the enemy's lines, the inventors say they can send up a telescopic lens focused on the object about which further information is desired, and bring out its details as if it were only half a mile distant. Army and navy officials are greatly interested in the aerial and photographic scouting plan, and believe it may be found very useful in time of war.

* * *

Admiral Dewey and Secretary Paul Morton have discovered that they are kinsmen. The relationship is not very close, only a sort of distant cousinship. The Morton family came from Vermont where some generations ago they were neighbors of the Deweys, and the two families inter-married. Moreover they appear to have had a penchant for and also a sort of aversion to certain Christian names common to both families. Secretary Morton's grandfather was named Julius Dewey Morton, and his son, the former secretary of agriculture and originator of Arbor day, was named Julius Sterling Morton. Mr. Morton never liked the name of Julius and dropped it altogether or abbreviated it to the simple "J." When he came to name his own sons his dislike of high-sounding and double-ender Christian names so strong that he called one Paul, another Mark and a third Joy, about as short and direct appellations as it would be possible for anyone to hunt out of the back pages of the dictionary. Admiral Dewey's father also had a "Julius" in his name, and he never liked it and didn't use it whenever he could avoid doing so. When he gave patronymics to his own children he insisted on the simplest names that could be found. Hence George Dewey, the now famous admiral; Charles Dewey, also a doctor, like his father, and Mary Dewey for the only daughter.

ELROD AND SARLES

To Attend Seattle's Reception For Steamer Dakota.

Seattle, Wash., May 9.—C. F. Whaley, chairman of the local committee in charge of the arrangements for the reception of the steamship Dakota, expected to be in Seattle some time next month, has extended an invitation to the governors of North and South Dakota to be present and each has accepted.

In the communication from Governor S. J. Elrod of Pierre, a suggestion is offered that provision be made for a large delegation from that state, which is expected to come along. It is also expected there will be an excursion from North Dakota.

The committee plans a similar turnout as was given at the time the Minnesota arrived, to end with a banquet at the Washington hotel, in honor of the officers of the boat on her initial trip.

James J. Hill has promised the committee he will be present and if so it is probable that he will deliver an address from the bow of the steamer shortly after she ties to the wharf.

ITALIAN WOMAN

Is Head of a Gang of Laborers.

Paterson, N. Y., May 9.—Vittoria Luigi, aged 30, an Italian woman, is in charge of thirty-five Italian laborers who are laying pipes at Butler for the new waterworks there. Hundreds of persons stop to watch her directing the work. It is said she gets more out of the workmen than any of her male predecessors. Miss Luigi discusses her affairs reluctantly, but says there is nothing strange about her employment. She likes the work and the men would make objections if she were replaced.

Glogau's Alcohol Gas Stove!

Manufactures its own gas. Burns wickless, odorless and smokeless. Consumes but 2 cents worth of alcohol in an hour. It is absolutely safe, explosions cannot occur. Will heat a quart of water in nine minutes. Heats faster than regular Gas stoves. The flames can be blown out like a candle. Will support a vessel of 100 pounds. Never gets out of order. It forms no soot. Will burn wood alcohol as well as grain alcohol—just the thing to heat the Baby food with—Price..... **85c**

KELLEY HDW. CO.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

FURNITURE

Here's a line that shows you how every room in the house, from parlor to kitchen, upstairs and downstairs, shares in your money saving when you buy furniture at the Glass Block, instead of paying trust and installment store prices. Why will you pay more when the Glass Block provides the remedy?

Parlor

Silk, tapestry, velour and leather upholstered furniture in mahogany, oak and other fancy woods—hundreds of pieces to choose from.

Table sale

Solid oak parlor table like the "cut" above—top 24x24 inches in golden oak or mahogany finish. Extra shelf, turned legs, well-finished and a good $2.00 value—our special price..... **$1.35**

With 18x18-inch top.....98c
With 16x16 top.....69c

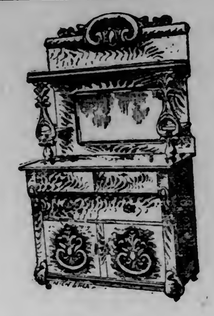
Diningroom.

Hundreds of the best and finest pieces—extension tables, chairs, buffets, sideboards, cellarettes, china closets, plate racks, serving tables, every finish genuine mahogany and weathered oak, golden oak, including many exclusive Arts and Crafts and Mission pieces of exceeding beauty.

Table special.

Solid golden oak diningroom extension table, with handsomely turned legs, polished and finely finished—a table that would be a good value at $10—now on sale for only—

$6.75



Sideboard special

Solid golden oak sideboard, two top silver drawers, cupboard and large linen drawers, beveled French plate mirror, 14x24 inches—handsomely carved and finished—a good $18.00 value, a roomy and satisfactory—bit of furniture—special

$12.75

Bedrooms.

Beds, bedding, mattresses, pillows, comforters, cribs, dressers, commodes, dressing tables, chairs and rockers in every wood, every style, every shape. Every price a trade-winner.

Iron beds.

A genuine $7.50 bed—with brass rods, knots and spindles, all colors—any size—the price..... **$4.95**

A $4.50 brass trimmed iron bed—in white or green—the price..... **$3.25**

A fine $3 solid iron bed with angle iron foot rail and heavy chills, only.... **$1.98**

Dresser special.

Solid golden oak dresser, large and roomy—3 fine large drawers, beveled French plate mirror, the dresser nicely carved and finely finished—this dresser is a $14 value under all ordinary conditions—our special price.... **$8.75**

Sewingroom.

ROCKER—A good golden oak finished wood seat rocker, has braced back, nicely turned spindles—and is a good $1.50 value—our special price..... **89c**

LARGE ROCKER— comfortable wood or cobbler seat, has arms, golden oak finish, strongly made with handsomely turned spindles—good $3.00 value—for..... **$1.98**

Kitchen.

A full line of kitchen cabinets, with and without extension top shelves and drawers.

SPECIAL—Kitchen cabinet— like the cut—in one of the best new ideas on the market—made of seasoned hard maple with whitewood top, size of top 25x46 inches—Flour bins, spice drawers, collapsible bread boards and all the devices for economy of space of labor, only..... **$12.00**

Kitchen chairs, folding step ladders, clothes horses, tables, etc., etc. —at lowest prices.

Karpen genuine leather furniture.

The Glass Block has the exclusive sale of this renowned leather furniture in Duluth. Hundreds of new pieces now ready.

See our exhibit of Sterling leather hides — the compelte oxhides, calf hides, sheep and goat hides, in all colors, illustrating the strength of this leather covering.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE

NEMO IMPUNE LACESSIT

WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

Porch furniture of all kinds.

Porch chairs, porch rockers, porch settees—in the new Crex grass goods, the new woven sole-leather backs and seats, the new rattan and willow goods—

We have a larger stock and finer goods for porch use than any furniture house in Duluth. Our prices are lower, too, of course.

PROCEED AGAINST TRACTION COMPANY

Council Directs City Attorney to Compel Certain Improvements.

Audit of Books of All Departments Is Ordered.

The Council Last Evening:
Too steps to force extensions from traction company.
Decided not to revoke the license of Saloonkeeper Roberts.
Ordered audit of books of all the city departments by outside firm.

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Under a resolution passed by the council last evening, the city attorney is directed to proceed by whatever steps are necessary, to compel the Duluth-Superior Traction company to equip its West Third street lines with double-truck cars, to sprinkle the pavement between its tracks on Superior street and Central avenue in West Duluth, and to pay the license fee of $10 on each car operated in West Duluth.

The motion was introduced by Alderman Chesney, as an outcome of the meeting of the West Duluth Commercial club last Friday evening, in which resolutions were drawn up urging that the street railway company be made to live up to the provisions of its franchise.

H. H. Phelps, who was present at the meeting, stated that under the terms of the franchise granted to the street railway, the company was compelled to equip all of its lines with the best type of cars in use in other cities, to pay to the city the sum of $10 per year for each car operated on the West Duluth lines, and to sprinkle the pavement between its tracks.

"I once brought a case against the company to collect the back license fees on the cars operated on the West Duluth lines," said Mr. Phelps, "and secured a judgment of $5,000. It was carried to the supreme court and afterwards compromised by the city in some manner. But since that time no effort has been made to collect the back payments. Some of them are doubtless outlawed, but the company is liable for six years' back taxes.

"But we want to be fair and reasonable with the company. A year ago it was intimated that the company would build to Fairmount park, and the bridges were strengthened for that purpose. The bridges are still there. But the people feel they would be willing to ride on those bobtail cars if they could get the extensions they want. We are willing to waive a lot of things if the company will do what it ought to do. If it won't do what it should, we believe it should be compelled to do what it has agreed to do under the franchise."

"It has always been a matter of grave doubt," said City Attorney Bert Fesler, "whether the company can be compelled to extend its lines on any new streets. It was compelled to build on Grand avenue, but only because it had agreed to do so. The only provision in the franchise covering the point is the provision allowing a franchise to be granted to another company to operate on those streets on which the company refuses to build.

"There is no doubt but that the company could be compelled to put double truck cars on all of the lines now built, and to pay the $16 license fee, but the question is, wouldn't it be better to use these things to get further extensions from the company.

"We have been made promises which have been squarely broken, and this sort of thing won't be tolerated. But I anticipate that the officials of the company will be here for a conference next week, and the thing for the aldermen and all others interested in the extensions to do, is to be present at the meeting and let the company understand that if it doesn't do what we want, we will go after it on these points."

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The opinion of the aldermen seemed to be that Charles Roberts of the firm of Swanson & Roberts, had been punished sufficiently by a fine of $50 and costs, for allowing gambling in his saloon, and no action was taken on the recommendation of Mayor Cullum that the license be revoked.

Alderman Tessman, chairman of the police and license committee, stated that the facts in the case had been exaggerated. He reported that the committee had held an investigation and that it was discovered that the saloon had always been conducted in an orderly manner. He said that the poker game in question had been for cigars in the first place, and then for small money stakes, but that there had never been a regular game run in the saloon for the benefit of the proprietors.

"They were not doing anything more than is being done in many other saloons," said Mr. Tessman, "and I do not see why they should be singled out for further persecution."

"I think we should stand by the mayor in this matter," said Alderman Chesney.

"I don't believe the mayor feels as strongly in the matter as he did," said Alderman Ribenack.

"I do not believe it is a grievous case," said Alderman McEwen. "If there had been habitual gambling there, it would be different, but I don't think we would be justified in pushing the matter further."

"One set of facts is given by the mayor, and another by the committee, said Alderman Moore. "No reflection on the committee is intended, but it seems that we always get one kind of a report from these cases."

A motion to refer the matter to the mayor was lost, and the original motion to adopt the committee's report, was carried, Alderman Haven, Moore, Waugh and Chesney voting against it.

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The work of auditing the books of the water and light department and the other city departments, was given to Marwick, Mitchell & Co., on a motion by Alderman Tessman, the sum to be paid not to exceed $1,200.

"We have capable men here in the city," said Mr. Tessman, "but there has been some criticism of the department and we want to get a thorough and unbiased audit."

Alderman Getchell, who was chairman of the committee, stated that the company would audit the books of all departments for very little more than the cost of the water and light department audit, and that the committee therefore favored having all the work included in one contract.

"Were this only an ordinary checking of the accounts, I would favor giving it to a local man," said Alderman McEwen, "but it is different. We wish to see if the system is right."

Alderman Harker urged that the work on the other departments outside of the water and light, be given to a local man.

Mr. Phelps, who was present at the meeting last night in a triple capacity, representing the school board, the water board and the West Duluth Commercial club, was asked to give the opinions of the water board.

"I don't know as I can add anything," he said. "The board wants the council and the public to know exactly how its affairs stand. We are fully satisfied that the statements that have been made both publicly and privately are groundless, but we want the people to be satisfied, too. Necessarily we can't go into the details of the business of the water department, but we sit merely as a board of review. If the business isn't being run in the proper manner we want to know it, and we will make it right if it can be made right. I can't advise as to the proper party to audit the books. I doubt if an ordinary accountant can answer the questions we want to know. It would probably take an engineer."

"As I see it," said Alderman Barnes, "the whole question comes down to whether or not there is a depreciation in the value of the cast iron water pipes. I have the same doubt that Mr. Phelps expressed as to whether or not the auditing firm can tell what we want to know. I don't think there is anybody who claims that the vouchers up there are not correct or that there has been any juggling of the books, and I doubt whether the big expense will be of any benefit to us."

"These people make a business of finding out whether or not the system on which any business is run, is correct," said Alderman Moore. "It is their business to find leaks in business enterprises and put them on the proper basis."

The motion finally carried.

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According to a communication from the Painters' union, the motion of Alderman Lyle in regard to inspecting the paint on the ferry bridge, which called down upon him the wrath of the city engineer, was introduced at the request of the painters.

NEW WORK AT TOWER

Explorations to Be Carried on There This Summer.

According to a Tower paper there will be a considerable amount of exploring for iron ore carried on in the vicinity of Tower this season. Several outside mining men have visited the district during the past two weeks looking over lands with a view to purchasing, and in one or two instances they will, it is expected secure options.

The Nelson farm, two miles south of town, on which indications of ore deposits were found last fall, has been visited by several representatives of different mining companies and it is understood that they have made the owner of the land offers for the property, but as yet he has accepted none of them. The only exploration work on the property was the sinking of four or five shallow test pits, but with these a good percentage of soft ore was found. It is said that Mr. Nelson will put a diamond drill to work this summer if he cannot make a satisfactory deal with some of the mining companies.

R. G. Murray is figuring with a Duluth concern which is said to be desirous of taking an option on his property east of Tower.

RAILWAY CONDUCTORS MEET AT PORTLAND, OR.

Portland, Or., May 9.—The thirtieth biennial convention of the Order of Railway Conductors will commence in this city today. The three special trains have arrived in this city, over the Union Pacific, Northern Pacific and Great Northern roads, bearing 1,300 of the delegates and their friends, and another special will arrive today, bringing the delegates from the Southern states. One of the principal subjects for legislation this year is a proposition to change the meeting time of the conventions, from one in two years to one in three or four

All Cases He Undertakes Guaranteed.

YOUNG MEN If you are troubled with nervous debility, stupidness, or are otherwise unfitted for business or study, caused from youthful errors or excesses, you should consult this specialist at once. Don't delay until too late.

MIDDLE-AGED AND OLD MANKIND—There are thousands of you troubled with weak, aching backs and kidneys and other unmistakable signs of nervous debility. Many die of this trouble, ignorant of the cause. The most obstinate cases of this character treated with unfailing success.

ALL DISEASES of a delicate nature—inflammation and kindred troubles—quickly cured without pain or inconvenience.

CATARRH which poisons the breath, stomach and lungs and paves the way for Consumption, also Throat, Liver, Heart, Kidney, Bladder and all constitutional and internal troubles; also Rupture, Piles, Fistula, Dyspepsia, Diarrhea, and all diseases of the stomach and bowels treated far in advance of any institution in the country.

BLOOD AND SKIN Diseases, Sores, Spots, Pimples, Tumors, Tetter, Eczema, and Blood Poison, thoroughly eradicated, leaving the system in a strong, pure and healthful state.

LADIES Are you suffering from persistent Headache, Painful Menstruation, Uterine Displacements, Pains in Back, and feel as if it were impossible for you to endure your troubles and still be obliged to attend your household and social obligations. There are many women doing this today. However, a great many have taken treatment of this specialist, and he can refer you to those who have been cured by him. Give the doctor a call. He can give all the encouragement in the world and will cure you if you trust yourself to his care.

A FEW POINTS! 1st—the doctor gives his personal attention to each individual case. 2nd—All business conducted on a professional basis and strictly confidential. 3rd—Names and pictures never published unless requested to do so. 4th—The doctor's patrons are his friends.

WRITE your troubles if living away from city. Thousands cured at home by correspondence and medicine sent as directed. Absolute secrecy in all professional dealings. Address all letters, giving street and number plainly. Send stamps.

I will be in Superior, Wis., at Hotel Superior, Wednesday, May 10th, 1905. Office hours, 10:30 a. m. to 9 p. m., and in Ashland, Wis., at Commercial Hotel, Thursday, May 11th.

DR. HOAG,

6362 Minerva Ave., Chicago, Ill.

ONE GRAFT STOPPED

No More Commissions or Fees on Wage Assignments.

Law Just Passed Makes This Practice a Misdemeanor.

One of the measures passed by the last state legislature which will have special importance because of the effect that it will have in putting a stop to a species of graft which is said to have become too prevalent in the mining district of this county, was the act introduced by Representative Joseph T. Mannix of Minneapolis to regulate all assignments and transfers of wages or salaries.

Little has been said about the provisions of this bill and, outside its originator and others interested in getting it passed, the new law is little known.

Under a valid assignment an employe could assign his wages or salary to another person, in advance of its earning, and the employer was bound to accept the assignment, but under the new law there is nothing compulsory about it. The employer may accept an assignment in advance of wages or salary, but he is not bound so to do, the acceptance being in the way of an accommodation to the party wishing the assignment to be made and for the party to whom the assignment is made.

The new law is found under Chapter 209 of the laws of 1905, and the portion which refers to the consent of the employer says that "no assignment sale or transfer, however made or attempted, of any unearned wages or salary shall be in any manner valid or effectual for the transfer of any salary or wages to be earned, or accruing, after the making of such assignment, sale or transfer, unless the person, firm or corporation from whom such wages or salary are to accrue shall consent thereto in writing."

The portion of the chapter, however, which is said to especially aim at existing conditions in some of the mining districts of this county, is the latter part of Section 2, which reads as follows:

"Any employer or agent of such employer accepting or charging any fee or commission for collecting the amount due on any such assignment, sale or transfer, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor."

For a long time past, it is claimed by people residing in some of the mining towns, it has been a common practice among the bookkeepers in the offices of some mining companies to charge a fee or commission whenever an assignment of wages or salary was made. In the mining districts, particularly, it is said that the assignment of wages to a merchant of tradesman to cover indebtedness for goods received has been quite the common thing, and the bookkeepers or clerks to whom the duty fell of making out the assignment are said to have been reaping a fat harvest in commissions. In some offices it is claimed that bookkeepers have made as high as $150 per month in addition to their regular salaries, just for making out assignments of wages, a thing which under the old law they are required to do anyway.

The fee or commission is said to have run up to a large percentage in some cases, the clerk or bookkeeper making it just as large as he thought the parties would stand. The fee or commission has come out of the wages assigned and had to be stood by either one of the parties to the assignment, usually the one that could be the more easily worked. That no decided complaint has been made against this sort of treatment is said to be due to the fact that the tradesman was anxious to secure his claim, and permitted the imposition rather than have trouble and have refusals made to further assignments, and the person making the assignment was afraid to object because he might have occasion to request other assignments. The bookkeeper or clerk having the matter practically in his own hands, levied tribute as it pleased himself and fattened up his own salary account.

In some instances it is claimed that the mining companies themselves have not countenanced this sort of graft by their office employes, but in many others they have paid no attention to it, and the office employes have gone on for a long time bleeding the wage earner that had to assign his wages, or the merchant to whom the wages were assigned.

The transaction never showed up on any of the mining companies' books, for the reason that it was a cash deal, the bookkeeper or clerk simply withholding his commission or fee when he paid the amount called for in the assignment.

The law is expected to cause some wailing and gnashing of teeth among some of the bloodsuckers who have been bleeding the range wage-earner and merchant, but the latter class will, it is claimed, be very much relieved when they understand the protection they now have against the pernicious practice.

The Stage

TONIGHT'S ATTRACTIONS.

LYCEUM—"The Marriage of Kitty," also tomorrow evening.
METROPOLITAN—Harry Corson Clarke in "His Absent Boy," also tomorrow afternoon and evening.

COMING ATTRACTIONS.

LYCEUM—Saturday afternoon and evening, "The Burgomaster."

"HIS ABSENT BOY."

Funny Farce Makes Great Hit at Metropolitan.

CAST:

Mr. Pennie .....Harry Corson Clarke
Mr. Burney .....Harry Bradley
Jack Mackaye .....Lawrence Wakefield
Col. Mackaye .....William Harris
Mrs. Pennie.....Margaret Dale Owen
Nita .....Rachel Crown
Mrs. Mackaye .....Olive Fliteam
Mrs. Burney .....Myna Ketcham
Magkie .....Sada Talbot

Harry Corson Clarke's well-established reputation as a fun-maker was built on merit alone, if the judgment of the fashionable audience which filled the Metropolitan last night, on the occasion of his first appearance here in "His Absent Boy," counts for anything. He had scarcely been on the stage a minute before practically everyone in the house began to smile. Soon the smile grew into a rich gurgle of enjoyment, followed by hearty chuckles and then by good, old-fashioned gales of laughter, which swept from parquet to gallery, succeeding each other with such rapidity as to be almost one long-continued howl of merriment.

Mr. Clarke is funny. There is no getting around the fact. His comedy is of the light and simple sort, which it does not take any particular labor to understand and appreciate. His humor appears to be perfectly natural, and it is certainly infectious. It is easy to believe that he was one of those individuals born with a special aptitude to became a stage comedian, and that when he did follow the stage as a profession it took very little instruction or training to start him on the road to success.

It is not by any means a one-man show, although Mr. Clarke, as Mr. Pennie, the father of the fictitious absent boy, is the central figure and principal fun-maker from first to last. All of the people in the cast are very good. Their general appearance is of the sort that brings a sigh of satisfaction from the average audience even before the plot of the play has had a chance to develop. The women are pretty and wear attractive gowns. The men are good-looking, and leave no room for disappointment. All enter into their parts with the right spirit, or appear to, at least, seeming to be infected with Mr. Clarke's merry manners.

The action, swift and amusing, begins with the rise of the curtain. Very soon Mr. Pennie, who has been married twenty-five years, and is shown to be celebrating with family and friends, his silver wedding, is telling his troubles and family secrets to a young married man of less experience, who has moved in double harness only two years. The younger of the two is timid and shrinking, but admits that, like Mr. Clarke, although he dearly loves his wife, one of his main objects in marrying her was that she was possessed with considerable wealth. She is rather chary with her money favors, however, and consequently her fond husband is cramped for pin money. Here Mr. Pennie discloses his "copyrighted" secret for getting pin money from the wife of his choosing. Finding the allowance his wife has made him in every way inadequate for his needs, he invented, early in married life, and for the improvement of his resources, an absent boy, a son by a former marriage, and for the support of the child Mrs. Pennie has been in the habit of allowing her husband an extra $100 each month. For twenty-five years this has gone on. The first cloud appears on this twenty-fifth anniversary of the wedding, when Mrs. Pennie, moved, it appears, by the occasion, bids her husband write to the absent boy and invite him to come home. The dilemma in which the unhappy Pennie finds himself, and the means he adopts to avoid the detection of his deceit, form the basis of a series of funny complications and situations.

The several parts are in capable hands. The performance will be repeated tonight, tomorrow afternoon and night.

"THE MARRIAGE OF KITTY."

This evening and tomorrow evening, at the Lyceum, "The Marriage of Kitty," a musical comedy that has made a great success in metropolitan cities, will be presented by a company headed by Max Figman, a comedian of wide reputation.

People who commenced to buy real estate in this city ten years ago, and "kept at it," are among your "rich neighbors" today. If you acquire the habit now, and watch the real estate ads. as closely as you do the news, you may be "well to do" in a few years.

EX-GOVERNOR VAN SANT

Sells Winona Residence and Moves to St. Paul.

Winona, Minn., May 9.—Former Governor S. R. Van Sant has formally severed the last tie that binds him to Winona. During his four years in the gubernatorial chair he regularly maintained his residence in this city and came here every election day to cast his ballot. Since leaving the governor's chair he has announced his intention of making his permanent home in St. Paul and, in accordance with that decision, he has now disposed of his handsome residence in this city. Dr. G. J. Tweedy is the purchaser for $6,000, which figure is considerably less than the property cost the governor at a time when building was much cheaper than at present. The dwelling is centrally located, and at the time of its erection was one of the handsomest homes in the city.

SKULL FRACTURED.

Chisholm, Minn., May 9.—Charles Henderson, a bucket guider at the A shaft of the Monroe mine, suffered a fracture of the skull and was severely bruised as a result of the derailment of the skip, which struck him with terrific speed. He is a single man, 23 years of age.

"The Lanpher Hat"

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Head Dress of the Shah of Persia.

Hat Satisfaction

is more than finish-deep. This hat is made with utmost care in every detail. All the Quality, Style and Finish of higher-priced hats. Newest shades and shapes. ¶Don't fail to see them.

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TIMELY ACTION.

The city council's direction to the city attorney to take immediate steps to compel the street railway company to comply with the terms of its franchise from the old village of West Duluth is timely. The people of West Duluth have been treated shamefully by the company, both as regards the character of the cars run and the building of needed extensions. The company has persistently endeavored to evade living up to the provisions of its franchise. It was to build a line on Oneota street in 1891 and another on Grand avenue in 1892 connecting with the uptown system. It built the Oneota line. It refused to build the Grand avenue line, until compelled by the courts. It has not provided the line with first-class cars, as the franchise requires. It has failed to sprinkle the tracks on all the streets occupied by it, as the franchise requires. It has failed to pay an annual license of $10 for each car operated in West Duluth, as the franchise requires. It agreed to extend its lines to Seventy-first avenue west to accommodate many people who for twelve years have walked from one-half to three-quarters of a mile to reach the car line. It has failed to live up to that agreement.

In short, the street car company has evaded the performance of its duty under the West Duluth franchise, and has exhibited a complete disregard for the rights and convenience of the residents of that section of the city.

It is time to compel this corporation to obey the terms of its franchise. It is evident that the only way the needed extensions and first-class cars can be obtained is by holding the company to strict compliance with the provisions of its franchise.

The people of the whole city will support the council and the city attorney in any action that may be taken.

SCHILLER.

One hundred years ago today occurred the death of Johann Christoph Friedrich Schiller, in love and admiration of whom the world vies with the German people that gave him being. Therefore all over the world the thoughts of the reading public are turning toward him again, with love undimmed and admiration still fresh and spontaneous. He was excelled among German poets and dramatists only by Goethe, who was his companion during a number of years, in the power with which he expressed sublime thoughts and pictured the workings of ideal passions.

Though known, of course, mostly as a writer, as a man he was not less great. He began life with high aims, and the course he laid out for himself he pursued straight through the most formidable obstacles that could present themselves in his pathway. Not the least of these obstacles was ill health, but the most terrible physical suffering did not quench a genial, buoyant temper, and those close to him spoke with tender amazement of his patience, tenderness and charity.

His literary work had a powerful and lasting influence, and though in some respects he has to yield first place to Goethe, in the hearts of his countrymen he was accorded the highest place and is today perhaps dearer than any other writer. Among his lyrics leading place belongs to the "Lied von der Glocke," "Das Ideal und das Leben," and "Die Ideale," poems giving expression to the results of philosophic contemplation that are unsurpassed in any literature. His historical writings secured him a high place among the historians of this day. He sought original authorities, and presented his findings with boldness and energy that made him popular among all classes of readers. He was great, too, as a dramatic poet, and some of his plays are still among the most effective acting plays in German literature. For instance, "Cabale und Liebe," "Wallenstein" and "William Tell." The story of Wallenstein he divided into three plays, which formed his masterpiece in dramatic literature, being at the same time the most subtle and complex of his plays. "Die Jungfrau von Orleans" is another strong example of his dramatic powers, while "Wilhelm Tell," his last original drama, is second only to "Wallenstein."

Great, admired, beloved, his work and his life stand as living monuments a century after his death, and will so stand for untold years to come.

"SHERLOCK HOLMES."

And now comes the Minnesota state library commission, putting in its modest bid for fame by proscribing A. Conan Doyle's new book, "The Return of Sherlock Holmes," and declaring that it shall not be placed before the children of the public schools if it can help it.

The commission, which is composed of the presidents of the various normal schools and the state superintendent of public instruction, picks out the books that shall go into the libraries of the public schools, and it is, therefore, in a position to bar out any book if it sees fit.

Does the commission bar out "The Return of Sherlock Holmes" because he came back merely the ghost of his former self, because the new stories are but faint and colorless imitations of the old ones, because the charm that attended their perusal is gone, or because of some other similar reason? Oh, no! It is because, according to the reports, the commission is determined that no books which savor of detective stories shall be indorsed for reading by the public school pupils of the state.

There may be something about a detective story built by an expert at the craft, such Conan Doyle used to be before he dug Sherlock Holmes up again, that is harmful to the young, but it really seems as though the commission would be showing better taste if it had put the exclusion on one of the grounds above mentioned, all of which, in the humble opinion of The Herald, are good and valid grounds. But where a detective story is built upon proper lines, where it does not lend an attractive glow to crime, where it merely interests and perhaps gives the mind some useful exercise by its ingenious convolutions, it is difficult to see the harm in it. The penny dreadful, of course, with its distorted and perverted views of life, is a proper subject for literary ostracism. But surely the same objections cannot be urged against a sane, wholesome detective story by a sterling writer, such as Conan Doyle must be admitted to be.

PEACE PROBLEMS.

The second Hague conference, which has been called by this country to take place when the war cloud is less dark, will have up for consideration many vital questions. In many respects the question of a limitation of the armament of the powers is not only the most difficult, but the most important. If left to themselves, the powers in their rivalry will tend to continue to enlarge their armament, until the burden, already severe, will be back-breaking. So all are equal, it would not seem to matter much whether each power had a thousand troops or a million, if they could only be brought to think that way. Yet the discussion of this subject at the first conference was not followed by any appreciable degree of success, and the outlook is not hopeful for any better results at the coming conference. The first conference contented itself with adopting resolutions proclaiming the desirability of such limitations.

The conference may, and certainly should, do something with the arbitration treaty, though this is a matter of slow growth, and probably as much can be accomplished by the scattering treaties between nations of their own volition as through the peace conference.

The declaration against the launching of projectiles from balloons, adopted at the first conference, was to last for five years, and it has expired. The conference may extend it, make a new rule, or pass it over. Balloon warfare, however, is not more cruel than any other kind, especially as it is open to all, and offensive balloons will call into being defensive balloons.

At the last conference a number of proposals, all designed to prevent the adoption of new methods of killing, more deadly and effective than those now in force, were all rejected, but they will doubtless be offered again, and just as undoubtedly they will be rejected again.

Among the subjects referred by the first conference to the second are these: The immunity of belligerents' private property, not contraband, from seizure on the seas in times of war; rights and duties of neutrals; bombardment of ports, coasts and cities by the naval forces; the prohibition of projectiles throwing out asphyxiating gases; and the prohibition of the expanding bullet. The immunity of private property is the settled policy of the United States, while Great Britain insists upon the right of seizure. The rights and duties of neutrals is in a very unsettled and vague condition, different nations having different standards. There is great need of definite action on this point, as the incidents of the present war in the East have shown.

On the policy of using projectiles throwing asphyxiating gases and of using expanding bullets, it is exceedingly humiliating to remember that it was solely the opposition of the delegates from the United States that prevented the adoption of a rule against them at the last conference. Surely this is not in accord with the spirit of this country. If there must be war, it should be cleansed of the methods of savagery as much as possible.

A GOOD IDEA.

The Herald takes pleasure in commending Chief of Police Troyer for his action in placing a policeman in the middle of the street at the busy intersection of Third avenue west and Superior street, to look out for the lives and limbs of a hurried mass of people that throng it during the busy hours of the day.

This is something The Herald advocated long ago, and the need of it has been apparent for many a day. True, nobody has yet been killed or seriously injured there, but a story of the hair-breadth escapes from deadly peril that have added interest to the life of the pedestrian would be a long one and thrilling.

Besides, Duluth's possession of metropolitan attributes is still new enough to make it pardonable if some of her citizens feel a thrill of pride at seeing in the presence of this policeman in the middle of the street one of the familiar features of a big and busy city.

THE FIELD SURVEY.

Perhaps when you have squared around and got settled in your new flat you will like it better.

* * *

Don't waste all your shivers on Warsaw. Chicago is quieting down, but she may break out again.

* * *

The postoffice department classes guessing contests as gambling. The reason the weather forecasts get through is that there is no money up on them.

* * *

Hogs are making the $6 mark predicted for June. The other kind is nearing the billion-dollar mark.

* * *

We haven't heard anything yet from the legislatures about tainted money. Does it still go there?

* * *

Hurry up, Lawson, Rockefeller, Gladden, Togo, Rojestvensky, all of you. It is pretty near time for the sweet girl graduate to have her inning.

* * *

A French scientist claims to have invented a machine that will invariably foretell frost. What a valuable thing for theatrical promoters!

* * *

Carnegie says he never offers money when he is not sure it will be accepted. Let's hasten to reassure him as to our position.

* * *

A Chicago doctor warns women against kissing men with whiskers. The barbers must have put him up to that.

* * *

Does that cigarette-smoking Indiana monkey show what we come from or what we are coming to?

* * *

When Banker Bigelow said: "I was a fool, and that's all there is to it," he stated part of the truth, but he let himself down easy.

* * *

Texas is shocked because some of its legislators have been spending their postage stamp allowance for clothes. Some congressmen live on what the government gives them for railroad fare, stationery and clerk hire.

* * *

A defender of Rockefeller says he never gambles. No, indeed! The only game he plays is where he has all the chances and the other fellow has none.

* * *

"Parsifal" is not a success in Kansas. "Bleeding Kansas" refuses to be bled at $5 per.

Hotel Gossip.

"I do not believe that the plans of Americans relative to railroad construction in the Philippines will amount to anything for some little time to come," said H. F. Maxwell of Houston, Tex., at the St. Louis. Mr. Maxwell is a railroad man of considerable experience, who has worked in the capacity of conductor of several roads in different parts of the country, and who was in the Philippines for a time.

"There is hardly sufficient business there to support a railroad of any length," he continued, "and the way things look now, there will not be enough for a few years at least. It has been remarked that there are probably extensive ore and metal deposits in the islands, but I doubt very much if any predictions along this line will ever be proven to have been correct. The Spaniards were in possession 300 years or more, and where a Spaniard cannot find mineral, especially if it be gold or silver, the chances are that no mineral exists. History shows that the Spaniard is very energetic in his search for silver and gold, and that some of the richest mines on the American continent were located by him a hundred or two years ago. In Mexico we have an example of this.

"As yet agriculture does not amount to a great deal on the islands, I understand that a good many Americans are going there, and I suppose some of them are making money. I know some of them are, in fact, from reports I have received from friends who reside there. Chinamen play an important part in both the business and labor world in the Philippines. It appears that they literally swarmed to the islands before they came into the possession of the United States, and the towns have been infested with them ever since.

* * *

"The government is all the time carrying on certain classes of work in different communities of which few people, even in the districts where the men are engaged, are aware," said W. J. Geib of Washington, D. C., at the McKay. "These different classes of work have different purposes, but all have as a reason for being a desire on the part of the government to benefit the people, and to advance their interests wherever possible.

"There are two of us here now from Washington. Our work is the taking of geological surveys of sections of the country to which we are assigned. As soon as some supplies we have ordered arrive from the East we shall go to Carlton county and start in on our survey there. We shall cover about 500 miles of territory altogether, which will include the east half of Carlton county and extend across the state line into Douglas county, Wis., for a distance of probably six miles, or until we reach the boundary of a tract of the same size which was surveyed by another party last year. The work will take us in the neighborhood of three months.

"First we shall go over the roads in the district and make an accurate map, which may later be marked in with the classifications of the soil. Next we will thoroughly cover the district in taking samples of the soil, and studying the geological formation. These samples, with such facts as we are able to put together regarding the country and general formation, will be forwarded to Washington, and in ten or twelve months all the information we gather along this line will be published in the shape of a bulletin, which will be supplied to whoever may ask for it. At Washington an analysis of the soil will be made, and the report will explain to just what purposes the soil is adapted, telling what kind of farming can be carried on with the best results in different sections, or, in other words, telling just what that certain kind of soil, with the known climatic conditions, may be expected to produce."

* * *

"The average man does not realize the vast importance of our trade with the Oriental countries," said H. M. Stephens of Seattle at the Lenox. "I believe that our trade with the Orient will reach greater proportions and be of greater value to the prosperity of the country than our trade with European countries at present.

"We people of the Northwest realize this to be a fact, and are bending every energy to furthering trade relations with the Asiatic countries. Take as an example the recent cargo carried by that greatest of American-built vessels, the Minnesota of the Great Northern Steamship company. A considerable portion of this cargo consisted of cereal products and cotton. This is an indication of what may be accomplished by a systematic campaign of advertising among the people of the Orient, showing them the advantages of the American products.

"With the growth of this Eastern trade will come the building of factories and the establishment of more large commission houses in the Northwest, and I believe that the opportunity for the business man and investor lies in the Western rather than the Eastern states. This fact is quite generally recognized. The advantages of the Northern route are also to be considered, as it offers the shortest and most direct way to the Orient, and this is always an important consideration with the shipper. The enlargement of our Oriental trade means much to the Northwest."

* * *

At the Spalding: O. E. Willis, Billings, Mont.; G. P. Dier, Bozeman, Mont.; H. D. Whitcomb, Jr., Orange, N. J.; G. W. Curtis, Woodbury, N. C.; E. A. Moore, Philadelphia; A. W. Calton, Toledo; L. R. Hurst and wife, Milwaukee; W. P. Wood, Millbank, S. D.; H. R. Palmer, Brainerd; W. R. O'Heam, Minneapolis; Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Ostby, Albert Lea; G. S. Hallman, Faribault; W. C. Wood, Merden, Conn.; Mrs. Thomas Bardon, Ashland; J. B. Dunnigan, Wausau; D. R. Appelman, Eau Claire; J. B. Thomas, Ely Lake; J. C. Huyek, Bemidji; H. W. Hodgdon, Minneapolis; J. C. Koner, La Crosse.

* * *

At the St. Louis: J. O'Brien and wife, Stevenson, Minn.; T. J. Birmingham, Jamestown, N. D.; A. T. Elmer, Portland, Me.; Chris Murphy; Grand Marais; Louis Gouyea, Crookston; Charles Oakman, Mountain Iron; L. K. Campbell, Eveleth; E. J. Boyle, Rush City; L. C. Hansen, Cass Lake; E. O. Connor, St. Paul; A. J. Lammas, Stillwater; E. B. Putnam, St. Paul; C. W. Meyers, Hibbing; N. H. Anderson, Stillwater; Frank Durant, Hibbing; L. J. Morgan, Bozeman, Mont.; James Darnell, Rock Island; Ill.; Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Torlus, Miss Lois M. Torlus, Stillwater; J. A. Hughes, San Fracisco; E. J. Wilt and wife, Hibbing; D. J. Ranson, C. L. Ranson, Tom Wagner, Sault Ste. Marie; E. E. Samson, North Yakima, Wash.

* * *

At the Lenox: H. A. Grady, New York; James O'Neil, Chicago; D. Brown, Jr., St. Paul; C. L. Blood, Glenwood, Wis.; F. E. Leonard, St. Paul; L. Kaster, Green Bay, Wis.; Mrs. G. R. McCullum, St. Paul; S. Seelig, Milwaukee; B. Paradise, Chicago; W. C. Brightrall, Grand Rapids; H. F. Carter, St. Paul; T. M. Weed, Racine; James Martin, Devils Lake, N. D.; A. F. Evenson, Minneapolis; W. Corrigan, Davenport, Iowa.

* * *

At the McKay: B. F. McKay, Minneapolis; F. Morris, Chicago; L. L. Stevens, New York; R. F. Dodson, Chicago; W. J. Fraser, Minneapolis; J. D. Stearc, Huron, S. D.; J. A. Harley, Madison; J. E. Alen, St. Paul; L. P. Carrington, Minneapolis; W. L. Weber, St. Paul; Charles Webb, St. Paul; Fred Merrill, Tower.

Ever Notice It?

Philadelphia Record: "When a typewriter has been operated for several hours at a stretch it becomes a center of electrical phenomena," remarked a stenographer. "Touch it with something metallic and you will get a distinct shock. At the same time there will be a crackling sound, and a spark will appear at the point of contact. If another person than the one who has been operating it should begin to pound the keyboard after the machine has been in continuous use for a couple of hours, he will experience a real electrical sensation, the pins-and-needles feeling of a foot asleep. Drawing the sheet of paper off the roller rapidly will charge the paper, and it will crackle when laid on other paper. It will also adhere to the other sheets or to any surface with which it comes in contact, and quite a little tug is necessary to loosen it. A long-worked typewriter seems to become an electrical plant on a small scale, and will furnish all sorts of surprises.

The Weather.

United States Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), May 9.—The British Columbia low pressure area has moved to Wyoming, developing considerable strength. It has caused rain or snow from the Pacific coast to the eastern slopes, Dakotas and Missouri valley. Rain also fell over Eastern states in connection with the eastward movement of the Ontario "low." Frosts occurred this morning in the upper lake region. It is somewhat warmer over Kansas and Nebraska and colder in the Far West and Southwest.

Following were the maximum temperatures recorded during the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	80	Medicine Hat	70
Atlanta	74	Milwaukee	54
Battleford	58	Minnedosa	44
Bismarck	70	Modena	48
Boston	68	Montgomery	78
Buffalo	58	Moorhead	60
Calgary	68	New Orleans	86
Charleston	82	New York	66
Chicago	60	Norfolk	70
Cincinnati	80	Northfield	68
Davenport	64	North Platte	58
Denver	60	Oklahoma	86
Detroit	68	Omaha	60
Dodge City	88	Phoenix	76
Duluth	64	Pittsburg	76
Edmonton	70	Port Arthur	44
El Paso	90	Portland	58
Escanaba	46	Prince Albert	56
Galveston	80	Qu'Appelle	60
Green Bay	52	Rapid City	52
Havre	66	San Francisco	58
Helena	62	Santa Fe	72
Houghton	40	Shreveport	82
Huron	54	St. Paul	56
Jacksonville	86	St. Louis	82
Kamloops	58	Spokane	64
Kansas City	72	Sault Ste. Marie	42
Knoxville	76	Swift Current	62
La Crosse	54	Washington	74
Lander	66	Williston	54
Little Rock	82	Winnemucca	54
Los Angeles	66	Winnipeg	50
Marquette	38		

Forecasts for twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. (local time) Wednesday: Duluth, Superior and vicinity—Rain and cool weather tonight and Wednesday; high northeast winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

Chicago, May 9.—Forecasts till 7 p. m. Wednesday: Wisconsin—Showers tonight and Wednesday; rising temperature.

Minnesota—Rain tonight and Wednesday; warmer in south portion tonight.

The Dakotas—Rain tonight and Wednesday except possibly snow in North Dakota.

Upper Lakes—Increasing easterly winds becoming brisk and high tonight and Wednesday; rain. Hoist storm northeast warning 10 a. m.

MINNESOTA OPINIONS.

Madison Independent Press: And now the railroad rate committee of the United States senate fears that government regulation of rates would lead to government ownership of the railroads. Could any more fortunate solution of the whole matter be arrived at.

Anoka Herald: The Republican party in Minnesota could pick out much poorer gubernatorial timber than J. Adam Bede. It will take an able man and a popular one to oust the Democrat that disgruntled soreheads helped to elect last fall. The peewee aspirants about the state will have to take a back seat if a Republican governor is elected.

Sauk Rapids Sentinel-Free Press: Whether or not the country needs public ownership of public utilities it certainly does need public ownership of public officials.

Wadena Pioneer-Journal: Thomas Lawson, the author of "Frenzied Finance," says that within thirty days there will be a failure which will greatly shock this country, involving a company worth $100,000,000. We are confident that he don't mean us.

Moorhead Citizen: That the marquis of Anglesey owns an estate near Llanfairpavllgwyngyll is a fact—we thought it was a typographical error.

Wabasha Herald: The last legislature probably has more to answer to the people for its sins of commission than for its sins of commission.

Cannon Falls Beacon: There is no man in the public eye in Minnesota who is big enough to make subservient to his personal ambition or his political popularity the issues which are demanding the attention of the people of the state. Let us look for men who may be made candidates because they impersonate in an aggressive sense an issue not simply because they have aspirations.

Anoka Herald: In the examination of the Equitable the people are getting a better idea of the operation of these big concerns that claim they can manage your finances much better than you can yourself.

Cannon Falls Beacon: Only one suit for libel resulted from last fall's rancorous campaign. We're all lucky.

Long Prairie Leader: The state will this summer expend $45,000 in surveying its lands and building ditches to drain those needing drainage. This is a good work. There are 2,000,000 acres of state land and when settled up and improved will accommodate a great population. The state is to go into the land business and will systematically endeavor to attract immigration. With several hundred thousand new settlers in prospect the next decade and several millions of dollars of property added to the tax lists, Minnesota appears about to enter an era of great prosperity.

Sauk Centre Herald: It may simply be a coincidence but we notice on looking over the roll-call on the extra-session mileage amendment that a majority of the Republicans who voted for it, were out and out "stand-patters."

Grand Rapids Magnet: The Minneapolis Journal correspondent says the corporations have Senator Knute Nelson marked for slaughter. If the senior senator has been particularly aggressive in his opposition to the corporations he has been exceedingly careful to keep the fact away from his constituents.

Baseball Terms.

Kansas City Journal: A captious Eastern editor asks petulantly what the baseball writer of the Journal means by the following:

Tinker led off for the Cubs and ozoned. Evers slammed a clean single to left and went to third on Kling's solitarie to the same place. Kling purloined second. Pfeffer sauntered on four wide ones, and the "To let" signs were pulled down from all the bases.

In our mind's eye we can picture this Eastern editor as he is. Of course, he wears whiskers, and they are probably red and cut Van Dyke. He parts his hair in the middle—if he has any hair—and wears big, round glasses. He was the pet of his family and spent his early youth in some nice, refined Boston nursery and never, never played "one-old-cat," in the alley with boys of his own age. He never climbed a telegraph pole to witness the home team "pedal the bags" for a winning game, and could not have experienced the triumphant joy of chasing the foul ball outside the fence which, when garnered, entitled him to a seat on the bleachers.

No Love Microbes.

Count Alessandro Manzoni—he of "I Promessi Sposi"—realized the danger of the contagion of love through litefature. Explaining the absence of all love scenes from his novels, he said:

"One must not speak of love in a way to lead others toward that passion. * * * There will always be a sufficient amount of it in the world; we need not, therefore, take the pains of cultivating it in others, for in cultivating it one only helps to arouse it where it is not wanted. * * * If by a miracle some day I should be inspired with the most eloquent love pages that man has ever written, I should not even take a pen to jot them on paper, so certain am I that I should regret it."

The Evening Paper Supreme

STATEMENTS FROM ADVERTISERS WHO KNOW FROM EXPERIENCE

No. 24.

ED. SCHUSTER & CO.
MILWAUKEE.

"We consider the evening paper the best advertising medium, as the average woman does not take time to read a paper until her day's work is done."

H. GREENBLATT, Adv. Mgr.

In Duluth It's The Herald!

Twenty Years Ago.

Taken From the Columns of Duluth Papers of This Date 1885.

***The first two recorded transfers of property at Tower were made this week.

***Mrs. Youngblood left this week for a visit in Newburg, N. Y.

***Cuyler Adams of Spiritwood, Dak., has been in the city the past few days.

***Last Sunday over 300 people, it is estimated, were on Minnesota Point gathering trailing arbutus, which is very plentiful this spring.

***The April business of the Western Union company here has increased from $700 last year to $4,000 this season. This is a wonderful increase for a year.

***Summer prices of fuel are now in force. Stove, $6.60 per ton; nut, $6.45; egg, $6.20, and grate, $6.10, all delivered.

***It is rumored that a first-class brick or stone building is to be built on the only vacant lot on Superior street, between Lake avenue and First avenue west.

***Some 4,000 pounds of fresh fish are being shipped daily from Duluth to points west and south. Shipments are now made as far as Kansas City, Topeka and Denver, though as soon as the catch increases, shipments will be made farther.

***The French Catholics will soon build a church edifice on West Superior street, near the street car barn, on lots they recently purchased. Rev. P. B. Champagne is their pastor. They have heretofore worshiped in the Church of the Sacred Heart.

***Laborers are very plentiful in Duluth just now, some 200 of them having come up from Port Arthur this week. There is not enough work here for all the men in the city, and wages for unskilled labor will probably drop from their present prices to the low figure of $1.25 to $1.50.

PASSING PLEASANTRIES.

Washington Star: "I suppose your constituents will interfere with your summer vacation?"

"I don't need any summer vacation," answered Senator Sorghum. "I get rest enough while congress is in session."

Philadelphia Ledger: "I wouldn't call him an epicure. He's nothing but a glutton."

"My, that's rather a harsh term."

"Well, he's one of those fellows who will eat a hearty breakfast and then discuss with his wife what to order for dinner."

Chicago Tribune: Woman of the House (handing him a plate of cold scraps)—You look like a man who has seen better days.

Fondry Gretts—Yes'm, thankee. I have. Ther' was a time, ma'am, w'en I would have blushed to hand such a layout as this to a dog.

Washington Star: "Bliggins is still saying that he has the smartest baby in the world."

"Yes," answered Miss Cayenne; "there is a universal tendency among fathers and mothers to give their children credit for wonderful discrimination in the selection of parents."

Philadelphia Press: "The professor is an Italian, isn't he?"

"Yes, but he has been in this country quite a number of years."

"But he speaks broken English, of course."

"No, not broken exactly; only slightly sprained."

Washington Post: "There's just two things that break up most happy homes," observed the Pohick philosopher.

"What's them?" inquired the Squedunk ignoramus.

"Woman's love for dry goods an' man's love for wet goods, b'gosh!"

Chicago Tribune: Jacob had just kissed Rachel.

Then he lifted up his voice and wept.

"Why do you do that?" asked Rachel.

"Because," he sobbed, "it didn't seem to surprise you! I am not the first young man you have kissed."

But he forgave her to such an extent that he served her father fourteen years for her.

A HOUSE-CLEANING CAROL.

When the soap is on the stairway and
the carpet's on the line.
Then I do not mope and long for any
Home, Sweet Home in mine;
For I know the books are corded in the
cellar by the coal,
And the pictures are reposing by the
punch and salad bowl,
And the mops and rags and dusters in
confusion intertwine
When the soap is on the stairway and
the carpet's on the line.

The piano's in the kitchen and the feather
beds are hung
On the fence above the flowers where the
bric-a-brac was flung;
There's a heap on the veranda—crockery
and jardinieres—
And a sound of mighty whacking in the
back yard strikes my ears;
So I slope away discreetly, for some other
spot I pine
When the soap is on the stairway and the
carpet's on the line.

They would feed me on cold victuals, I
would sleep upon a cot;
They might even say, "Get busy!"—make
me help them, like as not;
So I hover at a distance till I see them
gather in
All the furniture and bedding, and complacently grin
That a fellow's mighty lucky if he knows
the mystic sign
When the soap is on the stairway and the
carpet's on the line.

—The Madame.

THE IMPERIAL BERRY.

Atlanta News: "Doubtless God Almighty might have made a better berry, but doubtless he never did," was the tribute to the crimson strawberry uttered more than a century ago, and when we read in the current news that the Old North state is sending car loads—two hundred and fifty of them—to the devouring markets of the East, we find substantial evidence that the world agrees with the superlative opinion of the eighteenth century gourmet who gave expression to the delicious dictum.

The yield of this esthetic fruit, which equally appeals to sight and taste, is at its height when dews of May suffuse the enamelled leaves and give cool freshness to the fruit. The miracle of morning, with all its opulence of color and wealth of fragrance from the waking world, assumes one charm the more when it unfolds the ruddy clusters under sheltering vines. The brown old earth becomes a very Ganymede to load the forenoon board with luscious fruit of which Olympus well might boast.

When the peerage sought an emblem for its ducal coronet it took the leaves of this imperial berry and thus its very foliage became the ultimate desire of even the proudest subject of the realm. Honor and ease and calm content have been bartered many thousand times in glittering Vanity Fair but man might bind the golden strawberry leaves about their brows and thence look down upon their fellow men.

The crook-back Richard saw and envied the scarlet fruit which grew in rich profusion in the bishop of Ely's garden, and bade the doomed proprietor fetch a basket as a vain offering before he yielded up the yet more scarlet tide of life.

But it is not in musty pages of the Chronicles or the peerage that this red sultan, glowing in the sun, appeals most strongly to the interest of mankind. It is heaped in marketable crates or nestling in its native bed of leaves, regaling every sense with fragrant freshness such as no other fruit affords, that this incarnadined favorite of the middle spring asserts its paramount claim.

No wonder that the epicures of the East demand this ruddy fruit in car load lots. It is compounded of the sun and the soil and the dew in such nice proportions that the daintiest palate could not fail to melt in delicious welcome at its touch, and the world takes on a richer hue, a more seductive sweetness when the rich strawberry comes.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: Luck is a prize only for the lucky.

Maybe, when Gen. Sherman said what war was, he meant a summer garden.

Suing a man who has your money is a good way to get it back for your lawyer.

Women are so naturally deceptive they can make a sham look more real than a genuine thing.

When a man doesn't get mad with a woman over the way she figures out a political situation it is a sign she is pretty.

On the Unknown Road.

I.

Poor little heart, that knowest not the way
That leads from darkness to "the perfect day."
Shall I give judgment—finding thee astray?

II.

I, too, have wandered—I, that knew the light—
Far from God's smile—unutteringly bright;
And for myself have made the bitter night!

III.

Poor little heart!—After these wanderings wild
It is for me yet to be reconciled.
And ask forgiveness of a little child!

—Atlanta Constitution.

Shortcake Recipe.

If you would make a shortcake
Take this recipe in hand:
First take a nice ripe berry
And mash it to beat the band,
Then take a quarter section
Of crust—don't let it stand—
And spread the berry o'er it
And sprinkle it with sand,
And you will have a shortcake—
The very latest brand.

—Chicago Chronicle.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER
TONIGHT AND WEDNESDAY,
Mr. MAX FIGMAN in the roaring, screaming, farcical comedy success,
"The Marriage of Kitty."
Prices 25c, 50c, 75c and $1.
MAY 13—"THE BURGOMASTER."

METROPOLITAN
TONIGHT, TOMORROW MATINEE AND NIGHT.
Mr. HARRY CORSON CLARKE and Company in the Funny Farce—
"HIS ABSENT BOY"
Prices 15c, 25c, 35c, 50c. Matinees 10c, 25c
Thursday, Friday and Saturday Matinee and Night—
"LOST 24 HOURS"

SPORTING NEWS

Snow Prevents Game Between Duluth and Lake Linden.

A Change Is Made In Schedule For the Week.

Lake Linden, Mich., May 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—A snow storm prevented the game between the Duluth and Lake Linden teams being played here yesterday.

Owing to the fact that the Hancock team and the grounds are not yet ready, the schedule of the Duluth team for the week has been changed. Instead of going to Hancock for two games today and tomorrow, the team will play Calumet two games, Lake Linden again on Thursday, and Calumet on Friday and Saturday, leaving for Duluth Saturday morning.

PLAYER INJURED.

Philadelphia Captain Is Out of the Game.

Washington, May 9.—Lave Cross, captain and third baseman of the Athletics, was more seriously injured by a ball batted by Frank Huelsman than was supposed during the game here yesterday. Cross broke the force of the terrific blow with his feet, and the ball bounded up into his face and crushed the bridge of his nose, fracturing the bone. For ten minutes he laid bleeding on the field, and for an hour and a half it was impossible to stop the flow. It is thought that a small blood vessel was ruptured. Cross' eyes are almost swollen shut, and it will necessitate his retirement from the game for some time.

BASEBALL.

National League.

STANDING.

Teams—	P.	W.	L.	Pct.
New York	18	14	4	.778
Pittsburg	19	12	7	.632
Chicago	20	12	8	.600
Philadelphia	17	9	8	.529
Cincinnati	19	9	10	.474
Brooklyn	22	9	13	.409
Boston	19	6	13	.316
St. Louis	18	5	13	.278

NEW YORK, 9; BOSTON, 1.

New York, May 9.—Poor fielding by the Bostons and heavy batting by the New Yorks gave the local team another easy victory at the Polo grounds yesterday. Attendance, 3,096. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Boston	0	0	1
New York	9	11	1

Batteries—Willis, Wilhelm and Needham; Taylor and Bowerman. Umpire—O'Day.

PHILADELPHIA, 7; BROOKLYN, 2.

Philadelphi, May 9.—Brooklyn was again defeated yesterday by the locals. Despite the numerous errors, there was some good fielding on both sides. Attendance, 2,559. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Brooklyn	2	5	5
Philadelphia	7	13	4

Batteries—Jones and Bergen; Caldwell and Doolin. Umpire—Johnstone.

PITTSBURG, 2; CINCINNATI, 1.

Pittsburg, May 9.—A passed ball and an error gave Pittsburg one run and the other was batted in. Cincinnati's run was made with a hit, two outs and Odwell's clever steal home from third. In the first inning when Clymer went down to first base, Blankenship claimed the runner spiked him. As Clymer was retiring Blankenship followed and hit the Pittsburg player twice on the head. Clymer did not strike back but both men were put out of the game. Attendance, 5,199. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Pittsburg	2	10	3
Cincinnati	1	5	4

Bitteries—Phillippe and Carisch; Overall and Schlei. Umpires—Emslie and Bauswine.

American League.

STANDING.

Teams—	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Cleveland	17	10	7	.588
Philadelphia	18	10	8	.556
Washington	20	11	9	.550
Chicago	18	9	9	.500
New York	18	9	9	.500
St. Louis	19	9	10	.474
Detroit	18	8	10	.444
Boston	20	8	12	.400

NEW YORK, 9; BOSTON, 3.

Boston, May 9.—Boston's errors were costly yesterday, six of the visitors' runs resulting directly from misplays by the home team. Attendance, 7,959. Score:

	R	H	E
New York	9	10	3
Boston	3	10	5

Batteries—Orth and Kleinow; Young, Gibson and Criger. Umpire—O'Connolly.

CHICAGO, 6; CLEVELAND, 3.

Cleveland, May 9.—Cleveland lost to Chicago yesterday by the score of 6 to 3. Rain fell heavily during part of the game. Attendance, 3,985. Score:

	R	H	E
Cleveland	3	10	1
Chicago	6	14	1

Batteries—Hess and Buelow; Smith and McFarland. Umpires — McCarthy and Kelly.

PHILADELPHIA, 3; WASHINGTON, 2.

Washington, May 9.—Washington's ragged fielding and Patten's one bad inning gave Philadelphia today's game. Waddell had the local team at his mercy, striking out at least one man each inning and in the fourth retiring the side on strikes. Attendance, 7,000. Score:

	R	H	E
Washington	2	4	3
Philadelphia	3	8	2

Batteries—Patten and Kittredge; Waddell and Schreck. Umpire—O'Laughlin.

American Association.

STANDING.

Teams—	P.	W.	L.	Pct.
Columbus	17	13	4	.765

RECAMIER CREAM.

FOR THE COMPLEXION

has been in use nearly a century. Will cure a bad skin and preserve a good one. For sale everywhere.

Two sizes—50c and $1.00.

RECAMIER MANUFACTURING CO.,

No. 129 W. 31st St., New York City.

Send for free sample and circular.

CARICATURE SKETCH OF CONGRESSMAN GROSVENOR.
Congressman Grosvenor of Ohio, whose political career in congress is about at an end. The house will miss the picturesque and joyous representative.

Milwaukee	15	9	6	.600
Minneapolis	16	8	8	.500
Kansas City	16	8	8	.500
Louisville	17	8	9	.471
St. Paul	16	7	9	.438
Toledo	16	6	10	.375
Indianapolis	14	5	9	.357

COLUMBUS, 4; INDIANAPOLIS, 2.

Indianapolis, May 9.—Indianapolis lost the opening game of the series with Columbus, through inability to hit Vail safely. Attendance, 1,229. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Indianapolis	2	5	1
Columbus	4	9	2

Batterlies—Goodwin and Roth; Vail and Brown. Umpire—Kane.

TOLEDO, 14; LOUISVILLE, 8.

Toledo, May 9.—No less than eighteen bases on balls were given in yesterday's game, three Louisville pitchers furnishing twelve and two Toledo twirlers six. Clingman's fielding was a feature. Attendance, 2,000. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Toledo	14	19	0
Louisville	8	12	5

Batteries—Martin, Minahan and Clark; Campbell, Dunkle, Scott and Schriver. Umpire—Hart.

MILWAUKEE, 14; ST. PAUL, 1.

St. Paul, May 9.—Sessions' wildness and Yeager's poor throwing gave Milwaukee five runs in the opening inning. After that it was a procession. Attendance, 1,920. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
St. Paul	1	8	3
Milwaukee	14	14	1

Batteries—Sessions, Evans, Kilroy and Yeager; McKay and Beville. Umpire—Haskell.

KANSAS CITY, 5; MINNEAPOLIS, 0.

Minneapolis, May 9.—Kansas City had an easy time with Minneapolis yesterday, shutting the latter out. Morgan, for the visitors, pitched perfect ball. Attendance, 1,500. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Minneapolis	0	4	2
Kansas City	5	8	1

Batteries—Stovall and Marshall; Morgan and Butler. Umpire—King.

WORKING FOR NEW TRIAL

Joseph Gardner's Friends Retain Attorney to Argue Motion.

By reason of the persistent efforts of his wife, the friends of Joseph Gardner, who was convicted in Itasca county of murdering Garrison, and who was given a life sentence at Stillwater, have raised money to take steps toward securing a new trial.

Judge W. M. Steele of Superior has been retained and has gone to Bemidji to argue the motion for a new trial. The motion, it is said, cites several technical points of law, revises certain portions of the evidence with a view of showing that Gardner is entitled to another trial. It is also said that new and important evidence in favor of Gardner has been secured since the former trial and that a change has taken place in public sentiment in Itasca county since he was convicted and taken to Stillwater.

A GROWING SYSTEM.

Leading Colleges Recognize Y. M. C. A. Examinations.

New York, May 9.—The old apprenticeship system is rapidly becoming a thing of the past, and today it is no easy matter for a boy to learn a trade thoroughly. Among the many trade and technical institutions which have sprung up within recent years to remedy, in some measure, this condition, none has probably attracted more widespread attention and respect than the educational system of the Young Men's Christian association, with its 33,000 students gathered in evening classes in more than 300 cities and towns of North America.

An interesting analysis has been made of the ocupations of the men who have recently participated in the examinations conducted by the international committee. Taking the one subject of mechanical drawing, the most popular, perhaps, of all the studies taught, among the 432 men who have returned examination papers, are 93 machinists, 42 students, 33 clerks and 17 patternmakers. Other occupations represented are those of the electrician, toolmaker, draftsman, bookkeeper, carpenter, engineer, etc.

The ages of these students, almost all of whom are earning their daily bread and giving the evening hours to study, range from 12 years to 38, the greater number being between 16 and 21.

The examination questions are prepared by men of national repute, and the examinations are conducted simultaneously, having been held this year in the week beginning April 3, each subject having its specified night. The papers are first marked by the local teachers, and those receiving 75 per cent or above are returned to the New York office to be re-examined by the international examiners. Successful students receive pass-cards in the elementary subjects and diplomas upon completing the advanced courses. These are recognized by 100 or more leading colleges and universities in lieu of entrance examinations.

Twenty-seven different subjects, covering commercial, science and miscellaneous courses, are included in these educational examinations, in which some 1,290 papers have been returned to the New York office this year for re-examination.

In addition to the above, the international committee has for several years conducted a successful series of Bible-study examinations, which are rapidly growing in popularity. These now cover nineteen different courses, and 1,471 papers were ordered this year. A very lively interest has been excited among the younger members of the associations by the offering of a prize cup, known as the "Dan McDonald Memorial Cup," to the association showing the largest examination results in boys' Bible-study work.

PUPILS' STRIKE AT AN END

Blaine School Running as Usual Under Principal James.

The pupils who went on a strike at the Blaine high school in Superior because of dissatisfaction with their principal, B. B. James, have returned, at the solicitation of Superintendent Jackson, and have resumed their studies.

As a consequence of the walkout, the pupils are said to be about a week behind in their studies and they are said to be still dissatisfied because the teachers insist that the work be made up immediately. They are waiting with considerable interest the meeting of the board of education this evening when they hope that the board will make certain overtures.

The board has passed resolutions retaining both Superintendent Jackson and Principal James until the close of the school year so that the concessions this far have all been made by the pupils. The pupils claim that one of their special grievances has been settled by the return to the superintendent of all the authority that it was proposed to take away from him during the remainder of his term.

RAIN ASSISTS THE EASTERN FIREFIGHTERS.

Plymouth, Mass., May 9.—A brisk shower early today greatly cheered the weary fire fighters who, since last Friday, have been working night and day and using every possible method in an endeavor to check the flames which have raged throughout the forests of the towns of the Plymouth, Plymton, Kingston and Carver, destroying thousands of dollars worth of cut and standing timber and endangering many buildings. The continuous work finally made some impression late last night and this morning's shower enabled the men to come more nearly to securing control over the fire than at any time since it first gained headway.

FOUR YEARS FOR DOCTORS.

Sentenced For Performing Criminal Surgical Operation.

Minneapolis, May 9.—Four years in prison, the maximum penalty for the offense of performing a criminal surgical operation, was the sentence imposed on Drs. Van Damme of Minneapolis and Hadsell of St. Paul, in the district court yesterday.

The physicians were indicted and convicted jointly with Hannah Lund, a notorious "baby farmer" of Minneapolis, for performing a criminal operation on a young woman, whose health has been shattered as the result of their work.

County Attorney Al Smith prosecuted all three cases with great vigor, and practically no defense was offered by the St. Paul physician.

A stay of sentence of ten days was requested by counsel of Dr. Van Damme, who will move for a new trial.

French & Bassett

1st Street and 3rd Avenue West.

Special Values in Furniture.

Cane Seated Dining Chairs

85c

Very neat diners are made of solid hardwood, golden finish, are nicely finished, cane seated and have solid bolted and braced arms. The backs are neatly carved. They are excellent chairs and will give good service. The ordinary store would price an equal value at $1.50.

Exceptionally Good —Velour Couches

$6.75

Similar in shape to cut, good sized couch, entire construction is steel, tufts are made with clinch buttons which cannot pull out; fringed all around. Assorted colored velour coverings. The ordinary store would say $12.50 for an equal value.

ALMOST A PANIC

Fire Breaks Out In Grace M. E. Sunday School Room.

Children Rush Madly For Door But Are Checked.

A panic was narrowly averted at Grace Methodist church at the West End Sunday noon. There was an excellent chance, for a few minutes, of a miniature Iroquois theater horror. Fire broke out in the Sunday school room shortly after noon Sunday while the room was packed with children, and a mad rush for the door started, but older heads managed to calm the youngsters.

About one hundred or more children were in the room at the time and had just begun their lesson for the day. Suddenly a puff of smoke came from apparently nowhere and immediately a mysterious blaze broke out in the room, seemingly from no particular point. The children waited for no more but bolted, shrieking, crying and fighting madly to get to the open air. The teachers and other adults present, realizing that if the panic was allowed to go on, somebody would get badly hurt, plunged into the mass of children and managed to hold them back, getting the crowd out quickly but by degrees.

The West End and Central fire stations were alarmed and attended the blaze, which was put out without much difficulty.

It is claimed that the fire was caused by a leak in a gas pipe and the upper part of the room getting too full of gas, the latter was ignited from the stove which had a brisk fire burning in it. There was no explosion of gas but there was a heavy puff when the gas lighted and the atmosphere seemed to be on fire in an instant.

Fortunately the panic was checked in time to prevent anybody from being injured.

HOME MISSIONS.

Swedish Methodists Prepare For Evangelistic Work.

The Lake Superior district conference of the Swedish Methodist Episcopal church yesterday voted to proceed with home mission work at once and to organize a body to take charge of the work. As a nucleus for such organization, the following board of directors was appointed:

Presiding elder, Rev. Carl J. Andreen of Marinette, Wis.; president, Rev. C. H. Sundstrom, Escanaba; secretary and treasurer, Rev. William Lundin of Marinette; directors, Rev. John A. Anderson, Duluth, and Rev. O. N. Hildeton, Superior.

It was determined to send out a missionary for home mission evangelistic work early in the fall and it is likely that either Rev. William Lundin or Rev. John Bostrom will be chosen. The conference recommended P. Beckstrom, who has been in the service of the cause at Hibbing, for final examination and acceptance.

IF YOU ARE SICK.

Chrystal Tonic quickly cures rheumatism, constipation, torpid liver, kidney trouble, Bright's disease, heart disease, neuralgia, nervous exhaustion, bad blood, headache, backache, dizziness, sleeplessness, dyspepsia, general debility, tired brain and any run-down condition of the system. For sale all druggists, $1.00 a bottle. Try it. If not satisfied after using, write Crystal Tonic Co., Marshall, Mich., and they will refund your money without question.

Take Your Prescriptions and have them filled at BOYCE'S DRUG STORE

MORE DWELLINGS

To Go Up at West End During This Summer.

Building permits have been issued to Peter Johnson to erect four dwelling houses on Twenty-fifth avenue west, between Superior and First streets. These houses will cost $1,500 each, and are four of a large number of dwellings of the same class which are planned for this year. It is quite likely that before many months the West end will present the pleasing dress of a large number of new houses of modern type and attractive location and appearance.

Anton Jeanetta has been given a permit to put in a concrete foundation on Piedmont avenue, between Twenty-first and Twenty-second avenues west, costing $500, and Anton S. Mickelson will put up a frame dwelling on Seventh street, between Twenty-first and Twenty-second avenues west, to cost $500.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

West End Members Visit New Duluth Lodge.

A large delegation of Knights of Pythias from the West end went by special train last evening to New Duluth where they assisted in initiating a class into Riverside lodge of that place. The affair was one of large proportions as a great many Knights of Pythias from West Duluth, Duluth and Superior accompanied the West end party.

Riverside lodge is comparatively a new one and the West end knights were anxious to see how they would do their work. This turned out to be surprisingly satisfactory and the knights who attended report an excellent entertainment for the visitors.

California Trainman.

J. J. Chamberlain of San Luis Obsipo, Cal., is visiting for a few days with Theodore Harris of 2015 West Third street. Mr. Chamberlain is on his way to attend the biennial convention of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, to which he is delegate from his lodge in San Luis Obispo. The convention will be held at Buffalo next month, and immediately following that will be held the Elks' convention, which Mr. Chamberlain will also attend.

West End Shortrails.

The Young People's society of the First Swedish Baptist church will meet tonight in regular monthly session.

Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Reynolds are stopping at the Esmond hotel, having returned from a camp near Virginia, of which they had charge all winter.

E. F. Mahle has returned from St. Paul.

J. H. Schulenburg has returned from St. Louis, Mo., where he was attending the funeral of his mother.

Sons have been born to Mr. and Mrs. Fred Swanstrom of 15 Twenty-first avenue west, and to Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Darby of 219 Twenty-ninth avenue west.

HENRY OLIVER'S ESTATE.

Left Nearly $50,000,000, Though Once Bankrupt.

Pittsburg, Pa., May 9.—The preliminary statement of the estate of the late Henry W. Oliver of Pittsburg has been filed here. It proved to be somewhat of a surprise, as it is now believed that the financier, now dead, left almost $50,000,000, though it has been a trifle less than fifteen years since Mr. Oliver was a bankrupt and penniless. He gained a new foothold through the Mesaba ore range, in the Northwest, and soon made his fortune, which kept accumulating to great proportions.

The statement just filed is that only of his personal property and does not touch his real estate holdings, which are known to have been the largest in the city.

He owned not less than thirty different pieces of property in the city, most of it downtown in the business section. The statement filed credits the executors with $18,433,573 in personal property, out of which they have paid until there remains on hand $14,253,819.61. It is believed that the real estate end of the property added to this will bring the Oliver estate far over the $40,000,000 mark.

MANY INJURED IN TROLLEY COLLISION.

New York, May 9.—In a head-on collision between two trolley cars on Staten Island, thirty persons have been injured. Mrs. Dora Davidson of New York probably will die.

Both cars were well filled with passengers when they came together. The platforms of the cars were battered to splinters and many of the passengers were hurled to the pavement. All were severely cut and bruised, except Mrs. Davidson, who was hurt internally. Misunderstanding of signals is said to have caused the accident.

IN "REPERTOIRE."

President Findley of the College of the City of New York tells this, says the Kansas City Star: He was coming down in the elevated one day last week. Opposite him were seated two men, evidently from up the state. They were discussing theatrical matters. "This man Mansfield," said one, "I go to see him every time I'm in New York. But there's one thing I never saw him in." "What's that?" asked his companion. "It's 'Repertoire.' I wonder what sort of a play it is?" And the other one couldn't enlighten him.

French & Bassett

Corner 1st Street and 3rd Avenue West.

DULUTH, MINN.

Complete House Furnishers.

New Spring CARPETS and RUGS

And all manner of new spring floor coverings are here—and in endless variety. There are mattings and Fiber Rugs—Ingrain Carpets and Ingrain Rugs—Brussels Carpets and Brussels Rugs—Velvet Carpets and Velvet Rugs—Wilton Carpets and Wilton Rugs—and a large and choice selection of beautiful Oriental Rugs. Every wanted article in the shape of floor coverings, for every room in the home and for every sort of home, cottage or mansion.

Only the VERY BEST find a place on our shelves and they cost no more here than the inferior grades elsewhere. A few attractive specials:

CHINA MATTING — in very desirable colorings—and good quality—yd..... **12½c**

OIL CLOTH — good heavy quality — different patterns—a yard..... **25c**

SMYRNA RUGS— single door size—reversible kind, good and heavy—each..... **75c**

INGRAIN ART SQUARES— good heavy cotton quality—7-6x9-0 size—Each..... **$2.75**

SPECIAL SALE BUCK'S STOVES AND RANGES

$1 Down $1 a Week

The payment of a single dollar will place any Buck's Stove or Range in your home. To own Buck's is to possess the very best there is—best in everything—in construction—in material used—in appearance—in the matter of baking. Every one sold fully guaranteed or your money cheerfully refunded. Let us show you these famous stoves.

A Liberal Allowance for Your Old Stove Or Range As the First Payment on a Buck's.

Complete Housefurnishings Sold on Easy Payments.

Ouellette & Baxter Co

Lumber, Lath and Shingles

Sash, Doors and Mouldings.

Michigan St. and Garfield Ave.

We Want Your

Orders for anything you may have in the shape of

Printing and Binding.

We care not how large.
We care not how small.
All orders will receive our best work and attention.

Merritt & Hector,

Both Phones. 32 West First Street.

We Want Your Business—Best Work and Service.

Peachey & Lounsberry, Printers.

Providence Bldg.—4th Avenue West and Superior St. Both Phones.

Blank Books

Loose leaf or tight bound—all rulings. We can supply you with the new set for 1905.

Chamberlain & Taylor,

323 west Superior Street.

Special May Sale of FURNITURE.

Bloedel & Ebeling,

CASH FURNITURE DEALERS.

We can save you from 10 per cent to 30 per cent over installment house prices.

A good combination Felt Mattress, two parts.....$6.00
A fine Felt Mattress $8.00
Supported Wire Springs, all iron.....$3.60
A good Spiral Spring, all iron $5.00

The lowest-priced house in the city. No losses to charge up. Let us prove it to you. Get our prices. A full line of up-to-date furniture.

Third Floor Gray-Tallant Co., 117 and 119 West Superior St.

BOY GONE WRONG

"Jimmy" McLean Is Committed to State Training School.

The End of a Long Experiment In Child Training.

"Jimmy" McLean has gone to the state training school at Red Wing, and there is not a person who is connected in any way with the municipal court who would not willingly do anything in his power to help "Jimmy" out.

Jimmy's finish marks the end of a most interesting experiment in child training, which has been in progress for the last year or two.

The boy, who is only 13 years of age, is one of the most interesting and attractive figures that has been seen in the municipal court for years. He is a sturdy American boy, of the best type, who looks as if he would be willing to fight at the drop of the hat, and who would always be found leading his companions, whether in mischief or in anything he undertook.

His mother is dead, and his father is at present in Winnipeg. The boy has been left in charge of an aunt, who has done everything in her power to bring the boy up amid comfortable and homelike surroundings, and who has tried for several years to govern him and give him a good education. But it is on education that Jimmy bucks. School is as distasteful to him as water is to a cat.

"Jimmy likes hard work," said his aunt in court this morning. "He is perfectly happy if he can chop wood or work outdoors all day long, but he won't go to school. When I send him to school he simply runs away and will stay away for perhaps a week at a time."

The boy was a protege of M. S. Lloyd, deputy clerk of the court, who interceded on a former occasion for him. Mr. Lloyd gave the boy a nickel every Saturday for attending school. For six weeks the bribe kept him in regular attendance, and he then kicked over the traces and was off on another expedition.

Jimmy's exploits include a trip to St. Paul with a companion. The boys rode the "blind baggage" and existed in St. Paul for a week in a manner known only to themselves. They were caught by Humane Officer Withrow and brought home.

Six months later Jimmy again kicked the dust of Duluth from his shoes and jumped a freight train going to Carlton. Once again he was brought back, and last Saturday he ran away to South Superior with a boy named Harry Sager. They were arrested by the Superior police and detained for a time, but through a misunderstanding were released. They then tried to board a freight train for St. Paul, but Jimmy got tangled up in a barbed wire fence, and he was a sight for sore eyes this morning. They were again arrested by the humane officer and brought into court this morning.

The Sagar boy had also been up on former occasions and Judge Windom sentenced him to Red Wing, after a hearing.

When Jimmy's name was called, he stood up and faced the court. It was plain that he didn't want to go to Red Wing, which meant confinement and enforced attendance at school, but he wasn't going to show the white feather. He was unable to keep back the tears, which streamed down his cheeks, but he did not allow a sob to escape him.

"I don't want to send the boy to Red Wing," said Judge Windom. "We all know him down here, and he is a lad who appeals to your sympathies."

"You are just a good boy who has got a wrong start," he said turning to the culprit. "You think you want to quit school and go to work, but what will you amount to if you don't get an education. You will never be anything more than a common laborer, and you have brains enough to make a mark for yourself. If you won't go to school we will have to send you to a place where they will make you take an education."

After the boy had been taken out by the humane officer, there was not a person in the court room who did not express a feeling of deep regret that the boy had disappointed the hopes entertained for him, but the belief was also general that there was no alternative.

SOME YANKEE YARNS.

About How They Do Thing in Russia.

As the American tourist strode in the gathering twilight along the Nevsky Prospekt a group of terrorists who crouched in the doorway of a traktir detected some resemblance in his form to that of the hated government official Petroffsky, says the New York Sun.

"Get the bomb ready, Ivan," whispered the leader.

A moment later there was a crash and a burst of flame behind the American, who strolled on, uninjured, and without gazing around. As he passed the hiding place of the conspirators he was chuckling joyously.

"Well, that explosion cured my homesickness, all right!" they heard him mutter. "Just like the good old third rail flashes and manhole explosions at home. For one happy moment I imagined myself on a Broadway car when the fuse blew out!"

COLLEGE CUSTOMS.

The young attache of the American legation sat on the balcony of the Hotel Michaelovitch, watching with interest a body of students who poured out from the college buildings and with frenzied shouts hoisted red flags.

In an instant the student body became a mass of shouting, struggling, gouging humanity, fighting desperately in groups.

"Whoop! Hurray! Sis-boom-ah!" yelled the American, remembering his alma mater. "Which side is winning —the freshmen or the sophs?"

"Hush!" cried the terrified manager, "or you'll be arrested. Don't you know that those are students in a riotous demonstration against the government?"

"Why, no," gasped the American, "I thought it was a college cane rush or a hazing party!"

A TREASONABLE WALK.

The Yankee was strolling along the embankment of the Neva and taking a view of St. Petersburg in the crisp morning air.

"Ha!"

The guttural exclamation of a Cossack as he brought up his pony alongside caused the pedestrain to halt.

"What are you doing there?" asked the Cossack.

"Oh," answered the American, "I'm just taking a little constitutional—"

"Constitutional!" shrieked the Cossack, as he yelled for the guard. "I'll bet that has something to do with a constitution. Arrest him! He belongs to those cursed zemstvos, for I heard him talking about a Russian constitution!"

You may have known some particular store very well yesterday—and yet hardly recognize it today. New goods! Let the ads. keep you posted.

"One price, and that right, at Ericson's."

NOBBY NOVELTIES for Children!

We are showing the smartest ideas of the season in our children's department. Especially attractive values at—

$3.50 AND $5.00

Included in the assortment are plain blues, reds and the fashionable browns, as well as mixed tweeds. It will pay to have your children fitted out here.

A few odd Suits for children and boys left at HALF PRICE.

Chas. W. Ericson,

Clothier—Hatter—Furnisher.
219 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

West Duluth

HAD THE CARDS

Commercial Club Starts Trouble For Street Railway.

Council Pays Heed to the Club's Kick About Service.

The West Duluth Commercial club evidently started something when it met last Friday night and took such peremptory action regarding street railway matters. Its resolution was brought up in the city council meeting last evening and H. H. Phelps, who was connected with the administration of West Duluth when the franchise was let by West Duluth to the street railway company, was present and spoke to the members of the council about the matter. The result was that the council passed a resolution by unanimous vote directing the city attorney to proceed, legally if necessary, to compel the street railway company to equip its West Third street line with double track cars, to sprinkle between the tracks on Superior street, Central avenue and other streets on which it runs and to pay the agreed license of $10 a car for those operated in West Duluth.

Mr. Phelps related the history of the street railway case in West Duluth and stated that the license tax is collectable for six years back, a judgment for license up to six years ago having been compromised because of the effect upon the street railway during the panic. He recited the woes of residents of West Duluth having for twelve years to walk a considerable distance to get to the car lines, and, Mr. Phelps said, it is time this inconvenience is being stopped.

City Attorney Fesler said to the council that it is doubtful whether or not the street railway can be compelled to extend its lines beyond where they now terminate unless the company is willing to do so; but, he said, there is nothing to prevent the city granting a franchise to another company for the purpose.

IN POOR CONDITION.

Joseph Rosenberg Dies In Destitute Circumstances.

Joseph Rosenberg, aged 21 years, died yesterday afternoon at his home, 4931 Ramsey street. Tuberculosis was the cause of death and the man has been sick about six months. He leaves a wife and one child practically penniless. The funeral will take place tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock from the Finnish church on Sixty-fourth avenue west. Interment will be at Hermantown.

Rosenberg's family is left in a pitiable condition, and today a subscription list was passed around among the merchants of West Duluth to defray the expenses of the funeral and leave the widow in condition to exist until something further can be done. The pair have been married only about two years and their child is now one year old.

FOR PUBLIC GARDEN.

W. C. T. U. to Raise Money For Public Purpose.

The W. C. T. U. of West Duluth will hold a rummage sale on Thursday at 5527 Grand avenue in order to raise money for a public garden which it is proposed to put in on Fifty-ninth avenue west near the Longfellow school. The W. C. T. U. has already donated money for this purpose, but not quite enough has been received so that this method of raising more is to be adopted.

It is planned by the Women's council to establish a number of these public gardens throughout the city and the West Duluth women wish to push their part of it.

FIXING GRAND AVENUE.

Board of Works Putting Gravel on Street.

The board of public works has teams and men at work on Grand avenue dumping and spreading gravel. This gravel roadway will extend from Fifty-fifth avenue to Duluth proper, on one side of the car tracks, and will be a vast improvement over the roadway which has been in existence for a long time. It was this road that caused the kicking by West Duluthians some time ago, and which kicks attracted the attention of the council, bringing forth an appropriation for improving the road.

MANY SONS BORN.

Most of the Births at West Duluth Are Males.

Sons seem to run strongly in the matter of births at West Duluth these days. Almost all of the births recorded in that end of the city show children of the male persuasion. Within the past three days sons have been born to the following parents:

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Mathews of 5711 Wadena street, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Harrison of 603 North Fifty-ninth avenue west, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Edlund of 714 North Fifty-sixth avenue west, and Mr. and Mrs. David Fousha of 106 North Fifty-sixth avenue west.

Scandinavian Society Forms.

The Norden Sick Benefit society met last evening at Victor hall and elected permanent officers. This is the association of Scandinavians to take in all of that birth at the Head of the Lakes, which has been in process of formation for some time. The temporary officers were elected some time ago. The permanent officers are as follows: President, E. G. Wallinder; vice president, August Hagberg; secretary, A. J. Lindgren, and treasurer, John Olin.

The Misery of Piles

Thousands know it and thousands daily submit, through their ignorance, to the torture of the knife.

They are ignorant of the fact that there is an internal remedy that will positively and painlessly cure.

Dr. Perrin's Pile Specific
The Internal Remedy

strikes at the prime causes of piles—indigestion, congestion of the liver and constipation. These causes are removed and removed for good. Get a bottle today and see how well it proves the truth of this statement.

For dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation, biliousness, catarrh of the stomach and kindred ailments it is the greatest remedy that has ever yet benefited mankind.

When these troubles are taken care of and cured, Piles will be a thing of the past.

Dr. Perrin Medical Co., Helena, Mont.

To Help Sundeen.

A subscription list is being taken up in West Duluth today for the aid of Erik Sundeen, the man whose arm was broken at the Alger-Smith mill a few days ago. His case was told in The Herald at the time—of how his motherless children were found shivering in the cold when the injured father was taken home, and got along the best they could while he was absent. An effort will be made to aid the man and his family as much as possible.

For Vested Choir.

Miss Grayce Frances Turner will hereafter devote her attention to the organization and training of a vested choir for Holy Apostles Episcopal church at West Duluth, and to do this has resigned as organist of the choir and has been succeeded in that position by Miss Ethel Wright. It is claimed that there are some excellent voices in the present choir and more in the congregation which will be developed for choir purposes.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

The black bird trap for the West Duluth Rod and Gun club has arrived and will be installed on the club grounds at Sixty-first avenue west and the bay, tomorrow by F. H. Wade. The first shoot over the trap will take place next Sunday.

Thomas Sorenson has gone to Minneapolis to attend the funeral of his brother's wife.

Samuel Atkinson, an old resident of West Duluth, is in the city from Buffalo, N. Y., to visit old friends and see how the town is getting along. He lived here up to about six years ago and is much pleased with the progress of this end of the city since his departure.

For sale, gasoline launch, 17-footer. J. H. Schuler.

Mrs. Phil Boursaw and Joseph La Fortune two well known West Duluth people were married Sunday and will reside on a farm near here.

F. X. Hamlin of Chippewa Falls is in West Duluth today.

A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Mathews of 5711 Wadena street.

George F. O'Brien, formerly of West Duluth, was married May 3, last Wednesday at St. Augustine, Fla., to Miss Lois Victoria Usina of that city. Mr. and Mrs. O'Brien will reside at Waterloo, Iowa.

Division No. 4, A. O. H., will conduct a social evening for its members at Gilley's hall, on the evening of May 16. A committee consisting of John Scanlon, William Fox, Thomas Sinnett, Jr., and W. B. Geoffrey, has been appointed to arrange for the affair.

Ladies, if you are troubled with your feet, get the New Relief House Shoe at Lauermann's.

A large number of the members of Kitchi Gammi lodge, K. of P., went to New Duluth last evening to attend an initiation by Riverside lodge, K. P. of that place.

C. L. Goodell of Barnum was in West Duluth yesterday.

Dr. Sterling Olson of Milaca spent Sunday in West Duluth.

Thomas Wright returned yesterday from British Columbia and his companion William Taylor is expected back today.

Mrs. Joseph Bowers of Wadena street is very sick with tuberculosis.

Miss Kate Connelly of 144 Sixty-third avenue west is quite ill with grip.

VENGEANCE

For Tammany Senators Who Opposed Cheap Gas.

New York, May 9.—"I personally will attend to the cases of the Tammany senators who voted against seventy-five cent gas." Such was the announcement which Thomas F. Smith of Tammany hall received from leader Murphy over the telephone from a point in the West.

The men thus marked for vengeance are Samuel J. Foley, John A. Hawkins, John C. Fitzgerald, Bernard F. Martin, and Daniel J. Riordan. These are the men who helped defeat the bill. Secretary Smith said that Mr. Murphy had told him over the telephone that he (Murphy) had had absolutely nothing to do with controlling the votes of Tammany senators who opposed cheaper gas.

Mayor McClellan has been angry at Tammany senators who opposed cheap gas in Manhattan, and he sent at least one vigorous protest to Albany against any desertion by Tammany of the cause of the people against the lighting monopoly.

"It's Hard to Teach an Old Dog New Tricks,"

And it is hard to teach a man who has been drinking Moose Brand Beer to drink any other brew. They would miss the exquisite flavor, delicious richness and health-giving properties that has made this pure beverage so deservedly famous. Try a case of Moose Brand Beer and you will never be without it.

Duluth Brew'g & Malting Co.
Either 'Phone 241.

UNEARTH VALUES

Assessors Estimate Improvements at $1,000,000 More.

Building Inspector's Figures Are Based Upon Owners' Estimate.

Improvements to the value of over $1,000,000 were concealed from the building inspector during the year just passed, according to the report of the assessors.

The figures furnished by the building inspector show that improvements to the amount of about $1,250,000 were made in Duluth during the year of 1904.

According to the statement of the assessors, who have estimated the value of the improvements made on Duluth real estate during the last year, building to the amount of about $2,250,000 has been done.

The difference between the two sets of figures about denotes the collective amount which Duluth citizens were willing to swear away during the year in order to dodge the payment of fees to the building inspector.

The majority of the permits are issued by the building inspector on the figures furnished him by the contractor or the owner. The person applying for the permit makes a statement of the probable cost of the building, and unless the building inspector has reason to doubt his word, the statement is taken, and the permit issued. The fees are based upon the amount of the permit. All buildings costing under $500 are assessed $1.50 for fees, with an additional charge of $1 for every additional $500 in the cost of the building. A great many of the owners and builders are willing to shave the cost $500 for the sake of escaping the payment of an additional dollar and the bocks of the building inspector are to a certain extent a register of the honesty of the citizens in Duluth who own houses.

Only one case is on record where an owner gave the cost of the improvements as more than they really were. He did not know that a fee was charged, and he doubled the cost of his house, thinking it would make it sell better. When he discovered that the fee was based on the value of the house he let out a howl, and immediately wanted to cut the estimate in two, but the building inspector stood pat.

The assessors, however, fixed their own estimate on the value of the improvements, and the result was an additional $1,000,000 tacked on to the building inspector's figures.

HOCH VERY INDIFFERENT

Listens to Stories of Former Wife Without Apparent Concern.

Chicago, May 9.—Mrs. Amelia Fischer-Hoch resumed her testimony today in the trial of Johann Hoch on the charge of murdering Mrs. Marie Walcker-Hoch, who was one of Hoch's many wives, and was a sister of Mrs. Fischer-Hoch. The witness told how Hoch had wooed her immediately after the death of her sister, told of success in obtaining possession of her money after she had married him at Joliet, Ill., and told how Hoch had then fled from Chicago.

Hoch sat close to his lawyer. He appeared to take no interest in the proceedings, occasionally he leaned over in order to catch a reply to a question put to the witness by the prosecuting attorney.

NO REQUEST YET MADE TO GOVERNOR STOKES.

Washington, May 9.—Acting Secretary of State Loomis is in receipt of a telegram from Governor Stokes at Trenton, stating that so far no application for a reprieve in the case of Mrs. Maria Valentina, under sentence of death for the murder of her husband, has been made to him; that it appears that the courts are still open to her, but that if that should not be so, he will give weighty consideration to the application of the state department based on a request of the Italian ambassador that the execution of sentence be postponed. The governor stated further, that his power to grant a reprieve was only for a limited time.

Savannah, Ga., and Return $42.30.

May 12 to 14, "The Northwestern Line" will sell excursion tickets to Savannah, Ga., and return at $42.30. Final limit for return, May 26, 1905. City ticket office, 302 West Superior street.

PALMIST CHARGED

With Stealing a Diamond Ring and $500.

Baltimore, Md., May 9.—A remarkable case developed when William E. Ferrell secured a warrant for the arrest of John Herbert Leonard, a palmist, on the charge of the larceny of a diamond ring and about $500 in money from his wife, Mrs. Helen B. Ferrell.

With the securing of the warrant came the announcement that Mrs. Ferrell has become insane and is now in the Pratt Shephard Insane asylum. Mr. Ferrell stated that his wife had been a believer in palmistry and was a visitor to Leonard's office. He added that his wife's mind had begun to grow impaired several days ago and she stated that Leonard some time before had got the ring and money from her.

Leonard has been located in the West and will be arrested. At Leonard's home the housekeeper said quite a number of women visited him, rich and poor, and he said he read their palms.

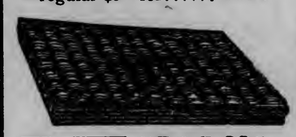
We Are Out of the High Rent District

and our prices are low. We can prove to East end people the advantage of trading with us. West end people found it out long ago.

Fancy Golden Oak Rocker, like cut, with leather seat over steel springs....$9.00

Special on Felt Mattresses.

Big full double-width, full weight, fancy ticking — our "Special Cotton Felt" —regular $9—for....$6.97



Our "FELIX" Cotton Felt Mattress with 30-day trial guarantee—full width and full weight; regular $11.50—for.....$8.99

21st Ave. W. on Superior St., Duluth.

R. R. Forward & Co. HARDWARE AND FURNITURE

21st Ave. W. on Superior St., Duluth.

WIFE BEATER IS JAILED

Edward Fisher, the Dance Prompter, Arraigned In Court.

Edward Fisher, who is well known in the city as a prompter at dances, was this morning given a straight sixty day jail sentence by Judge Windom for abusing his wife.

Fisher was arraigned on the charge of assault. He pleaded not guilty, but the evidence of his wife and a niece who lived in the house, was sufficient to convict him, and Judge Wirdom refused to allow him the alternative of paying a fine.

According to the testimony of the niece, who is a 17-year-old girl, Fisher beat his wife until she was unconscious on one occasion.

"I wasn't strong enough to interfere," the girl said, "but I decided to keep a close watch, and make myself of some value as a witness when the time came."

Fisher made no defense to the evidence against him, and he was given the usual short shift allowed wife-beaters in the municipal court, receiving a sentence of sixty days in jail at hard labor.

CARNEGIE FOUNDATION.

Corporation to Manage Fund Is Duly Filed.

New York, May 9.—A certificate of incorporation of the Carnegie Foundation, a membership corporation, to manage the fund of $10,000,000 given by Andrew Carnegie for pensions for teachers in universities, colleges and technical schools in the United States, Canada and Newfoundland, was filed in the county clerk's office today. It is signed by President Nicholas Murray Butler of Columbia university, Alex. C. Humphreys, Henry S. Pritchett, president of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Robert Franks and Frank Vanderlip.

The trustees named by Mr. Carnegie and announced by Mr. Vanderlip on April 27 are named as directors until the first annual meeting of members of the corporation. The certificates were approved by Judge Gildersleeve of the New York state supreme court.

PINING AWAY

From Grief Over Failure of His Bank.

Sidney, Ohio, May 9.—The trial of John H. Wagner, president of the German-American bank, on a charge of embezzlement, which was set for Wednesday, will probably not be held at that time on account of the sickness of Mr. Wagner. A motion by Mr. Wagner's attorneys was filed asking that the trial be continued until the next term of court. A physician's certificate was also filed, signed by Dr. M. F. Hussey.

Mr. Wagner has been very much worried since the bank failed, and has been confined to his home much of the time. Many think he will never recover sufficiently to be brought to trial, but will die of grief.

Judge H. T. Mathers of this city has arranged with Judge W. H. Cunningham of Lima to sit on the bench here when the German-American bank cases come up for trial.

Judge Mathers prefers not to sit in the trials of the bank officials. He was formerly interested in the bank as a stockholder, and has a brother-in-law who for years was employed as teller in the bank.

BRANDEGE SUCCEEDS PLATT.

Hartford, Conn., May 9.—Frank B. Brandege of New London, member of congress from the third Connecticut district was today chosen United States senator to succeed the late O. H. Platt, by a majority vote in each house of the general assembly.

FLIM-FLAMMER

Flim-Flammed, and By a Woman, Too.

Gloucester City, N. J., May 9.—It was a case of the flim-flammer flim-flammed, and by a woman, too. Two slippery individuals visited this city expecting to find a number of easy victims. After sizing up several stores on King street one entered the grocery store of Mrs. Mary Stagers at the corner of Powell, while the other waited outside. Purchasing a small article, the stranger handed Mrs. Stagers a two-dollar bill in payment. After the alert storekeeper had counted out the change the stranger said:

"I don't like to carry about small change, so give me back that two-dollar bill," at the same time shoving the woman a quarter out of the change which lay on the counter.

With a quick move Mrs. Stagers grabbed up the change and put it in the cash drawer with the bill, which she retained, then, making a dash under the counter as if to reach for a revolver or a club, the woman shouted:

"Now, you see how fast you can get out of this store! Git!"

JEWS ARE MASSACRED

Fierce Rioting Occurs at Zhitomir Lasting Forty-Eight Hours.

St. Petersburg, May 9.—The report in circulation here last night that there had been a massacre of Jews at Zhitomir, government of Volhynia, Southwestern Russia, is confirmed in a dispatch to the Novosti, which says the rioting began May 7 and continued for forty-eight hours. Orthodox Christians fell upon the Jews in the streets. The Jews were armed and fought their assailants, many being killed or wounded on both sides.

Private dispatches from Zhitomir attribute the attack upon the Jews to articles in M. Kroushevan's paper. Twelve persons were killed and fifty were wounded. On Sunday the Jews telegraphed to friends in St. Petersburg to ask the authorities to take strong measures for their protection and orders to that effect were sent. A renewal of the fighting was expected today.

Commenting upon this news, the Novosti remarks upon the coincidence that M. Kroushevan (the former editor of the Bessarabyete of Kishineff, held to be responsible for the massacre of 1903 at that place) had hardly returned to Kishineff and started the publication of a new paper, the Friend, before Jewish massacres commenced in the neighborhood.

THROW MILK GLASSES.

Canadian Lawyers Engage In a Lively Fight.

Montreal, May 9.—Rene de Saalberry, a lawyer and politician, well known in Montreal and Ottawa, is in a critical condition at his home in Hull as the result of a wound made by a milk glass hurled at him by C. B. Major, another advocate, an ex-member of the Quebec legislature. The artery above the left eye was severed and physicians fear brain paralysis will ensue. Major and De Saalberry, while at dinner in the Imperial hotel, Hull, engaged in a quarrel. After a fistic encounter, which was stopped by friends, the altercation was again taken up. Major threw a large glass, hitting his adversary on the forehead, causing a deep cut several inches in length.

WHAT WAS WRONG.

Saturday afternoon, near Eleventh and Main streets, a big automobile stopped suddenly and refused to move farther, says the Kansas City Times. The driver, after turning wheels and jerking levers, stepped to the ground and looked under the machine. By that time a crowd of perhaps twenty-five people was looking on and in it was one of those important little men who delight in asking questions. "What's wrong?" he asked. The auto driver did not reply. "Busted a screw, has she?" queried the little man. Still there was no answer. The little man stepped closer. "Gasoline out?" he asked. No reply. Then he touched the driver on the arm. "What's wrong?" he asked. "If I tell you will you stop asking questions?" asked the automobile man. The little man grinned. "Yes," he said. "All right," came from the other, "the machine has sprained its ankle."

CONSCIENCE'S LONG NAP.

Mrs. Margaret Lundberg was greatly surprised, says the Lindsborg Record a few days ago when she received this letter:

"Inclosed please find $3, which I will send you in payment of 75 cents which I have been owing your first husband, Mr. Noyd, deceased, for fixing a pair of shoes."

The letter was mailed on a train in Illinois, otherwise there is no clue to where it came from. Mr. Noyd has been dead some forty years, and it is thought that it is fully forty-five years ago since this pair of shoes was fixed. The letter contained a $2 bill and one $1 bill. Mrs. Lundberg has no idea from whom this money came.

DOUGLAS SHOES Shown in the snappy styles that have made our shoes famous. All good leathers at one price.... $3.50

World's Greatest Shoe Maker.

Douglas $3.50 Shoe Store, 316 W. Sup. St. Torrey Bldg.

Baby Mine

Every mother feels a great dread of the pain and danger attendant upon the most critical period of her life. Becoming a mother should be a source of joy to all, but the suffering and danger incident to the ordeal makes its anticipation one of misery. **Mother's Friend** is the only remedy which relieves women of the great pain and danger of maternity; this hour, which is dreaded as woman's severest trial, is not only made painless, but all the danger is avoided by its use. Those who use this remedy are no longer despondent or gloomy; nervousness, nausea and other distressing conditions are overcome, the system is made ready for the coming event, and the serious accidents so common to the critical hour are obviated by the use of **Mother's Friend**. "It is worth its weight in gold," say many who have used it. $1.00 per bottle at drug stores. Book containing valuable information of interest to all women, will be sent to any address free upon application to

Mother's Friend

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Covered Van!

If you are going to move, get a covered van from us. You will find they are as cheap as a dray and at the same time protect your goods.

FURNITURE STORED!

Do not store your goods in barns, cellars or attics, but let us store them for you in our new warehouse at 510-512-514 East Superior street, where they will be properly taken care of at a reasonable charge. It will save you buying new furniture when you go to housekeeping again. Special rooms for pianos. Private rooms if desired.

PACKING!

All kinds of goods packed for shipment or otherwise. Packing material for sale. We will make all arrangements for your shipping, such as rates, etc., without extra cost or trouble to yourselves.

Duluth Van & Storage Co.

Both 'Phones 492. Office 210 West Superior St.

"DIRT IN THE HOUSE BUILDS THE HIGHWAY TO BEGGARY." BE WISE IN TIME AND USE

SAPOLIO

Don't

ruin your house decorations by using inferior illumination; use electric light, clean, clear.

GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.,

216 W. Superior St.

Workingmen and Others

We are prepared to move you cheaper and better than any one else. Covered vans or open drays, same price. Come and be satisfied.

DULUTH VAN & STORAGE CO.

Phones 492. 210 West Superior St.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents Contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

MEN AND WOMEN.

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.

Sold by Druggists,

or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, April 25, 1905.

In the Matter of the Estate of Horace S. Smith, Deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Freclove M. Smith, Executrix of the estate of Horace S. Smith, deceased, representing among other things that she has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of her administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It Is Ordered, That said account be examined, and petition heard by this court, on Monday, the 22nd day of May, A. D. 1905, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Probate Office in the Court House, in the City of Duluth, in said County.

And it is Further Ordered, That notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this Order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said County.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., this 25th day of April, A. D. 1905.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal. Probate Court, St. Louis County, Minn.)

RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorneys for Executrix.

Duluth Evening Herald—April 25, May 2-9.

FOOTE KILLED MATT GANNON

Bemidji, Minn., May 9.—Fred Foote, 46 years old, who was arrested at Spooner last week, charged with the murder of Mayor Matt Gannon at Beaudette, on the evening of April 9, has confessed that he committed the crime. Foote was not one of the Spooner mob who warned Gannon to leave the town, and to whom the murder has been generally imputed. He lived in Spooner, however, and there had been bad blood between him and Gannon for years.

Foote claims that four years ago, in Larimore, Gannon shot at him. They quarreled twice last summer, Gannon each time drawing a gun. On the day of the murder Gannon had threatened Foote three times, the last time pulling a revolver and threatening to send Foote "across the river in a box." When the Spooner mob started for home in the evening, Foote went with them to the bridge, but turned back to get a glass of beer. Passing by Cathcart's saloon he saw Gannon, and going to the rear, fired three shots through a window, from the effects of which Gannon died in a few hours.

Foote claims that he killed Gannon for fear that Gannon would shoot him, and declares that Gannon's enmity was the result of his refusal to help Gannon in his quarrel over the Spooner townsite.

ALLEN'S ULCERINE SALVE

Is a sure cure for Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, Fever Sores, Gangrene, Blood Poisoning, White Swelling, Poisoned Wounds, all sores of long standing. Positively never fails. Cures also Cuts, Burns, Boils, Felons, Carbuncles, Abscesses. For sale by druggists. Mail 25c and 50c. J. P. ALLEN MEDICINE CO., ST. PAUL, MINN.

REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY

Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excesses and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advice free. Address

ROYAL MEDICINE CO., Trayner Building, CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale in Duluth, Minn., by S. F. Boyce, Max Wirth, druggists.

FOR DRUNKARDS

WHITE DOVE CURE never fails to destroy craving for strong drink, the appetite for which cannot exist after using this remedy. Given in any liquid with or without knowledge of patient; tasteless; at all times. Price $1.00. Sold by S. F. BOYCE, Druggist, 335 Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

ANSWER TO CHARGE

That Stockholders Get Undue Proportions of Railway Earnings.

Valuable Compilation of Statistics Made By Slason Thompson.

Slason Thompson of Chicago, of the General Managers' Association, and one of the best known transportation experts in the United States, has just completed a valuable compilation of statistics, which, he claims, answers the charge, which has been frequently made during recent adverse criticism of American railways, that an undue proportion of railway earnings find their way back into the pockets of investors and holders of stock. Mr. Thompson's figures are the result of many weeks of work, and show how the gross income of American railways for 1903, amounting to $1,900,846,997, was actually spent.

For the year 1904 complete figures are not yet obtainable, and therefore Mr. Thompson has taken the previous year, which is the latest for which all the facts are known.

Out of the earnings of nearly two billions of dollars a total of $775,321,415 was returned to employes in wages and salaries alone. Fuel for locomotives, one of the largest items of cost of railway operation, amounted to $46,509,031. Railway trackmen alone, the largest single class of railway labor, absorbed $103,425,685 in wages, or 13.34 per cent of the total amount spent in labor. Common laborers and shop men come next in order, each of which class received a fraction more than $84,000,000. Taxes paid by the railroads during the year amounted to $57,849,568, and building and repairing of locomotives, freight car renewals and repairs, passenger car renewals and repairs, bridges, rails, ties and ballast and buildings represent a total expenditure of $192,000,000. Loss and damage and payments for personal injuries amount to nearly $28,000,000 additional.

These are only a few items in a very long list of expenses. Some of the other single items worthy of attention show that train and station supplies cost American railways $27,856,669, that stationery and printing cost $11,232,465, and that advertising alone represents a total expenditure of $5,376,593.

Out of a total of nearly two billions of dollars, dividends represent $166,716,586. The figures show that labor, fuel and taxes absorb more than one-half of the total gross earnings, and that capital absorbed less than one-quarter. In this connection Mr. Thompson has secured the following statistics from official European sources, showing that while in the United States the demands of labor took 40.8 per cent of the total gross earnings of the railways, in Germany for the same year labor received only 35.4 per cent. Official figures from English railways show that during the same period labor on English lines received but 27.3 per cent of the total gross earnings. Capital's share in the United States was 23.4 per cent, in England 38.2 per cent and in Germany 35.2 per cent. In compiling these percentages Mr. Thompson has charged as capital's share the total dividend payments and interest on bonds. Similar compilations of figures based on incomplete returns for 1904 show that last year railway employes absorbed a fraction more than 42 per cent of the entire gross earnings of the American railways. Commenting on these figures, Mr. Thompson says:

"My investigation of foreign railways has led to the discovery of some very interesting facts. I find that in the United States, the day laborer on the railway receives an average of $1.31 per day, in the United Kingdom 71 cents, on the state railways of Germany 57 cents, on the state railways of France 52 cents, on the state railways of Belgium 48 cents, on the Italian state railways 42 cents, on the Russian state railways 29 cents, and on the state railways of India 8 cents. In compiling these figures I have used what the average trackman receives, because he is the lowest paid in all the long list of railway employes.

"Briefly stated, engine men in the United States receive $4.01 a day, as against $1.62 in Great Britain, and $1.01 in Belgium. Conductors receive in the United States $3.38, in England $1.22 and in Belgium $1.08. Machinists receive $2.50 as against $1.50 in England, and 85 cents a day in Belgium. Firemen receive $2.28 as against 98 cents in Great Britain, and 72 cents in Belgium. Switch and crossing tenders and watchmen receive in the United States $1.76, in Great Britain 91 cents and in Belgium 48 cents. These figures are official and have been verified in every particular. Belgium is chosen for comparison, because the pay of railway labor there is less complicated with premiums and allowances than elsewhere on the continent of Europe.

"Our interstate commerce commission figures show a very interesting fact with regard to railway capitalization. Stock and funded debt give total railway capital of $12,599,999,258, of this amount the railways own $2,318,201,265, giving the net railway capital for 1903, the last year for which complete returns are available, of $10,281,598,395. The commission's own figures show that for the same year, a total cost of the then existing 192,823 miles of railway was $10,273,837,190, added to which is equipment costing $699,767,723. The total cost of American railways was therefore, $10,973,604,903, which is considerably in excess of the net railway capital, and which does not include $874,099,000 spent during the last four years for locomotives, passenger and freight cars.

"It is only recently that American railways have been profitable from the investment stand point, except in isolated instances. For twelve years, 1880 to 1891 inclusive, 53.9 per cent of American railway stock paid no dividends whatever, and not until 1901, did the majority of railway stocks pay dividends. Even last year, 43.34 per cent paid nothing whatever. In 1905, there were 37,355 miles of operated railways in the hands of receivers, and before they got out, the water was very effectually squeezed out of their stocks. The latest reports show that 1,185 miles are under receivers' orders."

Mr. Thompson makes interesting comments on the present agitation for strict federal regulation of railways, and with reference to the movement to give the interstate commerce commission arbitrary power to make rates, says:

"As for rebates, private car lines, industrial tracks and terminal privileges, or any other device or devices whereby unjust discriminations are given, the present law, if enforced, would seem to be entirely sufficient, to put a stop to them.

"I think the general public labors under a misapprehension, in thinking that American Railway presidents are not anxious to put a stop to these evils. The association with which I am conected includes twenty-four railroad presidents. The presidents of these lines and other railway officials of prominence that I have come in touch with are united in the opinion that if the present laws are not sufficient, and the fact is proven beyond doubt, congress should immediately strengthen the hands of the Interstate commerce commission for the detection and prosecution of the offenders.

"It is useless to say that there have never been railways and railway men in the United States, who, at times, have been careless of the public right. I do not think any reasonable railway official will attempt to cover up this fact or condone it. President Roosevelt's declaration for a square deal met with the approval of leading railway men throughout the entire United States. If evils still exist, they should be wiped out at once.

"Yet because there have been black sheep in railway circles, it is not a square deal to hamstring the most complex and vital of all the American industries, by placing the power to dictate the price at which it shall sell its goods, viz: transportation in the hands of a commission of five men. It does not seem to me that there is any more justification in giving the interstate commerce commission this power than there would be in creating a commission to fix the price at which boots and shoes and cotton flannels should be sold in the United States.

"What legs are to the man, rates are to the railways.

"I have carefully investigated existing conditions, and have determined that there are now some 30,000 men in the United States, who have the power to suggest changes in freight rates to their superior traffic officials, and who stand as intermediaries between the public and the railways. I am thoroughly convinced that no five men were they to be individually the wisest, and most able in the world, can successfully handle the tremendous details now in the hand of the 30,000.

"To vest the interstate commerce commission with the power to fix rates, it seems to mo would result in one of two things, either a condition so thoroughly unsatisfactory, that the public would rise up and force the government to purchase all the railways and operate them, a thing manifestly impracticable, or on the other hand, a condition under which congress would be forced to grant the interstate commerce commission power to fix distance tariffs for the entire United States, as the only basis on which it could justify its rate making actions.

"What the distance tariff would mean, any shipper can readily figure out, by mentally considering how the facts would be if the rate from his point were absolutely inflexible—for instance, 1c for one mile, 10c for ten miles and $100 for 100 miles. Rates proportional to the distance would mean the death of the present policy of American railways, which is to make the transportation charge carry the goods to a market without special reference to distance. Present rates are the result of this policy, and have been built up in an attempt to give as many shippers as possible as wide individual fields to activity as can justly be afforded them.

"None of the railway abuses of which people complain are going to be cured by substituting mile posts for brains, and theory for business principles in the adjustment of rates.

"It does not seem to me that there are any evils at present which cannot be cured by one of two things. By the strict and energetic enforcement of the present law. By the spirit of willingness on the part of the railways and the shippers to 'get together' and adjust their differences."

If you are an advertisement reader you know things about prices—you don't guess very often—but if you do you guess right.

WOMEN WHO FORCE THEMSELVES TO WORK.

Women Who Suffer from All Manner of Uterine and Ovarian Troubles, Weak, Nervous, Bloodless, Melancholy Women Find a Positive Cure in

DR. A. W. CHASE'S NERVE PILLS

Every day sees an army of worn out women dragging themselves to work or forcing themselves to attend to their household duties—women whose trouble lies in an overstrain or over-exertion at some time in the past—women who stay in this condition and think themselves beyond repair, because they know nothing of the wonderful power of Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills to give them back their health, strength and vitality, by their ability to resupply the lost nerve energy, to build up the system, to manufacture good, rich blood, and give increased weight by making the digestion strong and vigorous.

Mrs. Ella Smith, of No. 48 Miller St., Newark, N. Y., writes:

"Last summer I was so weak I staggered when I walked. I was very nervous, easily excited, could not rest nights, blood thin, appetite poor, and hands trembly—I was in a low state of health. About this time I got a box of Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills, and though everything else had failed, these pills put me on my feet in good health, and that quickly, too. It was not long before I was eating and sleeping well—the nervousness and trembling gone—the blood rich and my strength back. They are a grand medicine and I feel vigorous and strong in every way." 50c a box at dealers, or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M.D., on every package.

For sale in Duluth by all druggists.

Sterilized

Every bottle of Schlitz beer is sterilized after it is sealed.

The process takes ninety minutes; the cost is enormous. But the result is a germless beer—a beer that doesn't ferment on the stomach—a beer that preserves its quality—a beer absolutely pure.

Ask for the Brewery Bottling. See that the cork or crown is branded

Schlitz

Phone Zenith 358
Jos. Schlitz Brewing Co.
35 East Railroad St., Duluth

The Beer That Made Milwaukee Famous.

G

FILIPINO STAMPS

Collection of Great Interest to the United States.

Six of the Denominations to Bear Americans' Portraits.

Washington, May 9.—The gift of a new kind of money from Uncle Sam and the arival, opportunely, of several millions of glistening new coins, furnished the Filipinos substantial grounds for a grand celebration last Fourth of July. On the coming Fourth of July the Filipinos will have added occasion for rejoicing. They will then be supplied with a new and distinctive series of postage-stamps of all denominations. This will mark an epoch in the history of the islands. It will be the first real Filipino postage stamps ever issued.

For sentimental reasons this new issue of Philippine stamps will possess great interest to the people of the United States, although they will not be available for postage here, any more than are Cuban stamps. Upon six of the denominations will appear portraits of distinguished citizens of the United States; the four centavo corresponding to our 2-cent value, bearing the likeness of William McKinley.

This will be the first time the face of President McKinley has had a place on a postage stamp. At the time of his death the postoffice department had under consideration a new series of stamps, and immediately a strong sentiment developed in favor of honoring McKinley with a place on one of the denominations. This coud not be done, however, without dispacing either Washington, Franklin, Lincoln or Grant, if McKinley was to be given a place on a stamp of general use. As Franklin's portrait had appeared on our stamp of lowest value from the time of our first issue, and Washington had always occupied the stamp carrying domestic letter mail, it was decided not to disturb them. Then it was seriously proposed to issue a mourning stamp, bearing the likeness of McKinley, but this was also abandoned. Now McKinley's face will adorn the stamps used by the people transferred by him from the rule of Spain to that of the United States.

The new series of stamps for the Philippines will consist of the same number and denominations—expressed in centavos—as the current issue of United States stamps. The designs will be as follows:

Two centavos (1 cent) bust of Rizal, the idol of the Filipinos, who was executed by the Spaniards because of his activity in fighting for his country's freedom. This stamp will carry most of the Philippine domestic mail.

Four centavos, bust of McKinley.

Six centavos, bust of Magellan, discoverer of the Philippines.

Ten centavos, bust of Gen. Lawton, killed in the Philippines.

Twelve centavos, bust of Abraham Lincoln.

Sixteen centavos, bust of Admiral Sampson.

Twenty centavos, bust of George Washington.

Twenty-six centavos, bust of Carriedo, the Spanish philanthropist, whose benefactions provided Manila with its first water supply.

Thirty centavos, bust of Benjamin Franklin.

One, two, four and ten pesos bear the coat of arms of the Filipinos, having no portraits.

Special delivery stamp, figure of a Filipino messenger boy at one end of the stamp; the famous Mount Mayon, at the other end.

Why should Admiral Sampson have been honored by a place on the stamps rather than Admiral Dewey? The explanation is simple. The government does not permit the portraits of persons still living to go on postage stamps. The scheme of the insular bureau contemplated representation on the series of stamps of American officers who participated in the land and sea operations which resulted in the acquisition of the Philippines, and Admiral Sampson was the only commanding officer of high grade not now living.

The placing of Franklin and Washington on the stamps of the Philippines extends to the colonies a tradition of the home government. The first two postage stamps ever issued by the United States were the five cents, face of Franklin, and ten cents, face of Washington, in 1847. Since that date these two have appeared on every series of postage stamps issued, and are now continued in the stamps of the colonies.

Postage stamps have been in use in the Philippines since 1854. They were, however, Spanish stamps in fact, until the United States took charge in 1898. Since that time the United States stamps with the word "Philippines" printed diagonally across the face of the stamp, have been used. Until 1890 the stamps bore the portraits of Queen Isabella and King Alphonso XII., followed by the face of the four-year-old King Alphonso XIII., the present monarch. These were known as the baby head stamps, and this design continued on all Spanish and colonial stamps until 1898, when the likeness of the young king, then twelve years of age, was substituted. These stamps had just gone into circulation in the Philippines when the United States took possession of the archipelago, and our stamps surcharged "Philippines" went into use.

When the design for the Philippine coins was under consideration a year ago, the sketch submitted by a native Filipino was accepted, and in the selection and preparation of the designs for the new Philippine stamps influential Filipinos were consulted, and their suggestions approved.

While the stamps will be distinctively Filipino, Uncle Sam will still indicate his interest in the postal system of his ward by the use of an inscription in small letters at the top of each stamps substantially as follows: "Gov't of the Philippines, U. S. A.," and although the Spanish currency will be the basis—centavos and pesos—the English language will be applied; as, for example, "two centavos," rather than the pure Spanish.

The Filipinos may justly lay claim to having used the postage stamp of smallest intrinsic value ever issued by any country. The stamp of the denomination of one milesima is worth in our currency only one-twentieth of one cent; in fact, there are five intermediate denominations before the value of two centavos, the equivalent of our one cent is reached. But this stamp, infinitesimal in value as it is, does not hold the record. In 1878, for a special purpose, a stamp of the value of .0625 milesima was issued, worth less than one-thirtieth of one cent. In an unused condition it is now a very rare stamp and collectors will pay $5 each for new copies, or it is worth $3 after having been used.

At the time of issue, when these stamps could have been purchased at face value, $1,000 would have bought 3,000,000 stamps, at present worth $15,000,000, aside from scarcity value which they would not then have. In 1901 a Brooklyn man bought ten two-cent Pan-American stamps, for twenty cents and subsequently sold them for $250 each. These were the famous "inverts," with the Empire State express upside down.

The stamps of the United States surcharged "Philippines" have all been of the water-marked variety. In 1898 a few sheets of the fifty-cent value were by mistake surcharged "Philippines" on the unwater-marked paper still remaining in the vault of the bureau of engraving and printing. These stamps sell to collectors for $2.50 each. The early stamps of the Philippines are exceedingly rare and are worth to collectors from $15 to $65 each.

DOYLE'S BOOKS UNDER THE BAN.

St. Paul, May 9.—A. Conan Doyle's new book, "The Return of Sherlock Holmes," is under the ban of the Minnesota state library commission. The commission refused to put Mr. Doyle's latest production on the list of books to be placed in the libraries of the public schools of the state.

The commission, which is composed of the presidents of the normal schools and the state superintendent of public instruction, took the position that no books which savor of detectives stories should be indorsed for reading by pupils of the public schools.

Baby sleeps and grows while mammy rests if Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea is given. It is the greatest baby medicine ever offered loving mothers. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Ask your druggist.

To lose is often merely not to find—as a business chance or bargain missed, and thus lost, through failure to read the ads.

POISONED WOMAN REFUSES TO TALK.

Chicago, May 9.—Probably dying from poison, an unidentified woman is lying in the county hospital and refuses to tell her name or any of the circumstances that led up to her present condition. She is about 30 years old, of slight and graceful form and evidently a woman of education and refinement. Yesterday afternoon she entered a drug store at the corner of Halsted and Randolph streets, and informed the clerk that she had been poisoned. She refused to tell him her name, where she lived, or what was the matter with her, except that she had been poisoned. She was in great agony and the clerk at once sent a call for the police ambulance.

Neither the officers connected with the ambulance nor the physicians at the hospital were able to obtain from her a single word that would lead to her identification. When the physicians asked the nature of the poison that had been given her, she would not tell. Once when asked why she declined to give any information, she commenced to say something, but stopped abruptly, saying, "I won't tell."

HANDS CRACKED AND PEELED

Suffered for One Year—Water Caused Agony, Heat Intense Pain—Grew Worse Under Doctors—Could Not Do Any Housework.

ANOTHER WONDERFUL CURE BY CUTICURA

"About a year ago my hands began to crack and peel. I tried many remedies, but they grew worse all the time. At last they became so sore that it was impossible for me to do my housework. If I put my hands in water, I was in agony for hours; and if I tried to cook over the stove, the heat caused intense pain. I consulted a doctor, but his prescriptions were utterly useless. I gave him up and tried another, but without the least satisfaction. About six weeks ago I got my first relief when I purchased Cuticura Soap and Ointment. After using them for a week, I found to my great delight that my hands were beginning to feel much better, the deep cracks began to heal up and stop running, and to-day my hands are entirely well, the one cake of Cuticura Soap and one box of Cuticura Ointment being all that I used. (signed) Mrs. Minnie Drew, 18 Dana St., Roxbury Mass."

ONE NIGHT TREATMENT

For Sore Hands and Feet with Cuticura

Soak the hands or feet on retiring in a strong, hot, creamy lather of Cuticura Soap. Dry and anoint freely with Cuticura Ointment, the great skin cure. Wear on the hands during the night old, loose gloves, or bandage the feet lightly in old, soft cotton or linen.

Cuticura Soap, Ointment, and Pills are sold throughout the world. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston.

Send for "How to Cure Itching, Scaly Humors."

IF YOU will eat more

Uneeda Biscuit

you can do more work, enabling you to earn more money, so that you can buy more

Uneeda Biscuit

do *more* work and earn still *more* money.

5¢

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

Don't forget
Graham Crackers
Butter Thin Biscuit
Social Tea Biscuit
Lemon Snaps

RAILROAD RATES

Discussed By the President at Banquet at Denver, Col.

Urges National Legislation Instead of State In Matter.

Denver, Col., May 9.—The entertainment of President Roosevelt by the citizens of Denver last night was a fitting conclusion of a day of royal welcome as he journeyed the state of Colorado from Glenwood Springs. All the towns along the Denver & Rio Grande railway, over which the presidential train travelled, centered their population at the stations to greet the president and every evidence of hearty good will was seen and heard. The crowning event came last night in the form of a banquet tendered President Roosevelt by the Denver Chamber of Commerce at the Brown Palace hotel. This was perhaps the most sumptuous affair ever held in the state and the president was visibly pleased by the picture that unfolded itself to his eyes as he entered the banquet hall. Everything known to the decorators art was called into use to embellish the commodious hall. Three colored streamers and shields interspersed with pictures of the president framed in flags, almost hid the walls, and on the tables American beauty roses added color to the scene. Hot house plants were liberally distributed throughout the hall, lending an effective green. The menu was perfect. The banquet began at 8 o'clock and continued until 11, when the president was escorted to his private car "Rocket," where he almost immediately retired to await his departure for Chicago at 7 o'clock in the morning.

Promptly at 9:30 o'clock the last course of the elaborate meun was finished and President James S. Temple of the Chamber of Commerce, called the guests to order and introduced Chief Justice William H. Gabbert, who acted as toast master. In a brief speech Judge Gabbert introduced the president, who arose amid cheers and applause. He responded to the toast, "The Nation."

After discussing various questions of interest particularly to Colorado, the president took up the subject of railroad rate legislation as follows:

"I want to say a word as to governmental policy in which I feel that this whole country ought to take a great interest and which is itself but part of a general policy of extending the powers of the interstate commerce commission and of giving them particularly the power to fix rates and to have the rates that they fix go into effect practically at once. The general policy of this country, should be of giving not to the state but to the national government an increased supervisory and regulatory power over corporations.

"The necessity as regards that is peculiarly evident. I was going to say when the first pioneers came to Colorado, but that would hardly be so, but in the days of the fathers of the older among you the highways of commerce for civilized nations were what they had always been—that is, waterways and roads. Therefore they were open to all who chose to travel upon them. Within the two last generations we have seen a system grow up under which the old methods were completely revolutionized and now the typical highway of commerce is, of course, the railroad. Compared to the railroad, the ordinary road for vehicles and the waterways, whether natural or artificial, have lost all their importance. Here in Colorado, for instance, it is the railroads which are the only highways that you need take into account in dealing with the question of commerce in the state or outside of the state. Therefore, under this changed system we see highways of commerce grow up, each of which is controlled by a single corporation or individual, sometimes several of them being controlled in combination by corporations, or by a few individuals. When such is the case in my judgment it is absolutely necessary that the nation, for the state cannot possibly do it, should assume a supervisory and regulatory function over the great corporations which practically control the highways of commerce.

"Now fix clearly in your mind two facts: When you get that supervisory and regulatory power you will not have cured all the evils that existed and you will not equal the expectations of the amiable but ill-regulated enthusiast who thinks that you will have cured all those evils. A measure of good will come. Some good will be done, some injustice will have been prevented, but we shall be a long ways from the millenium. Get that fact clear in your mind or you will be laying up for yourselves a store of incalculable disappointment in the future. That is the first thing.

"Now the second and the more important: When you give a nation that power, remember that harm and not good will come from the giving unless you give it with the firm determination not only to get justice for yourselves, but to do justice to others; that you will be as jealous to do justice to the railroads as to exact justice from them. We cannot afford in any shape or way to encourage a feeling which would do injustice to a man of property any more than we would submit to injustice from a man of property. Whether the man owns the biggest railroad or the greatest outside corporation in the land or whether he makes each day's bread by the sweat of that day's toil, he is entitled to justice and fair dealing, no more and no less. A spirit of envy on the part of those less well off against the better is as bad and no worse than a spirit of arrogant disregard for the rights of the man of small means on the part of the man of large means. The arrogance and the envy are not two different qualities. They are the same quality shown by men under different circumstances.

"We must make up our minds that nothing but harm will come from any scheme to exercise such supervision as that which is advocated over corporations and especially over the common carriers unless we have it clearly fixed in our minds that the scheme is to be one of substantial justice alike to the common carrier and to the public. If I have the appointment or retention of any commission and power to administer a law of such increased powers I shall neither appoint nor retain the man who would fail to do justice to the railroad any more than I would appoint or retain the man who would fail to exact from the railroads. I want that understood as a preliminary, that is, if I have the appointment of any of those men or their retention, they will give a square deal all around. But with that statement as a preliminary, I wish to urge with all the eagerness I possess not only upon the public but upon those interested in the great railway corporations the absolute need of acquiescence in the enactment of such a law. As has been well set forth by the attorney general, Mr. Moody, in his recent masterly argument presented to the committee of the senate which is investigating the matter, the legislators have the right and, as I believe, the duty, of conferring those powers upon some executive body. It cannot confer them upon any court, nor can it take away the court's power to interfere if the law is administered in a way that amounts to confiscation of property. Of course it would be possible to come much short of such confiscation and yet do great damage, perhaps, irreparable damage to the great corporations engaged in interstate commerce."

President Roosevelt was followed by Governor Jesse MacDonald, who spoke of "The State," and Mayor Robert W. Speer, who responded to the toast, "The City."

Senator Thomas M. Patterson then spoke to the toast, "The President."

At the conclusion of the speechmaking patriotic airs were played by the orchestra, the 500 banqueters singing in chorus.

Then all surrounded the president and escorted him to his rooms in the hotel, where they shouted "Good night;" and cheered for several minutes.

Shortly afterwards the president and his party were driven to the station and entered their cars for the night.

BUSYBODIES VS. TRUTH.

Here Are The Facts. Judge For Yourself.

Busybodies who see in success only falsity, who, without making an effort to inform themselves, blatantly cry offense against honesty and truth—seem to forget that a slur against Dr. Pierce's well-known non-alcoholic family remedies is a slur against the intelligence of thousands of clear-thinking American women who know they have been helped and cured by Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It is not a "patent medicine" in the true meaning of the word—it is simply the favorite remedy which Dr. Pierce used in an extended practice for the treatment of the diseases of women.

Truth and Influence. A name for honesty and square dealing is better than great riches. Fraud is a bubble that soon bursts. Dr. R. V. Pierce has always been known to speak the truth—his famous medicines are founded on the rock of public approval and have thousands of truthful testimonials as to their ability to cure diseases for which they are recommended.

True Speaking. No man ever lost a prospective customer through telling the truth. In the long run Dr. Pierce believes the truth will prevail and he is therefore not afraid to make public his formula.

Valuable Trade Secrets. The ingredients of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is here given to the public. He vindicates the excellence and harmless character of his "Prescription" by letting the sick and ailing women know just what they are taking when they use this reliable tonic and nervine for the diseases and illnesses peculiarly feminine. These ingredients are combined in just the right proportion to make an efficient remedy without the use of a particle of alcohol.

Non-Alcoholic. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription combines a non-alcoholic extract from the following medicinal plants scientifically prepared by experienced chemists at the laboratory of the World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

℞
LADY'S SLIPPER (*Cypripedium Pubescens*).
BLACK COHOSH (*Cimicifuga Racemosa*).
UNICORN ROOT (*Chamælirium Luteum*).
BLUE COHOSH (*Caulophyllum Thalictroides*).
GOLDEN SEAL (*Hydrastis Canadensis*).

Nature's Way. King's American Dispensatory says of BLUE COHOSH (*Caulophyllum*): "This remedy is most valuable to relieve irritation of the organs in debilitated patients. It has an established reputation as a remedy for nervous excitement due to those disorders peculiar to women as well as for the relief of pain, with fullness, weight and pain in the legs, debility, crampy pains, etc."

"Golden Seal is very useful in catarrhal states of the mucous membranes."

"Black Cohosh or Black Snake-root—Our early American Indians set a high value on in the diseases of women. It is *surpassed by no other drug in congestive conditions of the parts where there are dragging pains and tenderness.*"

Lady's Slipper is "nerve stimulant and tonic, improving both circulation and nutrition of the nerve centers—favoring sleep and cheerful condition of the mind; of service in mental depression, nervous headache, irregularities of women with despondency."

All Women. Women should know that this "Prescription" promptly heals inflammation and ulceration, stops weakening drains and restores the health and vigor of youth. It fits for wifehood and prepares for motherhood. It banishes morning sickness and other discomforts of ante-maternity. It makes "fresh, vigorous women." Read what one woman out of many thousands has said about the "Favorite Prescription" of Dr. Pierce:

Truth Speaks. "I suffered for more than seven years with a complicated form of female trouble accompanied with nervous prostration. I wrote to Dr. Pierce, followed his instructions, took Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and now feel grateful to him for my restoration to health. I have, within the past fifteen years, suggested and recommended Dr. Pierce's treatment to hundreds of ladies with grand results," writes Mrs. H. Harrison of 112 West Second Street, Sioux City, Iowa.

FUTURE SALES NOT UNLAWFUL

Supreme Court Places Approval on Board of Trade Transactions.

Washington, May 9.—Justice Holmes, in the opinion rendered by the supreme court deciding the case of the Chicago board of trade against commission companies in favor of the former, characterized the board of trade as "a great market, where through its 1,800 members is transacted a large part of the grain and provision business of the world."

Speaking of the dealing in futures, he said:

"People will endeavor to forecast the future and to make agreements according to their prophesy. Speculation of this kind by competent men is the self-adjustment of society to the probable. Its value is well known as a means of avoiding or mitigating catastrophes, equalizing prices and providing for periods of want. * * *

"When the Chicago board of trade was organized we cannot doubt that it was expected to afford a market for future as well as present sales with the necessary incidents of such a market, and while the state of Illinois allows the charter to stand, we cannot believe that the pits, merely as places where future sales are made, are forbidden by the law."

He said that agreements made on the exchange are in the nature of contracts, and that the "fact that contracts are satisfied by setoffs and by the payment of difference detracts in no degree from the good faith of the parties, and if the parties know when they make such contracts that they satisfy them in that way, and intend to make use of it, that fact is perfectly consistent with a serious business purpose and an intent that the contract shall mean what it says. * * *

"It seems to us an unlikely and extraordinary proposition that the dealings which give its character to the great market for future sales in this country are to be regarded as mere 'wagers or as pretended buying or selling,' without any intention of receiving and paying for the property bought, or of delivering the property sold, within the meaning of the Illinois act. * * *

"The sales in the pits are not pretended but are meant and supposed to be binding. A setoff is in legal effect a delivery."

"Even admitting," the justice added, "that the board of trade does maintain a place where unlawful transactions are permitted, it does not follow that it should not be protected in this suit. The board has the right to keep the work which it has done, or paid for doing, to itself."

GAME WARDENS CAPTURE NETS

Illegal Fishing on St. Louis River Is Stopped.

Deputy Game Warden Green of Minnesota and Craig of Wisconsin, who have been keeping a lookout for violators of the game and fish laws on the St. Louis river, captured two nets from local parties in Spirit lake, near the Minnesota shore, Sunday morning. The officers were proceeding up the river when they discovered a rowboat with two men and a net. They made inquiries which developed that the owners of the net were about to set it, so the officers took the paraphernalia to the shore and burned it.

A little later in the day they found a gasoline launch with two men in it close to the Wisconsin side of the river. The men objected to a search, but the game wardens insisted and discovered a number of fish which they suspected had been netted. While they were still on watch they saw a rowboat approaching the launch. The deputies headed their boat toward the rowboat, when one of the occupants threw something overboard. The officers increased their speed and were just in time to capture a brand new net.

Steps are being taken, it is claimed, in both states, to prosecute the men who were captured with the evidence in their possession.

The pike are running in large numbers in St. Louis river this season and the local fishermen who observe the law are very much pleased over the success of the game wardens in putting a stop to the illegal net fishing that is being attempted.

REBELS CAPTURED MANY ARMS AT SANAA.

Hodilita, Yemen Province, Turkish Arabia, May 9.—The spoils captured by the rebels at Sanaa included thirty guns, 20,000 rifles and much ammunition. The garrison and the Turkish officials were permitted to leave the city.

Riza Pasha, commanding the Turkish troops in Yemen, has been superceded by Marshal Ahmed Fezi Pasha, who has been reinforced by eight battalions of Albanians.

Sanaa, the capital city of Yemen, capitulated during the night of April 20. The rebels then proceeded to besiege Menakha. The latter has a garrison of 5,000 men, but the troops are said to be mutinous.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. We believe in doctors. They believe in us. We give them the formula of our Cherry Pectoral. They order it for coughs, colds, bronchitis, croup, the grip. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Marvin Hart and John Willie went six rounds to a draw at Philadelphia Monday night in a rather tame bout before the Washington Sporting club.

Representatives of the Kansas and Iowa state normal schools, debated at Emporia, Monday night on the income tax proposition. The Iowa debaters, C. O. Ruggles, J. F. Cross and Edward Haas, won.

Henry G. Goll, the former assistant cashier of the First Natinal bank of Milwaukee, charged with embezzling over $100,000 from the bank, was admitted to bail Monday night in the sum of $10,000. Goll's father-in-law, together with some friends whose names were not given, are the sureties. Goll's case comes up for preliminary hearing on May 16.

HAPPY WOMEN.

Plenty of Them in Duluth, and Good Reason For It.

Wouldn't any woman be happy,
After years of backache suffering,
Days of misery, nights of unrest,
The distress of urinary troubles,
She finds relief and cure?
No reason why any Duluth reader
Should suffer in the face of evidence like this:

Mrs. C. M. Bradley, dressmaker, living at 109 First street east, Duluth, Minn., says: "Since giving a testimonial in 1898, telling of the gratifying results obtained from the use of Doan's Kidney Pills, my faith in them has continually increased, for besides my own experience I have known of numerous friends and acquaintances who have learned the reliability of Doan's Kidney Pills in severe cases of kidney trouble. I suffered a great deal from heavy, dull pains in the small of my back, and it was impossible for me to bend over or rest at night with any degree of comfort. I used only about half a box of Doan's Kidney Pills when I noticed a wonderful improvement. The kidney secretions were regulated and toned up, and the pains gradually disappeared until I was entirely free from my former trouble."

For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

JEROME IS UNDECIDED

As to What Disposition to Make of the Patterson Case.

New York, May 9.—Nan Patterson's future is still uncertain. Bail has been provided for her, but District Attorney Jerome has not yet decided what action he will take. Yesterday afternoon after a long conference with Mr. Jerome and his assistant, Mr. Rand, Miss Patterson's counsel was compelled to bear to the girl in the Tombs the disappointing news that she may have to remain in prison for at least a week longer. The prisoner bore the announcement with fortitude, although she had been led to believe that she might be granted her freedom either yesterday or today.

At least two bondsmen are to be ready to give bail in any reasonable amount and counsel for Miss Patterson says the surety will be provided without delay as soon as the district attorney expresses a willingness to accept it.

Mr. Jerome issued the following statement: "In reference to the case of the people against Nan Patterson, I am unwilling to make any statement other than this: My information in regard to the case presents a serious question for my decision and one which I must decide myself and not permit the newspapers to decide for me. I have not yet decided it."

Abraham Levy, Miss Patterson's counsel said after the conference: "I have talked with Mr. Jerome and Mr. Rand. Mr. Jerome promised that he would take the matter up at the earliest possible moment and give it his fullest attention. He will then let us know what his course will be. I am bound until he disposes of the matter to take no further action and will not make any move until that time. Mr. Jerome has now to decided whether to admit her to bail; discharge her on her own recognizance; dismiss the indictment against her, or again place her on trial. I have no doubt Mr. Jerome will speedily decide."

Obstinate constipation, indigestion and stomach disorders are permanently and positively cured by taking Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Ask your druggist.

WISCONSIN POLITICIAN ENDS LIFE IN CEMETERY.

Watertown, Wis., May 9.—Sitting on on a bench beside the graves of his child, and his father and mother in the family lot in the Moravian cemetery yesterday, Herman J. Strauss, a prominent Republican politician, shot himself through the head with a 38-calibre revolver. He left a letter to his wife, stating that life was too hard for him; that fates seemed against him. It is believed that his mind was deranged from worry over various matters. He was deputy United States revenue collector for Wisconsin.

GOOD FOR THE WHEAT CROP

Present Cool Weather Regarded as Best Thing Possible.

Crookston, Minn., May 9.—(Special to The Herald.) — The present cold weather, thought by many to be disastrous to the growing crop of grain, is according to old time crop experts the best thing possible for the fields of the valley and will insure a strong, healthy growth during the remainder of the summer which will produce wonderful results from a crop standpoint this fall. The present cool weather has the tendency to retard the growth of grain above the ground, and as a result but little showing has been made since the spring seeding which is discernible above ground. By examing carefully the progress made by the seed below ground, however, an altogether different state of affairs is found. The tiny roots have spread out about the plant in a wonderful manner, the moisture providing all of the nutriment needed for a speedy and rapid growth and the roots now forming as a result of the cool weather will in weeks to come play an important part in the growth of the 1905 crop of grain throughout the valley. The roots will be strong, healthy and firmly seated, capable of withstanding drouths and other natural disadvantages. The stools will be many and of sturdy proportions, and the final result in the fall should be an excellent crop. In fact a bumper crop is the only thing now significant to old valley farmers as a result of the present very favorable season.

MISSING MAN FOUND.

Olof Ostriem Was In a Duluth Hospital.

Bemidji, Minn., May 9.—Olof Ostriem, the man who was supposed to be dead and for whom a search has been in progress for some time past, has turned up at Northome. The following is from the News of that village:

Olof Ostriem of 151-27, who was reported as lost, strayed or stolen in the Bemidji papers, called on us Monday. He is a long ways from being dead, but says he spent most of the winter in the Duluth hospital. The first thing Olof did after reaching here was to write to his father in Norway.

LARGE INCREASE

Of American Imports to New Zealand.

San Francisco, May 9.—The American consul general at Auckland, N. Z., Frank Dillingham, has arrived here on a vacation trip. He has been the American consular representative in Auckland for eight years. During that time American imports there have increased in value from $1,000,000 to $8,000,000. "Just how New Zealand's new tariff will affect American imports into that country I am not prepared to say," remarked Mr. Dillingham.

"Under the new tariff England is given a distinct advantage over all other foreign countries. Still New Zealand will have to buy heavily from the United States. All of their agricultural machinery and most of their mining machinery comes from the United States, as well as all of their tobacco and many lines of manufactured goods, like boots and shoes."

YACHTS GETTING READY

For Their Long Race Across the Ocean.

New York, May 9.—The eleven yachts entered for the kaiser's cup races across the Atlantic from Sandy Hook lightship are being given their final preparations for the race. By the end of the week all will be ready for the start, on May 16, and a day or so before that time, the majority will be at anchor inside Sandy Hook awaiting the official send-away. Most of the boats already have been docked and their auxiliary propellers removed, leaving no means of propulsion except by sail and from now on the crews will be busy taking aboard stores for the long voyage.

FIRE IN HOTEL ALARMS GUESTS.

Washington, May 9.—A fire which broke out in the kitchen of the Hotel Regent at the corner of Fifteenth street and Pennsylvania avenue early today, caused great alarm to the large number of guests. They hurriedly rushed down stairs into the office and street, while some got out of the hotel by the fire escapes. The fire department promptly responded and the flames were extinguished without much difficulty. The loss was only nominal and no one was injured.

CARROLL AS ELECTRICIAN.

Chicago, May 9.—Mayor Dunne has appointed William Carroll as city electrician in place of Edward B. Ellicott, who had resigned to take a place with the drainage board. The new appointee has been Mr. Ellicott's first assistant. The appointment was confirmed by the city council.

New Wall Papers

For the finest selection of exclusive patterns in the city at the most reasonable prices, SEE

ENGELS & CO., 9 E. Sup. St.

WANTED—TEAMSTERS

White men only, willing and competent to drive a wagon, to take places of men on strike. Good pay. Permanent position.

Legal and physical protection to all that prove capable and effiicient will be guaranteed.

Transportation refunded if applicant is competent and furnishes good references.

Employment Bureau of the Employers' Association of Chicago, 105 Adams St., between Clark and Dearborn Sts., Chicago.—

Open daily from 9 A. M. to 6 P. M.

CITY BRIEFS

Embossing. North Land-Printery.

Independent Ferry to Superior, 5c.

Dr. A. E. Walker has moved his office to 210 and 212 New Jersey building.

One hundred members of the Duluth lodge of the Knights of Pythias went to New Duluth last evening on a special train to confer the rank of "knight" on a class of eight.

C. H. Allen, indicted by the grand jury for forgery in the second degree on two counts, has entered a plea of not guilty and will stand trial.

Magnificent giant pansies, 25 cents per dozen. Lester Park greenhouses.

Simon Sapero, "agent for a retail liquor dealer," in other words bartender at Virginia, Minn., has filed a petition asking to be adjudged a bankrupt. His liabilities are shown to be $1,403.34 and his assets $470, of which $210 worth is claimed to be exempt.

Judge Page Morris of the United States court returned today from Fergus Falls where he has been holding court. Tomorrow afternoon he will hear the case of Philip Oberst and Victor Linley of Superior against the Great Northern Railway company. This case is a dispute over a patent car loader which the plaintiffs claim to own.

In the damage suit of C. M. Andrews of Brainerd against the Northern Pacific Railroad company, the defendant has filed its answer in United States court. The complainant claims to have been injured while attempting to replace a belt over a pulley in the N. P. shops at Brainerd. The defendant charges contributory negligence and also alleges that Andrews' injuries were not of a serious nature.

PERSONALS

Mrs. J. Ransbottom and daughter, Stella, will leave this week for Denver, Col., where they will spend the summer visiting friends and relatives.

W. A. McGonagle has gone to Pittsburg.

W. J. Filbert of New York, comptroller of the United States Steel corporation, is in the city today.

T. G. Hart and Capt. Roberts left for the range today.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward A. Silberstein are registered at the Waldorf-Astoria, New York city.

OFFICIALS COMING.

Wisconsin Central People to Come to Duluth.

A party of Wisconsin Central railroad officials will be in Duluth and Superior tomorrow. It is understood that they are coming here in connection with matters pertaining to the new road which is to enter this territory from Wisconsin, the Lake Superior & Southeastern, and which has already secured a right of way into Superior and Duluth.

Pleasant Surprise Party.

On Monday evening a number of friends of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Pitt of Seventh avenue east gave them a surprise party in their honor, and also complimentary to Mr. and Mrs. H. Huntley, a recently married couple who are here from New York. The evening was spent in playing cards and in general enjoyment. Those present were:

Messrs. and Mesdames F. Hammel, J. Fitzpatrick, Schults, Misses Franklin and Grace Bosson, and Mr. F. Jarrich.

Too Late to Classify

A gossamer covering of beauty and fairness bestowed by Satin skin powder. 25c.

WANTED — POSITION BY EXPERIenced bookkeeper and stenographer, with best of city and other references. A 7, Herald.

FOR SALE OR RENT — GOOD 6-ROOM house, 1319 Dingwall street. Apply Charles Schiller, 326 West Superior St.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 321 First avenue east.

FOR RENT — THREE BASEMENT rooms. 22 East Fourth street.

FOR SALE — GOOD SIX-ROOM HOUSE, West Duluth, reasonable for cash. 118 North Fifty-eighth avenue west.

WANTED — TWENTY TEAMS, $3 month, railroad work. Good until freezes up. Free fare one way. Western Labor and Supply Co., 427 West Michigan St.

WANTED — A BOY TO LEARN THE printing trade. Apply to the Duluth Lithtographing and Printing Co., 310-12 West First street.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Donald McRae and Mary McNicholl.

BIRTHS.

MESSATO—A daughter wash born to Mr. and Mrs. George Messato of 525 East Seventh street, May 6.

OLSON—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. John Olson of 112 Park avenue, May 7.

MALLETT—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Mallett of 2121 West Second street, May 6.

LANGLE—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. John Langle of 2015 West Eighth street, May 6.

PERDON—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Gust Perdon of 1822 West Michigan street, May 5.

JOHNSON—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Johnson of 708 Garfield avenue, May 7.

BUILDING PERMITS.

Frank L. Johnson, three brick flats, on Eighth avenue east, between First and Second street, to cost..	$3,350
Charles Rogers, porch on Fifth street between Seventh and Eighth avenues west, to cost ..	200
J. L. Rudin, frame dwelling on Fifth street, between Forty-seventh and Forty-eighth avenues west, to cost	800

THOSE WHO HAVE DIED

New Orleans, May 9.—Gen. Algernon S. Badger, United States appraiser for New Orleans, is dead, aged 65. When the civil war began he enlisted in the Sixth Massachusetts volunteers, then became an officer in the twenty-sixth regiment after its fall. At the close of the war, Gen. Badger remained in New Orleans.

Washington, May 9.—Flavius J. Fisher, a noted portrait painter, is dead here, aged 73 years.

Chicago, May 9.—Dr. Oliver Woodson Nixon, for many years associated with the Chicago Inter-Ocean as literary editor, is dead at Biloxi, Miss. Dr. Nixon was a member of Gen. Pope's staff, having been medical director of the army of Missouri. He established the Evening Chronicle in Cincinnati in 1870, and with his brother, William Penn Nixon, consolidated it with the Cincinnati Times. The two brothers joined in 1878 in the purchase of the Inter-Ocean. Dr. Nixon was the author of several books.

MONEY APPROPRIATED

For a Wisconsin Exhibit at the Portland Fair.

Madison, Wis., May 9.—After a long debate the assembly today refused, by a tie vote, to pass the bill compelling rival telephone companies to make connection.

The bill abolishing dower and courtesy and substitute heirship therefor was passed. The senate passed a bill appropriating $12,000 for a Portland, Or., fair exhibit.

A bill depriving a parent of the wages of a minor child when the parent is given to drink, was also passed by the senate.

CAT CAME BACK.

When Frank Kiehl moved from Atchison county, Kas., to Gasconda, Mo., a few weeks ago, the family cat was taken along and was in the car of household goods when it was unloaded there, says the Kansas City Star. Recently the cat appeared at the former home of the Kiehls, south of Atchison. The distance to Gasconade is between 300 and 400 miles. The cat could have traveled the distance, but how did it know the way?

ONE THOUSAND SEE HANGING.

Bellefonte, Pa., May 9.—Ira Green and William Dillon were hanged here today for the murder of Jerry Condo, a turnkey in the Center county jail. Fully 1,000 persons witnessed the execution and as many more were unable to gain admission to the jail yard.

BOSTON FIRM ASSIGNS.

Boston, May 9.—The Haight & Freese company, stock brokers, this city, went into the hands of receivers today. James D. Colt, an attorney, is receiver of the company, which is a New York corporation.

SNOW AT ST. CLOUD.

St. Cloud, Minn., May 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—A snow and sleet storm raged here for two hours today, accompanied by a strong gale of wind. The weather is similar to that of a stormy February day.

DAVIS SAILS FOR HOME.

Colon, May 9.—Gen. Davis, the retiring governor of the canal zone, and his two daughters today sailed for New York on the steamer Alliancia.

DISORDERS INCREASING

Kishineff, May 9.—The disorders here are becoming more threatening.

FIRE AT JACKSON, MISS.

Jackson, Miss., May 9.—The business district of the town of Flora, was wiped out by fire today. The loss is estimated at $200,000.

Homeseekers' Excursions

To points in Minnesota, North Dakota and Manitoba, the Northern Pacific railway will sell Homeseekers' tickets at one fare, plus $2.00, every Tuesday during March, April, May and June.

On first and third Tuesdays, same months, will sell similar tickets to all points in West and Southwest. For further information as to rates and tickets, call at City Ticket office, 332 Superior street.

Colonist Rates Via the Northwestern Line.

On sale daily until May 15th, to California at $32.50, Colorado, Utah and Wyoming at $22.50; Portland, Seattle and Tacoma, $25.00. Other points, proportionate rates. City Ticket office, 302 West Superior street. Depot, foot Fifth avenue west.

HIS VIEW OF IT.

There are thirty-five new spring lambs in the Central park flock and their very white wool makes them conspicious these bright, warm days as they romp over the pasture allotted to them, says the New York Sun. Artists in plenty go out there to sketch and children find delight in watching the little lambs at play.

"Wouldn't it be fine to be Mary and have one of them to take to school?" said a little girl to her grandfather, with whom she was strolling.

"Yes," replied the old gentleman, "but one of them would go better with French peas."

DETAILED AUDIT

Expert Opinion on the Books of the Water Department.

Auditing Firm Employed By Council Has Wide Experience.

"We will make a detailed audit of all the departments of the city of Duluth for the fiscal year ending Dec. 31, 1904, verifying the reports of city officers with a further examination and exhaustive analysis of all expenditures of the water and light board, for operation, maintenance, improvement and construction, from the date the water and light plant was taken over by the city. We will also give such recommendations as to such changes in the accounting methods in vogue, and depreciation of plant, as we may deem advisable for the public good."

The foregoing was the statement made by E. W. Fisher, a member of the firm of Marwick, Mitchell & Co., the chartered accountants who have been given the contract of auditing the books of the water and light department, and of all the city officers.

The chief reason for having the audit is the claim that the water and light plant is charging off nothing for depreciation of the plant, and that the maintenance charges are not sufficient to take care of this item.

"It is our business to discover leaks in businesses," said Mr. Fisher, when questioned on that point. "That is what we are in business for, to stop up leaks. If the right system is not employed in any business it is the duty of the experts in our employ to say so without fear or favor. That is what we are paying them their salaries for, and they are all high-priced men.

"Our men are not only good bookkeepers, who can check up accounts, but they are expert accountants, with expert knowledge.

"We have just finished checking over the accounts of the city of Chicago for the fiscal year. Chicago owns its own water plant, and I had personal charge of the work on the Chicago books.

"We have our men with expert knowledge on municipal lines, and on different lines of business, and if there is anything wrong with the system of keeping books, or if there is a hidden leak which is draining away the profits, it is their duty to find it, and they will.

"Our firm has offices in New York, Chicago, Minneapolis and Toledo. This is a comparatively new field for us up in this part of the country, although we have done more or less work here at various times.

"I consider Duluth one of the most important cities in the Northwest, outside of Minneapolis, and we are anxious to make a record in our work here for the city. We want to show the business firms in this part of the country what we can do."

Civil Service Exams.

On June 7 two government civil service positions will be tried for at Duluth. One is that of matron in the Indian service drawing $480 to $500 a year and the other is that of cable foreman in the signal service drawing $55 to $90 a month. On June 14 the position of scientific assistant in the department of agriculture will be tried for here. This position pays $840 to $1,200 a year.

DIED FROM EXPOSURE.

South Dakota Miner Loses Life In Storm.

Pierre, S. D., May 9.—Advices from Deadwood tell of the death from exposure in the recent snow storm of Michael Kirby, a miner. The storm was the severest in many years. The loss is heaviest on colts, calves and lambs. Reports have been received as far west as the forks of Bad river and northwest to Haxby, on the Cheyenne and all are about the same. The snow was over a foot deep generally and in drifts six and seven feet.

Question:

How Can I Dress My Family on My Small Salary

?

Go to the Clothing Parlors of

FRED W.

EDWARDS,

He Will Tell you.

Up-Stairs Over Gidding's. 1st Ave. West and Superior St.

WILL RUN TRAIN

Northern Pacific Installs Service Between Duluth and Cloquet.

Passenger to Run Daily, Starting Next Sunday Morning.

Next Sunday, May 14, a new local passenger train will be placed on the regular run between Duluth and Cloquet. It will leave Duluth in the afternoon and return in the morning, running every day in the week.

Local officials of the road have been in favor of the installation of such a service, and they have been notified from the general office that the train would be put in operation. It will leave Cloquet at 8 a. m., Scanlon at 8:08 a. m. and Carlton thirteen minutes later, arriving at Duluth at 9:10 a. m., making the run in one hour and ten minutes. Returning, it will leave Duluth at 5:10 p. m., and will arrive at Carlton at 6:05, Scanlon at 6:17 and Cloquet 6:25 p. m.

It is believed that the new service will be well patronized. There is considerable travel between the Head of the Lakes and Carlton, Scanlon and Cloquet, and the passenger business will probably increase as time advances.

Cloquet is coming to be quite a railroad center, although a small town. The Weyerhaeuser road is soon to open up a new territory between Cloquet and Hornby on the Duluth & Iron Range, and trains to accommodate passengers will be run over the new road, which is to be known as the Duluth & Northwestern. Originally the road was built from Hornby to Island Lake, and it is now being extended to Cloquet.

BISHOPS OF NORTH AND SOUTH MEET TOGETHER.

Minneapolis, May 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—Bishop Isaac W. Joyce of the M. E. church, has just returned from Louisville where, for the first time since the division in American Methodism, bishops of both Northern and Southern branches met together. Bishop Joyce believes from the spirit of amity and cordiality that developed when the bishops of the M. E. church, South, sat at tables as guests of the bishops of the M. E. church, North, that the meeting had in it "the prophecy of the coming together in organic form of these two great bodies of Episcopal Methodism."

LIGHTING WASHINGTON.

One of Washington's oldest citizens recalled the other day the efforts that were made more than fifty years ago to light the city by means of one monster lamp, swung from the dome of the capital, says the Brooklyn Eagle. This was way back in 1840, when there was a great arch dome over the capitol instead of the present magnificent iron structure. Washington O. Berry, who came to this city as a boy in 1839, and has been here ever since engaged in commercial pursuits, tells the story. He said:

"A huge gas lamp, weighing more than two tons, was constructed and placed on braced poles 100 feet above the dome. I was one of the men who worked on it, and great trouble and expense was entailed in its construction. There were 700 burners on the affair, but even with this number of burners it seems preposterous to us now that any one should think of lighting the city with this one large lamp. The gas used then, however, was much stronger than that used today and was known as solar gas. It was made in the capitol building. The arrangement was a partial success. It was possible to read a newspaper as far away as Georgetown, two miles distant, but in the vicinity of the capitol everything was in a deep shadow, just as it is directly under a lamp post now. A heavy storm arose one night and the sawing of the lamp caused the dome to weaken. This was immediately discovered and the huge cluster of burners was removed in short order. It was a very costly experiment for the government.

"The capitol grounds at that time were more elevated than they are now, and were inclosed by an iron fence. Watchmen were stationed at each of the two large gates, which were closed in the evening."

OUT-OF-DATE COINS.

One frequently comes across the old jolly looking big copper cents, particularly in smaller towns and country places, says the Washington Star. It was in 1857 that their coinage was discontinued by act of congress, and late archives in the treasury department show that at the end of the last fiscal year there were of them outstanding over a million dollars.

Further coinage of the half-cent coins ended at the same time. The total amount of these coined all together was about $40,000,000, speaking in round numbers. The 2-cent pieces were of bronze metal. Their enforced retirement from commercial activity began in 1873, since which date the mints have not been busy with their manufacture. The little silver 3-cent pieces trouble the marts no longer, though some of them may be hidden away somewhere to serve as relics. Their coinage began in 1857 and continued until February, 1873. The smiling little silver half-dime, the coinage of which began over a century ago, received its quietus, so far as its manufacture was concerned, at the same date as the 3-cent silver piece.

Other of these minor coins that have had their day are in honorable retirement in the boards of collectors, in museums and elsewhere. Among these are the nickel 3-cent pieces and the little old gray faced nickel pieces, though it is easy to run across one of these little coins occasionally. The making at the mints lasted from 1857 to 1864. Then there used to be a silver 20-cent piece. This is also among the ills of the "has beens."

Many of course can remember the days of the infants of coinage, the one-dollar piece that was in the habit of losing itself, so little it was, in the vest pocket or in any other part of one's apparel where it was allowed to lie around loose. There were about nineteen millions of the babies coined. Where are they roaming now? Then there was at one time a 2-dollar gold coin. Their manufacture was discontinued by an act of congress passed Sept. 26, 1890, the same date that marked the beginning of the end of the gold dollar. In all there were over a million and a half dollars of these coined.

STOPPED A QUEEN.

A Paris correspondent writes of a curious incident showing the turns of fortune's wheel that occurred in the Rue de Rivoli the other day, says the Kansas City Journal. A tall lady, quietly dressed in black, was about to cross the street when she was imperiously waved back by a gendarme, who stopped the traffic there at its height to let a carriage containing a single occupant pass down toward the Champs Elysees. The lady in the carriage was the wife of the minister of marine; the woman of no importance standing on the curb was Queen Sophie of the Two Cicilies. Uncrowned queens who walk are of no account in Paris.

JAPANESE ANGRY

Feeling of Resentment Against France Continues to Grow.

Many Eyes Are Turned to Great Britain For Assistance.

Tokio, May 9.—The feeling of resentment against France for the assistance given to the Russian second Pacific squadron continues to run high and is finding expression in a variety of ways. The nearness of the Russian fleet and the nature of the preparations which Admiral Rojestvensky is known to have made in French waters seem to have suddenly convinced many people that it would have been impossible for Rojestvensky to come to the Far East without outside assistance which have given a sinister tone to the popular resentment. In the crisis many eyes are turned towards Great Britain for assistance. It is argued that France rescued Rojestvensky from absolute failure to reach the China sea and that final aid given to the Russians in Indo-China amounts to an act of belligerency and there are many demands that Japan invoke the alliance with Great Britain. Formerly a large section of the public was inclined to view with leniency the French acts of friendship for Russia, on account of the former's delicate position as an alley and creditor. The suspicion that Rojestvensky was not a welcome guest at Kamranh bay and that he was presuming upon French hospitality also tempered the feeling of resentment, but recent events are removing these attitudes and the national sentiment is uniting in unconditional insistence that France preserves neutrality. The Japanese government has not taken the people of this country into its confidence. Since the Kamranh bay incident nothing has been officially made known except that the government was making vigorous representations at Paris while proceeding carefully and cautiously, not desiring to resort to extreme measures while a hope of an adjustment exists.

RUSSIAN FLEET SAILS.

Nha-Traig, Annam, May 9.—Admiral Rojestvensky's fleet, which has been cruising for several days off Vanfong bay, sailed this morning.

WOMEN INVENTORS.

Some of Them Make Great Success.

The increased activity that women are exhibiting of late years in the way of invention is generally attributed to their better facilities for education, but in my opinion education has very little to do with it, says a writer in the San Francisco Bulletin. Some of the most successful inventions are produced by women who have had only limited advantages, but who have been practical workers in their various lines of industry—mill workers, women farmers, and clerks in department stores.

For example, a woman farmer of Bradford, England, has just invented an ingenious apparatus for the removal of wool from skins by electricity.

A woman clerk in a New York store recently invented a parcel delivery system which has made her independent. A New England millowner, herself an inventor, enjoys the right to several patents that represent the ingenuity of the women operators in her employ. She shares the profits of the inventions with the inventors, and one of the devices first used in this mill brings her over $20,000 a year.

Mrs. Mary Kies was the first woman to take out a patent in America. She invented in 1790 a process for weaving straw with silk or thread.

During the next quarter of a century only fifteen patents were granted to women. These included a globe for teaching geography, a baby-jumper, a stove foot and a sheet iron shovel. Thirty-five patents were taken out by women in the next twenty-five years—one for a balloon calash for ladies, whatver that was.

A fan attachement for a rocking chair was got out by a woman in 1848; also a model sadiron and a recipe for lavender balsam.

In the early sixties an improved imitation of braided human hair is recorded as the invention of a woman, a novel darning last, and an improved hoopskirt.

Then the Civil war forced women into new avenues of thought. A number of Western women who took their husbands' places on the farms invented improved agricultural implements about that time. A currycomb was one woman's contribution. Several women who went into the shoe shops and manufacturing mills took out patents on different kinds of machinery.

Another took out a patent for a waistband for trousers. Another for a pantaloons protector. A lock of 3,000 combinations is a woman's invention; also a letter box for the outside of a house which shows a signal when there is a letter inside for the postman to collect, and a letter opener. They have invented hammer guards for firearms, life preservers, and a bottle-filling apparatus.

It remains for man to attempt the non-refillable bottle absurdity. They come into the patent office every day with new ones. They explain at length. They use up hours explaining. The answer is simple. The clerk takes the non-refillable bottle to the hydrant and fills it up.

There are one hundred men inventors to one woman. If the case were reversed, the women would in all probability outvie them in absurdity of idea. You would be surprised at the number of patents taken out by men for the simplifying of woman's wardrobe. Men have invented everything pertaining to women's toilet articles, too, from soaps and perfumes to pomades.

No dependence can be placed upon their scope covered by women inventors. While they, as a rule, are governed by their environment, they frequently soar. Take Harriet Strong of Los Angeles, Cal., who in December, 1857, received a patent for dam and reservoir construction. It is hardly to be supposed that such a woman would occupy herself with hairpins. Mary E. Walton of New York got a patent for an elevated railway. And yet such is the variableness of the woman nature in inventions as in all things else, it might happen that in a lucid interval Mary may at some time or other devote a moment to thinking up a shoe button that won't tear the lace off the underskirt.

Women of the present day pride themselves upon their advancement in all lines, but as early as 1843 Nancy M. Johnson invented the ice cream freezer and Sarah P. Mather a submarine telescope and lamp. In 1864 May Jane Montgomery of New York got a patent for improvement in lubricating railway journals, and a Brooklyn woman in the same year one for improvement in conveyors of smoke and cinders for locomotives. In the same year a Washington woman took out a patent for improvement in pyrotechnic night signals.

However, Loie Fuller invented the flame effect so remarkable in her skirt dance, and her sister an electric appliance for lighting the stage.

Up to ten years ago women had contributed only slightly to the sum total of inventions recorded in Washington. A woman's name did not appear in the list of patents granted more than three or four times a year. One reason for this was that wives suggested inventions which their husbands took out in their own nme. The increasing instability of the marriage tie and the introduction of the divorce court had the effect of rendering women more careful.

There are over one hundred patents tken out by women which yield good fortunes to them annually. One woman inventor is drawing about $5,000 a year for a simple glove buttoner. Another has coined money from a patented adjustable waist supporter. Women patent many health devices, such as water filters, dress supporters, shoulder braces and exercising machines.

Are You Going to Travel?

If you are, be sure that your baggage is taken care of. We do that and do it right. Call us up. Our rigs are at your service at all times.

Board of Trade Livery.
Both phones, 440.

Smart New Suits for Women!

Every day there is something new to exploit. The stock changes with every new thought of our own, or of best manufacturers.

A visit to Gidding's is like the arrival of the latest fashion magazine — except that Gidding's is always a month ahead of the magazine, and shows you dresses instead of pictures.

TAILOR-MADE SUITS at $16.75—values up to $25.00.

We've included a large number of suits from our regular $25 to $29 collection to complete the range of sizes, making the variety so extensive that we will undoubtedly fit you to the exact suit you'd buy at nearly double the price under any other circumstances.

The models are the finest expressions of fashionable apparel — serges, cheviots and Panamas, in plain colors of blue and brown, also black—and light and dark mixtures—while they last, $16.75.

$24.50 FOR $32.50 SUITS—

largest and best assortment of suits at this price shown throughout the season—taken from high-price models when there were one or two left of the various styles, comprising homespuns, serges, mixtures, checks and invisible stripes—also fancy mixtures.

Silk Shirt Waist Suits!

"Shirt Waist Suits" is scarcely the name for these charming dresses. The choice range begins with natty, tailored, simple suits plaited or shirred for trimming, and extends to fetching frocks elaborately trimmed with braid and lace and buttons.

The colors are bright, new, true and beautiful.

If you're a judge of values you'll appreciate the fine silk and careful making.

Prices are unaspiring—**$12.50 to $35.00.**

Some Remarkable Coats at $10.00.

First is a collection of about 200 stylish Covert Coats that are really worth $15 to $18.50. The styles are the very newest, the tailoring is fine, and the finish throughout is above criticism. The price, $10, should make lively selling.

There is a Remarkable Offering Also of Tailored Jackets and Cravenettes at $12.50.

The dressiest top coats, the swellest, swagger cravenette coats, nearly all women are wearing the cravenettes for long emergency overcoats, and you can't tell the difference till a shower comes up—then they turn water like a duck's back. You know the merits of the top coats—what service you don't get out of them now you'll realize next fall. $15.00 and $18.50 are considered moderate prices.

GIDDING'S

HE FIXED IT.

In a little Massachusetts town lives a man who for two causes enjoys deathless local fame, says a writer in Lippincott's Magazine. For one thing, he is the only native of the place who has been to Europe; and he, moreover, performed while there the ensuing feat, which the neighbors still recount with breathless admiration:

While in Rome the New Englander was shown a certain shrine before which burned a solitary taper.

"That taper," explained the guide, in machine-built English—"that taper he has burned before this shrine seven hundred years. He is a miraculous taper. Never he has been extinguish. For seven long century that taper has miraculously burn before our shrine, and not once has he been—what you call—put out."

The Yankee viewed the miracle candle in silence for a full minute. Then, leaning slowly forward, he extinguished the flame with one mighty "puff."

Turning with a triumphant chuckle to the scandalized and speechless guide, he announced calmly:

"Wa'al, it's aout now!"

SWISS SMOKE MOST.

For some reason—or none—most people have hitherto looked upon the Germans as the most inveterate smokers in the world, although few will be surprised to learn that the Dutch are a little ahead of them as consumers of tobacco, since pictorially a Dutchman is always associated with a pipe, says the Kansas City Journal. But none will be prepared to hear that the Swiss smoke 50 per cent more than either, still less that the Belgian burns more than double as much as the Dutchman.

HONESTY AN ASSET.

The appearance of honesty is one of the business assets of a peddler of early strawberries, says the New York Sun. "You can have them berries for 10 cents a basket," he said with the air of one who would scorn the tricks of deception and false pretence," cuz some of 'em's soft." It was just such a basement door bargain as would appeal, even without the honesty, to any housewife, and baskets of the berries were bought at the special marked down price. The peddler was indeed the very oracle of truth, at least three berries in each basket were soft, but the rest were like rocks.

TOLD ON MR. SHONTS.

Mr. Shonts, the new Panama canal commissioner, tells this story, according to the Kansas City Journal.

Mr. Shonts was seated in his office one day, when, unannounced, a roughly clad fellow entered.

"Shonts in?" queried the intruder.

"Who?" asked the magnate.

"Why, Shonts, the main guy of de road," returned the newcomer.

"Oh, I'm Shonts," said that individual.

"What do you want?"

"I'm a brakeman, and I want a job on your road."

"Oh, is that all?" returned the railroad head, as he sized up his visitor. "Well, I'll tell you, my friend, you don't go about it right. Let me show you. Now, you sit there and watch me."

Mr. Shonts arose from his chair, picked up his hat and walked out into the hall. Then he knocked on the door and reentered his office.

"Good day, sir," began the big railroader. "Is Mr. Shonts in?" "Yes, sir; what is your wish?" "I'm looking for employment, and would like a position as brakeman on your road."

"That's the way to do it," said Mr. Shonts.

The visitor went out into the hall. A moment later there was a knock on the door. Mr. Shonts said: "Come in," and in stalked the job hunter.

"Is Mr. Shonts in?" he asked, very politely.

"Yes, sir," answered Mr. Shonts, well pleased. "What can I do for you?"

"You can go to ——!" retorted the rude job hunter, as he quickly bolted out.

And the railroad president laughed loud and long.

YOUNG WIVES, OLD HUSBANDS.

"Strange statistics," said an insurance agent to the Philadelphia Bulletin, "are collected in my business.

"I have found that the more times a man marries the younger in comparison with himself he wants his wife to be. For instance, his first wife on the average is four years younger than he. His second is ten. His third is twenty or thirty.

"What do these statistics prove? Do they prove that as a man gains in years and experience he finds that it is best for many reasons to be almost as old as his wife's father, or do they only prove that as men approach old age they are more foolish than they were in youth?

"Old X., aged 70, with a third wife of 23, said on this head the other day:

"'You can't marry a girl too young. The younger she is the longer she'll keep her health and strength and beauty. Furthermore, the older you are the more respect she'll have for you. She'll reverence you and obey you as she would her own father or grandfather.'

"Young wives rejuvenate old husbands," the insurance agent added. "They make these old fellows dress younger, talk younger, act younger and feel younger. Youth is contagious, like the croup.

"A young wife is believed to prolong an old husband's life. If a man of 70 insured in my company should marry a girl of 20 I'd consider him a better risk by 8 per cent than he had been before."

TERMS PUZZLED HIM.

In London theaters the names given to the various seats are a little puzzling to an American, says the Kansas City Star. During a recent trip abroad Richard Mansfield sent his coachman to a theater to buy "stalls." The man, who is at home in the stables but not in the theater, returned in due time. "Did you get the stalls?" inquired the actor. "No, sir," said the coachman, "the stalls were all gone, sir; but they told me they could give me a—well, that they could put you in a loose box, sir."

LORD BYRON'S JOKE.

Lord Byron once made a present of a Bible to his publisher, the first John Murray, says the Kansas City Star. The recipient was proud of the gift, as proceeding from so famous a man, and used to show it to his friends, until one day someone more curious than the others turned the pages of the book and discovered that Byron had altered the words, "Now Barabbas was a robber" to "Now Barabbas was a publisher."

A BELATED PRAYER.

A good anecdote is related of a young minister who was supplying the pulpit of the Wrentham Congregational church during the absence of its pastor, Rev. Elisha Fisk, better known as "Priest Fisk," whose pastorate in this church covered a period of fifty-six years, says the Boston Herald.

Upon opening the Bible the young minister came across the following notice, which he read: "Mr. Libbius Porter desires the prayers of the congregation that his loss may be sanctioned for his good."

Signs of repressed merriment appeared through the congregation, but the cause was a complete mystery to the young minister, who, upon arriving at the home of Mr. Fisk for lunch, inquired of Mrs. Fisk the cause of the unseemly hilarity.

She informed him he had read an old notice, used by her husband as a book mark. It had been presented by Mr. Porter a year or two before, upon the death of his third wife. Mr. Porter, with his fourth bride, sat in the congregation while it was being read.

WHERE SHE HAD IT.

The girl from Albany was going home, and she got to the Grand Central depot with little time to spare before her train started, says the New York Sun. She stood chatting to a friend near the gate leading to the train, and at the last moment darted by the uniformed man at the gate.

"Show your ticket, please," he said as he headed her off.

"Must I show my ticket?" asked the girl blushing.

"Yes, and quickly, if you want to catch this train," said the gateman.

The girl faced the way the fewest number of people were looking. Then she bent over, fumbled at her skirts, and produced the ticket. She was allowed to go to her train.

"It's surprising how many women carry their tickets in their stockings," said the gateman. "They seem to forget that tickets must be shown here before they can board trains."

CAME OUT AHEAD.

Pioneer journalists in the West had their troubles, says the Kansas City Star. The following appeared in a journal published at Dodge City, Kan., in the early '80s: "In view of the fact that we cannot pay the road tax of $10 assessed against us this year, we have been sentenced to a certain period of confinement by the judicial authorities of this state. Consequently there will be no issue of this paper for the next three weeks; but as the state will, of course, have to board us, we figure that we shall come out some $30 ahead."

Dr. von Suessmilch, The Dentist,

Has removed to 315 W. Superior St., over F. D. Day & Co.'s Jewelry Store

WHEAT IS STRONG

Northwestern and Southwestern Markets Higher on Cash Wheat.

Southwest Falls Behind on Deferred Options—Flax Erratic.

Duluth Board of Trade, May 9.—Northwestern markets are strongest just now and today they were higher, while the tendency in other markets was to hold back. This was not true of the May option and cash wheat in Southwestern markets, however, for they were strong there. The May in Duluth gained 1c, and in Minneapolis ⅞c, while in Chicago it was off ¼c. At Kansas City it was up 2c, at St. Louis ½@⅝c, and at New York ¾c. The July was ¼c higher in Duluth, ⅛@¼c in Minneapolis, ¼c lower at Chicago, ½c higher at New York, ¼@⅜c lower at St. Louis, and ¼c lower at Kansas City.

There is a tendency in the market now to pay more attention to immediate conditions in the way of declining stocks than to the favorable crop reports. Stocks are getting low in the country and the milling demand if it is anything like normal promises to exhaust all of the wheat on hand and to be expected to come out before the new crop comes in. That is the argument of the bulls and it is making considerable impression.

The Liverpool market closed unchanged to ½d lower, Paris unchanged to ½c lower, Berlin ¾c higher and Antwerp ⅝c higher.

Bradstreet reported a decrease of 1,517,000 bus. in the world's visible supply of wheat. East of the Rockies there was a decrease of 2,517,000 bus., and in Europe and afloat an increase of 1,00,000 bus.

Snow's weekly crop report says: "Weather conditions for the past week crops. Temperatures have ruled low with a freezing range for several days in the spring wheat belt. Wheat growth is checked and the crop is now late rather than early in development. Average condition remains high but some evidence of falling plant vigor is reported in sections of Missouri, Oklahoma and Kansas. Some progress in corn planting has been made west of the Missouri river. But little has been accomplished in the eastern belt. Moisture conditions generally satisfactory."

Car receipts at Duluth were 2 against 32 last year, and at Minneapolis 69 against 67 last year, making a total for the Northwest of 71 against 86 last year. Chicago received 4 against 48 last year.

Primary receipts of wheat were 180,757 bus, last year 170,877 bus. Shipments 236,391 bus, last year 603,582 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregatid 41,600 bus.

Corn in the Liverpool market closed ¼d higher. In the Chicago market July corn closed ¾c lower. July oats closed ⅛c lower. Primary receipts of corn were 154,654 bus, last year 462,725 bus. Shipments 323,787 bus, last year 463,301 bus. Clearances were 95,000 bus. Bradstreet reported a decrease of 2,531,000 bus in the world's visible supply.

The wheat market was dull on the Duluth board today. The July option opened unchanged at 94¾c, sold up to 95⅜c at 10:25, and fell back to 94⅜c at 11 o'clock. It rallied to 95c at 11:10, fell back to 94¾c at 11:53, and again sold at 95c at noon. It then reacted to 94⅝c at 12:20, advanced again to 95c at 12:40, and fell back to 94½c at 1:10. The close was at 94¼c, which was an advance of ¼c over yesterday's closing price. The May option advanced 1¼c to 97¼c and fell off to 97c, closing there. The September option advanced ¼c to 80⅝c and then fell off and closed ½c lower at 80c.

Cash sales were on the basis of May price for No. 1 northern, and offerings were very light.

Flax was very dull. The May option advanced ½c to $1.40½ and then closed unchanged at $1.40. October opened ¼c off at $1.27½ and closed 2¼c lower at $1.25. The September option, on the other hand, closed with an advance of ½c. July was unchanged.

There was a decline of ¼c in oats.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—To arrive, No. 1 northern, 97c; on track No. 1 northern, 97c; No. 2 northern, 96@93c. Durum No. 1, 86c; No. 2, 85c; May, 97c; July, 94½c; September, 80c. Flax, to arrive, $1.40; on track, $1.40; May, $1.40; July, $1.39; September, $1.28½; October, $1.25. Oats, to arrive, 28½c; on track, 29½c. Rye, to arrive, 76c; on track, 76c. Barley, feed, 39½@41c.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 2; last year, 32; oats, 7; barley, 15; flax, 6; last year, 15.

Receipts—Oats, 3,817; barley, 18,217; flax, 4,868.

Shipments—Wheat, 20,900; corn, 17,807; oats, 147,711; barley, 333; flax, 133,963.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Wheat Bearishly Inclined But Held Fairly Steady.

Chicago, May 9.—Sentiment in the wheat pit here today was rather bearishly inclined, but moderate support from a bull operator held prices comparatively steady. Excellent growing weather was again the principal depressing influence. July opened ¼c lower to ¼c higher at 83⅝c to 84⅛c. After selling off to 83⅜c the price firmed up to 83⅞@84c. Minneapolis Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 75 cars, against 251 cars a week ago and 137 cars a year ago.

Under the active support of the bull leader the July option advanced to 84⅝@⅞c. Later the market reacted on profit taking, all of the gain being lost. The close was easy, with July off ⅛c at 83⅞c.

The action of the board in passing an amendment allowing the delivery as contract grain of the No. 3 grades of corn at a 5c penalty had a weakening effect on optional prices. Owing to the uncertainty incident to the change, the volume of business was small. July (new style) opened unchanged at 47⅜c and sold off to 46⅝c. Local receipts were 128 cars, with 7 of contract grade.

The market was weak throughout the entire day. July closing at the lowest point of the day, with a loss of ⅝c at 46⅜c.

In sympathy with corn, oats had an easy tone. Cash houses and commission houses sold moderately. July opened unchanged at ⅛c lower at 29¼c to 29¼c and later sold at 29@¼c. Local receipts were 116 cars.

Trading in the provisions pit was of such light character as to barely establish quotations. The tone of the market was a trifle easier owing to liberal receipts of hogs. July pork and ribs were each unchanged, at $12.32½ and $7.27½ respectively. Lard was off 2½c at $7.30.

Close: Wheat—May, 92c; July, 83⅞c; Sept., 78¾@78⅞c. Corn—May, 48¼c; July, 46⅜c. Sept., 46¼@46⅝c; old, 46⅝@46¾. Oats—May, 28⅝c; July, 29¼c; Sept., 27⅜c. Pork—May, $12.60½; July, $12.32½; Sept., $12.52½@12.55. Lard—May, $7.15; July, $7.30@7.32½; Sept., $7.47½. Oct., $7.45. Ribs—May, $7.65; July, $7.25; Sept., $7.47½. Rye—May, 75c; July, 60c; Sept., 55@57c. Flax—Cash, northwestern, $1.39; southwestern, $1.25; May, $1.25. Timothy—May, $3.60; Sept., $3.25. Clover—May, $12.60@12.50. Barley—Cash, 40@49c. Corn—2, 49½@50c; 3, 49@49¼c. Oats—2, 29½@29¾c; 3, 29¼@29c. Wheat—2 red, 95½@96; 3 red, 90@93c; 2 hard, 91½@92¼c; 3 hard, 85@91c; 1 northern, 87½@88½c; 2 northern, 86@88c; 3 spring, 90@97c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, May 9.—Close: Wheat—May, $1.03⅝; July, 96½c; Sept., 80¾c. No. 1 hard, $1.03⅝; 1 northern, $1.00⅛; 2 northern, $1.02⅜.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, May 9.—Wheat—Spot dull; No. 1 California, 6s 8½d; futures quiet; May, 6s 6¾d; July, 6s 6¼d; September, 6s 4⅝d. Corn—Spot steady; American mixed new, 4s 3d; futures quiet; May, 4s 3¼d; July, 4s 3½d.

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. July.	Corn. July.	Pork. July.
Open	29¼@29¼	47⅜	$12.32
High	29¼	47⅜	12.40
Low	29⅛	46⅜	12.32
Close	29⅛	46⅜	12.32

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	...96N	$1.02¾	93	93
High	...97¼	1.04	93	93¾
Low	...96	1.02¾	92	93
Close	...97B	1.03⅝	92	93¾
Close 8th	..96	1.02¾	92¼	93
July—				
Open	...94¼B	97	84⅛	89¾
High	...95⅝	97¾	84⅝-¾	89¾
Low	...94	96⅜	83¾	88⅞-89
Close	...94½B	96½B	83⅞B	89¼
Close 8th	..94¼	96¼-⅜	84	89⅛
September—				
Open	...80½	80⅝	79⅛	83¾
High	...80⅝	80⅞	79⅜	83¾
Low	...80⅛	80⅜	78¾	83⅛
Close	...80B	80⅝A	78¾-⅞	83⅜
Close 8th	..80½	80½	79⅛	83⅝
			Close. 9th.	Close. 8th.

St. Louis:

May	91-½
July	78⅞
September	78⅛

Kansas City:

May	86¾
July	74⅝-½
September	70⅝

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, May 9.—Close: Wheat—May, 93¾c; July, 89¼c; Sept., 83⅝c. Corn—May, 53⅝c; July, 52⅝c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—Our market started strong and continued so through most of the session until about half an hour before the close. The price at one time was about ¾c over yesterday's close. Profit-taking set in at this point, and trade being very quiet and narrow, the market set back easily, with the closing unchanged. The trade in May was extremely light. The government crop report coming tomorrow is expected to show a very favorable condition, but is made up on conditions existing prior to May 1. Since that time the weather has not been favorable, and complaints since the first of May from fly and rust, too much moisture and cold weather have been quite prevalent, and come largely from an increased area. The market is in a waiting mood. The favorable side of the market, such as better cash demand, small stocks, etc., are overshadowed by the splendid crop promise at the moment. It still seems to us like a trading market.

Corn—The change took the gimp pretty much out of the market as regards the May position. What effect the new rule will have in shaping the price of futures is a matter of much discussion, and while this feature exists very little headway can be made in selling the May. In the event of sharply higher prices in the May, July and September would necessarily sympathize, but on the strong spots the future options should be sold.

Oats—Strength comes altogether from an improved feeling over the cash department, and while the volume of business is still small, it shows a tendency to pick up.

• • •

Chicago Inter Ocean: There will be two styles of corn in speculative futures hereafter, "new" and an "old" style. By a vote of 509 to 115 the members of the Board of Trade decided yesterday to make No. 3 corn, No. 3 white, and No. 3 yellow corn deliverable on contracts for No. 2 at a discount of 5 cents. Deliveries can be made after July 1. The trade some time ago voted down a similar proposition but to prevent manipulation it was regarded as a precautionary measure and only a few active traders worked against it.

DIVIDENDS.

GREENE CONSOLIDATED GOLD CO.

DIVIDEND NO. 2.

24 Broad St., New York: April 17, 1905.

The Greene Consolidated Gold Company has declared **DIVIDEND NO. 2 OF TWO PER CENT. (2%)** on the capital stock of the Company, payable May 20, 1905, to stockholders of record at twelve o'clock noon on Saturday, May 6, 1905. Transfer books will close at twelve o'clock noon on May 6, 1905, and will reopen May 22, 1905.

JOHN H. MARTIN, Assistant Secretary

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BONANZA CIRCLE COPPERS!

NOON QUOTATIONS.

Coppers.	Bid.	Ask.	Miscellaneous.	Ask.
Butte $10 pd	18¼	18¾	Alaska Con.	5¾
Butte, fulpd	23	23¾	Ariz. C. Mt.	10
C. & A.	99	100	Black Rock	36
C. & P.	28¾	29	Cal. & Sonora	bid
L. S. & P.			Crooked River	36
P.&D. $8pd	17⅜	18½	Duluz Mex.	2½
P.&D. fulpd	19½	20¾	Little Cracker	12½
Junc. ful pd		70	Metropolitan	30
Mann. $1pd		9	Ophir Tunnel	25
Mont. M. $2 pd		$3.15	Parry Sound	6¾
Denn-Ariz.		7	Shakespeare	12½

BEFORE BUYING OR SELLING COMMUNICATE WITH

H. E. SMITH & CO.,

William Kaiser, Manager.

Main Floor, Palladio Bldg.

Phones—Zenith, 696; Duluth, 82.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER.		
Creamery, prints	27	
Dairies, fancy	23 @	24
Renovated	24½	
EGGS.		
Fresh	16	
CHEESE.		
Twins, full and cream	16	
Twins, full cream, old	8	
Full cream, Young America	16	
Brick cheese, No. 1	16	
Limberger, full cre'm cheese	16	
Primost	7	
HONEY.		
New fancy, white clover	14	
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb	12½@	13
Goldenrod	14	
Dark honey	14	
Buckwheat, dark	14	
MAPLE SYRUP.		
Vermont, per lb	12½	
Ohio, per lb	10	
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10	
NUTS.		
Filberts, per lb	14	
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	16	
Cocoanuts	50	
Brazils, per lb	14	
Pecans, per lb	12	
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	8	
Almonds	14	
Mixed nuts	14	
FRUITS.		
Apples	3 25	@ 3 50
Cranberries, per bbl	6 00	
California naval oranges	3 00	@ 3 50
Smyrna figs, 12-lb box	1 80	
Bananas	2 00	@ 2 50
Lemons, per box	2 75	
Strawberries, 24 quarts	2 50	@ 2 75
Dates, Fard, per box	1 15	
Sugar, walnut dates	1 00	
VEGETABLES.		
New Potatoes, bu	3 00	
Sweet potatoes, per bbl	4 50	
Fancy navy beans, per bus	2 00	
Lettuce, per bus	1 00	
Beets, cwt	1 25	
Green onions	15	
Spinach, box	1 15	
Pickpant, per box	1 50	
Potatoes, per bus	30	
Dry Onions, per cwt	2 75	
Celery, per doz	90	
Bagas, per cwt	25	
Cabbage, per cwt	1 00	
Radishes, per doz	25	
Tomatoes, per basket, Cal	80	
Tomatoes, per basket, Cal	1 00	
Asparagus, per doz	1 35	
POP CORN.		
Choice, per lb	4	
Rice corn, shelled	6	
CIDER.		
Common juice, half bbl	2 50	
Fruit juice	5 00	
Duffy cider	3 50	
DRESSED POULTRY.		
Spring chickens	16	
Hens	16	
Ducks	15	
Turkeys	20	
Geese	13	
MEATS.		
Beef	6½@	9½
Mutton	9	
Lard	7½	
Pork loins	10½	
Veal	6½	

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, May 9.—Butter, steady; creameries, 20@24c; dairies, 18@22c. Eggs, easy; at mark, cases included, 15c. Cheese, easy; daisies, 13½@14c; twins, 13½@14c; Young Americas, 13½@14c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, May 9.—Butter firm, unchanged; receipts 12,414. Cheese firm, unchanged; receipts 4,118. Eggs liregular; receipts 25,056. State and Pennsylvania and nearby mixed, extra, 18½@19c; western storage, firsts, 18¾@1⅞; southerns, 18@18c.

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., seventy-fifth meridian time, Tuesday, May 9, 1905.

Stations	Temperature. Max*	Mint	Rainfall inches and hundredths
Alexandria	Cloudy	56	34	.0
Campbell	Cloudy	52	36	.0
Crookston	Cloudy	50	34	.0
Detroit City	Cloudy	52	38	.0
Grand Meadows	Cloudy	54	38	.0
Minneapolis	Cloudy	54	38	.0
Montevideo	Raining	54	38	.18
New Ulm	Raining	66	40	.02
Park Rapids	Cloudy	50	32	.0
Winnebago City	Raining	56	40	.14
Worthington	Raining	56	34	.30
Devils Lake	Cloudy	56	32	.0
Langdon	Cloudy	46	32	.0
Larimore	Cloudy	48	30	.0
Lisbon	Cloudy	50	34	.0
Pembina	Clear	54	32	.0
Aberdeen	Raining	52	40	.40
Millbank	Raining	54	34	T
Mitchell	Raining	56	36	.20
Redfield	Raining	54	32	.52
Amenia	Cloudy	50	34	.0
Bismarck	Snowing	50	32	.18
Duluth	Cloudy	54	32	.0
Huron	Raining	54	40	.58
La Crosse	Cloudy	54	36	.0
Moorhead	Cloudy	50	34	.0
Pierre	Cloudy	56	38	.64
St. Paul	Cloudy	56	38	.0
Winnipeg	Clear	50	32	.0

REMARKS.

Showers fell over portions of all districts. Frosts occurred this morning in the Lake Region. Cool weather continued in the Northwest.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

T. indicates inappreciable rainfall. *For yesterday. †For twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., Seventy-fifth meridian time.

Note.—The average maximum and minimum temperatures and the average rainfall are made up at each center from the actual number of reports received. The "state of weather" is that prevailing at time of observation.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, May 9.—Cattle—Receipts, 5,000; steady; good to prime steers, $5.50@6.75; poor to medium, $4.50@5.25; stockers and feeders, $2.50@5.10; cows, $1.50@5.25; heifers, $2@5.50; canners, $1.50@2.50; bulls, $2.75@4.75; calves, $3@6.50. Hogs—Receipts, 22,000; tomorrow, 33,000; market steady to 5c lower; mixed and butchers, $5.40@5.80; good to choice heavy, $5.40@5.52½; rough heavy, $5.30@5.40; light, $5.30@5.45; bulk of sales, $5.35@5.45. Sheep—Receipts, 18,000; sheep and lambs, steady; good to choice wethers, $4.50@5.10; fair to choice mixed, $4.10@4.50; western sheep, $4@5.05; native lambs, $4.75@6; western lambs, $5.10@7.50.

LONDON BROKER FAILS.

London, May 9.—The failure of E. C. Hawkins, a stockholder, was announced on the stock exchange today. He was long about 40,000 shares of stock, principally Missouri Pacific, Union Pacific, Ontario & Western, United States Steel and Mexicans. Mr. Hawkins' liabilities are estimated at from $250,000 to $300,000. A number of small jobbers are involved.

ADVANCE IN STOCKS

Clearing of Political Atmosphere Abroad Caused Rally.

Four-Point Rise In Northern Pacific Was Partly Lost.

New York, May 9.—The clearing of the political atmosphere abroad opened the way to a vigorous rally in prices on the opening dealings in stocks here. Gains of a large fraction were the rule, and in a number of the internationals and specialties extended to 1 and 1½. There were running sales of 6,000 shares of Union Pacific at 119¼ and 119⅝ against the last sales at 118 last night. New York Central, Atchison, Kansas & Texas preferred, Ontario & Western, Minneapolis, St. Paul & Soo, People's Gas, Colorado Fuel and Rubber Goods rose 1 to 1½.

Prices advanced to about the same extent as they had fallen yesterday in the same interval, but on a considerably less volume of business. In detail the list showed pretty general advances of between 1 and 2 points, with only a few conspicuous exceptions, including the Erie, and United States Steel stocks. Northern Pacific celebrated the anniversary of its corner four years ago by making the largest gain, 3¾. Great Northern preferred, New York Central, Canadian Pacific, Atlantic Coast Line, Tennessee Coal and Rubber Goods rose 1¾. Realizing sales were only effective in spots and the market generally was firm at 11 o'clock.

The demand fell to normal proportions on the advance, but stocks were pressed for sale and gains were held. There was a rise in Southern Pacific of 1⅞, Northwestern 1¾, and United States Rubber preferred and Pump preferred 2. Pennsylvania was heavy and neglected. American Express fell 5 on one sale and rallied 8½ on two succeeding transactions. Toledo, St. Louis & Western fell 1½ and Reading first preferred 1. Bonds were steady at noon.

Minor reactions from the top figures occurred before 1 o'clock but in no case were they in excess of a small fraction. A drop of 2 points in Rock Island preferred on half point stages had little effect on the market.

Little alteration occurred in the character of the dealings in the afternoon. The market was dull to the verge of stagnation and the fluctuations were unimportant. The drift, if anything, favored a higher level and some of the more prominent stocks ruled 2 points or more above yesterday's closing. The United States Rubber Goods stocks gained between 2 and 3 points.

There was a little profit-taking by room traders on the day's rise and a small setback in prices. Great Northern preferred lost 1⅞ of a 4-point rise and American Express about all of a 5-point rise. Southern Pacific fell back 2¾. There was a rise of 3 in General Electric and 2 in Chicago Terminal preferred. Pullman dropped 3 and Sloss-Sheffield Steel 1, and the closing was steady but lifeless.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan & Paine, Webber & Co.: Market closed irregular but on the whole shows quite a little strength. Volume of business shows much smaller than in recent session. The action of the market shows but little change. As we pointed out yesterday the advance still seems to come from short covering. Outside buying demand is flat and it seems something of a startling nature must develop to induce increased demand from this level. The market looks like a sleeping affair, but in special stocks such as Amalgamated and as Amalgamated and Steel preferred, we feel purchases slightly under the present level will not hurt much.

• • •

New York: Intimation comes from good sources that not long after the forthcoming annual meeting of the Kansas City Southern it will be learned that control of the property has passed to J. J. Hill for the Burlington.

• • •

Dick Brothers to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market has been very quiet but decidedly strong today and some gains were scored through the list, the largest being in better class securities. European news was much less in evidence and London was a buyer in this market. There was no other news of importance. The market closed off from the top, but firm in tone.

• • •

Walker Brothers to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market today while very dull and with the smallest transactions in firm some time was very steady and inclined to be strong. There was some good buying in the early trading and some shorts covered. The steadiness continued all day. We look for a dull and inactive market for the present.

Quotations furnished by Edwards-Wood Co., room A, Torrey building.

Stocks—	High	Low	Close
Atchison pfd	101¾	101½	101⅝
do common	83½	82⅞	83½
Smelter common	111⅝	110¾	111½
Amalgamated Copper	81⅝	80¾	81⅛
B. & O. R.	106½	106¼	106½
B. R. T.	60⅞	60	60¼
Can. Pac. Ry.	148½	147⅛	148⅛
C. & O.	48¾	48¼	48½
C. F. I.	44	42¾	43
C. G. W. common	20	19½	19⅞
Erie 1st pfd	78¾	78	78⅛
Erie common	42⅝	42¼	42¼
Illinois Central	158½	158⅛	158⅜
L. & N.	145¼	144¼	144⅜
Mexican Central	21	20⅝	20⅝
Metropolitan Ry.	117¼	116	116⅜
Missouri Pacific	96½	96	96¼
Manhattan	164⅞	163¾	164⅞
Norfolk & Western	77	76⅛	77
N. Y. C.	143⅝	141⅝	142¾
O. & W.	48⅝	47⅞	48¼
People's Gas	103¼	101⅝	101⅝
Pacific Mail	36	36	36
Penn. Ry.	138¼	134½	135
Rock Island common	28¼	27⅞	28⅛
Rock Island, pfd	74½	72½	73
Reading, com	92⅝	91¾	91⅝
R. I. & S., pfd	73	73	73
R. I. & S., com	18⅛	17¼	17⅜
Rubber, com	40	38¼	39¼
St. Paul	172¼	170⅝	171⅝
Sugar	134½	133⅝	134
Southern Railway, com	30⅝	30	30¼
Southern Pacific	62½	59⅝	60
Soo, com	116¼	115⅝	115⅝
Tenn. Coal & Iron	80¾	79	80¼
Texas Pacific	32	31¾	32
U. S. Steel, pfd	99¼	98¾	98⅞
U. S. Steel, com	31½	30⅞	31¼
Union Pacific, com	120⅝	119⅛	119¾
Wis. Central, com	20¾	20¾	20¾
Wis. Central, pfd	46½	46	46
Western Union	93¼	93	93
Wabash, com	19⅝	19	19
Wabash, pfd	40¾	40⅜	40⅜
Twin City R. T.	110¼	108¾	110½
U. S. S. & A., com	12½	12⅛	12½
Northern Pacific	185¾	181⅞	183⅛

The total sales were 540,000 shares.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 328 West Superior street:

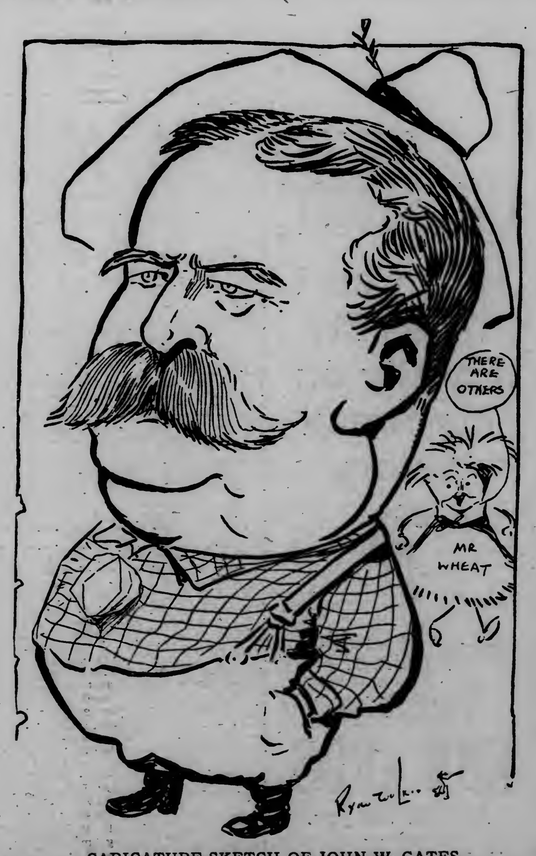
	Bid.	Asked.
Amalgamated	81	81¼
Adventure	3¾	4
Atlantic	12½	13
Arcadian	19¾	20
Arcadian	1	1½
Elm River	2	2½
Bingham	30	30½
Copper Range	71	71½
Centennial	18	18½
Calumet and Hecla	641	643
Calumet and Arizona		100
Calumet and Pittsburg	27	30
C. and Pittsburg	25	28
Isle Royale	20½	20¾
Mass	8	8½
Michigan	11¼	11½
Mohawk	48½	49¼
Mayflower	75c	1.00
Mercur Con	60c	75c
National	1	1½
Old Colony	1	1½
Old Dominion	23½	24½
Osceola	91½	92
Phoenix	1½	
Parrott	24	25
Quincy	85	88
Rhode Island	1½	2
Santa Fe	1½	2
Franklin	8	8¼
Tamarack	115	120
Trinity	7½	8⅛
Utah	42½	43
U. S. Mining	30¾	31
Victoria	3½	4
Wolverine	107	107½
Wyandot	1½	1¾
Winona	10¼	10⅜
Daly West	12½	13¼
Greene Cons	26	26½
Pitts. and Duluth, f pd	20	
Pitts. and Duluth, $8 pd		19
Union Land	3	3½
Junction		70
Black Mountain		3.10
Granby	5½	5⅝
Chiricahua		50
North Butte	19	

COPPER GOSSIP.

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: The general market today showed more strength all through the list. A few scattering buying orders at the opening found the market practically bare of stocks and prices were advanced about a point. After this little rally things became extremely dull but prices held up well. On any further rally we think stocks should be sold for a turn.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, May 9.—Money on call, steady; 2½@3 per cent; closing bid, 2; offered at 2¾ per cent. Time money very easy; sixty days, 3¼ per cent; ninety days and six months, 3½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 3¾@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange, easy, then steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.86.65@70 for demand, and at $4.84.50@55 for sixty days; posted rates, $4.85½ and $4.87½; commercial bills, $4.84¾. Bar silver, 67½c. Mexican dollars, 44c. Government bonds,



CARICATURE SKETCH OF JOHN W. GATES.

John W. Gates, the spectacular speculator. Mr. Gates' address is no longer at Wheat Corners, U. S. A.

Marine.

RELEASED BY TUG

Steamer Rend Said to Have Been Pulled Off Island.

Old Hadley May Not Yet Have Been Disposed of.

A dispatch has been received here from Marquette with the report that the steamer W. P. Rend, formerly the Hadley, has been pulled off Manitou island, where she was stranded, by the wrecking tug Favorite. It is also said that she is on her way to Duluth. Nothing further has been heard of her here, but she may show up tonight or tomorrow. The Rend may have some fight in her yet. The dispatch says nothing as to the extent of her injuries.

WAITING FOR WEATHER.

The number of departures today is not very large for two reasons—first, that there are not a very great many ships in the harbor and for the further reason that some of them are waiting for weather. There is no particular hurry for them to reach lower ports and as the weather today is disturbed with a northeaster they can just as well wait.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, May 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Saunders, 11 Monday night; Wyoming, Wisconsin, 2 Tuesday morning; Cort, Marsula, 2:30; Pioneer, Chattanooga, 4; Clarke, 5; India, C. H. Green, Our Son, Genoa, 9; Turret Chief, 10. Down: C. M. Warner, 10 Monday night; John Owen, 11; Peshtigo, Fryer, midnight; L. C. Smith, Angeline, 1:30 Thursday morning; Davidson, Western Star, 4; Monkshaven, 5; Myron, Delaware, Jenness, 7; Etruria, 7:30; Ralph, Connelly Bros., Harold, Pontiac, 8; Morse, 8:30; Madagascar, 9; Street, Losen, Godfrey, 10; Gayley, Langell, Interlaken, Arenac, Moore, 10:40.

Up yesterday: Mathews, 11:30 a. m.; Reed, 1 p. m.; Huronic, Craig, Reynolds, 2; Holden, 3; Buffalo, 4; Gettysburg, Masaba, Colonel, 6; Marina, North Wind, 6; Panay, 7:30. Down: Brower, New Gratwick, Aurania, Pope, noon; Ball Brothers, 12:30 p. m.; Holland, Keith, Cahoon, Buckhout, Woodruff, Alabascar, Walter Scranton, Nelson, Shaw, Turret Cape, 2:30; Ireland, 3:20; Pridgeon, Bay City, Bath, 4; Augustus Wolvin, 5:30; Reir, 6; Saturn, Fayette Brown, Mahoning, 6:30.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, May 9.—(Special to The Herald.) —Up: W. L. Brown, 9:40 Monday night; Mauch Chunk, 10:50; Alaska, 11:20; Mataafa, 12:20 Tuesday morning; Vulvan, Briton, 3:30; Tampa, 4; Parnell, 6:30; Oliver, Case, Venus, 6:30. Down: Parnell, Sawyer and barges, 9:40 Monday night; John Eddy, Pennington, 10:30; Clarion, 10:50; Vermillion, 11:15; Mather, Hand, 11:50; Tempest and barges, 12:30 Tuesday morning; Squires, 12:40; oil barge, Lutz, 1; Pueblo, 3; Maruba, 4; Imperial, 4:40; Corsica and whaleback, 6.

Up: Appomattox, Santiago, 8:15; Samoa, Eber Ward, 9; La Salle, 10:30. Down: Black, Lucy Neff, 9:15; Lake Shore, 9:20; Naples, Neptune, 9:40; Lindsay, Wall, 10.

Up yesterday: Bransford, 1 p. m.; Ford River, 1:50; Berlin, Aurora, arrived, 2:20; Moses Taylor, 3:30; Grecian, 4; Joliet, 6:50; Mueller, cleared, 8:40. Down: Lewiston, 11:20 a. m.; Norseman, 11:40; Hall, Flint, 1 p. m.; Tower, Rand, 3:40; Mary, cleared, Black Rock, 4; Massachusetts, L. C. Waldo, Crescent City, 4:40; Superior City, Admiral, Bessemer, Carrington, Saxona, 5; Emerald, William Palmer, Eads, Nasmyth, 6:30; New Mount, Flagg, Warriner, 7; Nyanza, 7:40; Sultana, Wade, 8:40; Sicken and barges, 9.

MORE DEMAND FOR BOATS.

Chicago, May 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—The demand for vessels in the grain trade was materially improved today, and several were placed at 1 cent for corn and 1½ cents for wheat to Buffalo. No attempt was made to advance rates, as all-rail competition is present on every cargo shipped. The Eastern roads are eager for grain, and vesselmen have to meet the sharpest competition for years in securing cargoes.

THE SCRANTON ASHORE.

Houghton, May 9.—(Special to The Herald.)—The steamer Scranton is aground on a sandbar in Portage lake, east of the Portage Coal and Dock company's landing. The steamer has 3,000 tons of coal, which is being lightered. She will probably be released by tonight.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Cleveland—Arrived: Manchester, Maryland, Mont Eagle, Gratwick, Argo, Yakima, Majestic, Colonial, Jones. Cleared, coal: Vulcan, Duluth; Hattie Wells, Detour. Light: Penobscot, Schuck, Ogdebaz, Duluth.

Lorain—Cleared, light: Bransford, Reed, Duluth.

Fairport—Arrived: Argonaut. Cleared, light: Oliver, Duluth; Charles Eddy, Marquette.

Ashtabula—Arrived: Thompson, Neosho, Elphicke, Saxona, Iron Cliff. Cleared, light: Antrim, Warner, Widlar, Capt. Wilson, Duluth.

Conneaut—Arrived: Louisiana.

Huron—Cleared, coal: Tecumseh, Owen Sound.

South Chicago—Cleared, merchandise: Arthur Orr, Depot Harbor. Light: Gladstone, Ravenscraig, Escanaba; Vega, Buffalo; Manila, Rensselaer, Zenith City, Superior.

Racine—Arrived: Buell.

Green Bay—Cleared: Niagara, Duluth.

Waukegan—Arrived: Alcona, Beatty.

Port Huron—Arrived: Monarch. Cleared: Newmount, light, Cleveland; Howland, Alpena, Lutz, oil barge, Cleveland.

Erie—Arrived: Heffelfinger, Corning, Pratt. Cleared, coal: Yukon, Chicago; Robbins, Duluth. Light: Senator, Superior; Mason, Buffalo.

Toledo—Arrived: Algeria, Delta, Volunteer, Amazastone. Cleared, coal: Lilly, Mount Clemens. Light: Choctaw, Cleveland.

Two Harbors—Arrived: Maleitoa, Martha, Osborne, Sill, 117, 132, Yuma; Cleared

ADDITIONAL WANTS.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

YOUNG LADY STENOGRAPHER, WITH three years experience, would like position. Highest reference furnished. Address A. X., Herald.

YOUNG LADY EXPERT STENOGRAPHER, wants position. Best of reference furnished. B. B., Herald.

WOMAN WANTS WORK BY THE DAY. Call or address E. L., 412 South Lake avenue.

WANTED—WASHING OR CLEANING. 29 First avenue west. Mrs. Jones. Zenith 1218-D.

WANTED—POSITION BY YOUNG LADY stenographer. Has had experience in bookkeeping. B. K. M. Herald.

WANTED — BY AN EXPERIENCED lady stenographer—a position. Law office preferred. C 68, Herald.

WANTED — WORK BY THE DAY, washing, ironing and cleaning. C 70, Herald.

WANTED—BY YOUNG GIRL, A PLACE to board and room; private family; will help mornings and evenings. Address C 73, Herald.

WANTED — MAN AND WIFE WOULD like to engage with some railroad company; woman to cook for section crew; man, section work or work in cedar camp. O 34, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS PLAIN SEWING OR any day work; housecleaning. C 67, Herald.

WANTED—PLAIN SEWING BY SEAMstress; will go out or take work home. 2809 West Third street.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

WANTED — POSITION IN CLERICAL capacity, young man, 27, experienced in general office work; Remington operator, window card writer, etc. Address O 36, Herald.

WANTED — POSITION BY YOUNG man in gents' furnishing or retail shoe house. Experienced; references. C 64, Herald.

A BRIGHT, ACTIVE BOY, 15 YEARS OF age, would like to get a position with some railroad company; can furnish good references. O 32, Herald.

EMPLOYERS FURNISHED WITH competent male help free. Apply Employment department, Y. M. C. A. Both phones, 390.

ACCOUNTS AUDITED BY THOROUGH accountant. All business confidential. Address H H., care Herald.

FARM LANDS.

FOR SALE—THE PERRAULT FARM, three miles north of Lester Park; 80 acres or smaller tracts—cultivated land—suitable buildings, running water. Call 218 Torrey building.

FOR SALE — 40-ACRE IMPROVED farm at Missabe Station, D. & I. R. all cleared. House, store, barn and outbuildings; thirty tons of hay and a large amount of vegetables and other crops raised last year. William C. Sargent & Co., 106 Providence bldg.

FARM LANDS AND FARM LOANS. John Q. A. Crosby, 209 Palladio Bldg.

FOR RENT—STORES.

BASEMENT AND DESK ROOM AT No. 325 West Michigan street. George L. Tupper, 18 West Michigan street.

FOR RENT—STORE AT 32 EAST SECond street. Rooms at 15 Lake avenue north. Inquire M. Norris, 112 East Third street.

FOR RENT — STRICTLY MODERN stores on First street, near Wolvin building, ready to occupy June 1st, $25 per month, including heat and water. 205 Lyceum.

FOR RENT — STORE, CORNER FIRST street and Fifth avenue west. Inquire Hotel McKay office.

FURNITURE MOVING.

PIANOS A SPECIALTY. NEW PHONE 1322, or Duluth Music Co. W. Flett.

UPHOLSTERY.

C. F. FORSELL, PRACTICAL UPHOLsterer. Shop 338 E. Sup. St. Zenith, 949.

CHAIR CANING AND GENERAL REpairing. Goods called for and delivered. J. Underwood, new phone 1703.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—BLACK PURSE, CONTAINING over $1.00, a pass to Two Harbors and cards for Mrs. A. E. Breed. Leave at Herald office.

FOUND—SETTER DOG. PARTY OWNing and describing dog and paying expenses, can have same by calling at 2012 West Fifth street, Duluth. C. D. Pattinson.

LOST—SUNDAY MORNING, WHITE French poodle. Finder return same to 15 West Fifth street and receive reward.

STRAYED OR STOLEN ON EASTER Sunday, one sorrel horse, age 8 years; mane cut; white hind feet, and dark brown horse, 12 years old. Liberal reward. Notify Sparta Livery, Sparta, Minn.

LOST — FRIDAY NIGHT, GENTS' watch, open face, silver case. Elgin movement, on Sixth avenue east, between Third and Fifth street. Finder leave at 311 Lyceum for reward.

LOST—LADY'S BROOCH PIN, PANSY pattern, with diamond in center. Finder will be rewarded by leaving at 205 South Sixteenth avenue east.

NOTICE.

THE RING-ROSE CLEANING ESTABlishment has opened a branch at 18 Third avenue west, under Northern Electric Co. We do cleaning, dyeing and repairing. Moderate prices.

PAINTING, PAPERHANGING.

C. GILL, PAINTER AND PAPERhanger, 927 West Michigan street. Zenith 'phone 1518-X. Call and see him.

CIVIL ENGINEERS.

DULUTH ENGINEERING CO.—W. B. Patton, Mgr., 613 Palladio bldg. Specifications prepared and construction superintended for waterworks, sewers, etc.

$950 Six large rooms, good well, barn in good condition. Large lot, $200 cash, good location, West end.

$700 Nice little home two blocks from street car. West end.

$1000 Five room, barn, out houses, good well, lot 50x140 feet. Central, West end.

$1100 Eight rooms, city water, between Second and Third street, West end.

$2500 Seven-rooms, stone foundation full basement, water, sewer, etc. House almost new, choicest location, West end.

$1400 Seven rooms, water up and down stairs for two families, West end.

T. G. VAUGHAN,
400 Lonsdale Bldg. Phone 789.

$10,000
TO LOAN
On real estate at the lowest rates.
PULFORD, HOW & CO.
309 Exchange Bldg.

First Street
50-foot lot close to Lake Ave.,
$10,000
For a few days only.
BEST BARGAIN IN THE CITY.
R.B. Knox & Co
1 Exchange Bldg.

Lot on London Road, Lakeside
Very cheap. 100 x 300 feet, extending to lake side.

LARGE LIST OF LAKESIDE LOTS. CHOICE EAST END LOTS.

E. W. Markell,
306 Lonsdale Building.

$5500 For choice corner lot and residence down town, within walking distance. $800 for desirable lot on Fifth street, this side of Normal school. $300 for fine lot on Jefferson street.

COOLEY & UNDERHILL Exchange Building.

$7000 Improved corner, 3 houses, excellent investment. East Third street.

$2100 50-foot lot on East Fifth street.

$700 50-foot corner near Third street and Twenty-ninth avenue west.

$1000 50-foot corner lot on East Superior street.

11½ Acres on Hermantown road. All cleared. Ready for gardening purposes.

A. H. W. ECKSTEIN
Real Estate, Insurance and Loans.
300 Exchange Building. Zenith Phone 338.

For Sale
$1600
Will buy 40 feet on Second street, near Fifteenth avenue east.

$7500
Will buy 100x140 feet, corner Fourth street and Third avenue east. Rents $75 per month.

$1400
Will buy a new cottage, bath, gas, city water and sewer connections. Monthly payments.

5% Money to Loan 5%

JULIUS D. HOWARD & CO.,
Real Estate—Loans—Insurance.
216 West Superior Street.

WE MAKE
REAL ESTATE LOANS
THAT MAKE SATISFIED CUSTOMERS.
It will pay you to investigate our methods before borrowing.
R. M. NEWPORT 302 Lonsdale Bldg. F. I. Salter, Agent

FOR SALE.
Corner Lot 15th Avenue East and Jefferson Street—
$1500
Houses and Flats for Rent.
Mendenhall & Hoopes
208 First National Bank Building.

SPECIAL OFFERINGS:

$1700 On Seventh street near Tenth avenue east. Seven-room house, water, sewer, gas, cellar, new post foundation. In good condition. Lot 25x140.

$4500 1021 East Second street. Eight-room house, water, bath. Lot has frontage of 75 feet on Second street and depth of 140 feet. Will sell lot separately, $1,100.

$1300 2315 West Tenth street. Two story frame house, big cellar. Good well, lot 50x125.

$1700 402 Fifty-eighth avenue west, eight rooms, water, sewer, electric lights, hardwood floors. Easy terms.

Send for booklet giving special offerings of houses and lots in all sections.

N. J. UPHAM CO.,
400 Burrows Building.

$3500 Will buy a seven-room house with modern bath room, located in the Normal school district on a street with all improvements made and paid for. House is finished in hardwood down stairs, has hardwood floors throughout, a concrete foundation, and is in the best of condition. Size of lot 50x140.

WHITNEY WALL.
REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE.
Main Floor Palladio Building.

LANDS

The market gardener or general produce farmer located near Superior and Duluth can make eight times more profit than the Southern Wisconsin, Minnesota or Iowa farmer.

And We Can Prove It

But of course he must have the best land in the locality.

After you have seen the other fellow's land—all of it—let us show you ours. No stone, sand, etc., $5.00 per acre up, $1.00 per acre down, balance to suit—75,000 acres.

Several fine locations for market gardener.

Ernest A. Arnold Land Co.,
SUPERIOR, WIS.

McComber Is Selling Out

5 lots, 50x150 feet on Fifth street, sewer and water. $1,000 each.

3 lots on Fifteenth avenue east, 50x150, sewer, gas, water and graded avenue. $1,200 each.

6 lots on Sixteenth avenue east, gas and water, 25x125 feet each. $500.

6 lots on Sixth street, 25x150 feet each, gas and water. $450 each.

3 lots on Sixth street, 50x150 feet, gas and water. $900 each.

3 lots on Seventeenth avenue east, 50x100 feet. $800 each.

2 lots, 75 feet on Grand avenue, 175 on Main street and 50 feet on Sixty-third avenue west, West Duluth. $500 each.

10 room house on Huron street, Twenty-seventh avenue west, street graded, sewer, water and gas. Rents $25 per month.

2 houses on Third street, modern, this property cost $6,300, rents $40 per month. Price $3,500.

1 lot on Michigan street, Twenty-seventh avenue west, $1,500.

Any of the above property will be sold on long time and easy payments. Call at 1531 East Fifth street or 1522 East Sixth street.

WE LEND MONEY!
Lowest rates, easy terms. We make all kinds of building loans, as you need the money. We issue BONDS and write
FIRE INSURANCE.
COOLEY & UNDERHILL
208 EXCHANGE BUILDING.

BUILDING LOANS!
WE LOAN MONEY for the construction of substantial buildings and dwellings. TELL US WHAT YOU NEED. Reasonable terms, prompt service.
We loan for insurance and trust companies.
O. C. Hartman & Co.,
209-210-211 EXCHANGE BUILDING.

$250 each for fine lots on Fifty-ninth avenue, West Duluth, near street car line.

$500 for a Grand avenue lot, north side, between Fifty-eighth and Fifty-ninth avenues.

$1500 for two Grand avenue lots, near Central.

$160 will buy eight lots in Superior View, East end, 25x125 each.

$2200 for lot 25x140 on West Third street, near Twentieth avenue, with two houses, 5 and 6 rooms, good condition, water and sewer available. Good home and one to rent.

$550 for lot on West Second street, near Seventeenth avenue. Water and sewer available. Size 55x55.

40 acres sc¼ of ne¼ section 2-59-15, for sale cheap. Is about six miles from Superior street. Make an offer.

D. W. SCOTT,
10 Mesaba Block.

9-Room House
Near Fourth avenue east and Fifth street, with stone foundation—furnace heat, water, sewer and bath. Price very reasonable.
See our list of East End houses before buying.
G. G. Dickerman & Co.
Phone 201. Alworth Building.

$625 Comfortable house, six rooms, easy terms, Duluth Heights.

$800 Fourth avenue west and Fourth street, 28x70 feet of ground. Splendid central location for house or flats.

$1050 Lot on Fourth street between Eighth and Ninth avenues east.

$1500 Seven-room house, stone foundation, cement cellar. Cost $1,700; on East Eighth street.

$2400 Seven-room house, Nineteenth avenue east, near London road—stone foundation, hardwood floors, water, sewer, etc. A fine home on easy terms.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.,
Real Estate—Mortgage Loans—Insurance.
220 West Superior Street.

STOP RENTING.
The Athena Building Co. is now prepared to build you a house according to your own plans and will let you pay for it in monthly installments. Stop paying rent and apply this money on your own property.
S. S. WILLIAMSON, Manager,
615 Torrey Building.

Wm. Schupp
Insurance and Bonds.
Lonsdale Building. Ground Floor.
Telephone No. 207.

Superior St. Lot $7500
In business district .....
First Street Lot $6500
With new brick building ....
J. T. DUNPHY, 517 Burrows Building.

$5000 takes finest 150-foot corner on East Second street, in swellest district.

Make us an offer of 425 Ninth avenue East. We will sell this at a bargain.

A. C. VOLK & CO.

Two Good Bargains.

10 acres on street car line, one mile from Spalding Hotel— at half value **$2100**

50 feet on Fourth street near Normal school **$9.50**

RICHARDSON, DAY & CO.

NORTHWESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. †Ex. Sunday	Arrive Duluth
*8:40 a.m	St. Paul. Minneapolis	†3:25 p.m
*4:00 p.m	Twilight Limited	*8:45 p.m
*5:30 p.m	Chicago, Milwaukee	*11:10 a.m
*5:30 p.m	Appleton	*11:10 a.m
*5:30 p.m	Oshkosh, Fond-du Lac.	*11:10 a.m
*5:30 p.m	FAST MAIL	*11:10 a.m

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY

Leave		Arrive
* 4:00 p.m	Ashland and East	*11:15 a.m
† 8:00 a.m	Ashland and East	† 7:10 p.m
* 7:30 p.m	Minn. and Dakota Express	* 7:55 a.m
* 8:40 a.m	North Coast Limited	* 4:55 p.m
Leave	"Duluth Short Line."	Arrive
† 9:00 a.m	ST. PAUL	* 6:30 a.m
* 1:55 p.m	MINNEAPOLIS	† 2:10 p.m
*11:10 p.m		7:00 p.m

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.

THE GREAT NORTHERN.

Leave		Arrive
† 6:20 a.m	ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS	† 9:25 p.m
* 3:45 p.m		* 2:00 p.m
*11:15 p.m		* 6:10 a.m
* 9:30 a.m	Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana and Coast,	* 6:30 p.m
* 8:15 p.m	Swan River, Hibbing, Virginia	* 7:10 a.m
† 2:20 p.m	St. Cloud, Wilmar and Soo City	†12:20 p.m
† 6:20 a.m		† 9:25 p.m

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday
Twin City sleepers ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding Hotel

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

City Ticket Office, 432 Spalding Hotel Block. Bell 'Phone 44
All trains arrive and depart from Union Depot.

*6:20 p.m. Lv. North Country Mail. Ar. *8:55a.m
All Points East.
†7:45a.m. Lv. LOCAL Ar. †8:40p.m
Marquette and Copper Country.

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS	M.	P.M.
7:30	3:15	Lv. Duluth Ar	12:00	7:25
11:25	7:05	Ar. Virginia Lv	8:10	3:30
11:30	7:10	Ar. Eveleth Lv	8:00	3:30
11:55	7:45	Ar. Ely Lv	7:30	3:00
A.M.	P.M.	Daily, except Sundays.	A.M.	P.M

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY

P.M.	A.M.	STATIONS	A.M.	P.M.
3:50	7:40	Lv. Duluth Ar	10:30	3:40
4:05	7:55	Lv. 57th Av. W. Lv	10:15	3:25
4:20	8:15	Lv. Proctor Lv	10:00	3:10
6:13	10:12	Ar. Ir'n J'nct'n Lv	8:01	1:13
	10:40	Ar. M't'n. Iron. Lv		12:20
7:07	10:35	Ar. Virginia Lv	6:55	12:50
6:33	10:29	Ar. Eveleth Lv	7:42	12:57
	10:56	Ar. Sparta Lv		12:34
	11:20	Ar. Biwabik Lv		12:12
6:54	11:05	Ar. Hibbing Lv	7:15	12:27

Daily except Sunday.
Morning train from Duluth makes direct connection at Rainy Junction with D. V. & R. L. Ry. for Ashawa and points north of Virginia.

Hotel Superior,
Superior, Wis.
Largest and finest Hotel of the city. Bus meets all trains.
American Plan $2.00 to $3.50.
European Plan $1.00 Up.

New Building. New Equipment.
RATES—$2.00 AND $2.50.
Hotel McKay
Cor. First St. and Fifth Ave. W., Duluth.

COOK'S HOTEL
New Building.
Modern in Every Particular.
Julius Cook, Mgr. 210-212 W. Sup. St

Western Hotel
Jos. C. Andre, Prop. $1.00 per day. Special rates to those boarding by the week. Choice wines, liquors and cigars. Telephones: Long distance, 723-M; Zenith, 1345. 730-732 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn.

HOTEL LENOX
Most thoroughly equipped in the Northwest. Sanitation perfect. European, $1.00 and up. American, $2.00 and up.

BABIES WANDER

From Home and One Is Found Dead.

New York, May 9.—Frank Levine and Samuel Marks, 3 and 4 years old respectively, ran away from their homes in Port Chester Saturday to gather wild flowers and hunt squirrels in the woods. Today the body of Levine was found floating in Byram river three miles from Port Chester, while the Marks bay was found exhausted, lying under a big bowlder.

For hours the police had been searching for the missing lads, while their parents and relatives were scouring the neighborhood, is it was first feared the little fellows had been kidnaped. When the Marks boy was found he was lying beneath a large bowlder with his sweater pulled over his eyes to keep away mosquitoes hovering about his head.

When asked where Levine was he said he did not know, as they had been lost in the woods and had separated. For twelve hours they had wandered about alone.

"I'se got awfully tired walking," said Samuel. "So I'se had to lie right down and sleep. I'se didn't know what became of Frankie, and I felt awfully lonesome and was afraid the bogy man would carry me off."

The body of the Levine boy was found lying face downward in only a foot of water.

SAW A FLOATING MINE.

San Francisco, May 9.—The trading schooner Trenton, just arrived here from the Marshall islands, reports sighting a floating mine adrift on April 21 in latitude 37 deg. 21 minutes north and longitude 169 deg. west.

TOOK THEIR LIVES IN THEIR HANDS

Hibbing Rioters Carried Own Lives In Their Hands.

Grand Jury Roasts Former Administration Village of Hibbing.

The blame for the killing of two men during the Hibbing strike falls on no person but the men themselves. Such, in substance, is the opinion of the grand jury, which has been in session for a week, and which completed its labors this noon.

The jury spent some time examining into the strike case, and found that it would be impossible to fix the actual shooting which killed the two men on any particular persons. The grand jury also held that when men participate in a riot, and attempt to keep others from work by threats or acts of violence, they carry their lives in their hands, and might better keep within the law.

This report, which the grand jury returned with several secret indictments, previous to being thanked and discharged by the court, also contained a warm roast for the village officials of Hibbing, who were in office for the term previous to March 15 last, for the slack and unbusiness-like manner in which the financial affairs of the village were handled, particularly in the office of the village recorder, and claims that the general financial affairs of the village during the past administration seems to have been carried on by the village officials in total disregard of the rights of the people and the interests of good government.

The grand jury condemns a practice on the part of the Hibbing council of giving a bonus in addition to the legal rate of interest to those who cash village orders. It also makes some suggestions as to the advisability of having larger jail quarters for women and a seperate department for juveniles.

The full report of the grand jury is as follows:

"A committee from the grand jury has visited and examined the county jail and found it clean and the prisoners therein confined well cared for. The committee recommends that as soon as practicable steps be taken to provide more adequate quarters for female prisoners, also that a ward be arranged for juvenile prisoners.

"During the investigation of another matter the grand jury has been impressed with the gross carelessness and utter disregard of business methods by the village officials of the village of Hibbing during the administration preceding March 15, 1905. During the preceding ten months the books of the village recorders' office were never balanced, nor in any way checked, nor were any reports made by that official to the village council or to any other officials, although many thousands of dollars were received by that official during that period of time. It appears that no bonds were required of the village recorder or of any of the several men working under him, as is required by law and ordinary careful business methods.

"It also appears that it has been the custom of the village council to monthly pay a bonus to all persons cashing village orders, in addition to the legal rate of interest allowed by law upon such orders. In fact the general financial business of said village during the past administration seems to have been carried on by the officials with utter disregard to the rights of the people and the best interests of good government.

"In accordance with the instructions of the court the grand jury has caused to appear before it several witnesses to give evidence concerning the cause of the death of the two men in the so-called 'Hibbing strike.' After examining several witnesses and continuing our investigation until we were satisfied that further witnesses would disclose nothing new in the matter, we came to the conclusion and belief that it would be impossible to discover the names of the persons who shot the two men. From the evidence adduced before the grand jury this body is of the opinion that the two deceased persons were, at the time they met their death, actively engaged in a riot, in which two or three hundred men were taking part, by throwing stones and missiles and by firing guns and revolvers at citizens peaceably pursuing their lawful callings. We are of the opinion that men who congregate in crowds and try to prevent others from working by making threats of violence and carrying out those threats by throwing stones and other articles of danger, and also by firing guns and revolvers at those who are peaceably at work, are taking their own lives in their hands, and we would advise all such to keep within the law at all times.

"All of which is respectfully submitted. W. B. PATTON,
"Foreman of the Grand Jury."

LAKE OF LAVA MAY EXPLODE

Hawaii Fears a Terrible Catastrophe at Any Hour.

Honolulu, May 9.—The three-mile-long crater of Kilauea, a constantly agitated lake of liquid lava, is showing great activity, and fears are felt that the enormous mass may be thrown into the air by an explosion and overwhelm a part of the island of Hawaii and its 25,000 inhabitants.

The burning lava in the great crater, the largest in the world, is steadily rising. Should the pressure increase there is great danger of a terrific eruption.

Kilauea is the child of Mauna Loa, but has far outgrown its parent in size, although not in the constancy of flow. It is sixteen miles from Mauna Loa and fifteen miles nearer the town of Hilo, whose inhabitants have several times been thrown into a state of terror by the lava flow from Mauna Loa.

Fishermen on the east coast of Hawaii say Kilauea has never presented as grand a sight as in the last few days.

On account of the relative smaller height of Kilauea, an eruption from it might not reach the north coast, but it is feared Mauna Loa, which is 7,000 feet higher and in the center of the island, would be exploded by the eruption of the other and cover the whole island.

Hilo is considered safe from a mere overflow of Kilauea, and it is only an explosive eruption that is feared. The overflows from Kilauea usually go down the south and west slopes and away from Hilo.

In any event, it is likely that the activity now begun will leave its mark on the topography of the island. In one of its overflows 100 years ago Kilauea gave forth 15,000,000,000 cubic feet of rock and lava, changing the formation of the coast for miles.

In one of its later eruptions, that of 1868, Kilauea sent a stream of burning lava sixty miles to the southwest, where it poured a flaming cataract over the cliffs into the sea. In the sea the mass formed a pyramid of lava, which, by later accessions, gradually became attached to the mainland and is now known as Kalae point.

TO GIVE FRENCH PLAYS.

Plan For Stock Company In New York.

New York, May 9.—New York is to have a stock company which will give the latest French plays in English. An association has been formed with a capital of $135,000, nearly all of which has been subscribed. Among those interested are Oakleigh Thorne and William H. Chesebrough. Victor Mapes, a well-known playwright and author, will be the managing director. Two theaters have been offered the association, and several well-known actors have a share in the profits as well as being guaranteed salaries during the season, which will cover at least six months of the year.

It is proposed to conduct the enterprise on the principle responsible for the success of the Lyceum and the Daly companies. An arrangement has been made whereby the Society of French Dramatic Authors agrees to give the use of the Authors agree to give the use of the royalty of 1 per cent of the gross receipts. Klaw & Erlanger have offered to acquire the out-of-town rights for successful plays. All adaptations will be made by American dramatists. It is expected the first performance will be given next October.

CARICATURE SKETCH OF ADMIRAL TOGO.
Admiral Togo, who has helped to create such a large submarine fleet for the Russians.

McKibbin hats
None better made-None better known

What "sterling" is to silver "McKIBBIN" is to hats. Five dollar quality at **$3**
AT LIVE DEALERS

HAVE THEIR TROUBLES

Automobile Owner Tells of Some Experiences He Meets.

A Duluth man who owns an automobile was telling this morning of some of the troubles that beset the man who operates one in Duluth. Duluth people have apparently not quite achieved that metropolitan air that enables them to accept the machines as a matter of course and among some there is a sort of resentment, as though they were a thing only to be tolerated. Some time, of course, they will be looked upon as horses and electric cars are now, but that date has not arrived, as yet, if the tales those who operate them tell are true. The man who was relieving himself of his opinion of people said:

"A day or two ago I was on Superior street, running up the hill at about Twenty-third avenue east, and at a slow gait. Ahead of me was a girl of 12 or 13 years of age on a bicycle. I tooted the horn until she looked around and saw me. Just as I got up close to her she suddenly cut across the front of the machine and turned and laughed at me.

"Now, nothing saved that girl but the fact that automobiles are equipped with brakes that operate very quickly. I threw on the brake and the car stopped just as it was on the point of hitting her wheel. Death or serious injury would certainly have been her lot had it struck her.

"If she had been injured I would have been reviled from one end of the town to the other and probably prosecuted and all the explanations I could have made would have passed for naught. And yet I believe that every man in town who runs a machine could tell of some incident similar to this.

"Let me give another instance of a little different nature. A few nights ago I was coming along Superior street and at the Spalding corner was a woman standing midway between the curb and a street car that was standing there. I tooted the horn a dozen times as I neared the corner, but not an inch did this woman budge. I finally ran the car up until the fender touched her dress and removing my cap asked her as imploringly as I could:

"'Madam, will you please allow me to pass?'

"She sniffed contemptuously and grudgingly gave me room enough to get by."

St. Louis, Mo., and Return $20.55.

May 13 to 22, "The Northwestern Line" will sell excursion tickets to St. Louis, Mo., and return at $20.55. Final limit for return, May 24, 1905, Account National Baptist anniversary. City ticket office, 302 West Superior street.

STEER MAKES

Sad Onslaught on Left-Over Easter Bonnets.

Camden, N. J., May 9.—It wasn't exactly a bull in a china shop, but it was a steer in a dry goods store which created a lot of excitement in South Camden. A big herd of steers from Philadelphia left a Kaighn's Point ferdy boat, and was being driven out Kaighn avenue when a Third street trolley car suddenly flashed on the bunch, which immediately stampeded in all directions. There were many pedestrians on the avenue at the time and they vied with the steers in the general stampede.

Th biggest steer of the lot took to the sidewalk and saw himself reflected in the heavy plate glass window of Philip Overbach's dry good store, at 305 Kaighn avenue. He backed to the curb, then made a dash for the window, which was broken into a thousand pieces. The steer landed in the store and mixed up with millinery goods, left-over Easter hats, ribbons, lingerie, etc.

The animal backed out of the store with a pair of openwork stockings on one horn, a polo hat on the other, and bedecked with enough ribbons to make him look like a prize ox. The big fellow had no sooner reached the sidewalk than he butted his head into an adjoining window and that, too, was shattered.

BLOOD POISON is the worst disease on earth, yet the easiest to cure when you know what to do. Many have pimples, spots on the skin, sores in the mouth, ulcers, falling hair, bone pains, catarrh and don't know it is BLOOD POISON. Send to DR. BROWN, 915 Arch St., Philadelphia, Penn., for BROWN'S BLOOD CURE, $2.00 per bottle; lasts one month. Sold in Duluth only by Max Wirth, 13 W. Sup. St.

We are Agents for
The Minneapolis Heat Regulator
Which will control the temperature in your rooms and regulate the fire in your heater. Scores of them are in use in Duluth with universal success. They pay for themselves in a short time. We also make a specialty of Furnace heating, Roofing and Cornice work.
BURRELL & HARMON,
3 South First Avenue East.
Both phones.

Somebody's Always House-Hunting---and There Is No Wrong Time of Year in Which to Advertise!

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

SHOPPING BY TELEPHONE

	Old Phone	New Phone
MEAT MARKETS—		
B. J. Toben	22	22
Mork Bros.	677-M	189
LAUNDRIES—		
Yale Laundry	479	479
Lutes' Laundry	447	447
DRUGGISTS—		
Boyce	163	163
COAL AND FUEL—		
Ohio Coal Co.	76	76
Finch Fuel Co.	1291	1291
Upham Coal Co.	256	485
FUNERAL DESIGNS—		
Victor Huot	633-R	1370
FLORISTS—		
Seekins & Le Borious	1356	1626
BAKERIES—		
The Bon Ton		1166
SEWING MACHINES—		
ELECTRICAL CONTRACTING—		
Mutual Electric Co.	496	496
RUBBER STAMP WORKS—		
Cons. Stamp & Prtg. Co	702-K	755
FRENCH CLEANING—		
La Rose Dye Works	633-K	1191
PLUMBING AND HEATING—		
McGurin Plumbing & Heating Co.	815	
ICE CREAM—		
Aerial Ice Cream Co.	469-M	1340-Y
DYE WORKS—		
Northwestern Dyeing & Cleaning Co.	285-M	1516

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—NINE-ROOM HOUSE, 529 West Second street. Inquire Stryker, Manley & Buck.

FOR RENT—EIGHT-ROOM, MODERN house, on Second avenue west. Interstate Land & Investment Co., Providence building.

FOR RENT—A FURNISHED MODERN home for the summer, seven rooms, Lakeside. Address X 6, Herald.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED COTTAGE, on Park Point. Inquire 616 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT — SEVEN-ROOM, BRICK dwelling, thoroughly modern; hot water heat, etc., East end. G. G. Dickerman & Co., Alworth building.

FOR RENT—DOUBLE HOUSE—NEW, six rooms each; very comfortable. 119-121 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT—SIX-ROOM HOUSE — MODern conveniences. Apply 814 East Third.

EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE — 833 WEST First street. All modern; rent, $22.

FOR RENT—SIX-ROOM HOUSE WITH bath. 932 West Second street. Immediate possession.

FOR RENT—COTTAGE ON BAY SIDE close to pavilion, Park Point. Old 'phone 1224-K.

FOR RENT — EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE, all modern conveniences, good location, $30 per month. C. H. Graves & Co., No. 102 Torrey bldg., Duluth, Minn.

$2,250—EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE CENTRALly located, near Fourth avenue west. Water, sewer, bath. Terms agreeible. J. W. Shellenberger, 706 Palladio Bldg.

FOR RENT — NINE-ROOM HOUSE IN Park Terrace. Water and heat, $50 per month. 206 Lyceum.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM FLAT, BATH, electric light. 115 West Second street.

FOR RENT — SEVEN-ROOM FLAT, No. 926 East Third street; water and bath, $25.00 per month. Address 120 East Superior street.

FOR RENT — FIVE-ROOM FLAT, 312 South Nineteenth avenue east; also 5-room flat, 328 East First street. N. J. Upham Co.

FOR RENT — SIX-ROOM FLAT IN Park terrace; water and heat, $40 per month. 205 Lyceum.

FOR RENT—FOUR-ROOM FLAT. 2016 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—FINE SIX-ROOM BRICK flat, warm and cozy, central, all hardwood floors. Thomas W. Wahl Co., 201 Exchange building.

FLAT IN ASHTABULA TERRACE. Inquire 302 Lonsdale building.

MEDICAL.

MEN AND WOMEN—VITALIZED, "VIRTUama," is a French mode of treatment that is positively guaranteed to cure impotency and incontinence of urine resulting from indiscretions or debility, gives vitality and vigor to old and middle-aged, restoring the desires, ambitions and aspirations of youth and health, fitting for success and happiness in business; professional, social and married life. $2 a package or 3 for $5. Send your money to nearest druggist. He will deliver you this vitalizer in plain wrapper at your residence prepaid. No one should expect cheaper remedies to rejuvenate them. Don't waste time and money with any others. Druggists supplied by jobbers.

FOR WOMEN ONLY—DR. RAYMOND'S Pills, for delayed periods, absolutely reliable, perfectly safe. No danger, no pain, no interference with work. Relief brought to thousands after everything else failed. Highly recommended by all that have used them. By mail $2.00. Dr. R. G. Raymond Remedy Co., Room 27, 84 Adams street, Chicago, Ill.

LADIES—Dr. La Franco's Compound; safe speedy regulator, 25c, druggists or mail. Booklet free. Dr. La Franco, Phila. Pa.

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE—WE REPRESENT SEVen strong companies. Let us write your insurance. Wm. C. Sargent & Co., 106 Providence Bldg.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST COMpanies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

LEADING MUSIC STORE.

MUSIC and musical merchandise of every description. Edison phonographs and orchestra instruments, pianos and organs. INGVALD WESTGAARD, 7 and 9 First Avenue West.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR, BURrows bldg. Best work. Moderate prices.

CLOTHES BOUGHT.

I BUY all kinds of old clothing; highest prices. G. Shapiro, 721 W. Superior St. Zenith 1582-X.

MINES AND MINING.

R. B. HIGBEE, GERMANIA LIFE building, St. Paul, Minn., dealer in iron lands.

IRON MINES, iron lands, iron leases and mining stock. O. A. Nafe, 407 Torrey.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE.
REAL ESTATE.
$250 will buy Park Point lots; $300 for better ones. I can build you a home. Come and see me.
W. F. LEGGETT,
507 Burrows Building.

AN EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE NEAR Lincoln Park. In good repair. Complete plumbing, electric lights, No. 1 hardwood floors over entire house, with exception of one room. Lot 33 1-3x140 ft. All street improvements paid. Price $2,700. Enquire of S. Morterud, 1931 West Superior street, or at residence, 429 Twenty-sixth avenue west.

FOR SALE—NINE-ROOM HOUSE. 905 West Fourth street.

FOR SALE — FOUR-ROOM COTTAGE and choice lot, near La Fayette Square, Park Point—$800. Wm. C. Sargent & Co., 106 Providence Building.

FOR SALE — FIVE ACRES, ALL cleared and fenced, good house, well and cellar, 700 feet from school and postoffice. F. Frantz, Arnold, Minn.

FOR SALE—FIVE AND TEN-ACRE tracts, close to street car. Easy payments. Send us your address and we will call and see you. W. M. Prindle & Co., 2 Lonsdale building.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Zenith, 536. Duluth Tel. 759-R

MONEY TO LOAN!
WESTERN LOAN CO.,
521 Manhattan Bldg.
Pioneers in the Business. MANAGED BY MEN! Courteous Treatment to All.

$10 to $1,000 on horses, cattle, wagons, pianos, household goods. Salaried people with steady employment can borrow on their plain note. Lowest rates and best terms in the Northwest. No charge for taking application. Everything absolutely confidential.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC.
We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $100. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms, on their plain note, without mortgage, endorsers or publicity. Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.
MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY,
205 Palladio Building.
Phones—New, 883; Old, 636-M.

THE BEST PLACE TO MAKE A SALARY LOAN.
Because: Offices are private.
Because: We loan on personal notes.
Because: All dealings are confidential.
Because: We give actual rebate.
Because: Open Wed. and Sat. evenings.
Because: We give the easiest terms.
Because: We are the
DULUTH FINANCE CO.,
301, Palladio Building.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, diamonds, furs, etc., and all goods of value from $1 to $1,000. We hold all goods one year, even if interest is not paid. The only recognized, reputable pawnsbroker. Established 1887 Keystone Loan and Mercantile Co., 16 West Superior street. Zenith phone 1680-X.

UNION LOAN CO.—Makes loans' buys notes and mortgages. 210 Palladio.

MONEY SUPPLIED TO SALARIED people and others upon their own names, without security; easy payments. Offices in 51 principal cities. Tolmon, 609 Palladio building.

Money to Loan on Watches, Diamonds, Furs, Guns and all articles of value. We have two large fire and burglar proof safes. All business strictly confidential. The only up-to-date and reliable place in the city to transact your business. Give us a trial. Crescent Brokers, 413½ West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE security in sums from $300 up. Any amount—no delay—all privileges—5, 5½, 6 per cent. Let us know what you need. William C. Sargent & Co., 106 Providence building.

FOR SALE—HORSES.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN, Midway Horse Market, St. Paul, have the largest assortment of horses in the entire Northwest. Auction every Wednesday at 2 o'clock. Private sales daily. Part time given.

FOR SALE — ONE HORSE, SINGLE dray, double harness. A. N. Wilson, Thirty-seventh avenue east and Dingwall street. Zenith phone 6088.

DRIVING HORSE, HARNESS AND two-seated buggy at a bargain if taken at once. C 74 Herald.

FOR SALE — ACCLIMATED, FINE draft and general purpose horses; 70 to 100 head always on hand. Stone-Ordean-Wells company.

FOR SALE—COWS.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD FRESH MILCH cows. Will sell or exchange for fat cattle. E. Carlson, Twenty-second avenue west and Twelfth street. Zenith 1654-D.

COW FOR SALE—JERSEY, 2 YEARS old, fresh about May 10th. Will P. Hicken, 4627 Cooke street, Lakeside.

S. M. KANER WILL ARRIVE WITH a carload of fresh milch cows Wednesday, May 10. Some full-blooded Jerseys in the lot. 1219 East Seventh street. Zenith phone 1387.

A CARLOAD OF FRESH MILCH COWS just arrived, will exchange for fat cattle. 821 Fourth Ave. E. L. Polinsky.

Cows—74th Ave. W., bay front. A. Smith.

TYPEWRITERS.

MINIMUM OF REPAIRS, MAXIMUM of sales; they go together with the Remington. Remington Typewriter Co., New York and everywhere.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED BREAKFASTS AND SIX o'clock dinners near French & Bassett Flats. X 8 Herald.

ROOFING and CORNICE WORKS.

SKYLIGHTS, GUTTERS, SPOUTing, smoke stacks, steel ceilings and general jobbing. Hot air heating. Estimates furnished. Zenith phone 1551. Star Roofing and Cornice Works, Louis Landahl, proprietor, 209-211 Lake avenue south.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSEN, GRADUATE MIDwife; female complaints. 413 Seventh avenue east. Old 'phone 865; Zenith 1225.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE — SHAFTING, HANGERS, pulleys. Seipel & Huntley, printers, 220 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—BRICK HOUSE AT LAKEside, six rooms, with bath and toilet; stone foundation; price $2,300; only $1,100 cash. Inquire of owner, No. 5725 Oneida street.

FOR SALE — PRACTICALLY BRAND new Smith-Premier typewriter. Reasonable for cash. O 26, Herald.

BARGAIN—$400 CASH TAKES COMplete rooming house on Superior street; fine location for man and wife. C 95, Herald.

FOR SALE—GO-CART, GOOD AS NEW. Call afternoons or evenings, 312 East Fifth street.

FOR SALE, CHEAP—1904 CYPHERS INcubator; capacity 220. Address O 35, Herald.

PIANO BARGAINS THIS WEEK — right piano, $235; $425 new upright piano, Hadman square piano $45.00; $350 now up-$269; $600 new upright piano, $300. Above three new upright pianos have been shipped as samples to be closed at wholesale cost. Korby Piano Co., 201 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—SECOND-HAND BUGGY—cheap. 114-116 West Superior street.

FISHING TACKLE, BICYCLE SUNdries and baseball goods. Prices to meet all kinds of competition. J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

FOR SALE CHEAP—MESABA STEEL Range in first-class condition with water front. Call 519 Fourth avenue east.

TWO LAUNCH ENGINES, THREE AND four horse power, dirt cheap. Call or address cabin rear Camp Calumet, Twenty-first street. W. W. Nelson, Park Point.

FOR SALE—BICYCLE FOR LADY. IN perfect repair. Sell cheap. Call 517½ West Second street.

FOR SALE — STOVES, CARPETS, dressers, commodes, tables, chairs, iron beds complete, very cheap. 505 East Second street.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, SMITH-PREMIER typewriter in first-class condition. 223 Manhattan building.

FOR SALE—PNEUMATIC TIRE BUGGY in good condition. Call A. W. Gaspar, care of Gray-Tallant.

FOR SALE—ONE 10-FOOT PANELED counter. L. C. Coffin & Co., Park Point.

FOR SALE—CONFECTIONERY, CIGAR store and ice cream parlor. C 94, Herald.

FOR SALE—HACK, IN FINE CONDITION, easy payments if desired. Call or write, 205 Palladio building.

FOR SALE—EIGHT-ROOM DWELLING, all modern conveniences, on Superior street, east of Fourteenth avenue East. Inquire at 302 First National Bank building.

LANDS FOR SALE.

HARDWOOD TIMBER LANDS NEAR Duluth in tracts of 40 to 160 acres, for sale at prices so low that the timber cut into cordwood will pay for the land and timber both. Easy terms. Guaranty Farm Land Co., 416 Lyceum.

ACRES IN LARGE AND SMALL tracts for gardens, poultry or stock, in all parts of St. Louis county; some very desirable five and ten-acre pieces in valley of Lester, two or three miles from Pavilion. Wm. C. Sargent & Co., 106 Providence Bldg.

400 ACRES IN ST. LOUIS COUNTY AT $1.25 per acre. Timber sold, but no taxes for owner of land to pay until timber is removed. One half of mineral rights goes with land. Lands at this price are an absolutely safe investment. Guaranty Farm Land Co., 416 Lyceum.

SEVERAL SMALL TRACTS OF LAND located on lakes in St. Louis county, and desirable for summer homes, and for hunting and fishing. Some have good comfortable buildings. Prices $3 to $5 per acre. Guaranty Farm Land Co., 416 Lyceum.

160 ACRE FARM FOR $1,000. HOUSE 17x20 with 10x12 addition. Barn 16x18 with hay loft. Another barn 20x23. 32-foot well of fine water. Only 40 rods from railroad. School half a mile. Nine miles from city limits on good road. There is over 2,000 cords of hardwood which alone is worth twice what is asked for the whole property. Title perfect. Easy terms. Guaranty Farm Land Co., 416 Lyceum.

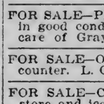
IMPROVED FARMS OF 40 TO 160 acres in St. Louis, Carlton and Douglas counties for sale at low prices and on easy terms. Guaranty Farm Land Co., 416 Lyceum Building.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. HENLEY—PRIVATE HOSPITAL for women. 304 St. Croix avenue.

PERSONAL.

LADIES! Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills ARE THE BEST. Safe, Reliable, Take no other. Send 4c stamps for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by RETURN MAIL. Ask your druggist.
Chichester Chemical Co., Philada., Pa.



PURE, SAFE AND SURE! Dr. Roger's Tansy, Pennyroyal and Colton Root Pills. A test of forty years in France has proved them to *positively* cure SUPPRESSION OF THE MENSES. Special Price reduced to $1.00 per box. Mailed in plain wrapper. Imported direct from Paris, France, by W. A. ABBETT, Druggist, Duluth, Minn., 201 West Superior street.

PERSONAL — WILL THE PARTIES who are dissatisfied with their meals try the Boston cafe, 7 East Superior street. The best at popular prices, with clean, quick service.

SAFE! SURE! GUARANTEED FEMALE Peas; quickly relieve suppression from any cause, $2. French Remedy Co., box 367, Duluth, Minn.

MILLINERY.

UP-TO-DATE MILLINERY AT LOW prices. Miss Swenson, 106 West Superior street.

MARIA HEIAM, 1913 West Superior St.

MILLINERY—Over Suffel's. HUMES.

MISS FITZPATRICK, 502 E. 4. Old 'phone

M. A. COX, 530 EAST FOURTH STREET.

A SNAP.

$1,200.000 TAKES A GOOD EIGHT-ROOM house on corner of Seventh street and Twenty-fifth avenue west; $675 cash, balance to suit. Look this up. J. A. Stephenson, 104 Providence building.

CANCERS AND TUMORS.

All stomach and blood diseases cured by Herbaqueen remedies. Dr. Finsen's Ray. Herbaqueen Mfg. Co., 14 West Sup. St.

CHINA FIRING.

INMAN STUDIO. 114 So. 14th Ave. E.

No advertisement less than 15 cents. No advertisement less than 15 cents.

DO YOU WANT THE NAME AND ADDRESS

of the man who should be working for you?
of the man who would gladly lend you money?
of the man who would like to rent your house?
of the man who would like to buy your horse?
of the man who would buy an interest in your business?
of the man who would buy that lot of ground?
of the man who would buy your old bicycle?

HERALD WANT ADS. furnish you with names and addresses of people who are "necessary to your prosperity."

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED room, steam heat; both gas and telephone; board if desired. 921 East First street.

FOR RENT—FOUR PLEASANT ROOMS, $7. 4701 Dodge street, Lakeside.

FURNISHED ROOMS AT 117 WEST First street.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED rooms; day, week or month; central location; rates reasonable. 207 West Superior street.

FOR RENT — TWO OR THREE FURnished or unfurnished rooms, to gentlemen, in fine home, central; Superior street car line. Address M. R., Herald. Old 'phone 228-K.

FOR RENT—A SUITE OF TWO ROOMS at 7 West Superior street, suitable for office purposes. C. P. Craig & Co., 220 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOMS, $10 PER month. 1112 West Third street.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED rooms, all modern conveniences. 704 West Second street.

ROOM FOR RENT, 115 WEST SECOND.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM, with board. Old 'phone 725-R.

FURNISHED ROOM, 232 MESABA AVE.

Other Wants On Page 13

TWO FURNISHED ROOMS FOR TWO gentlemen, modern. 807 E. First street.

TWO UNFURNISHED ROOMS FOR light housekeeping. 420 Sixth avenue west.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, modern, for gentlemen. 16 West First street.

FURNISHED ROOMS FOR HOUSEkeeping. 426 First avenue west.

FOR RENT—THREE ROOMS WITH bath. Inquire 409 South Nineteenth avenue east.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS, 8 Mason Flats.

FOR RENT—ONE LARGE FURNISHED or unfurnished room, 708 East First street.

FURNISHED ROOMS FOR HOUSEkeeping. 420 First avenue west.

FOR RENT—NINE LARGE FURNISHor unfurnished rooms, 708 East First street.

FIVE ROOMS FOR RENT, 309 WEST First street.

FOR RENT—ROOMS, 110 FIRST AVENue west.

FURNISHED ROOMS WITH OR WITHout board, at 112 Second avenue east.

FURNISHED ROOM FOR RENT, 10 Mason flats.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED front room. 220 Fifth avenue west.

FOR RENT—TWO PLEASANT ROOMS, furnished complete for housekeeping. Call 710 West Second street.

NICELY FURNISHED FRONT ROOM, all modern, for one or two gentlemen. 224 Third avenue east.

FOR RENT — TWO NICELY FURnished rooms at reasonable rent. 220 West Third street.

ONE DESIRABLE FURNISHED ROOM, modern conveniences; gentleman preferred. 707 West Second street.

YOUNG MEN SEEKING PLEASANT homes should consult boarding house register at Y. M. C. A.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED AND UNfurnished steam-heated rooms. 218 West Superior street.

A LARGE FURNISHED ROOM, 217 Second avenue east.

FOR RENT — OFFICES; MESABA building. Julius D. Howard & Co.

WANTED TO BUY.

GOOD SECOND-HAND FARM WAGON. State condition and price. C 75 Herald.

WANTED TO BUY — TWO TEN-FOOT counters in good condition, or one ten and one twelve, must be alike; also one roll top desk, cheap for cash. Adress O 33, Herald.

WANTED AT ONCE — DELIVERY horse. Apply Beck's market, 230 West Second street.

WANTED TO BUY — ONE DOURLE flat-top office desk and chairs; must be in good condition. E. A. Lindgren, 430 West Superior street.

WANTED TO BUY—TEN-FOOT OAK counter; must be in good condition. E. A. Lindgren, 430 West Superior street.

HIGHEST CASH PRICES PAID FOR men's and women's clothing. Ahe Winer, 802 West Superior street. Zenith 1640.

STENOGRAPHER.

STENOGRAPHY AND BOOKKEEPING taught. 31 Twenty-fifth avenue west, corner First street.

DENTISTRY.

TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN. Duluth Dental Parlors, 3 West Superior street.

BUSINESS MEN—NOTICE!

IF YOU ARE THINKING OF MAKING an auction sale, write me.—Harry Silver, Auctioneer. Eveleth, Minn. Box 866.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

HUNDREDS OF POSITIONS PAYING $1,000-$5,000 now open for competent salesmen, executive, clerical and technical men; if you want advancement write us and state position desired; offices in 12 cities. HAPGOODS, Brain Brokers, 313 Nicollet avenue, Minneapolis.

TWO WEEKS CANOE TRIP NORTH OF Ely without expense. Party of four will pay expenses of active young man who will do cooking. Must have had some camp experience. Start about May 18th. Apply by letter, with personal description, to W. 904 Chamber of Commerce, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED — SOLICITORS FOR CITY and county. No experience needed. Good pay. Call Room 18, Lenox hotel, between 9 and 12 a. m.

WANTED—BOY, TO LEARN PRESSfeeding. Apply to J. J. LeTourneau & Co., 221-223 West First street.

WANTED—SOLICITORS, EXPERIENCE unnecessary. No capital required. Good wages. Address V. C. Glebner, General Delivery, Duluth.

BOOKS OPENED, POSTED, AUDITED and closed. All business confidential. Thorough accountant. M., Herald.

WANTED — TINNERS TO STAY AWAY from Duluth until strike is settled. Ads to the contrary notwithstanding. By order of local union, No. 32.

WANTED — PANTS AND VESTMAKER at 9 Twentieth avenue west. Karl J. Hagberg.

WANTED—TWO COMPETENT SHOEmakers, steady work, good wages, at once. Gopher Shoe Repair Works.

WANTED — GOOD SOLICITOR — LIBeral inducement. 31 Twenty-fifth avenue west.

WANTED — CARPENTERS TO STAY away from Pittsburg. Lockout still pending. By order of S. T. Skrove, Sec.

WANTED AT ONCE—BRIGHT BOY TO wrap bundles. Apply Eagle Clothing House, 321 West Superior street.

BARBER WANTED AT 2530 WEST Superior street.

WANTED — CLERK FOR RAILROAD office; salary $85 per month; chance for advancement. C 65, Herald.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED COACHman; splendid position; good wages. Apply Dr. Magie, Lyceum building.

WANTED — IMMEDIATELY TWO first-class coatmakers. Permanent position. George H. Brenton.

WANTED—TWO EXPERIENCED MEN for greenhouse. Elschen Bros.

MEN TO LEARN BARBER TRADE. Splendid opportunity just now. Write for free illustrated catalouge. Moler Barber college, 221 Second avenue south, Minneapolis, Minn. Established 1892.

ARE YOU GETTING ALL YOU EARN? Getting tired of working for small pay? We can enable you to make at least $3 a day selling our celebrated household specialties on easy payments. Experience and investment not necessary; city or country. Gately Supply company, 8 East Superior street.

WANTED—TWO GOOD COATMAKERS; steady work. Mies, Wolvin building.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

ANDERSON'S DETECTIVE AGENCY—B. F. Anderson, Mgr., 527 Manhattan building, Duluth. Zenith phone, 660; residence, 1213.

STOVE REPAIRS.

DULUTH STOVE REPAIR WORKS, 217 East Superior street. Both phones.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk Factor, 220 W. Superior St.

KNAUF'S METHO CREAM

CLEARS THE COMPLEXION. KNAUF Sisters' Hair Store.

SATIN TOILET SPECIALTIES.

Apply Satin skin cream to wet skin, wipe dry. Secures satiny, smooth skin. 25c.

BAND AND ORCHESTRA.

LA BROSSE BAND AND ORCHESTRA; residence, 430 Nineteenth avenue west. Phones, Zenith 1717-X; Duluth 678-R. Office with Lundberg & Stone, 221 West Superior street.

WATCH REPAIRING.

WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING done promptly and in a thorough manner. J. Gruesen, 31 West Superior St.

ENGLISH AND GERMAN BOOKS

OF ALL KINDS, FINE PICTURE framing. Gustav Hennecke, 211 East Superior street.

DRESSMAKING.

FASHIONABLE DRESSMAKING Charges reasonable. 1917 Dlugwall street. Duluth phone 1034-L.

ASHES AND GARBAGE.

ASHES AND GARBAGE REMOVED. Telephone 570-Y, Zenith.

BY LOAD OR MONTH. 48 both phones.

CHIROPRACTIC INSTITUTE.

DR. KONKLER CURES FEMALE DISeases. 314, 315 and 316 Burrows building. Zenith 'phone. Consultation free. We teach chiropractic.

ARCHITECTS.

FRANK L. YOUNG & CO., 201 Pal. Bldg.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

JOE POPKIN,

THE TAILOR, HAS MOVED OVER Gidding's. Suits pressed, 50 cents; pants, 15 cents.

No advertisemetn less than 15 cents.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

COOK, DISHWASHERS, WAITRESSES, laundresses, general housework and nurse girl. Somer's Emp., 17 2nd Ave. E.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Mrs. B. E. Baker, 6009 Tioga street, Lester Park.

WANTED — LADIES TO SEND US their old carpets to be made into fluff rugs. For particulars write the R. Abt Co., rug weavers, 139 South Halstead street, Chicago, Ill.

LADIES TO KNOW THAT THE BEST millinery at the lowest prices can only be had at Brandt's, 114 West Fourth street.

WANTED—GIRL TO WORK IN KITCHen at the Midland hotel.

LADIES—EARN $20 PER HUNDRED writing short letters. Enclose stamped envelope. American Belt Works, Batavia, Ill.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED LAUNDRY girls. Acme laundry.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; small family. 103 Park terrace, Eighth avenue west.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework. 909 East Fourth street.

WANTED — A COMPETENT COOK, AT once. Mrs. J. B. Cotton, 1617 East First street.

COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; small family; good wages. 721 East Third street.

WANTED — SECOND COOK — GOOD wages; no Sunday work. Apply at once, 207 West Superior street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR HOUSE WORK. 1001 East Second street.

WANTED—A WOMAN FOR GENERAL housework; small family. Call corner Twenty-seventh street, Park Point.

WANTED — COMPETENT SECOND girl; highest wages. Mrs. Clinton Markell, 219 Fourth avenue east.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED SALESlady and maker. Miss A. M. Seigne, 1406 York block, Superior.

COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENERAL housework at 1214 East Second street.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED CHOCOlate dipper in Boston Candy Kitchen, 307 West Superior street.

WANTED—DININGROOM GIRL AND girls to wait on table. California Restaurant, 620 West Superior street.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 1722 East Second street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. German preferred. 129 West Fourth street.

WANTED—NEW-COMER GIRL. CALL 2332 West Superior street.

WANTED — CHAMBERMAID, FINlander preferred. Nicollet hotel.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Mrs. Hoff, 211 West Second street.

PALMIST.

COME! COME! COME!
Madam DeVerna
Is going to leave. The LAST CHANCE TO SEE HER

For she will leave the city May 20th. Don't miss this chance, when she is gone you will regret that you did not avail yourself of her wonderful knowledge and advice. What she charged pennies for will be worth hundreds to you in the future. She is now located over the Bijou theater, 10 East Superior street. Hours: 9 to 12 a. m., 1 to 9 p. m. Her $1.00 Readings for 50 cents.

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED — AN AGENT IN EACH LOcality for "Men and Women" (Catholic magazine). O. 5, Herald.

BOARD OFFERED.

FINE SUITE FRONT ROOMS, WITH board; two gentlemen or married couple. 329 West Second street.

ROOM AND BOARD FOR TWO. 525 East Third street.

BOARD AND ROOM. 305 E. THIRD ST.

FURNISHED ROOMS WITH BOARD TO gentlemen. Private family. Three blocks from business center. References exchanged. Address "M. C.," Herald office.

DESIRABLE SUITE OF ROOMS, WITH first-class board. 318 West Second St.

TWO NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS with board, bath, telephone and all modern conveniences. 9 Chester Terrace.

FURNISHED ROOMS AND BOARD, 218 West Third street.

LOANS WANTED.

IF YOU WANT THE LOWEST RATE and the best terms, I can satisfy you. John A. Stephenson. Ask for Frank E. Kennedy.

MERCHANT TAILOR.

SUITS PRESSED, 50c; PANTS, 15c. J. Oreckovsky, 10 Fourth avenue west.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MADAME BIAS, SPIRITUALIST MEDium, 1809 Eleventh St., Superior, Wis.

NOTICE.

FINE LINE OF LADIES' GENT'S AND children's shoes. You will get a perfect fit and save 25 cents on the dollar by buying at 229 East Superior street. Repairing while you wait. Soles, 50 cents. N. Nurick.

FLORIST.

EVERYTHING in plants, cut flowers, artistic designs. Seekins, 110 W. Sup. St.

DYE WORKS.

NORTHWESTERN DYING & CLEANing Co., 17 North Lake avenue. French dry cleaners and fancy dyers. Largest and best and most reliable dye house in the Northwest. Both 'phones.

ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS—PRACTical dyers and French dry cleaners. We make a specialty of pantorium work. 6 East Superior street. Both 'phones.

AERIAL HOME BAKERY.

Fresh home baking. Mrs. Alice Shields, 332 E. Superior street. Old 'phone 1172-M.

BOSTON HAIR PARLORS.

FACIAL BLEMISHES, HAIR MOLES, warts removed by electricity. Shampooing, manicuring, hair switches. Miss Kelly, opp. Glass Block. Both 'phones.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

MATTRESSES REPAIRED.

ALL KINDS OF MATRESSES MADE to order. Let me make yours. Repairing neatly done. Duluth Bedding Co., 733 West Mich. St. Zenith 'phone 1732.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEYER, 14 W. SUPERIOR ST.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings, first and third Monday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting May 15. Work—First degree. Guy A. Eaton, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, May 8, 1905. Work—Second degree. William D. Underhill, W. M.; H. S. Newell, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 30, R. A. M. Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting May 10th, 1905. Work—P. M. and M. E. M. Degree. William A. McGonagle, H. P.; W. T. TenBrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY NO. 18, K. T. Stated conclave, first Tuesday of each month at 8 p. m. Special conclave May 16th, 8 p. m., at Masonic Temple, Lake avenue and Second street. Work—Red Cross. C. W. Wilson, Em. Com.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

SCOTTISH RITE.
Regular meetings every Thursday evening of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting, May 11th, 1905. Work—General business. Jerome E. Cooley, secretary.

K. O. T. M.

DULUTH TENT, NO. 1, MEETS EVERY Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First Avenue west. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. John P. Peterson, Com., 2617 West Third street; Charles J. Hector, finance keeper, 32 West First street; J. B. Gelineau, R. K., third floor Hunter bldg. Office hours, 10 a. m. to 1:30 p. m.

MODERN SAMARITANS.
ALPHA COUNCIL, NO. 1, meets every Thursday, 8 p. m., in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. Next meeting May 11, Samaritan degree. F. A. Noble, G. s.; W. P. Wellhanks, scribe; Thomas A. Gall, financial scribe.

A. O. U. W.
FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 105, meets in Hunter hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Lee Warner, M. W.; W. W. Fenstermacher, recorder; O. J. Murvold, financier, 8 East Seventh street.

A. O. U. W.
DULUTH LODGE, NO. 10, meets in Odd Fellows' hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. Geo. J. Sherman, M. W.; J. W. Stepherdson, financier; A. E. Blake, recorder. Sick benefits meets 7:30 o'clock. A good time after meeting. All members come.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P. No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock sharp at 118 West Superior street. May 9, Work in the Third degree. G. E. Storms, C. C.; H. B. Young, K. R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.
DULUTH AERIE, NO. 79, MEETS every Thursday night, at 8 o'clock at Eagle hall, Folz building, 116 West Superior St. W. E. Brown, W. P.; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, 23 West Superior St. Apply to W. E. Brown, 417 West Superior street, for rental of hall.

M. W. A.
IMPERIAL CAMP, NO. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior St., first and third Mondays. Visiting members always welcome. F. B. Beaupre, V. C.; N. P. Turnbladt, banker; Robert Rankin, clerk.

I. O. F.
COURT COMMERCE, NO. 3253, Independent Order of Foresters, meets first and third Friday evening, at 8 o'clock at Kalamazoo hall. Next meeting, May 19, 1905. Initiations. R. J. Packard, C. R.; W. W. Hoopes, R. S.

CLAN STEWART, NO. 50, O. C. C.—meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at 8 p. m., in Folz hall, West Superior street. John G. Ross, chief; Malcolm MacDonald, secretary; John Burnett, financial secretary. 10 Mason Flats. Next meeting, Wednesday, May 3.

ROYAL LEAGUE.
ZENITH COUNCIL—NO 161, Royal League, meets in Elks' hall, second and fourth Monday evenings at 8 o'clock. J. P. Heffernan, archon; L. P. Murray, scribe. 1815 East Fifth street.

KNIGHTS OF THE LOYAL GUARD.—Subordinate Division, No. 132, meets first and third Wednesday evenings each month. Hall A, Kalamazoo block. E. F. Heller, Capt. Gen'l; H. V. Holmes, paymaster, 415 Fifteenth avenue east. Mrs. Mary P. Foster, recorder, 720 Third avenue east.

MODERN MACCABEES—Zenith City Tent No. 1044 meets every first and third Friday of the month at Hall B, Kalamazoo building. Commander, J. A. McCuen; record keeper, E. R. Griffke; finance keeper, Wm. Blainey, address care of National Biscuit company.

U. A. O. D.
DULUTH GROVE NO. 40, meets the second and fourth Monday at Kalamazoo hall. F. G. Sandstedt, N. A.; M. Monson, financial secretary.

INTERNATIONAL BROTHERHOOD OF Teamsters,

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

14 Pages. **DULUTH EVENING HERALD.** 14 Pages.

TWENTY-THIRD YEAR. LAST EDITION. WEDNESDAY, MAY 10, 1905. TWO CENTS.

PRESIDENT'S SECRETARY DODGES SHERIFF WHO HAS SUMMONS FOR HIM

Presidential Train Is Sent By a Round-about Way to Chicago.

Papers Were to Be Served on Loeb In Case of Miss Mae Wood.

Omaha Guests on Special Were Disappointed By New Route.

Missouri Valley, Ia., May 10.—William Loeb, Jr., secretary to the president, passed safely through Nebraska without being served with summons in an action filed by Miss Mae Wood demanding $35,000 on a charge of conspiring to deprive her of certain missives alleged to have been written to her by a United States senator. The secretary's escape from service was the result of a change in the itinerary of the presidential special by which the train was transferred to the tracks of the Elkhorn division of the Chicago & Northwestern railroad at Fremont, Neb., and run to Missouri Valley, Ia., where connection was made with the main line. The change left Douglas county, Neb., and the sheriff with his summons about thirty miles off the route of the special. No announcement has been made of the altered plans until the special arrived in the yards at Fremont, Neb. Then it was stated by railroad men in the train that by skipping Omaha a saving could be made in time. Railroad men said also that the Douglas county sheriff was waiting at the railroad station to board the train and ride into Omaha. If he were there he failed to find the train for it was made up in the yards to suit the new plans. The guests on the train were at dinner in the private car of Vice President Mohler when it was said that the train would be sent over the Elkhorn line. Mr. Mohler's car was to be cut out of the train so without concluding dinner, the party transferred to the regular cars of the special. Porters on the cars bewailed the fact that supplies for the train had been ordered sent to Omaha and the new program would leave them with insufficient material to serve the party tomorrow. United States Senator Burkett and Edward Rosewater, publisher of the Omaha Bee, who boarded the train at Grand Island, Neb., to accompany the president to Omaha, were given no warning and when the announcement was made began to figure on some way to get to Omaha. Mr. Mohler made them his guests but they were greatly disappointed as it had been planned to have a delegation of prominent citizens meet the president when he reached Omaha. Mr. Loeb had objected to being served with summons in the case filed by Miss Wood. He was made a party to the suit jointly with Robert J. Wynne, former postmaster general, and J. Martin Miller, formerly a newspaper man but now in the consular service. Mr. Loeb stated in an interview that he knew nothing of the facts alleged by Miss Wood, who said she wanted to recover the letters in order to use them in a book to be known as "Love Letters of a Boss." Vice President McCullough and General Manager W. A. Gardner joined the party at Fremont and Mr. McCulloub's car was made a part of the special train.

Omaha, May 9.—Sheriff Power was on hand at the union station last night in anticipation of the arrival of President Roosevelt's train, with the intention of serving on Secretary Loeb a summons in the Mae Wood suit. The sheriff accepted the change of route as a plan to avoid him, and said he would not pursue the matter further at this time.

Miss Wood has made the statement that if Secretary Loeb avoided the summons that she would transfer her suit to the federal court and secure summons by means of a United States marshal.

PROVING AN ALIBI

Another Sister of Koch's Corroborates the Previous Testimony.

Koch Wore His Usual Clothes For Days After Murder.

Mankato, May 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—Miss Emma Koch was on the stand at 9:45 o'clock today in the Gebhardt murder trial. She said:

"On Nov. 1 I went to bed at 10:20. I wound the clock and heard some one come in five minutes later.

"I heard father say the clock was fast, seven minutes. I saw George in the morning and he wore his usual clothes. He wore the same coat some time after the murder."

She related the incidents of the burning hands.

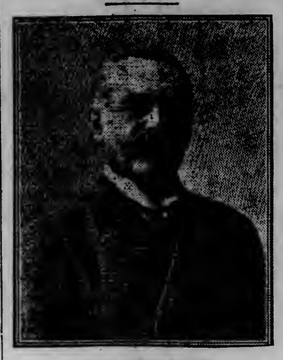
Dr. Koch has not yet been placed on the stand. He may not come on this afternoon.

Paul Hippauf, a young man, who works at the Koch home, was called by the defense yesterday to say that during all the time he had worked at the Koch home he had never seen the prosecution's old hammer at the place. He said that he had also examined the gate post in front of the Dahm's place and found no blood stains upon it. The gate post, sawed off, was thereupon introduced in court.

Alfred Daltrusch, a clerk in Alwin's drug store, said he had seen the sores upon Dr. Koch's hands and that they resembled similar burns he himself had experienced from carbolic acid.

Charles A. Heers was called to tell of the brightness of the lights about the Koch place. He said that at the time of his visit to the place he could see very small objects distinctly.

COUNT CASSINI IS TRANSFERRED TO CITY OF MADRID



COUNT CASSINI.

Washington, May 10.—Count Cassini, the Russian ambassador to this country, has been transferred to Madrid. He will be succeeded here by Baron Rosen, until recently Russian minister at Tokio. Count Cassini was offered the ambassadorship to Madrid two months ago and accepted it. He will leave in June for his new post.

WILL NOT BE A CANDIDATE

For President Again, So Theodore Roosevelt Declares.

Omaha, May 10.—The Bee quotes President Roosevelt as making the emphatic statement that he will not be a candidate for president. It says:

"You are authorized to state that I will not again be a candidate for the office of president of the United States. There are no strings on this statement. I mean it.

"I made my speech at Denver for the purpose of convincing the people of my earnestness in regard to the matter of railroad legislation. I will not be satisfied with any compromise that does not bring relief to the people from the conditions that now exist in regard to transportation affairs in the country. No compromise bill from congress will be accepted."

PRESIDENT THE GUEST OF CHICAGO AND STRIKE TEMPORARILY CEASES

INJUNCTION DENIED

Equitable Mutualization Plan May Proceed Before Examiner.

Superintendent Has High Officers of Society Before Him.

New York, May 10.—Justice McLean, in the New York state supreme court, today denied the application of Herbert G. Tull of Philadelphia, a policy holder in the Equitable Life Assurance society, for an injunction restraining that society and the New York state superintendent of insurance from proceeding further with respect to the proposed amended charter of the Equitable, which was sent to the superintendent of insurance for his approval. The amended charter provides for the mutualization of the society.

New York, May 10.—The examination of the officers and directors of the Equitable Life Assurance society by the state insurance department was begun yesterday, when President Alexander spent considerable time with Superintendent Hendricks. The examination was conducted in the society's board room, and it is understood that Congressman M. E. Driscoll of Syracuse, who is Superintendent Hendricks' legal adviser, assisted in the examination. Vice President Hyde was closeted with Superintendent Hendricks and Representative Driscoll today. He was accompanied by his counsel, Samuel Untermeyer. Both caried huge bundles of books and documents. It is expected that Vice President Tarbell's examination will follow that of Mr. Hyde's.

Both Sides to Controversy Promised Peace For the Day.

The President Arrives at Noon and Is Taken to His Hotel.

Hundreds of Policemen Guard the Executive From Danger.

Chicago, May 10.—President Roosevelt's train arrived at the Chicago & Northwestern railroad depot, Kinzie and Wells streets, a few minutes after noon and was met by Graeme Stewart and other members of the reception committee. President Roosevelt and party immediately started for the Auditorium Annex.

President Roosevelt was given a hearty welcome by Governor Deneen, Mayor Dunne, delegations from the Merchants, the Hamilton and the Iroquois clubs, a committee of aldermen and other city officials.

The streets through which the president's carriage drove were lined with police and men in uniform and plain clothes men mingled with the crowd everywhere. There were 450 policemen along the drive from the Northwestern depot to the Auditorium Annex and an equal number in the parade from the hotel to the Hamilton club. In addition to these there were over fifty detectives who followed the president's carriage and watched the crowds closely for any disturbance.

Chief of Police O'Neill preceded the president's procession in a carriage, and personally supervised the arrangements and saw that the streets were clear in the advance of the line of carriages were fifty mounted police, the pick of the department, in command of Capt. Adam Barber.

Behind the president's carriage rode eight detectives, in two carriages. They were the president's personal bodyguards. This bodyguard was chosen by Chief O'Neill. They wore silk hats and Prince Albert coats. Capt. Patrick J. Gibbons was in command of the 150 policemen who guarded the Chicago & Northwestern depot upon the arrival of the president, and was assisted by Lieut. James O'Toole and Thomas Duffy. Inspector Shippy, with seventy-five men, was stationed in the street surrounding the depot, mingling with the crowds and ready as a reserve force in case of any disturbance. Inspector Lavine, with another squad of 150 men, had command of the Auditorium hotel and vicinity.

Chicago, May 10.—Long before the time set for the arrival of the special train bearing President Roosevelt and his party, the police and special guards began to gather around the Northwestern railway station. No opportunity was given for the gathering of any crowds within a block of the station. While the police denied that they anticipated any trouble whatsoever, while the chief executive was a guest of the city, they nevertheless took all possible precautions.

The police were joined at the station by two troops from the First Illinois cavalry under Col. C. E. Young, who were to form the guard of the presidential party. Stout wooden railings and heavy ropes had been put up within the station itself to keep back even those whose entry had been by special ticket only. The scrutinizing of persons approaching the depot extended closest to those bearing Northwestern tickets, and who intended to take trains. The numerous riots during the strike had made those responsible for the visit of the president determined to take no chance of any mishap.

Presidents John A. Gauger of the Hamilton club, Charles H. Wacker of the Merchants club and Charles F. Gunther of the Iroquois club arrived at the station early to see that all preparations were complete for the president's arrival. They were joined shortly by members of their own and other reception committees. Half an hour before the scheduled time of arrival of President Roosevelt the last member of the receiving party had arrived and stood waiting. Here and there, in and around the depot stood secret service men and city detectives, which served the more to put on edge the nerves of the party. It was only shortly before the arrival of the train that the route was announced which the president and party would follow from the station to the Auditorium hotel, where the Merchants club lunch was to be served.

The usual number of police were on strike duty today, with the exception of 400, who were withdrawn to act as guards for President Roosevelt, but there was scarcely any evidence of a strike beyond the presence of the police and occasional caravans of guarded wagons. Sixteen hundred deputy sheriffs have been sworn in for strike duty, and this body of men also was in service today, but there seemingly was little for the deputies to do.

Chicago, May 10.—Promises of peace and order for today, the president's day, were made by both sides in the teamsters' strike. The Employers' Teaming company decided to reduce its teaming and delivery operations for today. The teamsters' joint council has voted against a genral strike, and determined that no further sympathetic movements should be made, except in case of teamsters ordered to make deliveries to boycotted houses in which event individuals should walk out. A statement of the situation was prepared to be presented to President Roosevelt by a strikers' committee, which desisted at his request from meeting him on the way to Chicago. The labor representatives planned to inform the president of legal complications which have been taken by employers and make a proposition that the president act as an arbitrator of the difference, chosing as associates one man from labor's ranks and one from the employers. The employers say they will not officially approach the president.

"We have no intention of bothering President Roosevelt with our troubles," said Attorney Levy Mayer, counsel for the Employers' association today. "It is likely, however," he added, "that the employers side will get the president's ear for a quiet discussion of the situation some time during his stay here."

Strike leaders declared that no orders had been issued to the strikers to refrain from violence today, beyond instructions previously given out during the strike, but it was current gossip that secret commands had been passed along the line, ordering all teamsters to remain absolutely quiet and not to attempt the slightest interference today with the teams of the Employers' Teaming company.

President Dold, of the Chicago Federation of Labor, called a meeting of his special committee early today and perfected plans for the presentation of labors' memorial statement.

"I do not know whether we will be able to see the president or not," said President Dold after the meeting today, "but I am satisfied we will get him to accept our memorial."

TO DESTROY FACTORIES

Workmen at Reval, Russia, Make Serious Threats.

Reval, European-Russia, May 10.—At a large meeting of workmen here today, which was attended by delegates from St. Petersburg and a number of masked men it was decided to proclaim a three days' strike in connection with labor day (May 14.) It was further determined to serve fresh demands upon employers, coupled with the intimation if they were not complied with inside of twelve hours, the destruction of the factories by fire would follow. The meeting separated after singing a song ending with the refrain: "Not from the emperor, but from our own strength comes succor to us."

The song was sung to the music of Martin Luther's well known hymn: "Ein Feste Burg Ist Unser Gott."

PROVIDED WITH BOMBS.

Social Democrats Will Make Trouble on Sunday.

St. Petersburg, May 10.—The Social Democrats declare that their program includes demonstrations throughout Russia on Sunday and that they are provided with bombs and dynamite with which to fight the troops, if the latter interfere. The purpose of the Social Democrats evidently is to make trouble but everywhere precautionary measures have been taken and authorities are convinced that the disorders will be comparatively insignificant and that they will easily be suppressed.

The cool-headed liberals are counselling the workmen against useless bloodshed.

JAP PRESS COMMENTS ON FRENCH NEUTRALITY.

Tokio, May 10.—The Jiji hopes that France will cease her flagrant and deliberate breaches of her pledges of neutrality, in reference to the treatment accorded the Second Russian Pacific fleet in French waters, and satisfaction is expressed at British representations to the government in Paris, showing that England is alive to the danger menacing Japanese interests.

The Nippon says that French interest in Russia is more of a financial and economical character, than political, and that the alliance between the countries has ceased to be of any practical benefit in Europe. It expresses the belief that France is upholding the alliance because her honor is pledged diplomatically.

TWO ARE KILLED BY COLLAPSE OF ELEVATOR.

St. Joseph, Mo., May 10.—John Colby and Harry Smith were crushed to death and John Chambers was fatally injured by the collapse of the Harroun grain elevator at Elwood, Kan., directly across the Missouri river from St. Joseph.

CATHOLIC KNIGHTS MEET.

St. Louis, May 10.—The sixteenth annual convention of the supreme council of the Catholic Knights of America, is in session here Archbishop Glennon preached a sermon which was in part an address of welcome to the knights. The council represents 533 branches in forty-one states and territories of the Union

TO BOYCOTT UNITED STATES

The Chinese Will Try to Force a Better Treaty.

Shanghai, May 10.—A large and influential meeting of Chinese, held here today, protested vigorously against the proposed new Chinese exclusion treaty recently discussed in the United States. Telegrams on the subject were sent to Chinese officials to Yuan Si Kai, viceroy of Chili province, and to Chou Fu, viceroy of Nankin, and it was unanimously decided to boycot American goods until the terms of the proposed treaty are modified. The merchants guild throughout the Chinese empire are urged to co-operate in the movement.

ANOTHER ATTEMPT

To Burn Stables at St. Louis Fair Grounds.

St. Louis, May 10.—It was learned today that since the fire at the fair grounds association racing stables last Friday morning, when six race horses were incinerated, another attempt to burn the stables was frustrated. This attempt was made early yesterday when a fire was discovered in the stable of New Mown Hay, a filly belonging to C. E. Durnell. A ball of cloth saturated with oil, in charred fragments, was found in the stall, after the fire had been extinguished.

AMERICANS TO SHOOT WITH FRENCH EXPERTS.

New York, May 10.—Rifle and revolver shooters are practicing for a match with French experts, to be held this month by cable. The Americans will shoot at Greenville, N. J. Results from here will be cabled to Paris, and results from there will be cabled to this country. The American team will be composed mostly of members of the Manhattan Rifle and Revolver club of this city. They are now being chosen by competition.

The conditions of the match call for fifteen men to a team, each man to shoot forty shots with the rifle at 200 yards on the French target and forty shots at fifty yards on the standard American target with the revolver.

BATTLESHIPS FOR JAPAN.

Tokio, May 10.—The reports that Japan plans to order the construction of two battleships and smaller cruisers abroad are renewed. The representatives of English naval constructors are here endeavoring to secure the orders, but it is doubtful if the government has reached any decision in the matter.

Y. M. C. A. AT ROME.

Rome, May 10.—A largely attended meeting of the Young Men's Christian association was held here today in honor of James Stokes of New York, who donated the funds for the erection of the association's building in Rome. Nearly all notable of the American and British colonies were present. Mr. Stokes was the recipient of several beautiful bouquets from the ladies present.

CAMPAIGN OF EDUCATION

For Farmers Will Soon Begin In Arkansas.

Chicago, May 10.—Secretary Wilson and representatives of the department of agriculture, who will tour the Southwest to inspect the condition of agricultural development, will be joined in Memphis, Friday, by officials of the Rock Island system and others, who left Chicago today in a special train on the Chicago & Eastern Illinois road.

A "campaign of education" will be begun at Little Rock, Ark., where the party will arrive over the Rock Island system in the afternoon. At Little Rock a meeting, to be addressed by Secretary Wilson and other officials of the department, will be held. Farmers and others interested in the department's agricultural experiments in this section, for which congress appropriated $75,000, have been invited to attend, special railroad rates having been granted those living at a distance. Results of investigations by the department specially interesting to this and the other parts of the country to be visited, will be presented. A tour over the Rock Island system, through Indian Territory, Oklahoma and portions of Kansas, will follow. The party will return to Chicago May 17.

TWENTY-TWO MILLIONS

In Gold the Estimated Output of Alaska.

Seattle, May 10.—F. A. Wing, United States assayer, states from information he has received from Alaska and the Northwest territory this winter the output in gold from the northern country this year will total $22,000,000, if not more. From the Klondike alone, Mr. Wing predicts an output of from $10,000,000 to $12,000,000, the balance coming from the camps on the American side.

THE COUNSEL FOR ASSASSIN ARRESTED.

St. Petersburg, May 10, 4:05 p. m.—M. Berenstaum, of counsel for Ivan Kaleleff (the assassin of Grand Duke Serglus) who arrived here recently in an effort to appeal the case was arrested today and the police searched the papers of M. Rodicheff, a member of the executive committee of the bar association, who is associated with M. Berenstaum.

COMPLAIN OF COSSACKS.

Byelostck, Southwest Russia, May 10.—The town council has entered a complaint of brutality against the Cossacks here, declaring that their ill treatment of the populace is arousing a spirit of revenge and increasing the danger of the situation. The municipal authorities also complain that the chief of police will only allow the publication of accounts of disorders when the Jews are the aggressors.

NEW POSTMASTER.

Washington, May 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—James E. Franklin has been appointed postmaster at Onamia, Mille Lacs county, Minn., vice A. E. Wiseman, resigned.

FRANCO-JAPANESE SITUATION RAPIDLY APPROACHES A CRISIS

Japanese Not Inclined to Place Much Confidence In Assurances of France on Neutrality.

Tokio, May 10.—The government maintains reserve, but the Indo Chinese situation seems to be rapidly approaching a crisis. Following the repeated assurances of the French foreign minister, M. Delcasse, to Dr. Motono, the Japanese minister at Paris, that the vessels of the Russian Pacific fleet were outside territorial waters, the navy department here has received reliable information that a portion of the fleet was inside Hon Kohe bay, a short distance north of Kamranh bay, the morning of May 6, and it is generally believed that the fourth (Nebogatoff's) division of the squadron will use French waters to coal and take on other supplies and clean their bottoms. It is hard to predict future events. The Japanese government has been urged to accept France's assurances that the Russian warships have remained outside territorial waters and to act accordingly. The agitation against France, commercially, is growing, and despite governmental repression a motion to boycott French goods may reach a vote in the chamber of commerce.

Saigon, Cochin China, May 10.—The Russian cruiser Jemtchug and the Russian auxiliary cruiser Rion, belonging to Admiral Rojestvensky's fleet, arrived off Cape St. James, near here, during the night of May 8, and left yesterday morning at the request of the governor of French Indo-China.

These cruisers which brought instructions from Rear Admiral Nebogatoff, anchored three or four miles off shore. A heavy sea was running, exposing a good deal of the warships hulls, which were quite free from barnacles or seawed. The ships appeared to have unusually large crews, and the men all seemed in good health.

The main Russian fleet is said to be well provisioned, but are short of tobacco and cigars.

It is considered likely here that Nebogatoff's division has already passed the cape.

The hospital ship Kostroma, whose arrival here was announced May 8, sails May 12.

"PAPA" LINEVITCH

Has Warm Place In Hearts of His Troops.

Gunshu Pass, April 22.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—Day after day, since his assumption of the command, Gen. Linevitch goes steadily about the inspection of the troops, both those on the positions and the units arriving from European Russia. Mounted on a small sorrel horse, wearing an old overcoat devoid of embroidery and trappings, and with only the simplest indication of rank, Linevitch, accompanied by his adjutant, two orderlies and the chiefs of the reviewed troops, but almost without further suite, rides past company after company, battery after battery, finding something to say to each, sometimes a jest, sometimes a reproof, recognizing here and there veterans not only of the Chinese expedition, but also of the Turkestan campaign. This simplicity and the faith the soldiers have in the fighting ability of "Papa" Linevitch, make the most inspiring impression on the troops. Regularly at the termination of the reviews, Gen. Linevitch gathers about him the chiefs of the various subdivisions, and in brief, incisive and ofttimes quaint words, sets forth his opinion of the situation of affairs, the conditions of the troops, and his demands, orders and suggestions for improvement. He uses no pretty phrases, full of the promises and transparent hopes to which the officers were formerly accustomed, but the language of a soldier, breathing strength, determination, firm faith and full realization that his task is most difficult and heavy, that the work for him and his subordinates is colossal.

Even the non-military observer, however, can note decided change for the better in comparison with the Kuropatkin regime. Jealousy and bickering have noticeably decreased. There is apparently less of the spirit of self-advancement, more subordination and "team work." Suggestions are no longer frowned upon, and the subordinate with a plan or criticism is given a hearing.

The impression made by a ride along the positions now occupied is astounding. It is difficult to believe that the well-clothed, well-shod troops hearty in spirit and even gay of face, are the same men who, a month ago, underwent such superhuman hardships and the supreme test of a mortifying defeat.

In the corps of Gen. Tzerpitsky, which, holding the extreme southwestern angle of the positions around Mukden, withstood the brunt of the fierce Japanese attack, strict, almost to parade, order prevails. Though some complain that Tzerpitsky's hand is too heavy, his orders too stern, the soul of this warlike corps is its commander and the results of his strictness are patent.

The corps on the positions, officers included, are now living in tents, various considerations rendering the housing of the men in huts impracticable, though the dampness of the ground and the climatic conditions are not especially favorable to life under canvas. A great deal of discomfort is the result. Difficulties in provisioning the troops, due to various complications which cannot be touched upon, add to the onerousness of life, but with the advent of settled weather a decided betterment of conditions may be looked for. At that time, too, the present era of insignificant skirmishing and reconnoisance work may be expected to give way to really serious operations.

NO COAL FOR RUSSIANS.

Paris, May 10.—The Marquis De Barthelemy, who with Count De Pourtales operates the French concession at Kamranh bay, Annam, in the course of an interview today, denies that his establishment furnished coal or provisions to the Russian Second Pacific squadron. He said:

"The maximum of our coaling facilities is 700 tons. This is an insignificant quantity for the fifty-two warships of Admiral Rojestvensky's squadron, which establishes the fact that we could not recoal the squadron.

Concerning the charge that the squadron secured coal at Saigon, the fact is that a small coaling depot exists on the Mekong river, not far from Saigon. At the outset of the war the Russians bought a large tract of land there, erected sheds and accumulated supplies, particularly coal, which was bought originally from Japan. It is to this depot that Admiral Rojestvensky sent his colliers, but no warship approached the depot. This was Russian coal, placed upon Russian land and loaded upon Russian transports. This was not a violation of neutrality. France could not prevent the Russians from taking their own coal on their own land. If the natives were at fault in selling the land to the Russians, the Japanese would not have waited fifteen months before protesting."

Although the Marquis De Berthelemy gives the foregoing as a refutation of the charges, the statement concerning the Russian coal depot on the Mekong may open a new phase of the question.

Admiral De Jonquieres, the French naval commander at Saigon, affirms the announcement of the departure of the Russian fleet from Vafong bay. He says he saw the Russians well off the coast under full steam.

The officials here say the French admiral's report relieves the seriousness of the issue with Japan, as the departure of the fleet was what Japan asked for.

The report of the junction of Rear Admiral Nebogatoff's division with the main Russian squadron, under Admiral Rojestvensky, outside of French waters, is also considered official. This averts serious apprehensions that their junction, near Saigon, would conspicuously show two Russian naval forces inside French waters.

Suffering Women Cured

Grateful Mrs. Dawson, Restored to Vigorous Health by Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey, Heartily Recommends Its Use to All Women Who Suffer From Nervous Break-Down.

MRS. A. DAWSON.

May 31, 1904.

For over a year I have suffered intense agony from nervous debility and prostration. I could neither eat nor sleep and was reduced to a mere shadow. The doctors recommended various kinds of treatment, none of which helped me. They finally put me on your Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey, and in two months it has completely restored me to health. I am able to sleep, my appetite is good and I have gained rapidly in flesh.

I am very thankful to be able to recommend your medicine to all sufferers.—MRS. MRS. A. DAWSON, 310 Pleasant Ave., N. Y. C.

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

Builds up the nerve tissues, tones up the heart, gives power to the brain, strength and elasticity to the muscles, richness to the blood, and stimulates circulation. It brings into action all the vital forces, makes digestion perfect and enables you to get from food all the nourishment it contains. It is invaluable for overworked men, tired, nervous, delicate women and sickly children. It is a promoter of good health and logevity, makes the old young and keeps the young strong.

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey cures coughs, colds, catarrh, grip, bronchitis, consumption, and all diseases of throat and lungs.

ABSOLUTELY PURE & UNADULTERATED TRADE MARK

CAUTION.—When you ask your druggist or grocer for Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey be sure you get the genuine. It's the only absolutely pure medicinal whiskey and is sold in sealed bottles only. Look for the trade-mark, the "Old Chemist," on the label, and make sure the seal over the cork is not broken. Price, $1.00. Duffy Malt Whiskey company, Rochester, N. Y.

ENTER PLEAS OF NOT GUILTY

Lenich and Louger Deny Responsibility For Korceran's Death.

Lenich and Louger, the two Austrains indicted for the murder of Peter Korceran at Eveleth, a few weeks ago, appeared before Judge Ensign this morning and entered pleas of not guilty. Both men claimed not to have means to employ counsel and the court appointed L. H. Corcoran to defend them.

John Cussa, who was indicted for grand larceny, entered a plea of guilty and will receive sentence later. Cussa is accused of stealing $20 in gold.

COAL DEALERS ORGANIZE.

New York, May 10.—Retail coal dealers from nearly every state in the union met here today and organized the international anthracite merchants association. Two purposes of the organization are said to be to attempt to induce the coal producers to make deliveries more promptly and to deliver better material.

IS IT TRYING TO FORCE CITY TO PAY?

Hand of Duluth Canal and Bridge Company Is Seen.

Bridge Commission Delays Acceptance of the Ferry Bridge.

The fine Italian hand of some of the members of the old Duluth Canal and Bridge company is believed to be discernible in the latest move made in connection with the affairs of the aerial ferry bridge.

The Duluth Canal and Bridge company constructed foundations for towers for a ferry bridge, but through failure to carry out its contract, the city declared all negotiations with the company at an end. The company evidently realized the weakness of its position, for it never entered suit to recover for the value of the foundation work which had been constructed, amounting to about $8,000, and it never received any compensation for the work.

But the officers of the company were naturally not content to see this money slip away in this manner, and they are believed to be responsible for the latest move that has been made.

The Commercial Investment company was the successful bidder for the issue of $100,000 bridge bonds, recently advertised for sale. The money received for these bonds was to pay for the bridge. The sum of $35,000 has already been advanced to the company from the general fund of the city, and this amount was to be refunded, while the remaining $65,000 was to be turned over to the company on the acceptance of the bridge by the bridge commission.

But a hitch has occurred in the negotiations, and letters have been received by the city officials from the successful bidders on the bonds, inquiring about the claims of the Duluth Canal and Bridge company, and asking whether these claims have ever been satisfied. It is intimated that the money will not be forthcoming unless some satisfactory explanation is made.

There is little doubt in the minds of the city officials that the old bridge company has no legal claim against the city, or it would have long ago entered suit to recover. The city officials are of the belief that this method is being used to force some settlement of the old claims.

Meanwhile the Modern Steel Structural company of Waukesha is pressing for the acceptance of the bridge and the payment of the remaining $65,000 due. The company has done a very successful job on the bridge, and it has been pronounced satisfactory in every way by the city engineer. The company is being put to an expense of about $30 per day for interest charges on the money held up by the city, and operating expenses, and this amount is being daily added to the balance which is claimed to already exist on the wrong side of the ledger.

The bridge was passed upon favorably by the engineer, but the bridge commission has not yet formally accepted it, owing to the fact that all of the painting has not yet been completed.

The members of the bridge commission are making every effort to fix up the difficulties and complete the transfer, and it may be accomplished without any complications. The affairs will be brought to a climax within a very few days as the painting will then be done and the commission will be forced to accept the bridge or name some point in which the contract has not been lived up to. If the bridge is accepted the money will be forced to accept the bridge or name some point in which the contract has not been lived up to. If the bridge is accepted the money will have to be paid over, and if the money for the bonds is not forthcoming promptly, it will require some rapid manipulation of the city's funds to meet the temporary embarrassment. The bonds could, of course, be sold to other parties, if the Commercial Investment company turns them down, but it would require a readvertisement for bids, which means a long delay, and that is just what the city wants to avoid.

MANSLAUGHTER IS CHARGED

John Erickson of Eveleth Indicted For Serious Offense.

Two men indicted by the last grand jury were brought into district court on bench warrants, this afternoon and arraigned before Judge Ensign.

John Erickson of Eveleth is indicted for manslaughter, the information being that he pushed a man over against a stairway or some other obstruction, in a dry house, at that place, causing injuries which resulted in the man's death at the hospital several weeks later.

Wladyslaw Lewandowicz, who is in the saloon business in Duluth, was indicted for selling liquor to minors.

ASKS FOR SHIP TO CONVEY JONES' BODY.

Washington, May 10.—Acting Secretary of State Loomis today made a formal request to the navy department in behalf of the state department for the dispatch of a fleet of American naval vessels to France to bring to this country, the remains of John Paul Jones, recently exhumed in Paris by Ambassador Porter.

To lose is often merely not to find—as a business chance or bargain missed, and thus lost, through failure to read the ads.

OPPOSED TO LEGISLATION

Shevlin and Ramsey Appear Before Senate Committee.

Washington, May 10.—Thomas H. Shevlin, a lumber manufacturer, of Minneapolis, Minn., today stated before the senate interstate commerce committee that he preferred to deal with troffic managers rather than a governmental tribunal. Mr. Shevlin spoke of the prosperity of the country at the present time and urged the committee not to do anything to disturb conditions. "If you do," he added, "you will have a panic to which the effect of Bryan's election would have been a small matter."

Joseph Ramsey, Jr., president of the Wabash railroad made a statement opposing legislation giving the interestate commerce commission power to fix rates.

CALCUTTA PLANS

To Entertain Prince and Princess of Wales.

Calcutta, May 10.—Plans are already beginning to be made here for entertaining the Prince and Princess of Wales next winter when their royal highnesses visit India. Already the Calcutta corporation has made a grant for illuminations, and the Calcutta Turf Club has arranged for a special race to be known as the Prince of Wales cup. A great open air fete at the Calcutta zoological gardens, somewhat similar to that which was arranged on the Calcutta Maidan some years ago in honor of the late Duke of Clarence, is also being talked about.

The fete given to the Duke of Clarence was a triumph of Oriental weirdness and color. It included among its features an animal dance by wild people from Nepal, some beautiful native tableaux vivants, and exhibitions of Indian music and Indian jugglery.

There will be a chapter of the Order of the Star of India and the Indian Empire, which is a queer Old World ceremony for inducting newly decorated members of these distinguished orders. All the knights assemble, wearing long flowing robes of blue of different shades with decorations and gold lace and the time-honored procedure of backing out of the presence of the viceroy is observed with much bowing.

Watches.

Best standard movements in guaranteed cases at rare values during our present alteration sale. M. Henricksen Jewelry Co., Providence building.

EX-EMPRESS DYING.

Insane Widow of Maximilian Cannot Live Long.

London, May 10.—"Uneasy lies the head that wears a crown." The ex-Empress Marie Charlotte, widow of the late Emperor Maximilian of Mexico, is dying slowly in a royal castle of Bonchout, where she has been confined more than twenty-five years. She cannot live long.

When her mind gave way soon after the killing of her unfortunate husband in 1867, she was allowed to live for several years at the castle Miramar, near Trieste, where she kept up a regular court under the delusion that she was still empress, always in momentarily expectation of her husband's arrival. Gradually, however, this delusion pased away, and in later years her insanity has been superseded by melancholy resignation. The ex-press is now 64 years old. She is the daughter of the late King Leopold and a sister of the Belgian king.

ARRESTED AS SPIES.

Tokio, May 10.—M. Beoglun, a prominent Frenchman, and his stepson, F. Strange, an Englishman, have been arrested as spies here.

In reading the ads. today don't bother about any store whose ad. does not appear—for such store didn't bother about you. When any store has anything to sell to you it will tell you about it in an advertisement.

LEGALIZE SOCIETY

Duluth Police Pension and Relief Association Incorporates.

Purposes to Pension Retired and Disabled Policemen.

The Duluth Pension and Relief association is now a regularly incorporated organization of the State of Minnesota, its articles having been filed this morning with the county register of deeds by C. H. Troyer, chief of the local police department; F. E. Resche, police captain, and William McEwen and seventeen other members of the police force.

The association is organized under the provisions of the state laws of 1903, and is for the purpose of creating, securing and establishing a fund to pension disabled and retired members of the Duluth police department, and for the establishment of a pension board for the management and distribution of such funds.

All regular members of the police department or those who shall become members are eligible to membership in the association and to receive pensions after they reach the age of 55 years and have served regularly for 20 years on the department, or having become physically or mentally disabled because of injury received while attending their duties and their retirement from active duty rendered necessary.

The association has no capital stock. It has a governing board of five members elected annually the third Wednesday in April, serving such lengths of terms that one member retires each year.

The mayor of Duluth, chief of police and city treasurer are members ex-officio of the board, and the city treasurer is custodian of the association funds.

The pension board will elect its president, vice president and secretary the third Thrusday in April of each year, and the president, vice president and secretary of the association will be selected the third Wednesday in April of each year.

For the ensuing year the officers are: President, C. H. Troyer; vice president, F. E. Resche; secretary, G. F. Lahti.

Besides the ex-officio members, the governing board for this year is to be comprised of William McEwen, Herman A. Fritz, Herman W. Toewe, F. Lahti and Arthur J. Briggs.

MUSICALE

Thursday Evening, May 11.

With Mr. and Mrs. P. S. Anneke, 523 East Second street, for the benefit First Unitarian church. Admission 50c.

PRISONER AIDS POLICE.

He Helps to Capture a Would-Be Murderer.

Chicago, May 10.—Himself in charge of two policemen, Milan Staranthi faced bullets to join his captors in arresting a man bent on murder in South Chicago. Crazed by drink, Henry Tender, who had fired several futile shots at his mother and two young sisters, while trying to kill them, was shot and fatally wounded by the policemen before he was subdued. Staranthi had been arrested on a charge of disorderly conduct by Policemen Skiba and Loftus, and, as they were taking him to the police station, they passed Tender's home. Staranthi agreed to aid them to arrest Tender, whose shots were heard, and the wounding and arrest followed.

RECEIVERSHIP HOLDS.

New York, May 10.—Judge Lacombe of the United States circuit court today declined to vacate receivership order against Haight & Freese. Henry D. Robinson was substituted as receiver in place of W. Edmonds who is ill.

WOULD BURN PRIEST.

Tula, Central Russia, May 10.—While peasants today were burning the residence of Count Bobrinsk they seized a priest who tried to persuade them to help him extinguish the fire and were with difficulty prevented from throwing him into the flames.

Splendid Values Are Our Ladies' Shoes at

$2.50

We have crowded more style and prettiness into this shoe for this season than ever before.

Soft, smooth-wearing leathers—comfortable and stylish both in Shoes and Oxford Ties—black, patent leather and brown, all sizes and widths. Shoes for all at

WIELAND'S

123 West Superior Street.

FERGUSON REFUSES

Will Accept No Compromise From Armour Car Line People.

Turns Down Request For a Conference Before the Hearing.

The Armour people yesterday asked for a conference with E. M. Ferguson of Duluth and other interested parties so that they might offer a compromise in the matter of a reduction of rates in refrigeration car charges, and thus bring about a dismissal of the hearing before the interstate commerce commission, ordered for today, in regard to the charges brought against the company by the Knudsen-Ferguson company of this city, because of an alleged overcharge for the icing of a carload of fruit which came to Duluth by way of the Michigan Central road.

Mr. Ferguson refused to grant the request, and the hearing will therefore be held at Chicago today, according to the order issued a short time ago. A continuation of the hearing before the senate commission will be held at Washington next Monday, and Mr. Ferguson, who is now in Chicago to be present at today's hearing, will be in attendance. His position relative to the request of the Armours concerning a compromise is clearly expressed in the following mesage received this morning by H. B. Knudsen, his partner:

"Armours ask conference to submit compromise proposition reducing charges, conditioned upon dropping the case. We refused to treat with them, as not legitimate parties to the proceedings, we claiming that the illegitimatacy of the entire Armour charge is the main issue. We propose to stand or fall on that position, and to accept no compromise. The hearing will proceed today.—E. M. Ferguson."

The offer of the Armours to compromise is taken to mean that they fear defeat, and are anxious to bring about some form of settlement before the proceedings against them are carried any farther.

A continuance of the Washington hearing is announced in a telegram from Senator S. B. Elkins, which reads:

"I am requested by Senator Clapp to advise you that representatives of the Armour Car company will appear before the interstate commerce commission of the United States senate for the purpose of making their statement the 15th instant at 11 o'clock, in the committee room of the capital building at Washington."

RICH WARNED BY THE POPE

Shows Evil of Modern Methods In Business World.

Washington, May 10.—Pope Pius' last encyclical letter to all the prelates and others in the Roman Catholic communion, which has just reached here, speaks authoritatively on subjects which are now harassing the American secular as well as religious world. The pope makes a general review of the deplorable condition of the world at the present time, and suggests that the remedy lies in knowing more clearly and following more decidedly the teachings of Christianity.

Part of the encyclical, according to the church authorities, is timely in this country, when "trusts, "tainted money" and kindred subjects are engrossing so much attention. The pope says:

"There are today vast numbers, continually being recruited by fresh accessions, who are utterly ignorant of the truths of religion, or who at most possess only such knowledge of God and of the Christian faith as to lead the lives of idolaters.

"In consequence of this ignorance, they regard it as no crime to cherish hatred against their neighbor, to enter into the most unjust contracts, to use the most unjust speculation, to endeavor to possess themselves of the property of others by enormous usury and to commit other iniquities not less reprehensible.

"Furthermore, they seem unaware that the law of God not only forbids immoral actions, but condemns immoral thoughts and immoral desires. Even when they are restrained from abandoning themselves to sensual pleasures, they without any scruple feed themselves on evil thoughts, multiplying sins beyond the hairs of the head. We deem it necessary to repeat that such persons are found not only among the poorer classes, but in the highest walk of life and even among those puffed up with knowledge, who, relying upon a vain erudition, think they are at liberty to turn religion into ridicule."

The preaching of "topical" sermons among the Catholic clergy receives severe arraignment and the writing of controversial books and of learned treatises is not encouraged. Of this the pope says:

"Too often it happens that ornate sermons which win the applause of crowded congregations serve only to tickle the ears and fail utterly to touch the heart. The same may be said of those priests who devote much time and labor in writing books to illustrate the truths of religion. They are worthy of commendation for their activity. But how many read these books or derive from them fruit that corresponds in any degree to the toil and wishes of those who wrote them? Whereas, the teaching of the catechism, when performed as it should be, never fails to be of profit to those who listen to it."

The encyclical closes by laying down rules for the shepherds of souls, all of which are made mandatory. They are to preach the catechism (Christian doctrine) every Sunday and feast day throughout the year. This instruction, which must be on the text of the catechism, must last at least an hour.

The pope makes an eloquent plea for moral teaching in the schools. He ends by bestowing his apostolic benediction on all who follow his words.

The encyclical is dated from Rome, April 15, 1905.

TIBBLES A BANKER

He Will Try Populist Financiering In New York.

Tired of Writing Editorials on a Populist Weekly.

Lincoln, Neb. May 10.—T. H. Tibbles, who was a candidate for vice president on the ticket with Tom Watson, the Populist presidential nominee, last year, is going to New York city to take the presidency of a bank. He has been editor of the biggest Populist weekly in the West, printed in Lincoln, but he has tired of writing and proposes to try a career of finance.

A qualunt and curious character is Tibbles. A student all of his life, despite the fact that many of his years have been spent on a farm, he is crammed full of information. He is a square, angular man, with a massive head and white hair that refuses the advances of comb or brush.

Tibbles is firmly convinced that Walt street has the country by the tail and is only hunting for a good-sized fencepost against which to slam it. He has some rare old ideas about the money power, and in his discussion of high finance he manifests a strong impatience over the poverty of the English vocabulary.

He is the author of a volume on manking and banking methods, and has some interesthg ideas about finance generally. He is a flat money man, and he believes all of the old parties are corrupt. He will make a unique addition to the circle of New York bank presidents.

Tibbles spent a year in New York city sometime before his nomination for the vice presidency. While there he made it his business to haunt the banks and brokers' offices, and he brought back with him some weird tales and conpiddences that the unsuspecting men of Wall street poured into his ears.

"I am going back there," he said, "to consider an offer of taking charge of a bank that is to be started on the East side, among the foreigners. When I was in New York a couple of years ago I got acquainted with a number of the big bankers and financiers of the country, and I guess one of them got stuck on me, as he has made me the proposition to furnish the capital if I will come back and run the bank.

"You see, I have written miles of stuff about banks and banking. There isn't anything about the whole blamed business I am not up on, and I have some ideas about banking that have never been used.

"I told these to my rich friend back in New York and they seemed to strike his fancy. He wants to try them on the poor people and wants me to direct the thing. I am going back to see.

"Maybe I'll take it and maybe I won't. The whole blamed trouble about running a bank is that the president has got to shoulder everything. He has got to be sure that every clerk is honest, and if he makes a mistake some morning he wakes up to find one of them has busted the bank by running off with some of the money. That's what is making me hesitate.

"This bank is going to be run on new ideas. What they are I don't intend to say until I get back to New York and make up my mind what I will do.

"They're Populist ideas, for I am not going to give up being a Populist just because I become a bank president. There are more Pop bank presidents in New York than you have any idea of, and I discovered when I was back there that a lot of them were of my way of thinking, only they didn't dare come out in the open. The big fellows have got them cowed."

Tibbles was one of John Brown's raiders before the war, and narrowly escaped hanging twice. Later he married Bright Eyes, daughter of an Omaha Indian chief, and one of the cleverest literary women the Indians have ever developed.

Since her death a few years ago Tibbles has shut himself up with his books and his writings, his New York vacation being his only recreation in years. He has a daughter in Brooklyn.

Mr. Tibbles said that the bank would begin with a small capital, about $50,000 or $75,000, which would be increased later if the plan proved a success. He proposes that the bank shall be run on the principle that the depositors are entitled to know all about its affairs.

He takes the ground that a bank is a mutual institution, that the statements made by it should be of such a character that everybody can tell what the actual condition of the bank is. He says bank examination is a farce. At present the gamblers take the people's money. If they win they take all the profits; if they lose the depositors pay the score.

He says that no bank officer shall be allowed to borrow of his institution and that no money shall be lent to any concern in which the officers of the bank are interested. Every cashier's slip shall be accessible to the depositors, and at the end of each day the bank's condition will be figured up and the statement open for inspection by everybody. This statement shall give the names of those who borrowed the money, as well as those who deposited, together with the amounts.

Tibbles says he has a number of friends in New York with millions who heard him give his views at a dinner talk last winter, and they have asked him to try to find out by actual experiment if a bank can be run honestly and make money.

If you are an advertisement reader you know things about prices—you don't guess very often—but if you do you guess right.

WATCH AND WAIT!

The greatest Bankrupt sale ever before offered in Duluth.

We have bought a $10,000 Bankrupt Stock at 42½c on the dollar.

The entire stock will be placed on sale Saturday, May 13.

Watch the Friday Evening Herald for prices.

Duluth Consignment Company,

24 East Superior Street.

THE BIG DULUTH

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL

RAINCOATS

$9.85, $12.50, $15.00, $18.00, $20.00, $22.50, $25.00.

Those above $15 in exclusive patterns—one coat of a kind.

MISSOURI WINS

Defeats Pride of the Navy In Eight-Hour Contest.

Alabama Comes In Last In Race of Battleships.

New York, May 10.—Seven battleships of the North Atlantic squadron raced for eight hours on the high seas on Saturday, with Rear Admiral Robley D. Evans as starter, official timekeeper, and judge.

The battlship Missouri won with ease. The others finished in this order: Maine, Kearsarge, Kentucky, Iowa, Massachusetts and Alabama. The race began 200 miles south of Cape Henry.

The battleship Missouri won with ease, battleships, but left the Illinois at Pensacola. Rear Admiral Evans split the squadron into two divisions, taking the Maine as his flagship, and with it the Missouri, Kearsarge and Kentucky, leaving the Iowa, Massachusetts and Alabama under command of Rear Admiral Charles H. Davis. The Iowa and Massachusetts have less tonnage and less horsepower than any ship in the first division.

Before 9 o'clock Saturday morning the big ships began to draw abreast, and at exactly 9 the signal for the start was given from the flagship.

The first hour was designated to test the smoothness of the machinery rather than to attain a high speed. From 9 to 9:30 o'clock the ships proceeded at twelve knots; then the rate was increased to fourteen knots, and at 10 o'clock they were permitted to go ahead at full speed with natural draft.

When the real race began the Missouri drew ahead rapidly from the Massachusetts, Iowa, and Alabama, and also, though less rapidly, from the Kearsarge and Kentucky.

The race went on this way until noon, when the extreme test began with forced draft. More clearly than before in the next four hours under forced draft the Missouri demonstrated its superiority. On paper the Maine was superior, for it has a slightly greater displacement than the others and in the official trial made an average of 18.3 knots to 18.2 for the Missouri.

The Missouri, however, upset the trial figures when well going under forced draft, and showed the flagship so clean a pair of heels that there remained no question of its superiority.

From 12 to 4 o'clock the battleships became well strung out in the order in which they finished. The performance of the Alabama was disappointing, it being supposed by every one in the navy to be fleeter than the Massachusetts and Iowa, the only ships in the squadron completed before the war with Spain. These veterans beat the newer ship easily.

At no time, so it was said on the Alabama today, did it develop more than thirteen knots. Its officers said that the horse-power was up to the best record and the revolutions were smooth. They could ascribe its failing behind only to a foul bottom. The craft was painted about Christmas time, they said, in a storm of sleet and snow, and after that lay for several days in the ice of the harbor.

The sister ships, Kearsarge and Kentucky, which made the same speed, seventeen and one-fourth knots, on their trials, furnished a fine contest throughout. The Kearsarge finally drew away, but the margin was smaller than that between any two others.

Rates to Pacific Coast Cut $15.00.

The Minneapolis & St. Louis railroad has on sale daily to May 15th one-way tickets to San Francisco, Los Angeles, Portland and other points in the West and Northwest. Rates cut $15.00. Through tourist cars to California without change. Call on agents for full particulars, or address,

A. B. CUTTS,
G. P. & T. A., Minneapolis, Minn.

Homeseekers and Settlers to the Northwest.

On each Tuesday during April the Minneapolis & St. Louis railroad will sell special low one-way tickets for benefit of settlers, to Northern Minnesota, Dakota and Canadian Northwest. Round trip tickets also on sale same dates at one fare plus two dollars, limit twenty-one days. Through trains daily to St. Paul, connecting in Union depot. Don't fail to consult Minneapolis & St. Louis agents, or address,

A. B. CUTTS,
G. P. & T. A., Minneapolis, Minn.

There is a tax on carelessness—and it cannot be "sworn off." When you buy something in the poorest market, because you failed to read the ads. you pay such a tax.

"Where Values Reign Supreme"

STACK & CO

107 West Superior St.

Thursday and Friday Special Offerings!

1000 CURTAIN SAMPLES.

In Nottinghams, Scotch Nets, Fish Nets, Cable Nets and Irish Points, varying in lengths from 1½ yards to 2 yards long—get your choice tomorrow at, each **25c**

Many of these goods sold as high as $8 and $10 a pair.

Special Curtain Bargains.

$1.25 Lace Curtains only..	$1.00
$1.50 Lace Curtains only..	$1.20
$1.75 Lace Curtains only..	$1.39
$2.00 Lace Curtains only..	$1.65
$2.50 Lace Curtains only..	$1.89
$2.98 Lace Curtains only..	$2.19
$3.50 Lace Curtains only..	$2.65

Special Thursday Bargains.

$4.50 Walking Skirts.....	$2.98
$5.98 Ladies' Rain Coats..	$3.98
75c Ladies' Shirt Waists.	50c
50c Ladies' Hand Bags...	33c
$3 Marseilles Bed Spr'ds	$1.62½
$1.25 Umbrellas, special...	$1.00
25c Children's Hose, special	19c

Closing Out Varnishes.

35c can of Varnish Stain...	21c
25c can of Varnish Stain...	15c
25c can of Varnish Stain..	12½c

Closing Out Enamels.

35c can of Star Enamel.....	15c
25c can of Neil's Enamel..	12½c
15c can of Stove Enamel...	7½c

The Great Eastern

M. S. BURROWS.

Raincoats!

were never more appreciated than today. They are really the handy garment—good to wear at any time, rain or shine. Stylish in appearance and at prices within the reach of all—

$10.00 $15.00

$18.00 $20.00

.....and $25.00

BLOWING A GALE

Blowing Thirty - Six to Forty-Eight Miles an Hour.

Storm General In the Northwest Centering on Dakotas.

This morning the wind reached the fancy gait of forty-eight miles an hour, for awhile and since the blow has started has scarcely gotten below thirty-six miles an hour, which is going some.

Duluth is getting the worst of this northeaster which is blowing now, although the storm is general all over the northwest centering on North Dakota where snow fell to a considerable extent this morning.

But for wind, Duluth is the storm center. For instance, at Port Arthur the wind was blowing this morning only 14 miles an hour, and at Houghton only 18 miles an hour, while at this point it was blowing over 40 miles an hour.

Wind and rain are sweeping the Northwest, beyond the Dakotas and north of Winnipeg. Northern Michigan is getting it, too. The rain is falling heavily at all points, and in some places snow has fallen to a considerable extent. A report reached here that snow was falling in the Twin Cities this morning, but Weather Forecaster Richardson has received no notice of it, but has been notified that the rain is coming down in sheets in St. Paul and Minneapolis.

The storm will last all of tonight and probably most of tomorrow, says Forecaster Richardson, although there is a slight chance of it breaking tomorrow. Mr. Richardson believes the wind will shift by tomorrow morning and that will be the first indication of the storm breaking. The precipitation has been heavy at Duluth and will continue so until the breaking of this style of weather. Many boats are held in port because of the blow and will likely stay here waiting for better weather.

Seeing Is Believing.

If you call and examine our assortments and prices you will be convinced we are offering unheard of values in all lines of high grade jewelry during our present alteration sale. M. Henricksen Jewelry Co., Providence building.

A PRINCESS A DETECTIVE

Danish Girl Proved Her Letters Had Been Opened.

Paris, May 10.—It is not very often that a princess of the blood royal plays detective, but that is just what Princess Valdemar of Denmark, nee Marie of Orleans, has done and what is more, she has proved the French postal authorities guilty of opening sealed personal letters, reading them and resealing them.

For some time there have been rumors that the French authorities, like Russia, have maintained a "cabinet noir," that is to say, a secret department where letters suspected of containing political secrets are opened and read before they are allowed to reach the person to whom they are addressed.

Princess Valdemar, the confidante of the late Czar Alexander III., who has a reputation of dabbling in grand politics, unknown for what reason, had a suspicion that her letters to her mother, the duchess of Chartres, were opened and read. To make sure she laid a trap for the French authorities.

At the bottom of a letter to her mother she added the following postscript: "Dear Mother: I send you the first Danish violets of the season; keep them and think of me every time you look at them," and intentionally she then forgot to inclose the violets.

Some days afterward she received a letter from the duchess of Chartres, in which she thanked her daughter for the little Danish flowers. The trap had worked to perfection.

It is easy to guess what happened. One of the officials of the "cabinet noir" opened the letter and read it through, and when he did not see any violets he thought that he must have dropped them, and replaced them with French violets.

Whether the princess will make a complaint or not is not known, but she declares that after this her letters are to be sealed with sealing wax bearing the imprint of the Danish royal coat-of-arms.

A CREEPING DEATH.

Blood poison creeps up towards the heart, causing death. J. E. Stearns, Belle Plaine, Minn., writes that a friend dreadfully injured his hand, which swelled up like blood poisoning. Bucklen's Arnica Salve drew out the poison, healed the wound, and saved his life. Best in the world for burns and sores. 25c at all druggists.

NOMINAL DAMAGES

Found By a Jury For Professor Triggs.

New York, May 10.—The jury in the suit of Professor Oscar L. Triggs against the Sun of this city for libel returned a sealed verdict allowing 6 cents damages to the plaintiff. Prof. Triggs' counsel requested that the jury be polled, with the result that the foreman and three other jurors said the verdict did not certainly represent their views, inasmuch as they supposed when they consented to it that a nominal verdict carried with it the costs of the action.

Col. Franklin Bartlett, counsel for the Sun, after a conference with the professor's attorney, informed the court that counsel on both sides consented to a reconsideration of the verdict in order to permit the jury to rectify the misunderstanding of the law of a part of their number. In a few minutes the jury returned with a verdict of $50 in favor of Prof. Triggs, which carries with it costs sufficient to meet the expenses of the trial, not including counsel fees.

Prof. Triggs formerly was connected with the University of Chicago in the English department. The New York Sun contained, during the years 1901, 1902 and 1903 several humorous and satrical editorials, based, according to evidence introduced at the trial, on Chicago newspaper articles. In these editorials Prof. Triggs was accused of "swatting" Longfellow and Whittier, and of having advocated the use of slang. Professor Triggs, in his complaint, claimed that the publication of these editorials had damaged his reputation as a teacher and occasioned his enforced resignation from the faculty of the University of Chicago.

Remember

That we are closing out the Blodgett-Oldham stock of fine footwear for men, women, misses and children, at—

Bargain Prices.

To buy shoes for any member of the family at this store now is to save money.

McDONNELL SHOE CO.,

124 W. Superior St.

ECONOMY IS WEALTH

By saving the dimes and nickels you will always have ready money. You must learn to be economical, for it is surely the key to financial success. Lay something by for the rainy days.

3% INTEREST ON SAVINGS

DEPOSIT YOUR SAVINGS WITH THE

Duluth Savings Bank,

NO. 216 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

West Duluth

SECURE A SITE

Women Purchase Two Lots For Branch Y. M. C. A. Building.

Location Is Within Two Block of Business Center.

Two lots at the corner of Wadena street and Fifty-seventh avenue west, were purchased this morning by a committee of West Duluth women, and turned over to the Y. M. C. A. for the site of a new branch Y. M. C. A. building.

Each lot is 25 by 125 feet, which will give a site 50 by 125 feet, on a corner within two blocks of the corner of Ramsey street and Central avenue, the principal business corner of the western end of the city.

The price paid for the lots was $600. The money will all be collected and turned over within thirty days, and the Y. M. C. A. will then own the ground free of any incumbrance.

Four West Duluth women, Mrs. H. H. Phelps, Mrs. C. R. Keyes, Mrs. H. R. Patterson and Mrs. N. C. Hendricks are largely instrumental in accomplishing the success of the movement which was started two or three months ago. They have given both time and money to the work and have finally succeeded in taking the first step toward the establishment of a branch Y. M. C. A. building for West Duluth.

After getting the necessary amount of money pledged they secured sanction of the board of directors of the Y. M. C. A. and purchased the lots this morning, having the deed made out to the Y. M. C. A.

Mr. Bevis, the general secretary of the association, stated this morning that he did not know just when work on the building would be commenced.

"The board has had its eyes turned toward West Duluth for two years or more," he said, "and they have been planning to extend the work to that part of the city just as soon as the finances would allow of it. It is not yet known whether the building can be erected this year, but all I can say is that the work will be pressed just as vigorously as we can push it. The site secured by the ladies is an excellent one, and is just a short walk from the principal corner of the town.

"The industrial development now taking place in West Duluth and the further growth likely in the near future, forces the Y. M. C. A. to energetic action in that part of the city if it is to keep pace with the needs of the young men. Already a branch is needed badly out there, and this necessity will become greater and greater."

MERELY MIXED NAMES.

Ald. Chesney, a Father, Not Ald. Getchell.

This morning's News-Tribune announced the birth of a daughter on Monday to Alderman and Mrs. Getchell. In any event this would be an interesting occurence, but it is made much more interesting through the fact that Alderman Getchell is a bachelor.

His friends at West Duluth were at first horrified and then began to think that maybe Ben, as he is called, had stolen a march on them and that Mrs. Getchell really existed. They were for offering him best wishes and things, belated of course, but none the less sincere, when their hopes that he had seen the error of his single ways, were shattered by finding out that the birth notice was merely a slight mixing of names.

The daughter mentioned was born to Alderman and Mrs. William Chesney and the two men being aldermen the mixing of names was only a slight feat of mental juggling. Mr. Chesney looks as though he has been cheated out of something and Mr. Getchell looks coy.

CRESCENT FLYERS.

The easy-running qualities of **CRESCENTS** are well known and if you ride a **CRESCENT** you will always be in the race. We carry the largest stock of bicycles in Duluth and to reduce it are selling bicycles at less than cost.

LADIES' CHAINLESS CRESCENTS going at... **$35.00**

CUSHION-FRAME CRESCENTS going at... **$35.00**

1902 and 1903 Models now going at..... **$15.00**

It will pay you to see what we have before you buy a bicycle.

F. H. WADE,

Hardware, Bicycles, Sporting Goods. 329-331 Central Avenue.

REPRESENTATIVE

WEST DULUTH FIRMS

Come Right In

To my place and let us talk about Wall Paper, Paint, Varnishes, Paperhanging and House Painting—A large stock to choose from.

J. C. JOHNSON, 225 North Fifty-fifth Avenue.

If the best is none too good for you, use

MURRAY BROS.' NON-EXCELLED ICE CREAM

Try It.

TO GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

J. P. Weir Goes as Presbyterian Lay Delegate.

J. P. Weir, who was elected a short time ago as lay delegate from the Duluth presbytery to the Presbyterian general assembly, will leave on Sunday to take up his duties as delegate at the general assembly, which will meet next week at Winona Lake, Ind. The ministerial delegate from this presbytery, Rev. Peter Knudsen of New Duluth, will not leave for Lake Winona until Tuesday.

The delegates are instructed by the Duluth presbytery to vote for a union with the Southern Presbyterians, who have heretofore maintained a separate church establishment and now wish to unite with the larger Presbyterian body. It is likely that the general assembly will vote to unite.

FOR NEW CURLING STONES.

A. G. Macaulay Will Bring Many Back From Scotland.

A. G. Macauley, cashier of the Duluth-Superior Traction company, and one of the directors of the Western Curling association, will leave for a visit to Scotland, his native heath, in July. Preparatory to going to Scotland, Mr. Macaulay has been around among members of the Western Curling association, getting orders for curling stones, and has obtained orders from every member. He says he has got more than he wants now, for he will have to bring back about a ton of curling stones from Glasgow, or rather a small town just outside of Glasgow, where the best curling stones on earth are said to be manufactured.

It is the desire of the West Duluth curlers to leave nothing in the way of them making a good record next winter, and they believe that good curling stones will help their ambitions to reach realization.

MISS KENNEDY'S MEMORIAL

Window In Longfellow School Arranged For.

The determination has been reached that a memorial window will be put into Longfellow school in honor of the late Miss Laura Kennedy, who, while teacher in that school, so won the love of her pupils and their parents that at her death the deepest grief was felt throughout West Duluth. It is not often that teachers so bind the pupils and parents to them that their death will cause the depression felt when Miss Kennedy died. That feeling alone was an enduring monument to the dead teacher, but the alumni and pupils of the school have arranged with Germain Bros. of Duluth to put in a window on one side of the main entrance to the school, which will be a copy of Thayer's "Caritas," hung in the Boston public library. This is considered best, for the reason that it is emblematical of charity, and at the same time the central figure is that of an ideal of young American womanhood.

The window will cost $200, which will be raised by subscription among the alumni and pupils of the school. Final details for its purchase will be made at the meeting to be held at the school Friday night. The committee having the matter in charge is from the alumni and consists of E. George Kreidler, Georgia Knox, Oliver Olsen, Henry Sullivan, Reginald Graham and William Burglund.

IN GOOD SHAPE.

Western State Bank Finds Itself Growing Rapidly.

The directors of the Western State bank held their regular monthly meeting last evening, and the report of the cashier shows that the business of the bank has more than doubled in the last twelve months. In fact the financial condition and the status of business was found not only satisfactory, but a little beyond what the directors hoped for.

The bank now owns the buildign it is doing business in, which also is a matter of satisfaction to the directors. Those who attended the meeting were: President James Cochrane, Vice President L. A. Barnes, Directors Dr. David Graham, J. A. Scott, M. M. Clark, S. J. Nygren, H. H. McDonald and C. S. W. Korth and Cashier L. R. Clark.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. | SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. | SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. | SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

$25.00, $27.50 and $29.50 Tailored Suits Tomorrow for only $16.50

Another big opportunity to secure a handsomely tailored suit at almost half—Weeding out all odd lots and single numbers finds 43 stylish suits to go on sale tomorrow at this extremely low figure. If you want one be on hand early.

$12.50, $15.00 and $18.00 Fancy Silk Waists at $7.75.

Ones and twos of a kind from our best selling lines including rich net waists—silk-lined throughout—Lingerie taffeta waists, trimmed with rich Valenciennes lace insertion—Waists in Crepe de Chine, Peau de Soie and Chiffon Taffeta—all sizes in the lot, but ones and twos of a kind—the early comers will get the plums.

FUR STORAGE.

Year after year we keep safe from moth, fire and thief the fur garments and neck pieces of thousands of careful people. It costs little and the things are insured. We have the largest fur vaults in the city. Any needed alteration or repairs will be made by expert furriers at the usual reduced rates for summer. Shall we send for yours? Apply or phone to the 2nd floor, Fur Department.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

New Rain Coats $12.50.

25 new models just arrived go on sale tomorrow at this popular figure—dependable garments and easily worth $5.00 more.

New Walking Skirts $5.00

Smart styles in pleated and umbrella effects—made from serviceable sicilians thoroughly sponged and shrunk—all sizes—special for tomorrow $5.00.

Silberstein & Bondy Company. Silberstein & Bondy Company. Silberstein & Bondy Company.

TO BUILD FLATS.

Geo. Kreidler Will Make Addition to Block.

George Kreidler, who owns the Kreidler block, at the corner of Central avenue and Bristol street, is about to build quite a large addition to the block on Bristol street. The addition will take up fifty feet frontage by thirty-five feet depth, and will be two stories in height. It will be of brick, the same as the main building, and will be steam heated. It will be arranged in flats and will be modern in every particular.

Plans are being drawn for the addition and work will begin almost immediately.

Pleasant Surprise.

On Monday evening a number of his friends surprised Fred Mattson and passed a delightful evening in games of various kinds. Refreshments were served. The following were present: Misses Hilma Forsman, Nora Holt, Vivian Lybeck, Pearl Ayotte, Mary Forsman, Pearl Holmes, Ruth Rennell, Ellen Rennell, Masters Arthur Mattson, Clifton Holmes, George Mattson, Lester Whalen and Victor Jacobson.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Sons have been born to Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Egge, 337 North Sixtieth avenue west, and to Mr. and Mrs. Gust Nelson of 4118 West Fourth street.

Neither the Merrill & Ring mill nor the Alger-Smith mill are running today, for the reason that in this high wind the lumber-pilers cannot work.

The N. C. A., which is the young men's club of the Westminster Presbyterian church, met in the parlors of the church last evening.

Division No. 4, A. O. H., held a regular meeting at Gilley's hall last evening.

Reduced prices on drugs and sundries until June 1st—Olander's.

West Duluth camp, Modern Woodmen of America, will meet tonight at Gilley's hall.

A shift was put to work yesterday in the casting house of the Zenith Blast furnace, and a casting was run off last night.

J. Rogers has returned to his home in Cincinnati, after visiting with West Duluth friends for some time.

S. H. Stevens and family have moved to Saginaw, Mich.

Mrs. William Wiehe of 122 South Sixty-third avenue west was pleasantly surprised last Friday afternoon by a party of fifteen ladies. A charming time was spent and dainty refreshments were served.

Our Alteration Sale

Of select jewelry gives you an opportunity to buy the finest goods at the lowest prices ever offered in Duluth. M. Henricksen Jewelry Co., Providence building.

PATTI DECORATED.

Legion of Honor Ribbon For Charitable Work.

London, May 10.—As a mark of recognition for her active co-operation in charitable work in Paris, the Baroness Cederstrom, better known as Madame Adelina Patti, has recently received the ribbon of the Legion of Honor from President Loubet.

Baroness Cederstrom has frequently sang at concerts organized in aid of charity. Only on the first of the present month she appeared at a matinee organized for that purpose by M. Cassigneul at the Gaite theater, where she was applauded most enthusiastically for the "Jewel Song" from "Faust," and an air from the "Marriage of Figaro," and on that occasion a large sum of money was collected, thanks to Madame Patti's presence and co-operation. After this M. Delcasse, the foreign minister, submitted a decree nominating the great singer a foreign member of the Legion of Honor to President Loubet, who signed it at once. In appending his signature M. Loubet said:

"I do this with as much pelasure as I experienced long ago when I had no gray hairs, and when I heard Madame Adelina Patti sing in 'Lucia' and 'La Sonnambula.'"

The bestowal of the ribbon of the Legion of Honor on Baroness Cederstrom is hailed with general satisfaction in Paris, where the famous vocalist is always a prime favorite.

Colonist Rates Via the Northwestern Line.

On sale daily until May 15th, to California at $32.90, Colorado, Utah and Wyoming at $22.50; Portland, Seattle and Tacoma, $25.00. Other points, proportionate rates. City Ticket office, 302 West Superior street. Depot, foot Fifth avenue west.

Dr. von Suessmilch, The Dentist,

Has removed to 315 W. Superior St., over F. D. Day & Co.'s Jewelry Store

Workingmen and Others

We are prepared to move you cheaper and better than any one else. Covered vans or open drays, same price. Come and be satisfied.

DULUTH VAN & STORAGE CO.

Phones 492. 210 West Superior St.

Take Your Prescriptions and have them filled at

BOYCE'S DRUG STORE

GATELY'S GOOD GOODS BEST ON EARTH

Family Clothing $1.00 A Week.

GATELY'S GOOD GOODS BEST ON EARTH

Have you ever visited our store and looked over our splendid line of clothing for the entire family, on **CREDIT?** Thousands of Duluth people are taking advantage of it. Why not you? Our plan is the best and easiest in the city. Our prices are lowered by the tremendous buying power of our seventy branch stores.

Men's and Youths' Suits—Top Coats $10 Rain Coats—guaranteed—$15 Extra Pants, Hats and Shoes.

Ladies' and Misses' Suits—$8.00 to $30 Silk Shirt Walst Suits—$10.00 to $25 Skirts—$2.00 to $15 Cravenettes—rain proof $10 Shirt Waists in silk and wash goods $1.25 to $10

A Gately Watch given with every boys' $5.00 Suit.

Clothing Department on 2nd Floor—take elevator. Never mind if you haven't the ready cash—your credit is good here and you can make the payments to suit your own convenience.

GATELY SUPPLY CO.

8 East Superior St

A Very Handsome Dresser

of genuine mahogany—This case is all hand polished, has serpentine front—four large drawers with solid brass handles—the mirror is 20x24 square beveled French plate. In fact most stores would say $30 for such a dresser—

Our Special $18.75

WE TRUST YOU — The F. S. KELLY Furniture Co. — YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD

Mr. and Mrs. William E. Cleland have returned from their wedding trip and are at home in St. Elmo flats for a short time before going to their home on Park Point.

* * *

Mrs. S. W. Clark of East Third street has returned from a short trip to Faribault, where she was called by the death of her mother.

* * *

The wedding of Miss Edna Hasking of Lawrence, Mich., and Edward J. Webb of Hibbing took place yesterday at noon at the parsonage of the First Methodist church. The wedding service was read by Rev. John Calahan. Mr. and Mrs. Webb will go to Hibbing, where they will make their home.

* * *

A pretty home wedding took place yesterday when Miss Magdaline Wittrop became the bride of Dudley Ralph Appleman. The wedding took place at the home of John C. Wittrop of 1021 West Second street. The bride was attended by Miss Caroline Schmaltz, and the best man was John Clayton. The service was read by Rev. Alexander Milne, and a wedding breakfast followed the ceremony, which was read at 1:30 o'clock. Mr. and Mrs. Appleman left for a wedding trip to the South, and will return to Eau Claire, where they will be at home.

* * *

Miss Marie Forbes, who has been ill with pneumonia at St. Luke's hospital, is now with her sister, Mrs. H. V. Eva of Hunter's Park.

* * *

Mrs. R. G. Dunlop has returned from a visit with friends in Indiana.

* * *

Mrs. A. C. Farrer has gone to Brainerd for a short trip, and from there she will go for a visit at Minneapolis and Chicago.

* * *

This evening the second reading of Tennyson's "In Memoriam" will be given at the rooms of the Young Women's Christian association by Rev. Alexander Milne. Any interested are invited to attend and are requested to bring copies of the poem.

* * *

The Olcott club of Duluth Heights will be entertained this evening by Miss Alice Conklin. The reader for the meeting will be Miss Edith Christianson.

* * *

The women of St. Paul's Episcopal church will meet Friday afternoon with Mrs. G. A. St. Clair of 1125 East Superior street. The meeting is an important one and all members are requested to be present.

IS HERE TO STAY.

Corset Flourishes In Spite of Attacks.

"And thus the years new fashions bring which flourish and decay;
"The corset is the only thing that ever came to stay.'

Whenever a wise editor or doctor or lecturer can think of nothing else to talk about he pounces on the ever-green subject of woman's dress, and, figuratively speaking, rips it to pieces. The corset is his pet topic. "Off with the corset!" he cries. "Be as nature made you. What do you care if you do look sloppy? We men will admire you far more if you leave your figure as nature fashioned it." And they invariably end by telling us to look at the Venus de Milo.

Now, it is quite safe to assert that if a woman of the Milo type walked down Broadway side by side with a girl whose gown owned its fit and style to a well-fitting corset, nine out of ten men would pass the much-vaunted Venus by and gaze with admiring eyes at her trim modern sister.

The name of the person who invented the corset is lost to history, but in all probability the idea was conceived by some beauty of ancient times who desired to become more beautiful in the eyes of her lord and master.

For, ever since Eve first bowed before Adam, woman has craved the admiration of man, and man has certainly done all he could to foster the craving by paying double attention to the woman who catered to his fancy.

As for men trying at this late day and date to discourage the wearing of corsets, they might as well save their breath and eloquence, says the New York Journal.

We have been arriving at the present perfect shape of the corset since 50 B. C., and is it likely that we're going to let nearly 2,000 years of work go for nothing?

It was back in Cleopatra's time that the corset was first thought of. Who knows but perhaps the dusky beauty of the Nile thought to hold Mark Antony's fickle fancy longer could she add some new charm to her face or figure?

Anyway, it was then that the embryo corset first appeared in the shape of a stiffened linen girdle called a "zora." Sometimes it was worn outside the tunic, tightly laced and much jeweled.

Then fashion wearied of the "zora," and for twelve centuries the corset languished.

The Greeks and the Romans next held sway, and beauty unadorned was good enough for them.

In the sixteenth century along came Catherine de Medici, that energetic lady who meddled in everything, from empires to hairpins, and she revived the corset with a vengeance.

She not only wore it herself, but also issued an edict that all women of birth and breeding should wear corsets which should reduce their waist measures to thirteen inches.

This corset was called a "corps," and was stiffened in every possible manner. In this the body was pinched and forced, while over the "corps" was clasped a perfectly fitting corset cover, constructed of thin plates of steel, fashioned in two pieces and opening on a hinge.

This instrument of torture lasted until the early part of the seventeenth century, when more pliable materials were adopted.

Beautifully quilted satin bodices replaced Catherine's invention.

The next change in the corset's history took place in the early part of the eighteenth century, when leather stiffened with whalebone came into use.

Since then it has gone on steadily improving until today for every type of woman there is a specially adapted corset.

Fat women, thin women, tall women, short women—all women can be suited.

Perhaps we modern women might have been better off if our far off vain ancestresses had not taken so kindly to the pioneer corset; but they did, and so it is born in us to like corsets.

Incidentally it may be of interest to readers to know that, in spite of his "words, empty words," on the subject, man has not been entirely averse to wearing corsets himself.

While Catherine de Medici's maidens were in "durance vile" in their steel capes, her courtiers were wearing an equally horrible device, and—low be it whispered—they do say that it is not an utterly unknown thing for the men of today to wear corsets.

But alas! what's sauce for the goose has never yet, according to masculine standards, been considered sauce for the gander.

The first man to write against corsets was a monk who lived in 1043. He might, I thing, be termed somewhat of an interloper in the field. Ever since men have been following suit, and will, I suppose

"Till the stars grow old, and the sun grows cold,
And the leaves of the judgment book unfold."

DR. McLEAN'S LIVER and KIDNEY BALM CURES LIVER and KIDNEY ILLS.
Your Druggist sells this famous remedy.
DROP US A POSTAL AND WE WILL MAIL YOU
FREE OUR BOOK
SOUND SENSE FOR THE SICK AND THE WELL
THE DR. J. H. McLEAN MEDICINE CO.
ST. LOUIS, MO.

Contributed Anonymously.

Chicago Journal: Four or five ladies bustled into Mr. M——'s private office the other day.

"What can I do for you, ladies?" he asked, pleasantly.

"Why, Mr. M——," began one of the visitors, "we are taking up a subscription, and we knew you wouldn't like it if we didn't give you an opportunity to subscribe."

Mr. M—— bowed graciously and asked: "And the object? Of course, it is a worthy one, or you would not be interested in it."

"Yes, sir," replied the spokeswoman, "we think it is a very worthy object. It is to build a home for aged and indigent widows."

"Excellent! Excellent! I shall take pleasure in making you out a check."

"Oh, how lovely of you, Mr. M——!" exclaimed the spokeswoman when she received the bit of paper and read the amount, $500. "Oh, we didn't expect to get that much from you! We are so much obliged."

"So good of him!" and similar exclamations were heard as the check was passed around for the admiration of the party.

"But Mr. M——," said the lady who handled the check last, "you haven't signed it."

"That is because I do not wish my benefactions known to the world," said Mr. M——, modestly. "I wish to give the check anonymously." And he bowed the ladies out with great dignity.

Small Women's Day.

Small women are fashion's favorites this season, for she has designed most of her modes for their especial benefit, says the New York Press. Who but the petite beauty of arch manners and a nose of a certain type (minor poets call it tip-tilted, folk of fashions use the word retrousse and plain persons say "pug") can stand the new spring hat. It is a tiny affair, tilted up in front and about the right size for the average doll. Ribbons and trimmings must point jauntily skyward, and even shoulders, by the ingenuity of dressmakers, are to be raised for an inch or so. What is to become of the woman who has been gliding through the last few seasons with trailing chiffons and drooping hats? Will she give up her pose of gracefulness and frisk and romp with short skirts swirling about her heels? It is to be hoped that large, stately women, in their attempts to adapt themselves to the atmosphere of the coquettishness hat, will not reach the stage of kittenishness.

Another Version.

A Western lecturer, says the Boston Brown Book, in one of his talks on the manners and customs of high society, said:

"Too often society is struck a telling blow by such an answer as an elderly country squire once made to an inquisitive young man."

Here the lecturer turned to the blackboard behind him, and scrawled upon it four immense letters—R. S. V. P.

"A young man," he resumed, "asked the country squire what those letters meant at the foot of an invitation. The squire, with a little chuckle, answered:

"'They mean, Rush in, Shake hands, Victual up, and Put.'"

A MATTER OF MANHOOD

By Lawrence Henry.

(Copyright, 1905, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

"Are you sure you could do it if I gave you the money?" She whispered it with little gasps of excitement escaping her rosy lips.

He lowered his head closer to hers, his voice was deep, modulated and gentle.

"Yes, I am positive. If, when the exchange opens tomorrow at 10 I have $100,000 I can cover the deal against all assaults. At 3 o'clock I will have a million—and then, Irene, you and I can go—"

"Oh, Jack!"

"And live, in some far-off sunny clime, our joyous love together." His tones rung chesty, but there seemed a false chord somewhere, not, however, to Irene's ear, for she impulsively exclaimed:

"Oh, darling, I—I—have just $100,000. Poor papa left it to me when he died. It is all mine, in railroad bonds. I can do with it what I like!"

"Ah, sweetheart, if you knew the depth of my passion for you." He gently took her hand and covered it with a long, moist kiss. Slowly raising his eyes, he said:

"Why must I always be content with only this little hand? When am I to feast on those rosy lips of yours?"

"Not until—Oh, Jack, you would not have me while I live with Harlow, as—as his wife!" She smiled a dimpled, nervous, fearful smile.

"Ah, but after tomorrow you could come to me and be mine alone, if—"

"Yes, if I gave you the money. Oh, Jack, do you think I could refuse when all our future happiness is at stake! But Jack, my fortune is not money, it is bonds, in the safety deposit vault, though I have the key. See, it is here!" She held it before him.

"If I could have them in time I could negotiate them for cash." His voice quivered a little.

"I will get them for you today." She rose in her enthusiasm. "I must go myself, you know. If you will come tonight at 9 o'clock I will have them. Will that give you time?"

"Yes—but your husband, will he not be at home at that hour?" His deliberation of manner contrasted strangely with Irene's intensity.

"Oh, tonight he must go to a club, there is a directors' meeting. You will find me alone.

After a few more words of mutual understanding the man took his departure, and the woman rang for the coachman and ordered the coupe up.

The woman was Irene Tarbell, the wife of Harlow Tarbell, one of the most substantial operators on Wall street. Tarbell came from one of the old families of the city, and while a speculator of audacity, his reputation for integrity was the highest. When he married Irene Lapham he was past 40 and supposed to be a confirmed bachelor, but a summer's sojourn in an interior town, where he went to avoid a nervous collapse, proved his Waterloo. Irene Lapham, the belle of the village, was thrown in his way, and her freshness and beauty captivated him. She was not of the milkmaid kind, but a young woman of excellent advantages, considering her environment. She was an orphan, her father dying sometime before, leaving her with a snug fortune and the benefits of a seminary education. She married Tarbell because she believed she loved him; perhaps the glamor of his name had something to do with it. He married her because for the first time in his life he had found the woman who kindled in his breast the etherical fire.

It was now four years since Irene had come to her city home. Her husband was the same Harlow Tarbell, honest, forceful, sincere, having been born in the conditions that surrounded him; but for Irene, the impetuous, unsophisticated country girl, the four years had made many changes. The pomp, the shimmer, the effervescence of the gay world had intoxicated her. Brought up with a rigid idea of morals, the dissipation and the laxity everywhere about her in this new life scared the whiteness of her pristine glory until she had reached the stage where she adopted as good form the idea of having an unmarried man for a devoted admirer.

Her husband, immersed in his business affairs, paid little attention to his wife's social career after she was once established and her position made secure. He loved her intensely in his way, which, though undemonstrative, was profound. He had absolute confidence in her innate purity and truth, and felt no misgiving that she would be tarnished by her surroundings. Like many another good husband, he failed to take into consideration the temperament of the woman. It is not always the weak who fall, or the instinctively bad.

The man in the foregoing dialogue was Jack Harper, debonnair, clever, fascinating. Where he had come from no one seemed to know, but one day he flashed upon the fashionable world like a meteor. A successful operation on the street, and he was suddenly hailed as a young Napoleon of finance. With reckless daring he dazzled the older speculators, society eagerly seized him for its own, and he became the carpet knight of a score of madams, ever on the watch for a new gallant. Of late it was rumored he had suffered several hard blows in as many market flunks, but he continued to spend money lavishly, and was seen everywhere.

For some months his attentions to Harlow Tarbell's wife had been most pronounced. The other women had about relegated him as Irene's particular property, and she, elated with her apparent victory over the more experienced anglers, had cast discretion to the winds. Irene and her Jack were seen much together. Their relations soon became so public that she was talked about. It came to her ears, but she was heedless. At first the fun in the game was taking him from the others, now it was the fascination of the man that had taken possession of her. What started as a silly flirtation was now in the stage of catastrophe. She was on the eve of an elopement with her admirer. She would respond to the dictates of her heart. How could she now live longer with steady, unpoetical Harlow, when the dashing, sentimental hero of her dreams—her Jack—offered to fly with her to the ends of the earth to forever be hers. And her little fortune—what was that to a happiness of a lifetime.

These were Irene's thoughts as she rode in the coupe to the trust company's office to secure the package of bonds. That evening at dinner her husband announced that he would attend the club directors' meeting. He seemed much preoccupied, and she, thrilling with nervous tension, almost tremblingly asked the cause.

"There is a big deal on for tomorrow. I think it will go through for somebody."

"Only business!" she sighed, half relief, half content.

At 9 o'clock Jack Harper appeared. Irene greeted him almost fearfully.

"Did you get the bonds?" In his eagerness to learn he nearly forgot to kiss her hand.

"Yes, yes," she whispered, feverishly. "Here they are. Ah, darling, when you succeed tomorrow, you take me with you forever!"

"Yes, my angel!" He hastily slipped the package into his pocket. "But it is a desperate battle. There is a man on the other side of the game whose steady nerve and resource is like a whole army. Now I will win; this money makes it sure."

An hour later he was taking his departure. He said he had much to do.

"At 9 again tomorrow evening, my darling." He spoke as if forcing tender emotion into his voice. "Then we will make the plans for our Utopia."

"But we will go at once?" Her tones were tremulous, pleading.

"Yes, at once—at once."

Irene returned to the drawing room, still thrilling with the last pressure of his hand. There was little sleep for her that night. The next day was the longest one of her life. Her fears, her hopes, the terrible tension of the moments. What were they all doing on the exchange? Would he win?. Oh, the new life! This brave, audacious, handsome man was to be hers. Then she would think of her husband. But never could he love her—never did he love her the way this man did. She waited with ever increasing suspense for the day to pass. At 9 he would come again, and—then—. Perhaps Harlow would know the outcome of the deal. He would be home at 5. Would she dare ask him.

Shortly after 5 Harlow entered the library, where Irene was trying, with ill success, to suppress her battling emotions. There were hectic flushes upon her cheeks, moisture on her fluttering little hands.

Harlow walked straight to her, lifted her from the cushioned chair in his strong arms, and impressed a warm kiss on her quivering lips. She shuddered breathless as he held her in his arms. There was a smile upon his face, a love light in his eyes. Seldom was he so lavish in his affection.

"I have got some good news for you, my dear," he said, as he stroked her hair, after gently replacing her back against the cushions.

"Yes!" she gasped faintly.

"This has been the most fortunate day of my business life," he continued calmly, but there was a carress in his voice. "I have had on the largest speculative venture of my career. Today I cleaned it up and have made one million dollars."

Irene, rigid, not daring to lift her eyes, murmured, "And—and who lost?"

"The other end of the game was played by Jack Harper. He lost."

A stifled moan sounded from the chair.

"Why, my child, are you ill?" anxiously exclaimed the alarmed husband, bending over her.

"No—no. I—I have a terrible headache. Tell me more. I would know more of—of your great success." She spoke as if dazed.

"But if you are ill?" He was very tender.

"No, I am better now."

"Perhaps it will cheer you up to know the story." He softly chafed her hand.

"Yes, I was too many for him. And he was a hard customer, for, though Jack is an unscrunulous dog, he has had a good deal of prestige. I thought I had him in my power today, but this morning he came on with more funds, and for a while I feared he would push me to the wall, but I landed him. Poor devil, his career is over. He started in on the wrong principle. A man has got to be square in some ways, even on the stock market. Jack came to me after it was all over—"

"Came to you!" There was fright in her eyes, and a shiver ran through her sinuous frame.

"Yes, he came to me. Rather strange, wasn't it. I fancy he thought I had no animosity toward him after all. He said he came to me because he knew all the others would turn on him when he was down and out. He told me he hadn't a cent in the world. Funny thing about the whole deal, underneath Jack's purpose there was an affair of the heart."

"Did he tell you that?" Irene's voice sounded far away.

"Yes. I knew something about it before. There is a pretty girl in one of the chorus down town who succeeded in making one of the worst kind of fools of Jack. It seems he completely lost his head over her, according to the boys on the street. Anyway it has developed that if Jack is in any one honest phase in his make-up, it is his love for this little actress. It was because of her he came to me. At 9 o'clock tonight they sail for Australia. I staked him with a few thousand, which will enable him to make a new start in life with the pretty dancer for a wife. Rather a pretty story after all, my love."

He stooped to kiss her on the lips, but she was still, very still.

She had fainted.

That night at 9 o'clock there was no caller at the Tarbell mansion.

PRICES FOR

LOWER

Quality considered, than any other.

Needles, Oil, Repairs

FOR ALL MAKES AT

SINGER STORE,

14 West Superior Street,

Duluth, Minn.

PAUPERS PLAY RACES.

Horse Won But Commissioner Forgot to Bet.

London, May 10.—The authorities have adopted a series of drastic regulations with the object of preventing the pauper inmates of the infirmary at Leytonstone from indulging in betting.

For a long time past, it is alleged, the paupers have been making modest bets with an outside bookmaker, the intermediary being a regular visitor at the institution.

One day the impression spread through several wards that a certain horse was a likely winner. The result was that some two or three dozen of the inmates intrusted shillings and sixpences to the visitor, with instructions to back the "certainty."

The horse won and the pauper sportsmen were jubilant. But when the visitor next called he had to confess that he had forgotten to make the bets and was only able to return the stakes.

The disappointed paupers were indignant and grumbled so loudly and so long that the trouble reached the ears of the medical superintendent, who promptly reported the matter.

The consequences were an inquiry and a report, in which it is alleged that the betting has been going on for some time.

The report came before the guardians at their last meeting and they decided that in future no betting news should be allowed in the infirmary, that no card playing should be permitted, and that all money above 1 shilling found on the inmates should be confiscated and paid to the treasurer of the union.

WHAT WHISKEY COSTS THE DRUNKARD.

Cure the Drink Habit With Orrine and Save Money.

Whiskey drinking does not pay. Take the lowest possible view, without counting the loss of friends, the loss of business, the loss of manhood that comes to the drunkard; consider simply the actual money paid out, and see what it costs in dollars and cents. Good authority states that nearly one-third of the wages of the laboring man goes over the bar. How much are you contributing? Figure up for one month how much you take from your wife and children and pay out in exchange for drink. The total will astonish you, and you will swear off. Will-power alone will not cure the habit. Use Orrine, the only guaranteed cure for the habit. It can be used without publicity or loss of time. It strengthens the nerves, gives a good appetite and refreshing sleep. The cost is small, $1 per box. Orrine is sold and recommended by F. W. Kugler, 108 West Superior street, Duluth.

49c for Women's 65c Storm Rubbers—all sizes—Thursday.

Freimuth's — Lake Avenue, Michigan and Superior Streets, Duluth, Minn.

39c for Women's 50c low cut Rubbers—Thursday.

RAINY DAY BARGAINS

59c for Men's Umbrellas—fast black twill covered—steel rods—crook handles—worth $1.00.

$1.50 for women's $2.50 umbrellas—guaranteed taffetas—nobby style handles—very great bargains.

$13.50 FOR $20.00 CRAVENETTE COATS

CHOICE of fifty samples—very latest styles Cravenette Coats—all sizes—only one of a kind—made to sell at $20.00. We give you choice of the lot for $13.50.

J. Freimuth J. Freimuth J. Freimuth

WHEN THE GOPHER SHOE REPAIR WORKS

Does your Shoe Repairing, it's done right—at right prices—and quickly. That's our business.

6 FIRST AVENUE WEST. BOTH 'PHONES.

The Stage

TONIGHT'S ATTRACTIONS.

LYCEUM—"The Marriage of Kitty."
METROPOLITAN—Harry Corson Clarke in "His Absent Boy."

COMING ATTRACTIONS.

LYCEUM—Saturday afternoon and evening, "The Burgomaster."

A PLEASING COMEDY.

"The Marriage of Kitty" Creates Much Laughter.

CAST:

Sir Reginald Belsize, Bart...Max Figman
John Travers .....Franklin Hall
Norbury .....Milo Beldon
Hampton .....Henry Green
Madam De Semiano .....Donah Benrimo
Rosalie .....Ella Aubry
Catherine (Kitty) Silverton...Della Niven

"The Marriage of Kitty," produced at the Lyceum last evening, is a very clever comedy and produces laughter and enjoyment, thus fulfilling the mission of a comedy. At times it may approach the limits of probability, but that is a license accorded to farce comedy, and the strain is never very serious.

Kitty is a young woman left without fortune and little equipment for earning her own way or means to live without doing it. Her godfather arranges a marriage with Sir Reginald Belsize, a baronet, but it is a marriage merely for convenience and to enable him to collect an uncle's estate. Belsize has been in love with a Peruvian widow, to whom the uncle took a dislike, and he provided in his will that the young man must be married by a certain date, and not to a Peruvian or a widow. Belsize's lawyer, who happens to be Kitty's godfather, hits upon the plan of marrying him to another, arranging a divorce after a year or so, thus allowing him to marry the woman he loves and get the fortune in the meantime. He hits upon Kitty as the woman to be the temporary wife. The widow is in love with Belsize's money and not himself, and, afraid to trust him with a sight of Kitty, who is charming and pretty, compels her to disguise herself as a country bumpkin sort of girl. Belsize goes through the ceremony without glancing her way after the first look, and then goes off with the widow, with her aunt as companion, and they travel for a year. It is not exactly a year of pleasure for him, for the widow develops a temper that is trying, and is subject to hysterics, rheumatics and all sorts of unpleasant things, and he returns rather the worse for the experience. He meets Kitty, and when he discovers the charming woman his wife really is, falls in love with her. The complications that grow out of this are many, fast and funny. Belsize is a good fellow, but a weak one, and between his desire to stay with Kitty and his feeling that in honor he owes allegiance to the other woman, he gets into all sorts of trouble and has a pretty tough time of it. Of course he gets Kitty, or rather Kitty gets him, for she has to fairly pick him up and run off with him.

Max Figman is the Sir Reginald Belsize of the cast, and a most excellent one he is. His portrayal of the nervous, weak-willed, but very likeable young Englishman is of a decidedly original and very effective type, and stamps him as a comedian of fine talents. He makes constant fun, but does it in an entirely natural way and does not draw at any time upon horseplay, nor is he required to force himself to make laugher. A striking instance of his resourcefulness in actions and gestures was given in the little scene at the piano, when, as Kitty sings, he struggles against his desire to take her in his arms. It is an impersonation well worth seeing.

Della Niven plays the part of Kitty with much grace and charm, and is the sort of woman that a man tired of traveling with a nervous and irritable woman and ready to settle down for a rest might be expected to fall in love with. Some songs are introduced very naturally in the course of the second act, and Miss Niven displayed a contralto voice of very pleasing quality. Franklin Hall as John Travers, the barrister and godfather of Kitty, is good. Miss Donah Benrimo as the widow was the least acceptable member of the cast, and rants abominably.

This evening the play will be given a second and final performance.

HARRY CORSON CLARKE.

Harry Corson Clarke and company again presented "His Absent Boy" at the Metropolitan last evening, and an audience of fair proportions was present. Mr. Clarke is a comedian of a high order and ought to fill the Metropolitan every night he plays here. The play that he is now presenting is a most laughable one and in the leading part he has one of the funniest roles in farce. His support is adequate and the result is a well-rounded and pleasing performance. This evening "His Absent Boy" will be repeated and tomorrow evening "Lost Twenty-Four Hours," another farce that is said to be very funny, will be given and continue for the remainder of the week.

"THE BURGOMASTER."

That great musical comedy, "The Burgomaster," will again delight amusement lovers at the Lyceum Saturday. In the cast is one of the most promising young actors in America, who has not only given evidence of the most unctuous humor as a comedian, but who promises to be one of the leading stage producers of the country. He is Oscar L. Figman, and he has already reached the distinction of being "featured" with "The Burgomaster." He is a brother of Max Figman, playing at the Lyceum last evening and this evening in "The Marriage of Kitty." It is an interesting coincidence that the two brothers should appear at the same theater in the same week, each heading a company.

Baby sleeps and grows while mammy rests if Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea is given. It is the greatest baby medicine ever offered loving mothers. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Ask your druggist.

HINDUS FIGHT THEOSOPHY

Call It a Fabric of Fiction, Myth and Mystery.

Calcutta, May 10.—India is about to become the center of a very lively religious war. The leading Hindu thinkers are organizing for the purpose of driving Theosophy from the stronghold it has begun to obtain in Hindustan.

These leaders point out that Theosophy is almost entirely the creation of women, who have built upon the sacred writings of the Hindus a fabric of fiction, myth and mystery which is useful to these teachers in gaining money and reputation. Annie Besant, the successor of Mme. Blavatsky, with her eloquence and prepossessing manners, has established herself boldly in the religious center of the Hindus, and has built up a college for the development of personal doctrines. She wears the Hindu dress, eats only food cooked by Brahmins, announces that she was a Brahmin in a previous incarnation, and walks the streets of Benares counting her beads, surrounded by young and interesting people of both sexes.

India is a tranquil place, where religions of various kinds always welcome, but it is believed Mrs. Besant has gone a step too far. She now announces that the religion revealed to her predecessor, Mme. Blavatsky, is the oldest religion in the world, and precedes the Vedas, the sacred writings of the Hindus. This has brought forth an organization of lecturers proceeding under the authority of Agumyi Guru Paramahanza, the "Tiger Mahatma" of India. Through his disciples a series of ectures are being given to counteract Mrs. Besant's influence. They are now making impassioned appeals to the people to look only to their own leaders, and to beware of the beguiling tongue of the foreign visitor.

Mrs. Besant has claimed to possess occult powers. These fasters of occultism have asked her to prove it, and they also declare that she knows neither Hindu nor Sanscrit, and consequently cannot pass judgment on the merits of a religion whose truth can be reached only by great scholars. Theosophy has pictured the Mahatmas to the Western world, they declare, under the guise of jugglers and charlatans stooping to perform low tricks to deceive the ignorant, and they are sending Indian teachers to England to explain to Theosophists how wretchedly they have been deceived.

WILL KEEP CONSULSHIP.

Iowa Colored Man Will Not Be Disturbed.

Marshalltown, Ia., May 10.—The story sent from New York to the effect that the appointment of Herbert Wright, a colored man, to the post of consul at Porto Plata, Santo Domingo, was withdrawn because it was feared the people of the island would resent the sending of a negro consul is denied. Herbert Wright was reared in Marshalltown and recently moved to Des Moines, where he is practicing law. Word has been received from Washington to the effect that the appointment will stand as originally made, and Wright will go to Porto Plata. Wright's father is a barber here, and is very proud of his son's appointment, and predicts he will eventually become leader of his race in the state and West.

Henry Daily, an old soldier who was paroled from state's prison in 1899, while serving a term of sixteen years for criminal assault, will probably be sent back to the penitentiary. He has broken the provisions of his parole, and last week made a vicious assault on his step-daughter.

There is no Rochelle Salts, Alum, Lime or Ammonia in food made with

Calumet Baking Powder

—NOT IN THE BAKING POWDER TRUST—
it makes pure food.

REMOVAL SALE STILL GOING ON!

Really and truly genuine bargains are being offered here. Thousands of people have already taken advantage of this forced removal sale.

We are offering great bargains in the line of Dry Goods, Hats, Cloaks, Ladies' and Children's Fine Skirts for summer wear; also a complete line of Men's Suits, Coats, Shoes, Shirts, Ties, Collars, Hose and everything you need. Don't fail to attend this great removal sale. Everything in our store goes at removal sale prices.

DULUTH BARGAIN STORE,

30 E. Superior St., Opposite Rathbun's Grocery.

NOT AFTER JOBS

No Duluth Applicants For Places In Civil Service.

Nature of Positions Offered Precludes Probability of Eligibles.

A number of civil service examinations have been advertised to take place here for various parts of Uncle Sam's service but there do not seem to be many applicants. In fact for most of them up to date there have been no applicants at all. The probability is that the nature of the jobs makes it unlikely that there would be applicants. For instance Uncle Sam wants a nurseryman in the Philippine service at $1,200 a year; a dairyman in the Indian service at Genoa, Neb., at $660 a year; a civil engineer student in the divisions of tests, bureau of chemistry, department of agriculture at Washington, paying $60 a month.

These and similar positions will find but few eligibles in this part of the country. Probably in the southern part of the state a good many applicants for dairyman and nurseryman will be found, but in the northern part of Minnesota where the dairy and nursery business are still in their infancy there are unlikely to be eligibles. The examinations for the places mentioned were to take place today and tomorrow, but A. Grabarkwicz, superintendent of the general delivery at the postoffice, who has the examinations in charge, says he has not had a single inquiry for the places.

On May 17 an examination for stenographer, typewriter and translator is scheduled, but there are few applications for this for the reason, seemingly that there are very few stenographers who have the Spanish language well enough in hand to act as translators as required in this examination. These positions are confined to male stenographers and pay $75 a month.

The situation vacant at this time and to fill which this examination is held is in the lighthouse service in the office of the engineer of the Third district, San Juan, Porto Rico. Other vacancies may occur for eligibles in this examination in Atlanta, Boston, Brooklyn, Chicago, Cincinnati, Denver, New Orleans, Philadelphia, Portland, St. Louis, St. Paul, San Francisco or Washington. One of the requirements is that the applicant must be able to translate from Spanish to English and vice versa.

On May 24 examinations are slated for gardener in greenhouse work at $780 a year in the bureau of plant industry, department of agriculture; and wagon maker at $720 a year, in the Haskell institute, Kansas.

On June 7 applicants will be examined for engineer and sawyer at $840 a year in the Indian service, San Carlos agency, Arizona; matron in the Indian service paying $480 to $500 a year; and for cable foreman on a cable ship, paying $55 to $90 a month.

On June 14 a position of scientific assistant in the department of agriculture, paying $840 to $1,200 a year may be tried for.

LITTLE BUSINESS TALKS.

Some business men are too "conservative." If a farmer concluded not to plant seed, but to "conserve" it, because crops sometimes fail, he would be as wise as the merchant who "conserves" the money which should be invested in publicity, because he has it in bank, and because he fears that publicity may not be completely profitable.

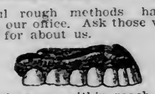
"Nothing is done while anything remains to be done." A half-made coat is not a coat, nor a half-finished house a house at all. A half-advertised store is not an advertised-store.

The speed of the fastest locomotive is reduced to that of the slowest if only half-rations of fuel are allowed. And a big store may do little more business than a little one if only half-rations of publicity are provided.

DENTISTRY

By Modern Sanitary Methods.

Painful rough methods have no place in our office. Ask those we have worked for about us.



Our prices are within reach of all—not too high, yet high enough to give you best material and guaranteed work.

The following low prices are made to place our work where all can see it. Get acquainted and prove we can do as we advertise. If you have work in our line, don't fail to see us before prices are higher.

Gold Crowns ..... $5 and $6
Silver Fillings 75c
Porcelain Crowns ..... $4 and $5
Full Set Teeth ..... $5 and up

LEE & TURLEY,

114-116 W. Superior St., over Folz. Both 'Phones.
Open 8 a. m. to 8 p. m.
Sunday 9 to 2.

DEPUTIES' JOKES

Funny Incidents Related By Assessors of Personal Property.

Large Number of Rented Pianos—The Swede Domestic Again.

Deputy assessors who are at work estimating the value of personal property in the city, run arose some queer situations, and meet with many funny incidents.

The assessor is considered legitimate game by 50 per cent of the citizens, and every effort is made to conceal the real value of personal property.

An example of this is related by one of the deputies who is at work in the West end. The woman who is the subject of the story, is not a foreigner, but a native born American.

She had carefully called attention to the holes in the carpets, the scratches on the piano, and the shaky condition of some of the chairs.

"Have you a watch?" asked the assessor.

"Yes, but it's old and worn out. I've had it ten years. The mainspring is broken, and the crystal is al smashed."

"How old is your piano?"

"Well, we've had it six years, and we bought it second hand. It is nothing but an old tin pan anyway. It has a very cheap case and the wires are about worn out."

"Have you a bicycle or has your husband one?"

"My husband has one, but you just ought to see it. He tried to give it away to the little boy next door and the boy wouldn't take it."

* * *

Another deputy met with no less than twenty people in one day who had rented pianos, and this was in the East end of the city. Twenty times, when he questioned the housewife about the piano he received the answer: "It's only a rented one," and twenty times the assessor had to ungallantly ask the name of the firm from which it was rented, and twenty times did he witness the shame-faced woman take back her little white lie when he declared his intention of assessing it against the name of the firm she gave.

* * *

The old story of the domestic which was related last year, is told again this spring.

"Is the lady of the house in?" asks the assessor.

"Yes," replies the domestic, "but my missis she say she don't vant any."

* * *

But in spite of such little interruptions as these the work of the assessors is going forward rapidly, and the books will be ready for the board of review shortly after June 1.

Obstinate constipation, indigestion and stomach disorders are permanently and positively cured by taking Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Ask your druggist.

DIDN'T LIKE THE FORCE

Hector Rambo Gives Reasons For His Prompt Resignation.

"I wouldn't work on the police force for $200 a month," said Hector Rambo, who resigned his position on the department recently, after three days' service.

Mr. Rambo was incensed over the account of his resignation from the force which appeared in The Herald Monday, and which he claims would tend to give the impression that he was unable to stick at any one position very long, but he has nine years' honorable service on the fire department to his credit, and those who know him, at least, would form no such opinion.

"I simply didn't like the work," he said, "and after trying it three nights resigned. I wouldn't stay on the police force under any consideration, although I have nothing to say against the members of the force."

OWES HIS LIFE

To Prompt Action of the Police Officers.

Oskaloosa, Iowa, May 10.—Steve LaClair owes his life to the prompt action of the officers of this city Monday. In a game of craps at the Durfee mines, near here, he attacked and fatally stabbed Basil McDowell. The miners became infuriated and formed a mob to lynch La Clair. They had seized him and would have killed him had not the officers arrived and, with guns, subdued the excitement. La Clair is a bad man, and has been in some bad scrapes before. He is now in the jail here awaiting the outcome of McDowell's injuries. He will be held for murder if his victim dies.

SPORTING NEWS

Exciting Race Is In Progress In the American League.

All of the Eight Clubs Are Now Bunched Together.

Now we go up—up—up. Now we go down—down—down.

Such is the condition of affairs in the American league at the present time, where one of the most interesting early races in the history of baseball is in progress. Only three games separate Washington and Boston, the leaders and the tailenders, and all eight teams are bunched within 150 points of each other on the percentage table.

Six out of the eight teams have led the race for one or two days at a time, and no team has been able to stay in the lead for more than five days. One team after another has struggled up to the top, only to be pulled down again by the other seven.

Every game that is played counts in the standing, and scarcely a day passes that there is not a shaking up in the order of the teams.

If such a condition of affairs lasts during the season, it will add many shekels to the pockets of the managers.

A LOSING GAME.

Duluth's Trip to Copper Country Unprofitable.

Too much weather seems to be experienced by the Duluth team on its present trip through the copper country.

The White Sox have not met with one fine, warm day since they left Minneapolis, and their trip has meant a continuous expense to the management. Rain, hail, cold winds, and even snow have been met with in Michigan, and the attendance at the games would not pay for the baseballs used.

Three more games remain to be played with Calumet and Lake Linden and the team will then return to Duluth for a game here Sunday, leaving for Hibbing the following morning.

BASEBALL.

National League.

STANDING.

Teams—	P.	W.	L.	Pct.
New York	19	14	5	.736
Pittsburg	20	12	7	.650
Chicago	21	12	8	.600
Philadelphia	18	9	9	.500
Cincinnati	20	10	10	.500
Brooklyn	23	9	14	.391
Boston	19	6	13	.315
St. Louis	19	6	13	.315

CINCINNATI, 6; BROOKLYN, 4.

Brooklyn, May 10.—In the thirteen inning game Cincinnati defeated Brooklyn yesterday in the first game of the series between the western and eastern teams. Attendance, 2,500. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Brooklyn ..0 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—	4	9	7
Cincinnati 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 1 0 0 0 2—	6	13	3

Batteries—McIntyre, Jones and Ritter; Walker, Chech and Phelps. Umpire—Johnstone.

PITTSBURG, 9; PHILADELPHIA, 6.

Philadelphia, May 10.—Pittsburg defeated Philadelphia yesterday in a poorly played ten-inning game. Attendance, 3,400. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Pittsburg .....1 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 2 4—	9	13	6
Philadelphia ....4 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1—	6	5	3

Batteries—Lever, Lynch and Peitz; Sutthoff and Dooln. Umpire—Klem.

ST. LOUIS, 8; NEW YORK, 7.

New York, May 10.—In the ninth inning rally St. Louis defeated New York yesterday in the first game of the series. Attendance, 4,000. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
St. Louis .....1 0 1 0 1 1 0 0 4—	8	17	5
New York .....1 0 0 0 2 0 3 0 1—	7	15	2

Batteries—Thielman and Grady; McGinnity and Bresnahan. Umpire—O'Day.

American League.

STANDING.

Teams—	P.	W.	L	Pct.
Washington ..	21	12	9	.571
Cleveland	18	10	8	.556
Philadelphia ...	18	10	9	.530
Chicago	19	10	9	.526
New York	19	9	10	.474
St. Louis	19	9	10	.474
Detroit	18	8	10	.444
Boston	21	9	12	.429

BOSTON, 5; NEW YORK, 2.

Boston, May 10.—Powell, who started to pitch for New York yesterday was wild and ineffective. Hogg, who relieved him, held the home team to one hit in six innings and struck out six men. Attendance, 7,237. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Boston ....3 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 x—	5	6	2
New York ....0 1 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0—	2	4	1

Batteries—Tannehill and Criger; Powell, Hogg and Kleinow. Umpire—Connolly.

CHICAGO, 3; CLEVELAND, 2.

Cleveland, May 10.—Cleveland lost first place yesterday, being defeated by Chicago 3 to 2. Chicago scored its winning run in the ninth when Donahue failed to cover first base on a bunt. Attendance, 1,743. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Cleveland ....1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—	2	6	1
Chicago ....0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 1—	3	7	1

Batteries—Donahue and Bemis; Walsh and McFarland. Umpires—McCarthy and Kelly.

WASHINGTON, 3; PHILADELPHIA, 1.

Washington, May 10.—Philadelphia's costly errors when men were on bases and their ability to hit Townsend at critical moments yesterday decided the final game of the series in Washington's favor and placed the local team at the head of the American league. Miss Alice Roosevelt was an interested spectator. Attendance, 6,149. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Washington .... ..0 2 0 0 0 1 0 0 x—	3	7	0
Philadelphia .. ..0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—	1	6	3

Batteries—Townsend and Kittredge; Bender and Powers. Umpire—O'Loughlin.

American Association.

STANDING.

Teams—	P.	W.	L	Pct.
Columbus	17	13	4	.765
Milwaukee	15	9	6	.600
Minneapolis	16	8	8	.500
Kansas City	16	8	8	.500
Louisville	18	8	10	.444
St. Paul	16	7	9	.438
Toledo	17	7	10	.412
Indianapolis	14	5	9	.357

TOLEDO, 3; LOUISVILLE, 1.

Toledo, May 10.—Toledo won a sensational game from Louisville yesterday through Dement's timely single in the eighth and Doyle's steal home. Attendance, 1,770. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Toledo ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 x—	3	7	3
Louisville ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—1	7	0	

Batteries—Camnitz and Clark; Campbell and Schriver. Umpire—Hart.

The Treatment and Cure of

MEN'S DISEASE!

Medical training and books count for much, but it is the actual practice and scientific research that perfects a physician for any special branch of the profession. Our specialty is Men's Diseases, and it is not too much to say that we see ten cases to every one that the general practitioner sees. The treatment and cure of Men's Diseases we thoroughly understand. You can rest assured that if your case is curable, we will cure you in a thorough manner and restore you to perfect health in the quickest possible time. Some cases (according to your condition) may take longer to effect a permanent cure than others, but we will guarantee to treat you until you are cured for the one fee.

The Northwest's most successful SPECIALIST In Men's Diseases

If you are afflicted with **Varicocele, Hydrocele, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, Prostatic Troubles, Kidney, Bladder or Urinary Diseases, Lost Manhood or Nervous Debility**, we offer you the quickest and surest cure, and the care and attention of a noted specialist in Pelvic Diseases. Consultation free and confidential. Office hours 8 a. m. to 8 p. m.

PROGRESSIVE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION,

No. 1 W. Superior street, Cor. Lake Ave.

Your store.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE

WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

Your store.

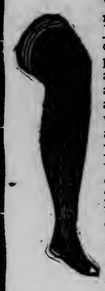
JOIN THE WISE

Who have learned money saving.

Be sure to come out Thursday and test the capacity and ability of this great organization—these 25 stores in one—to provide you with the world's best merchandise at Duluth's lowest prices. We claim the best of everything, in style and quality. We can prove it against all comparison. But the prices must always, in the Glass Block store, be the lowest for which reliable goods can be sold.

Beautiful and excellent

Hosiery.



We open Thursday a new arrival of 100 doz Jacquard woven polka dot boot patterns with plain tops—black, blue and tan, white heels and toes. You'll not be able to get these anywhere else at..... **25c**

LACE HOSE—These would sell ordinarily at other stores for 50c and 75c a pair. They are tans and blacks, in all-over lace boot patterns. By taking a large quantity we are able to sell them at 3 pairs for $1—or—per pair..... **35c**

EXTRA SIZES—for large women—fast black cotton, some with white feet. The kind you expect to pay 50c for—we sell you at..... **35c**

Ladies' stocks

Thursday morning we place on sale a large special purchase—1,000 fine stocks and turnover collars in white, creams and ecrus—including embroidered stocks, in many fancy designs, also lace collars, lace and embroidered turnovers — similar qualities and styles are selling right in Duluth for 25c, 35c and 50c—yet we will give you choice from this entire purchase Thursday, Friday and Saturday at **10c**

New neck ruchings.

The daintiest, the latest—made of all-silk chiffon and of Liberty silks—in white, pink, red, lavender, blue and black—the prettiest things you ever saw, with novelties you'll not find elsewhere at—per yard—

15c, 25c and 35c.

Handkerchiefs.

You never had a value like this from any but the Glass Block store—even we can seldom do so well—Ladies' PURE LINEN hemstitched, Irish-make handkerchiefs, ¼-inch hems, sold everywhere for 15c—LIMIT ONE DOZEN to a customer — Thursday only — 100 dozen—no more—at each..... **8c**

Laces—Extra Values.

25 pieces of cream net allovers—the kind that are in such great demand for waists, yokes, sleeves and wide trimmings—the newest patterns always at a lower price—a yd

50c to $6.25.

BLACK CHANTILLY trimming laces—values in these 100 pieces up to 50c a yard—are to be sold out at only—a yard... **10c**

They're coming here for

Underwear.

White ingrain cotton vests, with long sleeves—each..... **25c**

Imported Vests—our complete line of fine imported vests is now ready—plain and hand crochet finish — a splendid assortment at from 25c up to $1.25.

UMBRELLA PANTS—You know we sell them for 10c to 25c a pair less than other stores. We have thus two extra Glass Block values at..... **25c and 50c**

UNION SUITS — Buying large quantities, instead of selling at 65c and 75c, we have fine tight or umbrella styles in combination suits—sleeveless and low necks for **50c**

Silks and dress goods.

AT THE SILK COUNTER—You will always find interesting prices and qualities. This week you can buy 28-inch raw silk Singapore—just what all well-dressers are looking for. The price for this cleaning up three days will be—per yard..... **59c**

DRESS VOILES—The best-selling dress fabric today is the light voiles we show in both the French and twine weave—colors are new green, tan, cream, brown, navy, new blue—44 inches wide—per yard..... **$1.00**

Carpets, curtains, linoleums.

PRINTED LINOLEUMS—25 rolls good durable quality—newest designs—per square yard..... **49c**

STRAW MATTINGS—20 pieces China and Japan Mattings—plain and allover designs—regular 25c value—for..... **18c**

CURTAINS—150 pairs cross-stripe snow-flake summer curtains—exquisite colorings in greens, gold, reds and blues—$1.50 value—per pair..... **98c**

Millinery

We are turning out from our own workroom, copies of the latest creations of the Eastern milliners—but our prices for equal beauty and equal value are 25 to 50 per cent lower than such style and quality brings at all other stores in Duluth. Extraordinary values at $5.00 to $10.00.

AT $4.95—We offer 50 special hats for Thursday, the equals of any $7 to $9 hats in Duluth.

AT $1.98—Children's trimmed body hats on wire frame—chiffon faced with ribbon and flower trimmings—every hat worth at least $3.00.

STREET HATS—sailor effects, Napoleons, tubbans, etc., all colors—$1.89 up to $7.

BABY BONNETS and children's mull hats—a complete line of all that's right and pretty—8c to $4.95.

$50 steel range for $27.50

The greatest value ever offered the people of Duluth in the way of a strictly high-grade kitchen steel range—THE THISTLE—body of blued 18-gauge cold-rolled steel in two separate plates—interlined throughout with asbestos—top, centers and covers of heavy refined iron to prevent cracking and warping. Double flue blast system which feeds the fire and saves fuel. Double-bottom duplex drawout grate, handsomely nickeled spring balance oven door, revolving door warming closet, nickel drop shelves, No. 9 holes, 20-inch oven. A heavy range—up-to-date in every way and only..... **$27.50**

Bargain Counter.

Our very sucessful embroidery sale emboldened us to buy another lot of 5,000 yards of ends of—

Embroidery

4½, 5 and 6¾-yard lengths — some have slight defects, but most are perfect goods. Edges, flouncings, insertions and corset-cover widths, on the Bargain counter in 3 lots at half or less than half the regular prices.

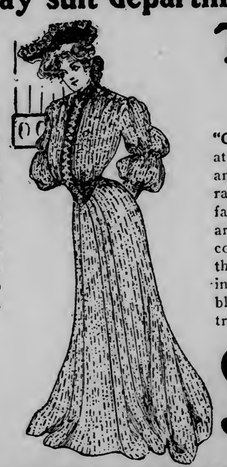
5c worth to 10c.
10c worth to 20c.
15c worth to 35c.

Two Thursday suit department specials.

Covert coats.

Our Eastern buyer has just sent us from New York 50 beautiful covert jackets which he secured at nearly half the early season prices. They came today and will go on sale tomorrow. They are collarless style with straps and fine satin lining—24 inches long—equal to most of the $10 and $12.50 jackets in other stores Our price only—

$5.98



Tailored Suits.

"Get in" on this rackfull of suits at $12.50. The interest is great and we continue to fill up the rack from our broken lines, as fast as suits are sold. The values are up to $29.50—and the suits comprise some of the best of this season's styles. Mostly 24-inch jackets, silk-lined. A few blouse styles. Every suit an extraordinary value at—

$12.50

W. B. Corsets.

The new costumes being cut this season with a higher bust effect than for several seasons past, the **W. B. NUFORM** is the corset which will insure to your figure the proper shape. High at the bust—slender at the waist. There are a number of distinctive styles in the **Nuform**, among which are unusually well-fitting models for both slender and over-developed figures—from $1 upward.

Standard Patterns

are now on sale in the Corset Dept., 2nd floor—the prices are reduced to 10c and 15c.

PRESIDENT IS UNREPENTANT

Says He Has Not Changed His Views on Panama Canal.

Sterling, Col., May 10.—President Roosevelt in his speech in Denver concluded with the following comment on the Panama canal project:

"It is perhaps unnecessary for me to say that I am perfectly aware that many most admirable gentlemen disagreed with me in my action toward the Panama canal, but I am in an unrepentant frame of mind. The ethical conception upon which I acted was that I did not intend that Uncle Sam should be held up. But without regard to that, when the canal comes into operation I think it will have a very important effect in connection with the trans-continental commerce of the railroads. I think when such is the case, these great railroads will have to revise their way of looking at the interests of certain inland cities.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Eight minutes after midnight two distinct shocks of earthquake were felt at Mexico City. No buildings were wrecked though it is feared that in Southwestern Mexico the shock may have done much damage.

The box factory of C. E. Ward, corner of Eaton and Morrison streets, St. Paul, on the west side of the Mississippi, was completely destroyed by fire at an early hour Tuesday morning. Loss about $50,000. A gale was blowing at the time and only heroic work on the part of the fire department prevented a great conflagration.

Whitelaw Reid was the guest of honor at a dinner given at the Lotus club Tuesday night by his co-directors of the Associated Press in commemoration of his appointment as ambassador to the court of St. James.

Following a hotly contested Republican primary at Clinton, Ind.; the opposing factions clashed Tuesday night and ten men were seriously cut, two of whom will die. Policeman Reid and Thomas McDonald tried to stop the fight, both sustaining serious wounds.

LIEUTENANT SAW JAP BATTLESHIP SINK.

Victoria, B. C., May 10.—Lieut. Count Keller and three other naval officers from the destroyed Russian Pacific squadron, were among the passengers on the Empress of India, which arrived yesterday from the Orient. Count Keller stated that the Japanese battleship Yashima had been sunk by a mine about the same time as the Hatsuse and Yoshino were lost. From the decks of the Pobieda he said that he had seen her founder. He said that Pobieda had been struck by a 13-inch shell and her turrets, engine rooms, etc., had been destroyed by explosions from on board. There was no hope of the Japanese saving her.

ZHITOMIR OFFICIALS LAUGHED AT WARNINGS.

St. Petersburg, May 10.—No further details have reached here from Zhitomir, the scene of the recent attacks of orthodox Christians on Jews. It is asserted that a fortnight before the disorders proclamations were spread calling on the Christians to beat the Jews. When these proclamations were shown to the mayor, the latter declared them to be stupid, and said there was no occasion for alarm. At the ministry of the interior it is said that M. Bouligan sent urgent instructions the night of May 8 to Zhitomir, ordering the authorities to protect the Jews and to prevent disorders.

The creditors of M. Krousheven, former editor of the Bessarabyetz, have levied on his new paper, the Friend, recently established at Kishineff.

You may have known some particular store very well yesterday—and yet hardly recognize it today. New goods! Let the ads. keep you posted.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla. The doctors' Sarsaparilla. The tested and tried Sarsaparilla. The Sarsaparilla that makes rich, red blood; strengthens the nerves; builds up the whole system. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

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OFFICIAL WARNING.

Pleasing to the ear is the voice of the administration on the railroad rate issue. Taft at Washington, Roosevelt at Denver, give fair warning to the railroads in no uncertain tones that the administration is for government supervision of railroad rates.

Of course it would be still better to have the significant silence of the senate broken on this subject, especially as we have reason to believe that that solemn and ponderous body is not so cheerfully and enthusiastically in favor of doing things contrary to the wishes of the railroads as the people would like. But even United States senators have to put their ear to the ground occasionally, and when they do it pretty soon they will hear such a rumble that they can hardly do anything else than join in the chorus, with as much tunefulness and amiability as they can muster.

Roosevelt at Denver: "It is absolutely necessary for the nation—for the state cannot do it—to assume a supervisory and regulatory function over the great corporations that practically control the highways of commerce. * * * I wish to urge with all my earnestness not only upon the public but upon those interested in the great railway corporations the absolute need of acquiescence in the enactment of such laws."

Taft at Washington: "Railway rate legislation must come. If the railway men are wise they will aid and not hinder it; the sentiment is such that the failure of proper regulation means a campaign that will do no good to the railroads."

The national house of representatives, whose election comes directly from the people, are in line, because they know that the mind of the people is in no uncertain condition. The national senate is not quite in line, because it is a step removed from the people by the absurd practice of legislative selection of senators. Indeed, the senate's interstate commerce committee is even now gravely preparing to report against federal regulation of rates.

Perhaps it will be a good thing if the senate persists in its course of working for the railroads rather than for the people. It might delay rate regulation, but it would at least hasten the day when the senators will be responsible directly to the people for their election, and not to corporation corruption funds.

CASTRO.

It is impossible to refrain from taking an amused interest in Castro, the dark little wart on the face of the world's politics who is just now engaged in making faces at Uncle Sam and hissing defiances between his clenched teeth. In his capacity of "president" of the Venezuelan "republic" he is making frantic efforts to invite trouble upon his head, and so violent are these efforts that it is difficult to overlook him.

The story of how he became a president and a millionaire, as told by a newspaper writer in Public Opinion, reads like a parody on history. An opera bouffe campaign landed him in complete control, monarch of all he surveyed. This control he has successfully defended against a number of revolutions. There were eight from 1899 to 1901, none of which would make a creditable showing alongside a street brawl in a large American city. By manipulation of Venezuela's facile constitution—it has been changed thirteen times since Venezuela's independence in 1811—he has perpetuated himself in office, and he has lately arranged for himself a new 6-year term from May 23, 1905.

He lodges sumptuously in a superb palace for which he refuses to pay rent to the widow that owns it. On a salary of $12,000 a year he has since 1899 made himself a multi-millionaire. With the morals of a cuckoo, the self-esteem of a peacock and the intellect of a bantam cock, surely Castro is an "amoosin' little cuss."

This is the individual who is engaged in casting defiance and brickbats into Uncle Sam's back yard. Shall we set the dog on him, or crush him with silent contempt?

THEIR OWN FAULT.

The Chicago municipal election, with public ownership of street railways as the issue and a successful one, has served to attract new attention to the question of municipal ownership, or rather to the larger field of public ownership.

In certain quarters, notably among the elements of the Democratic party opposed to Bryan, there is an effort to head off the public ownership sentiment by labeling it "socialism." Now whether this is really the opprobrious epithet many people thought it when it was first used as an epithet during the campaign of 1896, or whether it really represents something worth while, and something that is slowly but surely drawing the people to its standard, is a question for the future to determine. But it is a question easily settled now, whether or not public ownership, because it bears a resemblance to some socialistic theories, is socialism. It certainly is not socialism in itself, any more than any of the paternalistic legislation that crowds our statute books is socialism.

But the mere existence of a campaign for public ownership argues the failure of private ownership. Duluth would never have owned its own waterworks if the private owners had diligently sought to promote the public welfare. That horrid story is deep-buried in the past, and it is well to let it remain so, but it serves to point the moral. If the private owners of public utilities in Duluth, in Chicago, in New York, in the nation at large, were always seeking to be fair with the public, if only for the sake of good business policy, there would be no cry for municipal ownership. Theorists who conceived the idea might howl for it until they were black in the face, and the people would never heed them. But when the people begin to get death in their drinking water, extortion in their gas bills, and exasperation in their street car service, they begin to sit up and take notice and talk about public ownership.

If private owners find annoyance in the talk of public ownership, and are inclined to talk about vested rights and things like that, they should remember that the people have vested rights that are just as sacred as property rights, and that chief among these is the right to a "square deal."

If the public does not get that square deal from private ownership, whether of railroads, street railways, gas works, water plants, telegraph plants or telephone plants, it is only a question of time before that private ownership will have to give way to public ownership. Possession of vested rights is contingent upon public sufferance and good behavior.

SHORT OF MATERIAL.

The Duluth board of education is this week confronted by one of the problems that often beset the man that starts out to build. It finds that in spite of its earlier calculations, when it comes to the test it has three yards of cloth to make four yards of garment. Therefore the board has to decide whether to skimp the whole garment, or to cut out some of the ornaments and wear it plain.

A year ago the people voted bonds to the amount of $125,000 to build a needed new grade school for West Duluth, a needed new grade school for Glen Avon and a manual training school building as an adjunct to the high school building. It was figured then that the amount realized on the bonds would be ample to cover these three purposes, or of course it would have been made larger.

Now, however, it is found that the West Duluth school cannot be built for much less than $40,000, the Glen Avon school, already started, cannot be pruned much under $50,000, and the manual training school promises to cost, on the basis of present bids, $75,000. This makes an imposing total of $165,000, with $125,000 to cover it. The Glen Avon school, having been contracted for, is out of the way, and so is nearly $50,000, leaving $75,000 of the fund. This would just about build the manual training school, leaving the West Duluth school out in the cold until another time.

This is the problem, one familiar to all builders, that the school board is to pass upon Friday evening. In the meantime attempts are being made, not to stretch the $75,000, but to contract the manual training school so the money will cover both it and the West Duluth school. Whether this can be done, or whether one of the buildings will have to be dropped for the present, and whether, in that event, it will be the grade school at West Duluth or the manual training school down town, are questions the solution of which will be watched by the public with much interest.

NATIVE CRIMINALS.

Those of us who are native-born Americans are apt to be too prone to flatter ourselves that we are rather superior morally, and that most of the crime in this country comes through the gates that are open to immigrants from foreign countries.

We must be very careful how we make statements along that line, however, for the figures statisticians prepare will not bear them out.

New York has a larger percentage of foreign-born citizens than any other city in the country. If it were true that the foreigners perpetrate most of the crime in this country, it is reasonable to suppose that they would be guilty of most of New York's offenses, because the native-born American is in an inconspicuous minority in New York. The situation is vastly different from this, however. The foreign-born folks do not commit even half the crime, though if they performed their proportion they would be guilty of 75 per cent of it.

During 1904 convictions for crime in New York numbered 2,466, over half of which were for larceny. Out of this total, 1,610, or two-thirds of the persons convicted, were native-born, and only 614, or one-third, were of foreign birth. Italians to the number of 176 were convicted, Germans to the number of 182, Russians numbering 161, and the Irishmen were 95. The rest were scattering.

Instead of talking about our brothers from beyond the seas, therefore, we had better be looking into the moral welfare of our own household.

THE FIELD SURVEY.

J. J. Hill says that when the Panama canal is completed the transcontinental railroads will reduce rates to a point that cannot be met by the all-water routes. Is it up to us to shudder at this fearful result of our canal-building?

* * *

The "little father's" troubles are large ones.

* * *

The Pine County Pioneer reports a building boom at Pine City. If the Pioneer did not object to the proposed new name for Pine county we might suggest that Pine City is in Clover.

* * *

The Butte, Mont., police say they have cleaned all gambling out of Butte. Whereupon the Butte Miner remarks "Ha! ha!" with a sardonic smile.

* * *

The American Bankers' association, of which he was once president, has erased Banker Bigelow's name from its lists. He will now have to join the Cassie Chadwick Industrial union.

* * *

It was a pretty observance of the centenary of the death of Schiller when 115,000 copies of the poet's works were distributed to the school children of Berlin.

* * *

"C. D. I." in the Cass Lake Times sagely remarks that "it's all right to be a bull in the stock market, but don't be a bear at home."

* * *

Somebody has figured out that the average man speaks 11,800,000 words a year. Of course he wasn't foolish enough to start out to figure a woman's verbal output.

* * *

Virginia is proud in being equipped with that adjunct of progress, a commercial club.

* * *

The Walker Pilot, reporting a Cass Lake farmer's sale of his land at $30 an acre, advises intending purchasers to hurry up and buy the county's $7 land before it goes up.

* * *

It is hardly necessary to suggest that winter underclosing will be in style for a few days more.

* * *

The Eveleth Mining News truthfully notes in passing that the range papers are getting better every week. So they are, and as a matter of fact it would be difficult to find a similar area elsewhere in the country with so many good newspapers.

Hotel Gossip.

"In all probability the old Susie mine, on Governor's island, not a great ways from Grand Portage, will be worked the coming summer, by the Louisiana capitalists who gained control of it about a year ago," said L. U. C. Titus of Grand Marais at the St. Louis. "I received a letter from these parties the other day to the effect that they would send men to the property this season to do some shaft work and to make a closer investigation as to the real value of the mine, which was worked early in the seventies, later being abandoned. It is a copper and silver property, and has not been worked for the past thirty years.

"Things are looking good around Grand Marais. More actual settlers are entering that country and taking up lands this spring than ever before in the history of the town. All that is needed to bring in the farmers is good roads, for the condition of the soil is well suited to agriculture. The way things now stand, however, it is difficult to get far from the lake with a team, on account of the scarcity of roads. One is now being cut through from Grand Marais to the Paulson mine, in the Gunflint lake district, forty miles away, and this will help considerable. Up to the present time whatever supplies have gone into that country from this side of the line were carried in pack-sacks on the shoulders of men. The Pigeon River Lumber company has been getting its supplies from Port Arthur, over the Port Arthur, Duluth & Western railroad. With the new wagon road in condition for travel, probably the most of these supplies will be taken from Grand Marais, for the harbor of Grand Marais is open later in the fall of the year than the one at Port Arthur, giving a better opportunity for bringing in supplies from the outside.

"The road will also have a tendency to increase the mining exploration work, which has been carried on only in a desultory way in the past. When a man has to pack his provisions thirty or forty miles he naturally works under a great disadvantage in carrying on such explorations, but when interested parties are enabled to get into the country by team we may look for better results, and I do not doubt that some good ore deposits will be discovered within the next few years."

* * *

"Agitators from the outside are still at work on the range trying to organize the miners, and I believe they have met with some success, although the proposition they are up against is not by any means an easy one," said Charles Jessmore of Eveleth, former mayor of the town, at the St. Louis. "The men around Eveleth are well paid, and they have no reason to be dissatisfied, so far as I can see. The recent strike did not extend into that region, and the way things look now there are not likely to be any further troubles from this source during what remains of the season. The men do not appear particularly anxious to be organized, but the outsiders who are in there are paid a regular salary. I presume to get the miners in line, so they are untiring in their efforts to this end. As a matter of fact, I do not know that there is more than one such agitator in the district, but it is not unlikely that there are others in different parts of the range. This one is the man who boasts of having played an important part in the Colorado troubles a year ago. The season has opened up splendidly at Eveleth, and business is starting in in fine shape. I know my livery business is about one-third better than it was at this time last year, and understand that the same may be said of almost all other lines in Eveleth."

* * *

"Montana is coming in for a big share of the general prosperity of the country," said I. E. McIntosh of St. Paul at the McKay, "and it will be only a few years before she will rank with most of the Northwestern states in agricultural greatness.

"The recent act of the interior department of the United States in setting aside $1,000,000 toward reclaiming 300,000 or 400,000 acres in the Milk River valley is but a beginning of a much more extensive development of this section. The agricultural worth of the valley has already been demonstrated in the results which have followed the establishment there of irrigation works. It has been proven that almost all kinds of agricultural products will grow in great abundance wherever irrigation is employed. Immigration into that district is getting to be quite heavy over the Great Northern, which cuts the valley in two. The fact that the government has decided to begin immediate operations will prove an incentive to the residents of the district, who have always had a good deal of faith in the future of the region. A large area of rich land is being opened to the settler and investor."

* * *

At the Spalding: E. E. Parke, St. Paul; W. L. Stover, Minneapolis; Miss D. Thorn, Virginia; J. A. Johnson, St. Paul; O. J. Ethier, Hibbing; W. W. Dunn, St. Paul; R. Gibson, Fremont, O.; C. E. Heidel, Butte, Mont.; H. G. Day, Y. L. Bunn, C. D. O'Brien, St. Paul; C. H. Rogers, Beloit, Wis.; W. L. Scott, Wheeling; E. M. Phillips, Albert Lea, Minn.; D. B. Bryan, St. Paul; H. C. Hull, Cleveland; E. E. Nash, Eau Claire, Wis.; H. R. Lipman, San Francisco; T. Walters, C. T. Kruse, Ishpeming, Mich.; W. H. Rickel, Detroit.

* * *

At the St. Louis: C. B. Rowley, Brainerd; R. V. Brien, Port Arthur; D. H. Fillman, Virginia; J. J. Carroll, Toledo, W. S. Bellows, Milwaukee; W. R. Humphrey, Winton; L. A. Moore, Tower; G. T. Ayres, Ely; L. U. C. Titus, Grand Marais; Charles Jesnno, Eveleth; D. Buchanan, Jr., Chippewa Falls, Wis., H. W. Cable, Two Harbors; C. Larson, Virginia; R. Auen, Virginia; W. W. Potter, Chippewa Falls; J. M. Reed, Atkin; E. D. O'Neil, Virginia; E. F. Remer, Hibbing; M. J. Peppard, Minneapolis; C. J. Dodge, Moose Lake; F. Jarbie, Little Falls; C. M. Locke and wife, Minneapolis; H. C. Brice, La Crosse; D. H. Lawrence, Two Harbors; C. A. Hauston, Grand Marais; W. M. O'Neil, Washburn, Wis.; F. W. Walker, Two Harbors; G. P. Rising, San Francisco.

* * *

At the Lenox: Mrs. A. Ford, Virginia; F. B. Felton, Chicago; Ethel M. Ford, Virginia; I. Nelson, Minneapolis; F. E. Jarvis, San Francisco; G. S. Brighthead, Brainerd; F. H. Harvey, New York; S. W. Gilpin, Virginia; R. A. Briggs, St. Paul; C. B. Poynter, Richland Center, Wis.; E. M. Clark, Hibbing; K. Ryan, Ashland; G. H. Porter, Chicago; J. Thorner, Hibbing; Frank Thomas, Turtle Lake, Minn.; S. M. Montgomery, Carlton; H. B. Clemins, Mountain Iron; O. R. Brundage, Portsmouth, O.

* * *

At the McKay: W. H. Radcliffe, Chicago; R. L. Smith, Two Harbors; C. E. Dailey, Bemidji; N. M. Fiske, W. E. Wright, Eveleth; L. L. Stevens, New York; J. H. Roelker, Chicago; W. M. Collins, Anoka, Minn.; H. G. Becker, Grand Rapids; H. H. Kyger, Minneapolis; A. E. Smith, Scanlon; J. E. Young, Alta.

Talent Warking Overtime.

Chicago Chronicle: With cannonading audible in various quarters of the China seas several hundreds of miles apart, we are safe in assuming that the illustrious aggregation of imaginative talent in Hongkong is once more at work in 8-hour shifts as in the early days of the war. We shall be having veracious intelligence by junk shortly, unless some new and improved device has been invented to displace that old stand-by.

La Follette Wins His Fight.

Minneapolis Journal: Governor La Follette has won his fight with the Wisconsin legislature, and is free to accept the toga the people threw over his shoulders in January. He has secured a railroad commission, for which he has been battling for years, and this, with the anti-pass and other railroad legislation, puts Wisconsin in the front rank of states which have by law proceeded to put a curb on the much-abused "private" business. Presidents Tuttle and Fish will be considerably disgusted, but it cannot be helped now.

Senate's Block System.

Washington Post: It is too bad that congress is not in session. Visiting railway men would doubtless be interested in a demonstration of the senate's block system.

Good for Charley.

Gully—Sunbeam: Charles Enquist is having his yard graded and is putting up a stylish picket fence around it.

The Weather.

United States Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), May 10.—The storm has moved its center from Wyoming to Eastern South Dakota. It has caused high winds in the Northwest and light to heavy falls of rain in nearly all districts except extreme Southwest and Northeast states, turning to snow in the Northwest. It is colder in Montana, Wyoming and Kansas. The winds in the Lake Region are easterly and fresh to brisk except high on Western Superior.

Following were the maximum temperatures recorded during the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	82	Miles City	34
Atlanta	84	Milwaukee	42
Battleford	68	Minnedosa	50
Bismarck	36	Modena	48
Boston	66	Montgomery	86
Buffalo	44	Moorhead	44
Calgary	46	New Orleans	86
Charleston	82	New York	66
Chicago	48	Norfolk	84
Cincinnati	66	Northfield	52
Davenport	52	North Platte	70
Denver	64	Oklahoma	78
Detroit	50	Omaha	72
Dodge City	86	Phoenix	78
Duluth	36	Pittsburg	64
Edmonton	66	Port Arthur	62
El Paso	78	Portland	66
Escanaba	50	Prince Albert	62
Galveston	89	Qu'Appelle	52
Green Bay	46	Rapid City	48
Havre	40	San Francisco	58
Helena	38	Santa Fe	56
Houghton	48	Shreveport	86
Huron	44	Spokane	46
Jacksonville	88	St. Louis	80
Kamloops	58	St. Paul	44
Kansas City	78	Sault Ste. Marie	54
Knoxville	84	Swift Current	50
La Crosse	46	Washington	74
Lander	56	Williston	36
Little Rock	84	Winnemucca	46
Los Angeles	64	Winnipeg	56
Marquette	40		

Forecasts for twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. (local time), Thursday: Duluth, Superior and vicinity—Showers tonight and probably Thursday. Warmer Thursday. Brisk and high northeast winds, shifting to southwesterly tonight or early Thursday.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

Chicago, May 10.—Forecasts till 7 p. m., Thursday: Wisconsin—Showers and thunderstorms tonight and Thursday. Warmer tonight and in east portion Thursday.

Minnesota—Rain tonight and Thursday. Probably thunderstorms in east portion tonight. Colder in northwest portion tonight.

North Dakota and South Dakota—Rain or snow tonight and Thursday. Temperature near freezing point tonight.

Upper Lakes—Continue warning 10 a. m. Brisk to high easterly winds shifting to southeast and south on Michigan and Huron. Showers tonight and Thursday.

A Pastoral.

Flower of the medlar,
Crimson of the quince,
I saw her at the blossom-time,
And loved her ever since!
She swept the draughty pleasance,
The blooms that left the trees,
The whilst the birds sang canticles,
In cheery symphonies.

Whiteness of the white rose,
Redness of the red,
She went to cut the blush-rose buds,
To tie at the altarhead;
And some she laid in her bosom,
And some around her brows,
And as she passed, the lily-heads
All becked and made their bows.

Scarlet of the poppy,
Yellow of the corn,
The men were at the garnering,
A-shouting in the morn;
I chased her to a pippin-tree,—
The wise-king birds all whist,—
And oh! it was the sweetest kiss
That I have ever kissed.

Marjorie, mint, and violets
A-drying round us set,
'Twas all done in the faience-room
A-spicing marmalet;
On one tile was a satyr,
On one a nymph at bay,
Methinks the birds will scarce be home
To wake our wedding-day!

—Theophile Marzials.

The West in Stock Transactions.

Commercial West: The two greatest periods in the history of stock transactions in this or any other country are those of January-April, 1901 and 1905.

The record-breaker was that of the first four months of 1901, when the fight in Wall street arose for the control of the Northern Pacific and the transcontinental trade situation. In that contest 120,000,000 shares changed hands, mostly transcontinental railway, and in that fight the Northwest won.

During the past four months nearly 100,000,000 shares more changed hands on the New York exchange, and again the cause was the contest over Pacific transportation control, in which the Northwest has every cause for congratulation.

New York is located at some distance from the great Northwestern domain of which Chicago, the Twin Cities, Duluth-Superior, Omaha, Fargo, Butte and Helena, Seattle, Tacoma and Portland are the principal gateways. But it is cause for congratulation at least, that New York's chief financial battles are over interests in which the Northwest is a prime factor, and that the Northwest comes out of the fight victorious.

Society Epitomized.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "Society," said Mrs. George E. Heaton, who was her husband's co-laborer in the building of the Heaton airship, "is epitomized in an incident that occurred the other day.

"A millionaire's wife sat in her dressing room with a friend when the cards of two other millionaires' wives were brought to her. She tore the cards in little pieces.

"'Tell these ladies,' she said haughtily, 'that I am not at home.'

"The maid withdrew with the message, and a little later, on some other errand, returned to the room again.

"'Jane,' said her mistress, 'did you tell those ladies I was not at home?'

"'Yes, mum,' Jane answered.

"'What did they say?'

"'They said, "How fort'nit." ' "

His Urgent Business.

A confidential clerk in George Gould's office the other day broke his reserve under an impulse to part with this story: A man with a silk hat and oily smile tried to get a personal interview with the millionaire. 'You can't see Mr. Gould," said the clerk. 'I would advise you to write a letter and ask for an appointment. That is the best you can do." This letter was duly received. "My Dear Mr. Gould: Please meet at the corner of Broadway and Forty-second street; I have a very fine de luxe Shakspere; would sell to you on installments."

A Pertinent Question.

Cincinnati Enquirer: Senator Beveridge was describing a precocious little girl.

"She showed her precocity the other day," he said, "by a question that she asked me. It was a clear question. It was the question of a misogynist and a cynic.

"I had said to her, in the course of an examination in mental arithmetic:

"'How old would a person be who was born in 1812?'

She smiled and asked:

"'Was the person a man or a woman?' "

Not Much Needed.

New York Times: Henry E. Dixey was talking at the Lambs' club about Turkish baths, which the newspapers were condemning as unhealthy.

"I overheard the other day," said Mr. Dixey, "a Turkish bath conversation between a young and beautiful girl and her mother.

"'My dear,' the mother said, 'this is a rather big bill for Turkish baths. Why do yo go there so often?'

The young lady answered:

"'Where else can a girl go, who has nothing to wear?' "

Experience Would Help Some.

New York Telegram: Of course Mr. Carnegie is right when he says that poverty is the best heritage, but there are a lot of persons who would like to try the other thing a while just to be able to corroborate the philanthropist's statement.

The Evening Paper Supreme

STATEMENTS FROM ADVERTISERS WHO KNOW FROM EXPERIENCE

No. 25.

PARDRIDGE & BLACKWELL.
DETROIT.

"We prefer the evening paper. We use the morning dailies for advertising men's goods only, since they have few women readers."

J. A. PFEIFER, Adv. Mgr.

In Duluth It's The Herald!

Twenty Years Ago.

Taken From the Columns of Duluth Papers of This Date 1885.

***S. L. Smith, who has been ill for so long, has been about in the open air the last few pleasant days.

***John Van Norman, Guy Selby and Fred Smith are fishing at the Brule river this week.

***Rev. J. W. Hargrave, formerly pastor of the Congregational church here, pased through the city this week on his way to Hancock, Mich., where he goes on invitation of the Congregational church there to preach for a few Sundays.

***L. H. Grieser & Co., the well known and enterprising commission men, have moved from their old headquarters to the corner of Michigan street and First avenue west.

***The Dove now runs to Two Harbors.

***The schooner Lady Dufferin is reported to be in good condition on the north shore. She is well out and had natural protection during the winter. The tugs Smith and Gladiator will try to release her.

***The harbor is in first-class condition this spring. Water is high and there are no noticeable lumps on the bottom. The Hecla, drawing 15 feet, 2 inches, had no trouble here, though she struck heavily on the Lime Kiln at Detroit.

***Kate Claxton, the renowned "Salamander," and a strong company will play at the Grand Opera house next Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday.

***Burglars are about in Duluth this spring in plenty. On Tuesday night Jake Leidel's house was entered through a window. The burglar went upstairs to Mrs. Leidel's room and made away with $27, but was discovered and fled. Isaac Winterfield was another victim. Two robbers entered his office when he was asleep and waking him ordered him to open the safe, which he did after making the usual objections. Some $40 was secured.

SMILING REMARKS.

Washington Star: "A man must make many sacrifices to remain in politics."

"That's right," answered Senator Sorghum. "I have sacrificed my conscience more than once."

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "Did she get back that big spotted red veil she lost?"

"Yes."

"Strange that anybody would return it."

"I don't think so. Nobody would have the face to wear it."

Philadelphia Press: "You're after the job, are you?" said the milkman who had advertised for a helper.

"Yes, sir," replied the youth.

"Well, what experince have you had?"

"Why, I've pumped the organ down to our church for years."

New York Weekly: Typewriter Agent—Pardon me, sir, but may I ask what is the style of your typewriter?

Merchant (enthusiastically)—Right up to date. Elbow sleeves, lace insertion shirtwaist and all that sort of thing.

Philadelphia Catholic Standard: "Say!" called the tiger, as the stag dashed by, "where are you going?"

"Traveling for my health," panted the stag. "Why?"

"Well, my friend Leo invited me to a stag dinner party today, and I was wondering if you were the party."

Pittsburg Post: Tainted Steel Magnate—What's Stonyfeller goin' around so uppish about?

Tainted Beef Magnate—I dunno.

Tainted Oil Magnate—I do. He succeeded in givin' away $50,000 last week.

MINNESOTA OPINIONS.

Monticello Times: John D. Rockefeller's heritage to his son is one that must make him shudder. "Hated by more men than any millionaire in history." Who can envy John D., Jr., with such an inheritance?

Fergus Falls Free Press: A Crookston farmer, who owns a 500-acre farm, has discarded the use of horses and will do his plowing with a steam plow. It has been found that where a man has a large farm, the saving in plowing by steam is considerable. The steam plow purchased by the Crookston farmer will plow 125 acres in twelve hours. This is certainly "going some." Such a plow will never be used for garden purposes.

Pine County Pioneer: "Splitters" in the Rush City Post, wants to know, "have you wished on your first May flower?" To think of doing that at this early date. Why, bless you, we're only just having our March winds. Wait!

Sauk Center Herald: The only way in this world the people can get the kind of legislation they want is to ask for it and turn the legislators down when they come up for renomination if they don't get it.

Hayfield Guard: W. W. King of Minneapolis, is foreman and high "devil" in the front ranks at the Guard office. Our friends will find in Mr. King an affable gentleman, who will accept your advertisement or subscription as suavely and graceful as a Chesterfield.

Goodhue County News: Some scoffers expect to have Mr. Garfield report that the profits of the Standard Oil are about 2 per cent. If he does we don't have to believe it.

Fairmont Sentinel: Forty school girls at Anoka mutinied and attended a murder trial contrary to the order of the school authorities, and the forty were suspended for one week. If each was suspended over father's knee for about a minute while his right hand was doing the rest the punishment would come nearer fitting the offense.

St. Peter Herald: A few Republican newspapers claim that charges against the officials of Beltrami county have been on file for several years and seem suspicious of the motive that has led to their being taking up at this time. Some people, however, might attribute this very unusual proceeding to the fact that they are being prosecuted by an administration whose every act is not dictated by uarty policy.

Gooodhue County News: It has been discovered that the clause has been omitted from the new code under which formerly public service corporations were required to file public statements of their capital and bonded debts. The senate, which seems to have been trying how much it could do that it ought not and how much it could leave undone that it ought to do, sneaked it out, and the virtuous house never knew the difference. It was a fair and reasonable provision in the interest of the people.

WHICH?

Kansas City Star: To young men who are about to choose careers and to determine the lines on which they will fashion their lives:

After reading all of the spontaneous and heartfelt tributes of admiration and love which the recent death of Joseph Jefferson has called forth, and the arraignments of John D. Rockefeller which fill the columns of the newspapers throughout the land, which course of behavior as exemplified by these men do you think is to be preferred?

Which do you think affords the richest returns—a life abounding in illumination and blessing to the world, and a memory fragrant with honor and love, or one devoted to greed and spoils, with the concomitants of public execration and an old age blighted by illicit gains and utterly without those consolations which attend "honor, love, obedience and troops of friends?"

An Ordeal.

When father's up at the break of day
An' lookin' very glum,
When our old dog just hides away
An' waits for night to come.
When sister lets her hair hang down
An' wears a funny blouse,
It's pretty plain to all the town
That mother's cleanin' house.

When breakfast is a fierce pretense
An' dinner is a joke;
When rugs are hangin' on the fence
An' bric-a-brac is broke,
We tip-toe round, a-feelin' sad,
An' still as any mouse,
Fur home, sweet home, goes to the bad
When mother's cleanin' house.

—Washington Star.

Our Rate of Growth.

"We grow at a uniform rate," said a physician.

"There are rules of growth that, unconsciously, we all obey.

"Take the average man. He grows as follows:

"First year, eight inches; second year, six inches; third year, five inches; fourth year, four inches; fifth year, three inches; sixth year, four inches. From the sixth year on the growth is slower until the sixteenth year—it is only one and one-half inches a year. The seventeenth year has a growth of two inches. The eighteenth year has a growth of one inch.

"At 18 the average man is five feet eight inches high. Thereafter he grows no more."

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: It takes a lot of fortitude to be separated from a rich wife.

A man can make an awful lot of money speculating in stocks in a novel.

A woman very easily fools herself into believing she is fooling other people.

A man can get a very fair idea of what spring feels like by subtracting ten from the thermometer and imagining he has fallen off a ferryboat in a linen duster.

Governor Mickey and His Fences.

Baltimore American: It is mentioned as a great affair that Governor Mickey of Nebraska donned overalls and went forth to repair his farm fences. But why remarkable? If he had gone out in his spike-tail coat, decollete vest, high hat, patent leathers and kid gloves, the incident would have been worth mentioning.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER

LAST TIME TONIGHT

Mr. MAX FIGMAN in the roaring, screaming, farcical comedy success,

"The Marriage of Kitty."

Prices 25c, 50c, 75c and $1.

MAY 13—"THE BURGOMASTER."

METROPOLITAN

TONIGHT

Mr. HARRY CORSON CLARKE and Company in the Funny Farce—

"HIS ABSENT BOY"

Prices 15c, 25c, 35c, 50c. Matinees 10c, 25c

Thursday, Friday and Saturday Matinee and Night—

"LOST 24 HOURS"

They Tell Stories of Great Interest.

MORE OF WHAT

DR. REA

IS DOING IN THE NORTHWEST.

The Skeptic Left to Wonder, For His Success Still Continues.

That Dr. Rea is restoring the health and curing thousands of the afflicted there is no doubt as hundreds of reliable home people will attest. Few physicians in the country have had better educational advantages than he and few have more thoroughly improved them. He has always been an ardent student as well as an original investigator, having practiced his profession in some of the principal hospitals throughout the United States and Europe and it is not surprising that he has become a great specialist. Soon after commencing his practice in Louisville, Ky., some twelve years ago, Dr Rea was lead to believe that the important treatment of treating both acute and chronic disease was one that was demanding unusual attention and the skill of a physician who would devote his whole study and time to that specialty. Impressed with this idea he began a series of original investigations which have resulted in many important discoveries and brought him an immense practice in chronic diseases. His success in the line of special practice has certainly been remarkable and in the treatment of many chronic diseases unequalled. Dr. Rea announced to the public in Minnesota something over a year ago that he would make a series of Northwestern visits, stopping in the principal cities in the state. Since that time he has visited almost every city of importance and in the meantime has established a permanent office in Minneapolis where he has placed some of the best physicians in his staff at its head. To prove his original assertions he went to work and is now treating thousands of people in the state. Many are among the wealthiest and most prominent citizens. Almost everyone speaks of the immediate relief that generally attends his system of treatment. Below we will publish a few of the names of some of the many that he has cured.

Henry Nyhouse, Duluth, Minn., cured of chronic catarrah of the stomach, bad blood and general indisposition. Had doctored of a god many doctors and had taken all kinds of treatment but no relief.

Mrs. H. P. Jacobson, Langdon, Minn., cured of chronic dyspepsia and liver troubles. Cured after all other doctors had failed.

John Consbruck, Hastings, Minn., cured of cancer of the face in two treatments.

F. J. Swoboda, Hopkins, Minn., cured of chronic bladder and kidney troubles. Had doctored with all the noted specialists in Minneapolis and St. Paul and as a last resort was advised to have a surgical operation, this he refused and went to Dr. Rea who cured him in 18 days.

Mrs. Margaret Gangloff, Denison, Minn., cured of a bad skin cancer on the face in one treatment.

Louis Doer, Rainaby, Minn., cured of almost total blindness by cataract. Cured by the absorption method.

C. J. Wendt, Duluth, Minn., cured of chronic eczema all over the body. Of two years standing.

Mae Lynard, Bixby, Minn., cured in three months of chronic nasal catarrh.

William Reid, Little Falls, Minn., cured of cancer of the lip in one treatment.

H. P. Jackson, Morris, Minn., cured of long standing piles. Cured without operation.

Miss Susie M. Zein, Hastings, Minn., cured of chronic blood troubles that had almost wrecked her life.

Chas. Jeffs, Owatonna, Minn., cured of tumor on the head and scalp with one treatment.

Wm. McCarty, St. Cloud, Minn., cured of a long standing chronic disease.

S. J. Insley, Ipswich, S. D., cured of varicocele. Had spent hundreds of dollars and had never received any benefit. Cured by Dr. Rea with a few treatments.

Wm. Wolf, Red Wing, Minn., cured of long standing case of piles.

E. P. Morris, Wahpeton, N. D., cured of epilepsy. Had tried many doctors and all kinds of treatment, cured by Dr. Rea in five months.

H. P. Ash, Red Lake Falls, Minn., cured of loss of hair and facial eczema, red nose and bad blood.

Miss Mahoney, Wabasha, Minn., cured of bronchial catarrah. Cured to stay cured.

Miss Anna Stevens, Alma, Wis., cured of rheumatism. Had tried all the local doctors but got no relief from any of their treatment.

D. Corbesid's child, Faribault, Minn., cured of slow growth malnutrition and general weakness. Other doctors said could not be cured.

Miss McEacher, Duluth, Minn., operated on and cured of cross eyes in ten minutes.

Mrs. Harrison, Red Wing, Minn., cured of nervousness, general debility, heart trouble and goiter. Gained flesh at the rate of five pounds per month from the start. Local physicians had failed to give her any relief.

Dr. Rea will continue to visit professionally the principal cities of the Northwest every four weeks as usual. Next visit to Duluth at the Spalding hotel, Saturday, May 13th, from 9 a. m. until Sunday noon.

CABRERA SHOT HIMSELF.

Guatemalan President Victim of His Own Carelessness.

New Orleans, May 10.—United States Minister Leslie Combs from Guatemala tells the inside history of the reported assassination of President Cabrera about a week ago. The story, which he says is absolutely true, is amusing, and possesses many of the opera bouffe features which characterize many Central American affairs.

Minister Combs says the President Cabrera is in constant fear of assassination, and goes armed with a number of heavy revolvers. About two weeks ago, according to the story told by Mr. Combs, the president of the republic was preparing to retire. He neglected to remove the revolvers from his pockets before taking off his trousers. One of the guns dropped from the pocket and exploded.

The bullet struck the president, who for several days refused himself to all callers and seemed much chagrined at his most unfortunate accident. The bullet made a deep cut.

PERFORMS WONDERS.

Chrystal Tonic quickly cures rheumatism, constipation, torpid liver, kidney trouble, Bright's disease, heart disease, neuralgia, nervous exhaustion, bad blood, headache, backache, dizziness, sleeplessness, dyspepsia, general debility, tired brain and any run-down condition of the system. For sale all druggists, $1.00 a bottle. Try it. If not satisfied after using write Chrystal Tonic Co., Marshall, Mich., and they will refund your money without question.

GETS SITE FOR DOCK

M. A. Hanna & Company to Locate on Superior Bay.

Buys Old Site of West Superior Lumber Company's Plant.

The Cleveland firm of M. A. Hanna & Co., which has been looking over the local harbor for a suitable site for a large coal dock, has closed the deal for a dock site on Superior bay, where the West Superior Lumber company's plant was formerly located. The property is 600 by 1,500 feet and was sold by the Land and River Improvement company of Superior.

M. A. Hanna will have a total investment, it is claimed, of $400,000, of which $350,000 will be for coal dock equipment so that the price of the site may be figured in the neighborhood of $100,000. The deal for the site was handled through the office of John A. Stephenson of this city.

The plans for the dock structure have been furnished the contractors and the construction work is to begin as soon as possible, some of the old buildings on the site being now in process of removal.

The new coal dock is to be strictly modern in every respect with machinery operated by electricity.

The contract for the dock construction work is expected to be awarded the coming week.

The dock will have the very best water front and railway facilities.

PROMOTION FOR GOODELL

Addition Made to Working Staff of the Y. M. C. A.

At the meeting of the board of directors of the Y. M. C. A. last evening, John A. Goodell, who for the last two years has acted as assistant general secretary, was promoted to the position of director of religious work.

The change contemplates an increase in the staff, and a capable instructor will be engaged to take charge of the night school work, which has hitherto been in charge of Mr. Goodell.

The plan of the women of West Duluth to select and purchase a site for a branch building in that end of the city, was endorsed by the board, and the women have been authorized to purchase the site.

The board also voted to send Phil Bevis, the general secretary, John A. Goodell, and Norman MacLeod, the secretary of the boys' department, to the national convention in Niagara Falls, on May 27 to 31.

PROBLEM OVERCOME.

New York Sun Correspondence on Calumet & Pittsburg.

The mining correspondent at Bisbee, Ariz., of the New York Sun says of the Calumet & Pittsburg mine:

"A visit to the bottom of the Pittsburg shaft shows it to be dry four feet above the base. By looking down one can see that there is a rift in the rocks as big as a barrel, through which pours a flood of water. This is the chief water supply of the shaft, and is probably the source of the enormous flow that has baffled the skill and energy of the best mining people in the world for the past two years and more.

"The water comes up out of this cleft rock as clear as crystal, and is warm, but carries no copper, which is an indication that no surface water is making its way down. The flow has gradually diminished the past few weeks, until it is now less than 2,000 gallons a minute, and the indications are that the patience and steady work of the company has won the long and costly fight. In the time that pumping has been going on more than 2,500,000,000 gallons have been raised, most of it from the 950 foot level.

"The Pittsburg ground will be entered at once from the northeast side from a shaft that is now eighty feet deeper than its own and the new Hoatson shaft on its own ground will be 1,000 feet deep and in high grade ore in a year. Before that time has passed the present Briggs shaft will have been deepened to the eleventh level and mining will be in progress there also. Here this mine is looked upon as the most promising of the entire Calumet group."

CLARK BLOCK IS PURCHASED

D. B. McDonald Takes Over the Property For $50,000.

D. B. McDonald of the firm of Cole & McDonald, mining drill operators, has purchased from Philadelphia owners the Clark block, known as 21 and 23 West Superior street, for a consideration of $50,000. The deal has been pending for a long time and is said to have just been closed up.

It is understood that the building is to be torn down and that on the site a new and more modern structure of brick and stone will be erected, the plans for which are already prepared.

The new building is to be 50 by 140 feet, and either two or three stories in height. It has already been leased to a local dry goods concern for a term of years.

The Clark block was built in 1873, and at that time was considered quite a pretentious structure. For some time it was used for a bank. In recent years the building has been occupied by a saloon and cigar store on the first floor and a hall on the second floor.

No Knife Needed

Piles can be cured by internal treatment. To get at the cause—that is the secret, and that is why Dr. Perrin's Pile Specific is so universally successful in its results. It increases the flow of digestive juices in the stomach—accelerates the action of the liver. With congestion of the liver removed and constipation relieved, the two chief and distinct causes of piles are reached and conquered.

Dr. Perrin's Pile Specific

The Internal Remedy

For dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation, biliousness, catarrh of the stomach and kindred ailments it is the greatest remedy that has ever yet benefited mankind.

Certain in its results, this remedy will cure the most obstinate case of Piles.

Dr. Perrin Medical Co., Helena, Mont.

CONSENTS TO HEAR CHARGES

Superior School Board Tells Pupils to Show Cause.

The board of education at Superior held a special meeting last evening and received and placed on file the petition of the Blaine high school pupils for the immediate removal of Principal B. B. James. The secretary of the board was instructed to notify the pupils to choose or appoint a committee of five to submit charges or draw up reasons why Principal James should be removed, the board holding that the petition alone, unsupported by any charges, was hardly sufficient for it to take any action.

Superintendent Jackson's communication that he will not be a candidate for re-election the coming year is to be taken up and considered at an executive session of the board Friday evening.

LAVANT ARRESTED.

Grand Jury Charges Illegal Liquor Selling.

Abe Lavant, who was indicted by the grand jury this term for selling beer without a license, was taken into custody by Detective Donald Irvine, in a public beer hall, last evening. Lavant is on parole from the state penitentiary, and the deed of which he is charged is a direct violation of the terms of his parole, and Warden Wolfer of the penitentiary is expected to claim him and see that he serves out the remaining two years of his sentence for horse stealing.

Lavant is said to have sold beer without a license at a hotel conducted near Pike lake by Frank Hayes. Lavant declares his innocence of the charge, and says that enemies are conspiring against him. He is 22 years of age.

THE SAFE WAY.

The safe way to open a safe is to employ an expert safe-opener.

You might open it with dynamite, of course, and probably injure the contents, as well as the safe.

That's unsafe.

Yet millions are doing worse for themselves than that every day.

Consider the food in your stomach, which you cannot digest, as treasures in a safe, of which you have forgotten the combination.

How to get into the safe without injuring it or wasting the treasure?

Do it the safe way.

Take Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

They will open up the safe for you, in a safe and expert manner and place at your service all the treasures, on which your health depends, that you should take advantage of.

Any other way of doing it is like dynamiting your safe—injuring your stomach, wasting the good food, and the valuable energy, and time you have used up in putting it where it is.

Any other way is reckless extravagance, dangerous carelessness, foolish waste.

No other medicine for stomach disorders will give you such safe, certain or permanent results as Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are a scientific, specific, curative treatment for one certain disease; which, in its universality amongst rich and poor, and in all walks of life, dwarfs all other diseases of the human race by comparison.

They are so true to scientific ideals, so certain in their curative results, so safe and sane in their ways of acting upon the undigested food, and upon all the delicate digestive organs, that they are endorsed by over forty thousand reputable physicians as the very best possible medicine you can take for all disorders of digestion, assimilation and nutrition.

Nothing could be more unpardonably, criminally careless, than to do, as too many do do, destroy your health and all possible chance of a happy old age in years to come, by injuring your stomach with dangerous drugs, when you could so easily get safe relief by using Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

No matter whether the symptoms point merely to a slight indigestive derangement, or to the very dangerous catarrhal condition of the entire digestive tract, which is sure to come, sooner or later, to the confirmed dyspeptic, no time should be lost, but immediate treatment begun, with Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

Even a slight headache, a feeling of overfullness, gas eructations, dizziness, sleeplessness, and such comparatively light symptoms, should receive immediate attention; for no one can tell when the danger point is reached, where further neglect turns the mere indigestion of food into the more pernicious activity of the manufacture of virulent ptomaine, or other poisons.

No time to be lost, if the danger signal tolls.

Quick action may mean life, instead of death.

Take Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

Sold at all druggists. Price, 50 cents a box.

Write for valuable Free Book about Dyspepsia, to F. A. Stuart Company, Marshall, Mich.

COPPER IS QUIET

Prices Steady But There Is Little Doing In Market.

Liquidation In New York Causes Selling of Copper Shares.

Copper is firm in price and the market quiet, says George L. Walker in his weekly letter. There is very little doing and there is said to be a very healthy condition in the market, but no advance is looked for just now. Walker says:

"The copper market is quite but steady. Lake is 15 to 15⅝ cents, and electrolytic is 15 to 15¼ cents per pound. Just at the moment there is very little doing, but, for that matter, there is nothing transpiring in the copper metal market during fully one-third of the days in every year. Consumers are waiting to see whether or not there is to be any further reaction in prices, and producers are satisfied that consumers will buy again when they are ready.

"Four of the leading representatives of the trade declared to me in New York this week that all producers are sold well ahead. The exceptions to this statement are three or four of the smaller producers, who have recently offered fifty-ton lots of metal at 15 cents per pound, evidently needing the cash. Such offers always create suspicion and check business. The largest producers and selling agencies never make offers of copper.

"An Amalgamated interest says: 'I have never seen the metal situation in as satisfactory a position as it is now. It is better than it was six months ago, for then we had a surplus and were selling it. Now we have no stocks on hand and the product of our mines is sold ahead. Notwithstanding that production is greater than ever before, there is a consumption demand at present prices for every pound that is coming from the ground. We see no reason to expect any decline from current prices, and we do not want an advance.'

"One considerable producer says he has sold his entire output for May and June and a portion of it for July at better than present prices. The report that some of the copper bought for shipment to China had been offered for resale is without basis in fact. China is again in our market this week buying more copper.

"I think it safe to state positively that there is not one feature of weakness in the copper situation, and to predict a continuance of the 15-cent market for at least several months to come.

COPPER SHARES.

"The continued deluge of liquidation in the New York list has led to some scattered selling in the coppers, and prices have worked somewhat lower this week. There has been nothing here that could be at all compared to the urgent pressure to sell so conspicuous in the Wall street market. The fact that comparatively few coppers are held by traders and carried on margin has greatly restricted the selling, and, notwithstanding the lower average of prices, the healthy and safe condition of the Boston market as a whole has received full demonstration.

"The best information that can be secured concerning the bad break in the New York list is that the pools, cliques and large individual operators extended themselves too far and were unable to induce the public to come in and help along the advance. Instead of buying, the public was a constant seller all the way up, and as as a result it has more money than ever before. That the bottom of the decline in the railroad and industrial stocks will soon be reached, is certain, for basic conditions are perfectly sound. When the larger market once steadies itself, I feel confident that attention will be turned to coppers and that we shall see the activity and strength that have for a long time been warranted by the tremendous earnings that the copper mining companies are realizing.

"There is the best of reasons for the belief that the average price received for copper this year will be close to 15 cents per pound. There have already been dividend increases all along the line, and further advances may be expected. The growing value of certain copper properties is another factor that may be expected to play an important part in market matters. Such stocks as Allouez, Atlantic, Bingham, Copper Range, Granby, Mohawk, Michigan, Mass, Osceola, Utah, and some others, may be expected to sell higher as a result of their developments and earnings adding very materially to their known value. Not one of these stocks has yet discounted in the market what one has a right to believe they will be worth in the future.

"On rallies in the New York market, I think railroad and industrial stocks should be sold and the proceeds invested in such coppers as those named above."

BUSINESS FOR APRIL

County Officers File Their Reports With Auditor.

In the reports of county officers for the month of April, which have been filed with the county auditor, Sheriff Bates shows the total work done by his office to have been $3,077.36. Of this amount, $639.86 were fees for civil work, and $2,437.50 work for the county. The disbursements of the office were $1,906.90.

The total receipts of the clerk of court for April were $3,445.55, of which $832.80 represented cash receipts and $2,612.75 work for the county. From the sale of marriage licenses the clerk received $164 and $120 for naturalization papers.

The receipts of the register of deeds office were $890.50 and $109.19 as register of titles.

The quarterly report of the county poor board showed a net total disbursement of $7,871.43. The receipts were for the quarter, $127.96.

S. W. Gilpin, county superintendent of schools, visited 19 schools and 13 school districts during April.

IS AFTER SITE.

Power Company Begins Condemnation Proceedings.

The Great Northern Power company has instituted condemnation proceedings in district court against Carl Stasny and others to secure certain lands along the St. Louis river in the vicinity of Beaver creek, where the company's power house is to be erected.

The company desires to construct a dam in St. Louis river in sections 5 and 6, township 48, and a resertoir in Rice Lake. For this it requires lot 1, block 19, about 45 acres of land, owned by Carl Faelton and Frank E. Morse; lot 3, section 19, about 32 acres, owned by Carl Stasny, Frank E. Morse and J. W. Hale and parcels of land, aggregating 96 acres, owned by Carl Stasny and Frank W. Hale.

New Idea Patterns for June 10c

Gray-Tallant Co

New Idea Magazine for June 5c

Union Suits Under Price

FOREST MILLS Union Suits—so-called "seconds"—of the $1.25 grade. We would be glad to get more when these are gone—so would several thousand other stores selling the Forest Mills Underwear throughout the United States. We did not fully realize the preference the makers gave Duluth until we tried to increase the order. While we have them the price will be 89c

19c FOR A UNION SUIT — THINK OF IT! Unbleached cotton suits, knee length, low neck and sleeveless—neatly trimmed—25c is the lowest price you'd expect to pay—at 19c

50c GAUZE VESTS—FINE LISLE OR MERcerized cotton—white or delicate colors; silk taped. On sale Thursday at 29c

25c and 35c Lace Lisle Hose
To wind up, all go in one lot tomorrow at—the pair
19 cents

Remnants of Table Linens—Some at Half.

Some are leavings from our Spring Sale, others are slightly soiled or mussed ends, which we have cut from full pieces to leave our stock clean and crisp. All widths, from bleached and half bleached loom damask to very fine double satin damask, go at prices that will carry the lot off quick.

Large lot of odd half dozen napkins at from 48c to $3.00 the half dozen.

Black Dress Goods.

$1.00 $1.50 is the regular price of these high grade Etamines in bouretted and boutanne effects—neat designs woven in the best of all wool cloths. They have a hard worsted finish, which stamps them as fabrics of durability. Thursday we offer four pieces—all black—all different weaves, at the lowest price this season—$1.00 a yard.

Foulard Silks.

For Shirt Waist Suits and Summer gowns, these Foulards are tremendously popular, for in reality there's nothing prettier than a smart Foulard gown. Two lines in 21 and 23-inch widths at 59c and 62c are extra good values. The best shades of brown, blue and green, with a spattering of dots—the prettiest—a three colored dot—is exclusive with us. See the window display tomorrow. 59c

More Silk Petticoats.

Customers who have been waiting for another sale of taffeta silk petticoats will be glad to know of this second lot, just in.

$5.00 PETTICOATS—with accordeon pleated flounce and under ruffle; all colors, including plain black and plain white—special price $3.98

$6.50 PETTICOATS—of an excellent quality taffeta in black and colors; with deep ruffled flounce; well made in every way—special price $4.98

85c for $1 Silk Gloves

Have reinforced finger tips; backs are fancy stitched in black, white or self color. The best gloves than any store ever sold for 85c we believe. A large dollar's worth.

Suits at Reduced Prices.

IF WE didn't sell largely, we would not have so many remnant lines of suits to offer. And, if you had the selecting of the odd lots, you could not pick better styles. We have marked them to be irresistible purchases.

$13.50 FOR $25.00 SUITS in fancy mixtures and plain cheviots, blouse and jacket styles, with pleated skirts. Styles are the most approved ones of this season.

$22.50 FOR $35.00 SUITS—They are in the front of this season's styles. Materials are chiffon cheviot, plain and figured Panamas—checks and hair line stripes.

$9.50 FOR $12.50 SUITS—Just about a dozen suits in blouse styles only; materials are mixed effects and plain goods. Where else in town can you find equal value?

$7.50 FOR $10 AND $12.50 RAINCOATS in oxford and tan shades. Such weather as this suggests the advisability of looking up this bargain before the odd sizes all find owners.

TWO VERDICTS ARE RETURNED

French & Bassett Win Suit—J. D. Lowe Loses.

Two verdicts were returned by juries in district court yesterday afternoon.

In the case of French & Bassett against Grier H. Thompson of Virginia to recover the value of a piano claimed to have been sold the latter, the local firm was awarded a verdict of $397.25, which was the full amount asked for, with interest. The defense was that the piano was merely taken on approval.

In Judge Dibell's room the jury gave Adam McAdams, the defendant in a damage action a verdict. McAdams, who constructed a sewer in West Duluth, was sued for $300 by J. D. Lowe, who claimed that the contractor used dynamite so carelessly in the excavation as to badly damage a dwelling house close by the scene of operations.

In Judge Cant's room, today, a jury is listening to the testimony in a $10,000 alleged malpractice case brought by David C. McTaggert against Dr. C. G. Shipman. McTaggert claims malpractice in the amputation of his left leg at the knee. Dr. Shipman, in his answer, claims that the surgical work was successfully performed.

The case is expected to be on trial several days as there are a number of witnesses to be examined. Depositions of a number of surgeons of national reputation have been filed in this case, including one by Dr. Nicholas Senn of Chicago, formerly surgeon-general for the United States volunteer army during the Spanish-American war, and Dr. John Murphy also of Chicago.

In Judge Dibell's room the damages action of Anne Jane Bloomer against the street railway company is started for trial. Mr. Bloomer sues for $5,000 damages for the death of her brother, Joh nBloomer, a hack driver, who was killed on Lake avenue south Sept. 1, 1904, when his rig collided with a street car.

In Judge Ensign's room the testimony is being introduced in the suit of Kenneth A. McDonald against Patrick A. Smith. The suit is one in which Mr. McDonald seeks to recover $11,000 alleged to be due for making the sale of a lot of timber land in St. Louis county.

Ask Larger District.

The taxpayers in school district No. 9 have petitioned the county commissioners to alter the boundaries of the district and increase its area by including townships 63-14, 64-15, 63-15 and 63-16. The petition, which has been approved by County Superintendent of Schools S. W. Gilpin, has been received and filed for future consideration. The petitioners claim that for the purposes of taxation their district is not large enough and they point out that i ntaking in the other townships named, while it would make a very iarge school district, nobody would be inconvenienced as the new territory is not yet settled up.

Repair North Shore Road.

The board of county commissioners has been petitioned by a large number of residents for some improvement of the north shore road to Two Harbors, from the city limits to the boundary line of Lake county. The petitioners claim that the culverts and bridges are in a condition to make travel over them very unsafe and the county board is asked to investigate the matter. As the portion of the road referred to is in Commissioner Fred Kugler's district, the matter has been referred to him and it is understood that steps will be taken to make the necessary repairs.

MELLIN'S For the Baby FOOD

Mellin's Food — an infant food without an equal except Mother's Milk. A food that feeds, a food that gives satisfaction, a food that has been used for many years with best results, a food that makes the babies grow strong. Send for a free sample.

Mellin's Food is the ONLY Infants' Food which received the Grand Prize, the highest award of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition, St. Louis, 1904. Higher than a gold medal.

MELLIN'S FOOD CO., BOSTON, MASS.

DREAM WAS TRUE.

Finds Brother Drowned, as Seen In Sleep.

Kingston, N. Y., May 10.—John Breitkus, of Ulster Landing, had a realistic dream that he would find the drowned body of his brother if he should come to Kingston. He came here yesterday nad found that the dream was true. He did not know that his brother was dead, although the brother was drowned three weeks ago. Frank Breitkus was the brother's name and was one of a party of five drowned while crossing the Hudson river from Barrytown to Ulster Landing three weeks ago. His body was found at the mouth of Rondout creek yesterday morning. John Breitkus told the story of his dream and although he had never seen the creek before, was able to describe it accurately.

TREATED AS A CHILD

And Now Cincinnati Wife Seeks a Divorce.

Cincinnati, Ohio, May 10.—Unique as a romance is the experience which Mrs. Addie Maddox Dunn, who asked divorce from her husband, U. S. Dunn, claims as her own. Mrs. Dunn once ran a matrimonial agency in Cincinnati. Her husband was at the time a real estate agent in the Lincoln Inn court, and is now principal of the Latonia (Ky.) public schools. He was at one time superintendent of schools in Campbell county, Ky.

"I first knew Mr. Dunn when I was a little school girl," said Mrs. Dunn. "He was an ardent lover. I went to school to him, and he wooed me when I was a little girl in short dresses. At 11 I was engaged to be married to him, and at 15 I was married. At 17 I was a mother. Mr. Dunn never seemed to forget that I had been his pupil, and through our early married life he treated me as a child. I never could seem to do anything to please him. We were not companionable at all."

RICH PITTSBURG MAN

And Relatives May Have to Pay $100,000.

Pittsburg, May 10.—There is booked for trial in the United States circuit court here a breach of promise case which promises developments rich and rare.

Miss Edith Isabella Gibney of St. Louis has sued Claus J. Steiner, a wealthy young architect, for $50,000 damages, and at the same time she sues his father, mother and three sisters for the same amount, claiming they conspired to tell untruths about her to her fiance and so broke off the match.

Suffered 10 Years

Paid Specialist $150.

Visited Resort Cures, but could not get relief from

ECZEMA.

Three Month's Treatment With

D. D. D. Prescription

Resulted in complete cure.

I have suffered for ten years with Eczema, have tried every cure that was recommended; for five years went every spring to resorts, when sure cures were promised; even paid an Eczema Specialist $150, all to no use. There were all kinds of treatment, but I finally became convinced that the doctors and owners of resorts only wanted my money. It was with difficulty that I was persuaded to try D. D. D., but when I did try it I decided to give it a thorough test. After three month's use of your remedy I find it a complete cure, when everything else failed.

With much gratitude.

Sincerely yours, JOHN F. ROHAN,
Harvard, Ill., Nov. 16, 1903.

Can any argument of ours strengthen this? All we can say in addition is—go to your druggist today and purchase a $1.00 bottle of D. D. D. Prescription and your cure will begin. We guarantee to cure you or refund every cent you spend for D. D. D.

Lyceum Pharmacy, Lyceum Building.
Lenox Drug Store, 607 West Superior St.

A MONEY SAVER!

The Grand Opening Sale at The Eagle.

SPECIAL BARGAINS FOR TOMORROW.

Cravenette Coats—Priestly's guaranteed strictly waterproof; regular $15 kind **$9.75**

$22.50 Cravenette Coats—the best and handsomest coat in the city—special..... **$16.50**

Special bargains in men's new style Spring Suits, Top Coats, Umbrellas, Hats, Shoes and Furnishing Goods, at—

MONEY-SAVING PRICES.

20 new styles of the world-famous **BROCKTON $3.50 SHOES** now one sale. These are the most stylish and durable shoes made; equal to other $5 and $6 Shoes — all styles, all lasts, all leathers..... **$3.50**

321 W. Superior St., Duluth.

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

Trouble Expected When Turtle Mountain Indians Are Paid.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Fargo—There is a possibility of trouble in the Turtle mountain section of the state when the Indians are paid by the government. After years of sparring the treaty between the Indians of that section and the government was made some time ago and the money is to be paid over soon.

Because of the proximity of the reservation to the international boundary line it has always been an easy matter for the Indians to secure all the liquor they wanted, even when not well supplied with funds. With the immense sum to be paid them by the government, the settlers expect the Indians to make an effort to consume all the product of the Canadian distilleries in a short time.

The recent United States court decision, holding that allotment Indians had the same right to buy liquor as white men, will make it easy for the Indians to secure what they want.

Starkweather—Citizens of Edmore settled a church proposition in a novel way. A massmeeting was held and a vote taken to decide which church should prevail. Among the ballots was a slip bearing the word "Methodist," and the other the word "Congregational."

The drawing was done by four prominent citizens and the slip bearing the name of the former denomination was drawn first. The affair was conducted in a perfestly friendly manner and by reason of it citizens will have only one church to support.

Forman—Teckla, age 17, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Carlblom, while driving home from Guirnner was thrown from the buggy, one foot catching in the wheel, tearing the leg off at the knee. Medical aid was summoned at once but from loss of blood and the shock she lived but a few hours after the accident.

Minot—Prof. J. J. Flathery of the University of Minnesota, who has been employed by the city council to draw plans and specificatieas for a complete waterworks and sewer system for Minot, has arrived to commence his work.

Contractor F. D. McGulpin has been awarded the contract for building the new county hospital. The contract price is $7,971, and work will be commenced at once.

A crew consisting of about forty surveyors from the University of Minnesota passed through Minot yesterday on their way to Kenmare where they will assist in the construction of the new Soo line at that point.

Miss Carrie Corbett of Fargo has been engaged by the county school board to take charge of the music and drawing classes during the Ward county teachers' institute which is to be held in Minot the week of June 5. Prof. S. Henry Wolf of this city will have charge of the classes in history and mathematics.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Milbank—Game Warden Mount made his first arrests this season for illegal chicken shooting. The Milwaukee company has a large force of Italians employed in ballasting the track in the vicinity of Marvin and a report reached the warden that the men were spending their spare time shooting prairie chickens. Yesterday the officer made a trip to the vicinity and caught three men redhanded. One started to take aim at the warden, but the officer was a little quicker on the trigger and promptly took his prisoners before Justice Coyle of Marion, who fined them $5 each.

Deadwood—The Chinese of the Northern Black Hills are being examined for their passports and other papers by A. W. Paine of Boston, a United States Chinese inspector. As a result of this examination, Lee Jim Yuen, a Chinaman, is in the Lawrence county jail for alleged violation of the exclusion act. He asserts that he has been in Deadwood six years and was a merchant in New York city before coming here.

Pierre—The Northwestern road has a passenger coach quarantined on the track at this city. Friday night a young man named Gillispie, who was on his way from North Dakota to this city, showed signs of some eruptive disease, while at Huron, and he was placed under quarantine in the coach and sent west. On his arrival here the case was pronounced to be measles. The young man is yet in the car, and an effort is being made to secure a building for him until he has recovered from the attack.

COAL CAR ATTACHED.

Novel Method to Force Collection of Debt.

Topeka, Kan., May 10.—A novel lawsuit was argued in the supreme court. It involved the right of a creditor of a foreign railroad to attach a freight car in transit for debt.

Homer Kennett of the firm of Kennett & Peck, lawyers at Concordia, had a judgment against the Pennsylvania railway for $167. The judgment did not seem to do him much good, but being a lawyer, he kept his eyes open and waited. One day he noticed on the siding at Concordia a coal car bearing the name of the Pennsylvania railway. It did not take him long to get out the necessary papers and attach the car. Mr. Kennett did not especially need a coal car in his business, but he figured that he might be able to sell it to somebody for enough to pay his claim. The lower court gave him possession of the car, and the Pennsylvania railway appealed to the higher court. Judge Frank Doster represents the railroad.

Low Rate Summer Excursions

Low rate summer excursions to Chautauqua Lake and Asbury Park. For illustrated folder, rates and general information write Erie R. R., 555 Railway Exchange, Chicago.

CRAVENETTES!

New Arrivals—$16, $18 and $20 values, up-to-date styles — your choice for only—

$12.75

We keep everything that is nobby in the Clothing line for Men and Boys. Best Goods at Right Prices!

Lyceum Clothing & Shoe House

423—West Superior Street—423.

MANY ARE IDIOTS

"Wild Men of Somerset" Are a Curious Community.

Colony of Born Paupers, Charges Upon Maine Villages.

Bangor, Me., May 10.—The hard cider murder, as the killing of William Knights at West Athens last Thursday night is called, has again brought to public notice the colony of paupers and idiots long known in Maine as "the Somerset wild men," and it is probable that an effort will be made to disperse these unfortunates and provide for them in almshouses or other institutions, where they may be comfortably cared for and kept under control.

In a barren region of West Athens, Somerset county, are gathered some scores of wretched mortals—paupers and descendants of paupers from several towns of the vicinity, who make a pitiful attempt at farming, and are kept from starvation only by assistance from the poor funds of the towns where they belong. The present population is composed almost entirely of two families—the Browns and the Tuttles, whose members have intermarried for generations, with the result of producing monsters and idiots, some harmless and some dangerous as wild beasts.

On Thursday night last Rufus Brown, Jr., aged 20, killed William Knights of Bingham, and has since been arrested and has confessed the crime. According to Brown's story, Knights visited the home of the Browns, where, with others, he was entertained with hard cider and other refreshments.

Brown became jealous of Knights. He got a loaded shotgun and fired both barrels at Knights and Mrs. Brown, neither of whom was wounded. Brown then ordered Knights from the premises, and, as Knights went through the door, struck him upon the head with the stock of the gun, killing him instantly. Knights was 59 years old, and leaves a wife and six grown children.

The oldest member of the colony is Jed Brown, who is 95. He was born a pauper on the farm where he now lives, and his son, young Jed, and young Jed's children are paupers.

The people are not vicious except at long intervals. Ordinarily they are tractable and inoffensive, but they have outbursts of temper when molested or annoyed.

The court records show that in the past they have troubled the farmers considerably by petty thieving, coming down from the hills and mountains to Brighton, like the Scottish Highlanders. They know what the law is, but haven't the strength of mind to resist a good fat sheep or tempting farm products.

Abe Brown is the most picturesque of them all. He is about 50 years old, is black, hairy and has been foolish from birth. He is unable to talk, his utterance being confined to a few guttural sounds, but he can yell like a wildcat. He has gigantic strength and has been used as a beast of burden for many years.

He has frequently been seen pulling ahead of oxen on a breaking up plow, getting an occasional jab with the goad. He has hauled flour and groceries from Brighton and Athens for years and frequently in winter drags the women of the family down to the village of Brighton, five miles away, on a sled.

He used to amuse the children in the village by prancing and kicking like a horse. At one time he got it into his head that he must be tied every time that he went to the village, to prevent his running away, and while the woman he brought to town was trading in the store he would gnaw the hitching post like a horse.

He will obey commands implicitly, and mischievous people have frequently set the poor chap to tasks which have caused serious results to himself and other people. If anyone, no matter who, has told him to take an axe and go to work Abe has picked it up and religiously lugged it home to his mother. He is as easily influenced to deeds of violence.

Some years ago the authorities of the town of Corneville thought it would be better to support the Browns on the Corneville town farm than in Brighton, and so they sent up officers to compel the wholesale exodus of the family. The order caused a mighty uproar.

Old and young were panic stricken. Some of the family informed Abe by signs of what was going on and he fell to blubbering like a great baby, but suddenly one of the women put an ax in his hands, punched him and shouted:

"Mow 'em, Abe!"

Instantly Abe was transformed into a maniac giant. With fire in his eyes he dashed upon the officers and would assuredly have cut them all up had not some one shot him in the leg. Since then he has had a mortal fear of a gun and will run like a deer if anyone makes believe to take aim at him.

The women of the Brown family are not exactly of the clinging variety. When a deputy sheriff of Athens a few years ago went up to the Tuttle borough after some cattle, Mary Tuttle blazed away at him with buckshot and was only driven out of the field by the grit of the officer, who secured the cattle and drove them away before him.

It is a dismal region where these wretches exist. Once there were good farms there, but in many places the soil has become rusty and thin. Several farms have been abandoned. Others are occupied by the shiftless people, who care only for bare existence.

For four miles along the highway leading toward old Jed Brown's there are numerous families, but every one is supported wholly or in part by some town in which the people have gained a residence. It is as though the region were a land of exile for paupers. Some of the men are ablebodied and strong, but they lack the faculty of making a living for themselves.

The people have been driven back to the outskirts of civilization, beyond the reach of good influences and with the curse of heredity to haunt them and their children. They work on their farms, but whatever stock or crops they produce is sure to be gobbled up by some one with whom they trade, and when winter comes on they are destitute. They are invariably worsted in a dicker, but they can't resist the temptation to swap.

What to do with the wild men of Somerset is one of the greatest social problems in Maine today. No one seems much interested in its solution, although every year the Christian people of the state contribute liberally to funds for the benefit of heathen in distant lands.

SIX PIGMIES

From Congo Region May Go to England.

Cairo, May 10.—The six pigmies brought from the Congo forest region by Col. Harrison, the well-known explorer, are still here. There seems some doubt on the part of the home foreign office authorities as to the advisability of taking the little people to England. The foreign office cabled to Lord Cromer, asking if the natives were healthy and desirous of going to England.

They were medically examined. The opinions of the doctors were divided, but it is probable if a final decision is reached to take the pigmies to England they will all go except the elder of the two women, who are old for pigmies, being 32 years of age.

The British government requested Lord Cromer to see that the natives fully understood the proposed agreement with reference to their going to England, and to ascertain if the change of climate is likely to affect their health.

Strong representations have been made in England to the home government against leave being given for the natives to depart. Meanwhile the pigmies remain here. The two females have been removed to a hospital, and the men will stay in one of the government institutions.

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Valuable Horses Killed By Lightning, Worthless Ones Unhurt.

Rockland—That lightning does many freakish feats was illustrated at the farm of Albert Roehm, on the Greenland road, during the recent severe storm in Ontonagon county. A bolt struck the barn. Mr. Roehm had three horses in the structure, and as luck would have it, the two most valuable animals were killed. These two were fully twenty feet apart and between them was an aged horse, practically worthless. The electrical current descended upon one of the valuable horses, jumped up over the old animal and came down again just in time to hit the third horse. The barn was not set on fire, nor was it damaged to any extent.

Iron River—John Farley, Jr., son of County Road Commissioner John Farley of Stambaugh, was accidentally killed by a fall of ground in the Baltic mine, four miles south of Iron River, late last week.

Iron Mountain—F. C. Cole, proprietor of a lumber yard at Iron Mountain, has secured the contract for furnishing 100,000 feet of square timber for the Oliver Iron Mining company's crusher plant at Escanaba.

At a meeting of the board of directors of the First National bank of Iron Mountain, the usual semi-annual dividend of 5 per cent was declared. It was also voted to add $5,000 to the surplus fund, increasing the same from $25,000 to $30,000.

Escanaba—Peter Peterson and Thomas Olson, fishermen at Ogontz, Delta county, became involved in a quarrel over a barrel of salt, which culminated in Peterson's thrashing the other man. Olson had Peterson arrested and he was brought before an Escanaba justice, paying a fine for his offense.

The saloon conducted by Bourque and Bowman on Ludington street at Escanaba was entered through the front door and the cash register looted of about $12. Also a quantity of cigars was carried off. The intruder had little trouble forcing the front door, and he sprung it into place as he left the building, the robbery not being discovered until the next morning. A well known young man committed the crime. He made restitution and his name is withheld.

Crystal Falls—Something of a sensation has been sprung on the people of Crystal Falls by the announcement that City Marshal Patrick Manning had begun an action for $20,000 damages against Alderman Frank Scadden. The suit is based on alleged slanderous utterances said to have been made by Mr. Scadden concerning Mr. Manning and is the outcome of an ill-feeling which has existed between the alderman and the city marshal for some time. The case probably will not be tried until the September term of court.

Physical Culture.

Prof. Carciofini, formerly of the United States military academy, West Point, and late of Minneapolis, the country's greatest physical culturist, is now at the Spalding hotel, introducing his perfect home course of prescribed exercises for business men.

The only sure method of cure for nervous debility, weak heart, indigestion, constipation, kidney trouble, rheumatism and deformities of all kinds.

Reducing and increasing weight a specialty. He examines you thoroughly and prescribes for you accordingly.

Summer rates reduced from $25 to $15. Personal instructions with each course.

Hours from 12 to 1 p. m. and 5 to 7 p. m.

The Jolly Men of Old

Knew what was best to drink. The beer they loved we're making now, so let the glasses clink. Be merry friends and forget your cares. In the froth of the cheering glass, in a bumper of pure and delicious beer, that is healthful for swain or lass. Away with care, fatigue and woe, when you drink of Moose Brand Beer; fill high the cup, and drink it up, to the weal of the glad month of May.

Duluth Brew'g & Malting Co.

Either 'Phone 241.

The Golden Rule Department Store Will Have Their Grand Opening Saturday, May 13, at 9 o'Clock a. m.

THE GOLDEN RULE

17 & 19 EAST SUPERIOR STREET

LONSDALE DENIES

Was Not Lodged at a Hotel By the Kaiser.

Emperor William Building Ships to Protect Germany's Trade.

London, May 10.—A statement having recently been published to the effect that the earl of Lonsdale was lodged at a private hotel in consequence of his lordship having remarked that "he thought himself quite as good as the king of Wurtemburg," a correspondent called Lord Lonsdale's attention to the matter and received from him the following letter:

"I beg to acknowledge receipt of your most kindly expressed letter. As regards the subject to which you refer, namely, my treatment by the German emperor during the time I was at the maneuvers and at other times when I have had the honor to be his majesty's guest, I have not read the journal which you quote, but from the description of the article in your letter I assume that it is taken from a book entitled 'The Private Lives of William II. and His Consort,' which is absolutely incorrect in every conceivable way. It must be evident to anybody who reads it that the book is not written, as claimed, by any lady of the court, or by anybody connected with the court, for the falsities and inaccuracies are something perfectly marvelous. Although I have had many letters on the subject, I have never before thought it worth while to contradict them, for those who read the letters never see the contradictions, and those who see the contradictions think it was necessary to contradict something, and it draws their attention to something that, I presume, does not exist. You have asked me point blank if the story is true, I have not the slightest hesitation in saying that there is not the slightest accuracy in it of any sort or kind.

"I have always received the greatest possible kindness from both his majesty and her majesty, and the whole of the royal family, whenever I have had the honor of being their guest. I have never in any form, kind or way received anything but the greatest hospitality and marked civility from everybody connected with the court or in Germany. There is no other nature in the world than that of his imperial majesty, the German emperor, and if there is a fault at all in his nature it is, perhaps, he is a little too English in his ideas for his countrymen.

"We hear continually that he is building ships to compete with our navy, which is absolute nonsense. He is building ships to defend the trade of his own country, and if there is a fault it is on our side for swaggering that we are building and maintaining a navy that will be the equal of any two powers, which I personally should have thought a most undiplomatic statement.

"Nobody takes greater interest in diplomacy and the welfare of England than his majesty, but naturally when the interests of his own country are concerned he would be very far from doing his duty were he not to take sides for his own country, and I think this is the same in all games, whether it be cricket, football or imperial policy. The captain of the team is responsible for the result of the game, and if he missed a catch in the slips he would be very likely to lose his match.

"I think this will answer your letter, except as regards one point, which is perhaps not generally known to the public, that when on maneuvers all foreign officers and the staff itself are billeted on the towns, and, as a matter of fact, I have never once been billeted at a hotel. I have always been billeted at the most magnificent private houses, where I have received the greatest possible kindness and hospitality, often so much so that it is embarrassing.

"In Berlin his majesty has a right to certain rooms, and his royal guests, and all guests, use those apartments as being more convenient to them than living elsewhere. The comfort and hospitality could not be exceeded. I might also point out that I think that there have been so many guests of his majesty during jubilee and coronation times that have been entertained at hotels, and therefore the remarks in the book to which I have already referred prove that it was not written by any lady about the court, as was supposed to be the case.

"You are perfectly welcome to use this information as you like, but this is the first time that I have ever taken the trouble to contradict the statement made, for I do not think it worth while to do so. Believe me, yours truly,

"LONSDALE."

REFUSAL OF PENSION MONEY

Commissioner Warner May Establish a Conscience Fund.

Washington, May 10.—Commissioner Warner of the pension office contemplates the establishment of a conscience fund which promises to outstrip the long established conscience fund of the treasury department. Pensioners for the last few months have been writing the commissioner at the rate of two or three each week, suggesting a discontinuance of their pensions. About two weeks ago a G. A. R. veteran in the West wrote to the commissioner of pensions that he had recovered the health he had lost years ago and felt that he was no longer entitled to draw a pension. This has been followed by other waivers of pension claims in various parts of the country. The most recent case is that of a man who lives at Pierre, S. D. His letter was received by Commissioner Warner yesterday. It read:

"Dear Mr. Commissioner: I feel that I am no longer entitled to draw a pension from Uncle Sam. I was disabled for many years but I am now well. Christian Science has cured me and you need not send me any more money."

This man draws a pension of $6 a month.

"The beauty of it is," said Mr. Warner, in discussing the subject, yesterday, "that whenever he wants to, that man can call on us to resume payment of his pension and we must do so. He does not relinquish any rights and if his cure should prove only temporary he can come back into the fold and draw his $6 every month."

Most pensions which have been relinquished recently—and there have been a dozen or more since Mr. Warner came into office—were small ones, but one man gave up $30 a month.

A PIANO IN THE DESERT

One of the Little Eccentricities of Morocco's Sultan.

London, May 10.—A fez seems to sit more comfotrably than does a crown. The sultan of Morocco enjoys life, rank and wealth—rather an uncommon experience under such circumstances.

He is a crack cricketer, a charming tennis player—so gossips say; though he sometimes has a bad habit of knocking the head off any of his ministers who has the bad taste to bowl him out. He has a rage for motor cabs, red hansom cabs, gold handled bicycles, gold cameras, grand pianos and such knickknacks. He orders these things wholesale.

Cunningham Graham, who was visiting him, is now making England wide-eyed at the wonders of the sultan's court. He says he saw about 200 bicycles in the sultan's palace.

The sultan is a trick rider, and can manipulate the machine standing on the pedals all the time. Mr. Graham allowed the sultan to drive him out once on a motor car. That was enough for him. When he reached back safe he resolved to ride with sultans no more.

Mr. Graham once went with the sultan on a tax gathering expedition. They were accompanied by a troop of soldiers. They met three camels bearing pianos that the sultan had ordered.

The sultan had one of the pianos unpacked in the desert under a deluge of rain, and sat down to it with a child's delight. Mr. Graham, with great presence of mind, stuffed his ears, and then praised the sultan's playing. When the sultan had finished he decorated Mr. Graham with the Order of the Prophet, which is never bestowed upon giaours, unless it has been proved that their souls rise to an appreciation of the sublime.

The sultan has a very effective way of collecting his taxes. He judges by the look of a subject how much he should pay. The amount named is paid over promptly, and if there is any demur the sultan droops his head; instantly the unworthy subject drops his head—and forgets to put it on his shoulders again after the sultan has passed.

RADIUM CURES CANCER.

First Successful Case of the Kind Reported.

London, May 10.—A cure of cancer by means of radium is claimed by physicians connected with the hospital for diseases of the skin. The patient, a woman, is now enjoying good health. The medical officer who administered the treatment is T. J. P. Hartigan, F. R. C. S., assistant surgeon to the hospital. The treatment of cancer by the direct influence of radium rays has not in this country been before attended with marked success. Dr. Sequeira of the London hospital, sent the patient, a woman 64 years of age, to the society for examination, and after the case has been decided to be undoubtedly one of cancer, she went to the hospital. Radium was used, and the applications varied from fifteen to twenty minutes, usually broken into two periods. After half a dozen sittings the patient declares that she had had the first good night's rest for years. From that time the improvement was continuous.

SAVED BY DYNAMITE.

Sometimes, a flaming city is saved by dynamiting a space that the fire can't cross. Sometimes, a cough hangs on so long, you feel as if nothing but dynamite would cure it. Z. T. Gray, of Calhoun, Ga., writes: "My wife had a very aggravated cough, which kept her awake nights. Two physicians could not help her; so she took Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, which eased her cough, gave her sleep, and finally cured her." Strictly scientific cure for bronchitis and La Grippe. At all druggists, price 50c and $1.00; guaranteed. Trial bottle free.

NERO BEFORE THE CAMERA

How the Arena Scene Is Secured For the Cinematograph.

Paris, May 10.—A strange and interesting spectacle was witnessed one day last week in a building just outside the city. It was the securing for the cinematograph of a realistic representation of the martyrdom of a Christian in the Roman arena during the reign of Nero.

The building had been converted into a very good imitation of an arena. In the corner an overturned chariot lay, while the cardboard horses which had drawn it beat the air with their hoofs in an effectual effort to recover their equilibrium. A dead warrior lay near by, and helmet, swords and other articles which had figured in the deadly fray were scattered over the ground.

On the imperial tribune Nero, with a silver wreath encircling his brow, sat among his favorites. When the operator was ready to begin, three bareheaded and barelegged slaves came on the scene, rolled away a chariot wheel and carried out the dead Roman. Then Nero raised his hand and immediately a procession of slaves and soldiers filed into the arena.

The slaves were scantily attired and were sandals. The soldiers were clad in chain armor and were equipped with shields, leg guards and helmets. In the center walked a noble-looking white captive. When the procession had passed once around the arena it drew up in front of the imperial tribune, and the slaves and the noble captive knelt before Nero, shouting:

"Those who are about to die saluto thee."

Then two guards sprang forward, seized the captive, dragged him resisting to the stake in the center of the arena, and securely bound him to it. The cinematograph stopped clicking.

The captive was released and replaced by a dummy figure to which was attached several pieces of meat freshly dipped in blood. Nero nodded once more, and Juliano, a well-known lion tamer, clad like a gladiator, entered the arena. He was quickly followed by four live lions which roamed about the place in search of a victim.

Suddenly one of them sighted the "Christian" bound to the stake. With a growl the beast rushed upon him and tore him limb from limb.

All this time the cinematograph had been working off its films, and in a very short space of time a realistic representation of the death of a Christian in the arena had been secured.

Persian Nerve Essence

RESTORES VITALITY—Have cured thousands of cases of Nervous Debility, Insomnia, Varicocele and Atrophy. They clear the brain, strengthen the circulation, make digestion perfect, and impart a magnetic vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses stopped permanently. $2.00 per box; 6 boxes, guaranteed to cure or reiund money, $5. Mailed sealed. Book free. Persian Med. Co., 935 Arch street, Philadelphia. Sold in Duluth only by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior St.

THURSDAY SPECIALS AT THE

TREAD-WELL SHOE CO.

50 pairs ladies' fine patent leather, hand welt Bluchers, regular $4.00—tomorrow..... **$2.98**

85 pairs ladies' fine hand-turned Oxfords, in black or tan; regular $3—tomorrow.... **$2.25**

40 pairs ladies' four-button patent Oxfords—tomorrow **$2.19**

100 pairs ladies' fine hand-welt tan Oxfords, in Gibson tie—a bargain at **$1.98**

30 pairs ladies' vici kid, McKay-sewed Oxfords—to close at... **89c**

Misses' fine vici tan Lace Shoes... **$1.98**

Children's fine patent leather Oxfords.. **98c**

Men's patent leather and tan Oxfords—special..... **$2.25**

75 pairs men's fine calf, vici and patent leather Oxfords—to close out—tomorrow..... **$1.98**

Youths' fine hand-sewed tan Oxfords, new and snappy **$2.00**

Boys' Tennis Slippers—at **49c**

The Largest Line of Oxfords, tan and patent, in the city—AT POPULAR PRICES.

TREAD-WELL SHOE CO.

Successor to Famous. 115 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

A Strenuous Worker

American Family Soap

Possesses qualities not found in other soap—sweetens and purifies the home—is distinguished from all other soaps because of its purity, its economy and its great cleansing qualities. Every atom cleanses.

Send for complete list of the many valuable premiums given for American Family Soap Wrappers. Address Premium Dept., 360 North Water St., Chicago, Ill.

JAMES S. KIRK & COMPANY.

UNABLE TO MAKE

Cars Fast Enough to Supply Demands of Railroads.

Wool Growers of the Country Having Their Innings.

New York, May 10.—A most striking commentary upon the failure of persons high in business circles to appreciate the logic of events is afforded by the statements made as to orders for and purchases of rolling stock in the last eight months.

It would seem from these statements that the Baltimore & Ohio railway has to pay an advance of nearly $3,000,000 upon its recent order for street freight cars as compared with the price at which the same cars could have been purchased last November, while the orders for the Wabash road will cost $750,000 more than the road would have had to pay at the same date. It is evident some one has blundered and the stockholders of the roads are the persons who have to bear the additional burdens until the general public makes up the dividends that will provide for this additional cost to the corporations.

The steel car companies now have the railroads at their mercy, for to everyone it is apparent that the transportation companies have not nearly enough cars to convey the freight offered, and by far the heaviest freight tonnage ever tendered is coming with the fall and winter months. It is estimated that in addition to the exceedingly heavy orders given within the past few months the railroads will have to get fully 25,000 more cars before the first of next October.

The pressure of orders upon the car companies is so great that all the men that can be efficiently employed are at work, not only at full, but in most cases at overtime. The men employed, realizing the situation, are forming a union which will probably negotiate for a higher scale of wages. Two more steel car plants are being promoted near Pittsburg, backed by wealthy and powerful interests able and willing to install the works upon a gigantic scale.

During this month and the next the wool clips of West Virginia, Ohio, Kentucky and Indiana will be ready for the market, and no more opportune time, so far as prices are concerned, could have arrived. There is great excitement in all the wool markets of the world, occasioned not only by tremendous demand for immediate use, but increased by a growing speculation induced by belief that prices are bound to advance still farther than those prevalent today. Wools of all grades, both foreign and domestic, are in great demand, and manufacturers do not hesitate to say they are buying all they can now, knowing that the new clip will bring higher prices. The Russian government is making contracts for army clothing to cover the requirements of the army for the next winter's work, and the Japanese government is placing large orders for its forces.

These great and unusual demands forbid in Russia the exportations of wool usual from that country, while the Japanese orders are to a large extent unusual and come upon a market deprived of the Russian raw material. The military demands are, of course, very great in amount, but they are exceeded by the civilian demands of the increased population in Canada, Alaska and the millions of the great belt of our own Northern states, running from Maine to Oregon.

Few people realize that more than 1,600,000 persons are being added each year to the population of Iowa, Minnesota, the Dakotas, Montana, Idaho, Oregon, Colorado, Utah, Wyoming, Nebraska and Nevada, and every one of this additional million requires good supply of woolen clothing. The armies of the five strongest governments in the world would not require the yards of woolen cloth nor the pounds of wool that will be purchased for the uses of this additional million of people living in these prosperous states.

The wool growers of the country have now their innings, and they will find this present year that plenty of money among the people of the earth causes such a demand that tariffs are forgotten and are about as much use as slack water dams are in flood time on the Ohio river. Reports from wheat crops are very favorable thus far this year, but of course four or five weeks yet must elapse before even the bulk of the crop can be approximated or considered safe. The next three months will have their rumors, good and bad; their reports, true and false.

Speculators will rally this way and that way, and all that the wise business man can do is to hope for the best and patiently await the result of nature's works. In my last communication I referred to the extreme activity in the manufacture of cotton, and I am gratified to find that recent developments accentuate and increase the importance and extent of this activity.

The Lancashire (England) manufacturers are doing the greatest business in volume that has ever been transacted, and the various cotton manufacturing corporations are declaring dividends ranging from 10 per cent to 40 per cent. The mills are employing all the labor they can possibly use, and there is every prospect of an increase of wages in the mills, although the wage scale at present is deemed good as compared with other times.

Lancashire, Eng., is in exulting mood over the present condition and future prospects, while our own cotton manufacturers are happy and busy.

It is to be sincerely hoped that but few of the planters of the South have listened to the foolish pleas for a reduction of acreage in cotton. Such action would be positively criminal toward the business interests of the country and stupid folly as to the individual or collective interests of the planters themselves. The highest estimate of the cotton crop of the South in 1904 is 14,000,000 bales, and it is now apparent that there will be but little surplus of this crop when that of 1905 is ready for market. One of the very best informed cotton dealers of the country estimates that the world will absorb during the twelve months to come a crop of fully 15,000,000 bales, at even a slightly higher price than was obtained on an average for the crop of 1904. Another authority puts the increase in the future consumption so high that a crop of 16,000,000 bales would not lower the price in the next twelve months. With known conditions as to the manufacturers, with the scarcity of goods in the hands of jobbers and retailers, with unprecedented demand from all portions of the globe for cotton cloth, with planters made independent and wealthy by the large crop of 1904, how absurd to talk of or advocate reduction in acreage. The Southern planter is too wise to take such advice seriously, and, while he prefers to get 10, 12 or even 15 cents per pound for his cotton, he knows he can make splendid profit in selling large quantities at 7 to 8 cents per pound. Advices from the South show but little reduction in acreage, while advices from the world show a constantly increasing demand for cotton. If the weather is O. K. the South will roll up for the country this year as many hundreds of millions of foreign dollars for her cotton crop as she did in 1903 and 1904, and she will continue to do so for years to come, provided the seasons are favorable to the growth of the plant. The world will take all the cotton the South will produce, and will pay good, fair prices for it. The South is progressing marvelously, and the entire country rejoices in its growth and progress.

DEMOCRACY'S DEFEAT

Caused an Indiana Farmer to Commit Suicide.

Charleston, Ind., May 10.—The overwhelming defeat of the Democratic party last fall caused a prominent farmer near this city to commit suicide yesterday.

Jennings Plummer, 60 years old, a bachelor who lived with his brother and sister, exhibited an extremely melancholy spirit from the day the result of last year's presidential election was announced. In conversation he would always say that under continued Republican regime the country would go to the dogs and, although he was in apparently well-to-do circumstances, he saw personal ruin staring him in the face constantly.

The defeat of Democracy so preyed on his mind that he often declared he would end his life if there were no change for the better in sight. Last evening he executed his threats by hanging himself with a rope in his barn, where he was found by his brother, Stephen. The latter at once cut the rope and found Jennings still alive. Doctors were summoned at once and everything was done to resuscitate him, but he expired within an hour.

DAUGHTERS HE DESERTED

As Babes Found Him Living With Another Woman.

Toledo, O., May 10.—Thirty-four years ago George M. Wilson, a Civil war veteran, disappeared from his home at Delphos, O., leaving behind his wife and two daughters. Diligent search failed to uncover a trace of the missing man, and after several years he was given up as dead. Mrs. Wilson and her daughters moved to this city. The former is now an aged woman, and for years has made her home with her daughter, Mrs. Mary Knoll, the other daughter, Mrs. Amanda Williams, also contributing to her support.

Some time ago Mrs. Wilson applied for a pension as a soldier's widow, and a week ago was startled by information furnished by United States pension agents that her husband was alive and residing at Seymour, Iowa. She was also informed that her husband was living there with another woman as his wife and that he was a wealthy and prominent resident of the Iowa town. The daughters, Mrs. Kroll and Mrs. Williams, decided to visit their father for the purpose of at least compelling him to contribute to their mother's support. They arrived there Saturday night. A dispatch from Seymour says:

"George M. Wilson has lived in Seymour 32 years with a woman, supposed to be his wife, named Rebecca. They have a grown daughter here. His two daughters from Toledo arrived. Wilson at first said he did not know them, but later broke down and admitted he was their father. He is now prostrated and under a doctor's care. The wife here seems unconcerned.

"The daughters from Toledo say she was formerly employed as a domestic in their Delphos home and left at about the same time their father disappeared. They say their father will return to Toledo with them. He is quite well to do financially. It is not known what disposition he will make of his property here."

Impossible to forsee an accident. Not impossible to be prepared for it. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil—Monarch over pain.

HEIRESS ESCAPES

From Madhouse Through Aid of Her Lover.

Boston, Mass., May 10.—Miss Grace Evelyn Hawthorne Darby, the most beautiful patient in the state insane asylum at Taunton, has escaped from that institution, and there is reason to believe she was assisted by a lover, and that they have fled together to Nova Scotia, with intent to settle there. The hospital authorities, failing to locate her, requested the Boston police to notify the officials of Canadian cities.

They stated that Miss Darby disappeared last Thursday, and presumably had been aided by a young man of Taunton, whose name they will not divulge until they can locate him.

Friends of the girl say she is not insane, and should have been discharged five years ago, but was restrained for reasons that would be brought out if an investigation was held. A relative of hers died recently, leaving her considerable money. She is 23 years old, and was committed six years ago, after an examination by a Boston alienist. She was born in Worcester, and it is said her father is in business there, while the whereabouts of her mother is unknown.

In a letter sent to the police by the hospital authorities she is described as "exceedingly attractive and very beautiful."

BACHELOR INSANE

Because He Was Jilted By Young Girl.

Linton, Ind., May 10.—Josiah Bays, a well-to-do bachelor, aged 52, suddenly became a raving maniac Saturday. He was arrested after an exciting chase and battle with the officers Sunday in the woods near his home.

Bays, apparently without cause, attempted to shoot his life-long friend and neighbor, Joseph Rector, and was only prevented from doing violence to others by being disarmed.

This insanity of Bays is the result of having been jilted by the young daughter of a neighbor. He has been enamored of her for months, and has been persistent in his attentions. The girl was only about 14 years of age, and she spurned his attentions. He is said to have wandered about the home of the young lady for the past few days singing love ditties in an attempt to attract her attention, but he only became violent Saturday.

COAST IS CLEAR

For Henry Damsel and Friends Yearn For His Return.

A Columbus, O., Bank Official Who Disappeared In 1897.

Columbus, Ohio, May 10.—With a desire to return to his old home to live down the past and amend whatever wrong may be charged against him, it has been learned that Henry Damsel, former bookkeeper in the old First National bank of this city, is moving heaven and earth, through influential friends, again to become a citizen of Columbus. He has been, so far as the general public could learn, a wanderer on the face of the earth ever since he left his lucrative position in 1897, which caused no end of gossip, especially in financial circles. While it is generally believed by the majority of those who knew Damsel that he was a wanderer and his whereabouts were unknown, there are a few who who do not believe it, and are ready to make affidavit that he has always been in touch with his friends, and, moreover, has not only been within the borders of the state within the last year, but that he has even visited Columbus and talked with his truest friends on the advisability of his homecoming. With all the talk of his having been short in his accounts, there is not a record of any court, according to the officials, that would in the least embarrass him. Assistant Prosecuting Attorney Paul Weber states that he knows of no true bill that was ever returned against him. Sergeant of Detectives James A. Dundon does not know of even an affidavit ever being filed in the police court, and Deputy United States Marshal Al Bauer has no records on his books whereby he could molest Damsel if he did return, although he was informed less than a year ago that Damsel was at Troy, Miami county.

The citizens of Columbus well remember Damsel's departure previous to the Spanish-American war. There was not a man in town more popular than he. He was well up in secret society organizations, known all over Ohio, and it is said of him that if a friend was in need Charley, as his friends called him, was among the first to respond. If there were any functions of a nature that brought forth the assistance of the best elment in the city to make them a success Damsel was in the front rank, and this alone was an assurance that everything would go off smoothly. In fact, Damsel was his own worst enemy. It was the old story of the bad deck mixed with drink and women, and the final termination was his sudden departure. These elements wrecked a home to an extent, though his family never seemed to want, and now live nicely on the East side, made so by the efforts of good children that buckled down to business.

When the truth was known of Damsel's leaving his position, no one that knew the real condition of affairs was surprised. It was brought about by a special meeting of the officials of the bank, and it is said that Damsel was told of his failings and led to a back door of the institution by one of the officers and told to go and do so quickly. He obeyed the admonition, and from that time, eight years ago, he has been considered as dead. It was said that parties who knew him met him in South Africa, and he was heard from in other distant parts, but these stories, so closely were they guarded by friends in the city, were never fully confirmed. If there was a shortage no one never knew the exact amount, for the conjecture was at that time the late William Moneypeny, who was the chief official of the banking institution, then came to the rescue, and paid in all that they may have been out.

Another peculiar feature of the whole affair was the fact that another official connected with the bank was also the national bank examhiner in this district, and so much confidence did he have in the accounting department of his own concern that he was not only surprised, but hnumiliated, when the facts were laid before him.

The report of Damsel's desire to return brings back recollections of the "Old Guard" that made the old Chittenden hotel its headquarters. Poker games and yellow wines were the chief items on the program. Aside from Damsel there were others that suffered and lost out in good positions. Among them, although they did not belong to the warmer set of the membership, were Thomas O'Hare and Thomas E. Steele. The former was secretary of the Hibernian Building and Loan association, and the mere mention of his name to members of his nationality causes them to utter some answers of disgust, for he was recognized as one of the substantial members and looked upon as an honest man. Where he is is another mystery, and depositors of the defunct institution who got but a small mite on the dollar for their earnings are eager to know. Tom Steele is a fugitive from justice, having jumped his bond after having been found guilty of blackmail in the United States court, but it is known that he is in Canada. There is no law for his extradition.

TERRIFIC RACE WITH DEATH.

"Death was fast approaching," writes Ralph F. Fernadez, of Tampa, Fla., describing his fearful race with death, "as a result of liver trouble and heart disease, which had robbed me of sleep and of all interest in life. I had tried many different doctors and several medicines, but got no benefit, until I began to use Electric Bitters. So wonderful was their effect, that in three days I felt like a new man, and today I am cured of all my troubles." Guaranteed at all druggists; price 50c.

PIERREPONT SUSPICIOUS

That Carnegie Has Sidetracked Begging Letters to Him.

New York, May 10.—Since Rutherford Stuyvesant Pierrepont's name was connected in the daily press with the gift of $500,000 to erect Hamilton Hall, the new Columbia college building, he has reaped a rich harvest of appeals for aid from all over the country. Communications have been coming to the young man at the rate of forty or fifty a day asking for everything, from endowments of small and unheard of Western colleges to his hand in marriage and assurance of get-rich-quick schemes. Young Pierrepont takes them all philosophically and good naturedly, but as yet has not accepted any of them.

One appeal for money came from a Columbia graduate, who represented himself as a former 'varsity oarsman, and wanted $5,000 to endow an institution for religious instruction in a Western state. Another asked for $10,000 to develop a mine on the slopes of Mount Popocatepetl.

Many requests were not so modest. Some of them asked for sums counted in six or more digits. One of the communications was from a young woman, who described herself as a "respectable, non-mercenary lady, 22, cultivated, refined and desirous of the comforts and pleasures of a home," and offering to marry the wealthy young oarsman. This letter was reinclosed and addressed to one of the recipient's fellow fraternity men. He has no present intentions, he declares, of becoming a Benedict.

Laughing over the increase in his daily mail, young Pierrepont said: "I suspect Mr. Carnegie started that rumor about my giving Hamilton Hall to sidetrack some of his bothersome letters to me. Poor man, I can't blame him."

EDITOR'S CHICKENS

Winamac Youths Stole Sends Them to Prison.

Winamac, Ind., May 10.—Three young married men of this place, during a drunken carousal, entered the premises of Carl W. Riddick, editor of the Winamac Republican, and stole several chickens he had taken on subscription. Charles Poor and James Hurley received a one to three years' sentence to the penitentiary. David Hurley, the alleged ringleader, has fled.

ACCUSED SWEETHEART

Of Stealing His Roll While Saying Goodbye.

Lexington, Ky., May 10.—James Durham has sworn out a warrant here charging Lizzie Shephard with grand larceny. Durham says he had been calling on the girl, and she had gone to the depot to bid him good-by on his way to Stonega, Va., to be gone for some months. At the depot, he says, his sweetheart embraced him. He thought it only a mark of real affection, until a few minutes later he missed his roll. He says he had $90 in bills in his vest pocket, with which to pay for transportation of a number of men to the Virginia town, where they were going to work in the mines. He had no money left to pay for the transportation of the men and the trip was postponed.

SIXTY WOLVES

Bagged In Two Weeks By Iowa Farmers.

Des Moines, Iowa, May 10.—Farmers in Tama county, this state, have for two weeks been battling with an army of wolves to protect their sheep herds from being totally destroyed. Over sixty wolves have been captured in Tama county, and within the past week one farmer secured bounty in Des Moines for nine captured but a few miles from the state capital.

Early this spring the wolves, who have appeared in large numbers this year, commenced to make inroads on the sheep and even pulled down a few cattle. Stock raisers became alarmed and doubled the state bounty for scalps, which is $2 for cubs and $5 for old wolves. This stimulated hunters, who joined with the farmers and made a systematic raid on the animals.

At night large fires were built near the timber and as the animals were attracted to it the hunters set upon them with shotguns and some of the braver even with clubs. A dispatch from Traer, in Tama county, says hunters are arriving for the sport of the hunt, and that within a few days 100 will have been killed.

HERES TO THE HEALTH of Fitger's Beer

Drain your glass to the last drop and you find no dregs.
Fitger's Beer is absolutely pure.
Send a case to your club.
Your name will be on every tongue, so will the Beer.

FITGER BREWING CO. DULUTH, MINN.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

Young Girls

Avoid The Dangers and Sufferings of Womanhood

Many a girl who graduates from high school or female college with a brilliant record and high standing is broken down before she is twenty.

Nowadays girls are pushed to the limit of their endurance both in school and society. They must make a success—even if they are forever unfitted for the larger school of life and debarred from wedded happiness and the bliss of motherhood.

At this time of life, when just entering upon womanhood, nature makes heavy drains upon the vitality, especially at each monthly period,

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

the most wonderful of all tonic restorative medicines for women, will tide a young girl over this trying time and bring her safely into strong, noble, beautiful womanhood.

Experience of a Beautiful High School Girl

Her First Letter.

MY DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I write to see if you can suggest some means to cure me. A little more than a year ago I was sick with menstruation for the first time, and since then I have been sick all the time in some way or other and suffered with painful and irregular menstruation. I went to a summer resort for my health and was doctored all summer, but to no effect. I have not menstruated for two months and thought I would see if you could do me any good. I attend High School and would not like to miss any time if it is possible. MARION BARBER, North Adams, Mass.

Miss Barber writes again after two years

MY DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:

Sometime ago I wrote to you for advice, being troubled with irregular and painful menstruation and womb disease. I began taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Liver Pills and using the Sanative Wash, and I am glad to say I am completely cured and have not had any sickness since. I wish to thank you for your kind advice and shall recommend your medicine to my girl friends. MARION BARBER, 101 Bracewell Ave., North Adams, Mass.

Free Advice for Young Girls

All young girls are earnestly urged to write to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., for advice. Thousands of women are well, strong, and beautiful to-day because they made a confidant of Mrs. Pinkham and followed her instructions at this critical time of their lives.

To Land Agents.

This to call your advance notice to the fact that the Minneapolis & St. Louis railroad will sell daily during the summer months round trip tickets at one fare plus two dollars to certain Northern Minnesota and Dakota points, limit for return October 31st. Low round trip tickets also on sale daily to St. Paul and Minneapolis after June 1st. For particulars call on agents, or address,

A. B. CUTTS,
G. P. & T. A., Minneapolis, Minn.

California Excursions.

On April 10 to 14 the Minneapolis & St. Louis railroad will sell round trip tickets to California at one fare, with return limit ninety days. Tickets good going one route and returning another, with liberal stop-over privileges. Call on agents or address,

A. B. CUTTS,
G. P. & T. A., Minneapolis, Minn.

The merchant who advertises gives you the same opportunities to secure bargains that your neighbor has. Publicity equalizes opportunity. Nowadays there is no reason for your not having heard about some special sale.

NORTHERN PACIFIC YELLOWSTONE PARK LINE

New Homes in the West

Own a home and farm on irrigated land, where drouth makes no difference. Thousands are making excellent profits in the Yakima Valley, in the Palouse and Clearwater Valleys, on irrigated lands in Montana and other Washington and Oregon districts. Why don't you try?

Exceptionally Low Colonist Rates

Pacific Coast $25

From Duluth, Superior, St. Paul and Minneapolis to Billings, Mont., $15; Helena, $20; Spokane, Wash., $22.50; every day until May 15, 1905. Special $6 Settlers' Rates to principal Minnesota and N. Dak. points, every Tuesday during March and April. Travel via

Northern Pacific Railway

C. W. Mott, General Emigration Agent, St. Paul. Rates and information from T. E. Blanche, General Agent; T. H. McFadzean, City Passenger and Ticket Agent, 332 West Superior street, Duluth, or write direct to A. M. Cleland, General Passenger Agent, N. P. Ry., St. Paul.

Woman Wants Help.

The woman who has suffered much and has not regained her health though she has spent money freely may only spend more and be still worse if she accepts and pays for "the operation" which she may be urged to undergo.

Many of the busy, well-meaning, but not-fully-informed general-practice doctors fail to recognize the cause of symptoms that are plain reading to the specialist who has devoted more than an ordinary lifetime to the study and treatment of women.

Many practitioners, who are well informed and skillful in the treatment of fevers and other acute troubles have not had time and opportunity to consider and learn the meaning of women's symptoms and so fall into the error of treating them for "dyspepsia," "heart trouble," "nervous exhaustion," etc., when the real disease is in the special feminine organism about which they have probably failed to make a single inquiry, and thus, treating for the wrong thing what can be expected but a further aggravation of the symptoms and the discouragement of the patient?

A proper remedy like Dr. Pierce's FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION, specially designed for and directed to the seat of these diseases would have saved the patient incalculable suffering, much time and many doliars.

It is well said that "a disease fully understood is more than half mastered."

Dr. Pierce and his staff of specialists understand and successfully treat thousands of these cases every year. In many of them "FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION" alone does the work and in cases too complicated by delay and mistreatment they have at their command all the means known to Modern Medical Science, and their advice is free and freely given when asked for either in person or by letter.

Dr. Pierce invites correspondence, treats it as a most sacred confidence and has in his possession many thousands of letters from permanently cured patients expressing their gratitude and satisfaction.

Address Dr. Pierce, care Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y. All mail securely sealed.

"FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION" is an efficient and absolutely safe remedy for all uterine derangements, leucorrhea, inflammation, bearing-down, prolapsus, etc. It is not narcotic or stimulative in its composition.

THE SECRET OUT.

To refute the many false and malicious attacks, bogus formulas and other untruthful statements published concerning Doctor Pierce's World-famed Family Medicines, the Doctor has decided to publish all the ingredients entering into his "Favorite Prescription" for women. Hereafter every bottle of these medicines leaving the great Laboratory at Buffalo, N. Y., will bear upon it a full list of all the ingredients entering into the compound, made entirely from native roots, barks and herbs. The ingredients of the "Favorite Prescription" is prepared from Blue Cohosh root, Lady's Slipper root, Unicorn root, Golden Seal root and Rattleweed root. The exact working formula for making this medicine cost Doctor Pierce and his colaborating chemist and pharmacist many years of study and experiments but as perfected they produce almost perfect pharmaceutical compounds embodying all the active, medicinal principles residing in the roots employed, and this too in such form and combination as to keep unchanged in any climate. The use of alcohol is entirely avoided in their manufacture and instead an agent is employed which possesses valuable medicinal properties, being a demulcent, anti-ferment and nutrient.

"The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser." This work is sent absolutely free on receipt of stamps to pay mailing *only*. Send 21 one-cent stamps for the edition bound in paper, or 31 stamps for the cloth-bound. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

REFUSES MONEY

For the Little House In Which Her Husband Died.

Old German Woman Hampers Plans of Steel Concern.

Pittsburg, May 10.—Work on the $1,000,000 addition to the plant of the Jones & Laughlin Steel company, on the South side, which was started some months ago, came to an abrupt standstill during the middle of last week, and ever since then the officials of the mighty corporation have been spending sleepless nights wondering when they will be able to get it started again. The cause of the sudden cessation of work is a woman—a little old German woman, whose sentimental affection for her humble home is more powerful than the millions of the great Steel company. Mrs. Elizabeth Lott owns a piece of property and a house in the very heart of the stretch of ground upon which the new $1,000,000 addition is being built. The most tempting offers of the steel magnates cannot induce her to sell, and last week it became necessary to stop work on the new plant.

When Jones & Laughlin decided to construct the new addition to their plant, adjoining their present mills, they did not anticipate any trouble in securing the necessary ground. They already owned a large portion of the square lying along Sidney, Carson, Twenty-fifth and Twenty-sixth streets, and what they did not own they made arrangements to purchase. All of the ground was secured at satisfactory figures, except one small parcel fronting on Sidney street, and which is numbered 2522. Mrs. Elizabeth Lott, the owner of the ground, almost went into hysterics when she was asked to sell, and flatly declared that no amount of money could tempt her to do so.

The Jones & Laughlin company immediately came to the conclusion that the old woman was holding out for a larger figure, and so they went ahead with the work, supposing that when Mrs. Lott found the new plant being built up all around her she would accept the terms offered her. But the clatter of the electric hammers as they bolted the steel girders together did not produce the slightest effect, and all that Mrs. Lott would say was that she wanted to be left alone.

Finally matters became so serious that a meeting of the board of directors of the great Steel company was called, at which time it was decided that, in order not to interfere with the progress of the work, the company would pay any amount of money that Mrs. Lott asked for her property, in order to get rid of her.

B. F. Jones, Jr., the president of the concern, was dumbfounded when his agents came back and still reported no progress. They had doubled and then trebled the amounts originally offered, but still met with refusal. Again the agents were sent back, and Mrs. Lott was told to name her own price. Her only answer was that her home was not for sale. Then, in order to secure protection from the encroachment of the new plant, she had a high fence erected about her home. There, like a queen of old, she holds her fortress and defies the intruders to remove her.

It is not spite nor greed that has prompted Elizabeth Lott to take her present stand, but love for the place that has been her home for forty years and the recollections that it brings of her dead husband. Forty years ago William Lott, a German, bought the little parcel of land, which measures 25 by 100 feet, and, with his own hands, he built the house that occupies it today.

There is nothing beautiful about the architecture of the house. It resembles a huge packing case as much as anything else, except that the front wall is higher than the rear, which permits the rain to run off. In those days the house was located "out in the country" and William Lott never imagined that it would be anything else.

After his little house was finished, William Lott married and took his bride there. There they worked and slaved as thrifty Germans will do, and reared their family. Four children came to bless their union, and they prospered and were happy. Their first sorrow was when one of the two sons was taken away from them. But the greatest blow to Mrs. Lott was when her husband passed away, leaving her lonely and disconsolate. But she had a home and her three children, and enough money had been saved to keep her through the remainder of her life.

Then the Jones & Laughlin company came along with the proposition to buy her home. Every offer has been rejected. The neighbors said she was mercenary, and was only waiting for more money. She shook her head. Then when they heard of the fabulous sum that had been refused by her they said she was crazy. She only smiled through her tears. Then her son and two daughters were consulted. They backed up their mother in everything she had done.

"It has been her home for forty years," said her son, Charles, "and we cannot ask her to leave it. If she wants to remain there we will do all in our power to keep her comfortably for the remainder of he days, and that is all she wants. We do not wish to stand in the way of a geat improvement, but our mother's wishes are of greater importance to us."

Meantime Jones & Laughlin are in a quandary as to what to do. They will probably build all around the little old homestead unless Mrs. Mott can be induced to change her mind.

AT CLOQUET.

Cloquet, Minn., May 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. A. H. Simons left Monday for the Twin Cities, where she will visit friends. She will be absent about two weeks.

James Chisholm, foreman for Johnson-Wentworth, came to town Monday for a few days.

Mrs. Fred. Speechley left Tuesday morning for Virginia, Minn., to attend the wedding of her friend, Miss Johanna Anderson.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Johnson have moved into the rooms over Johnson's drug store, recently vacated by Mr. and Mrs. Erquhart.

The Christian Endeavor will give a musicale May 16th in the Presbyterian church at 8 p. m. The talent will be from Duluth, following are the names: Emily Ellis Woodward, soprano; Mrs. F. G. Bradbury, pianist; Miss Francie Berg, elocutionist; Mr. Oliver Colbentson, violinist; Master Thomas Colbentson, violinist.

Dick Rice, who is in the employ of the Virginia Lumber company at Virginia, spent a few days with his family in Cloquet.

The May dovotions will be held in the Catholic church every Friday and Sunday during the month at 7:30 p. m., and mass every Friday will be at 8a. m.

Miss Nellie McSweeney of Duluth spent Sunday with her parents in this city.

Mrs. Nelson Hayes returned to her home at Spooner, Wis., after an extended visit with her daughter, Mrs. Charles La Londe.

J. F. O'Brien came down from Tower and is spending a few days with his family.

Carl Laf, who has been in the employ of Joseph Loisel as salesman for the past five years, has resigned and will leave in a few days for the Pacific coast, where he expects to locate.

Mrs. Louis McCullough returned home Monday from Superior, where she had been visiting friends.

John Long came down from the drive and is spending a few days with his family.

John McManus has purchased two lots in the western re-arrangement and will erect a home in a short time.

John McCullough came down from Floodwood and spent Sunday with his parents.

A. Paupare was down from the Siding Tuesday looking after his business interests in Cloquet.

E. Bryant is erecting a new store building on Carlton avenue, between Third and Fourth street.

William McGregor, Sr., has purchased a lot on Fourth street and will erect a residence.

Mesdames Dawson and Wessell of Scanlon were Cloquet callers Monday.

Miss Matilda Johnson spent Tuesday in Scanlon.

BLOOD IS THICKER THAN WATER

This is true only of good blood, or when in a normal, healthy state. There are times when the blood is so tainted with disease and polluted and poisoned that it loses its proper consistency, its richness and purity, and becomes pale and anaemic, weak and almost as thin as water. Being the storehouse of the body and the fountain-source from which the rest of the system is nourished and sustained, the purity of the blood must be maintained or every organ, nerve and tissue in the body is weakened, and sickness and disease develop. Rich, pure blood, full of life-giving elements and teeming with millions of red corpuscles is the kind that makes strong muscles, healthy nerves and vigorous bodies. To keep this great life stream free of impurities is essential to the enjoyment of full and perfect health. A large majority of human ailments are due to a bad condition of the blood. Sores and Ulcers, Abscesses, Boils and Skin Eruptions of various kinds are some of the numerous signs of a contaminated, tainted blood. Weak and watery blood makes weak and frail bodies. Anaemic, waxy, sallow complexions, flabby muscles, shattered nerves, black heads, pimples and various other skin diseases denote blood poverty and a weak condition of this vital fluid, and that its nutritious qualities have been destroyed.

To keep this great life-stream in health requires that all morbid matter and poisonous secretions be promptly removed, or it becomes a source of disease itself, poisoning instead of nourishing the system, and producing an endless train of diseases. The blood must be kept rich, strong and pure or it cannot perform its proper offices. The nutritious elements when lacking must be renewed, all obstructions to a full and free circulation removed, and humors, and poisons, of every kind antidoted and driven out. To do this requires a blood purifier that enters into the circulation, destroying all disease-bearing germs, humors and poisons, and purifying and cleansing the blood. At the same time a tonic is needed to aid in building up the general system and stimulating the sluggish organs, and no remedy on the market has a better record or has been so thoroughly tested in such cases as S. S. S., the great vegetable blood purifier and tonic, the medicine nearest to nature, and composed exclusively of ingredients collected from fields and forests. No strong minerals of any description are used in the making of S. S. S., and it is the only guaranteed purely vegetable remedy in existence, and has been in use for nearly 50 years. Its reputation as a blood purifier and tonic is established. It is not a new and untried remedy, but ***"S. S. S. for the Blood"*** is widely known and popular. If you have any symptoms of bad blood or any evidences of a weak, watery condition of this vital fluid, write us and medical advice or any special information, will be furnished free of charge, and book on the blood and its diseases mailed free.

SSS

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC COMPANY, ATLANTA, GA.

Wooster, Ohio, August 12, 1903.

I am confident that I suffered as badly from a plain case of Hives as any poor human ever did. I have been compelled to get up at night and walk in my yard to get relief, or in a way to get my mind off the terrible itching and burning. Frequently I have had it begin in the foot and extend clear to the head in the form of bumps as large as an ordinary size marble. They were red in color and the pain and smarting from them would almost run me crazy. The attacks I suffered periodically. I spent hundreds of dollars with the physicians and different medicines in an effort to get cured, but nothing took hold and gave the prompt and permanent relief S. S. S. did. Haven't been troubled with hives in any way for some little while, and I am sincere in my belief that there is no preparation made that can compare with S. S. S. as a cure for Hives.

133 Pittsburg Ave. CHAS. E. ATWATER.

Akron, Ohio, August 10, 1903.

Ten years ago I used S. S. S. with very satisfactory results. My blood was in fearfully bad shape, either the result of inherited or acquired blood taint. Large lumps appeared on my neck, head and forehead. I consulted a specialist who advised S. S. S., and I began its use. These lumps were hard and I had heretofore been unable to get anything that would have any effect on them. After taking only a few bottles of the medicine I noticed a decided improvement, and after taking eight bottles the lumps entirely disappeared.

461 Water Street. MRS. S. SCROGGY.

HIGH HONOR FOR CHOATE.

Elected a Member of the British Inner Temple.

London, May 10.—Ambassador Choate was formally called to the bench of the middle temple last night. The ceremony was strictly private, not even members of other inns of court being present. The function took the form of an ordinary dinner in the old dining hall which Queen Elizabeth opened in 1570, and in which before Queen Elizabeth, Shakespeare acted "As You Like It." Several rules were suspended in honor of the American ambassador. The members fully robed, took up places about bare oaken tables and the benchers filed in, Mr. Choate leading the parade, though the newest member is usually last. The benchers passed down the center of the assembly to a raised table. The usual simple meal was served. The benchers afterward retired to the principal chamber for dessert, Mr. Choate, this time being last. As he seated himself at the table the assemblage cheered enthusiastically, many old lawyers jumping on the tables in their enthusiasm. At the door he spoke for ten minutes, saying it was a great honor to have his name enrolled among the great men of the inner temple. The entire proceedings occupied but half an hour. Mr. Choate was elected unanimously a member of the inner temple on April 10.

Five signers of the Declaration of Independence were members of the inner temple, but since that time until the election of Mr. Choate no American has been a member. The election took place at a full meeting on the proposal of Sir Ralph Littler, chairman of the middle temple sessions, and another member moved that all standing rules and orders be suspended for this occasion. The greatest enthusiasm was shown and the election of Mr. Choate was made by unanimous vote.

Coughs and colds, down to the very borderland of consumption, yield to the soothing, healing influences of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup.

CROOKED JAPS

Have Been Smuggling Goods Into United States.

Los Angeles, Cal., May 10.—It came to light yesterday that for a period of many months the United States custom officials here have been seizing large shipments of Japanese goods into this country at Port Angeles because of attempt on the part of the importers to evade the custom laws and that during this time goods scheduled at many thousands of dollars have been confiscated and are now stored in the customs house and warehouses of this city.

It has long been the practice of the local custom officials to accept the foreign invoices on the goods shipped from Yokohama and other points to dealers here without requiring appraisers' affidavits at the local port, but it was finally discovered that the Japanese wholesalers on the other side were taking advantage of this laxity and were consigning shipments within invoices representing about 50 per cent on the real value of the goods. Recently, however, the force of customs house officers at this port has been largely increased, permitting a thorough examination of each individual shipment. It was then that the invoice manipulations of the dealers were discovered and the wholesale confiscations began.

EXPERT FINDS GOOD WATER ON THE RANGES.

St. Paul, May 10.—The water supply on the iron ranges and in Northern Minnesota generally is in fairly good condition, according to reports received by the state board of health from R. B. Dole of Washington, D. C., the government expert, who is about to complete a geological survey of the lakes and streams of Northern Minnesota.

Mr. Dole and inspectors of the state board of health examined the water supply at Ely, Eveleth and other points on the iron ranges in St. Louis and Itasca counties. They report that the condition of the water in the lakes and streams is very good. In a few places it was found that sewage is being emptied into lakes from which the water supply of a city or village is secured, but these instances were the exceptions, not the rule.

IMPLEMENT TRUST TO BE INVESTIGATED.

St. Paul, May 10.—Considerable interest is attached to the announcement that Governor Johnson has asked Attorney Gencral Young to investigate complaints that the implement dealers of Minnesota have formed an agreement not to sell implements to members of the Minnesota Farmers' exchange, otherwise known as the Farmers' Trust, which was organized in St. Paul a year or two ago and has members in nearly every county in the state.

Governor Johnson wishes to know first whether such an agreement has been formed and second whether it is not a violation of the Minnesota anti-trust law. If the attorney general decides it is, prosecutions will follow.

The complaints have been filed by branch exchanges in the western and northern parts of the state, who allege that they have been put on the blacklist by the Minnesota Implement Dealers' association and other organizations of implement dealers. They claim they are in possession of letters written by officers of these associations ordering the members not to deal with the Farmers' exchange.

MURDER AND SUICIDE IN A NEW YORK HOTEL.

New York, May 10.—A man and woman, as yet unidentified, both apparently Japanese, were found last night shot to death in a room of the Dry Dock hotel in the Bowery, where they had registered as Myron Lewis and wife, city. Shortly afterward the night clerk heard the couple quarreling and heard the woman exclaim: "Oh, Harry, don't be so cruel."

That was the last heard of the couple until the door of the room was forced last night and both were found dead. The man had apparently shot the woman, who had received one bullet in the head and another in the breast, and had then shot himself through the head.

In the man's clothing was found a program of the races at Belmont park. The police learned from an habitue of the hotel that the man told him he had lost $1,700 at the races.

A STRAIGHT TALK

By Secretary Taft Concerning Railway Rate Legislation.

Astonishes Railroad Men By Remarks at Their Banquet.

Washington, May 10.—Secretary Taft fairly took the breath of the 300 railway men, members of the International railway congress, dining last night as the guests of the American Railway association at the New Willard hotel, when, after being introduced as "the apostle from the Philippines," he emphatically declared that railway rate legislation must come; that if the railway men of the country were wise they would aid and not hinder it; that the sentiment of the country is such the failure of proper regulation meant a campaign on the subject that would do no good to the railroads.

Absolute silence reigned as Secretary Taft spoke his mind on the subject of rates. He was positively against government ownership, he said, believing that nothing so deleterious could come to the country as the solution of the question.

"But," he continued, "you cannot run railroads as you run private business. You must respond to the public demand. If there is a danger of discrimination then you must allow the establishment of some tribunal that will remedy that discrimination." The secretary saw no reason why a tribunal properly constituted should not be competent in every sense of the word to fix a maximum rate.

President Stuyvesant Fish of the American Railway association introduced Secretary Taft in his capacity as toastmaster. Mr. Fish was on his feet the instant the secretary concluded.

He answered the secretary at length, taking the view that the law to prevent discrimination, double dealing and secret rebates was ample, and he vigorously called for the enforcement of that law. Mr. Fish talked of the vested rights of the money tied up in railways. He apologized for allowing nimself to be diverted, and as he sat down, Secretary Taft, who sat next to him, queried in a low tone, "May I have fifteen minutes to reply?"

This time was given, and the secretary utilized it by making himself even more positive as to his position in favor of legislation which would create a tribunal with authority to name a maximum rate. "The law now is," continued the secretary, "as decided by the supreme court of the United States, that first a commission, then the courts may decide whether a particular rate is reasonable or unreasonable. Now in fixing that, in the very mental process of determining whether a rate is reasonable or unreasonable one has got to fix what is a maximum rate. As I understand it, what it proposed is only that in litigated cases, a commission shall be constituted that shall fix a maximum rate. In other words, to go through the same process it now goes through to determine what is a reasonable rate. What I am strongly in favor of though is that we shall have a body that shall decide things, and that those things shall be decided within a reasonable time finally by the courts."

Mr. Fish again took up the argument, contending it was a question of fixing a price for the seller of the goods.

A CATHARTIC OF THE HIGHEST MERIT

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills

Used for 70 years.

Roman Eye Balsam

For Weak or Sore Eyes

For Sale by all Druggists.

ROBBED INSURANCE COMPANY OF $27,000.

New York, May 10.—A man under the name of William Daly was arrested in Stroudsburg, Pa., charged with larceny of $27,000 from the Equitable Life Assurance society of this city by the use of a forged signature of a holder of a $50,000 policy, and by conspiracy with an employe of the Equitable society. Daly's name is said by detectives to be Samuel Lobley, but he is allegd to have operated under the aliases of Edwards, Robert C. Henderson and Father Smith. In a statement issued last night by officials of the Equitable, it was explained that William C. Colton of Brooklyn, Mass., is the owner of a $50,000 policy in the Equitable society. In March, 1904, he borrowed $27,000 on it, depositing it with the society as a security for the loan. A few months later the officials say, the policy was stolen from the vaults of the society by a trusted employe working in conjunction with Lobley. The books of the society containing a record of the previous loan were altered and Colton's name was forged to an application for another loan of $27,000. The second loan was made, it is declared, to Lobley.

Last January, the officials say, the operation was repeated in part, and a third loan would have been made if the paying teller of a bank had not held up the Equitable society's check, suspecting that something was wrong and insisting upon identification. Lobley, alleged to have been the holder of the check, disappeared.

Scratch, scratch, scratch; unable to attend to business during the day or sleep during the night. Itching piles, horrible plague. Doan's Ointment cures. Never fails. At ny drug store, 50 cents.

BISHOP POTTER SCORES THE PITTSBURG Y. M. C. A.

New York, May 10.—Bihop Henry C. Potter was the principal speaker at the anniversary meeting of the Actors' Fund of America, held yesterday in the Broadway theater. Bishop Potter was introduced as "the friend of theaters and managers." Alluding to the exclusion of two actors from membership in the Y. M. C. A. of Pittsburg, Bishop Potter said: "I should feel ashamed if I did not here resent the action of the Y. M. C. A. of Pittsburg in their unjust reasonings. I seldom have seen such narrowness. Men of the dramatic profession, and the women, stand in exactly the same light as the rest of us. There is good and there is bad on the stage—as there is in law, in medicine, in Wall street and in other walks of business and professional life. Character is not grouped according to professions or callings."

In conclusion he said: "I came here particularly to comment upon the opportunity the stage has for exerting an influence for good or evil. I believe the tendency is for good. The men and women preminently connected with your profession use the stage as an inspiration for better living. The moral effect cannot but have remarkable tendency toward making us all better.

YALE STUDENT ENDS LIFE BY SHOOTING.

New Haven, Conn., May 10.—Arthur Hazeret, a Yale senior, living in Cleveland, was found shot to death in his room in Welch hall, one of the campus dormitories yesterday. Hazeret's body was found by one of his room mates and after it was viewed by the medical examiner it was removed to an undertaker.

Roy W. Hemingway of Syracuse, N. Y., the room mate of Hazerot said last night that Hazerot attended his first recitation as usual yesterday and seemed to be in his usual good spirits.

The manner in which Hazerot was shot was almost conclusive proof that he committed suicide and Medical Examiner Bartlett stated last night that there would be no further investigation.

Hazerot was a quiet man with good habits, it is said, and the probability is that he was temporarily out of his head on account of overwork, his room mate stating he had been a hard worker.

Piles In order to prove to you that Dr. A. W. Chase's Ointment is a certain and absolute cure for any form of itching, bleeding, or protruding piles, the manufacturers guarantee a cure. You can use it and if not cured get your money back. *Mr. Casper Walton, laborer, Michigan City, Ind.*, says: "I work hard and lift a great deal. The strain brought on an attack of piles. They itched and they protruded and bled. Nothing helped them until I used Dr. A. W. Chase's Ointment. That cured them." 50c. a box at all dealers, or DR. A. W. CHASE MEDICINE CO., Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. A. W. Chase's Ointment.

ANDREW CARNEGIE

of Skibo Castle is the most celebrated Iron Master in the world. **JOHN GUND** of La Crosse is the famous pioneer brewer of Wisconsin. Why is this? Because both men are peerless specialists. Each devoted the energies of his life to do **one** thing **better** than any other man. Hence their success. The fame of Carnegie, however, is not more permanent than the fame of

GUND'S *Peerless* BEER.

Gund's brewery was founded when Carnegie was a factory hand in Allegheny. The first brew house was hewn from logs—over 50 years ago. The present structure is of steel and stone, electrically equipped throughout—has the largest storage capacity according to its output in America—hence it is always properly ripened and aged. **PEERLESS** won the **Gold Medal** at St. Louis because of its surpassing richness, its snappy flavor and its honest purity. It is brewed in an ideal beer making climate amidst surroundings of strict sanitation by the "Gund Natural Process" from "Natures choicest barley, malt and hops and water bubbling clear from granite rocks." It is bottled only at the brewery and is always the same **—a beer of commanding superiority. Ask for it if you want the best, and keep asking till you get it.** Order a a trial case sent to your home this very day.

John Gund Brewing Co., La Crosse, Wis.

FRANK CLEMENTS Manager Superior Branch.

Telephone—New, 4069. 1807 Eighth St., Superior, Wis.

CROWNING SUCCESS

Of the Removal Sale at the

Duluth Music Co.

THE WAREROOMS ARE CROWDED WITH PIANO PURCHASERS LOOKING FOR REAL BARGAINS.

Fourteen Piano sales have been recorded yesterday. This fact alone will absolutely prove the confidence the public extends to the honest business methods of the OLD RELIABLE Duluth Music Co.

We have still very fine bargains on hand, as our stock of Pianos and Organs is always the most complete assortment in the Northwest.

Over 100 Pianos on our floor to select from, all instruments of the best known manufacturers.

All these instruments must be sold regardless of cost by May 25th, 1905. Call and convince yourself that this sale is genuine in every respect. EASY TERMS OF PAYMENT.

If you live out the city please write to us.

STORE OPEN EVENINGS.

Duluth Music Co.

J. T. STEWART, Mgr.

CITY BRIEFS

Embossing. North Land-Printery.

Independent Ferry to Superior, 5c.

Dr. A. E. Walker has moved his office to 210 and 212 New Jersey building.

Magnificent giant pansies, 25 cents per dozen. Lester Park greenhouses.

It is understood that Joseph Sheehy, whose attempt to gain freedom from the county jail by habeas corpus proceedings failed, will take an appeal to the supreme court from the order of Judge Dibell, discharging the writ. In his memorandum the court held that a writ of habeas corpus is a subject for an appeal and, if the lower court erred, the error must be corrected by an appeal from the judgment.

John Davis has appealed from the assessment on his property for the paving of East First street.

In the personal injury case of C. M. Andrews against the Northern Pacific Railway company, the latter has filed in district court an answer to Andrews' complaint, claiming that the injuries he received in the car shops at Brainerd were due to his own negligence and were not of a serious nature.

Judge Dibell has filed his findings in the divorce action of Algina Ford against John R. Ford of McKinley. Mrs. Ford is granted a decree and permanent allmony.

The freeholders in the unorganized townships of 60-14 and 60-15 are very desirous of having the districts organized into a town to be called the town of Embarrass. A petition to that effect, signed by practically every freeholder in the two townships has been presented to the board of county commissioners. The petition sets out that there are 150 people living in the two townships.

Catching fire from a spark from the chimney, the home of V. A. Dash, at Smithville had a narrow escape from destruction yesterday afternoon. The blaze was discovered, fortunately, in time, and the fire was confined to the roof, where the damage was not large. It is covered by insurance.

Tomorrow night, rain or shine, is the first dance of the season at Lester. Hall comfortably heated.

Tomorrow evening a musicale will be given by the women of the Unitarian church at the home of Mr. and Mrs. P. S. Amnelson on East Second street. The program will be given by the Beethoven club, assisted by Miss Grayce Frances Turner and Phillip Gordon Brown.

The patent contest case of Philip Oberst and Victor Linley of Superior against the Great Northern Railway company is being heard today by Judge Morris in federal court. Victor Linley is appearing for the plaintiffs and Heber McHugh of Superior for the railway company.

PERSONALS

B. J. Cook, Thomas Mackie and Frank McCormack, local stockholders in the Duluth Dredge & Dock company, have returned from Chicago, where they attended the reorganization meeting of the Chicago & Great Lakes Dredge & Dock company and the Duluth Dredge & Dock company. The concern is said to be the largest dredge company now operating on the Great Lakes.

Mrs. Frank P. Nester left for Chicago today.

S. G. Francis has gone to St. Paul.

John Logan has returned from St. Paul.

James A. Ferguson left for St. Paul yesterday.

Arthur Snyder left for Milwaukee today.

BENEFITS OF CO-OPERATION

In Cattle Raising Talked About By President Buel.

Denver, May 10.—Prof. C. M. Curtiss, dean of the Iowa Agricultural college at Ames, Iowa, delivered an address on "The Relations of the Agricultural College to the Stock Growers and the Farmers," at the meeting of the American Stock Growers' association today.

The Hon. M. P. Buel, president of the Chicago Live Stock exchange spoke of the "Benefits of Co-operation," saying it was the hub around which life and progress revolve. Conditions for the raising and maturing of cattle, he said, have undergone such changes during the past twenty years that the business requires more careful management. The cost of production is being increased year by year because of the lessening of free range and advance in the value of corn which enter so largely into the cost of maturing cattle for the market. The time has passed for cheap beef, and the consumer will, of necessity, be compelled to pay more for meats. But it must not be overlooked that when prices are advancing the demand is lessened. This gathering should carefully consider in building its organization the benefits that will result by having that co-operation which will give to the association the strength and power and recognition that is most desirable.

DENIED BY THE SULTAN

Has Made No Concession to the French at Tripoli.

Rome, May 10.—For two weeks public opinion has been exercised over the report denied by the government that the sultan of Turkey had granted a concession for the construction of a port at Tripoli to a French company with rights of exploitation for ninety-two years, which caused apprehension among the public that France would end by taking Tripoli as she took Tunis. The result was that several interpellations of the government on the subject were presented in the senate today and Foreign Minister Tittoni made an important statement in which among other things he said: "Although Italy does not intend to occupy Tripoli at present, Italy wishes her influence to be predominant there in the economic field, an influence to which she considers herself entitled. But she wishes to do this in full accord with Turkey, which has every interest to facilitate this peaceful civilizing action.

"Italy," continued the foreign minister, "recently asked for an explanation from Turkey in regard to the report that a concession of the port of Tripoli had been granted to a French company, adding that if the statement was true, Italy would be compelled to adopt energetic measures. The sultan answered in his own name that the report was not true, that no concession had been granted or asked for and that the sultan does not intend to build a port there and that even if he wished to do so, he would never grant the privilege to foreigners, but would do the work himself.

Governor Gaining Health.

C. D. O'Brien and Judge Bunn passed through Duluth yesterday evening on their way to St. Paul from the Brule, where they were in company with Governor John L. Johnson on a fishing and general pleasure trip. They left the governor at the Brule enjoying himself. He was pretty much run down when he went down there, but is rapidly getting back into form through his vacation. He does not fish much, but spends his time walking, rowing, reading and pitching quoits.

Poor Farm Loses Cows.

Private individuals owning dairy herds are not the only people to lose cows because of the tuberculin test which is now being operated in this vicinity. Out of a herd of about fifty cows, which the county poor board has wintered over at the poor farm, nine of the animals were condemned and have been turned over to the state to be killed. The stock condemned was valued by the poor commission at about $500, but the county will be reimbursed only $225, or $25 per animal, which is the amount fixed by law.

DIES AT MANKATO.

Mother of Mrs. T. M. Pugh Passes Away.

Word was received here today of the death at Mankato of Mrs. Winnifred Williams, mother of Mrs. T. M. Pugh of this city, at 4 o'clock this morning, after an illness of about a month. Mrs. Williams, who has visited Duluth several times, was one of the pioneer residents of the state, having settled in Mankato in 1855, just fifty years ago this month. She has lived there ever since, and was widely known for her works of charity all through the surrounding country, where she was affectionately styled "Grandma" Williams by everybody. Her husband, Robert Williams, died four years ago.

Besides Mrs. Pugh, Mrs. Williams left two sons and one daughter, William R. Williams, John J. Williams and Mrs. Jane Lake, all of Mankato. There are fourteen grandchildren and three great grandchildren living. The sons and daughters, including Mrs. Pugh, were with her during her last illness, and were all present at the bedside when the end came.

Senator T. M. Pugh and his sons, E. H. and J. T. Pugh, leave tomorrow for Mankato to attend the funeral, which will be held Friday.

PASSED BILL OVER LA FOLLETTE'S VETO.

Madison, Wis., May 10.—The senate today passed over Governor La Follette's veto, the bill giving the state board of control power to parole prisoners.

The assembly reconsidered previous vote and passed the Ekern bill, compelling telephone companies to make connections for transmission of messages, and sustained the governor's veto of the bill cutting wage exemption from $60 to $30 a month.

ELUDE THE JAPS

Part of Rojestvensky's Fleet Said to Have Reached Vladivostok.

Japan Makes Statement of Its Grievances Against France.

London, May 10.—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph company from St. Petersburg says it is reported there that the Russian cruisers Alma and Jemtchug, beonging to Rear Admiral Voelkersam's division of Vice Admiral Rojestvensky's fleet has eluded the Japanese warships and reached Vladivostok.

Paris, May 10, 6:05 p. m.—In the course of an apparently authoritative statement published here today of Japan's case against France, a summary is given of various acts of assistance rendered the vessels of the Russian second Pacific fleet at Cherbourg, Dakar, Algiers, Jibutil, Magunga, Nossibe, Kamranh bay, Port Dayot and Hon Kohe bay. The conclusions of the Japanese government are stated to be as follows:

First—Without questioning the good faith of France, Japan holds that the French orders to observe neutrality have not been sufficiently executed.

Second—France should have taken sufficient measures beforehand to prevent violations of neutrality instead of securing the observance of neutrality after Japan's remonstrances.

Third—In default of sufficient surveillance, Vice Admiral Rojestvensky has been greatly facilitated in the accomplishment of his mission and in gaining access to Chinese waters. Consequently, it was for the ends of warfare that Vice Admiral Rojestvensky utilized, on successive occasions, French waters, both for anchoring and revitualing and in awaiting the arrival of reinforcements.

Gunshu Pass, May 10.—A correspondent of the Associated Press today interviewed Gen. Kuropatkin, who said nothing about the reports that he was returning to Russia. The former commander-in-chief of the Russian forces in Manchuria believes the Japanese, having again brought all their units up to full strength, and having added to them considerable reinforcements, are ready to assume the offensive.

The general expressed regret at the fact that Mukden was not evacuated before March 7, as he desired. He said he deferred so doing on advice of his generals who insisted upon holding the place. Even as it was Kuropatkin's orders to get the transports in the rear were not executed promptly and when the final order was given to retreat the roads assigned to the various divisions were not taken which caused much confusion. The Japanese could not have driven a wedge across the Hun river east of Mukden at the critical moment, Kuropatkin added, had the troops allotted to guard that portion of the line not taken up the wrong position. He concluded with saying:

"A Russian victory is absolutely necessary. Russia cannot make a shameful peace."

A PROGRAM OF MEETING

General Plan of Entertainment For the Elks Meeting.

Although the detailed program for the first annual meeting of the Minnesota State Association of Elks, to be held in Duluth, June 8 and 9, has not yet been prepared, the general plan of entertainment which will be provided for the visiting members of the order has been decided upon.

The first business session will be held on the afternoon of June 8, at 2 o'clock, in Elks' hall. The same afternoon the ladies, who are in attendance at the convention will be tendered a reception in the parlors of the St. Louis hotel. In the evening there will be a grand ball at the Armory.

Another business session will be held at 9:30 o'clock the following morning, to be followed by a drive around the boulevard and through the parks. In the afternoon there will be a boat ride to Two Harbors, and in the evening there will be a banquet and social session at the Armory.

COOPERS' STRIKE SETTLED.

Milwaukee, May 10.—The coopers' strike, which had been on for several weeks, was settled today, a four-year contract having been agreed to by the coopers and the Milwaukee Brewers' association.

$5.75 GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

St. Paul-Minneapolis and return. Tickets on sale May 16th and 17th—good to return May 19th.

$45 — Portland, Seattle, Victoria, Vancouver and return. Tickets on sale May 23 to Sept. 30—return limit 90 days. Choice of routes — liberal stopover privileges. A higher rate is charged where the return is through California.

Round trip homeseekers' rates to Minnesota, North Dakota and Canadian Northwest, on every Tuesday from May to Nov. 1.

On the first and third Tuesdays, May to November, round trip homeseekers' tickets on sale for Montana, Idaho, Oregon (east of Biggs), Washington (east of Wenatchee), also to Southwestern states.

For further information call at City Ticket Office, 432 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn.

OFFICIALS HERE

Party of Wisconsin Central Officials Arrive on Special.

Belief That Visit Concerns Lake Superior & Southeastern Road.

A party of Wisconsin Central railway officials arrived in the city this noon on a special Wisconsin Central train, consisting of four coaches. The names of members of the party, as given out by E. F. Potter of Milwaukee, general superintendent of the road, who was on board the special, were as follows:

W. L. Bull of New York, chairman of the board of directors; Howard Morris of Milwaukee and W. G. Sheldon of New York, attorneys and counsels for the Wisconsin Central company; C. N. Kalk of Milwaukee, chief engineer; Superintendent Van Valkenberg of the Northern division, and H. W. de Forest of New York, who, though not connected with the road, is heavily interested in Superior property. Mr. de Forest, with W. L. Gillis, head of the Lakes representative of the Lake Superior & Southeastern railroad, and Robert Kelly, president of the Land and River company of Superior, who were picked up in the city acros the boy, guided the officials and acted as general bureaus of information. H. F. Whitcomb, president of the Wisconsin Central, was also supposed to be on the train, but Mr. Potter did not admit that he was there.

It is generally understood that the Wisconsin Central is back of the new Lake Superior & Southeastern road, which has been taking options for a right-of-way into Duluth and Superior, and the officials' visit at this time is believed to be to complete arrangements for terminals and to take steps toward the buying of options now held, if they meet with the approval of the men in power, although Mr. Potter, when asked concerning the matter, had nothing to say in this connection. He preferred to discuss the weather and scenic advantages of Duluth.

The party spent the morning in Superior, the train carrying them over the terminal tracks out to East Superior, Allouez and Itasca, arriving in Duluth about noon. They will remain here until late this afternoon, when they will probably separate, some going to St. Paul and others of the party returning to Milwaukee and the East by way of Ashland.

"Is the Wisconsin Central back of the new road which is securing a right-of-way into Duluth?" Mr. Potter was asked.

"I do not say that it is," said the general superintendent, looking with a laugh at Mr. Gillis. "This is a Wisconsin Central train, and we represent the road. We are merely up here looking over Duluth and Superior. I can tell you nothing further. As a matter of fact, there is nothing further to tell. As I said, we are of the Wisconsin Central company, while the proposed new road is—let me see, what is the name of that road, Mr. Gillis?"

"The Lake Superior & Southeastern," and Mr. Gillis smiled.

The road now has an option on fifty acres of land lying in the southeastern part of Superior, which, it is said, may be purchased for trackage purposes, although several other pieces of property, among them some in the West end of Duluth, have been covered by options.

"Have you decided, or are you likely to decide today on any particular piece of property for the location of terminal facilities?" was asked.

"That is a question which should be put to officials of the Lake Superior & Southeastern: I am not in a position to answer it."

"Will the Lake Superior & Southeastern be extended beyond Ladysmith this summer?"

"I have nothing whatever to say in connection with the Lake Superior & Southeastern, or about its plans. I cannot talk along this line at all," said Mr. Potter.

It is expected that the final survey of the new road will be completed before the end of the month. The two surveying parties, one from Ladysmith and one from Superior, are now nearing each other. It is said that work on the road this side of Ladysmith will not be commenced this summer, but that the forty-five miles connecting Ladysmith and Owen will be put in operation the coming fall.

Railroad Personals.

E. T. Eveleth of St. Paul, chief tie inspector of the Great Northern, is in the city.

T. H. Larke of St. Paul, Northwestern passenger agent of the Dominion line, is in the city today.

E. H. Funk, contracting freight agent of the Erie line, is in the city.

A. B. Hill, traveling passenger agent of the Lehigh Valley road, is in town from Chicago.

IS GENERAL MANAGER

Henry P. Broughton Arrives to Take Position With Power Company.

Henry P. Broughton arrived in the city today to assume the position of general manager of the Great Northern Power company. Mr. Broughton has been with the General Electric company in its New York office for a number of years, and is an electrical engineer of experience. He is a graduate of Cornell college, class of 1890. He will have charge of the business affairs of the company, the construction being in the hands of the National Railway Construction company. Mr. Broughton at the present time will be principally engaged in making power contracts preparatory, and preparing the way for the business of the company after the power is turned on.

Mrs. Broughton and their young son arrived here with him and are at the Spalding for the present.

ABANDON PLAN

Labor Leaders Will Not Send Petition to President.

Some Disturbances Occur In Spite of the Leaders.

Chicago, May 10.—Representatives of labor have abandoned their plan of petitioning President Roosevelt while in Chicago today, to use his good offices in bringing about a settlement of the strike. President Shea of the Teamsters' union said:

"President Roosevelt will not be asked to arbitrate the strike. None of the committee will call on him. We do not see what good it will do labor to ask the president to arbitrate the strike."

In spite of the strike leaders some encounters and shooting occurred today. Seven men attacked non-union teamstes in State street. As a result of the disturbance, Joseph Stewart, colored nonunion, was shot in the leg and slashed with a razor and John Hithow, colored, was badly cut. E. M. Hubbard, a white man was also cut. The men who caused the trouble escaped during the excitement. Shortly before this affray another disturbance occurred at almost the same place. Charles Frazier, a nonunion colored man, was shot in the thigh and badly wounded. The disturbances required fifty policemen to quell. The riot drew a large crowd about the place and stopped traffic in the street.

Another disturbance occurred at Clark and Lake streets, when a wagon belonging to Walsh, Boyle & Co. and guarded by police and deputy sheriffs became caught in a street car switch. The crowd gathered and the non-union men and police were jeered. A number of missiles were thrown, but a heavy detachment of police arrived and dispersed the mob.

Eight hundred pupils of the Hendricks public school at Forty-third street and Princeton avenue went on a strike today because a colored teamster of the Peabody Coal company delivered a load of coal at the building.

Many teamsters stopped near the school and prompted the pupils in the "strike." Police sent to the school are alleged to have used clubs on more than one pupil. The crowd quickly scattered. In a riot this afternoon at No. 35 Twenty-second street, Edward Wright, a strike sympathizer was shot in the groin by a nonunion teamster who was driving a United States Express company wagon.

GRAVE REPORTS FROM ZHITOMIR

Number of Jews Killed and Wounded Placed at 200.

St. Petersburg, May 10, 8 p. m.—Very grave reports are current in this city as to the extent of the massacre of Jews at Zhitomir, the number of killed or wounded now being placed as high as 200, but precise information is lacking. The minister of the interior has called for a detailed report, which is expected tomorrow.

Dispatches are being held up. Telegrams sent by the Associated Press to Zhitomir remain unanswered.

THOSE WHO HAVE DIED

Denver, May 10.—George F. McFadden, a well-known theatrical manager of New York city, died here today of consumption, aged 42 years.

Marshalltown, Iowa, May 10.—Delano T. Smith, who some years ago was prominent in Minnesota, is dead here.

Washington, May 10.—A telegram was received by Secretary Shaw today announcing the death at Carizozo, N. M., of Wallace H. Hills, aged 55, chief clerk of the treasury department. According to the advices, Mr. Hills was found dead in bed this morning at the hotel where he was stopping.

CHEAPER TO TRAVEL

Than Stay at Home, on New Oriental Rates.

St. Paul, May 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—The cheapness of modern travel for those that desire to travel cheaply, is exemplified in the rates of steerage passage across the Pacific announced by the Northern Pacific, in connection with transportation from the Twin Cities to the coast. The new rates on this basis from St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth and Superior to Koke and Kokohama, Japan and Shanghai and Hongkong, China, is $70. If the passenger sails on vessels of the Boston Steamship company, and $77.50 if he takes the vessels of the Great Northern Steamship company. This rate, includes, of course, meals and berths—that is, such food and lodgings as Oriental steerage passengers demand—upon the ocean wave.

MANY BOATHOUSES WRECKED.

Madison, Wis., May 10.—Many boathouses on the shore of Lake Monona were wrecked today by a furious wind storm. One steamer was thrown ashore and wrecked. The assembly chamber at the state capital was flooded by rain which poured in torrents through the temporary roof now over part of the building.

PADEREWSKI SAILS.

New York, May 10.—Ignace Paderewski, the pianist, sailed on the steamer Oceanic today, en route to his home in Switzerland to recover from an attack of nervous prostration which interrupted his recent tour in this country.

To My Friends and Clients.

NOTICE

that L. A. Larson, formerly in the office of George H. Crosby will be doing a general Real Estate and Fire Insurance business at

102 Ground Floor Providence Bldg.
Both 'phones No. 253.

VANS IS MASTER WORKMAN.

Cedar Rapids, Iowa, May 10.—E. B. Vans of Des Moines was today elected master workman of the A. O. U. W. of this state. Muscatine was selected as the meeting place of the next annual convention.

St. Louis, Mo., and Return $20.55.

May 13 to 22, "The Northwestern Line" will sell excursion tickets to St. Louis, Mo., and return at $20.55. Final limit for return, May 24, 1905. Account National Baptist anniversary. City ticket office, 302 West Superior street.

Savannah, Ga., and Return $42.30.

May 12 to 14, "The Northwestern Line" will sell excursion tickets to Savannah, Ga., and return at $42.30. Final limit for return, May 26, 1905. City ticket office, 302 West Superior street.

INSECTS AS FOOD.

According to M. G. Durand, a French scientists, insects of almost every kind are eaten in one part or another of the globe, says the Tatler. The natives of the West Indies eat the larvae of the stag beetle, the Creoles of Bourbon broil and eat cockroaches, while the Arabs still follow the example of John the Baptist and feed on locusts. The grasshopper is a favorite article of diet both in Greece and in Mexico. The Chinese make a tasty dish out of the chrysalis of the silk worm, and a white, fat grub that burrows in the palm trees is the greatest delicacy a Burnenon knows; ants prepared in various ways command themselves to quite a number of people. The African custom is to cook them in butter, while in Brazil a resinous sauce is the usual accompaniment. The Siamese prefer the eggs of the ant, and in India the white ant is in some parts roasted like coffee and then mixed with flour and made into pastry.

HER REASONS.

The man stopped in front of a shop window. It was full of large and beautiful hats, says the New York Sun. "There," he said to the girl with him, "why don't you get one of those and be done with it? See, they are special, too: only $10."

"What?" cried the girl indignantly. Then her tone changed to one of pity. "Come away," she said; "you are but a mere man after all. Don't you know that this is probably the most conspicuous hat window in town, and thousands of women have already seen these hats and the price on them? Of course they are beautiful, but I wouldn't wear one of them for the world. I'd be a marked woman. Any other woman could tell one as soon as she saw it, know where I got it and just what I paid for it."

COSTLY CROWNS.

The lightest of European crowns is the state crown of Great Britain, which was made for Queen Victoria sixty-six years ago. Although it weighs only two pounds seven ounces, its value is $1,500,000. One enormous sapphire same from the signet of Edward the Confessor. One of the rubies has a sadly tragic history. It was at one time in the possession of one of the great kings of Granada, whom Pedro the Cruel invited him to his palace and basely murdered through greed for this gem. In the pope's treasure house are two crowns which are valued at $2,500,000. One of them was the gift of Napoleon to Pius VII, and contains the largest emerald in the world. The other, the gift of Queen Isabelle of Spain to Pius IX., weighs three pounds and is worth $1,000,000.

A RAW MEAT DIET.

A well dressed woman came into an uptown butcher's shop one day last week, says the New York Tribune, accompanied by a toddling little girl, who could not have been much more than two years old. The mother directed the butcher to cut off a small piece of tender beef, and then to chop it into tiny bits. Taking up an iron skewer, she then proceeded to feed the meat to the child, piece by piece, spearing each scrap up from the chopping block where it lay. The little girl ate every bit with apparent relish, and, after ordering something to be sent home, the mother took her by the hand and walked out.

"Theres an enthusiastic believer in the raw meat diet," said the butcher, looking after the woman. "It may be very good, but I don't know. I like mine cooked a little myself."

A HEAVY BET.

In Thomas E. Parish's recent book, "Gold Hunters of California," are some good stories of the old days. Here is a yarn about the biggest gambling Mr. Parish knew of in that time of big betting: "A man of the name of Moore had been betting and lost over and over sums aggregating several thousand dollars on the game of faro. Finally, as he turned to leave, the dealer asked: 'Are you through?' Moore halted, hesitated, then, turning and taking from his pocket a key, held it up and said: 'I will bet you everything in my safe, which this key unlocks, on the ten.' 'How much is in your safe?' inquired the dealer. 'I do not know, but it is a large sum. If you win, take the key, open the safe and secure all the money you find there. If I win we will go to the safe together, count the money, and you must cover the amount,' was the answer. The challenge was accepted, the bet made and Moore won something over $47,000."

DIFFERENT KISSES.

Some individual with oceans of time on his hands has conceived the idea of hunting through the works of English novelists for the purpose of finding all the adjectives used to qualify the word kiss, says Tit-Bits. The result is as follows:

Cold, warm, icy, burning, chilly, cool, loving, indifferent, balsamic, fragrant, blissful, passionate, aromatic, with tears bedewed, long, soft, hasty, intoxicating, dissembling, delicious, pious, tender, beguiling, hearty, distracted, frantic, fresh-as-the-morning, breathing fire, divine, satanic, glad, sad, superficial, quiet, loud, fond, heavenly, execrable devouring, ominous, fervent, parching, nervous, soulless, stupefying, slight, careless, anxious, painful, sweet, refreshing, embarrassed, shy, mute, ravishing, holy, sacred, firm, hurried, faithless, brotherly and paradisaical. The task seemed interminable and he gave up at this stage.

THE RATE OF GROWTH.

Philadelphia Bulletin: "We grow at a uniform rate," said a physician. "There are rules of growth that unconsciously we all obey.

"Take the average man. He grows as follows:

"First year, eight inches; second year, six inches; third year, five inches; fourth year, four inches; fifth year, four inches, sixth year, four inches. From the sixth year on the growth is slower until the man grows less than half an inch between sixteenth year—it is only one and a half inches a year. The seventeenth year has a growth of two inches. The eighteenth yar has a growth of one inch.

"At eighteen the average man is five feet eight inches high. Thereafter he grows no more."

DEEPEST GOLD MINE.

The deepest gold mine in the world is said to be at Bendigo, Australia. It is called the New Chum mine, and its main shaft is sunk to a depth of 3,900 feet, or only 60 feet short of three-quarters of a mile, says the Detroit Tribune. The most difficult problem of working a mine of such depth is how to keep the tunnels and general workings cool enough for the miners to work. The temperature is usually about 108 degrees, and this is, of course, greatly enervating. To make it possible for the men to work at all, a spray of cold water is let down from above and kept continually playing on their bodies. They are naked from the waist up.

J. M. GIDDING & CO.

Offer Tomorrow

Great Values In Rain Coats

Several lines sent on by our Mr. Gidding from the East.

Beautifully trimmed garments.

$29.50 VALUE AT $17.50.
Tans and grays.

$28.50 VALUES AT $12.50.
Lines just opened.

$8.75 Value $5.75. $12.50 Value $7.50.
The very newest models.

Superior St. and First Ave. West.

Too Late to Classify

After shaving, when skin is wet, apply Satin skin cream. Soothes and heals. 25c.

AN OLD ESTABLISHED GROCERY store for rent, with living rooms in rear; $15.00. 1218 East Fourth. Apply 16 Second avenue west.

STEAM HEATED ROOM FOR LADY or gentleman; centrally located on Superior street. References required. Address O 35, Herald.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Edward J. Webb and Edna Hosking.

Dudley Ralph Appleman of Eau Claire and Magdalen Wittrop.

BIRTHS.

DARBY—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. William J. Darby of 219 Twenty-ninth avenue west, May 2.

SMISCK—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. James Smisck of 2419 West Fifth street, May 8.

JOYAL—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Joyal of 112 Thirty-ninth avenue west, May 4.

DEATHS.

HALL—Bessie, the infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Matthew Hall of 320 Sixth avenue east, died May 6.

ROSENBERG—John Rosenberg, aged 21 years, died May 8 at 4931 Ramsey street, of tuberculosis.

BUILDING PERMITS.

Amelia Sherwood, repairs to building on Fifty-fifth avenue west between Gosnold and Bristol streets, to cost	$1,000
Gust Erickson, brick flats on Sixth street between Third and Fourth avenues east, to cost	5,000
G. G. Hartley, repairs and additions to residence on Superior street between Thirteenth and Fourteenth avenues east, to cost	3,000
E. M. Olson, frame building on Seventh avenue east, between Seventh and Eighth streets, to cost	1,000

SLIGHTLY LOWER

Wheat Sags Somewhat With Trade Restricted, Awaiting Report.

Southwest Beginning to Complain of Too Much Moisture.

Duluth Board of Trade, May 10.—Wheat was lower in all markets today and the fact that a government report was due in the afternoon had a tendency to restrict trade. It was generally expected that this report would be bearish. The May option in Duluth lost ½c, in Minneapolis 1⅝c, in Chicago and New York ¼c. The July option lost ¼c in Duluth and Chicago and ½c in Minneapolis and New York. September wheat was weaker in Northwestern markets.

The Liverpool market closed ¼d lower to ⅛d higher, Budapest 2⅝c lower, and Berlin ⅛c higher.

Minneapolis reports a decrease in wheat stocks of 350,000 bushels for the first four days of the week.

The weather map shows moisture pretty much all over the country and snow at Williston. Temperatures are a shade higher in the Northwest, slightly lower through the West and centrl portions, and stationary in the Southwest. The weather on the whole is somewhat unfavorable for winter wheat. Complaints are coming from too much moisture in sections of the Southwest. Temperatures are said to be too low to promote the growth of the crop.

Car receipts at Duluth were 0, against 12 last year, and at Minneapolis 93, against 50 last year, making a total for the Northwest of 93, against 62 last year. Chicago received 3, against 15 last year.

Primary receipts of wheat were 122,000 bus., last year 175,000 bus. Shipments, 218,000 bus., last year 197,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 28,000 bus.

Corn in the Liverpool market closed unchanged. In the Chicago market July corn closed a shade lower. July oats closed unchanged. Primary receipts of corn were 162,000 bus., last year 280,000 bus. Shipments, 180,000 bus., last year 724,600 bus. Clearances were 500,000 bus.

Trading in wheat in the Duluth market was next to nothing. The July option opened ¼c lower at 94⅜c, sold up to 94¾c at 10:55, and fell back to 94c at 12:35. The close was at 94¼c, a loss for the day of ¾c. The May option opened 1c lower at 96c, advanced to 97½c and closed at 96⅝c, a loss of ⅛c. The September option advanced ½c to 80¼c and then fell to 79¾c and closed there, a loss of ¾c.

There was considerable activity in October flax and fluctuations came with a rapidity that reminded traders of busy fall times, changes of a cent occurring in a few moments' time. It opened unchanged at $1.25, fell to $1.24, rallied to $1.25 and fell to $1.24, closing there, a loss of 1c. The September option fell 3½c, closing at $1.25. The July option on the other hand was strong, closing with an advance of 2c at $1.41. May closed unchanged at $1.40, after selling off 3½c.

Oats and rye were unchanged and very dull.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat to arrive—No. 1 northern, 96½c. On track—No. 1 northern, 96½c; No. 2 northern, 89½@93c. Durum No. 1, 86c; No. 2, 85c; May, 96½c; July, 94¼c. Sept., 79¾c. Flax to arrive, $1.40; on track, $1.40; May, $1.40; July, $1.41; Sept., $1.25; Oct., $1.24. Oats to arrive, 29½c; on track, 29⅝c. Rye to arrive, 70c; on track, 70c. Barley, feed, 39½@41c.

Cars inspected: Wheat 0, last year 12; flax 1, last year 5.

Receipts: Wheat, 1,719; oats, 1,973, barley, 1,340; flax, 2,858.

Shipments: Wheat, 24,283; oats, 149,799; barley, 58,542.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Moderate Purchases Give Wheat a Steady Tone.

Chicago, May 10.—Moderate purchases by commission houses created a steady tone in the wheat market here today. The volume of business was very small, however, owing to the fact that the government report will be issued today. Pit traders were inclined to the selling side on expectation of a bearish report. July opened ⅛c lower to ¼c higher at 83¾c to 84c, and for a time held within the opening range. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 301 cars, against 125 cars last week and 81 cars a year ago.

After July had sold at 84⅛@¼c, the price slumped sharply to 83¼c on selling of a considerable line by a prominent long. Offerings were taken by shorts. Before the end of the day part of the loss was regained, but the market closed rather weak with July off ⅛c at 83¾c.

The effect of delay in planting, owing to excessive rains was offset by increased receipts, the result being a steady corn market. Offerings were light, and were taken by commission houses. July opened a shade higher at 46⅞c and sold off to 46¾@47c. Local receipts were 60 cars, none of contract grade.

In sympathy with wheat the market eased off a trifle, July declining to 46⅛c. The close was easy with July down ⅞c at 46⅜@⅝c. July oats closed 29½@29¾c.

Oats were steady in sympathy with other grains. Trading was very quiet. July opened unchanged at 29¾c and later sold at 29⅛@¼c. Local receipts were 62 cars.

Provisions were firm on decreased receipts of hogs. A fair demand for July pork by packers helped to create bullish sentiment. Pork showed the greatest gain, the July option being up 7½c at $12.40. Lard was up 2½@5c at $7.35. Ribs were 5c higher at $7.50.

Close: Wheat—May, 91⅜c; July, 83¾c; September, 78¾c. Corn—May, 48¾c; July, 46⅝@⅝c; old, 46¾@47¼c; September, 40¼c; old, 46⅝@⅝c; December, 43⅜c; old, 43½c. Oats—May, 30c; July, 29½c; September, 28c. Pork—May, 12.20; July, $12.42½@12.45; September, 12.65. Lard—May, $7.17½; July, $7.35; September, $7.52½. Ribs—May, $7.07½; July, $7.30; September, $7.50@7.52½; October, $7.55. Rye—May, 73c; July, 60c; September, 55c. Flax—Cash, Northwestern, $1.39; Southwestern, $1.25; May, $1.25 Clover—May, $12.00@12.50. Barley—Cash, 40@49c. Cash, wheat—No. 2 red, 95@96c; No. 3 red, 90@93c; No. 2 hard, 91@92c; No. 3 hard, 86@91c; No. 1 northern, 88c@$1.00; No. 2 northern, 96@98c; No. 3 spring, 90@98c. Oats—No. 2, 30c; No. 3, 29½c. Corn—No. 2, 49¾@50c; No. 3, 48¼@49¼c.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, May 10.—Close: Wheat—May 93½c; July, 88¾c; September, 82⅞c. Corn—May, 53½c; July, 52⅛c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, May 10.—Close: Wheat—May, $1.02; July, 90c; September, 79⅝c. No. 1 hard, $1.07; 1 northern, $1.05; 2 northern, $1.01.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

Liverpool, May 10.—Wheat—Spot, dull;

DIVIDENDS.

GREENE CONSOLIDATED GOLD CO.

DIVIDEND NO. 2.

24 Bread St., New York: April 17, 1905.

The Greene Consolidated Gold Company has declared **DIVIDEND NO. 2 OF TWO PER CENT.** (2%) on the capital stock of the Company, payable May 20, 1905, to stockholders of record at twelve o'clock noon on Saturday, May 6, 1905. Transfer books will close at twelve o'clock noon on May 6, 1905, and will reopen May 22, 1905.

JOHN H. MARTIN, Assistant Secretary

We Are Headquarters For

Bonanza Circle and North Butte Copper Stocks!

PAINE, WEBBER & CO

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

328 West Superior Street.

HOLMAN BROS. & CO.

314-316 Palladio Bldg.

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BRANCH OFFICES: Room A Torrey building. Phones 1199. 210 Board of Trade. Old Phone 135, Duluth, Minn.

BONANZA CIRCLE COPPERS!

NOON QUOTATIONS.

Coppers.	Bid	Ask.	Miscellaneous.	Ask.
B., full pd	23	23⅛	Alaska Cen.pfd	35½
C. & A.	....	98	Ariz. C. Mt.	10
C. & P.	....	28½	Black Rock	36
L. S. & P.	35	35½	Cal. & Sonora	bid
P.&D. $8 pd	17⅝	18	Crooked River	36
P.&D.ful pd	19½	20	LaLuz, Mex.	8½
Junc., ful pd	68	69	Little Cracker	12½
Mann. $1 pd	....	9	Metropolitan	....
H. Mt. $3 pd	....	$8.15	Opnir Tunnel	25
Denn-Ariz.	....	36.75	Parry Sound	6½
			Shakespeare	12½

BEFORE BUYING OR SELLING COMMUNICATE WITH

H. E. SMITH & CO.,

William Kaiser, Manager.

Main Floor, Palladio Bldg.

Phones—Zenith, 696; Duluth, 82.

No. 1 Cal., 6s 8½d; futures steady; May, 6s 0½d; July, 6s 1d; Sept., 6s 5d. Corn—Spot, steady; American mixed new, 4s 1¾d; futures, steady; May, 4s 3¼d; July, 4s 3½d.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Du-luth.	Minne-apolis.	Chi-cago.	New York.
May—				
Open	.97N	....	91½	94A
High	.97¾	$1.04¼	92	93¾
Low	.96	1.01½	91½	93½
Close	.96⅛B	1.02	91⅜	93½
Close 9th	.97	1.03⅝	90	93¾
July—				
Open	.94⅜	96⅞	83¾-84	89¼
High	.94⅝	96⅞	84⅛-¼	89¼
Low	.94	95⅛	83¼	88½-⅝
Close	.94¼B	96A	83⅝A	88¾A
Close 9th	.94½	96½	83⅞	89¼
September—				
Open	.80¾N	80⅜	78¾-⅞	83⅝
High	.80½	80½	78⅞	83⅜
Low	.79⅜	79½	78	82⅝
Close	.79⅝B	79⅝B	78⅜B	82⅞B
Close 9th	.80	80⅜	78¾-⅞	83⅜

St. Louis:	Close 10th.	Close 9th.
May	90¾	91-½
July	78½	78⅞
Sept.	77⅜	77⅞

Kansas City:

May	88⅜B	88⅝
July	74⅛	74⅝-½
Sept.	70⅝-¼B	70⅝

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. July.	Corn. July.	Pork. July.
Open	29½	46⅝@47-⅛	$12.40
High	29⅝-¾	46⅞-47	12.45-47
Low	29-⅛	46⅛	12.37
Close	29½	46⅝-¾	12.42

GRAIN GOSSIP.

State Crop Reports—

North Dakota: A severe rain and snowstorm prevailed during a portion of the past week, stopping all farm work for a time. In the northern portion of the state, heavy snow fell on the 4th and 5th, and in the southern and central portions, heavy rain fell on the 3d and 4th, the amounts ranging from one to over three inches in the southern part, while from four to twelve inches of snow fell in the northern portions. The fall was very light in the extreme northwestern and western portions of the state, and these sections are still in need of rain. The snowstorm was accompanied by an unusually high wind, which blew most of the snow off plowed fields, as a rule, so that not much moisture was left on them, but in the more central part the snow was so wet that it did not drift or blow, and was of great benefit. The high winds did considerable damage by blowing out and uncovering many fields of grain, while where the soil was light, and grain was up, it was cut down to the ground. On the low lands the heavy rains stopped work for a few days, the ground being too met to get on. Freezing weather followed the passage of this storm, but as not much grain was up, no damage of consequence was done. Wheat seeding is practically finished, although scattered fields will be sown for probably three weeks to come. Seeding of oats, rye, barley, millet and flax is in progress, and the ground is being prepared for corn. Early sown grain is coming up rapidly since the recent rains.

Minnesota: Rain fell in the state almost daily, the heaviest being in the Southwest on the evening of the 2nd, and in the north on the evening of the 3rd. There was a little snow in northern counties on the 4th or 5th. Hailstorms passed eastward from Wilkin, Traverse and Big Stone counties on the 3rd, but without injury to crops. During most of the week fieldwork was seriously hindered, or entirely stopped, by the wet weather. The week was a cool one, with the morning temperatures below freezing almost daily in northern portions. High winds on the 3rd and 4th caused damage at scattered points, to windmills and light structures. The soil is being prepared for barley, flax, potatoes and corn, and barley and flax are being seeded as rapidly as the seed bed is ready, but corn will not be planted generally until there is warmer weather, though a few have already begun planting in southeastern counties. The early sown spring wheat, oats and barley are stooling well and look healthy, though growth above ground seems slow; in some places the stand is not very even. Clover and timothy are in good condition, and alfalfa in Wright county is six inches nigh; pastures are starting slowly.

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Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—Our market started out firm and for a time maintained a very steady price range, easing off and later rallying, with but little change for the day. Undoubtedly a desire to clean house pending the publication of the government report this afternoon contributed much to the little easier feeling, and again the late rally looked like moderate short covering for the same reason. There can be no doubt but what the weather is very unfavorable, particularly so in the Northwest, where it is snowing, with temperatures in the vicinity of the freezing point, with same conditions predicted for tomorrow. The cash situation continues healthy and is the one bright star to which the bulls are looking for comfort. The market is in a rut, and while present favorable crop promise holds, bullish efforts are liable to meet stubborn resistance. On the other hand, the strong undertone displayed by the market will tend to deter any great amount of short selling. We continue to feel the market will continue in much the same position.

Corn—Aside from dullness in this market the principal feature today was the support tendered to the May by the principal bull interest. While cash prices are firmly held, very little is being done in the way of sales, the inference being this price is being held for effect on the speculative market. Conditions to us seem unchanged. May gives every evidence of being tied up and in absolute control of the bull leaders. Any further improvement in the May will have a sympathetic effect on July and September, but on the strong spots we feel the deferred futures can be sold for moderate profits.

Oats—The speculative market shows no change whatever. It is strong and reflects a better feeling in the cash department. This seems in a fair way to continue for a time. The market acts as if it could be put some higher.

Provisions—The trade has been altogether local, activity coming altogether in pork. Packers are reporting a slight improvement in their cash demand and the firmness displayed in recent sessions undoubtedly reflects such improvement. While no great snap exhibited, provisions on the whole seem to give some indication of doing better. The action of the other pits have little or no effect on this market.

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Edwards, Wood & Co.: Wheat opened a shade above the close of yesterday, but reacted heavy during the greater part of the session. The weather map was very good and similar conditions will likely prevail tomorrow. Minneapolis reported a decrease in stocks during the week of 350,000 bushels. Much stress is being laid by the bulls side upon this item as well as light receipts. But it must be remembered that such unusually good conditions are prevailing for farm work that the marketing of all commodities are apt to be curtailed in consequence. Wheat had a good reaction today, and if the government report should prove as bearish as expected, we see nothing to prevent the decline being carried further. It would seem to us that the publication of the report together with the weather are the controlling factors in the situation at present.

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Chicago Inter-Ocean: The trade thinks that the Armour interest is accumulating a line of July wheat, and Valentine has been openly bearish, but appears to be working around to the bull side gradually. There has been a lot of buying through brokers for several days that operators have attributed to him, although he has been a seller at times. It is also claimed that he has bought in Minneapolis and Milwaukee. Increasing cash premiums and reduced arrivals have changed several of the most rampant bears to take the bull side for a turn the past few days. They say local crop reports have lost their effect for the present.

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Kansas City wires: Only nine cars wheat here today. Our receipts are so small, wheat being taken out of store and put on the tables to supply mill demand. Stocks in country very light, and it looks like it will all be wanted at good stiff prices.

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Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Profit taking responsible for yesterday's set back in corn prices. The new rules adds courage to the bear element and with any pronounced strength in the future options in July and September will likely meet with heavy selling for short account. The cash situation continues healthy, with shipments largely in excess of the daily receipts, eW continue to look for a moderate trading market.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, May 10.—Cattle—Receipts 15,000; steady to slow; good to prime steers, $5.75@6.25; poor to medium, $4.40@5.50; stockers and feeders, $2.75@5; cows, $3@5; heifers, $2.75@5.50; canners, $1.50@2.40; bulls, $2.50@4.75; calves, $2.75@6. Hogs—Receipts, 26,000; tomorrow, 24,000; steady; mixed and butchers, $5.30@5.52½; good to choice heavy, $5.30@5.50; rough heavy, $5@5.30; light, $5.25@5.50; bulk of sales, $5.35@5.50. Sheep—Receipts, 15,000; sheep and lambs, steady; good to choice wethers, $4.60@5.10; fair to choice, mixed, shorn, $3.50@4.40; western sheep, shorn, $4.15@5.25; native lambs, shorn, $3.75@6.25; western lambs, $4.70@7.25.

Race For Supremacy.

It is interesting to watch the race for supremacy among Minneapolis-St. Paul-Chicago trains. First place is securely held by the Pioneer Limited and the second place by the Fast Mail. Both trains are entirely owned by the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway. There are three other fast trains via this line from the Twin Cities to Chicago every day, and there is no extra fare to ride on them. Address W. B. Dixon, northwestern passenger agent, St. Paul, for further particulars, lowest rates, etc.

Homeseekers' Excursions

To points in Minnesota, North Dakota and Manitoba, the Northern Pacific railway will sell Homeseekers' tickets at one fare plus $2.00, every Tuesday during March, April, May and June.

On first and third Tuesdays, same months, will sell similar tickets to all points in West and Southwest. For further information as to rates and tickets, call at City Ticket office, 332 Superior street.

CONDITION FINE

Government Statistician Reports Winter Wheat May 1, at 92.5.

Acreage Above Last Year But Reduced From Amount Sown.

The wheat trade has been looking for the government report issued this afternoon showing the condition of crops on May 1 to be very favorable to the growing report and this expectation was not wrong. The condition of winter wheat, according to the report of the statistician was 92.5 per cent on May 1, against 91.6 per cent on April 1. On the same day in 1904 the condition was 76.5 per cent and in 1903 it was 92.6 per cent. The ten-year average is 83.7 per cent.

The government also gives 29,723,000 bus. as the acreage in winter wheat. May 1 of last year the acreage was reported at 27,038,500. This year's acreage is 1,422,000 acres, or 4.6 per cent, less than the area sown last fall, and 2,685,000 acres or 10.6 per cent more than the area of winter wheat harvested last year.

Of the area abandoned or plowed under, 356,000 acres are reported from Kansas; 205,000 acres, including cutting for hay, from California, and 102,000 acres from Missouri.

The average condition of winter rye May 1, 1906, was 93.5 per cent, as compared with 92.1 per cent April 1, 1905; 81.2 per cent May 1, 1904; 93.3 per cent at the same date in 1903, and 88.5 per cent the mean of the May averages of the last ten years.

Logan & Bryan of Chicago say: We consider this condition as reported about as expected, but is offset by the cutting down of acreage. There was seeded all told 31½ million acres, as against the improved condition is offset by the decline in acreage. On the whole it is about as expected.

EASIER IN STOCKS

Northern Securities Buying at One Time Gave Strength.

Trade Was of Small Proportions and Close Irregular.

New York, May 10.—There was some further liquidation in American securities in connection with the London settlement today and prices on the stock market here opened lower in sympathy, most of the international stocks showing declines. Canadian Pacific was down ⅞ and New York Central ⅝. There was a drop of 3 points in Iowa Central preferred. Smelting rose a point and Denver & Rio Grande preferred ¾. The trading was dull and the changes for the most part very narrow.

Smelting led a group of metal stocks with a gain of 3 points and Copper, Lead, Locomotive and Rubber rose 1. Prices generally recovered the opening declines in sympathy. Renewed weakness in St. Paul, Union Pacific and United States Steel preferred, which cost them a point checked the advance and the market became dull and heavy. Smelting reacted 1¼ and but little remained of the rise in the others. Great Northern preferred fell 1⅝, Northwestern, New York Central and Metropolitan Securities 1 and Northern Pacific after moving up as much lost it.

Declines in Union Pacific, St. Paul and the United States Steel stocks were slightly extended and when they were checked trading became practically stagnant. United States Steel and Norfolk & Western lost 1 and Great Northern preferred 4½. Reading gained 1, Colorado Fuel and Pump 1½ and Smelting recovered to the best. Bonds were steady at noon.

Speculation was in a torpid state reflecting the elimination of interest in the markets. Movements were of little consequence and transactions centered in a few favorites.

Special stocks were advanced substantially but the effect on the general market was only temporary and prices yielded again when the demand slackened. Colorado Fuel and Northern Pacific improved, 3; Allis-Chalmers, 2½, Tennessee Coal 1⅝ and D. & H. 1. Pump preferred gave way 2.

The Southern Pacific stocks rose 1, St. Louis Southwestern preferred 2, and Smelting and American Express 4. Contracts put out during the morning were closed up during the afternoon and the price changes correspondingly. The market closed easy.

Quotations furnished by Edwards-Wood Co., room A, Torrey building.

Stocks—	High	Low	Close
Atchison pfd	101¾	101⅝	101⅝
Atchison com	83⅛	82⅜	83⅛
Smelter com	115⅝	111⅜	114¾
Amalgamated Copper	82½	81⅛	81⅜
Baltimore and Ohio	106⅝	105⅞	106⅛
Canadian Pacific	149¾	147⅞	148⅜
Chesapeake and Ohio	48⅞	48¼	48⅞
Colorado Fuel and Iron	46	43¼	45⅝
Chi. Gt. West. com	20	19⅜	20
Erie 1st pfd	78½	78	78¼
Erie com	42¾	41⅜	41⅞
Illinois Central	158⅜	158½	158½
Louisville and Nashville	145	143⅜	144¼
Mexican Central	20⅞	20⅞	20⅞
Metropolitan Railway	116	115½	116
Missouri Pacific	96¾	96¾	96¾
Manhattan	164½	164⅛	164½
Norfolk and Western	77	76½	76½
New York Central	142⅜	141⅞	142⅛
Ontario and Western	48¾	47⅝	48
People's Gas	102⅝	101¾	102¼
Pacific Mail	36	36	36
Pennsylvania Railway	135	134⅛	134⅞
Rock Island com	28	27⅝	27⅝
Rock Island, pfd	73¼	73	73¼
Reading, com	92¼	91¾	92
R. I. & S. pfd	73¼	72⅜	72⅞
R. I. & S., com	18	17⅜	18
Rubber, com	40⅛	39¾	40
St. Paul	171⅜	170¼	170¼
Sugar	134⅛	134	134½
Southern Railway, com	30¼	29⅞	30
Southern Pacific	61	59⅜	60½
Soo, com	115¾	115¼	115¼
Tenn. Coal & Iron	81⅝	79¾	81
Texas Pacific	31⅝	31⅜	31⅜
U. S. Steel pfd	98⅜	97⅝	97⅞
U. S. Steel, com	31¼	30⅝	30⅜
Union Pacific, com	119⅝	118⅜	119
Wis. Central, com	20½	20⅛	20½
Wis. Central, pfd	46½	46¼	46⅝
Western Union	93⅝	93⅜	93⅜
Wabash, com	18⅜	18½	18⅜
Wabash, pfd	40½	40	40½
Twin City R. T.	111¼	110¾	111¼
Northern Pacific	186	183	185⅞
D., S. S. & A., pfd	26	26	26

The total sales were 537,700 shares.

COPPER GOSSIP.

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: Extreme dullness was the rule today and the liquidation seems to have seized, but no new buying is in evidence. There was no price change worthy of notice in the Boston market except the rise in United Copper which was very strong both in our market and New York.

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Paine, Webber & Co.: Directors of Chirichua development company have called an assesment of 75 cents per share, payable May 18. This makes stock fully paid.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan to Paine, Webber & Co.: Market closed rather irregular. The buying in Northern Securities at one time gave strength to the whole list, but profit taking forced prices back and left the list very ragged. Traders as a rule are taking their cue from Union Pacific and are inclined to shape their trading by the action of this stock. Trade has dwindled down to a very small proportions, with the market drifting back and forth within a narrow range. The market does not act good and seems as if it would drag ower.

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Dick to Paine, Webber & Co.: Stocks have been dull and irregular in a sluggish way today, professional operations being largely responsible for the fluctuations. Again it was evident that there was no important selling pressure but on the other hand no sustained buying power. As a rule the principal gains were made by such manipulated specialties as Smelters, Colorado Fuel, Tennessee Coal & Iron, etc., upon which there were numerous bull tips. There was no news of importance.

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C. G. Gates & Co. to Baker: There are strong indications that there is likely to be active trading in St. Paul, Union Pacific and Northern Pacific. The first two named, it is believed, have been better bought druing the recent decline than any other stocks, unless it be Copper and Erie. Men who have watched the trading in St. Paul and Union Pacific express the opinion that the stocks bought during the recent weeks will not come except on a big advance, and it is believed a certain amount of this stock will not be seen in the street again. It is thought the market for Northern Pacific will be considerably broader and more active.

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Hutton to Paine, Webber & Co.: Northern Pacific April increase of $500,000 in earnings is a wonderful showing. We look for heavy increases in Union Pacific and Southern Pacific from now on.

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Walker to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market today was almost entirely professional and there was very little business on the part of commission houses. The only feature was strength in Smelters. Money continued easily. The market closed at some recessions in most instances from last night's prices.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, May 10.—Money on call, easier, 2@2½ per cent; closing bid, 2; offered at 2¼ per cent. Time money, easier; sixty and ninety days, 3¼ per cent; six months, 3½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 3@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange, strong, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.86.80 for demand, and at $4.84.60 for sixty days' bills; posted rates, $4.85½ and $4.87½; commercial bills, $4.84⅝. Bar silver, 57¼c. Mexican dollars, 44½c. Government bonds, steady; railroad bonds, irregular.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 328 West Superior street:

	Bid.	Asked.
Amalgamated	81¾	81½
Adventure	3½	4
Atlantic	12½	12⅞
Allouez	19⅝	20
Arcadian	1	1¼
Elm River	2	2½
Bingham	31¼	31½
Copper Range	71	71¼
Centennial	18	18½
Calumet & Hecla	640	650
Calumet & Arizona	....	98
Calumet & Pittsburg	27	30
Lake Sup. & Pittsburg	35	36
Isle Royale	20½	21
Mass	8	8½
Michigan	11	11½
Mohawk	48½	49¼
Mayflower	75c	90c
Mercury Con.	75c	80c
National	1	1½
Old Colony	1	1½
Old Dominion	23½	24½
Osceola	91	92
Phoenix	1½	1¾
Parrott	23½	24½
Quincy	95	100
Rhode Island	1½	2
Santa Fe	1½	1¾
Franklin	8	8½
Tecumseh	2	2½
Tamarack	115	117
Shannon	7¾	8
Trinity	8	8¼
Utah	42½	43
U. S. Mining	30¾	31
Victoria	....	3½
Wolverine	107½	108
Wyandot	1½	1⅝
Winona	10	10½
Daly West	12¾	13¼
Greene Cons.	26	26¾
Pitts. & Duluth full paid	20	....
Pitts. & Duluth $8 paid	....	19
Twin Land	3	3½
Junction	....	70
Black Mountain	....	3.10
Chiricahua	....	40
Granby	5½	5⅝
North Butte full paid	24	....

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, May 10.—The cotton market opened firm at an advance of 7@10 points in response to much higher Liverpool cables than yesterday and the big spot sales reported. Yesterday's sellers covered actively on call and New Orleans sent buying orders here. There was considerable realizing at the advance, however, and increasing the gains to a matter of 12 points, the market eased off under rumors that leading bulls were unloading and in the middle of the morning was rather unsettled at a net gain of 6@6 points.

Cotton opened quiet, 10 points higher; middling uplands, 8.15; middling gulf, 8.40. Sales, none. Futures closed steady; May, 7.69; June, 7.58; July, 7.64; August, 7.67; September, 7.69; October, 7.75; November, 7.76; December, 7.80; January, 7.89; February, 7.92; March, 7.97.

SUGAR PRODUCED.

New York, May 10.—All grades of refined sugar were reduced 30 cents a hundred pounds today.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, May 10.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, shows: Available cash balance, $131,260,272; gold, $61,044,134; silver, $25,488,672.

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., seventy-fifth meridian time, Wednesday, May 10, 1905.

Stations	Temperature. Max*	Mint	Rainfall (inches).
Alexandria	Raining	42	32	1.20
Campbell	Raining	44	36	1.30
Crookston	Raining	52	34	.94
Detroit City	Raining	44	34	1.24
Devils Lake	Raining	44	36	3.00
Minneapolis	Cloudy	44	36	.98
Montevideo	Cloudy	46	38	1.26
New Ulm	Raining	46	38	2.16
Park Rapids	Raining	46	34	1.34
Northfield	Cloudy	50	38	3.00
Devils Lake	Snowing	44	30	.50
Langdon	Snowing	48	30	.50
Larimore	Snowing	46	32	.44
Lisbon	Raining	40	32	1.90
Pembina	Snowing	40	34	2.80
Millbank	Cloudy	40	34	2.24
Mitchell	Cloudy	44	40	.88
Redfield	Snowing	40	30	1.62
Amenia	Raining	40	32	1.24
Bismarck	Snowing	36	32	.42
Duluth	Raining	46	34	.52
Huron	Raining	44	34	1.72
La Crosse	Cloudy	46	40	1.36
Moorhead	Raining	44	34	1.48
Pierre	Cloudy	46	38	.04
St. Paul	Cloudy	44	40	.48
Winnipeg	Cloudy	56	44	.0

REMARKS.

Rains fell over all districts, heavy in the Northwest, turning to snow in the Dakotas. Cool weather continues in the Northwest.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

T. indicates inappreciable rainfall. *For yesterday. †For twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., Seventy-fifth meridian time.

Note.—The average maximum and minimum temperatures and the average rainfall are made up at each center from the actual number of reports received. The "state of weather" is that prevailing at time of observation.

ARE NOT HOME MADE.

"It's a curious thing," said a physician to the the New York Sun. "I was talking to a druggist recently about New York being the headquarters for everything. 'H'm,' said he, 'New York cheerfully sells the stuff that is made elsewhere. Take those prescription blanks, for instance. They come from Connecticut. The cocaine you use in your practice is of German make. The tablets you recommend for a cold are put up in Detroit. The morphine comes from Philadelphia, and the pill boxes from Buffalo. Most of my bottles are made in New Jersey. The Quaker City supplies many of the hypodermic tablets, and the seidlitz powders come from Boston, and so on down the line. Two of the best selling headache remedies are made in Baltimore, but the headache itself is manufactured right here in New York."

AN AIRSHIP PREDICTION.

A Kansas City man, now 80 years old, was discussing railroads with a friend the other night, says the Kansas City Times. "I remember," he said, "when railroads used planks with strips of iron nailed on them for rails. The first road of that kind I ever saw was back in Ohio about sixty-five years ago. The wood rails used to warp after the cars had run over them awhile and for that reason people predicted freely that the railroad would never amount to much. I remember a certain optimist, however, who predicted that the railroad would be a grand success eventually. People laughed at him but he stuck to his belief. 'Friends,' I remember hearing him say once, 'some day they'll find a rail that won't warp and that railroad trains will make as much as ten miles an hour easily.' My! how they roared. Now, I want to make a prediction that will be laughed at. I say that in twenty years airships will be flying all over the civilized world carrying passengers and freight. Laugh at that prediction if you will. I probably won't live to see those airships but the prediction will come true. Mark my words."

Marine.

MAY POUND APART

Steamer Rend May Be Wrecked By Gale on Lakes.

Was Not Released as Reported, But Is Not Hopeless.

A dispatch from Marquette says that the previous report to the effect that the steamer Rend, formerly the Hadley, has been released from Manitou island by the wrecker Favorite, was erroneous. The Favorite, which has been at work on the stranded vessel, arrived in Marquette last evening for coal and supplies and reported that the Rend was still stranded with her propeller wheel showing, but that the condition of the wreck was not hopeless. Unless the weather would become stormy the release of the steamer was expected.

The weather has since become stormy, however, and it is thought that the storm extends over most of Lake Superior, probably not so violently as here, but to some extent. In case it is nearly as bad about Manitou island as it is here, the chances for the Rend's survival will be slim. Few outside of the owner would be sorry, and it is doubtful if he would be, for the vessel has been nothing but a money waster.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, May 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Robbins 9:30 Tuesday night; Moses Taylor 10:30; Joliet, Australia, Amazon 3 Wednesday morning; W. L. Brown, Grecian and whaleback 4; Matoafa 6; M. C. Neff 8:30; Rosemount, Melrose, Minnedosa, Oliver, 9; Venus 9:30; Miller 10; Major 10:30. Down: Nottingham, Hiawatha 10 Tuesday night; Helen C, Bay State, Berkshire, Bombay, Wawatam, midnight; Nimick, Tyrone, 11 Wednesday morning; Pathfinder, Saginaw more 2:30; Wacondah 4; Peck 4:30; Jenks Weeks 6:30; Iosco, Jeanette 7; Manitoba, Van Hise, Jenney, Keefe, Ira Owen 8:30; Lansing 10:30.

Up yesterday: Mariska and whaleback, 12:40 p. m.; Brunsford, Nicholas. Down: Pioneesta, 11:30; Fitch, Maitland, 2:20 p. m.; Mary Elphicke, 3; D. M. Whitney, J. C. Gilchrist, 4:30; Cadillac, 7:40; Haddington, 8.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, May 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Parker 9:10 Tuesday night; Gilbert, Manda 10; Colgate 10:40; Matoa, Olympia, Lafayette, Maia 11; Republic 12:10 Wednesday morning; Maunlaoa 12:30; J. B. Ketcham 1; Poe, Tecumseh and barge, 4; Three Brothers, Prince 4:40; Wisahickon 6:40; Milwaukee 7; Chicago, Ericeson, Magna 7:30; Castle Rhodes, Linn, Bell 7:50. Down: Ireland 9:20 Tuesday night; Tioga, Raleigh, Tokio, Mahoning, Auranla 10:40; Reir 12:10 Wednesday morning; Midland King 12:50; Fayette Brown 1:30; Turret Cape 6; L. C. Smith 8.

Later—Up: Goodyear, 9:20; Kendall and consorts, 9:40; Starrucca, 10; Saranac, 10:30; James Hoyt, Holmes, 11.

ADDITIONAL WANTS.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

YOUNG LADY STENOGRAPHER, WITH three years experience, would like position. Highest reference furnished. Address A. X., Herald.

WOMAN WANTS WORK BY THE DAY. Call or address E. L., 412 South Lake avenue.

WANTED—WASHING OR CLEANING. 20 First avenue west. Mrs. Jones. Zenith 1218-D.

WANTED—POSITION BY YOUNG LADY stenographer. Has had experience in bookkeeping. B. K. M. Herald.

WANTED — WORK BY THE DAY, washing, ironing and cleaning. C 70, Herald.

WANTED—BY YOUNG GIRL, A PLACE to board and room; private family; will help mornings and evenings. Address C 73, Herald.

WANTED — MAN AND WIFE WOULD like to engage with some railroad company; woman to cook for section crew; man, section work or work in cedar camp. O 31, Herald.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

WANTED — POSITION BY EXPERIenced bookkeeper and stenographer, with best of city and other references. A 7, Herald.

WANTED — POSITION IN CLERICAL capacity, young man, 27, experienced in general office work; Remington operator, window card writer, etc. Address O 26, Herald.

WANTED — POSITION BY YOUNG man in gents' furnishing or retail shoe house. Experienced; references. C 64, Herald.

A BRIGHT, ACTIVE BOY, 16 YEARS OF age, would like to get a position with some railroad company; can furnish good references. O 32, Herald.

EMPLOYERS FURNISHED WITH competent male help free. Apply Employment department, Y. M. C. A. Both phones, 880.

ACCOUNTS AUDITED BY THOROUGH accountant. All business confidential. Address H. H., care Herald.

FARM LANDS.

FOR SALE—THE PERRAULT FARM, three miles north of Lester Park; acres or smaller tracts—cultivated land—suitable buildings, running water. Call 218 Torrey building.

FOR SALE — 80-ACRE IMPROVED farm at Missabe Station, D. & I. R., all cleared. House, store, barn and outbuildings; thirty tons of hay and a large amount of vegetables and other crops raised last year. William C. Sargent & Co., 105 Providence bldg.

FARM LANDS AND FARM LOANS. John Q. A. Crosby, 209 Palladio Bldg.

FOR RENT—STORES.

BASEMENT AND DESK ROOM AT No. 328 West Michigan street. George L. Tupper, 18 West Michigan street.

FOR RENT—STORE AT 32 EAST SECond street. Rooms at 15 Lake avenue north. Inquire M. Norris, 112 East Third street.

FOR RENT — STRICTLY MODERN stores on First street, near Wolvin building, ready to occupy June 1st, $32 per month, including heat and water. 205 Lyceum.

FOR RENT — STORE, CORNER FIRST street and Fifth avenue west. Inquire Hotel McKay office.

FURNITURE MOVING.

PIANOS A SPECIALTY. NEW PHONE 1222, or Duluth Music Co. W. Flett.

DYE WORKS.

ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS—PRACTIcal dyers and French dry cleaners. We make a specialty of pantorium work. 6 East Superior street. Both phones.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—ON TUESDAY EVENING ON INterstate car, large black leather purse; initials A. E., valued for contents, receipts and rosary. Finder please leave at Herald office.

LOST—GOLD BEADS MONDAY NIGHT on Fifteenth avenue east, between Third and Superior streets. Finder please leave at 1427 East Third street for reward.

LOST—BELT TO GRAY TOURIST COAT between Bijou theater and Third avenue west. Return to Herald office for reward.

LOST—WATCH WITH PIN ATTACHED. Return to 316 East Second, for reward.

LOST—BLACK PURSE, CONTAINING over $1.00, a pass to Two Harbors and cards for Mrs. A. E. Breed. Leave at Herald office.

STRAYED OR STOLEN ON EASTER Sunday, one sorrel horse, age 8 years; maine cut; white hind feet, and dark brown horse, 12 years old. Liberal reward. Notify Sparta Livery, Sparta, Minn.

PERSONAL.

LADIES! Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills ARE THE BEST. Safe, Reliable, Take no other. Send 4c stamps for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by RETURN MAIL. Ask your druggist.
Chichester Chemical Co., Philada., Pa.

WIDOWER WOULD LIKE TO MEET lady matrimonially inclined; age 38 to 48; German preferred; others not barred. M. M. Herald.

WILL ED. FROST, WHO LOGGED AT Alborn, Minn., in the winter of 1903 and 1904, or any one knowing his address, write to H., Herald.

PERSONAL — WILL THE PARTIES who are dissatisfied with their meals try the Boston cafe, 7 East Superior street. The best at popular prices, with clean, quick service.

SAFE! SURE! GUARANTEED FEMALE Pens; quickly relieve suppression from any cause, $2. French Remedy Co., box 367, Duluth, Minn.

NOTICE.

THE RING-ROSE CLEANING ESTABlishment has opened a branch at 18 Third avenue west, under Northern Electric Co. We do cleaning, dyeing and repairing. Moderate prices.

PAINTING, PAPERHANGING.

C. GILL, PAINTER AND PAPERhanger, 627 West Michigan street. Zenith 'phone 1518-X. Call and see him.

CIVIL ENGINEERS.

DULUTH ENGINEERING CO.—W. B. Patton, Mgr., 613 Palladio bldg. Specifications prepared and construction superintended for waterworks, sewers, etc.

CANCERS AND TUMORS.

All stomach and blood diseases cured by Herbaqueen remedies. Dr. Flinsen's Ray. Herbaqueen Mfg. Co., 14 West Sup. St.

CHINA FIRING.

INMAN STUDIO. 114 So. 14th Ave. E.

BUSINESS MEN—NOTICE!

IF YOU ARE THINKING OF MAKING an auction sale, write me. Harry Silver, Auctioneer. Eveleth, Minn. Box 865.

ASHES AND GARBAGE.

ASHES AND GARBAGE REMOVED. Telephone 570-Y, Zenith.

BY LOAD OR MONTH. 48 both phones.

UPHOLSTERY.

C. F. FORSELL, PRACTICAL UPHOLsterer. Shop 338 E. Sup. St. Zenith, 949.

CHAIR CANING AND GENERAL REpairing. Goods called for and delivered. J. Underwood, new phone 1703.

Bargains in Real Estate at Stryker, Manley & Buck's:

On First street, near Sixth avenue West, a lot 50x140 feet with a 10-room house, city water and sewer; also large barn on alley which, with some repairs, will bring good rental. House rents for $45 per month—price $9000

At the East end a new brick flat building, containing four flats of six rooms each, with all conveniences; hot water heat, oak finish and hardwood floors throughout. Will pay over 15 per cent net on cash payment required..... $15,000

On West Third street, near Lincoln Park, the very best residence section in the West end—upper side of street, lot 50x140, two dwellings; one has nine rooms, bath, steam heat and gas; the other has six rooms, bath, gas and electric light $4000

A nice home in central location—nine rooms, stone foundation, hot water heat, electric light, hardwood finish and floors down stairs; handsome mantel and grate—price $5500

On First street west of Seventh avenue East—a six-room house with city water, sewer, bath, good plumbing—25-foot lot on upper side of street $2300

Near Portland Square, on East Fifth street—a seven-room house with city water, on upper side of street $2200

The fine corner 98x130 feet at Tenth avenue East and Fifth street. Will make four beautiful lots facing Portland Square..... $4000

75x140 feet at corner of Fourth street and Sixth avenue East—make offer—owner will sell CHEAP.

LET US BUILD YOU A HOME at the beautiful suburb of Hunter's Park. You have your own architect and contractor—we furnish the money on the most favorable terms of interest and easy payments.

Some very cheap lots in Oneota and West Duluth. Also houses on monthly payments.

Money on hand for good Real Estate Loans

Stryker, Manley & Buck.

FOR SALE.

Corner Lot 15th Avenue East and Jefferson Street—

$1500

Houses and Flats for Rent.

Mendenhall & Hoopes

208 First National Bank Building.

$5500 For choice corner lot and residence down town, within walking distance. $800 for desirable lot on Fifth street, this side of Normal school. $900 for fine lot on Jefferson street.

COOLEY & UNDERHILL Exchange Building.

5% LOANS WANTED 6%

Money on Hand For Real Estate Loans.

NO DELAY. NO ANNOYANCE. THE BEST CONTRACT.

W. M. PRINDLE & CO
Lonsdale Building.

$950 Six large rooms, good well, barn in good condition. Large lot, $200 cash, good location. West end.

$700 Nice little home two blocks from street car. West end.

$1000 Five room, barn, out houses, good well, lot 50x140 feet. Central, West end.

$1100 Eight rooms, city water, between Second and Third street, West end.

$2500 Seven-rooms, stone foundation full basement, water, sewer, etc. House almost new, choicest location, West end.

$1400 Seven rooms, water up and down stairs for two families, West end.

T. G. VAUGHAN,
400 Lonsdale Bldg. Phone 789.

$7000 Improved corner, 3 houses, excellent investment. East Third street.

$2100 50-foot lot on East Fifth street.

$700 50-foot corner near Third street and Twenty-ninth avenue west.

$1000 50-foot corner lot on East Superior street.

11½ Acres on Hermantown road. All cleared. Ready for gardening purposes.

A. H. W. ECKSTEIN
Real Estate, Insurance and Loans.
309 Exchange Building. Zenith Phone 339.

$5000 takes finest 150-foot corner on East Second street, in swellest district.

Make us an offer on 425 Ninth avenue East. We will sell this at a bargain.

A. C. VOLK & CO.

$625 Comfortable house, six rooms, easy terms, Duluth Heights.

$800 Fourth avenue west and Fourth street, 28x70 feet of ground. Splendid central location for house or flats.

$1050 Lot on Fourth street between Eighth and Ninth avenues east.

$1500 Seven-room house, stone foundation, cement cellar. Cost $1,700; on East Eighth street.

$2400 Seven-room house, Nineteenth avenue east, near London road—stone foundation, hardwood floors, water, sewer, etc. A fine home on easy terms.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.,
Real Estate—Mortgage Loans—Insurance.
220 West Superior Street.

Superior St. Lot In business district **$7500**

First Street Lot With new brick building **$6500**

J. T. DUNPHY, 517 Burrows Building.

$3500 Will buy a seven-room house with modern bath room, located in the Normal school district on a street with all improvements made and paid for. House is finished in hardwood down stairs, has hardwood floors throughout, a concrete foundation, and is in the best of condition. Size of lot 50x140.

WHITNEY WALL,
REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE.
Main Floor Palladio Building.

Two Good Bargains.

10 acres on street car line, one mile from Spalding Hotel—at half value **$2100**

50 feet on Fourth street near Normal school **$9.50**

RICHARDSON, DAY & CO.

NORTHWESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. †Ex. Sunday	Arrive Duluth
*8:40 a.m.	...St. Paul. Minneapolis...	*3:25 p.m.
*4:00 p.m.	....Twilight Limited....	*9:45 p.m.
*5:30 p.m.	...Chicago, Milwaukee...	*11:10 a.m.
*5:30 p.m.	..... Appleton	*11:10 a.m.
*5:30 p.m.	...Oshkosh, Fond du Lac.	*11:10 a.m.
*5:30 p.m.	.....FAST MAIL.....	*11:10 a.m.

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY

Leave		Arrive
* 4:00 a.m.	....Ashland and East.....	*11:15 a.m.
† 8:00 a.m.	....Ashland and East.....	* 7:10 p.m.
* 7:30 p.m.	Minn. and Dakota Express	* 7:55 a.m.
* 8:40 a.m.	....North Coast Limited...	* 4:55 p.m.
Leave	"Duluth Short Line."	Arrive
†9:00 a.m.	ST. PAUL	* 6:30 a.m.
* 1:55 p.m.	MINNEAPOLIS	† 2:10 p.m.
*11:10 p.m.	..... MINNEAPOLIS	* 7:00 p.m.

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street

THE GREAT NORTHERN.

Leave		Arrive
† 6:20 a.m.	ST. PAUL AND	† 9:25 p.m.
* 3:45 p.m.	MINNEAPOLIS	* 2:00 p.m.
*11:15 p.m.	.....	* 6:10 a.m.
* 9:30 a.m.	Crookston, Grand Forks.	* 6:30 p.m.
* 8:15 p.m.	Montana and Coast.	* 7:10 a.m.
† 2:20 p.m.	Swan River, Hibbing, Virginia	*12:20 p.m.
† 6:20 a.m.	St. Cloud, Wilmar and Sioux City	† 9:25 p.m.

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday
Twin City sleepers ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding Hotel

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

City Ticket Office, 432 Spalding Hotel Block. Bell 'Phone 44
All trains arrive and depart from Union Depot.

*6:20 p.m. Lv. North Country Mail. Ar. *8:55 a.m.
All Points East.
†7:45 a.m. Lv. LOCAL Ar. †8:40 p.m.
Marquette and Copper Country.

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS	M.	P.M.
7:30	3:15	Lv.....Duluth.....Ar	12:00	7:25
11:25	7:05	Ar.....Virginia.....Lv	8:10	3:30
11:30	7:10	Ar.....Eveleth.....Lv	8:00	3:30
11:55	7:45	Ar.....Ely.....Lv	7:30	3:00
A.M.	P.M.	Daily, except Sundays.	A.M.	P.M.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY

P. M.	A. M.	STATIONS	A. M.	P. M.
3:40	7:40	Lv..Duluth..Ar	10:30	3:40
4:05	7:55	Lv. 57th Av. W. Lv	10:15	3:25
4:20	8:15	Lv...Proctor...Lv	10:00	3:10
6:13	10:12	Ar. Ir'n J'nct'n Lv	8:01	1:13
----	10:40	Ar. M't'n. Iron. Lv	----	12:20
7:07	10:35	Ar.. Virginia..Lv	6:55	12:50
6:33	10:29	Ar..Eveleth..Lv	7:42	12:57
----	10:56	Ar.. Sparta..Lv	----	12:34
----	11:20	Ar..Biwabik..Lv	----	12:12
6:54	11:05	Ar..Hibbing..Lv	7:15	12:27

Daily except Sunday.
Morning train from Duluth makes direct connection at Rainy Junction with D. V. & R. L. Ry. for Ashawa and points north of Virginia.

HOTEL LENOX

Most thoroughly equipped in the Northwest. Sanitation perfect. European, $1.00 and up. American, $2.00 and up.

Amendment of Articles of Incorporation of F. D. WEIBLEN & COMPANY

We, the undersigned, president and secretary of the "F. D. Weiblen & Company" corporation, do hereby certify that at a meeting of the stockholders of said corporation duly held on the 8th day of April, 1905, at which meeting all of the stockholders, holding all of the capital stock of said corporation were present, and the articles of incorporation of said corporation were amended by resolution duly made and passed, which resolution was adopted by the unanimous vote of all of the stockholders of said corporation, under and by virtue of which resolution, Article I. of said articles of incorporation was amended to read as follows:

Article I. The name of this corporation shall be Barthe-Martin company, and its principal place of business shall be Duluth, Minnesota.

In witness whereof we have hereunto set our hands and affixed the seal of said corporation this 8th day of April, 1905.

A. C. BARTHE,
President.
J. L. MARTIN,
Secretary.

(Seal.)

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis, ss.—

On this 8th day of April, 1905, before me, a notary public within and for said county, personally appeared A. C. Barthe, president, and J. L. Martin, secretary of the "F. D. Weiblen & Company" corporation, to me known to be the persons who executed the foregoing instrument, as president and secretary of said corporation, who being by me duly sworn did severally depose and say that they executed the foregoing instrument for the purposes therein mentioned, and that said articles of incorporation of "F. D. Weiblen & Company" corporation were duly amended as in said certificate set forth, and that they are the president and secretary respectively of said corporation.

JAMES A. HANKS,
Notary Public,
St. Louis County, Minn.

(Notarial Seal.)

The woman who never reads store-advertising is about as wise as the merchant who never advertises—but this is too much like "calling names," so we withdraw the comparison, in deference to the woman.

SAFETY IN UNION

Dr. Sven Hedin Warns the Scandinavians Against Russia.

Says That Emissaries Are at Work Among the Norwegians.

Stockholm, May 10.—Dr. Sven Hedin is out with another statement regarding the Scandinavian peoples and the Russian empire. Dr. Hedin does not directly accuse Russia of an intention to seize this strip of Norwegian territory which is already almost cut off from the rest of Norway. But he points out that Norwegian territory presents peculiar attractions for Russia—attractions which are likely to prove more powerful than ever in the event of being doomed to disappointment in her aspiration for warm water ports in the Pacific. He remarks that Russia has been taking action of a significant kind in this wild and remote region of Norway.

The whale hunters and fishers of Northern Finnmark have of late been inviting the Russian authorities to settle their disputes instead of invoking the aid of Norwegian authorities. There has been talk of connecting Port Catherine with the Finnish railways, and it is said on good authority that the Russians have been busy making strategic roads along the valley of the Muonio river, which forms the eastern border of Sweden and leads to the long, narrow strip of Finnish territory that points northwestward to the Lyngen fiord.

He argues from all this that there is a real danger of Russian aggression in this direction; and it would be rash to affirm that his argument is weak. He argues that the danger will be magnified many times by a future peace between Norway and Sweden. He concludes that it is to the interest of both nations and to the interest of all other nations who desire to preserve the present balance of sea power that Norway and Sweden should come to a friendly settlement of their differences upon absolutely equal terms, and he alleges that the proposals of the crown prince regent now offer them an opportunity of making such a settlement.

In concluding, Dr. Hedin says:

"If the Norwegians do not accept the latest and the most liberal proposals it would appear that there is only one alternative, namely, a revolution in Norway followed by the dissolution of the union. Europe will then learn what was the real object and purpose of the journeys of the Norwegian private emissaries, namely, an endeavor to win the sympathies and support of the great powers for Norway in her breach of the union. That accomplished, there will begin a new era for the Scandinavian peninsula, the future of which will be enveloped in obscurity to an even greater degree than it is now and be fraught with even greater risks and eventualities.

"Then the field will be open for the prospect which Nansen unfolded in one of his interviews, when he spoke of the possibility of the cession of Norwegian territory to Russia. He declared that the Norwegians would not permit anybody without fighting to appropriate an inch of Norwegian soil, least of all Russia. Thus, during his visit in England Nansen has been contemplating the possibility of a war with both Sweden and Russia. So far as the latter country is concerned, he is right; war with Russia would be a very probable consequence of a rupture of the Swedish-Norwegian union. But is it wise to advocate a policy which may lead to such a catastrophe?

"And can the 2,000,000 inhabitants of Norway afford the preparations that would be required for a war with Russia? Let them not forget that though Russia may be unable to wage war successfully 4,000 miles from home, we are not warranted in concluding that she cannot do so at her own gates. It is yet to be hoped that the statesmen of Norway, in view of the last proposals which have been made with a view to the preservation of the union will weigh the situation prudently and deliberately and will remember that a union on a footing of equality for Norway, and that a dissolution of the union which might prove a nemesis to Norway can hardly effect any change in the political position of Sweden, except this—that she would no longer be under any obligation to employ her own troops for the defense of Norway."

UNITED BRETHREN MEET.

Topeka, Kan., May 10.—Four hundred delegates from the East to the United Brethren general conference to be held in Topeka this week, have arrived in special cars attached to a Santa Fe train.

CARICATURE SKETCH OF HON. JOSEPH H. CHOATE.

Hon. Joseph H. Choate, former ambassador to the court of St. James, who will return to this country early in June. Mr. Choate has been engaged by the Hyde faction in the Equitable war. Mr. Choate was on Tuesday night made a member of the British Inner Temple.

CHARGES THAT HUSBAND

Failed to Keep His Ante-Nuptial Contract.

New York, May 10.—Before Kathlyn W. Kalner promised to love, honor and obey Otto H. Kalner, who made her his wife on Oct. 2, 1903, she had extracted from him a promise in an ante-nuptial contract to pay her $10,000 on their wedding day and a similar sum on each anniversary thereof. This fact was made public in a suit brought by the wife, who charged that her husband had failed to keep his promise, and demanded judgment against him, which was rendered in the sum of $20,620.

According to this complaint, the plaintiff had repeatedly asked her Otto to make good, but having won her hand, he had kept his own firmly fixed in his money pocket. Kalner has an office at 63 Wall street, where the papers in the case were served upon him April 14 last. He failed to put in an answer to the suit. No defense was offered by him in court. Judgment was rendered by default.

WOMAN SEEKS DAMAGES

Because Her Neighbor Called Her Ugly Names.

Waukegan, Ill., May 10.—Mrs. Minnie Hall of Lake Forest asks $5,000 of Mrs. Margaret Collins because, she alleges, Mrs. Hall slandered her by calling her a thief, a liar and other things, which so ran down her character that she must have reparation.

The claim for damages will be heard in the circuit court, as Mrs. Hall has filed a bill for the above amount through her attorney, E. V. Orris of Waukegan. Only the praecipe was filed, but inquiry shows on what grounds the damages are asked.

The two women are well known in Lake Forest, and the suit is said to be the result of a long family feud. However, the neighbors of the two families did not look for such radical action on the part of Mrs. Hall, and the filing of the suit has caused a sensation.

RAID FOLLOWED.

Sleeping Tramps Disturbed Rest of Police Officers.

Chicago, May 10.—Aroused from their morning nap by the snoring of several tramps, who were sleeping in the basement of the stock yards police station, Sergeant Michael Delaney and Detectives Fogerty and Sanstrom raided the basement yesterday morning and drove the tramps, of whom there were about twenty-five, into the streets.

Eight of the "regulars," who have used the basement of the station as a lodging house for several years, objected to being ousted by the police, and were so obdurate in claiming what they insisted was their right to sleep there, that they were arrested on charges of disorderly conduct. They were fined $5 each and sent to the Bridewell. Of the eight men arrested, six were more than 70 years old, one was 68 and the other 52.

AGED WOMAN

Has Waited Forty-Two Years For Fiance.

Asheville, N. C., May 10.—"Aunt Minty" Byers, 59 years old, now recovered from a short illness, can be seen again sitting on the doorstep in her mountain cabin at Sandy Mush, in the mountains of Western North Carolina, waiting for the return of Jacob Munhall, to whom she was engaged when a girl 17.

For forty-two years she has sat every day in the doorway of her home and waited for Jacob to return from the war. He was reported "missing," and the girl, now grown to a white-haired old woman, has never given up hope that "he will come back."

ILLINOIS BILL

Breaks Agreement Between Coal Operators and Miners.

Springfield, Ill., May 10.—A meeting of the Illinois Coal Operators' association will be held here to discuss the shot-firers' bill. It is possible that a general shut-down of the state's mines will follow. Chairman Justi of the association said:

"This bill will make a radical change in the mining conditions of Illinois. Under our agreement with the mine workers, men are to shoot and load coal, while the bill will compel operators to employ special men to do the firing. By insisting on the passage of the measure, the miners have violated their agreement with the operators. That is to say, they have made it impossible for the terms of the agreement to be carried out.

"Many of the operators are in favor of abrogating contracts. A general strike may result."

BUY PINE IN SOUTH.

Big Louisiana Tract Is to Be Developed.

Minneapolis, May 10.—M. J. Scanlon, D. L. Brooks, A. S. Brooks and H. E. Gipson of this city are parties to a deal which will make them heavy operators in southern pine. They have been factors in the white pine field for some time, associated together in the Scanlon-Gipson Lumber company and the Brooks-Scanlon Lumber company.

In addition to timber holdings in the Bahamas and in Florida, they have just purchased 50,000 acres of timber land near Amite, La., seventy-five miles north of New Orleans. This land is covered with 600,000,000 feet of long-leaf yellow pine. The purchase price was $1,000,000. F. J. Steinmetz, an old employe of the purchasing company, is now on the ground closing further purchases of small adjoining tracts and superintending a survey started for a logging railroad into the timber.

The company will build twenty miles of railroad, leading to Amite, where a mill with a capacity to saw 75,000,000 a year is to be built. This mill, with the logging road and other improvements, will represent an outlay of $500,000 in addition to the purchase price of the 50,000 acres.

RESCUED A SHEEP

From Death and It Fatally Butted Him.

Philadelphia, May 10.—John Nugent, Jr., 19 years old, at work on the street, saw a sheep run in front of a trolley car. Nugent ran to its rescue and dragged the creature from the track. Then it turned and angrily charged its benefactor. Nugent was taken off his feet at the first onslaught. The sheep butted him about the street. Then several men drove the animal away, and Nugent was picked up and taken to a hospital, where it was found that his skull had been fractured.

THREE HOURS SENTENCE

Passed on Man Who Fenced Government Land.

Helena, Mont., May 10.—Because he obeyed the request of Dr. Ramsey of the federal sanitation inspection bureau, and yet violated the laws, Judge Hunt in the United States court, has sentenced John C. Bain, manager of the Valley County ranch property, to jail for three hours and fined him $100. The fine was paid but Bain was only constructively in jail, spending the time in the custody of the marshal. Bain was arrested on the charge of fencing in government lands. He admitted the charge but explained the purpose as securing a place of isolation for cattle being treated for mange, and added that Ramsey had requested him to keep the cattle confined there until June.

MOTION FOR NEW TRIAL

In Gardner Case Argued Before Judge Spooner.

Bemidji, Minn., May 10.—A motion for a new trial in the case of Joseph Gardner, convicted of murder in the second degree at the December term of district court at Grand Rapids, and sentenced to life imprisonment for the killing of William Garrison, was before Judge Spooner yesterday, and arguments of the state and defendant attorneys were heard.

Four attorneys appeared in the case. The state was represented by County Attorney George H. Spear of Grand Rapids, and the defendant by Judge W. M. Steele of Superior, Wis., and C. C. McCarthy and F. F. Price of Grand Rapids.

The motion occupied the attention of Judge Spooner during the entire day. It is expected his decision will be handed down in a few days. If adverse to Gardner, his attorneys will appeal to the supreme court.

SECRETARY HITCHCOCK

About to Revive the Old Chippewa Commission.

Washington, May 10.—It is understood that Secretary Hitchcock will soon avail himself of the privilege of reappointing the Chippewa commission in Minnesota for the purpose of winding up the allotments of Indian lands.

Under a provision of the last Indian appropriation bill, the secretary may name commissioners to allot lands, and there is money appropriated to pay them.

Former Congressman D. S. Hall, the old Chippewa commissioner, was never separated from the service, according to his contention, but work was simply suspended.

It is not known whether he is to renew work or whether it will devolve upon Agent Simon Michelet, at White Earth, who has recently been ordered to report on the status of Chippewa allotments.

SENATOR DOLLIVER

Roughly Handled By Strike Crowd In Chicago.

Washington, May 10.—Senator Dolliver, of Iowa, was roughly handled during his recent visit to Chicago, and is hobbling about covered with many bruises. According to the senator, while in Chicago he became engulfed in a strike crowd, and narrowly escaped being trodden down. He finally extricated himself from the crowd, after being severely jolted and bruised, and hastily departed for the East.

WANTED—TEAMSTERS

White men only, willing and competent to drive a wagon, to take places of men on strike. Good pay. Permanent position.

Legal and physical protection to all that prove capable and effiicient will be guaranteed.

Transportation refunded if applicant is competent and furnishes good references.

Employment Bureau of the Employers' Association of Chicago, 105 Adams St., between Clark and Dearborn Sts., Chicago.—

Open daily from 9 A. M. to 6 P. M.

EMPRESS PROGRESSIVE.

Has No Sympathy With Grand Ducal Policy.

Moscow, May 10.—The friends of the Dowager Empress of Russia fear that she has been put at the head of the list of those who have been condemned to death by the Russian anarchists. It is said that the only reason for this action is found in the fact that she is a warm personal friend and admirer of the most reactionary of the reactionaries, Pobiedonosteff, the procurator of the holy synod. The admirers and intimate friends of the dowager empress explain that her position in this particular is unique. She detests the policy of the procurator of the holy synod, but admires his excellent personal qualities—which are admitted by all who know him.

On the other hand, her majesty is one of the most pronounced friends of the progressive movement in all Russia. She has no sympathy with the policy of repression, and many times she has showed her antagonism to the policy of the late M. Plehve, which cost that minister his life. She is said to have induced the emperor to select the liberal-minded Prince Mirsky to succeed him. When the prince was forced to resign by the power of reaction she expressed the opinion that it was only along these lines that salvation for Russia could be found. When the Russification of Finland commenced, she openly took sides with the Finns, defending their political rights in the most pronounced fashion.

The assassination of the Dowager Empress of Russia by the terrorists would, it is believed, put an end to any possible reforms in Russia for many years to come, since it would be reasoned that if a liberal progressive person was not safe, nothing could be gained by conceding any points to the reform forces.

SUMMONS ON APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION OF LAND—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Lizzie Murray Ledyard, applicant to have registered the land situated in the County of St. Louis and State of Minnesota and described as follows:

Lot two hundred thirty-six (236), in Block thirty-one (31), Duluth Proper, Second Division, according to the recorded plat thereof,

Plaintiff,

vs.

L. B. Harley, Sarah B. Hurley, B. F. Myers, and all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the application herein,

Defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the above-named defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the application of the applicant plaintiff in the above entitled application for registration and to file a copy of your answer to the said application in the office of the clerk of said court, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said application within the time aforesaid, the applicant plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the application herein.

Witness, J. P. Johnson, clerk of said court, and the seal thereof, at Duluth, in said county, this 21st day of April, A. D. 1905.

J. P. JOHNSON, Clerk.
By V. A. Dash, Deputy.

(Seal of District Court, St Louis County, Minn.)

Duluth Evening Herald—April 26, May 3-10.

SHERIFF'S EXECUTION SALE—

Under and by virtue of an Execution issued out of and from the office of the District Court of the State of Minnesota, in and for the Eleventh Judicial District, and County of St. Louis, on the 11th day of April, 1905, upon a judgment rendered and docketed in said court and county in an action therein, wherein Mathias Lee was plaintiff, and John Schanke was defendant, in favor of said plaintiff and against said defendant for the sum of four hundred two and 05-100 ($402 05-100) dollars, and 70 cents increased costs, which said execution has to me, as sheriff of said St. Louis County, been duly directed and delivered, I have levied upon and will sell at public auction to the highest cash bidder, at the front door of the District Courthouse, in the City of Duluth, in said County of St. Louis, on Monday, the 29th day of May, 1905, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, all the right, title and interest that the above named judgment debtor had in and to the real estate hereinafter described on the 11th day of April, 1905, that being the date of rendition of said judgment, or any interest therein which said judgment, debtor may have since that day acquired. The description of the property being as follows, to-wit:

Southwest quarter of northeast quarter and east one-half of northwest quarter and northwest quarter of northwest quarter of section twenty-seven (27), in township sixty-two (62) range sixteen (16) west of the 4th P. M.; in St. Louis County, Minnesota, according to the U. S. Government survey thereof.

Dated Duluth, Minn., April 11th, 1905.

WM. J. BATES,
Sheriff St. Louis County, Minn.
By S. L. PIERCE,
Deputy.

W. G. BONHAM,
Attorney for Judgment Creditor.
Duluth Evening Herald—April 12-19-26, May 3-10-17.

Every Woman
is interested and should know about the wonderful
MARVEL Whirling Spray
The new Vaginal Syringe. Injection and Suction. Best—Safest—Most Convenient. It cleanses instantly.

Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. MARVEL CO., 44 E. 23d ST., NEW YORK.

BROU'S INJECTION
CURES GONORRHOEA AND GLEET WITHOUT OTHER TREATMENT.
Sold by all Druggists.

WOMEN FEMALE BEANS great monthly regulator; strongest, best, safest; contain Ergot, Tansy, Pennyroyal; not a single failure; longest, most obstinate cases relieved in a few days; $2.00—at S. F. BOYCE, Druggist, 335 Superior St. Duluth, Minn

Cook's Exodus needn't bring chaos—not if you advertise quickly

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

SHOPPING BY TELEPHONE

	Old Phone	New Phone
MEAT MARKETS—		
B. J. Toben	22	22
Mork Bros.	677-M	189
LAUNDRIES—		
Yale Laundry	479	479
Lules' Laundry	447	447
DRUGGISTS—		
Boyce	163	163
COAL AND FUEL—		
Ohio Coal Co.	76	76
Finch Fuel Co.	1291	1291
Upham Coal Co.	256	485
FUNERAL DESIGNS—		
Victor Huot	633-R	1370
FLORISTS—		
Seekins & Le Berious	1356	1626
BAKERIES—		
The Bon Ton		1166
SEWING MACHINES—		
ELECTRICAL CONTRACTING—		
Mutual Electric Co.	496	496
RUBBER STAMP WORKS—		
Cons. Stamp & Prtg. Co	702-K	755
FRENCH CLEANING—		
La Rose Dye Works	633-K	1191
PLUMBING AND HEATING—		
McGurin Plumbing & Heating Co.		315
ICE CREAM—		
Aerial Ice Cream Co.	469-M	1240-Y
DYE WORKS—		
Northwestern Dyeing & Cleaning Co.	285-M	1516

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—FOUR-ROOM HOUSE AT 725 East Second street. Enquire Bloom & Co., 102 West First street.

FOR RENT—NINE-ROOM HOUSE, 529 West Second street. Inquire Stryker, Manley & Buck.

FOR RENT—EIGHT-ROOM, MODERN house, on Second avenue west. Interstate Land & Investment Co., Providence building.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED COTTAGE, on Park Point. Inquire 616 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT — SEVEN-ROOM, BRICK dwelling, thoroughly modern; hot water heat, etc., East end. G. G. Dickerman & Co., Alworth building.

FOR RENT—SIX-ROOM HOUSE — MODern conveniences. Apply 814 East Third.

FOR RENT—COTTAGE ON BAY SIDE close to pavilion, Park Point. Old 'phone 1224-K.

FOR RENT — EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE, all modern conveniences, good location, $20 per month. C. H. Graves & Co., No. 102 Torrey bldg., Duluth, Minn.

$2,250—EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE CENTRALly located, near Fourth avenue west. Water, sewer, bath. Terms agreeable. J. W. Shellenberger, 706 Palladio Bldg.

FOR RENT — NINE-ROOM HOUSE IN Park Terrace. Water and heat, $50 per month. 206 Lyceum.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

THREE ROOMS, FURNISHED FOR housekeeping, 205 West Third street, $17. Inquire Hotel West.

SEVEN-ROOM APARTMENTS IN Dacey flats; strictly modern. Inquire of janitor, 1002 East Third street, or Bell 'phone 423.

FOUR ROOMS, INCLUDING WATER—20½ East Fourth street.

FOR UP-TO-DATE FLATS AND houses see W. W. Allen, West end.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM FLAT, BATH, electric light. 115 West Second street.

FOR RENT — SEVEN-ROOM FLAT, No. 625 East Third street; water and bath, $25.00 per month. Address 120 East Superior street.

FOR RENT — FIVE-ROOM FLAT, 312 South Nineteenth avenue east; also 5-room flat, 328 East First street. N. J. Upham Co.

FOR RENT — SIX-ROOM FLAT IN Park terrace; water and heat, $40 per month. 205 Lyceum.

FOR RENT—FOUR-ROOM FLAT. 2016 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—FINE SIX-ROOM BRICK flat, warm and cozy, central, all hardwood floors. Thomas W. Wahl Co., 201 Exchange building.

FLAT IN ASHTABULA TERRACE. Inquire 202 Lonsdale building.

MEDICAL.

LADIES ONLY—DR. LE DUE'S GENUINE French Female Regulator from Paris. Three packages are positively warranted to cure the most stubborn cases of monthly stoppages, irregularities, obstructions and suppressions brought on from whatever pathological or abnormal cause, or return money. $2 a package or 3 for $5. Send money to nearest druggist. He will deliver you the relieving remedy at your residence, prepaid, in plain wrapper. Don't waste time and money trying other or cheaper remedies; haste is important. Drug trade supplied by jobbers.

FOR WOMEN ONLY—DR. RAYMOND'S Pills, for delayed periods, absolutely reliable, perfectly safe. No danger, no pain, no interference with work. Relief brought to thousands after everything else failed. Highly recommended by all that have used them. By mail $2.00. Dr. R. G. Raymond Remedy Co., Room 27, 81 Adams street, Chicago, Ill.

LADIES—Dr. La Franco's Compound; safe speedy regulator, 25c, druggists or mail. Booklet free. Dr. La Franco, Phila. Pa.

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE—WE REPRESENT SEVen strong companies. Let us write your insurance. Wm. C. Sargent & Co., 105 Providence Bldg.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST COMpanies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

LEADING MUSIC STORE.

MUSIC and musical merchandise of every description. Edison phonographs and orchestra instruments, pianos and organs. INGVALD WESTGAARD, 7 and 9 First Avenue West.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR, Burrows bldg. Best work. Moderate prices.

CLOTHES BOUGHT.

I BUY all kinds of old clothing; highest prices. G. Shapiro, 721 W. Superior St. Zenith 1582-X.

JOE POPKIN,

THE TAILOR, HAS MOVED OVER Gidding's. Suits pressed, 50 cents; pants, 15 cents.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE.
REAL ESTATE.
$250 will buy Park Point lots; $300 for better ones. I can build you a home. Come and see me.
W. F. LEGGETT,
507 Burrows Building.

AN EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE NEAR Lincoln Park. In good repair. Complete plumbing, electric lights, No. 1 hardwood floors over entire house, with exception of one room. Lot 33 1-3x140 ft. All street improvements paid. Price $2,700. Enquire of S. Morterud, 1931 West Superior street, or at residence, 429 Twenty-sixth avenue west.

FOR SALE—NINE-ROOM HOUSE. 905 West Fourth street.

FOR SALE — FOUR-ROOM COTTAGE and choice lot, near La Fayette Square, Park Point—$800. Wm. C. Sargent & Co., 106 Providence Building.

FOR SALE OR RENT — GOOD 6-ROOM house, 1819 Dingwall street. Apply Charles Schiller, 326 West Superior St.

FOR SALE — FIVE ACRES, ALL cleared and fenced, good house, well and cellar, 700 feet from school and postoffice. F. Frantz, Arnold, Minn.

FOR SALE—FIVE AND TEN-ACRE tracts, close to street car. Easy payments. Send us your address and we will call and see you. W. M. Prindle & Co., 2 Lonsdale building.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Zenith, 936. Duluth Tel. 759-R

MONEY TO LOAN!
WESTERN LOAN CO.,
Pioneers in the Business. 521 Manhattan Bldg. Courteous Treatment to All.
MANAGED BY MEN!

$20 to $1,000 on horses, cattle, wagons, pianos, household goods. Salaried people with steady employment can borrow on their plain note. Lowest rates and best terms in the Northwest. No charge for taking application. Everything absolutely confidential.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC.
We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $100. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms, on their plain note, without mortgage, endorsers or publicity. Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.
MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY,
205 Palladio Building.
Phones—New, 883; Old, 636-M.

THE BEST PLACE TO MAKE A SALARY LOAN.
Because: Offices are private.
Because: We loan on personal notes.
Because: All dealings are confidential.
Because: We give actual rebate.
Because: Open Wed. and Sat. evenings.
Because: We give the easiest terms.
Because: We are the
DULUTH FINANCE CO.,
301 Palladio Building.

MONEY TO LOAN. ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, diamonds, furs, etc., and all goods of value from $1 to $1,000. We hold all goods one year, even if interest is not paid. The only recognized, reputable pawnsbroker. Established 1887 Keystone Loan and Mercantile Co., 16 West Superior street. Zenith phone 1680-X.

UNION LOAN CO.—Makes loans' buys notes and mortgages. 210 Palladio.

MONEY SUPPLIED TO SALARIED people and others upon their own names, without security; easy payments. Offices in 51 principal cities. Tolman, 609 Palladio building.

Money to Loan on Watches, Diamonds, Furs, Guns and all articles of value. We have two large fire and burglar proof safes. All business strictly confidential. The only up-to-date and reliable place in the city to transact your business. Give us a trial. Crescent Brokers, 413½ West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE security in sums from $300 up. Any amount—no delay—all privileges—5, 5½, 6 per cent. Let us know what you need. William C. Sargent & Co., 106 Providence building.

FOR SALE—HORSES.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN, Midway Horse Market, St. Paul, have the largest assortment of horses in the entire Northwest. Auction every Wednesday at 2 o'clock. Private sales daily. Part time given.

CRUSHED OATS
CRUSHED OATS
Is the best feed for your horse. It gives him more strength than other feeds. Maginnis Grain and Feed company, foot of Third avenue east. New 'phone, 600; old 'phone, 1154-M.

DRIVING HORSE, HARNESS AND two-seated buggy at a bargain if taken at once. C 74 Herald.

FOR SALE — ACCLIMATED, FINE draft and general purpose horses; 10 to 100 head always on hand. Stone-Ordean-Wells company.

FOR SALE—COWS.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD FRESH MILCH cows. Will sell or exchange for fat cattle. E. Carlson, Twenty-second avenue west and Twelfth street. Zenith 1654-D.

COW FOR SALE—JERSEY. 2 YEARS old, fresh about May 10th. Will P. Hicken, 4627 Cooke street, Lakeside.

S. M. KANER WILL ARRIVE WITH a carload of fresh milch cows Wednesday, May 10. Some full-blooded Jerseys in the lot. 1216 East Seventh street. Zenith phone 1387.

A CARLOAD OF FRESH MILCH COWS just arrived, will exchange for fat cattle. 521 Fourth Ave. E. L. Polinsky.

Cows—74th Ave. W., bay front. A. Smith.

TYPEWRITERS.

MINIMUM OF REPAIRS, MAXIMUM of sales; they go together with the Remington. Remington Typewriter Co., New York and everywhere.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSEN, GRADUATE MIDwife; female complaints. 413 Seventh avenue east. Old 'phone 865; Zenith 1225.

A SNAP.

$1,200.000 TAKES A GOOD EIGHT-ROOM house on corner of Seventh street and Twenty-fifth avenue west; $675 cash, balance to suit. Look this up. J. A. Stephenson, 104 Providence building.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE — SHAFTING, HANGERS, pulleys. Seipel & Huntley, printers, 220 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—BRICK HOUSE AT LAKEside, six rooms, with bath and toilet; stone foundation; price $2,300; only $1,100 cash. Inquire of owner, No. 5725 Oneida street.

FOR SALE — PRACTICALLY BRAND new Smith-Premier typewriter. Reasonable for cash. O 26, Herald.

BARGAIN—$400 CASH TAKES COMplete rooming house on Superior street; fine location for man and wife. C 95, Herald.

FOR SALE, CHEAP—1904 CYPHERS INcubator; capacity 220. Address O 35, Herald.

FOR SALE—SECOND-HAND BUGGY—cheap. 114-116 West Superior street.

FISHING TACKLE, BICYCLE SUNdries and baseball goods. Prices to meet all kinds of competition. J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

FOR SALE CHEAP—MESABA STEEL Range in first-class condition with water front. Call 519 Fourth avenue east.

FOR RENT! FOR RENT!
FOR RENT! FOR RENT!
FOR RENT! FOR RENT!
FOR RENT! FOR RENT!

Store room No. 511 West Superior street. Fixtures for sale, consisting of a nice safe, shelving, show cases, mirrors, and a fine $75 desk.

PALACE JEWELRY CO.,
324 West Superior St.

SMALL BARBER SHOP, WITH BATH rooms; old stand; parties leaving city. Bargain for cash. X 21, Herald.

FISCHER PIANOS.
FISCHER PIANOS.
HOWARD, FARWELL & CO., Hunter block, 29 West Superior St. W. J. Allen, Local Manager. EXPERT PIANO TUNING.

FOR SALE—CONTRACT NO. 171 IN THE U. S. Installment Realty company. O 86, Herald.

FINE UPRIGHT PIANO, USED FOUR months, cost $325; if taken immediately will sell for $125. 219 Lowell building.

TWO LAUNCH ENGINES, THREE AND four horse power, dirt cheap. Call or address cabin rear Camp Calumet, Twenty-first street. W. W. Nelson, Park Point.

FOR SALE—BICYCLE FOR LADY. IN perfect repair. Sell cheap. Call 517½ West Second street.

FIRST-CLASS CIGAR STORE OR stand for cash. Address C 72, Herald.

FOR SALE — STOVES, CARPETS, dressers, commodes, tables, chairs, iron beds complete, very cheap. 505 East Second street.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, SMITH-PREMIER typewriter in first-class condition. 223 Manhattan building.

FOR SALE—CLOUQUET STEAM LAUNdry. No other power laundry in city. Population 6,000, with 2,000 in surrounding territory. Largest lumber cut capacity in the world. Three trunk line railroads. Apply Charles Edmondson, Cloquet, Carlton county, Minn.

FOR SALE—PNEUMATIC TIRE BUGGY in good condition. Call A. W. Gaspar, care of Gray-Tallant.

FOR SALE—ONE 10-FOOT PANELED counter. L. C. Coffin & Co., Park Point.

FOR SALE—CONFECTIONERY, CIGAR store and ice cream parlor. C 94, Herald.

FOR SALE—HACK, IN FINE CONDITION, easy payments if desired. Call or write, 206 Palladio building.

FOR SALE—EIGHT-ROOM DWELLING, all modern conveniences, on Superior street, east of Fourteenth avenue East. Inquire at 302 First National Bank building.

LANDS FOR SALE.

HARDWOOD TIMBER LANDS NEAR Duluth in tracts of 40 to 160 acres, for sale at prices so low that the timber cut into cordwood will pay for the land and timber both. Easy terms. Guaranty Farm Land Co., 416 Lyceum.

ACRES IN LARGE AND SMALL tracts for gardens, poultry or stock, in all parts of St. Louis county; some very desirable five and ten-acre pieces in valley of Lester, two or three miles from Pavilion. Wm. C. Sargent & Co., 106 Providence Bldg.

400 ACRES IN ST. LOUIS COUNTY AT $1.25 per acre. Timber sold, but no taxes for owner of land to pay until timber is removed. One half of mineral rights goes with land. Lands at this price are an absolutely safe investment. Guaranty Farm Land Co., 416 Lyceum.

SEVERAL SMALL TRACTS OF LAND located on lakes in St. Louis county, and desirable for summer homes, and for hunting and fishing. Some have good comfortable buildings. Prices $3 to $5 per acre. Guaranty Farm Land Co., 416 Lyceum.

160 ACRE FARM FOR $1,000. HOUSE 16x28 with 10x12 addition. Barn 16x18 with hay loft. Another barn 20x23. 32-foot well of fine water. Only 40 rods from railroad. School half a mile. Nine miles from city limits on good road. There is over 2,000 cords of hardwood which alone is worth twice what is asked for the whole property. Title perfect. Easy terms. Guaranty Farm Land Co., 416 Lyceum.

IMPROVED FARMS OF 40 TO 160 acres in St. Louis, Carlton and Douglas counties for sale at low prices and on easy terms. Guaranty Farm Land Co., 416 Lyceum Building.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. HENLEY—PRIVATE HOSPITAL for women. 304 St. Croix avenue.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

I WANT THE EXCLUSIVE HANDLING for six months of from 50 to 200 cheap lots south of the Missabe railroad in West Duluth. If you have them to sell at one-tenth cash, balance in twelve monthly payments at 6 per cent, I can sell them. Write and I will submit proposition. Address "Non-resident," Herald.

CASH FOR YOUR REAL ESTATE OR business no matter where located. If you desire a quick sale send us description and price. Northwestern Business Agency, 313 X. Bank of Commerce Building, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED—TO RENT.

LOCATION FOR CIGAR STORE; MUST be on Superior street, between Fifth avenue west and Second avenue east. Address C 71, Herald.

No advertisement less than 15 cents. No advertisement less than 15 cents.

A Herald Want Ad is a time-saver used by won't-wait people who "never put off till tomorrow"—TELL IT TO PHONE 324.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED room, steam heat; both gas and telephone; board if desired. 921 East First street.

FOR RENT—FOUR PLEASANT ROOMS, $7. 4701 Dodge street, Lakeside.

FURNISHED ROOMS AT 117 WEST First street.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED rooms; day, week or month; central location; rates reasonable. 207 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—A SUITE OF TWO ROOMS at 7 West Superior street, suitable for office purposes. C. P. Craig & Co., 220 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOMS, $10 PER month. 1112 West Third street.

FOR RENT—THREE UNFURNISHED rooms, $4 per month. 1004 West Superior street.

TWO UNFURNISHED ROOMS FOR light housekeeping. 420 Sixth avenue west.

FOR RENT — THREE BASEMENT rooms. 22 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED rooms, all modern conveniences. 704 West Second street.

FURNISHED ROOM, 232 MESABA AVE.

Other Wants On Page 13

TWO FURNISHED ROOMS FOR TWO gentlemen, modern. 807 E. First street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, MODern, for gentlemen. 16 West First street.

FURNISHED ROOMS FOR HOUSEkeeping. 426 First avenue west.

FOR RENT—THREE ROOMS WITH bath. Inquire 409 South Nineteenth avenue east.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS, 8 Mason Flats.

FOR RENT—ONE LARGE FURNISHED or unfurnished room, 708 East First street.

FOR RENT—NINE LARGE FURNISHED or unfurnished rooms, 708 East First street.

FIVE ROOMS FOR RENT, 309 WEST First street.

FOR RENT—ROOMS, 110 FIRST AVEnue west.

FURNISHED ROOMS WITH OR WITHout board, at 113 Second avenue east.

FURNISHED ROOM FOR RENT. 10 Mason flats.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED front room. 229 Fifth avenue west.

FOR RENT—TWO PLEASANT ROOMS, furnished complete for housekeeping. Call 710 West Second street.

NICELY FURNISHED FRONT ROOM, all modern, for one or two gentlemen, 224 Third avenue east.

FURNISHED ROOMS FOR RENT. 320 West Third street.

ONE DESIRABLE FURNISHED ROOM, modern conveniences; gentleman preferred. 707 West Second street.

YOUNG MEN SEEKING PLEASANT homes should consult boarding house register at Y. M. C. A.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED AND UNfurnished steam-heated rooms. 218 West Superior street.

A LARGE FURNISHED ROOM, 217 Second avenue east.

FOR RENT — OFFICES, MESABA building. Julius D. Howard & Co.

WANTED TO BUY.

WANTED TO BUY—CASH REGISTER; must be cheap for cash. Write to C. G., Herald.

GOOD SECOND-HAND FARM WAGON. State condition and price. C 75 Herald.

WANTED AT ONCE — DELIVERY horse. Apply Beck's market, 230 West Second street.

WANTED TO BUY — ONE DOUBLE flat-top office desk and chairs; must be in good condition. E. A. Lindgren, 430 West Superior street.

WANTED TO BUY—TEN-FOOT OAK counter; must be in good condition. E. A. Lindgren, 430 West Superior street.

HIGHEST CASH PRICES PAID FOR men's and women's clothing. Abe Winer, 802 West Superior street. Zenith 1646.

STENOGRAPHER.

STENOGRAPHY AND BOOKKEEPING taught. 31 Twenty-fifth avenue west, corner First street.

DENTISTRY.

TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN. Duluth Dental Parlors, 3 West Superior street.

No advertisemetn less than 15 cents.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

COOK, DISHWASHERS, WAITRESSES, laundresses, general housework and nurse girl. Somer's Emp., 17 2nd Ave. E.

WANTED — LADIES TO SEND US their old carpets to be made into fluff rugs. For particulars write the R. Abt Co., rug weavers, 139 South Halstead street, Chicago, Ill.

LADIES TO KNOW THAT THE BEST millinery at the lowest prices can only be had at Brandt's, 114 West Fourth street.

WANTED—GIRL TO WORK IN KITCHen at the Midland hotel.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED LAUNDRY girls. Acme laundry.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework. 909 East Fourth street.

WANTED — A COMPETENT COOK, AT once. Mrs. J. B. Cotton, 1617 East First street.

COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; small family; good wages. 721 East Third street.

WANTED — SECOND COOK — GOOD wages; no Sunday work. Apply at once, 207 West Superior street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR HOUSE WORK. 1001 East Second street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 321 First avenue east.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 313 West Third street.

WANTED — COMPETENT SECOND girl; highest wages. Mrs. Clinton Markell, 219 Fourth avenue east.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED SALESlady and maker. Miss A. M. Seigne, 1406 York block, Superior.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. Mrs. H. V. Eva, Hunter's Park.

WANTED—GIRL TO HELP AT HOUSE work; one who can sleep home preferred. 521 West Second street.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. 1016 East First street.

COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENERAL housework at 1214 East Second street.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED CHOCOlate dipper in Boston Candy Kitchen, 307 West Superior street.

WANTED AT ONCE—SCANDINAVIAN lady clerk, over 20 years of age; must have experience and best of references. 16 East Superior street.

WANTED—DININGROOM GIRL AND girls to wait on table. California Restaurant, 620 West Superior street.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 1723 East Second street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. German preferred. 129 West Fourth street.

WANTED — CHAMBERMAID, FINlander preferred. Nicollet hotel.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Mrs. Hoff, 211 West Second street.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

WANTED — FOR U. S. ARMY — ABLEbodied, unmarried men, between ages of 18 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temeprate habits, who can speak, read and write English. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, Torrey building. Duluth, Minn.

WANTED — TWENTY TEAMS, $30 month; railroad work. Good until freezes up. Free fare one way. Western Labor and Supply Co., 427 West Michigan St.

MAN WANTED TO DO JANITOR work. Apply 1423 East Third street.

WANTED—PANTS AND VESTMAKER at No. 9 Twentieth avenue west. Karl J. Hagberg.

TWO WEEKS CANOE TRIP NORTH OF Ely without expense. Party of four will pay expenses of active young man who will do cooking. Must have had some camp experience. Start about May 18th. Apply by letter, with personal description, to W. 904 Chamber of Commerce, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED—BOY, MINNESOTA CIGAR Box factory, 30 First avenue west.

ONE EDGERMAN, $2.50; ONE SETTER, $2.50; one carriage rider, $2; three handy men to place counts for gang, $2 to $2.25; six laborers, $1.75. Western Labor and Supply company, 427 West Michigan street.

WANTED—ELEVATOR BOY. HOTEL McKay.

WANTED — SOLICITORS FOR CITY and county. No experience needed. Good pay. Call Room 18, Lenox hotel, between 9 and 12 a. m.

WANTED—SOLICITORS, EXPERIENCE unnecessary. No capital required. Good wages. Address V. C. Giebner, General Delivery, Duluth.

BOOKS OPENED, POSTED, AUDITED and closed. All business confidential. Thorough accountant. M., Herald.

WANTED — TINNERS TO STAY AWAY from Duluth until strike is settled. Ads to the contrary notwithstanding. By order of local union, No. 32.

WANTED—TWO COMPETENT SHOEmakers, steady work, good wages, at once. Gopher Shoe Repair Works.

WANTED — CARPENTERS TO STAY away from Pittsburg. Lockout still pending. By order of S. T. Skrove, Sec.

BARBER WANTED AT 2530 WEST SUperior street.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED COACHman; splendid position; good wages. Apply Dr. Magie, Lyceum building.

WANTED — IMMEDIATELY TWO first-class coatmakers. Permanent position. George H. Brenton.

WANTED—TWO EXPERIENCED MEN for greenhouse. Elschen Bros.

MEN TO LEARN BARBER TRADE. Splendid opportunity just now. Write for free illustrated catalouge. Moler Barber college, 221 Second avenue south, Minneapolis, Minn. Established 1888.

ARE YOU GETTING ALL YOU EARN? Getting tired of working for small pay? We can enable you to make at least $3 a day selling our celebrated household specialties on easy payments. Expreience and investment not necessary; city or country. Gately Supply company, 8 East Superior street.

WANTED—TWO GOOD COATMAKERS; steady work. Mies, Wolvin building.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

ANDERSON'S DETECTIVE AGENCY—B. F. Anderson, Mgr., 527 Manhattan building, Duluth. Zenith phone, 600; residence, 1213.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk Factor. 220 W. Superior St.

KNAUF'S METHO CREAM

CLEARS THE COMPLEXION. KNAUF Sisters' Hair Store.

SATIN TOILET SPECIALTIES.

Adhesive, invisible, harmless, Satin skin powder is made in 4 alluring tints. 25c.

BAND AND ORCHESTRA.

LA BROSSE BAND AND ORCHESTRA; residence, 430 Nineteenth avenue west. Phones, Zenith 1717-X; Duluth 678-R. Office with Lundberg & Stone, 221 West Superior street.

WATCH REPAIRING.

WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING done promptly and in a thorough manner. J. Gruesen, 31 West Superior St.

ENGLISH AND GERMAN BOOKS

OF ALL KINDS, FINE PICTURE framing. Gustav Hennecke, 211 East Superior street.

DRESSMAKING.

FASHIONABLE DRESSMAKING Charges reasonable. 1917 Dingwall street. Duluth phone 1034-L.

MADAME FERRIER—WORK AND FIT guaranteed first-class. Old phone 1400-L. 304 McDonnell block.

MINES AND MINING.

R. B. HIGBEE, GERMANIA LIFE building, St. Paul, Minn., dealer in iron lands.

IRON MINES, iron lands, iron leases and mining stock. O. A. Nafe, 407 Torrey.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

CHIROPRACTIC INSTITUTE.

DR. KONKLER CURES FEMALE DISeases. 314, 315 and 316 Burrows building. Zenith 'phone. Consultation free. We teach chiropractic.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEYER, 14 W. SUPERIOR ST.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings, first and third Monday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting May 15. Work—First degree. Guy A. Eaton, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

ICNIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, May 8, 1905. Work—Second degree. William D. Underhill, W. M.; H. S. Newell, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting May 10th, 1905. Work—P. M. and M. E. M. Degree. William A. McGonagle, H. P.; W. T. TenBrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY NO. 18, K. T. Stated conclave, first Tuesday of each month at 8 p. m. Special conclave May 16th, 8 p. m., at Masonic Temple, Lake avenue and Second street. Work—Red Cross. C. W. Wilson, Em. Com.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

SCOTTISH RITE.

Regular meetings every Thursday evening of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting, May 11th, 1905. Work—General business. Jerome E. Cooley, secretary.

K. O. T. M.

DULUTH TENT, NO. 1, MEETS EVERY Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. John F. Peterson, Com., 2617 West Third street; Charles J. Hector, finance keeper, 2 West First street; J. B. Gelineau, R. K., third floor Hunter bldg. Office hours, 10 a. m. to 1:30 p. m.

MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL, NO. 1, meets every Thursday, 8 p. m., in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. Next meeting May 11. Samaritan degree. F. A. Noble, G. S.; W. P. Welbanks, scribe; Thomas A. Gall, financial scribe.

A. O. U. W.

FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 105, meets in Hunter hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Lee Warner, M. W.; W. W. Fenstermacher, recorder; O. J. Murvold, financier, 8 East Seventh street.

A. O. U. W.

DULUTH LODGE, NO. 10, meets in Odd Fellows' hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. Geo. J. Sherman, M. W.; J. W. Stephenson, financier; A. E. Blake, recorder. Sick benefits meets 7:30 o'clock. A good time after meeting. All members come.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock sharp at 118 West Superior street. May 9 Work in the Third degree. G. E. Storms, C. C.; H. B. Young, K. R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.

DULUTH ARIE, NO. 79, MEETS every Thursday night, at 8 o'clock at Eagle hall, Folz building, 116 West Superior St. W. E. Brown, W. P.; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, 23 West Superior St. Apply to W. E. Brown, 417 West Superior street, for rental of hall.

M. W. A.

IMPERIAL CAMP, NO. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior St., first and third Mondays. Visiting members always welcome. F. B. Beaupre, V. C.; N. P. Turnbladt, banker; Robert Rankin, clerk.

I. O. F.

COURT COMMERCE, NO. 2283, Independent Order of Foresters, meets first and third Friday evening, at 8 o'clock at Kalamazoo hall. Next meeting, May 19, 1905. Initiations. R. J. Packard, C. R.; W. W. Hoopes, R. S.

CLAN STEWART, NO. 59, O. C. C.—meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at 8 p. m., in Folz hall, West Superior street. John Q. Ross, chief; Malcolm MacDonald, secretary; John Burnett, financial secretary, 10 Mason Flats. Next meeting, Wednesday, May 3.

ROYAL LEAGUE.

ZENITH COUNCIL—NO 101, Royal League, meets in Elks' hall, second and fourth Monday evenings at 8 o'clock. J. P. Hoffernan, archon; L. P. Murray, scribe. 1815 East Fifth street.

KNIGHTS OF THE LOYAL GUARD.—Subordinate Division, No. 132, meets first and third Wednesday evenings each month. Hall A, Kalamazoo block. E. F. Heller, Capt. Gen'l; H. V. Holmes, paymaster, 415 Fifteenth avenue east. Mrs. Mary P. Foster, recorder, 720 Third avenue east.

MODERN MACCABEES—Zenith City Tent No. 1044 meets every first and third Friday of the month at Hall B, Kalamazoo building. Commander, J. A. McCuen; record keeper, E. R. Gnifke; finance keeper, Wm. Blainey, address care of National Biscuit company.

U. A. O. D.

DULUTH GROVE NO. 40, meets the second and fourth Monday at Kalamazoo hall. F. G. Sandstedt, N. A.; M. Monson, financial secretary.

INTERNATIONAL BROTHERHOOD OF Teamsters, Local No. 411, meets at Manhattan Bldg., 412 West Superior street, room 204, second and fourth Monday of each month. A Beattie, president, 2809 West Helm street; J. M. Rock, recording secretary, 722 Garfield avenue; Archie McPherson, secretary-treasurer, 816½ East Fifth street.

LOANS WANTED.

IF YOU WANT THE LOWEST RATE and the best terms, I can satisfy you. John A. Stephenson. Ask for Frank E. Kennedy.

MERCHANT TAILOR.

SUITS PRESSED, 50c; PANTS, 15c. J. Oreckovsky, 10 Fourth avenue west.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MADAME BIAS, SPIRITUALIST MEDium, 1809 Eleventh St., Superior, Wis.

NOTICE.

FINE LINE OF LADIES', GENT'S AND children's shoes. You will get a perfect fit and save 25 cents on the dollar by buying at 229 East Superior street. Repairing while you wait. Soles, 50 cents. N. Nurick.

FLORIST.

EVERYTHING in plants, cut flowers, artistic designs. Seekins, 110 W. Sup. St.

ARCHITECTS.

FRANK L. YOUNG & CO., 201 Pal. Bldg.

AERIAL HOME BAKERY.

Fresh home baking. Mrs. Alice Shields, 332 E. Superior street. Old 'phone 1172-M.

BOSTON HAIR PARLORS.

FACIAL BLEMISHES, HAIR MOLES, warts removed by electricity. Shampooing, manicuring, hair switches. Miss Kelly, opp. Glass Block. Both 'phones.

MILLINERY.

UP-TO-DATE MILLINERY AT LOW prices. Miss Swenson, 106 West Superior street.

MILLINERY—Over Suffel's. HUMES.

MISS FITZPATRICK, 502 E. 4. Old 'phone

M. A. COX, 330 EAST FOURTH STREET.

PALMIST.

COME! COME! COME!
Madam DeVerna
Is going to leave. The LAST CHANCE TO SEE HER

For she will leave the city May 20th. Don't miss this chance, when she is gone you will regret that you did not avail yourself of her wonderful knowledge and advice. What she charged pennies for will be worth hundreds to you in the future. She is now located over the Bijou theater, 10 East Superior street. Hours: 9 to 12 a. m., 1 to 9 p. m. Her $1.00 Readings for 50 cents.

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED — AN AGENT IN EACH LOcality for "Men and Women" (Catholic magazine). O. 5, Herald.

BOARD OFFERED.

FINE SUITE FRONT ROOMS, WITH board; two gentlemen or married couple. 329 West Second street.

ROOM AND BOARD FOR TWO. 525 East Third street.

BOARD AND ROOM. 306 E. THIRD ST.

DESIRABLE SUITE OF ROOMS, WITH first-class board. 318 West Second St.

TWO NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS with board, bath, telephone and all modern conveniences. 9 Chester Terrace.

FURNISHED ROOMS AND BOARD. 218 West Third street.

14 Pages. **DULUTH EVENING HERALD.** 14 Pages.

TWENTY-THIRD YEAR. LAST EDITION. THURSDAY, MAY 11, 1905. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

TORNADO WIPES SNYDER, OKLA., OUT OF EXISTENCE; FRIGHTFUL RAILROAD ACCIDENT ON PENNA. ROAD

HUNDREDS OF LIVES LOST IN A TWINKLING

Bodies Scattered Over the Streets and Surrounding Country.

Not a Building Left Standing In Track of the Terrible Wind.

Guthrie, Okla., May 11.—Snyder, a thriving town of 1,000 persons, situated in the heart of the rich Kiowa farming country, which was thrown open to white settlement in 1901, was practically wiped out of existence by a tornado that struck that place last night.

Up to 10 o'clock today, no clear estimate of the casualties was obtainable owing to the confusion in the stricken town. A conservative estimate places the dead at between seventy-five and 100 persons, and the seriously injured at 150.

It is believed that a large number of the injured will die. In many cases whole families were killed.

Every house in the town, except six, are said to have been either badly wrecked or demolished, many of them being blown away entirely. The havoc wrought is most complete. The business portion is reported entirely destroyed.

St. Louis, May 11.—The following message has been received from the 'Frisco train dispatcher at Enid, 100 miles from Snyder, Okla., by the general offices here:

"The tornado struck Snyder at 8.45 last night. Twelve business houses and forty residences were destroyed. Seventy-five people are dead, fifty have been seriously injured and fifty more slightly injured. Roundhouse totally destroyed, eight cars blown form the track and upside down. Agent J. M. Egan is reported badly injured. Our relief train from Hobart arrived at Snyder at 3:20 a. m. and then went to Frederick after more doctors and assistance. They are now on the way back to Hobart for more doctors and undertakers, who reached Hobart on the Rock Island early this morning."

Oklahoma City, May 11.—A special from Hobart states that a train reached that place at 11:30 from Snyder. Seventy-five dead have been found, twenty-five are known to be fatally injured and from 100 to 150 seriously injured.

Fire broke out following the storm and entirely consumed one business block.

A partial list of the property losses is as follows:

Bank of Snyder, the Hilton hotel, Farmers & Merchants bank, the two-story Davis & Griffin block, the two-story building of Robert Pritchard, the Snyder hotel, the Hall street furniture store, stock and building; Snyder Hardware company, Stofer Hardware company, Joyce Grocery company, Davidson Grocery company, Snyder Gin company and the Burnett Gin company.

Up to 10:30 the only names of dead at Snyder obtainable were those of J. B. Ralston, and his 24 year old son, Elmer.

The mayors of Guthrie and some other Oklahoma towns have issued calls for mass meetings to formulate a system of relief for the injured and early in the day special trains bearing physicians, nurses clothing and provisions were started for Snyder.

At least one other town in Oklahoma, Quinlan, a small place in Woodward county, was struck by the tornado, and there it is known. Mrs. O. W. Cox and her two sons were killed.

Rumors that other towns were destroyed are not credited.

A special from Hobart at 12:15 places the dead up to that hour at Snyder at over 100 persons, 75 of whom were killed outright. Not a building in the town escaped damage, and seven-eights of the business buildings are a total loss. The injured number into the hundreds.

Guthrie, Okla., May 11.—Reports received here indicate that between 300 and 400 lives have been lost in the partial destruction of the town of Snyder, Okla., by a tornado.

Relief trains have been sent to the scene from a number of neighboring towns. Details of the disaster cannot be learned until some of these trains return, all telegraphic and telephonic communication with the stricken town having been interrupted. It is reported that bodies are scattered all over the streets and surrounding country. The storm struck the town from the southwest, traveling north until about one hundred yards from the Oklahoma City & Western railroad track. Then it took a northeasterly course through the business portion of the town. North of the track not a building was left standing. The first relief train, sent from Hobart, has arrived on the scene.

The news of the disaster was brought here by the station agent at Mountain Park, Kiowa county, a neighboring town of Snyder, who made a personal visit to Snyder, where he observed the details of the calamity.

The first news of the storm was received about midnight. Soon thereafter, before any details had been received, telegraph and telephone wires went down.

Immediately relief trains were ordered out from all available points, starting from Hobart, Chickasha, I. T., Guthrie, Oklahoma City and other towns. Every train carried doctors, nurses and many persons capable of rendering aid.

The first relief train, sent from Hobart, thirty-two miles north of Snyder, reached the stricken town just before daylight. Every one on board began at once the work of relief.

On every hand they found the wreckage and streets almost obliterated by piles of demolished houses. In all directions the terrible havoc of the storm was apparent. The dead and dying lay about the streets, in yards and mixed up with the wreckage, while those who had escaped ran hither and thither in excited attempts to bring order out of the terrible chaos, and to render what meager aid they might.

The storm was not confined to Snyder. On the way to Snyder dead and injured were passed by in the efforts of the rescuers to reach Snyder, where there was greater need of their services.

The first man to reach Snyder and return to a telegraph point was the station agent at Mountain Park, a neighboring town. He had walked into Snyder, reaching there at daylight, and after taking a hasty view of the situation and without gathering any exact details of the storm's effects, returned to Mountain Park.

This man reported the town partially destroyed, and asserted that the list of dead would reach somewhere between three and four hundred. The injured, he said, were to be seen everywhere and their number undoubtedly will reach into the hundreds.

While the tornado seems to have been widespread, rumors that other towns in Southwestern Oklahoma had been destroyed were declared by telephone exchanges to be incorrect. However, there was no question that much damage to property and loss to life had occurred in the outlying districts.

The same tornado struck Quinlan, in Woodward county, on the Santa Fe railroad, destroying several houses and at that point at least three persons, Mrs. O. W. Cox and her two sons, are known to have been killed. The tornado struck Snyder from the southwest, traveling north until within about 100 yards from the tracks of the Oklahoma City & Western track. There it took a northeasterly course through the business portion of the town. North of the track not a building was left standing.

Coming as it did, while most of the inhabitants were asleep, but few had any warning of their danger.

There was no possibility of securing a correct early estimate of the number of dead and injured. The number of dead was placed at anywhere between 70 and 300 at Snyder alone, while the injured were placed at between 100 and 500.

At 9:30 this morning indifferent telephone connection was established with Lawton. Lawton reported that the telephone wire between there and Snyder had worked at brief intervals, and that from snatches of conversation received the dead at Snyder were placed at between 70 and 100, with the injured at between 60 and 200. Lawton, however, stated that so much confusion existed at Snyder that it was impossible at that hour to give anything like a correct estimate of the casualties.

CONTROVERSY ON ICING CARS

"Michigan Fruit" Case Taken Up By Commerce Commission.

Chicago, May 11.—The interstate commerce commission yesterday began the hearing of evidence in the "Michigan fruit" case. A compromise offered by the Armour car lines to reduce the charge for icing cars in the Michigan fruit belt if the Chicago commission merchants would drop the investigation was rejected after a lengthy discussion.

What is conceded to be a severe blow to the Armour car lines was struck by A. D. Shaw, representing the Michigan Central railroad, when he announced that the Michigan Central would carry out the suggestions of the commission in every detail and would carry the Michigan fruit products and charge only the cost price for icing.

Rogers S. Powell, representing the Western Fruit Jobbers' association, announced that the jobbers insisted upon the publication of a rate per hundred pounds which would include icing charges. Mr. Shaw offered strenuous objections to the demands of the jobbers.

"The claim of the car lines," declared Frank Hagerman, one of the Armour representatives, arising to address the commission, "is that the commission has no jurisdiction in so far as dictating these rates and we ask that an order be entered immediately that we may have an opportunity of testing the case in the courts. This is without doubt the primary object anyway, of the complainants. I would say this, that if you think you have the power, make an order dictating the rate and we will then have an opportunity to test the case. Since our compromise has been defied, we are in a position to fight the case to the bitter end."

GOTTSCHALK SENTENCED TO DIE ON THE SCAFFOLD

Extreme Penalty Pronounced Upon Self-Confessed Murderer.

Passing of Sentence Does Not Seem to Affect Prisoner.

Governor Will Soon Fix the Date of His Execution.

St. Paul, May 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Neatly dressed, his hair slickly brushed, clean shaven, and with shoes polished, as if he was going to his wedding, Edward Gottschalk, the self-confessed double murderer of Christian Schindeldecker and his accomplice, Joseph Hartmann, received the sentence of death from Judge Lewis in the district court today with the stoicism of an Indian.

The court room, the spectators' galleries, the corridors, and even the street in front of the courthouse leading to the jail, a block away, were jammed with persons to see the murderer and hear his doom.

When Gottschalk was called before the bar and asked if he had anything to say before sentence was passed, he said:

"No, nothing, except that I ought to have justice; I have told the truth as well as I could."

His attorney then urged upon the court leniency, in view of the prisoner's statement that he had not committed both murders, but the court launched into his opinion, saying:

"The mere plea of guilty avails this defendant nothing. No exceptional circumstances appear in this case, save the revolting acts that reveal a most foul and revolting murder. The sentence of this court is that you shall be hanged by the neck until you are dead," concluded the court.

Gottschalk received the sentence with only a quiver of his eyes and was then led away to jail by the officers.

The crime for which Edward Gottschalk will hang, as soon as the governor, according to the Minnesota law, shall fix the day of execution, unless the pardon board extends clemency, was committed at 12 o'clock noon on Feb. 18, when, with Joseph Hartmann, Gottschalk went to the butcher shop of Christian H. Schindeldecker, 523 West Seventh street, for the purpose of robbery. Schindeldecker's body was shortly afterwards found in a back room of his market, literally hacked to pieces. One of his own cleavers had been used.

Within six days the police had traced the crime to Gottschalk and Hartmann. Gottschalk was arrested and much incriminatng evidence was found in his rooms. Hartmann disappeared and the police at once suspected Gottschalk of having disposed of his accomplice. On March 17, a month after the murder, the body of Hartmann was dragged from the bottom of the river Mississippi by the police near Pike island, where Gottschalk had a fishing hut. Gottschalk was charged with both crimes and pleaded not guilty on April 17. Last Monday he voluntarily changed his plea to guilty to the murder of Hartmann and said he was forced to kill him to save his own life. Under the law he is held guilty of both crimes.

When Gottschalk was arraigned, his brother, Albert, who is a foreman for the Interborough Rapid Transit company of New York, came here to aid him, but left for home a few weeks later. Gottschalk has a wife living in California and a brother in Seattle. His father is a druggist in Waverly, Iowa, where his mother is said to be dying from illness and a broken heart.

BRITT AND NELSON TO FIGHT THIS SUMMER.

San Francisco, May 11.—James E. Britt and Battling Nelson agreed last night to a match of twenty rounds before the Western Athletic club to take place either in July or August. The men are to weigh 133 pounds on the day of the match. Each man posted $2,500 and the club put up a like sum. The referee is to be agreed upon five days before the fight.

BIG SAVING TO FARMERS.

St. Paul, May 11.—It was announced by the state board of control today that when the new machinery recently installed in the binding twine plant at the state prison is in full operation, there will be an annual saving of $325,000 for farmers in the purchase of binding twine. It is announced that the state intends next year to manufacture approximately 13,000,000 pounds of twine, and the prices fixed by the estate are about 2½ cents lower than those to consumers as fixed by the so-called binding twine trust. This means an annual saving of about $325,000.

DEATH DUE TO DREAM.

Milville, N. J., May 11.—William Hand, a well known resident, died suddenly of a peculiar ailment. Last week while asleep Mr. Hand acted like a person having a horrible dream, but was not ill. He worked as usual. Last night he had a similar attack, and before morning he expired. The case baffled the attending physician, and it may have been that some frightful apparition produced heart failure.

UNION TEAMSTERS REFUSE TO OBSERVE BOYCOTTS ORDERED

A Break In the Ranks of the Strikers Occurs at Chicago.

Drivers of Feed Wagons Will Not Allow Horses to Starve.

Chicago, May 11.—A break in the ranks of the strikers today is alleged to have occurred in a refusal of the hay and feed drivers to observe the boycott. Deliveries are being made by union drivers to all the "Struck" firms.

The excuse on which this action is being taken is that humanity demands it. The feed drivers claim they do not wish to stand by and see the horses starve to death. It is declared by others, however, that this is merely a subterfuge to cover the real attitude of the drivers, who do not favor the strike and are anxious to go on with their work. The deliveries by the feed teamsters are being made in the face of an ultimatum given by their trade agent, to the employers, in which the said that any attempt to force the drivers to deliver to the "unfair" houses would be met by a strike. The deliveries were forced, but no strike was called. The union officials winked at the affair and said nothing.

Police protection was ordered sent today to the Hendricks public school, West Forty-third street and Shields avenue, in consequence of a "strike" of 700 pupils, who refused to go to school because non-union drivers for the Peabody Coal company had taken coal to the building.

The pupils gathered in the streets today, near the building, and discussed whether they should go back to their studies. Finally about half of them decided to return. Some who refused said they had heard rumors the building was to be set on fire. Others professed to believe that there was dynamite in the coal and that the school was to be blown up.

A number of additional union teamsters were laid off today because they refused to make deliveries to firms against whom a strike exists. Among employers taking this step was the James S. Kirk Company, soap manufacturers, and the National Furniture company. It was explained that the men laid off would probably be reinstated as soon as the deliveries had been made.

RUSSIAN WARSHIPS OFF COAST OF JAPAN

Believed They Are a Part of the Fleet From Vladivostok.

Tokio, May 11.—It is reported that two Russian warships from Vladivostok were off Aomori, in the north of Hondo, the main island of Japan, Tuesday.

FORMER LIEUTENANT

Of Japan Arrested on Suspicion of Being Spy.

Tokio, May 11.—Ex-Lieut. Iwasakia, formerly connected with the engineer department of the Japanese navy, has been arrested in connection with the charges which resulted in the arrest of A. E. Bougouin and his step son, F. Strange, as spies of the Russian government.

Iwashakia was dismissed from the navy and deprived of his rank in 1894 for alleged misconduct, and he has since been under police espionage.

The preliminary investigation of the charges against Bougouin and Strange is now proceeding, but the date for their arraignment and trial have not yet been decided.

Bougouin has for a long time been held in high esteem by the Japanese and he has been decorated by the emperor.

TO WITNESS SEA BATTLES.

Shanghai, May 11.—Baron Krieglstein, correspondent of the Lokal Anzeiger has purchased the coasting steamer Wei Change. She will be placed under French colors, with the intention of witnessing the expected battle between the Russian and Japanese fleets.

ENORMOUS IRON OUTPUT

Production For May Likely to Be Maximum For a While.

New York, May 11.—Returns from producers of anthracite and coke pig iron show, according to the Iron Age, that during April, a short month, the output was 1,922,041 gross tons, an increase over March when the produce was 1,936,264 tons in thirty-one days. An additional day in April would have carried the make to 1,986,000 tons.

May promises to have an even higher record since the month began with furnaces producing at the rate of 451,331 tons per week as compared with 439,564 tons on April first. This would indicate a May product of very close to 2,000,000 tons exclusive of charcoal iron.

A study of the situation at the works proves that this is sure to be the maximum for some time to come, since few new furnaces are due in the next few months, and since many producers are running at a rate which they cannot hope to maintain.

The most significant feature of the furnace report is, however, the fact that for the first time since August last, stocks in the hands of merchant furnaces show an increase. The increase was only 17,000 tons, but it is interpreted as an indication that the tide has turned.

The decision of the steel corporation not to buy any iron in the open market in May, the softening in prices in the South, to which district the accumulation of iron has been practically confined thus far, and disappointment over the fact that the general foundry trade has not developed as expected some months since, are all factors in the situation.

A project is under consideration at Pittsburg having for its object the control of the Bessemer and basic pig iron output of the merchant furnaces in the Mahoning and Shenango valley in order to keep this iron out of the hands of brokers. Southern makers of pig iron acknowledge that the market has declined to the $13.25 basis, Birmingham, and there is evidence that $13 has been done.

A moderate tonnage of structural material has been placed during the week, but there is some big work ahead.

The tone in the lighter lines is weaker, including wire, sheets, tin plate and tubes.

IMPRISONED EMPLOYER HAS BEEN RELEASED.

Limoges, France, May 11.—The proprietor of a shoe factory, who had been imprisoned in his plant here with his family, including four children, for several days by strikers, has been released. A large force of gendarmes went to the rescue and arrested a number of strikers. The family was escorted outside the town.

The strikers had placed beams across the doors, and only permitted small supplies of rations to be passed into the building, and they threatened to burn the factory unless their demands were met.

INDICTED FOR TIMBER STEALING.

St. Paul, May 11.—The first in what will probably be a series of prosecutions against alleged timber trespassers in the northern part of the state was announced yesterday by State Auditor S. G. Iverson. Mr. Iverson announced that D. L. Sugre had been indicted by the grand jury of Aitkin county on a criminal charge of stealing 40,000 feet of timber from state lands on section 16, township 51 and range 26 in Aitkin county. The timber was seized by state cruisers a month ago and sold for $7 per thousand.

SCORE OF LIVES LOST; MANY SEVERELY HURT

Fifty Thousand Pounds of Powder Caught Fire and Exploded.

Many of Victims Were Cremated In Their Berths While They Slept.

Harrisburg, May 11.—Twenty persons are believed to have been killed and approximately 100 injured by the wrecking of the Cleveland & Cincinnati express west bound on the Pennsylvania railroad, which dashed into a wrecked east-bound freight train, exploding a car filled with 50,000 pounds of blasting powder. The wreck occurred in the southern part of Harrisburg at 1:40 o'clock this morning. It was one of the most horrible disasters ever experienced by the Pennsylvania road on its main line. Several hours will elapse before the exact number of dead and injured will be known. Twelve of the dead are at the morgue and other bodies are being brought to the dead house as quickly as they are located.

There are about seventy injured persons in the Harrisburg hospital, hotels and private residences, while others are under care of physicians in houses near the scene of the wreck.

The identified dead up to 10 a. m. are:

JACK T. SILVERMAN, Philadelphia.

MRS. ROBERT G. DOUGHERTY, Philadelphia.

J. KULMAN, Altoona.

H. K. THOMAS, Parkersburg, Pa., engineer of passenger train.

VICTOR L. CRABBE, of Pittsburg, son-in-law of Robert Pitcairn, Pittsburg, assistant to President Cassatt of the Pennsylvania railroad, died at noon at Harrisburg hospital.

Norman Pitcairn, of Philadelphia, a relative of Mr. Crabbe arrived here at noon, but the latter was dying and he could not see him.

H. S. WATSON of Clearfield died at noon.

J. E. PHILLIPS of Pittsburg died at noon.

The child of an unknown Austrian woman, died shortly after noon.

Among the injured were Mr. and Mrs. Tindell, the latter a daughter of United States Senator Knox, who were on their way to Pittsburg from New York. They were able to walk to Steelton, from where Mr. Tindell telephoned to Governor Pennypacker, who sent Private Secretary Wharton to bring them to the executive mansion. Here they were given medical attention and clothing.

The Harrisburg hospital is crowded with the most seriously injured. Others of the injured are at the hotels and will be able to resume their journey during the day. The railroad company is doing everything possible for the relief of the injured, many of whom escaped from the wreck in their night clothes and lost all their clothing and other belongings. The passenger train of nine cars and locomotive was wrecked.

One hundred and twenty-five received treatment for injuries at the Harrisburg hospital, most of whom are confined in the institution. Among those treated at the hospital was A. A. Crane of Minneapolis, who was cut about the face.

At 7:30 o'clock this morning none of the tracks had been cleared, but the wrecking crews, three in number, the two original ones on the scene having been augmented by the Columbia crew, began throwing the debris over the bank into the Susquehanna river.

At this time the fire in the two last Pullman cars was extinguished. The contents of these, where it is believed a number of bodies were buried, were so completely burned that it was not possible to tell whether there were any bodies there or not. If there were they were reduced to ashes. It is unofficially estimated that the financial loss will amount to fully $300,000. This includes $15,000 for cash, jewelry and other personal effects of the passengers that were destroyed.

The scene of the wreck when daylight broke was a gruesome one. Splintered and smouldering cars and twisted iron were piled high on the four tracks, and an enormous amount of wreckage was lying on the marshland between the railroad embankment and the river. One thousand laborers were soon put to work and by 10 o'clock two freight tracks were open.

The passenger tracks for several hundred feet were blown away by the explosion. Passenger trains are being sent over the new low grade freight line, along the west side of the Susquehanna river. About a dozen boatmen are dragging the river for bodies.

During the forenoon fully 5,000 persons were on the scene.

The shock of the explosion was heard for miles around. At High Spire windows were broken and the people generally shaken up badly.

The primary cause of the wreck was a shifting engine. It was going west slowly, when the engineer of the eastbound freight train saw it coming on his track. He applied the air brakes suddenly, which caused the middle of the train to buckle, shoving several of the cars onto the westbound passenger track. A moment later the express, one of the fastest night trains on the road, came along and dashed into the wrecked cars. The next instant the boiler of the passenger engine exploded. The wreck took fire, and those who escaped began the work of rescue. Six minutes after the express train struck the freight wreck, the railroad men say, the flames reached the car filled with powder. There was a flash and a deafening roar. The earth trembled as though some terrible seismic disturbance had occurred. All who were not killed and injured by the explosion fled from the awful scene.

The entire wreckage became a mass of flames, and small boxes of powder that had not exploded "let go" continuously. While these explosions continued, men who had bravely gone to the rescue before the first explosion, did not dare to approach the burning wreck, though they could hear the agonized shrieks of the dying.

Flames began their cruel work on the human bodies that were helplessly pinned in the wreckage. An alarm of fire was turned in, and when the firemen arrived it was impossible for them to go closer than 300 yards of the fire, until the explosions ceased. Then the intense heat interfered with the work of rescue. Men of the boldest nerve were forced to retire with singed hair, blistered faces and burning clothing when they attempted to respond to the piteous cries for help. Those who escaped by leaping and crawling through windows, in scant attire, from their sleeping car berths, hurried to the open [illegible] gathered to offices and Electric Lig dustrial pla turned into later into m

Many of t the Harrisb staff of phy their wound filled to ove injured wer vate residences.

The scenes in the vicinity of the wreck were appalling, as many families living in the small houses about the place were tossed from their beds, and thinking that some catastrophe had befallen them, rushed from their beds clad only in their night clothes and blankets, which they wrapped around them. Several small houses near the Lochnel furnace were badly shattered. Flying glass and articles which were knocked from the walls struck the inmates as they lay in bed, and a number of minor injuries were reported.

The shock and effects of the explosion were heard for many miles, and panes of glass and large windows were broken for miles around.

Henry Silverman, a New York jewelry salesman, had a satchel in his berth, which contained $17,000 worth of fine jewelry samples of goods for the Christmas holidays. Mr. Silverman was compelled to leave everything in the coach to escape being burned to death. He could not find his satchel in the darkness.

LIST OF INJURED

From Wreck Treated at the Harrisburg Hospitals.

Harrisburg, May 11.—Following is the revised list of the injured treated at the Harrisburg hospital:

Burde, G. W., Memphis, Tenn., face lacerated and foot cut.

Barnes, James R., Uniontown, Pa., abrased scalp.

Brown, S. T., Nashville, Tenn., left ear torn.

Barr, Mrs. A. J., Pittsburg, slightly.

Barr, Miss Constance, Pittsburg, slightly.

Barr, Adele, Pittsburg, slightly.

Berry, J. D., Bedford City, Ind., left foot sprained.

Bope, H. P., Pittsburg, vice president of the Carnegie Steel company, slightly.

Brumbaugh, James E., Martinsburg, Pa., cut on head and hands.

Crane, A. A., Minneapolis, Minn., left side of face cut.

Crabbe, George, Pittsburg, badly cut and bruised.

Devlin, R. C., Camden, N. J., right leg cut and chest and scalp injured.

Dorshelmer, G. W., Philadelphia, lacerated head, bruised hip and broken ligament of right leg.

Deforest, Charles, Cleveland, seriously injured internally and cut and bruised.

Dinkle, Paul, Pittsburg, injured arm and foot, strained back.

Donnelly, Charles, Pittsburg, shoulder strained and forearm injured.

Dougherty, Robert J., and son, Philadelphia, both seriously.

Dunpost, A. R., Elizabeth, N. J., cut by flying glass.

Ericeson, Helm, New York, injury to left ear.

Hay, John, Vineland, N. J., hand scalded and face lacerated.

Farrescom, J. C., Brooklyn, forehead cut and abrased knee.

Grigg, Ella, residence not given, left side hurt.

Healey, Matthew, Philadelphia, Pullman car conductor, arm broken.

Jordan, O. C., Lorain, Ohio, contused head.

Joahnsen, Charles, Pittsburg, scalp wound.

Irwin, P. M., Philadelphia, scalp wound.

Kautz, N. F., New York, scalp cut and burned and severe contusions on left shoulder.

Klineman, Newton, N. Y., hands burned and body injured.

King, Joseph, Cleveland, body bruised.

Lindstrom, Henry, New York, badly burned about face.

(Continued on page 13, fourth column.)

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Belfast Mesh

COLDS are caused by disturbances of circulation—that is, the sudden chilling of one portion of the body.

Belfast Mesh Linen Underwear throws a blanket of warm, dry air about the body.

The cold cannot get in.

The change from wool to *Belfast Mesh* Linen can be made at any time without the slightest risk. **M. S. BURROWS,**

See display in vestibule showcase. Sole agent in Duluth.

MURDERER OBJECTS

To Dying For Killing a Man In Self Defense.

Gottschalk Thinks He Has a Grievance In His Sentence.

St. Paul, May 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Never in the history of Ramsey county has there been enacted a scene so stirring and so dramatic as that ended with the condemning to execution of Edward Gottschalk. The great, large court room, where sentence was pronounced, was one mass of moving, struggling men and women, eager to get a glimpse of the man whose cold and brutal double murder is rarely paralleled in the history of crime.

Every precaution was made to guard the prisoner from the crowd. Owing to an alleged remark of Mrs. Schindeldecker, that she would have shot Gottschalk when he confessed, if she had had a revolver, a deputy was placed at her side in the courtroom without her knowledge. He kept between her and the prisoner all the time although she made no demonstration. When the sentence of hanging was pronounced, she leaned forward and murmured: "Good, good, good. Oh, the brute."

She said nothing directly to Gottschalk, however, as he was led out of the court by the deputies.

The sentence pleased the people and there were no hostile demonstrations. Gottschalk was taken back to the county jail under heavy guard. A throng of people lined both sides of the street and his progress was greeted with the remark: "There he is."

Gottschalk walked steadily along between two deputies saying not a word and his eyes looked unseemingly upon the crowd. Once back in his cell he sat down quietly.

"Now, Gottschalk you are up against it," said Chief Deputy Robert, "and the best thing you can do is to be peaceable and prepare yourself for the next world."

"I was baptized in the Catholic faith," responded Gottschalk, "and I am ready to die."

"I will call any priest you wish and he will no doubt be willing to assist you," said the jailer.

"I never had anything to do with any of the priests here, and I do not know any of them. I don't care to see any one."

"Well, if you should, just say the word," said the deputy.

When seen at the jail Gottschalk talked freely for he felt that he had a grievance.

"What I told the judge was the truth about the killing of Hartmann and Schindeldecker, and I call God to witness. I don't think it is fair to kill a man who acted in self-defense. I knew Hartmann would kill me and it was a choice between him and me.

"Now that they say I have to die, I wish that they would do it quick and not wait for a long time. If I have to die, I want it over with. There is no sense in keeping a man penned up here like this, to think about his approaching death all the time."

Not without reason, Gottschalk is opposed to capital punishment, and so expressed himself with the authorities. As he discussed the matter, no one, except for the surroundings, would think that he had more than an academic interest in the question. Except for drawn lines about his mouth, he showed no signs of the recent ordeal through which he had passed.

"Well, I know what is coming, and that is something. That uncertainty is terrible."

THE CZAR'S NEWSPAPER.

It is a Collection of Censored Excerpts.

As several inaccurate details concerning the newspaper reading of the czar have appeared of late in the foreign press, says Tid-Bits, the following particulars may be of interest, for they are absolutely authentic. A special department attached to the foreign office deals with all foreign newspapers that reach the capital, and the greatest care is taken to make sure that nothing unsuitable or disturbing shall meet the czar's eyes.

Excerpts are taken from the foreign newspapers, in certain cases translations are made, and the cuttings and translations are then made up into a newspaper and printed expressly for the czar. In addition to this strange form of news sheet the czars have always had their favorite newspapers; thus Alexander III, having been a fellow collegian, with Prince Meshchersky, used to read daily the Grazhdanin (Citizen), which the prince edited, and of which the greater part was written by him.

Nicholas I had a fancy for reading the Kolokol, or Bell, which came out in London and was edited by the Nihilist Herzen, who was a Jew by race, but a Russian at heart. But on several occasions the court succeeded in printing its own copy of the Kolokol and in substituting it for the original; of course, this was done whenever Herzen had been particularly pungent in his criticisms of the shortcomings of the court officials.

The type and the paper were counterfeited so exactly that the czar did not suspect any trickery until one morning when Herzen managed to get a copy of his paper placed before the czar at breakfast table. Shortly afterward the "revised version" of the newspaper was presented to the monarch, and this resulted in one of those outbursts of wrath for which Nicholas I was celebrated.

Are You Going to Travel?

If you are, be sure that your baggage is taken care of. We do that and do it right. Call us up. Our rigs are at your service at all times.

Board of Trade Livery.
Both phones, 440.

WITH THE CROWD.

Expediency vs. Consciousness of Being Right.

Once, when I was a small school boy, a number of the larger fellows surrounded me on the playground, while one of them asked me how d-o-g should be pronounced, says the Brooklyn Eagle. At my home, where pretty good language was used, I had learned to pronounce it as rhyming with "frog," which, of course, was the proper way. But what with careless or ignorant teachers and parents, every other boy in the school pronounced it "dawg."

When the question was put to me point blank and I realized that I was surrounded by larger and older boys who always pronounced it the other way, I thought my way might be wrong, so I answered that "dawg" was right.

Now, it happened that one of the boys had in some manner learned the correct pronunciation and had made several wagers that he was right. He and his opponents had agreed to bide by my decision, since, although I did not know it, I was regrded by them as an authority in the matter of correct speech.

I shall never forget the humiliation I suffered when I afterward learned these facts and realized that I had gone back on myself and given a wrong decision because I thought it would be a popular one. Nor was this the full extent of my punishment, since the boy who had contended for the correct pronunciation soon found other means of convincing his opponents, and I, who had unconsciously held a high place in their esteem, was given to understand that I was really an ignoramus.

Such a lesson should have made an impression deep enough to last for all time, but it did not. Once, when I was a much larger boy—in my teens—a Methodist conference was held in our town and some half dozen ministers were quartered in our spacious house. At dinner one day one of the ministers asked me if I thought a falsehood was ever justifiable. Had I answered honestly I should have said yes, for I truly believed there were many circumstances in which it was nobler to deceive than to tell the brutal truth. Indeed, I had argued this question so earnestly and so successfully with my elder sister that she had been compelled to agree with me. But she was absent from the table on this occasion, so, since I could not think that a body of Methodist ministers would sanction falsehood in any circumstances, I went back on myself again and answered as I thought they would desire me to answer. This case differed somewhat from the first one. Then I had had some doubt as to whether my way of pronouncing "dog" was right, but now I had no doubt that a lie, under certain conditions, may be better than the truth; I answered against my own convictions as a sort of polite concession to what I supposed was the conviction of the ministers. You may judge how I felt when every last one of them disagreed with me, some of them patronizingly using the selfsame arguments I had used in convincing my sister.

This lesson lasted longer. But character building is a slow process, and some of us have to be knocked down many times before we learn to stand squarely and firmly on our own two feet. It was not so very many years ago that I learned for the third time this lesson of sticking up for what one conceives to be right, even though one may be alone in his conception. I was managing a small newspaper in a Western town. Our representative in congress was a shrewd politician, whose admirable record as a soldier endeared him to the people and whose fiery oratory aroused them, on occasion, to the utmost enthusiasm. But he stood for the spoils system, while I believed in the merit system, and the time came when I had to choose between going with the crowd (in which event I might have been miscalled a local leader) or standing up for myself. It was really a grave situation for me. I could march at the head of an impressive procession as another man's man, or I could stand practically alone and be jeered by the throng as my own man. The temptation was great, and I fear I should have decided to go with the crowd, but at just the right time I happened to come across Emerson's essay on "Self-Reliance." I read only a part of it—I could not stop to read more; it filled me full of my own affairs. What a glorious thing it is to be able to influence others as Emerson did!

My newspaper lost more than three-quarters of its regular subscribers within a week after I had announced my decision, but everybody was so inetrested in seeing how long I would hold to my foolish opinion that my street sales more than made up the loss of subscribers; and my arguments were read as they had never been read before. They were the sound arguments of such men as George William Curtis and his fellow-advocates of civil service reform in the early days of that movement, and where they were read they made converts.

The result was that in a four months' campaign the popularity of our congressman gave place to a popular desire to try the merit system, and our district sent to Washington the first man ever elected in the United States squarely on that issue.

Nobody was more surprised at this result than I was. But it formed my third and most impressive lesson in the matter of making opinions directly from evidence, rather than through the opinions of others, and of standing by such opinions, regardless of what others may think.

A BIRD MASON.

Among the birds of the western hemisphere the best mason is a potter as well, says the Indianapolis News. This is the oven bird of the pamps in South America. It is called the "casara," a housebuilder by the Spaniards. The nest is made of mud and bits of straw, practically the same as the material used for must buildings in Mexico. The walls are very thick and there is a partition wall inside, reaching so high as to form an antechamber.

TREAT JUDGES WELL.

It is considered an essential condition of the English court system that the judges shall be absolutely independent financially, that their salaries shall be so large and provision for their future upon their retirement shall be so ample that they need have no monetary anxiety, says the Indianapolis News. Since the granting of an annuity of $17,622.75 a year to Sir Francis Jeune there are now eight exjudges in England who are in receipt of total pensions amounting to $121,662.50 a year.

A VALUABLE BILL.

An uncounted treasury bill for £100, dated 1745, was presented to the Bank of England the other day, says the Indianapolis News. It is genuine, and it is believed that it was issued at 3 per cent compound interest. That makes its present value £26,000, or $130,000. The treasury has not yet paid it, but the general opinion seems to be that it will have to do so.

You may have known some particular store very well yesterday—and yet hardly recognize it today. New goods! Let the ads. keep you posted.

MAKES ITS ANSWER

Defunct National Home Investment Co. Explains Its Methods.

Expenses Larger In Proportion Than Amount Business Done.

An equity in some real estate sold on contract to policyholders, some office furniture and $85 in cash are claimed to be the only assets of the National Home Investment company of Duluth, when it turned over its business to the United States Installment Realty company about a year ago, according to the answer filed by the defunct company this morning, in the action brought against it by Jacob Schober, one of the policyholders. Mr. Schober seeks to recover about $450 which he alleges to have put in the enterprise before the transfer took place.

The answer, which is filed by L. C. Harris, attorney for the National Home Investment company, purports to set forth the method or basis on which it was expected that the company would do business, and admits that after it had existed for about a year the discovery was made that the necessary expenses of operation were larger in proportion than the volume of business done and that it was the judgment of the officers and directors that it would be to the company's benefit and advantage as well as for the best interest of the policyholders, to turn the local investment company's unmatured contracts and business over to some other company that could fulfill all the obligations.

It is denied that the transfer was done with any intent to defraud, but claimed that the transfer was made for an adequate consideration and because it was deemed best.

The answer shows that the National Home Investment company was organized in the fall of 1903 with a general plan of operation as follows: In consideration of the payment by each of the policy holders of the sum of $1,250 the company agreed to put him in possession of a home of the appraised value of $1,000. It was provided in the contract that each policy holder should pay the sum of $4.50 per month before his contract expired, of which $3.50 went into the home fund, 85 cents into the general fund and 15 cents into the reserve fund.

It was further provided that whenever the amount of $50 should have accumulated in the home fund, the lowest numbered contract should be matured and the holder of such contract should, at his election, be placed in possession of a home valued at $1,000.

It was also provided that after the maturity of a contract the policy holder should pay the sum of $9 per month, of which amount $8 went into the home fund, 85 cents into the general fund and 15 cents into the reserve fund.

Provision was made that when the total payments by the policy holder should, without interest, reach the sum of $1,250, that the obligation of the policy holder should be complete and he should be entitled to a home free of all incumbrances.

Furniture of five-room flat for sale cheap if taken at once. Easy terms. Also flat for rent. Armstrong, 617 E. 5th St.

DISSOLUTION ORDER FILED

Judge Cant Grants Application of Split Rock Company.

By order of Judge Cant, the Split Rock River and Improvement company, which has been operating on the Split Rock river, on the north shore of Lake Superior, for the past five years, is dissolved, and T. D. Merrill of this city, is named as trustee, to settle up all affairs of the company in the name of the corporation.

The court in the findings states that the company was incorporated under the laws of this state by T. D. Merrill, E. H. Eddy, C. L. Ring, Pendennis White and W. H. Gratwick, with a capital stock of $10,000. Although the firm is dissolved, it is directed that the corporation shall continue for a period of three years longer, pending the settling up of any and all claims that may come up.

The Split Rock River Improvement company has during the period of its existence greatly improved the facilities at the mouth of Split Rock river, for taking out the logs of the Split Rock Lumber company, comprised of practically the same interests, the lumber being sawed at the West Duluth plant of the Merrill & Ring Mill company.

Application for the dissolution was made by the members of the company on the ground that its work has been completed in that locality.

ASSOCIATION OF STOCK GROWERS.

Denver, May 11.—The American Stock Growers' association, with members restricted to producers, was organized here

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM, DULUTH
Monday, May 22, at 8 p. m.
Pittsburg Orchestra
Emil Paur, Conductor.
Madam Gadski, Soloist.
Prices—D. C. $2.50, Parquet $2.50 and $2, P. C. $1.50. Balcony 1st, Gal. 50c, Boxes $2.50. Orders received now.

GROWING UP

There's something the matter with the child that fails to grow up. A child that grows up too much, however, without proper filling out of flesh, is almost as badly off. Nothing will help these pale, thin "weedy" children like Scott's Emulsion. It supplies the rounding out of flesh and the rich inward nourishment of blood and vital organs which insures rapid growth a healthy and uniform development.

today. The objects as outlined are to secure for shippers fair and equitable railroad rates and efficient service, to regulate and enforce sanitary provisions; to prevent and abolish illegal combinations and trusts; to promote foreign trade, to give the national government general supervision and control of the nome markets.

An address on "Grazing Lands" by Col. John P. Irish of California, was read.

Hand-painted china at cost at A. L. Norberg's. 5 West Superior street.

MAKE NEW APPLICATION

New Manager Will Seek to Operate Parlor Theater.

The lease of the Parlor theater, on Second avenue west, has changed hands, and the new manager, Frank C. Lillis of Lockport, N. Y., will make an application to the council Monday evening for a new license for the theater. Mr. Lillis brings credentials from Lockport, where he has run a theater for a number of years. He positively states that under his management there will be no soliciting for the sale of drinks by women or anyone else, which was the chief objection the aldermen had to the manner in which the theater was formerly run.

If the council is satisfied that Mr. Lillis will make good on his promises to allow no soliciting among the boxes, the decision made two weeks ago may be reconsidered and the license granted.

M. J. Dahlstein, the former manager of the theater, was granted a license to conduct a saloon in the room beneath the theater last winter, and the saloon and the theater will thus be under different management. The application will probably come up Monday evening.

SHOOTING IS INACCURATE

High Winds Interfere With Revolver Practice of Policemen.

The high northeast winds greatly interfered with the bi-weekly revolver practice of the members of the Duluth police force, and all of the best shots in the department fell down badly in the competition this afternoon.

Up to 2:30 o'clock this afternoon only seven men had taken their turn at the target. They were seven of the best shots on the force, however, and the highest score made was 48. The following were the scores:

Capt. Resche, 48; Officer Johnson, 44; Officer Barber, 44; Officer Bartlett, 40; Detective Schulte, 40; Chief Troyer, 38; Detective Terry, 36.

Steamer Libelled.

The steamer Plow Boy, belonging to Solomon Boutin of Bayfield has been libelled by one John Nellis for $34, wages due up to and including May 2, 1905. Nellis claims to have worked on the Plow Boy as fireman. Under the law, the owners are liable for $2 a day for every day over two days they fail to pay wages after a man has left their employ. This is asked in the libel of this steamer. Summary process was ordered by Judge Morris, returnable May 15. John H. Norton is the libelant's attorney.

PRESIDENT IN A HURRY TO GET HOME.

Washington, May 11.—Owing to a desire of President Roosevelt to reach Washington at an earlier hour than originally planned, there has been a rearrangement of his schedule by which he will arrive here at midnight tonight, instead of 3 o'clock tomorrow morning.

COMPLETE SET

Of Molds For Making Counterfeit Money Found.

Crookston, Minn., May 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—A complete set of molds for the manufacture of counterfeit half dollars and quarters has been discovered by the police officers of this city and it is believed that a systematic systed of operations is being carried on by a gang of men from this point. The mold, which is manufactured of wood and plaster paris, contains three complete dies and was found alongside the railroad track in the Carmen yards by one of the officers upon his beat. The city is being searched by officers to locate the phoney moneymakers.

DEFENSE RESTS.

Its Testimony All In—State Begins Rebuttal.

Mankato, May 11.—The defense in the trial of Dr. Koch, on the charge of murdering Dr. Gebhardt at New Ulm, on the night of Nov. 1, rested its case today, and this afternoon the state began its rebuttal evidence.

It is expected the case will go to the jury Saturday afternoon.

LIST OF THE DEAD

From the Tornado at Snyder as Far as Known.

Injured Will Number 200, Many of Them Fatally Hurt.

Guthrie, Okla., May 11.—At 1 o'clock today it was known that nearly 100 persons had lost their lives in the tornado at Snyder. The injured, as far as known now, will number perhaps 200, many of whom, it is believed, were fatally hurt.

The list of known dead follows:

MRS. BECKWORTH.
FRED CRUMP.
HENRY McCART.
Two Fessender children, boy and girl.
CHARLES STUTTGILL.
MRS. GEORGE DAVIS.
MRS. COL. WILLIAMSON.
MRS. MURPHY.
RUSSELL BUISER.
W. H. BUISER.
ADA WEIY.
PROF. HIBBARD, wife, father, mother and two children.
MRS. M. A. FAST.
F. W. FESSENDER and wife.
VAN BUSKIRK.
MR. BEEMAN.
—— DONOVAN, 'Frisco fireman.
Two Hudson children, boy and girl.
HAROLD GARTEN.
Unidentified woman.
L. E. JONES, wife and baby.
MISS FESSENDER.
GEORGE BAILEY.
C. H. BARNES.
GEORGE DAVIS and child.
MARY JOHNSON.
JOHNSON, boy.
GLADYS CROOK.
MORRIS CROOK, JR.
Infant Crook.
MRS. FANNIE REDWICH.
MRS. BIGGS.

Many bodies remained unidentified up to 1 o'clock this afternoon.

Every building left standing at Snyder was converted into either a hospital or morgue. Sixty-seven bodies had been laid out in rows in the principal morgues up to noon, and others were being brought in constantly.

Seven members of the Fassender family were killed.

W. H. Hibbard, superintendent of schools, and his wife, together with two children and the parents of Hibbard, were killed. Only one member of the family, a boy, escaped.

Three young children in the Crook family were killed, one a baby, was snatched from its mother's arms and its brains smashed out against a brick wall.

The storm was of the regular twister type, and swooped down upon Snyder without warning. It came up from the southwest. It cut a swath half a mile wide, demolishing everything in its path for a distance of ten miles southwest and three miles northeast of Snyder.

One of the saddest cases was that of Col. Williamson. When the storm struck, Williamson grabbed a woman whom he thought was his wife and hurried away to a place of safety. When out of danger he discovered that the woman was not his wife. Later Mrs. Williamson was brought to the morgue with her head completely severed from the body.

Committees Named.

The Norwegians of Duluth are taking steps to entertain the Norwegian students who will visit this city May 20 and give a concert at the Lyceum. The following committees have been named to have charge of the preparations for their comfort:

Executive—Dr. Hovde, president; A. Lund, secretary; S. Iverson, treasurer.

Advertising—Gerard Tonning, John Olson, B. Florman.

Reception—Dr. Tufte, Rev. H. K. Madsen, Theodore Lammers, J. J. Moe, L. Reitz, O. Lonegren.

Entertainment—H. B. Knudsen, John Brandt, J. J. Wangenstein.

Decoration—H. Borgen, L. Frost, A. Ringsred.

Tickets—O. Hensen, O. N. Lundberg, S. Iverson.

DELHI WINS RACE BUT IS DISQUALIFIED.

Belmont Park, L. I., May 11.—James R. Kean's Delhi, at the short price of 1 to 7, finished first in the third race, but was disqualified for fouling Witch Hazel. Delhi was breezing in front and Witch Hazel closed fast. Snaw on Delhi deliberately pulled over interfering with Witch Hazel.

DIES FROM INJURIES RECEIVED IN RIOT.

Chicago, May 11.—Edward Jasper, who was struck on the head with a stone during a riot May 10, died today.

Abraham Robinson, a non-union driver for Hibbard, Spencer, Bartlett & Co., was knocked senseless from his wagor today by a stone thrown from a crowd. He was taken to a hospital.

BACK FROM THE BRULE

Governor Johnson and Party Here a Short Time.

Governor and Mrs. John A. Johnson, Mrs. H. R. Hymes of Rochester, Minn., and Miss Mary O'Brien, arrived in the city this morning from the Brule river, where they have been since last Friday as guests of Miss O'Brien's father, C. D. O'Brien of St. Paul at his beautiful hunting and fishing lodge, situated near Winnibijou. The party left at 1:55 this afternoon over the Northern Pacific for Taylor's Falls. They will remain in the state park region over Friday and Saturday, returning to St. Paul, Sunday morning.

Although the weather has not been of the best during their pleasure trip, the governor said that he enjoyed himself greatly while in the wilds of Northern Wisconsin. It was a season of perfect rest for him, and while he did not do a great deal of fishing, he did quite a lot of walking through the forests. His general appearance seems to indicate that the trip rested and refreshed him, and that his health is much improved as a result of it. Other members of the party also report a pleasant time. Mr. O'Brien passed through the city Tuesday on his way to St. Paul.

NEW YORK DRUGGIST

Did Not Sell Hoch Arsenic as the Prisoner Claimed.

Chicago, May 11.—Testimony of a technical character occupied the greater part of today's hearing in the trial of the alleged multi-bigamist, Johann Hoch, charged with the murder of his wife, Mrs. Welcker-Hoch. Dr. Ludwig told of pathological studies of the organs of the dead woman and declared that he found no condition of nephritis such as would cause death. Among the witnesses of the day was Frederick O. Collins, druggist of New York. Hoch declared when arrested that the poison found in his fountain pen (arsenic) was bought at Collins' store. The druggist came to Chicago armed with the register book the laws of New York require all druggists to keep, in which to record the sales of poisons. This book does not show that arsenic was ever sold to Hoch on the date he mentions or to any person answering his description.

TORNADOES NUMEROUS

Considerable Damage Is Reported From Texas and Kansas.

Fort Worth, Tex., May 11.—A special to the Telegram from Vernor, Texas, says:

The tornado which passed over the southern part of Greer and Comanche counties Oklahoma last night did frightful damage.

Topeka, May 11.—A tornado struck the town of Overbrook, twelve miles southeast of Topeka, and passing through a thickly settled farming community wrecked several houses and barnes and unroofed others. So far as known, no one was killed. Only one person is reported injured. The same storm struck Florence, causing $10,000 damage but no one was hurt.

GREAT OIL TANK BURNS

Fears That It Will Explode and Destroy Town.

Mannington, W. Va., May 11.—About midnight, while Operator Frank Leach was gauging the oil in the huge 12,000-barrel oil tank of the Eureka Pipe Line company at Downs, near here, he struck a match, and immediately there was a terrific explosion. Leach was thrown with great force a considerable distance, and was seriously but not fatally injured.

The explosion blew a large hole in the roof of the tank and almost immediately the oil was on fire. There was about 12,000 barrels of oil in the tank. Every effort was made by the people of Downs to quench the flames, but without success.

It is feared that the tank will explode, in which event the entire destruction of the town is certain.

A special train left Morgantown with a cannon on board, and it is intended to make a breach in the side of the tank and allow the oil to escape, thus preventing the explosion that is feared.

STRUCK BY LIGHTNING.

Three Persons Are Killed In Ohio Cities.

Marietta, Ohio, May 11.—The Wallace circus tent was struck by lightning today, one killed and several injured.

Lancaster, Ohio, May 11.—Mrs. Alexander Schafer and her son, Herbert, were struck and fatally injured by lightning shortly before noon today.

MURDER AND SUICIDE.

Aged Man Kills Another and Then Himself.

Bloomington, Ill., May 11.—Truman Mason, aged 65, shot and mortally wounded Dr. V. Davis, early today, at the postoffice in Wapell, De Witt county.

He walked a short distance, pressed the revolver to his own heart, and fired, death ensuing almost instantly. The shooting grew out of an assault on Davis by Mason, six months ago.

A BILLIONAIRE.

Rockefeller Will Soon Be in That Class.

John D. Rockefeller, billionaire?

Yes, if he lives a few years and continues the exercise of business prudence, combined with the audacity which has characterized his past career, he will write his fortune down $1,000,000,000, and will figure as the first billionaire the world has ever seen, says the Chicago Chronicle. Experts compute his wealth today at more than $600,000,000 and the capitalization of the enterprises controlled by him at more than $5,000,000,000.

Fifteen years ago the guesses on this subject, based on the most trustworthy information available, placed the amount of Mr. Rockefeller's wealth at $200,000,000. In the intervening period the figures have been increased until it is believed that they might be tripled without any exaggeration.

In Standard Oil alone, eight years ago, according to one of that trust's magnates, John D. Rockefeller's share amounted to more than $150,000,000, with an income from it of $15,000,000. This statement had reference to his oil interests alone, and was made, too, before the great increase in prices in recent years had added at least one-third to the market value of these holdings.

It is pretty well authenticated that for the last dozen years Mr. Rockefeller's annual income from all sources has been steadily rising from $30,000,000 and that he is receiving practically compound interest on his investments, which must have added $300,000,000 to his capital.

Oil, steel, railroads, banks and trust companies have not been equal to the task of providing occupation sufficient for the fast multiplying Rockefeller millions. Important items of the Rockefeller fortune are holdings of real estate and mortgages of government and municipal bonds.

They are so vast that the threads leading to them would take one to every part of the United States and across the Atlantic. His beneficent attentions have been bestowed also on big insurance companies, steamship, telegraph and building corporations and other things too numerous to mention.

Taking into account all these widespread interests, it is not difficult to figure out that John D. Rockefeller is already possessed of $600,000,000, and that the accumulation of his yearly income will carry him to the billionaire stage without any allowance for the appreciation of the properties in which his money is invested.

A chronological table of Mr. Rockefeller's fortune, the reward of fifty years of concentrated effort, of frugality, of industry and of the employment of tactful ablility, would read about as follows:

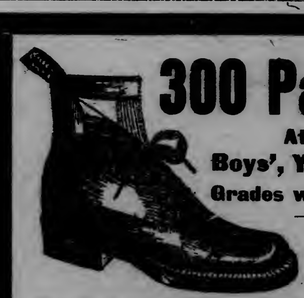
1855	.....
1865	$ 5,000
1870	50,000
1875	5,000,000
1885	100,000,000
1890	200,000,000
1900	400,000,000
1905	600,000,000

Financially Mr. Rockefeller is the world's greatest potentate. The czar of Russia enjoys an annual income of about $12,000,000; Emperor William, as king of Prussia, receives a little less than $4,000,000; the emperor of Austria-Hungary, $3,875,000; King Edward, $2,225,000, and the king of Spain, $2,000,000. King John, emperor of oil, king of steel, banking and railroads and prince of several dominions of less importance, can buy and sell them all.

A LOST ORCHID.

For several years past Messrs. Sander of St. Albans have kept a standing advertisement in the Anglo-Indian papers of $5,000 reward for a healthy specimen of cypripedium fairrieanum, an orchid which reached England from an unknown source in 1857, and has since almost completely died out, says the New York Globe. Natives have been scouring Assam for several years, and finally even ventured into that "awful country of Bhutan." From some point in that unhealthiest of regions word has finally been received that the long-lost plant has been found. It is expected that samples will reach England by next fall.

The general color of the flower is white, and the whole bloom is thickly set with black hairs. It flowers in autumn.



300 Pairs School Shoes

At Almost Half Their Value.

Boys', Youths', Misses' & Children's

Grades worth up to $3.00 a Pair—all sizes —Tablets with every Pair,

$1.50

PHILLIPS & CO

218 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

Johnson & Moe

THE West End Big Department Store

"RIGHT IN THE LOW RENT DISTRICT."

ONLY TWO DAYS MORE OF OUR

Great 14th Anniversary Sale!

We propose to cap the climax in bargain offering tomorrow and Saturday.

1,000 YARDS FINE SHIRT PRINT.
In choice styles—worth 5c—tomorrow only, the yard..... 3½c
Limit 10 yds. to ladies only.

500 YDS. NEW MERCERIZED OXFORD WHITE WAISTINGS—
10 to 20 yard lengths—choice patterns—the regular value is 25c, 35c and 40c. Tomorrow only, yard 17½c

1 CASE FRUIT OF THE LOOM MUSLIN.
The lowest price ever made—tomorrow—yard 6¾c
Limit 20 yards to each.

10c TORCHON LACES, 5c.
1,000 yards Torchon Laces and Insertion up to 2½ inches wide; choice assortment of styles — regular 10c kind—tomorrow, yd..... 5c

25c SWISS LAWNS AT 12½c.
1 case embroidered Swiss Lawns and Batiste Stripe—choice assortment of pretty styles for waists and dresses. Regular 25c value; tomorrow bargain price—yd..... 12½c

7c APRON GINGHAMS, 4¾c.
1 case standard Apron Ginghams — blue and brown checks—7c kind—tomorrow 4¾c

Great Anniversary Silk Sale.

At 55c the yard—21-in. Taffeta Silks, in beautiful range of shades, for shirt waist suits. Our leader at 65c. Special Anniversary price tomorrow and Saturday—yard 55c

At 79c—21-in. Chiffon Taffeta, Changeable Taffeta and Novelty Silks. Splendid quality in leading shades for waists and waist suits. Regular price 85c and 90c. Special Anniversary price tomorrow and Saturday—yd..... 79c

At 98c—36-in. Black Taffeta Silk—guaranteed quality. Regular $1.25 kind. Special Anniversary sale price tomorrow and Saturday—yd 98c

Anniversary Sale of Fine Dress Goods.

At 58c—A large range of 42-in. fancy Mohair Suitings in brown, blue and green combinations so popular for shirt waist suits—regular 75c value—Anniversary sale price..... 58c

At 78c—46-in. Showerproof or Cravenette Suitings, in tan, blue and black — regular 98c grade—Anniversary sale price—yd.... 78c

At 98c—46-in. Imported fancy Mohairs, beautiful lustre finish, brown, blue, tan and black mixtures for waist suits—$1.25 kind—Anniversary price—yd 98c

At $1.10—50-in. and 58-in. fine Panama and Silk Eoliennes in black, blue and brown—regular price $1.25. The great Anniversary price $1.10

Women's and Girl's Rain Coats Almost Given Away.

We have an accumulation of Women's Rain Coats—made in blue and brown cashmere, with military cape—not stylish, but sensible serviceable garments to keep rain out and save a good dress from ruination on a rainy day—former prices $5.00, $6.50 and $8.50—take your pick tomorrow at..... $2.48

School Girls' Rain Coats—made in blue cashmere and cashmere and novelty cloth—were $3.50 and $4.00—tomorrow, take your pick at..... $1.48

A few Girls' Novelty Cloth Rain Coats—that were up to $2.50—tomorrow, while they last—WE MEAN IT—take your pick for..... 49c

CONTINUE TO RUN

Bond Difficulties Will Not Stop Operation of Ferry Bridge.

Company Will Run Car Trusting to Be Reimbursed.

When asked this morning if he intended to stop the car on the ferry bridge and close the brige to traffic, as he would be entitled to do, Superintendent Lowry of the Modern Steel Structuarl company, stated that he did not believe he would take any such action, but that he would continue to operate the bridge, trusting to the city to reimburse him for the expense incurred.

The company has operated the bridge for the thirty days called for in the contract with the city, and it is now up to the bridge commission to either accept or reject the bridge. This the bridge commission will do as soon as the painting has been completed. This will require about a week yet to complete, and meanwhile the company would be justified in closing down the bridge and refusing to operate it, which involves an expense of about $15 per day.

When the bridge is accepted by the commission, the city will doubtless make a tender of the bonds to the Commercial Investment company. If the company then refuses them, they can be re-advertised and resold to other bidders.

"If we had known there would be any mixup, we could have arranged to take the bonds, ourselves," said Mr. Lowry this morning. "All we want is good, negotiable paper with six per cent interest. We have done a good job on the bridge, and there have been no kicks on the results obtained, and we naturally feel that we are entitled to our money promptly, although we appreciate the position of the city officials, who are in no way to blame.

"What we object to is seeing the interest charges pile up. Every day that the final payment is withheld means about $15 to the company in interest, and this soon mounts up into a respectable sum, to say nothing of the operation expenses, which we could shut off if we chose to do so.

"Had we known that any of the officers of the old Duluth Canal & Bridge company were connected with the Commercial Investment company and were about to bid on the bonds, I think our company could have taken over the issue and disposed of it to Milwaukee investors.

"We want to keep on good terms with the city officials and help them in any way possible."

Fine silk umbrellas, with gold and silver trimmed handles, at cost at A. L. Norberg's, 5 West Superior street.

SHEEHY GETS OUT OF JAIL

Released on Bond While His Case Is Appealed.

Joseph Sheehy again walks Superior street, a free man.

Failing to secure his release from the county jail, on a writ of habeas corpus, Sheehy, who is serving a sixty-day sentence for disorderly conduct, has decided to appeal to the supreme court from the order of the lower court for a dismissal of the writ.

On condition that an early appeal is taken, Judge Dibell yesterday afternoon fixed the amount of Sheehy's bond at $150, which was approved, and the employment agent was turned loose.

Sheehy contends that the municipal court had not the authority to impose a sentence of hard labor in the county jail without the alternative of a fine for an offense which is punishable under the statutes by imprisonment or fine. He claims the court exceeded its authority in increasing the statutory penalty of imposing a hard labor sentence.

Obstinate constipation, indigestion and stomach disorders are permanently and positively cured by taking Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Ask your druggist.

RICH FINDS MADE IN CRETE

Further Remains of the Magnificent Palace at Knossos.

Athens, May 11.—Reports from Knossos, in Crete, indicate that the present exploration campaign is proceeding slowly. About 100 workmen are now engaged, and most of them are occupied in excavating further the additional magazine west of the palace, which was discovered toward the end of last season. This magazine was found in pursuing the line of the ancient roadway which left the palace in that direction, and which may possibly lead to some important building. Unfortunately, however, the recent heavy rains have caused the collapse of a floor above the singularly interesting staircase in several flights with a colonnade opening onto an inner court, which was discovered two years ago in what is obviously the women's quarter of the palace. Unless this portion of the building was to be allowed to fall to pieces, which no one could desire, immediate steps had to be taken to strengthen it with masonry so as to preserve its characteristic features. This was all the more necessary and urgent because of the approaching archaeological congress at Athens and the determination of the members to visit the site.

Naturally Mr. Evans was anxious to be able to show so distinguished a company of scholars all that could be seen of the famous palace. According to Mr. Doll, now acting as architect to the British school here in Athens, and who has been sent to specially attend to the work, everything is being placed in the best of condition.

Nothing is more striking to one who visits the site for the first time than the care taken throughout by the explorer to preserve by skillful repair and reconstruction all the features which give this magnificent building its unique character. The throne room, of which so much has been said and written, is now roofed in and protected. The two "Mycenaean" columns, swelling from a narrow base, have been restored from the existing fragments, and from indications of similar columns which occur in the frescoes. This is the most complete attempt at restoration, but elsewhere walls have been strengthened at all important points, and staircases built to facilitate access from one level to another, so that the meaning of the several portions of this most complicated series of courts and chambers might be made as clear as possible.

At present work is being concentrated on the repair of the fallen staircase, and on the further excavation of the old roadway running out to the west across and much below the line of the present road from Candia. Trial pits are being sunk in the deep slope above the modern road, and one of these has just yielded a fragment of a stone vase of micaceous schist with a beautiful raised design of nautiluses and flowers which may be taken as an encouraging sign.

Mr. Evans will vigorously pursue these and other investigations within the palace area. No one who has the privilege of visiting the museum in Candia, where the various finds from Knossos, Phaetos, Cournia, Zakros, Palaiokastro and other Cretan sites so wonderfully supplement and illustrate one another, can doubt that this collection represents an entirely new chapter in the history of civilization to the discovery of which Mr. Evans led the way.

Why Endure Pain

the excruciating misery of blind, bleeding, itching piles, when there is an absolute cure?

Dr. Perrin's Pile Specific is an internal remedy that painlessly produces a positive and lasting cure. Pleasant to the taste, it is absolutely free from opium, cocaine or other injurious drugs. Simply take a spoonful three times daily before each meal.

Dr. Perrin's Pile Specific
The Internal Remedy

For dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation, biliousness, catarrh of the stomach and kindred ailments it is the greatest remedy that has ever yet benefited mankind.

Think what a relief it would be to you to be rid of these troubles and to avoid the almost certain consequence of Piles.

Dr. Perrin Medical Co., Helena, Mont.

SIGHT SUDDENLY RETURNS.

Stricken Man Relieved as Remarkably as Smitten.

New York, May 11.—No happier nor more grateful man exists than David Brown, Jr. For he recovered his eyesight after a fortnight of total blindness, following six years of suffering with his eyes and five operations on them. Oculists cannot explain the perfect restoration of Brown's power to see.

He is a printer, living at 128 North Fifth avenue, Mount Vernon. A minute particle of rusty iron entered one of his eyes six years ago and provoked intense inflammation, which soon involved the other eye. Three operations were performed on his eyes in a hospital in this city. At the last the surgeons intended to remove the eye that the iron had penetrated. But Brown was so intensely nervous the incision was postponed for twenty-four hours. In that time the atom of iron shifted its position and eventually the eye was saved.

A fellow formed over the eye the iron had wounded a year ago, and to remove it two operations were necessary. While walking on the street, two weks ago, Brown, without an instant's warning, was stricken blind. He could not distinguish light from darkness. Since then the degree of his blindness has lessened occasionally, only to become total again, until the other day, when rejoicing, intensely thankful, perfect sight was restored to him.

SAUSAGE IS FATAL

To Philadelphian Who Partakes of It.

Philadelphia, Pa., May 11.—Shortly after eating a heavy luncheon of "Postroma," a sausage made of highly seasoned meat, Albert Shore, 33 years old, of 311 South Fifteenth street, was seized with violent pains in the stomach, and died a few minutes after being taken to the Mount Sinai hospital. Shore walked into a store at Fourth and Christian streets and told Joseph Rothouse he was sick. Rothouse hurried for a doctor, who arrived just as a patrol drove up. Shore was hurried to the hospital, where he died in a few minutes.

TEN-YEAR-OLD HERO

Waves Red Cap and Prevents Train Wreck.

Marinette, Wis., May 11.—A 10-year-old hero has been discovered in Freddie Carlander of Menominee, for by his prompt action the wreckage of a North-Western train was averted. A horse of James Briggs in running away ran upon a trestle and fell between the trestle, completely blocking the track. Freddie knew the train was due, and seizing his red sweater cap from his head he ran full speed along the trestle at the risk of his life until he had passed the curve and signaled the train which was stopped only fifty feet from the obstruction. The engineer says the train certainly would have been thrown over the embankment but for the boy.

DR. McLEAN'S LIVER and KIDNEY BALM CURES LIVER and KIDNEY ILLS.

Your Druggist sells this famous remedy.

DROP US A POSTAL AND WE WILL MAIL YOU FREE OUR BOOK

SOUND SENSE FOR THE SICK AND THE WELL

THE DR. J. H. McLEAN MEDICINE CO. ST. LOUIS, MO.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. | SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. | SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

$1.00 and $1.25 **Fancy Silks** **69c** See display in entire west window. **Tomorrow.**

The greatest opportunity of the season to buy high-class novelty silks at small cost—fifty pieces of Fancy Louisines, Chiffon Taffetas, Etc. An admirable selection for Shirt Waist Suits and Shirt Waists—choice 69c the yard. As there is only one pattern of a kind, we advise early selection.

June Fashions at Pattern Counter.

SPECIAL FOR TOMORROW ONLY—
45c Mercerized Waistings for 25c the Yard.

Tomorrow we place on sale 40 pieces new Mercerized Waistings—new and dainty designs—excellent quality—25c the yard.

Silberstein & Bondy Company. Silberstein & Bondy Company.

BUFFALO'S END

They Became Extinct Through Their Cruel, Wasteful Slaughter.

J. B. Edwards Tells Almost Remorsefully of His Experiences.

Abilene, Kan., May 11.—One of the few men now living who took part in slaughter of the buffalo—J. B. Edwards—resides in this city. In 1872-73 he was a dealer in buffalo hides in Dodge City, the central market for the disposal of the multitude of skins gathered during the wiping out of vast herds. Dodge City was new, wild and noisy. The Santa Fe railroad had been extended westward from Newton the previous year and gangs were hurrying over the 200-mile stretch of plain to reach Colorado and reserve the land rights given by congress. Speaking of his experience, Mr. Edwards says:

"The valley of the Arkansas, level as a floor, is two to four miles wide. Beyond that is the gently rolling prairie, unbroken in 1872 by orchard or hedge. In the clear atmosphere one might see clearly a dozen miles in every direction. One day in August of that year what was called the 'main herd' of buffalo loomed up on the south side of the river. Far as the eye could reach south, east and west, not a spot of earth was to be seen—all was a black mass of living, moving buffaloes. The following day most of that herd had moved out of sight to the south. We learned afterwards that its extent was many miles beyond the range of our vision.

"Three months later, with a party of Eastern railway officials, who had journeyed thence especially to see the buffalo country, I rode out on a construction train sixty miles, from Dodge to Pierce Siding, then the end of the track. During the entire journey, going and returning, we were within sight of fully 25,000 buffalo.

"The buffalo ranged from the foothills of the Rocky mountains eastward for 400 miles and from Central Texas on the south into the British possessions on the north. Nearly all of that vast range grew—as it does today—the buffalo grass. The shaggy animals were killed for their meat and skins by Indians, border settlers and overland emigrants. Yet they increased in number until July, 1872, when began the inroads of the buffalo hunters.

"The slaughter was inaugurated by the small army of railroad laborers that then came upon the plains. In September and October of that year many gangs of men finished grading contracts and went East to their homes. Then began the market for buffalo hides. There were but few fire-arms suitable for the purpose, but those who could obtain them began systematically to kill the animals for their hides. The skins were taken to camp, stretched on the ground flesh side up, and dried in the sun and air for three or four days; then they were folded lengthwise once, loaded on wagons and hauled to Dodge City or some other railroad town to market.

"At Dodge City after the slaughter for hides commenced dozens of cars a day were loaded with hides and, after cold weather began, as many cars of meat, only the hind quarters being shipped. The streets of Dodge were lined from daylight until late at night with wagons bringing in hides and meat and taking out supplies. A single firm shipped 200,000 hides before January 1, 1873, and many other firms shipped tens of thousands each. Two hundred cars of meat were shipped from Dodge City alone. While Dodge was perhaps the great center for both hides and meat, other places handled large quantities of both, as did a number of stations on the Kansas Pacific road, sixty miles north—for the herds were as numerous for fifty miles east of and at least 150 miles west of Dodge as in that vicinity, and they ranged northward into Nebraska.

"The broad rolling prairies between the two lines of railway were alive with hunters, hundreds of men being engaged. Fully a million hides were shipped before the beginning of 1873.

"Hunting buffalo was not sport; it was slaughter. When I went out with the railway officials we bunked in a dugout with the section men. After an early breakfast the party of six paired off and walked across the bottoms to the breaks of upland, there waiting until the herds should move towards the Arkansas river to drink. Captain London of Macon, Mo., and myself who were together lay in a buffalo wallow convenient to the large herd slowly grazing towards us. We waited until the leaders were opposite and about 100 yards away, when by a successful shot I dropped a large bull leader. We lay there for nearly an hour, when twenty great animals were dead, besides many badly wounded. We ceased the cruel work because our ammunition was exhausted. That day the party of six killed over one hundred buffalo.

"It required no particular skill as a marksman or courage as a hunter to kill buffalo. The habits of the animals are peculiar. They have but little sagacity or fear. The man with the gun always kept on the windward side, crept up some draw or arroya to within two or three hundred yards of a group and sought with his first shot to bring down one of the beasts. If successful, the members of the whole group would give attention to the one killed and remain curiously wondering what had happened to their fallen comrade. This was called 'getting a stand,' which the hunter retained by firing only about once a minute. As he added to the number killed the more would there be to kill, outsiders being attracted nearer to the dead and wounded ones. When the hunter had killed as many as he could care for, the wagons with the men employed as "skinners" came and the work of taking off the hides followed.

"Usually they were hunted on foot, but when meat was desired a man on horseback, both man and horse trained in the art, would dash into a herd, select a fat cow or well grown calf, ride alongside and with one or two shots from a heavy Colt's revolver bring down the game. Strong was the mother's instinct to protect her young. She would invariably run between her offspring and the hunter. Sometimes the mother was first shot, when the calf became easy prey.

"As the weather grew colder the buffalo seemed to become more numerous especially along the bottom land of the river valley. In January, 1873, I again rode over the railroad and the sight I beheld of buffalo carcasses lying along that wide level land for 125 miles to the Colorado line is beyond description. It seemed in places that one could jump from one carcass to another over thousands of acres. I saw but few buffalo alive on that trip—the skeletons glistening in the winter sun told the reason.

"We paid $1.75 for cow hides and $2.75 for bull hides. Two firms, one in Kansas City and one in Leavenworth, purchased nearly all the hides, shipping the larger portion to Liverpool. It was a current rumor that these eventually found their way to Russia, where they were used in renewing the leather of the army equipment. A Cincinnati firm, which in 1875 had the contract for making mail sacks for the government, used buffalo skins therefor, and this accounts for a large per cent of the number marketed. Comparatively few were tanned for robes. Most of this work was done by Indian squaws, who labored hard scraping off the flesh and preparing the skins for sale. I have been awakened many times on a cold winter morning when camped near an Indian village by hearing the steady stroke of the adz-like tools in the hands of squaws cleaning flesh from hides spread on frozen ground or ice. Some tribes were very skilfull at this and at the tanning process which followed. Thirty years ago almost everyone in the Northern states owned a buffalo robe. Yet a recent inquiry brought from a Western wholesale firm an opinion that it would be impossible to find today an unused robe of that kind. Second-hand ones have sold within recent years for $60.

The slaughter of the buffalo continued until the animals were a nearly extinct race. The hunters followed them as they went South in the winter to Texas, and followed them back again in the spring on their annual Northern course. Wherever went the buffalo there also were to be found their destroyers. Today there remain of all the millions only a few wandering outlaws on the remote prairies and the specimens in captivity.

"In 1874, and for some years following, there was another source of trade—the bones of the buffalo which lay scattered all over the great plains. These were collected and sold by the ton. They were shipped to Eastern markets and used mostly in sugar refining and fertilizing. This business afforded the early settlers opportunity to earn a living while trying to make the soil productive. Later most of them returned to 'God's country.' Today nearly all the plains over which once roamed the buffalo are again reclaimed and fenced in large pastures where cattle graze and fatten.

"The wolf and the wild horse roamed with the buffalo and disappeared with him. While the hide hunters were at work the wolves had easy living. When the buffalo had nearly disappeared it was an easy matter to poison the wolves with strychnine; so when the buffalo were gone the wolves were also exterminated, save for a few wandering bands that yet exist, for wolf hides were valuable also.

"Bands of wild horses were very common on those great grass ranges, many noble animals grazing with the buffalo. To catch them was a difficult task. Only two methods were successful: One to tire them out by walking, using relays of fresh tame horses, and keeping them constantly moving until so nearly exhausted for want of rest and food that a rider with a lasso on a swift steed could finally dash among them and capture the ones wanted; or by "creasing" them, shooting them high up on the neck, which, if it did not kill them, usually sent them tumbling to the ground stunned, when capture was easy. Many were so vicious that they were killed while being broken for use.

"Thus are the great groups of wild animals gone from the natural pastures of the West, never again to return. Many a man living today in the West mourns for the buffalo, and none who took part in the wanton slaughter is proud of his part therein. It was not sport; it was cruel, wasteful butchery, inspired by greed."

The woman who never reads store-advertising is about as wise as the merchant who never advertises—but this is too much like "calling names," so we withdraw the comparison, in deference to the woman.

Ouellette & Baxter Co
Lumber, Lath and Shingles
Sash, Doors and Mouldings.
Michigan St. and Garfield Ave.

We are Agents for
The Minneapolis Heat Regulator
Which will control the temperature in your rooms and regulate the fire in your heater. Scores of them are in use in Duluth with universal success. They pay for themselves in a short time. We also make a specialty of Furnace heating, Roofing and Cornice work.
BURRELL & HARMON,
3 South First Avenue East.
Both phones.

Workingmen and Others
We are prepared to move you cheaper and better than any one else. Covered vans or open drays, same price. Come and be satisfied.
DULUTH VAN & STORAGE CO.
Phones 492. 210 West Superior St.

Take Your Prescriptions and have them filled at
BOYCE'S DRUG STORE

WILL HAVE OFFICE HERE

Great Lakes Dredging Company to Have One —Transfer Basis.

The Great Lakes Dredging company of Chicago, which purchased the Duluth Dredge & Dock company, will soon open an office here and will be in the field to do all kinds of dredging work, pile driving, etc. It is considered probable that T. H. Mackie will be the local representative of the company. The Great Lakes company has a dozen dredges at Chicago and by acquiring the two of the Duluth company numbers fourteen. Almost its entire equipment is working under a contract that will keep it busy for three years. The two dredges taken with the Duluth company are monsters, each having a ten yard dipper.

The statement as to the basis of transfer has been incorrectly reported. The Chicago people took the 111 shares of stock of the company at $2,300 a share. This would make $255,300 for the company. There were six shareholders. Mrs. Robert Smith, Napoleon Grignon and William Clifford took cash for their stock, while B. J. Cook, Frank McCormack and T. H. Mackie chose to take stock in the company in preference to cash.

WOMAN RECOVERS

Jewels and Then Marries the Thief.

Ames, Iowa, May 11.—The city marshal rounded up a man in this city Tuesday, and when searched, he was found to have stolen diamonds on his person to the amount of $1,500. He gave his name as Fred Alyn. For several days a woman, claiming her home as Denver, Colo., has been here in waiting for his appearance, as she had learned that his mail had been forwarded to Ames from Denver. She claims that he robbed her of the diamonds at a hotel in Denver. After the return of her jewels, she agreed to withdraw the charges made against him if he would consent to marry her, which he did. She gave her name as Ray Charlton.

GUILTY OF MURDER.

Boy Convicted of Shooting Man In Montana.

Glasgow, Mont., May 11.—In the district court yesterday James Henry Lee Malcolm was convicted of murder in the second degree, the penalty for which is imprisonment of not less than ten years and which may be extended to life.

Malcolm is 19. His counsel put in a plea of insanity. Neighbors and his father testified to actions and talk which convinced them that he was not of sound mind. Two physicians testified that he was an imbecile. Physicians for the state testified that he was of a low order of intelligence, had no education and but a meager idea of right and wrong, but that he was perfectly sane.

Malcolm was charged with the shooting and killing of Walter F. Greer in January last. Greer lived alone on an island in a small lake, twenty-five miles north of Culbertson, in this county, a community very sparsely settled. His dead body was discovered in his cabin by neighbors. Malcolm was suspected of the crime because of tracks of a horse followed by three dogs leading to the cabin.

After being placed in jail he made a confession to a fellow-prisoner, who took his statement in writing. E. A. Walton, a brother-in-law of Greer, a lawyer of Salt Lake City, assisted the state in the prosecution. Sentence has not been pronounced.

Bon Ami

The Best Scouring Soap Made

A Scouring Soap
A Metal Polish
A Glass Cleaner

"The Lanpher Hat"

As worn by the American Citizen.

Head Dress of the Ameer of Afghanistan.

The Hat of Quality.

$3.00

The Lanpher is as good as the best, and better than most others. All the newest shades and shapes; guaranteed Style and quality. ¶ Don't fail to see them.

ASK YOUR DEALER —INSIST.

Cravenette Rain Proof Coats!

That can be worn with equal comfort in either rain or shine. Garments that are the **Perfection of the Tailor's Art**—the height of workmanship—in every detail they will equal the best custom-made garments, at a saving of $10 to $25 on their price. We are showing some handsome garments that you have always paid $20 to $25 for—take your choice at $15.

Elegant Top Coats

All the latest fabrics direct from New York—regular $20 and $25 values, all go at the low price of $15.

We are also showing a complete line of Cravenette Coats and Top Coats at **$10, $12, $18, $20, $25 and $30**

New Arrivals Daily in Men's Suits. The Daylight Store.

331-333-335 West Superior Street Cor. 4th Avenue West

Oak Hall Clothing Co.

331-333-335 West Superior Street Cor. 4th Avenue West

RUIN OF A BANK

Practically Always Result of Fraud By Its Officers.

Comptroller Ridgely Discusses Duties of Bank Officers.

Boston, Mass., May 11.—Hon. William Barrett Ridgely, comptroller of the currency, delivered an address last night before the National Bank Cashiers' Association of Massachusetts. Mr. Ridgely said in part:

"The ruin of a bank is practically always the result of fraud or the use of its funds in undue and unlawful amount by its officers and directors. This money is sometimes lost in legitimate enterprises, through bad judgment and mismanagement, but far the most frequent cause for actual stealing or defalcations in banks is speculation. It is speculation which is the curse of the day, which tempts so many men beyond their indurance. In the last few years, eight or ten at the most, it has become much more common. Where it was formerly confined to a few large cities, it now extends to almost every little country town, tempting and corrupting all whom it touches and bringing with it ruin and sorrow and disgrace. There is probably not a man here who does not know personally some good man who has become involved by it, some man who had had the highest reputation, perhaps justly earned by an honorable and blameless life and a business career of unswerving rectitude, who has been enipted into the the use of other peoples' money to save himself. No one knows, until he tries it, how great that temptation is or can be sure he can resist it. The only safe way is to avoid it. No man who assumes the responsibility of the custody of funds belonging to others should take the risk of subjecting himself to this temptation or allow others with whom he divides such a trust to do so. When you think over the list of cases with which you are familiar, have you not often asked yourself the question if such a man has failed who can be trusted?

"No man should be made president or cashier or managing officer of a bank or trust company who does not expect to make it his sole business and should be so paid for his whole time and attention that he need have no outside interests which shall divide his allegiance or attention. He should have no connection with outside enterprises which require large amounts of the bank's funds. Above all, he should under no circumstances be allowed to use his position in the bank or its credit and influence to finance and promote outside enterprises from which he is to derive a profit personally instead of the bank. We have entirely too much of the bankers using their banks for their private gain. These are matters it is hard to regulate closely by laws and statutes, but much can be done by public opinion, especially among bankers themselves. If customers and depositors would discriminate more closely between banks and take their deposits only to those run on conservative principles by careful, prudent men who devote themselves to the interest and welfare of the bank rather than large enterprises outside of it, whose directors are substantial rather than spectacular, and if shareholders were more careful as to the character of the men whom they elect to represent them on board of directors, it would accomplish much more than can be done by any law."

Mr. Ridgely also spoke about the duties and responsibilities of bank directors, those duties which are so plain in theory and are so often badly neglected in practice. Meetings of the directors should be held regularly and frequently, and be well attended by all the members of the board. At these meetings the officers should be required to make full, complete and intelligent reports in such form and details as to be easily understood by the directors. All loans and important transactions should be reported and passed upon, and especially all notes and securities should be submitted for the personal inspection of the members of the board who are not active officers. All loans to officers and directors should be more closely scrutinized and examined than any others, and the amount of their total liabilities clearly understood. In addition to such exhibitions as are made at regular meetings, the directors should have frequent thorough examinations made by committees of the board, or experts employed for the purpose. These should be made independently of the active officers of the bank and with all the incredulity of the proverbial Missourian, everything should be shown and no man's word taken for anything. Every clerk and every officer of the bank should be examined and checked up as thoroughly as possible, and required to show the examining committee or auditor just how the matters in his charge stand.

SPECIAL SALE!
FRIDAY and SATURDAY.

Weiffenbach Razor Strops

The Noted Barber Strops.

No. 7 Zulu—A dark tan shell and duck strop—our most popular strop—regular price $2—sale price..... **$1.40**

No. 198 Zulu—a lighter colored tan shell and duck strop—a beauty—regular price $1.50—sale price..... **$1.00**

No. 273—Shell grade, black horsehide and duck strops—a bargain—regular $1.25—sale price..... **85c**

No. 2 Zulu—a black horsehide and duck strop—good and cheap—regular price 75c—sale price..... **55c**

KELLEY HARDWARE CO.

MADE GOOD HIS ESCAPE

Philadelphia Youth Disappears With a Hundred Thousand Dollars.

Philadelphia, May 11.—At a family council gathered in a handsome residence in Spruce street, west of Broad, Charles Heidelberg, a private detective from New York, reported concerning his unsuccessful effort to trace a young son of the family, who two months ago disappeared with nearly $100,000 belonging to his employer, a mercantile house, and which his family made good.

Captain of detectives Donaghy knew of the family loss, and of Heidelberg's search for the missing man, but from the first the members of the family insisted their loss was their own affair, and they never allowed a warrant to be issued in the case.

Whether the failure in their efforts so far will cause any change in the family plans as yet is uncertain. Soon after the loss of the money was discovered, a clew was found, showing the young man had gone to Europe.

To Europe went Heidelberg in his search for the Philadelphian, and covered a large part of the continent. No money was spared in the pursuit, and the private detective was furnished with letters that enabled him to receive much unofficial assistance from the members of the police departments in various European cities.

STRUCK DUMB BY A BLOW

Man Felled By Ax Able to Write of the Attack.

New York, May 11.—Unable to speak, but otherwise strangely possessed of all his powers, although his head had been split open by a blow from an ax, John Kelly, an hostler employed at Coleman's livery stable, in West Sixty-sixth street, caused the arrest of Thomas O'Connor, another employe of the stable, through the ability he still had of writing what he could not say.

Kelly was found in a harness room of the livery stable by other employes. He was unconscious and, apparently, in a dying condition, but after he had been hurried to Roosevelt hospital he began to revive and soon had regained control over all of his faculties, except power of speech.

Detectives Fitzpatrick and Quinn of the West Forty seventh street police station had vainly sought for a clew as to the identity of Kelly's assailant.

When the detectives arrived at the hospital what at first seemed likely to be murder was utterly shrouded in mystery, and when Kelly was questioned he could only shake his head as a sign of helplessness to speak.

But suddenly his face brightened With his hands he signed to Fitzpatrick for a pencil and paper, upon which he began at once to write in a clear, bold hand, with apparently as little difficulty as though nothing had happened to him.

"I was washing my face to go home," he wrote.

"Who struck you?" asked Fitzpatrick, and the pencil traced the name Thomas O'Connor.

"With an ax," Kelly added, from behind. I cannot speak, but I am all right otherwise. I had occasion to reprimand him for the treatment of a horse.'

"Where can he be found?" asked the detective.

"At 823 Seventh avenue, back," said the pencil.

The detectives found O'Connor without any difficulty. Charged with felonious assault, he was taken to the police station and later to the hospital to be identified by Kelly. He made a general denial that he was at all concerned in the affair.

CLASS EXPELS EDITOR.

Minneapolis, May 11.—E. C. O'Brien was expelled from the senior class organization at the State University yesterday, as a result of a $700 deficit in the 1905 Gopher fund. He was managing editor of the class publication, issued last year. While he has been charged with mismanagement, he says he is satisfied to rest his case with the faculty.

FEWER APPLES MORE HATS

Fruit Decaying Leaves More Money For Milliners.

London, May 11.—The failure of a corner in American apples will bring increased profits to English milliners. The saving in housekeeping accounts which will follow will certainly enable housewives to purchase additional new bonnets.

A few weeks ago Newton Pippins cost 7d to 8d a pound, and buyers attributed the high price to a bad apple season. As a matter of fact, the American dealers had bought and held an enormous quanaity of apples and put them in cold storage, with the idea that in May, when the season was virtually over, they could unload on the English market at an abnormal profit.

"The apple trade is worked from Liverpool," said a Covent Garden merchant this week. "Buyers there have known all along that apples were being kept back in order to 'rush' the English market, a not uncommon custom. But in this case, for some reason as yet unexplained, the apples all began to decay, and the owners hurried them on the market before the remainder had time to go.

"At Liverpool last week apples brought less than half the expected price. Barrels were sold for 10 shillings or 15 shillings each instead of a couple of pounds."

WORKHOUSE MASTER

Has a "Back to the Land" Scheme.

London, May 11.—A team of workhouse inmates yoked to a plow has been at work in a field attached to the Milton-next-Sittingbourne workhouse. The idea is that of the master, who has been considering the problem of what to do with the able-bodied inmates of the house. The last meeting of the Milton guardians considered the experiment with much interest. No dissatisfaction was expressed by the members of the team. On the contrary, many of them seemed to enjoy it. One of the guardians remarked that it was an illustration of the aptness of the cry, "back to the land."

LITTLE BUSINESS TALKS.

When the readers of a paper are able to judge the relative importance of stores solely from the relative amounts of advertising space they use, mercantile advertising will be on the right basis. And, in this city, it is pretty nearly on that basis now.

Last year's high-water mark in your advertising should represent this year's daily average—that is, Progress.

There are many "Breakfast Foods," but only one "Store Food"—and that is Newspaper Publicity. This food comes in different grades and qualities—but the poorest quality of it has some merit, and the best of it will keep any store that ought to live at all in good health and vigor.

If the daily paper is not delivered promptly the householder is quick to complain about it—but no one ever complained because your agent or salesman failed to call.

Notice.

—Big dance tonight by D. A. C. club, Columbia hall, Twentieth avenue west, Superior street. Admission, 50 cents.

BANK TO RUN SALOON.

Pittsburg Bank Is to Get a License.

Pittsburg, Pa., May 11.—The Farmers' Deposit National bank will dispense liquor in spite of remonstrances of the First Presbyterian church, whose pastor, Rev. Maitland Alexander, said the bank president is not a proper person to conduct a semi-respectable liquor saloon.

The bank was refused a license recently at the annual license court by Judge Shaffer. The church people were the principal remonstrants. Around the corner from the new restaurant built by the bank was a saloon owned by a man named Riddle. The church did not remonstrate against him and he got a license. He has sold his license, stock and good will to the Farmers' bank for $30,000, a high figure, and the bank is connecting the Riddle saloon with its "White Dog" restaurant on Oliver avenue, just across from the First Presbyterian church.

The Farmers' bank has applied to the court to have Riddle's license transferred to the superintendent of the bank building. The church people are evidently beaten this year by the bank, but the fight is to be continued at the next license court. James W. Friend of Chadwick fame is vice-president and a director of the Farmers' bank.

ACKNOWLEDGE THAT ROAD IS THEIRS

Wisconsin Central Officials Admit Ownership of New Railroad.

Wonderland of 1905, Northern Pacific's Publication, Is Handsome.

Before leaving the city last evening the officials of the Wisconsin Central road, who arrived on a special train earlier in the day, held a meeting, at which it was decided to make public the fact that the Wisconsin Central is back of the new Lake Superior & Southeastern road.

There is nothing surprising in this announcement, for it has been generally understood for some little time past that this company was backing the new proposition. The Wisconsin Central is one of the Rockefeller roads, Frederick T. Gates, formerly with the Lake Superior Consolidated Iron mines, being one of the trustees.

In speaking of the meeting, the officials stated that it was the intention to make the new line the most direct between Duluth and Chicago, and also to equip it in the best possible modern manner, in passenger and freight departments alike. It is not known just when the road will be completed through to the Head of the Lakes, but it is understood that the work will be pushed rapidly ahead. It has been announced that the 45-mile extension, from Owen to Ladysmith, in Wisconsin, would be completed and in operation by fall, and the presumption is that the line will be extended this side of Ladysmith in the near future, although this work may not be done before next year. The survey of the road from Duluth and Superior southward is practically completed.

MAKE BRIEF VISIT.

Omaha Officials In City Few Minutes Only.

Marvin Hughitt of Chicago, president of the Northwestern & Omaha lines; A. W. Trenholm of St. Paul, general manager of the Omaha; S. G. Strickland of St. Paul, general superintendent of the Omaha, and T. W. Kennedy of Eau Claire, superintendent of the Wisconsin division of the Omaha, were in the city this afternoon on the regular spring tour of inspection. They were here only a few minutes, arriving on a special train of four cars at 1:25 o'clock and departing ten minutes later. Their visit here at this time bears no special significance. From here the train went to Superior, where it remained but a short time before making the run to Ashland. The officials barely took time to alight at the Omaha depot and look around the building before departing. They did not even visit the uptown offices. E. Digle of Itasca, trainmaster of this division, was with them.

WONDERLAND READY.

Duluth Given Good Place In the Publication.

"Wonderland" for 1905, the attractive book issued annually by the Northern Pacific Railway company for the purpose of setting forth the natural beauties and advantages to be found along its line, is now off the press. It is probably a more elaborate work than has ever before been attempted by the road, and is really a work of art, well worthy of a place in any home.

Aside from the great variety of valuable miscellaneous information to be found within its covers, it contains several beautiful photographic reproductions, some of the finest of which represent scenes in and about Duluth, and at Isle Royale, while nearly all of the best ones are the work of R. S. Crandall, Crandell & Maher, or Crandall & Fletcher, Duluth photographers, including Yellowstone park views.

The cover design of the book is simple but pretty. There are 130 pages, the paper used being of the finest book quality. While Wonderland, written by Olin D. Wheeler in his usual interesting style, is descriptive of the entire Northwest, it treats particularly of "The Shores of Kitchigami," "The Sepulchre of Lame Deer," "The Yellowstone Wonderland," "The Lewis & Clark Exposition," and "The Shasta-Northern Pacific Route," these headings being placed at the heads of chapters telling of the subjects mentioned. The frontipiece is done in color and shows the lower fall of the Yelowstone at Point Lookout. Because this is exposition year, and owing to the fact that the exposition is described in the book, there will doubtless be an unprecedented demand for Wonderland this year.

Duluth and vicinity are treated generously in the publication, more so than in any previous issue. About fourteen pages, including photographic reproductions, are devoted to Lake Superior in general and Duluth in particular. Aside from the general interest attached to the photographs, it is of particular interest to Duluthians to note that the firm name of Crandall & Fletcher, Crandall & Maher, or of Mr. Crandall alone, is at the bottom of all the Lake Superior pictures, which are undoubtedly the finest set ever prepared, as well as being attached to most of the beautiful Yellowstone Park pictures.

The history of important events on the lake is given, and the beauties of the great sheet of water are described while numerous interesting facts are given concerning Duluth and other lake points. Deerwood, the Lake Park region, and other Minnesota points are also exploited. A photograph of the aerial bridge is given a place. Attention is called by A. M. Cleland, general passenger agent, not only to the cover, but also to the unusual number of chapters in the issue, and to the insert feature of illustration, which enabled the publishers to produce effects not otherwise attainable. These inserts are double and four page photographs. The first one shows the Duluth-Superior harbor in detail, giving a good idea of its general features. Underneath it are shown the local ore docks, and a north shore steamer in Washington Harbor, Isle Royale. The next feature is a four page panoramic view of Isle Royale, measuring about two feet in length. It is a very fine piece of work. A view of the St. Louis river rapids at Fond du Lac and other Isle Royale scenes are given. The next double page is taken up with a comprehensive panoramic view of the Duluth wholesale district. A four-page panoramic view of Mammoth Hot Springs, in Yellowstone park, taken by Mr. Crandall, is a remarkable production. Other smaller views of points of interest are too numerous to mention.

The first chapter is devoted to the new Minnesota state capitol, with photographs of both the old and new buildings, with several pages of interesting descriptive matter. There is a chapter on "Nature Sculpture," describing the wonderful and intricate sculpture in the bad lands of North Dakota. Another chapter gives a bit of unwritten Montana history. "The Sepulchre of Lame Deer" is a story of the days of '76 and '77, when Indian uprisings were common in the West.

As heretofore, the book is being sent to any address on receipt of stamps to cover cost of mailing.

Railroad Notes.

Two of the nine new locomotives ordered by the Duluth & Iron Range road, have been received, and two others are now north of Chicago on their way to Two Harbors. The locomotives weigh 170,000 pounds each, and are larger than any now in service on the Iron Range. The cylinders are 22 by 28 inches.

W. H. Fortier of Spokane, Wash., has been elected secretary, treasurer and auditor of the Hill companies, known as the Kootenai Railway & Navigation company, limited; the Kaslo & Slocum Railway company; the Internationa Navigation & Trading company, limited, and the Pedlington & Nelson Railway company. Mr. Fortier takes the place of W. R. Allen, resigned.

WANTS PARDON FOR CONVICT

Mme. Paderewski Secking Clemency For Murderer and Bigamist.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y., May 11.—Moved by passionate appeals in letters from a man condemned to life imprisonment in Sing Sing prison, Mme. Paderewski, wife of the Polish pianist, has set her heart upon procuring a pardon for Antone Werner, who shot and killed Adolph Fischer in Poughkeepsie, Oct. 20, 1877.

Failing in a personal appeal to the governor, and becoming convinced that the opposition of Maj. William Haubenustel, treasurer of Dutchess county, is the only obstacle to her obtaining the coveted pardon, Mme. Paderewski has set herself the task of winning over the major, whose unwillingness to have the murderer set free has gone so far as to impel him to decline an invitation to take luncheon with the pianist and his wife in New York.

Fischer, who was killed by Werner, was a German shoemaker, employed by Haubenustel's father in a shop adjoining his home in this city. He and Werner became acquainted on the steamer coming to America. Werner married, and a year and a half later a former wife whom he had deserted in Austria followed him here and caused his arrest for bigamy. Werner blamed Fischer for his trouble and four days after he obtained his liberty he entered the shop, where Fischer was at work, and shot him dead. He pleaded guilty to murder in the second degree and was sentenced to life imprisonment.

WOMEN WILL WEAR HOOPS

Chicago Dressmaker Says Every Woman Will Don Frame.

Chicago, May 11.—"Every woman in the country will have hoopskirts on before fall."

This was the prediction made at the meeting of the Chicago Dressmakers' club at the Stratford last night, after a demonstration by the president, Mme. M. J. Van Hosac, of the rejuvenated article of the feminine wearing apparel. The sentiment, generally concurrd in and greeted with applause, emanated in no spirit of frivolity, but on the judgment of a gathering of thinking business women who went into the matter with all seriousness.

The new hoopskirt is not such a formidable affair as the cartoonists have depicted. It is made at present of featherbone, a kind of springy stuff similar in action to a strip of celluloid. As Mme. Van Hosac made it, the skirt is formed by dropping half a dozen lengths of tape from a belt, the tapes reaching to the knee. Strips of the featherbone are bent in circular form about six, twelve and eighteen inches below the waist and attached to the perpendicular tapes.

FORMER NURSE

Is Left Millions By Her Husband's Will

Butte, Mont., May 11.—By death at Bozeman of E. C. Stevens, mining man, worth several million dollars, his fortune passes into the hands of his wife, who a year ago was a hospital nurse at Colorado Springs, Colo. Mrs. Stevens was then Rose McAdams, and was sent by the hospital authorities to Arizona to care for Mr. Stevens. He soon became strong enough to travel, and Miss McAdams accompanied him to Colorado Springs. Here he proposed marriage, and although he was three score and ten years old and she but 20, she accepted his hand. They were married almost immediately and came to Montana together.

Their union proved a happy one. Mrs. Stevens lived in Colorado Springs. She showed great pluck at the time of the cloudburst in Ute pass four years ago. She was caught at Cascade, twelve miles above, when the storm broke, and was due in Colorado Springs that night to attend a sick patient. She started out at night and unattended made her way to Colorado Springs, arriving there after midnight. She suffered great hardships on her trip and was ill for some time afterwards.

Dr. von Suessmilch, The Dentist,

Has removed to 315 W. Superior St., over F. D. Day & Co.'s Jewelry Store

ARE GUESTS OF HEINZE

Copper Magnate Takes Large Party to New York.

Butte, Mont., May 11.—To celebrate his victory over the Amalgamated Copper company, in winning the $10,000,000 Minnie Healy copper mine suit, F. Augustus Heinze has fulfilled a promise to the effect that if the supreme court awarded him the Minnie Healy claim he would give his friends a trip to New York.

The copper king declared he would show his friends "the town of New York" in royal style. He also said he would show New Yorkers how a bunch of jolly Montanans could do Gotham from end to end. The promise, it is said, was made at a quiet little game of poker in Mr. Heinze's swell apartments on Broadway and those about the table were to be among his guests on the trip to New York.

Tuesday afternoon Mr. Heinze and his party took their departure in the private car Rival, over the Oregon Short Line for Salt Lake, where the first sights on the continental jaunt will be taken in. The Rival is one of the latest and best of the Union Pacific palace coaches. The car has commodious sleeping quarters, a library, smokingroom, observationroom, diningroom and kitchen. Mr. Heinze and his party will be entirely segregated from the rest of the train.

The car travels from Chicago over the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern and New York Central and the party arrives in the metropolis Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock. The party consists of Mr. Heinze, H. L. Wilson, W. McWhite, M. S. Largey, Emil Hanson, Tom Hinds, Tom Hodgens, Sam Wallin and Fred Rowlands.

A NEW PHENOMENON.

Dry and Noiseless Thunderstorm In East.

Greenwich, Conn., May 11.—A dry, invisible and noiseless thunderstorm, a new phenomenon, the New York Telephone company says, cut the town of Greenwich off from other places last Sunday evening for several hours, and did damage of nearly $1,000 to the wires. The air was peculiar all day and very hot. Just before 1 o'clock it was almost impossible to breathe. The mercury went to 90 in the shade. Selectman James G. Wilson, standing at his 'phone with the receiver at his ear, was so deafened by a great roar that he has not yet recovered, and was shocked so that he fell to the floor. For a half hour the main cable acted as if a great shower was on and then the trouble cleared. Thirty men have spent forty-eight hours in putting in new fuses and locating the trouble, but the engineers have given up hope of learning how it all happened.

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, May 11th, 1905.

In the Matter of the Estate of Laura V. Leland, Deceased:

On receiving and filing the petition of Charles H. Leland of the City of Milwaukee, Wisconsin, representing, among other things, that Laura V. Leland, late of the city of Milwaukee, in the State of Wisconsin, on the 1st day of October, A. D. 1900, in the city of Milwaukee, Wisconsin, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of the State of Wisconsin at the time of her death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is a son of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to Charles F. Leland granted;

It Is Ordered, That said petition be heard before said Court on Monday, the 5th day of June, A. D. 1905, at ten o'clock A. M., at the Probate office, in the Court House in the City of Duluth, in said County.

Ordered Further, That notice hereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said County.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 11th day of May, A. D. 1905.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal, Probate Court, St. Louis County, Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald—May 11-18-25.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis, —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, May 11th, 1905.

In the Matter of the Estate of John D. Richardson, Deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Whitney Wall, administrator C. T. A. of the estate of John D. Richardson, deceased, representing among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard by this Court, on Monday, the 5th day of June, A. D. 1905, at ten o'clock a. m., at the Probate Office in the Court House in the City of Duluth, in said County.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this Order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said County.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., the 11th day of May, A. D. 1905.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald—May 11-18-25-1905.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis, ss.—

In Probate Court, Special Term, May 11th, 1905.

In the Matter of the Estate of Tiley A. Bolkcom, deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Whitney, Wall, administrator, C. T. A. of the estate of Tiley A. Bolkcom, deceased, representing among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard by this Court, on Monday, the 5th day of June A. D. 1905, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Probate Office in the Court House in the City of Duluth, in said County.

And it is further ordered, That notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said County.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., the 11th day of May, A. D. 1905.

By the court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald—May 11-18-25.

BAYHA & CO.'S PRICES ON

FURNITURE

Are most convincing. We invite you to call and examine our stock, and take advantage of the "BAYHA SYSTEM" of Easy Payments if you desire

$28.00 Quartered Oak Dresser $18.75

Like cut—double serpentine front—French legs—French bevel plate mirror—mirror frame and standard nicely carved—ends are ¼ oak—same as top and front. All well made and finely polished and finished—worth $28; for $18.75

(In window No. 1.)

Special, Go-Cart $6.75

Made of best rattan—reclines, also folds up—heavy cushion tires—all steel running gear—enameled. The cart is like cut, except without parasol. Sells everywhere from $9 to $10. Special Friday and Saturday $6.75

(In window No. 3.)

90c All-wool Carpet—made, laid and lined, 65c.

We continue for Friday and Saturday the sale of all-wool carpets at 65c. The three patterns we put on sale Monday morning being all sold—we place on sale three other fine patterns for these two days—special..... 65c

BAYHA & CO.,

Duluth's Greatest Furniture Store,

Corner Second Ave. West and First St.

HIS CLOTHES IN BATHTUB

Found Water Running and His Flat an Awful Wreck.

New York, May 11.—Mrs. Rebecca Hickey, a handsome woman of commanding presence, stood in Harlem court accused of burglary, larceny, and malicious mischief. The complainant was her husband, John W. Hickey, a broker, who lives in apartments at 241 West One Hundred and Forty-first street. He has a suit for separation against his wife pending in the supreme court on the ground of desertion.

Mrs. Hickey was once on the stage under the name of Rebecca Alexander. She is a sister of W. H. Jaspers, secretary of the board of assessors, and lives with him at 510 West One Hundred and Forty-ninth street. In court she described herself as an artist, linguist and authoress.

Hickey told the court his wife, with one of her brothers, went to his apartments and gained entrance by climbing the fire escape and opening a window. When he got home, he asserted, the flat looked as though it had been used as the stage of a rehearsal for a railroad wreck.

Every gas jet was lighted. All of his clothing was piled up in the bathtub and the water was running. Most of the furniture in the house was demolished. Scattered about were all his clean cuffs, and written on them in the hand of his wife were messages of unfriendly import.

The defendant admitted entering her husband's house by way of the fire escape and writing the messages on his cuffs, but she denied pilling his clothes in the bathtub, or breaking the furniture.

DESERTED BY PARENTS.

Little Girl Is Found Crying In Street.

New York, May 11.—A little girl, sitting up against an iron fence on Third avenue, near Fifty-eighth street, and crying to herself, was picked up by a policeman, to whom she told a story of heartlessness on the part of her parents that made the policeman wish he were a private citizen and had the father in a vacant lot.

"My father and mother moved out yesterday, and they took my dog and my cat and the goat, and everything in the house, an' I thought that they was coming back for me, and they didn't. They just left me," sobbed the child.

"What's your name, kiddie?" said the policeman.

Ellen Cahill, an' we lived at Sixtieth street, and I'll never see my cat again."

Whereupon she burst out into fresh wailing. The policeman took her to the station house, where the sergeant fed her sandwiches and let her sit on the desk until she fell asleep. The parents have not yet been found.

The Jolly Men of Old

Knew what was best to drink. The beer they loved we're making now, so let the glasses clink. Be merry friends and forget your cares. In the froth of the cheering glass, in a bumper of pure and delicious beer, that is healthful for swain or lass. Away with care, fatigue and woe, when you drink of Moose Brand Beer; fill high the cup, and drink it up, to the weal of the glad month of May.

Duluth Brew'g & Malting Co.

Either 'Phone 241.

PRISON SCANDAL.

Inmates Herded With Kaffirs In Verminous Cells.

Cape Town, May 11.—The scandalous state of prisons in the Transvaal is now paralleled by that of the prisons of Cape Colony. Prisoners complain that they are herded with Kaffirs in a yard during the day and compelled to sleep in verminous cells at night. The humiliations and degredations of the prisoners in the different prisons are said by those who have escaped or who have been released to beggar description. One of the prisoners, a veteran soldier, complains that his companion at one time was a lunatic who tore off his clothes, and whose words and actions were too filthy to explain. In another instance the soldiers were compelled to sweiter for days in rooms which registered a temperature of 110 degrees, the only ventilation allowed coming through a few holes about the size of peas. At Victoria West, according to others, in ageneral way conditions are even worse. Prisoners are herded with natives and sleep on cement floors.

PRETTY GIRL.

Says Man Got Her $300 and Quit Her.

New York, May 11.—Lizzie Conner, a pretty shirtwaist maker, who lives with her widowed mother and two small sisters at 73 Eldridge street, accused Elias Charlat, a manufacturer at 744 Broadway, in the Center street police court, of the larceny of $300.

To Magistrate Moss the young woman said she had been engaged to marry Charlat after a courtship lasting nearly two years, and upon his learning she had saved $300, he importuned her for it under the pretense that he wanted the money to help furnish a flat. A week later his love waned and he avoided her.

"I met him on the street and asked him what the matter was," Miss Conner said, "and he said he was tired of me. I asked for my money and he told me to go fish for it."

Charlat was held in $500 bail for examination and sent to the Tombs.

LITTLE GIRL

Abuses Father and Evidently With Mother's Approval.

New Orleans, La., May 11.—The sight of a little girl running up to a man, throwing rocks at him and beating him with a pocketbook caused great commotion at Tulane and Saratoga streets. The man had a little boy with him and the girl was with her mother. The mother made no attempt to prevent her from abusing and assaulting the man, who proved to be Samuel Gilbert, her father.

Gilbert is charged in an affidavit in the First City criminal court by his wife with desertion. Gilbert stated that his wife had made serious charges against him and she had left home to live with another. He alleged she is living in Claiborne, between Durmine and St. Philip streets, and does not pay any attention to the boy, allowing him to roam the streets at night and play with negroes.

GOLD DISCS A MYSTERY.

Police Guarding a Small Fortune In Yellow Metal.

St. Joseph, Mo., May 11.—The police at the central station are guarding two discs, pronounced by jewelers to be solid gold, estimated at $34,000 in value, which were found at the Francis street station of the Burlington railway here Tuesday afternoon. The gold has been shipped from Omaha as ordinary baggage in two new steamer trunks.

The discovery of the discs was made Tuesday night when John S. Bilby, a cattleman of Quitman, Mo., called at the First National bank of Buchman county and endeavored to draw $20,000 to pay for them. The bank officials closely questioned Bilby, who was accompanied by a stranger.

The pair were followed to the Francis street railway station by a bank detective and the gold seized after Bilby and the stranger escaped. Jewelers and bank officials are positive the metal is solid gold.

There is a tax on carelessness—and it cannot be "sworn off." When you buy something in the poorest market, because you failed to read the ads. you pay such a tax.

West Duluth

IN YACHT CLUB

Launch Owners of This Part of City Are Joining.

This Department May Have Spectacular Races —Other News.

Since the Duluth Yacht club has established a launch department a number of launch owners at West Duluth are joining and more are expected. The owners of launches are becoming more numerous evrey day in West Duluth and it is believed that before the season is fairly started this part of the water fraternity will dominate the river.

The yacht club is anxious to have these launch owners become members believing that if the whole of the long list of owners of launches and sailing craft of Duluth organize there will be much better chances of improving conditions and of having aquatic sporting events pulled off here. Motor boats will soon infest the bay and launch and motor boat races will be spectacular and interesting.

A good many of the launch-owners at West Duluth are new at the business and as yet have difficulty in keeping their launches in motion. There is some talk of establishing a towing department if this new fashion of getting stranded keeps up.

IN QUEER BOAT.

Man Gets Into Lodge Not His Own.

A West Duluth man got himself into a rather peculiar predicament on Tuesday night last and as a result he is now a member of a secret order which so far as anybody knows he had not intended to join. He is a member of the Ancient Order of United Workmen and his wife belongs to the auxiliary of this order, the Degree of Honor which men and women alike are allowed to join. On Tuesday night the Degree of Honor lodge in Duluth proper was entertaining the state chief and Workman and Degree of Honor members were invited to attend. There was to be a lodge meeting first and a social session afterwards and those who did not belong to the Degree were supposed to stay outside, of course, until the lodge meeting was over.

This West Duluth man and his wife went to the meeting and he not knowing about the lodge meeting went into the lodge room believing the social session was about to start. Shortly after he entered the lodge work began and he was overlooked. Proper requests for the password or whatever formula is gone through, were not made and this West Duluth man could not get himself noticed so he subsided and stuck to the finish.

Then he told the lodge of the circumstance. Consternation reigned for a few minutes but, of course, the only thing to do was to initiate the man then and there, which was done and he is now a member of the Degree of Honor.

COVERED WITH MUD.

Central Avenue In Bad Shape Again.

Since the rain of the last few days, Central avenue in West Duluth is again a mud puddle of large dimensions. It seems as though the dirt which covers the surface of the street works up from underneath. The city engineer says it is brought in on the wheels of wagons coming in from other parts of the town, but it is so evenly scattered and so general that this explanation does not seem reasonable to West Duluth people. If the pavement is cleaned off one day and the next day a hard rain starts, the mud is there rubber deep just the same.

A cover of tar and crushed rock it is believed would help matters wonderfully.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

The Westminister Presbyterian church young men's club will hold a special meeting tomorrow night.

Working men's shoes from $1.25 up to $4.00 at Lauermann's.

Miss Kate Sennott is sick with grip.

The choir of Holy Apostles church will practice Saturday evening.

Court Earnest Workers, I. O. F., will give a social this evening at which cards will be the principal feature.

Wet weather footwear at Lauermann's.

Game Warden John C. Green is trying to find parties who stole sixty-five pike from his nursery above Fond du Lac. He declares that through the stealing of these female pike, fully five million pike have been lost. The pike stolen were of no use to anybody, he says, and he looks upon the theft as a malicious act.

Roy Gowan is down from Virginia. He has been in the employ of the Virginia Lumber company there for two years and this is his first visit to West Duluth since he entered the employ of the company.

If your feet need a fit go to Lauermann's.

Richard Schell is back from Menomonie, Wis. His auto-boat is expected to arrive here from that place about May 15.

Nervous Headache.

The Cause of Much Suffering to Women is Permanently Cured When the System is Built Up By

DR. A. W. CHASE'S NERVE PILLS.

When the head aches hard and throbs; when the neck and eyes grow stiff, the face flushes or grows deadly white; when any excitement or over effort brings on an attack of nervous headache so severe that it leaves you weak, trembly, shaky and utterly worthless for days, it is a certain indication that the nervous system is shattered—that resistive power is gone—that you need a medicine that will rebuild and re-supply the lost nerve force, that will so strengthen you that you can resist and overcome these terrible seizures. Such a medicine is Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills, a medicine that does not relieve but goes to the root of the trouble and positively cures.

Mrs. John Fall, of Fourth St., Toronto, O., says:

"I like Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills because they cured my nervous sick headaches—these headaches used to play me out and leave me weak and nervous, the pain being so severe. My eyes used to get stiff and sore during the attack and the neck so stiff I could hardly turn it. The Nerve Pills, however, proved to be just what I needed, and cured the attacks in a hurry. As a result I feel steady in nerves, physically strong and vigorous, and in every way sound and well. This makes me feel I can't speak too highly of the medicine." 50 cents a box, at dealers, or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M.D., on every package.

For sale in Duluth by all druggists.

HIBBING MAN IS ARRAIGNED

K. P. Sundquist Is Indicted For Using Village Funds.

K. P. Sundquist, former recorder of the village of Hibbing, who was indicted by the grand jury of misappropriating $2,800 of the village funds, was arraigned before Judge Ensign yesterday afternoon. In default of bail, which was fixed at $3,000, Sundquist was committed to the county jail. His friends are making an effort to raise the necessary amount for his bond, and Sundquist will probably be released today.

Mr. Sundquist, who is but 24 years of age, terminated his term of office last March, and the grand jury in its last report severely censured the village authorities for the term ending at that time for the lax manner in which they looked after the village financial affairs. The grand jury especially censured Mr. Sundquist.

Mr. Sundquist claims that he will be acquitted. He says that as soon as he is at liberty he will examine the recorder's books with an expert accountant, and alleges that while he knows what transpired while he was in office, he does not know the condition of the books when they were turned over to him by his predecessor.

It is understood that the trial of Mr. Sundquist is likely to bring out some very interesting information as to political methods which have been practiced at Hibbing.

Mr. Sundquist will be defended by H. B. Fryberger.

WILL ASSIST IN EQUIPMENT

Navy Department Will Facilitate Departure of Steamer Fern.

Lieutenant Commander Guy A. Eaton of the Duluth Naval Reserve, has received word from Washington that the navy department has consented to undertake the greater part of the equipment of the steamer Fern preparatory to her allotment to the local reserves as a training ship.

The repair work is to commence this month and it is expected that the boat will be ready by July 1 for her trip to Duluth.

A change of plans has been found necessary in getting the Fern to Duluth. Instead of a detachment of the reserves going to Norfolk and making the long coast trip, a paid crew will take the steamer as far as Montreal, where a crew of about 100 of the Duluth Naval Reserves will meet her, under the direction of Lieutenant Commander Eaton and Navigating Officer B. F. Howard.

When the Fern reaches Lake Superior the reserves will be taken for a week's cruise, stopping at Marquette, Houghton, Ashland and other points.

Lieutenant Commander Eaton says the reserves get the Fern at a cost well within their alloted fund and that they may consider themselves lucky.

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Sovesick Swain of Gladstone Attempts to Commit Suicide.

Gladstone—Because his suit was rejected William Kline, a laborer employed by the Mason Lumber company of Gladstone, this week tried to commit suicide, after a vain attempt to force an entrance into the home of Miss Josephine Portlance, the object of his affections. Miss Portlance is a member of a wellknown Gladstone family, it is said, and Kline has been endeavoring to be attentive to her for weeks. He went to the house early in the evening, and saw the young lady. He asked if she were engaged to another, but she refused to answer. He was abusive and excited, and was taken from the house, but later returned, and tried to effect an entrance. He then tried to kill himself by cutting his throat with a razor, but the weund is not fatal. Letters found on his person indicate that he had planned to make away with Miss Portlance and then to kill himself.

Norway—As the result of a protracted drunken brawl Fred Laurence, a woodsman, is at the Norway hospital with a bullet imbedded at the base of the breast bone, while his brother, Joseph Laurence, is held by the police, awaiting the progress of the wound, reports the Norway Current. Thursday night the Laurence brothers and two companions, who are still at large, held an orgie, the feature of which was some indiscriminate revolver work. A window-pane and a mirror were shattered by bullets while a section of the floor was perforated. The brawl continued until the following afternoon, when Fred Laurence, with a bullet wound in his breast, walked to the Columbia hospital for treatment. The injured man refused to tell who shot him, and as a result the police intend to arrest every member of the party. Laurence's condition is not necessarily serious.

Marquette—County Clerk Mark Elliott has been appointed receiver of the Kloman Mining company by Circuit Judge J. W. Stone. His bond has been fixed at $50,000. Friction among the stockholders of the company prompted the receivership.

Munising—Each season during the past three years the Cleveland-Cliffs company has planted 25,000 speckled trout fry in Addis lake, on the line of the Munising railway. For years this lake has been one of the best fishing grounds in the country. While fishing there recently, H. A. St. John of Marquette caught a thirteen-inch trout and was much surprised to observe that the fish was suffering from the ravages of a small white parasite which had fastened itself in large numbers on the gills. The trout was sent to the University of Michigan for examination. Every possible means will be made use of to prevent the disease spreading among the fish.

ENGAGEMENT OF HOBSON

Said to Be Culmination of an Interesting Romance.

New York, May 11.—The announcement made by Mr. and Mrs. George H. Hull of Tuxedo Park, N. Y., of the engagement of their daughter, Miss Grizelda Houston Hull, to Capt. Richmond Pearson Hobson, is the culmination of an interesting romance, and marks an alliance which joins some of the best blood in the country. The marriage will be solemnized on May 25 at the home of the bride's parents in Tuxedo. Only relatives and a few intimate friends of the contracting parties will be present, the recent death of Judge James M. Hobson, father of Capt. Hobson, making it advisable to have the ceremony as quiet as possible.

Although Miss Hull is on her father's side related to the Hulls, Strongs, Farnhams and Doolittles of New England, she is, through her mother, who was a Miss Lucia Houston, daughter of Judge Russell Houston of Kentucky, related to some of the finest families of the South.

She is the grand niece of Governor Houston of Alabama, who was recognized as one of the greatest executives who ever presided over the destinies of that state. She, therefore, has in her veins the blood of the Polks, the famous President Sam Houston of Texas, the Longs, the Joneses, the Eatons and other noted families of Georgia, Alabama, Kentucky and Tennessee.

Capt. Hobson, too, comes of famous ancestry, both South and North. Through his mother, who was Miss Sarah Croom Pearson, daughter of Chief Justice Richmond Pearson, he is related to the Saltenstals and Brewsters of Massachusetts, and on his father's side is related to the Moreheads, Whites, Williams and others, who did much to lay the foundations of the great states in North Carolina, Tennessee and Alabama. It is interesting, in view of the approaching marriage, to know that the father of Capt. Hobson received his appointment to the judgeship in Alabama from the great uncle of the young lady who soon will be his bride.

After the ceremony at Tuxedo the young couple will, after a somewhat extensive bridal tour, make their home in the fine old Southern homestead of the Hobson family, the Magnolias, at Greensboro, Ala. Although the fact of the engagement has been kept quiet, already the prospective groom has received many congratulations from friends who have heard of his approaching happiness. Some of them come from his old companions in arms in the United States navy, and others from men who have known him for a long time. Those who know Miss Hull are particularly sincere in their congratulations. She is a most charming young woman. Gen. Joseph Wheeler, who is a warm friend of Capt. Hobson, is among those who congratulate him most heartily. In speaking of the approaching wedding, Gen. Wheeler said: "If anything was needed to bind the North and South more closely, such weddings as those would do it. My native state is to be congratulated, as well as Capt. Hobson, in securing so fair an addition to her citizenship."

To My Friends and Clients.

NOTICE

L. A. Larsen, formerly with George H. Crosby, will be doing a general Real Estate, Loan and Fire Insurance business at

102 Ground Floor Providence Bldg.

Both 'phones No. 253.

Residence—Bell 'phone No. 776-R.

SOCIETY OF THE CINCINNATI.

Richmond, Va., May 11.—The triennial meeting of the General Society of the Cincinnati convened here yesterday with the largest attendance in the history of the organization. Last night the members were guests of the Virginia State society at a banquet at the Westmoreland club. The guest of honor was M. Jusserand, French ambassador to the United States, who responded to the toast, "Our Great and Good Ally, the French Nation."

Wedding silver at cost at A. L. Norberg's 5 West Superior street.

LIKES LIFE IN HAREM.

An American Girl Advises It For Discontent.

London, May 11.—A Paris telegram to the Telegraph says:

Discontented women, according to an American girl quoted here, should at once join a harem.

"I can assure my American sisters," she is reported to say, "that they can dream of no greater bliss than to enter a rich and well-bred Eastern gentleman's harem."

She has tried the life and is happy as the day is long, since she became one of the wives of a potentate, described as Nasrullah Khan.

"In a harem," she continues, "life glides soft, like a sweet, peaceful dream."

TWO BROTHERS INDICTED.

Sheldon, Iowa, May 11.—The grand jury at the recent term of court at Primghar returned indictments against Frank and M. Walsh, wealthy bachelors living in this city, who were accused of refusing to submit to the tender mercies of the Sheldon assessor. Judge Hutchinson took occasion to criticize them severely for their refusal to submit to the law, it appearing that they were fully aware of the information wanted by the assessor.

Exquisite cut glass at cost at A. L. Norberg's, 5 West Superior street.

Mail orders filled.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE

WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

Give baby a ride.

Go-cart sale!

500 Whitney folding carts—latest style, at unheard of prices.

A ride for every baby.

Through a misunderstanding with the manufacturers of our baby buggies and go-carts, the carts that should have been received last fall before the close of navigation were not shipped in time to catch the last boat, and they have only just arrived.

500 folding go-carts of the famous Whitney make.—**There are absolutely no others as good on the market**—owing to the lateness of the season will be placed on sale tomorrow and until sold marked at a very close margin of profit in order to get quick action.

Every Cart is Whitney make, latest style with 4 large wheels which balance the Cart when folded—all have best rubber tires and tempered springs.

$2.98 Whitney folding go-carts, with full rubber tires, Whitney springs, denim seat, fancy back and four large wheels—only $2.98.

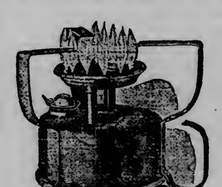
$3.59 Whitney folding go-carts with hardwood seat, perforated veneer back, steel frame, springs and balance wheels—for $3.59.

$5.98 Whitney folding go-cart, with patent steel frame, woven cane back, seat and front, and with pretty white canopy parasol, whitney springs and balanced wheels—only $5.98.

$6.25 Handsomely cushioned Whitney folding go-cart with parasol, with woven cane back, seat and front—extra good springs and rubber tired wheels—for only $6.25.

Many other choice novelties in Whitney folding go-carts are included in this purchase, among which are the finest and most elaborate.

$6.48, $6.75, $7.50, $8.50 $8.75 and up to $29.50



Glogau's Alcohol-Gas Stoves

59c

Hardware stores advertise them as special bargains for 85c.

Our regular price is 59c. The same sort of difference all through the Glass Block, proves the wisdom of buying from the Big Store instead of paying the higher prices of the little stores.

This Alcohol-gas stove is best adapted for sick room, nursery, camp light housekeeping, incubators, physicians, dentists, boarders, toruists, chafing dish, and the man who shaves himself. Boils a quart of water in nine minutes.

Absolutely safe, smokeless, odorless. For sale in the basement.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE

WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

DEFECTIVE PAGE

THE EVENING HERALD.
AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

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THE PEOPLE'S PRESIDENT.

With Democrats competing with Republicans to give him a good time and make him feel at home, the Chicago reception of President Roosevelt is significant of his peculiar political standing.

For the Repubican party, which somewhat reluctantly gave him his nomination because the situation seemed to demand it, cannot by any manner of means lay an exclusive claim to Roosevelt. The election of last fall showed it, and the spontaneous welcome that greets him from Democrats and Republicans alike, not only in Chicago, but wherever he goes, shows in an unmistakeable manner that he is the people's president, not the Republican party's president.

Coming back from his hunting trip, with new and characteristic energy he meets the probems that confront him, vigorously, fearlessly, competently. Foremost is the railway rate problem, and he loses no time in announcing his firm views on that subject, and they are pleasing to the people. Next comes the Chicago strike problem, which is not necessarily his, but which is brought up to him by the reference to the use of federal troops in the appeal handed to him by the labor leaders. This, too, he handles in characteristic manner. Knowing nothing of the merits of the controversy, he voices a hearty sympathy with all necessary efforts toward the preservation of peace, a matter with which the merits of the strike have nothing whatever to do. He will go on to Washington to meet other probems, and he can be expected to meet them firmly and decisively, at any rate.

For Roosevelt is peculiarly close to the people. He is probably less a strictly party man than any president that has lived in the White House for many a day. He is close to the people, he knows their needs and wishes, and the people give him credit for good faith in his repeated statements that he believes in the doctrine of a "square deal."

A recent writer put the situation patly when he said that the Roosevelt party overlapped the Republican party on every side.

A GOLDEN FLOOD.

Will there be a political party some day demanding the silver standard to save us from a deluge of cheap gold? Probably there will be no such party, but the deluge of gold is coming, and it will work marked changes in the financial world. Just what these changes will be has yet to be figured out. The influx of gold into the veins of trade following the discoveries in California in 1848 and the Klondike a few years ago acted as a business tonic, and the flush of financial health and prosperity followed. Naturally it is reasonable to hope for similar results under similar circumstances again.

The figures, as given by H. C. Nicholas in Public Opinion, are bewildering. In 1875 the world's stock of gold, accumulated since the dawn of the Christian era, was $1,500,000,000. The close of 1905 will make it $6,000,000,000, an increase in thirty years of $4,500,000,000, or three times the entire stock of three decades ago. During the past ten years more gold has been produced than in the three centuries preceding 1800.

The discoveries in California in 1848 and Australia in 1851 gave a great impetus to gold production, and Russia at the same time experienced a large increase. The result was a stimulus to industry felt all over the world, but more particularly in the United States. In the '90s the discoveries in South Africa, Colorado and Alaska began to produce similar effects. The increase in production is going on at a rapid rate, and it seems to spell prosperity. A sharp contrast is shown by the production of gold in the first half of the nineteenth century, $787,000,000, and that of the last half, which was $6,900,000,000.

Aside from new discoveries, improved processes of mining have aided in the increase of production. The early process consisted only in the painful operation of washing river sands, in which much gold got away; now we get it all. Economists believe the 1905 production will amount to $400,000,000, and that within two or three years the annual output will have reached $500,000,000.

The effect upon financial policies is shown in the fact that while at the period of the California discoveries England was the only gold standard country in the world, now China is the only country not on the gold standard.

A DIVORCELESS STATE.

South Carolina is the only state in the Union that has no divorce laws, and in which the hand of death is the only authority permitted to terminate marriage contracts. According to W. E. Gonzales, a Columbia, S. C., editor writing in Public Opinion, the effect has been extremely wholesome, and it would be impossible to induce the people of the state to consent to the enactment of divorce laws. South Carolina's experience, therefore, is strong testimony in support of those who absolutely oppose divorce.

He finds it difficult to explain why his state has steadfastly clung to the strictest construction of New Testament law. It is true that there has always existed in that state a chivalric sentiment that aimed at protection of its women, and that bitterly opposed publicity of family affairs. But that same spirit exists elsewhere, particularly in states dominated by the more enlightened classes, so that is not entirely an explanation. A carpet-bagger and negro legislature enacted a divorce law in 1872, which was repealed as soon as the residents of the state came into their own again, in 1878. Very few white people took advantage of the law during its life, says the writer.

Under the system of no divorce, he believes there are fewer beclouded homes in proportion to population than in any other state. He says that while the nearby states have divorce courts that are open, he knows of no divorced men or women prominent in any city of the state. A reasonable explanation of this condition is that the people have been trained to look upon marriage as a finality. They expect no change this side the grave, and society has ordained family disruption to be disgraceful. There can be no doubt that many hasty marriages in other states are due to the facility with which divorce may end them, and that a condition opposite to that which prevails in South Carolina breeds looseness of marriage ties.

Some have sought to lessen divorces by making marriage more difficult, thinking that if the parties were compelled to a more leisurely wedding, they would give it more consideration beforehand, and not plunge hastily into ill-considered ties. South Carolina does not support this idea, for it is as easy to be married there as it is anywhere. The common-law marriage is recognized and there are absolutely no conditions. A notary public ties the knot as securely as a bishop. A man and woman declaring their intention to live as man and wife are married under the law.

South Carolina is an interesting sociological exhibit, and even discounting Mr. Gonzales' report by allowing for considerable local pride, the lesson it teaches is wholesome.

THE TIPPING EVIL.

The plague of tipping is, like many other manifestations of graft in its pettier forms, one of the things we bear, not willingly, but more or less amiably, because iron-bound custom forces us to do so. The individual who starts out by himself to reform the evil by withholding tips leads a sorry life indeed. Long waits, cold soup, tough meat, scant courtesy, all the discomfort that the tip-seekers can produce, are his, and still the evil remains.

Out in San Francisco there appears, from a perusal of the newspapers published there, to be something of a united effort to stamp out the nuisance. By a united effort only can any evil of this nature be eliminated, and it is barely possible that if San Francisco keeps it up, and does not permit its attention to be distracted by anything less important, it may accomplish something. Oddly enough, the crusade against tipping grew out of the over-grown impudence of the custom itself. And yet it is not so odd, either, because this long-suffering public usually fails to go after evil until it has grown so monstrous as to cry out for attention with a voice that deafens.

Frisco folks continued to tip, grumbling only a little, until one day a bill collector presented a bill to a Frisco citizen, and when he was paid demanded a tip. This citizen had been contributing to the Pullman company, the restaurant keepers, the hotel men, the bootblacks, the garbage collectors, and many others, but when he was asked to pay for the bitterness of bill-paying, he drew the line. As a result of the operation of rising up and howling vigorously, which he then and there performed, there has been something like an upheaval of public sentiment, that has driven master barbers, hotel men and cafe keepers to prohibit tipping.

But we haven't much hope even in this effort. A great reform like this is only accomplished after prolonged agitation has made its visage so obnoxious to public view that in very shame it hides itself away and leaks out through the crevices.

THE FIELD SURVEY.

The wealth of the United States is $100,000,000,000, and when Rockefeller gets to be a billionaire he will only own a paltry 1 per cent of it.

* * *

The most attractive thing about Panama canal positions is that after two years you will be eligible for a transfer back to this country. Most of them will be willing to accept the transfer, unless Panama has been libelled.

* * *

Will Wisconsin folks have sufficient strength of character to obey that anti-tipping law?

* * *

The Crookston Journal is varying the customary thing of having outsiders tell how to run a newspaper by giving its patrons and the public some plain, strong, business-like facts about the newspaper business and the value of advertising.

* * *

Jeffries says pugilism is no longer profitable, and that is a very encouraging sign of the times.

* * *

The Brainerd Tribune gives as an all-sufficient reason why Brainerd is not going to have a street fair this year that Brainerd has had a street fair.

* * *

The Aitkin Age speaks words of wisdom when it says that commercial cubs, now so popular, will accomplish good just in proportion to the liberality and enterprise of their members. A commercial club is a vehicle that will not run without pushing.

* * *

The Ohio penitentiary has ten bankers within its walls. That is the place for that kind of banker.

* * *

That railway congress is probably being held in Washington at this season to make it seem more natural now that the senate is away.

* * *

The man that starts out to be an innocent bystander should provide himself with accident insurance.

* * *

Coco, the educated baboon, has made his debut in New York society. He must have felt at home.

* * *

A New Jersey town has a choir-singer who is 75 years old. Some singers will have to keep it up at least that long before their voices improve enough to be pleasant to the ear.

* * *

Don't expect too much of the Duluth baseball club yet. They say the best ball-playing is done without overcoats.

* * *

The Cloquet Independent makes an eloquent appeal for a higher public spirit in its city. That is what does things in a community. The lack of it does things to a community.

* * *

The angry murmur that has become audible since Grover Cleveland said that a woman's best club is her home seems to indicate a disposition to deny it. It was a saucy thing to say, but really, isn't it so?

* * *

An English medical journal's statistics showing that drinking men live longer than teetotallers may cause a strike of water wagon drivers.

* * *

The fellow that is continually getting into print for killing his wife and then himself always begins his work at the wrong end.

* * *

Roseau County Times: "Could any whole soled, consciencious man trade places with the oil magnet?" Alas, poor "magnet!" To attract so much gold, so little sympathy!

Hotel Gossip.

B. F. Dodson of Chicago, as agent of a concern which manufactures street sprinklers, rock crushers, graders, etc., pretty thoroughly covers all parts of the West and Middle West, and is thus given an excellent opportunity to note the development of different sections, and the possibilities for future growth. Mr. Dodson, who is now registered at the McKay, expresses a good deal of interest in irrigation projects.

"Irrigating through the West is becoming more extensive every year," he said, "and is resulting in the reclaiming of vast stretches of arid regions which for years have been of no practical value, except, in some parts, as a grazing ground for cattle. The work is now extending into New Mexico, where irrigation is badly needed.

"A peculiar fact about the irrigation projects is that they are carried out, with scarcely an exception, by either the government or state. Private companies, counties and townships have never yet made a success of digging one of the ditches, although they have tried it several times. The work generally turns out to be more difficult and expensive than it looks at the start, and is usually abandoned by everyone but the state and government before it is completed. Many people do not seem to know that those who are benefited by such irrigation are made to pay for the water, but they are. From this it might appear that a private company or an individual could construct an irrigation ditch and reap good returns from the investment by charging the farmers along the route for the use of the water, but I know of no instance where such a scheme has been successfully carried out.

"Immigration into the Southwest is quite large this year. A good many are going into New Mexico, a territory which has heretofore received comparatively little attention from the outsider. The immigration into Oklahoma has fallen off to a considerable extent, but that is because very little good land remains untaken, and not because there is any falling off in the general prosperity of the district."

* * *

"On the trip up from St. Paul I noticed that the train frightened quite a number of prairie chickens and pintail grouse from the track," said S. A. Little of St. Paul at the St. Louis. "The birds appear to be quite numerous, and I should say that there will be good hunting next fall, unless the forest fires and rains we have been having this spring interferes with the nesting, which many sportsmen claim will be the case.

"The birds are not in large flocks now the way they are later in the season, but quite frequently, particularly as we got up into the Duluth country, we could see bunches of two, three or four chickens flying away from the path of the train."

* * *

"I have just arrived from Nagasaki, via Seattle, en route to England," said Capt. Percy Gibson, who claims to have been the master of the blockade runner Sylvania, captured by the Japanese, Feb. 18, while trying to make Vladivostok. He is registered at the Spalding.

"It was my misfortune, not my fault, that the ship was lost," said the captain. "Both the vessel and cargo went to the Japs according to the rules of war, and I have no complaint to make. The cargo, of course, was contraband of war. I came near getting into the Russian port, and was captured less than twenty-four hours from there. If I had had a little faster vessel I would have gotten there as it was, but the boat was too slow for the work. It was my first trip in her as a blockade runner.

"We got to Hong Kong all right from an English port, and remained there for a day or two. We left Hong Kong during a heavy fog, but it cleared soon afterwards, and we turned back to the harbor, fearing detection. When the weather came on thick again we put to sea. It remained foggy until the morning of February 18, and we were beginning to congratulate ourselves on the success of our venture when the fog suddenly raised and we found ourselves in plain view of a Japanese cruiser, the Niko Maru. We stood no show of escape, and therefore did not make the attempt. The Japs sent a boat's crew aboard to make the usual inquiries. The Japs soon satisfied themselves as to the nature of our purpose there, and we were made prisoners.

"We were taken to a Japanese port. What final action in confiscating the vessel and cargo was taken I was ordered transported to Nagasaki, where I remained for seven weeks, under police surveillance day and night before I was allowed to return home. The members of my crew were allowed to go soon after the caupture. I was well treated by the Japs, although they took all my personal belongings, with the exception of the clothes I wore and a little money. I have since learned that the presence of the Sylvania at Hong Kong was known in Hong Kong twenty-four hours after our arrival there, through Jap spies. The spy system of Japan is the best in the world, bar none.

"I ran the blockade three times during the present war in the East and did similar work during the Chinese-Japanese war. One of my runs during the present war was into Port Arthur before the place was captured.

"The Russian fleet will crush the naval power of Japan, and I look for a decisive battle within ten days."

* * *

At the Spalding: R. Ericson, Ishpeming; C. B. Whitney, Detroit; C. S. Brown, Marinette, Wis.; Harry Berkson, Chicago; E. E. Parke, St. Paul; W. E. Bell, Chicago; J. H. Madden, Ashland; Alden Anderson and wife, Sacramento, Cal.; Dr. J. Sendrow, St. Paul; G. L. Duyne, Milwaukee; J. M. Doesburg, Milwaukee; J. A. Leschen, St. Louis; C. G. Sill, Cleveland; G. V. Freer, Marquette.

* * *

At the St. Louis: W. Holin, Minneapolis; Jennie Ried, Aitkin; C. P. Mattison, Minneapolis; T. R. Johnston, Crookston; I. W. Mark, St. Paul; W. G. Baker, Hibbing; N. A. Gilchrist, Crookston; J. L. Husman, Minneapolis; J. A. Heup, Cincinnati; Harry Park, Ashland; E. Sanborn, Cloquet; Richard Brown, Michigamme; C. E. Lebmann, Negaunee; J. Bruenbuch, St. Paul; C. H. McKay, Gaylord, Minn.; J. C. Landis, Melrose, Minn.; W. Porter, Hibbing; James Friedusan, St. Paul; N. I. Cluff, Aitkin.

* * *

At the Lenox: Terry Naughton, St. Paul; M. M. Young, Milwaukee; J. Quinn, St. Paul; B. Paradise, Chicago; F. E. Anderson, Republic, Mo.; H. H. Smith, Kalamazoo; F. W. Burdick, Minneapolis; B. H. Ward, La Crosse; J. R. William, St. Paul; M. B. Millar, Minneapolis; Mrs. T. J. Welch, Walker; B. L. Remper and wife, Omaha; A. B. Taylor, Sauk Center, Minn.; Edgar Wright, Monticello, Minn.; J. Thomas, Hibbing; Dr. Turley, Dr. Muessel, Minneapolis; Allen St. Germain and wife, Omaha.

* * *

At the McKay: J. E. Smeed, Minneapolis; M. T. Boyer, John Snesend, J. Chamberlain, Minneapolis; R. J. McGhee, wife and child, Aurora, Minn.; J. W. Long and wife, Aurora; T. F. Hyde, Milwaukee; A. C. Hopkins, Mankato; R. L. McLaene, Two Harbors; S. B. Christopher, S. R. Peltier, E. Johnson and wife, Alfred Anderson, Minneapolis; F. W. Doers, J. Finnegan, Two Harbors; S. H. Olean, Scanlon.

Governor Hoch's Little Thrust.

New York Times: Governor E. W. Hoch of Kansas, is both disgusted and amused by the horde of office seekers about the state house. He was editor of a country weekly when elected, and yet furnishes the copy for its editorial page. After listening to the office seekers' woes for two weeks he printed this: "The host of fellows who hang around the state house of Topeka waiting for something to turn up reminds us of the following anecdote: A chronic office seeker died a few years ago, and his friends asked a well known journalist for an epitaph for his tombstone. The gentleman suggested the following:

Here Lies
JOHN JONES,
In the Only Place for Which
He Never Applied.

Bargain Price Dignity.

Baltimore American: A solemn suit in the federal courts, conducted with all due dignity and decorum, over 45 cents duty on a 50-cent souvenir spoon, shows that even the majesty of the law and government may take the one step from the sublime to the ridiculous.

The Weather.

United States Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), May 11.—The storm remained about stationary during the past twenty-four hours, being central this morning over southeastern Nebraska and northeastern Kansas. Precipitation occurred in most northern districts and South Atlantic states, more or less snow falling throughout the Northwest. Cold weather continues in the latter section. In the Lake Region the winds are fresh to brisk easterly with cloudy to rainy weather, foggy on western Superior.

Following were the maximum temperatures recorded during the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	84	Marquette	48
Atlanta	84	Medicine Hat	42
Battleford	46	Miles City	44
Bismarck	42	Milwaukee	46
Boston	68	Modena	48
Buffalo	58	Montgomery	88
Calgary	46	Moorhead	48
Charleston	82	New Orleans	88
Chicago	62	New York	66
Cincinnati	80	Norfolk	66
Davenport	82	Northfield	58
Denver	56	North Platte	62
Detroit	52	Oklahoma	86
Dodge City	82	Omaha	78
Duluth	40	Phoenix	72
El Paso	86	Pittsburg	64
Escanaba	46	Port Arthur	44
Galveston	82	Portland	60
Green Bay	48	Qu'Appelle	38
Havre	46	Rapid City	48
Helena	40	San Francisco	60
Houghton	46	Santa Fe	60
Huron	54	Shreveport	86
Jacksonville	88	Spokane	52
Kamloops	66	St. Louis	88
Kansas City	86	St. Paul	62
Knoxville	84	Sault Ste. Marie	52
La Crosse	60	Washington	70
Lander	48	Williston	40
Little Rock	84	Winnemucca	54
Los Angeles	68	Winnipeg	46

Forecasts for twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. (local time), Friday: Duluth, Superior and vicinity—Partly cloudy tonight and Friday with possibly showers. Brisk to moderately high easterly winds.
H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

Chicago, May 11.—Forecasts till 7 p. m. Friday: Wisconsin — Threatening with showers and thunderstorms tonight and possibly in east and north portions Friday.

Minnesota — Generally fair in West, showers in east portion tonight and possibly Friday.

North Dakota and South Dakota—Fair tonight and Friday. Frost tonight.

Upper Lakes — Brisk to high easterly winds tonight except southerly on southern portions of Michigan and Huron, probably shifting to westerly by Friday night. Rain and squalls. Storm southeast warnings Lake Michigan 10 a. m.

Mournful Jap Music Halls.

New York Herald: A returned traveler adverted to the music halls of Japan with an air of disgust.

"We wouldn't like them here," he said. "They are too refined and subtle. Take, for instance, the songs.

"The Japanese song must be subtle and brief. I heard a singer come out and sing:

"Borne in no road car,
Endless is railway,
How shall poor I reach
Station at last?"

"That is the translation that my Japanese companion made of this song for me. The meaning of the piece was that the singer's love for his lady was lifelong. The railway typified life and the station typified death.

"A great hit had been made, so the singer gave an encore, it was a marriage song, and it ran:

"Sleeping beside thee,
No need of a pillow;
Thy arm and my arm,
Pillows are they."

Delightful for the Bride.

The Boudoir: On the day of a Chinese marriage uninvited friends and neighbors, or even perfect strangers, are allowed to come in and see the bride, and they may make any remark about her, or to her, they please. Sometimes things horribly rude and disgusting are said. To try her temper a man will say: "Fetch your husband a cup of tea." If she does so all will say jeeringly: "What an obedient wife you are!" If she sulks and does not do as she is told they remark: "That is a pretty vixen with which to begin married life. We cannot congratulate you on that tartar," and other words to a similar effect. Then the poor thing is made to stand upon an inverted cup to show how small are her feet.

Wanted to Hang the King.

Philadelphia Record: King Victor Emmanuel was driving his motor car in Rome one day, and, coming around a corner at a rapid rate, he nearly collided with an auto coming in the opposite direction. He pulled up to apologize and was greeted with a storm of indignation, the owner of the other car (an American) dressing him down in fine style and winding up: "Scorchers like you should be strung up." "What, in front of my own palace?" said his majesty, smiling. "Don't care where," roared the foreigner, "so long as it is done properly." A few days later Mr. Blank, a distinguished citizen at Massachusetts, was due for an audience at the Quirinal. The doors were thrown open, and to his amazement and horror the American found himself face to face with the motorist he had so lavishly abused a few days earlier. The tension was painful until the king advanced with a smile and outstretched hand, saying: "Are all Americans as peppery as you, Mr. Blank?"

Lives of Great Poets.

(By the Norsk Nightingale.)

BYRON.

Byron ban a sassy feller,
He ban writing Don Yooan.
And he tal bout dis Childe Harold,
And ban shoot some dandy con,
He ban write some lines to Yulia,
All so sveet lak vedding bell,
And each time he write to ladies
He skol always say "Farevell."

Dandy lesson dis skol teach us,
Ven ve meet with ladies fair,
Ef deir yealous sweethearts reach us
Ve skol climbing golden Stair.
Dis Lord Byron ban great masher,
Yennie, Yulia, Kit, and Nellie,
But so sune sum tengs look risky,
He skol always say "Farevell."

BURNS.

Bobbie Burns ban old Scotch poet,
Always writing someteng new.
He ban flirt vith Highland Mary
And vith planty oders, tu.
He write lots of lines to mouses
And to simple little tengs,
But dey used to say about him,
"Tengs look bright ven Bobbie sengs."

Bob ant never save no panga,
He ban busted high and dry;
So he say von night, "By Yiminy,
It ban nearly time to die."
But ve see some songs of Bobbie's
Everyvar a faller turns,
And his songs day all ban different—
God made yust von Bobbie Burns.
WILLIAM F. KIRK, in Milwaukee Sentinel.

A Tactless Man.

New York Tribune: Miss Helen Miller Gould was addressing a class of young women on the subject of tact.

"What," said Miss Gould, "is more unpleasant, more annoying, than tactlessness? Let me tell you about a supremely tactless man.

"This man went with his wife to a dinner party. He took down to dinner a very charming woman, but the first course had hardly begun when, to his wife's dismay, he jumped up from his seat beside the woman, and, making a circuit of the table, took a vacant chair beside a younger matron.

"After the dinner, as the man's wife entered her carriage to drive home, she said impatiently:

"'I have been dying all the evening to ask you why, after taking her down to dinner, you deserted Mrs. A. for Mrs. B.?"

"'Why,' said the husband, 'with my back to that fire, I'd have caught my death.'

"'Well,' said the wife, 'I hope you told Mrs. A. that.'

"'No,' said the husband, 'I didn't. I told Mrs. B., though.'"

Fifty Years the Standard

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

Made from pure cream of tartar derived from grapes.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO., CHICAGO.

Twenty Years Ago.

Taken From the Columns of Duluth Papers of This Date 1885.

***A large euchre party was given by Mrs. William R. Stone Wednesday evening.

***Thomas H. Hulbert came down from his Canadian mine on the Butcher Boy Wednesday.

***George F. Sexmith, formerly of the Paige-Sexmith Lumber company, but now of Fond du Lac, Wis., paid a visit to his friends here this week.

***The Isle Royale is in the dry dock for a new shaft and larger wheel, and for repairs to a couple of holes knocked in her side by Port Arthur ice.

***Capt. John Owens, who leases and operates the sawmill at Tower, has been in Duluth the greater part of the past two weeks, having been summoned as a witness in the Wisanen murder trial. Capt. Owens has made Tower his home since 1882, and consequently is one of the pioneers of that section.

***F. J. Marsh and Miss Hattie Edwards were married on Wednesday evening by Rev. C. A. Poole at the residence of the bride's father on West Third street. Mr. Marsh was formerly a civil engineer on the Duluth & Iron Range road, of which Mr. Edwards was builder. He is now of the well known firm of F. J. Marsh & Co.

***The ladies' library has some 800 volumes.

***Duluth now has about sixteen duly authorized and accredited bootblacks.

***Considerable stone has already been laid on the foundation of the Board of Trade building.

***Lawyer Walter Ayers has moved into new and pleasant quarters in the Williamson building.

***Three additional policemen have been put on the night force.

***A private telegraph line to Chicago by way of Minneapolis, St. Paul, the Mississippi and Milwaukee is among the recent probabilities.

POINTED REMARKS.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "Over in Germany they are circulating a sensational report that $268,000,000 has been stolen from the United States treasury by burglars."

Washington Star: "Do you expect Charley to catch anything on his fishing trip?" said young Mrs. Torkins' mother. "No," was the reply. "He's been vaccinated and took ten grains of quinine before he started."

Philadelphia Ledger: "Since my daughter got her piano," said the woman next door, "she plays all the day long."

"Does she really play all day long?" queried Mrs. Knox, "or does it merely seem long?"

Cleveland Leader: Lottie—Dottie Scadds He conquered no more fair domain

Tottie—What's she done?

Lottie—Her father expostulated with her on her extravagant habits, and she told him he ought to be thankful to have a daughter who was such a wealthy heiress!

Washington Star: "That man," said the proud friend, "went into politics a poor man and came out of it a poor man."

"Well," answered Senator Sorghum, "all I can say is that there must have been contributary negligence on his part."

Philadelphia Press: "Of course, the earrings are quite pretty," she said, with just a tinge of disappointment, "but the stones are very small."

"But, my dear," replied Mr. Phoxy, "if they were any larger they'd be all out of proportion to the size of your ears."

Chicago Record-Herald: "Have you tried your luck in Wall street?"

"No, but I was an innocent bystander once."

MINNESOTA OPINIONS.

Kelliher Journal: The state dairy and food commissioner has started a crusade against "squirrel" whisky. If it is true that all whisky is bad, then it is pretty hard to find a word to adequately describe this variety.

Warren Sheaf: Prof. J. Paul Goode of the Chicago university declares the Rocky Mountains ought to be moved to the northern end of the continent. We feel that way ourself when the fresh ozone sweeps down from the north. A barrier of some kind is needed to keep the congealed atmosphere at the north pole. It will be a big job to move these mountains, but perhaps Uncle Sam will tackle it after he has finished the Panama canal!

Mankato Free Press: The difference between good and bad roads is often equivalent to the difference between profit and loss. Good roads have a money value to farmers as well as a political and social value, and leaving out convenience, comfort, social and refined influences which good roads always enhance and looking at them only from the 'almighty dollar' side, they are found to pay handsome dividends each year.

Red Wing Republican: There are two times when friends of ex-Governor Van Sant find it hard to recognize him. One is after he has had his moustache shaved off, and the other is when he runs for the United States senate.

Brainerd Arena: Beside the Equitable disclosures, Lawson's "Frenzied Finance" is like a lantern to an electric arc light.

Brainerd Tribune: The esteemed Akeley Herald is mistaken when it says "Brainerd is have another street fair this summer." Brainerd has no idea of having a street fair this summer nor any other summer. We have had a street fair in Brainerd.

Brainerd Dispatch: The removal by Gov. Van Sant of his magnificent coat black moustache is construed by some to mean that he has made up his mind to retire from politics while others think the significance is that he proposes to get into the game again but in disguise. In either case the fellows that are guessing into their opinion on the ground that his moustache was the leading feature of his political career.

St. Cloud Times: A Boston clergyman says "Mr. Rockefeller has an ax to grind." The dealers who have been struck by Mr. Rockefeller's ax, don't believe it needs grinding.

Marshall County Pioneer: The farmers are all wearing broad smiles these days. They have mostly got their wheat sowed and the ground being in such elegant condition, the seeding is being done in good shape and will be completed in a few days. It is seldom that the weather is so favorable for getting in the crop on time as it is this spring. Hence the smiles.

Perham Enterprise: It is said that the new voting machine law will give a big chance for graft. It can't be any worse than the old voting machine operated by the ward politician.

Two Harbors Iron News: We notice in one of the Duluth papers that a wave of reform is sweeping the range towns. The article indicates that the reform most urgently sought is in the quality of the whisky. Let the good work go on.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: No man ever paid rent out of the money he is going to have when his ship comes in.

Politics consists of being a pursuing wolf all the year except election time, and then a hunted fox.

The time a man finds out how little he knows about arguing is when he begins to find fault because there is no hot water for shaving, and winds up with defending himself for having come home late to dinner six months ago.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER
SATURDAY MATINEE and NIGHT.
A Musical Comedy
"The Burgomaster"
Prices: $1.50, $1, 75c, 50c, 25c
Matinee: $1, 75c, 50c and 25c
Seats on Sale today.

METROPOLITAN
The House of Laughter
Tonight, Tomorrow Night, Saturday Matinee and Night.
Mr. HARRY CORSON CLARKE in the Furiously Funny Farce—
"Lost 24 Hours"
Next—"What Happened to Jones"

BENEFIT PERFORMANCE.
"MERCHANT OF VENICE"
for school garden and summer cooking school, auspices of Women's Council
LYCEUM THEATER, MAY 24.
Staged under direction John Milton.

PRESIDENT IS FIRM ON RATE REGULATION

Says Views Expressed By Secretary Taft State His Position.

A Remarkable Reception By Chicago's Leading Democratic Club.

Chicago, May 11.—President Roosevelt was in Chicago for twelve and one-half hours yesterday, and of that time eleven and one-half hours were given to the public. From 6:30 to 7 o'clock, was allotted to him on the official program for rest, but during this time he gave an audience to a committee of labor leaders who presented to him a protest against the use of federal troops in the teamsters' strike. The remainder of his time from the moment that his train came into the Chicago & Northwestern depot at noon, until it drew out of the Pennsylvania depot at thirty minutes after midnight, was consumed by one luncheon, three receptions, one banquet and four carriage rides.

From his arrival until his departure the program outlined for his entertainment was carried through without delay and without an unpleasant feature or untoward incident.

Honoring and honored by his political foes but personal friends, President Roosevelt was last night the chief guest at a magnificent banquet tendered to him by the Iroquois club, the leading Democratic organization of Illinois. Surrounded by men who have fought against him in two national campaigns, who deprecate many of his avowed policies and who have frowned upon some of his political actions, the president was cheered to the echo as he entered and left the banquet hall, was applauded with enthusiasm throughout his address and at its close, and was given to understand that in his case political differences were not a personal issue. The banquet, which was from first to last an ovation, was given entirely by Democrats to the leader of their political opponents and many of the kindly personal references made by the speakers of the evening, the majority of whom are men of Democratic faith, deeply touched the president. In his manner and words he evinced throughout the evening a deep gratification at the warmth of his reception from men who have fought him in political battles before now and are ready to fight him again tomorrow if they considered it necessary. Throughout the entire evening, however, ran the dominant note of admiration for the character of and friendship for the man himself.

The great banquet hall of the Auditorium which had been the scene of many notable gatherings, never held one more representative than which assembled there last night to do honor to President Roosevelt. Given under the auspices of a Democratic organization, as it was, it was but natural that a great majority of those present should be members of that party, but scattered throughout the banqueting hall were many men strong in Republican doctrines and high in the council of their party in Illinois. At the president's table were Mayor Dunne, Charles F. Gunther, president of the Iroquois club; James Hamilton Lewis, who acted as toastmaster; Samuel Alschuler, J. Murray Tulley, Sheriff Thomas F. Barrett, and other Democrats. Of the Republicans there were at the same table Governor Deneen, Senator Hopkins, Judge Kohlsaat, Judge Landis and a dozen more.

Prior to the banquet itself, which was set for 7 o'clock, the president held an informal reception in the rooms of the Art Institute, adjourning to the Auditorium on the north. He shook hands with every one of the 700 men who were present at the function immediately following the reception and had a pleasant word for all those who were known to him personally or by reputation.

A few minutes before 7 o'clock President Roosevelt escorted by President Guther of the Iroquois club and other members entered the banqueting hall. They had been preceded by several hundred of the guests and their arrival was the signal for an outburst of cheers that continued until the president had traversed the long hall and stood by his seat at the speakers' table, which was placed at the east end of the hall, upon a dais about twelve inches high. The president bowed repeatedly in acknowledgment of the hearty welcome extended him. The menu was long and fully one and one-half hours were consumed before its end was reached.

At 9 o'clock President Gunther called the guests to order and delivered a brief address of welcome to the president in the following words:

"We welcome our guest for his broad patriotic spirit, for, like ourselves, he can rise above party prejudices and animosities, and can say we are of one heart for our common country. We welcome you because by your support and example you have given a strenuous life to young America. We welcome you for your courage in the hour of duty. We welcome you because the Iroquois club is national in its scope and broad enough to honor the chief executive of the nation who has steered the ship of state through shoals and dangers from the Orient to the Occident. We welcome you to Chicago, not for ourselves alone, but for the others you have seen fit to lend your presence to with a glad hand and buoyant heart, and lastly, we welcome you because you believe in the high and immortal principles of Thomas Jefferson, equal rights to all and special privileges to none, and in the American spirit of '76 that has built up our constitutional liberties and dares to maintain and preserve them."

President Gunther, at the close of his address, introduced as toastmaster of the evening, James Hamilton Lewis, who was greeted with much cheering and applause as he rose to take the head of the table. Mr. Lewis spoke as follows:

"Mr. President, I do not present you to the Iroquois club, I present them to you. They are Democrats. Their Democracy is as your Republicanism. First to their flag ever loyal, to their country ever devoted, faithful to their fellowman and true to themselves. Gentlemen of the banquet board, is it to be marvelled that such as these sought the counsel, as tonight they delight in the companionship of a president of the whole people of the United States, one whose sentiment of public conduct is not partyism, but patriotism, whose theme, in his commingling with mankind is that of the Latin poet, Terrence, saying: 'I am a man, and all things human touch me.' A man whose impartial Americanism is as broad as the limits of the Union which it blesses ,the purity of whose intentions is as lofty as that of the Crusaders in quest of the cross, whose valor as a soldier and whose justice as a ruler has inspired affection in the hearts of the humblest, while it has commanded the salute of respect from the powerful of earth; truly, one in whom the elements are so mixed that nature might stand up and say to all the world: This was a man."

As the first formal speaker of the evening, Mr. Lewis introduced J. M. Dickinson, a leading member of the Iroquois club. Mr. Dickinson chose as his item the history of the organization, which was the host of the evening.

The next speaker was Mayor Edward F. Dunne, who spoke on "The City of Chicago." His address was follows:

"The city greets Theodore Roosevelt because he is the chief of 80,000,000 of free people; because by his sterling manhood, patriotism and energy he has fairly and honestly won the proud position he now occupies—the proudest on earth—and because in his character he typifies that which the citizens of this city honor above all else—honesty of purpose and intensity of effort. Most of us here tonight differ with him in many of his policies and political convictions, and have often declared that he has been in political error, but none of us ever have doubted the honesty of his convictions or the patriotism of his character.

"In common with our fellow-citizens with other political faiths, we heartily welcome him within the walls of our city an dthe doors of our club, and express the sincere hope that his days may be long, his joys many and his sorrows few. As mayor of Chicago, in welcoming him I feel that I voice the unanimous sense of all citizens, as I know I voice the unanimous feeling of the members of the Iroquois club."

Governor Deneen's subject was "Illinois." He was wittily introduced by Toastmaster Lewis. When at the conclusion of Governor Deneen's talk, Mr. Lewis arose to introduce President Roosevelt, he was at first given no opportunity to speak. The entire assembly was on its feet, waving handkerchiefs and napkins and cheering with vigor. When his voice could be heard, Mr. Lewis happily introduced the president, who spoke as follows:

Mr. President, Mr. Toastmaster, and you, my hosts: I very deeply appreciate the honor of being your guest and the guest of the city of Chicago this evening, and, in looking at the possibilities of the future, let me add that I have not the least anticipation of Chicago's ever reversing that most complimentary vote which I so deeply appreciated last year, because it never will have the chance.

Our country is governed, and under the existing circumstances can only be governed under the party system, and that should mean, and that will mean, when we have a sufficient number of people who take the point of view that Judge Dickinson takes, there will be a frank and manly opposition of party to party, of party man to party man, combined with equally frank refusal to conduct a party contest in any such way as to give good Americans cause for regret because of what is said before election, when compared with what is said after election. The frankest opposition to a given man or a given party on questions of public policy cannot be, but almost always should be, combined with the frankest recognition of the infinitely greater number of points of agreement than the points of difference.

> And I have accepted your generous invitation to come before you this evening because the longer I am in public life the more I am convinced that the great bulk of questions before us are questions that we can best decide not from the standpoint of Republicanism or Democracy, but from the standpoint of the interests of the average citizen, whether Republican or Democrat.

Our politics should, and our political lines of difference should, and in the great majority of cases do, disappear at the water's edge, and when I had to choose a man to represent to a peculiar degree the interests of the government in one of the most important foreign negotiations of recent years, that concerning the Alaska boundary, I chose the best lawyer, one of the ablest public men, and one of the most fairminded patriots that could be found in the country, and the fact that he was of opposite political faith did not interfere with Judge Dickinson doing that work well. That was a question that concerned the United States, all of the United States. Most questions that come up in Washington—as I think, Col. Lewis, you will agree with me—are questions that go much deeper than party; are questions that affect the whole country, and the man would indeed be unfit for the position of president who did not feel that when he held the office he held it in the most emphatic sense as the representative of all the people.

Among the most vital questions that have come up for solution because of the extraordinary industrial development of this country, are the questions of capital and labor and the questions resulting from the effect upon the public of the organization into great masses of both capital and labor. I believe thoroughly in each kind of organization, but I recognize that if either kind of orgnization does what is wrong, the increase in its power for efficiency that has resulted, the combination means the increase in its power to do harm; and that therefore corporation and union must alike be held to a peculiar responsibility to the public at large, and that from each alike we have the right to demand not only obedience to the law, but service to the public.

Now observe there are two sides to what I have said, and we are very apt to hear only insistence upon one side, sometimes the insistence upon this side, sometimes the insistence upon that, but not as often as we should, insistence upon both sides of the question.

I will take up first the question of organized capital. When this nation was created such a thing as a modern corporation not only did not exist but could not be imagined. That is especially true of the great modern corporations engaged in interstate commerce. A century ago the highways of commerce were exactly such as they had been from the days of the dawn of civilization on the banks of the Nile. All that could be done by waterways and by roads for wheeled vehicles drawn by animal power had been developed to a very marked degree, but sails, oars, wheeled vehicles and beasts of burden were, as they had been for many thousands of years, the only means of commerce, the only method by which individuals or corporations engaged in commerce, could act. Under such circumstances the fathers and founders of this republic could not foresee, and therefore doubly could not provide for conditions of the present day. We now have the great highways of commerce of an entirely different kind; the waterway, the road for wheeled vehicles, have sunk into absolute insignificance compared with the railway, and we therefore have in our the first time in history, a highway—a highway for the commerce of all the people, under the control of a private individual or a private corporation.

Now, gentlemen, let me in the first place insist upon this fact, that we should keep ever before us, that the men who have built up the great railway systems of this country, like other men who have built up the great industries of this country, have as a rule, made their fortunes as incidents to benefiting and not to harming the country. As a rule, benefit, and not harm has come from their efforts and in making fortunes for themselves, they have done good to all of us. We have all benefited by the talents of the great captains of industry.

We cannot afford to do damage to those men or those corporations, in the first place because we cannot afford to do the justice to any man, and in the next place, because to do such damage to them would mean widespread damage among the wage workers and among the general public.

> All of this I have said I wish kept in mind steadily in appreciating that what I am going to say; for while acknowledging in the frankest manner the benefits that have come from the development of these great industries, I also feel that we must recognize that the time has now come when it is essential, in the interests of the public, that there should be exercised a power of supervision and regulation over them in the interests of the public. (Applause.)

The state can properly deal with the corporation doing business within its own limits. The state cannot deal at all with corporations doing business in many different states. It is an absurdity at once ludicrous and harmful to leave it in the power of one state to create a corporation of gigantic size which should of its own work in a number of other states, and, perhaps, with the scantiest regard to the laws of those states in which it actually does work.

Personally, I believe that the Federal government must take an increasing control over corporations. It is better that that control should increase or decrease than that it should be assumed all at once; but there should be, and I trust there will be, no halt in the steady process of assuming such national control, and the first step toward it should be the adoption of a law conferring upon some executive body the power of increased supervision and regulation of the great corporations engaged primarily in interstate commerce of the railroads. And my views on that subject could not have been better expressed than they were expressed yesterday, I think, by Secretary Taft in Washington, as they were expressed by the attorney general in his communication to the senate committee a couple of weeks ago.

I believe that the representatives of the nation, that is the representatives of all the people, should lodge in some executive body the power to establish a maximum rate, the power to have that rate go into effect practically immediately, and the power to see that the provisions of the law apply in full to the companies owning private cars just as much as to the railroads themselves. The courts will retain, and would retain, no matter what the legislature did, the power to interfere and upset any action that was confiscatory in its nature. I am well aware that the action of such a body as I have spoken of may stop far short of confiscation and yet do great damage. In other words, I am well aware that to give this power means the possibility that the power may be abused. That possibility we must face. Any power strong enough, any power which could be granted sufficiently great to be efficient, would be sufficiently great to be harmful if abused. That is true of the power of taxation. It is perfectly possible for the body which has the power of taxation entrusted to it to use it viciously and harmfully against certain interests or certain classes. Nevertheless the power must exist; the power must be lodged in the representatives of the people; and so with the power of which I speak—it must exist. It must be lodged in somebody which is to give expression to the needs of the people as a whole; and the fact that it is possible that the power may be abused is not and cannot be an argument against placing it where we shall have a right to expect that it will be used fairly toward all. (Applause.) One thing I wish definitely understood: If the power is granted to me to create such a board, such a commission, or to continue in power, if I so desire, a commission or board with increased powers, I shall strive to appoint and retain men who will do exactly the same justice to the railroad as they will exact from the railroad.

> False hopes are always raised by any measure of reform, because there are always people who expect the impossible, and if the measure which I advocate is enacted into law, a good many people will expect that it will bring the millenium considerably nearer than it will; and the men whom I appoint to execute that law will be, so far as my ability to choose them exists, men who will no more be frightened by an even well-meant popular clamor into doing an act of injustice to any great corporation than they will be frightened, on the other hand, into refraining from doing an act of justice because it is against the interests of some great corporation.

In other words, I shall strive to see that that branch of the government, with its increased power, is administered as every branch of the government ought to be administered, that is, in a spirit of striving to do justice—justice to the man of great means just as much as to the man of small means.

Now, for the other side of the question. There have been a great many republics before our time and again and again those republics have split upon the rock of disaster. The greatest and most dangerous rock in the course of any republic is the rock of class hatred. Some times the republic became a republic in which one class grew to dominate over another class, and for loyalty to the republic was substituted loyalty to a class. The result was in every case the same. It meant disaster and ultimately the downfall of the republic, and it mattered not one whit which class it was that became dominant.

This government is not and never shall be the government of plutocracy. This government is not and never shall be the government of a mob. I believe in corporations. They are indispensable instruments of our modern industrialism, but I believe that they should be supervised and regulated, that they should act for the interest of the community as a whole. So I believe in unions.

Mayor Dunne, as president of the United States and therefore as the representative of the people of the country, I give you, as a matter of course, my hearty support in upholding the law. If ever the need arises, back of the city stands the state, and back of the state stands the nation. (Great cheering.)

Scarcely before in this city has such genuine enthusiasm been evoked as was awakened by the president at the conclusion of his speech. When he brought his address to a close his auditors cheered shouted and waved their napkins in approval. Dozens of the guests mounted chairs and shouted until they were hoarse. Some of them, carried away with enthusiasm, jumped upon the tables, heedless of linen, china and glassware and sent forth cheer after cheer.

Mayor Dunne, profoundly moved by the words of the president, sprang from his seat and grasped the president's hand, which he shook vigorously while he expressed gratitude. For full ten minutes the hall rang with the applause, while both Republicans and Democrats gathered around the president to offer their congratulations on his speech.

AT THE MERCHANTS CLUB.

President Talks to Chicago Business Men.

Chicago, May 11.—President Roosevelt at the Merchants' club luncheon yesterday spoke as follows:

It is a great pleasure and a great honor to be the guest of an association like this. This country of ours is pre-eminently a business country, and we can succeed—and I say this in my turn, with entire sincerity, gentlemen—only, if as a country, we carry on the national business as the typical member of this association carries on his business—that is, in an entirely practical spirit; in a spirit which desires and commands success, but which desires and commands it as an incident of acting with decency toward all our fellow citizens. No business community can permanently succeed if the average member of it does not possess a certain quantity of high ideals; and, gentlemen, there is not a business man of large experience here who will not agree with me when I say that. Permanent success will come to the business community where the average man himself can be trusted in dealing with his fellows.

Just as that is true of the average business community, so it is true of the nation as a whole. The nation must act in a spirit which gives full recognition to the national demands; which is not in the least Quixotic; which sees the need of working for the interest of the average individual of the nation, but in a spirit which recognizes duties as well as rights; which recognizes that in our internal affairs, which recognizes that in our external affairs. And, that leads me up to a subject, concerning I wish not merely to congratulate, but on behalf of the nation, to thank those present upon the part played by the Merchants club in initiating, and with the aid of the Commercial club, in carrying to a successful conclusion, the movement which resulted in the establishment of a naval training station here on Lake Michigan.

> I need not say to those of you who know anything of me at all, that I believe in a big navy; and I hope I need not say that I believe in not as a provocative to war, but as a guarantee of peace, and I want to say every direction of this country realizes that the navy stands for the whole country, and that the people of the sea coasts are not a particle more interested it it than the people of the Mississippi valley.

There were two sides to the establishment of that naval station here where it was established. In the first place we get, as perhaps some of you know, a peculiarly valuable class of recruits for the navy from the Mississippi valley and the regions adjoining the Great Lakes. In the next place, I wanted to see part of the establishment of the navy have its local habitation or name here in the great West. And I felt that this organization could fall not only on the city of Chicago, but of advantage to the whole country in what it towards securing the country in what it did towards securing the establishment of a station here where that it is now very necessary to make any argument for an efficient navy. We are so fortunate that in this country we can get along with a very small army, an army, which, relative to the population of the country, is smaller than the police force of any of our great cities. With the navy the case is different. We have not the choice, gentlemen, as to whether this country will play a great part in the world, we cannot help playing a great part. All we can decide is whether we will play it well or ill; we have that to decide. We can consider whether we will do badly or well, but we cannot decide whether the parts are to be played; we have got to play them.

We cannot abandon our position on the Monroe doctrine; we cannot abandon the Panama canal; we cannot abandon the duties that have come to us from the mere fact of our growth as a nation, from the growth of our commercial interests in the East and in the West, on the Atlantic and on the Pacific. Now I earnestly hope that with the added responsibility will come not merely a growth in power to meet that responsibility, but a growth in sobriety, of genial attitude on our part toward the new duties. If there is one thing that ought to be more effective to every good American than anything else, it is the habit of speaking with a loose tongue offensively about foreign nations, or of adopting an ill-considered and retaliating towards any one of them.

In private life there is no one to whom we rightly object more than the man who is continually offending and insulting his neighbors except the man who in addition to that then fails to make good. Now, I hope to see our foreign policy conducted always in a spirit, not merely of scrupulous regard for the rights of others, but of scrupulous courtesy towards others; and at the same time to see us keep prepared so that there is no position that we take in either hemisphere that once taken we cannot stand on. In that attitude, not only is it important that government officials should behave themselves, but it is important that private citizens should. The public speaker, the writer in the press, the legislator as a public servants owe it to their country to behave with courtesy toward others which we would like to have extended to return to us, but behave with that courtesy whether it is extended or not. The outsidere cannot hurt us by being insolent as long as we behave ourselves, and what they say is of no consequence to us compared to what we say of them. Hard words wont hurt us if we disregard them. Let them say anything and go on and build up the navy. That will be a much greater provocative to freindship and respect than any amount of recrimination; and so I have a right to apepal to the men here before me, to the me, in so many different walks take the lead in this great city to aid in consistently building up just that kind of foreign policy, a foreign policy under which we shall make the name of the United States government an example on one hand as it ought to be, for a just and proner insistence upon its own rights, but also an example for a disinterested and generous willingness to treat all other nations with frank courtesy and good will, and to make it evident that this country's foreign policy recognizes its duty toward the weak just as much s its responsibility to the strong.

After the Merchants Club luncheon, President Roosevelt greeted and shook by the hand 3,010 Chicagoans at the Hamilton Club rooms. For more than an hour a constant stream of guests passed up the stairs to the reception room, up to the canopy under which the president stood and after receiving a small quick grasp of the hand and a word of greeting from the nation's executive, passed on down stairs and out to the street to make room for others.

AT THE HAMILTON CLUB.

President Receives Foreign Consuls and Makes Address.

Chicago, May 11.—President Roosevelt at the Hamilton club received the foreign consuls at Chicago, resplendent in their varied uniforms. As he greeted the last of the consuls the doors were thrown open and a double line of those invited to the general reception entered. It was an hour before the last man had shaken the president's hand.

When the last guest had passed down the stairs, President John A. Gauger of the Hamilton club, made a brief speech of welcome to the president. In reply President Roosevelt, standing on a chair, spoke as follows:

"I doubt if any member of the Hamilton club has longer and pleasanter associations with it than I have. I have been your guest again and again; have spoken before you again and again, and long before I had risen to what we will call a position of notoriety, it was before the Hamilton club that I made a speech with a dozen of which I had no idea would attract any attention, but which did 'The Strenuous Life' (laughter) and I mention it now because from that day to this I have never dared to use the phrase 'the strenuous life' at all. It was a delegation from this club that came down to Montauk Point to meet me when I came back from Santiago. I remember that delegation with enthusiasm, which no human being could have foreseen to be accounted, nominated me for 1904. And a delegation from your club came on to be present at my inauguration as governor—I have shaken hands with certain members of that delegation today, and the members of that delegation will doubtless remember that they gave me a bronze inkstand with Abraham Lincoln's head on it, and it is in my library and is the inkstand I use now. (Applause). So that I have these personal associations with the Hamilton club which have established a claim upon me. And, then what is far more important, gentlemen, than any question affecting myself, I have had for the Hamilton club, a real and heart respect that is due to any organization which tries to give expression to its belief through deeds as well as words and which endeavors steadfastly to be thoroughly practical and yet to live up to high ideals. I have felt that you have won your part in establishing a standard of citizenship, of good citizenship in this country.

"You, by your name, commemorate a great statesman—Hamilton—one of the most brilliant and one of the greatest constructive statesmen of the era of constructive statesmanship, a man to whom the republic owes a well nigh incalculable debt, and the man who took the chief part in writing that volume of essays which, collected under the name of Federalist, is still a guide to honest, efficient and responsible government. Hamilton lacked but one great quality; it was the quality which his great adversary, Jefferson, possessed in so peculiar a degree—trust and belief in the people—and with our good fortune the second crisis of the republic's life we developed a son of Illinois, a man born in Kentucky, but by adoption and long life a citizen of Illinois—a man who combined the strength, the efficiency, the farsightedness of Hamilton, with Jefferson's intense belief in the people, a man greater than either—Abraham Lincoln. I feel that this club not only commemorates the name and the great services of Alexander Hamilton, but in all that it has done and is striving to do is applying practically and efficiently the principles of Abraham Lincoln, gentlemen, for many different reasons, for reasons of old association, of appreciation of what your attitude has been toward me, and of appreciation of what you are doing in the life of this great city of this great state, and therefore of the nation, I am doubly and trebly pleased to be today once more the guest of the Hamilton club."

At the conclusion of the speech the president retired under the canopy before which he had been receiving, and while seated, kept up a general rapid-fire conversation with a few around him, while the parlors were cleared and turned over to the Harvard Club of Chicago.

The Harvard club president, Kellogg Fairbanks, stood at President Roosevelt's left and made the introduction. More than 300 graduates of Harvard filed by, the earlier classmen leading. When the last graduate had retired to the rear of the parlor, President Fairbanks introduced Samuel S. Greely, who read a short address to the president.

In reply, President Roosevelt spoke of the need of Harvard for Western blood. He said:

"Mr. Greely and Fellow Harvard Men:—I need hardly say what a very real pleasure it has been to greet you this afternoon, but Mr. Greely spoke of Harvard winning the West. My pet theory has been that the very best thing that can happen to Harvard is to have the West win it, and I hail every Harvard club west of the Allegheny even more than I do those east of there, for I feel that Harvard's mission in the country can be incalculably furthered if it has a sufficient amount of the Western blood that does things in it; and for that reason I am particularly pleased to greet the Harvard club of Chicago again under as pleasant circumstances as I have ever had the pleasure of greeting them before. Goodbye and good luck to you."

The Harvard yell was given with a will to the president.

The reception committee of th Iroquois club were now introduced and took the president in hand. The whole party hurried to the waiting carriages and were rushed to the Auditorium Annex., where the president was scheduled for an hour of rest, broken only by the reception of a labor delegation, presenting to him a protest against the use of troops here in connection with the Teamsters' strike situation.

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To give positive home testimony in every locality is of itself unanswerable proof of merit; but when we add to this the continued endorsement from people who testified years ago no evidence can be stronger. A Duluth citizen gratefully acknowledges the good received from Doan's Kidney Pills, and when time has tested the cure we find the same hearty endorsement, with added enthusiasm and continued praise. Cases of this kind are plentiful in the work of Doan's Kidney Pills, and such a record is unique in the annals of medicine.

J. E. Watts, bricklayer, living at 918 Tenth avenue, W., Duluth, Minn., says: "I have no reason to change the opinion of Doan's Kidney Pills which I expressed in a testimonial given in 1898. At that time it cured me of a bad attack of backache and lameness which made me stop work. I was unable to stoop and the pain was severe just over the kidneys and through the loins. Plasters and other remedies I used brought no real benefit. Doan's Kidney Pills were recommended to me so strongly that I declined to try them. I soon found that they were just the remedy for my case. In a few days the pain left me, and the cure has been permanent."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

BULK TEAS may leave the dealer a large profit, but

"SALADA"

CEYLON AND INDIA tea leaves a lasting and favorable impression upon the palates of all giving it a trial, hence its enormous sale. Black, Mixed or Natural Green.

Sold in lead packets—never in bulk—60c and 70c per lb. By all grocers.

HIGHEST AWARD ST. LOUIS, 1904.

INDORSES IDEA

Superintendent Gilpin Recommends County School of Agriculture.

Institution Provided For By Act of Last Legislature.

Are the electors of St. Louis county desirous of establishing and maintaining a county school of agriculture and domestic science?

This is a question which is quite likely to call for an answer before many months have elapsed, for 15 per cent of the number of electors who voted at the last county election may petition the county board of commissioners to submit the school proposition to a vote of the people.

One of the acts of the last state legislature was to make provision for county schools of agriculture and domestic science, either one school for one county, or one school for two or more counties, as the electors of those counties may desire.

The act authorizes the board of county commissioners or the boards, in case two or more counties are to combine, to appropriate money for the organization, equipment and maintenance of such a school, and to levy and spread on the tax roll a sufficient sum to carry into effect the several provisions of the act, not to exceed the annual sum of $20,000, provided the electors of the county or counties first decide at a general or special election that they desire such an institution.

The idea of county schools of agriculture and domestic science is to give instruction in the elements of agriculture, including instruction concerning soil, plant life and animal life of the farm. A system of farm accounts shall also be taught, and instruction shall be given in manual training, domestic economy and such other subjects as may be prescribed.

The first tentative steps toward taking up the matter of a school in this county has already been taken by S. W. Gilpin, superintendent of the county schools, who, in a quarterly report of his work, filed with the county auditor for the county commissioners, has urged the board to give careful consideration to the project proposed by the act of the legislature. Supt. Gilpin emphasizes the fact that the St. Louis and adjoining counties are rapidly developing into agricultural districts, and that it behooves the commissioners and the people to say whether in rural, village or city districts every possible effort be made to see that the available farming lands in this district are taken up by farmers, the right class of farmers, and that every encouragement be extended to intending settlers.

Mr. Gilpin has looked into the agricultural school question a little, and has figured out that on a basis of $32,000,000 valuation for St. Louis county the rate of taxation necessary to raise the full amount, $20,000, allowed by law for the establishment and maintenance of the school would only be .217 of a mill.

In speaking of his recommendation to the county board, Mr. Gilpin said:

"While I have not yet gone very deep into the details regarding the proposed county school of agriculture and domestic science, I believe that such a school, if properly established and maintained, is eminently practicable, and that it would be an especially splendid institution for St. Louis county to have, for the reason that within the next few years it will be necessary for this district to pay much attention to the development of its agricultural interests.

"I confess that I am a firmer believer in the philosophy that a child should be trained according to his bent than I am in the proverb, 'train up a child in the way he should go, and when he is old he will not depart from it.'

"You cannot make an educator out of every boy and girl. Some parents believe they can train their children to be anything or to follow any profession they desire to have them. I do not take that view. I believe in finding out the bent of a boy's or girl's mind and in training accordingly. I never could see the advisability of making a poor preacher or lawyer out of a boy who is naturally inclined to farming and who desires to be a farmer.

"There are in this county, as well as in the other counties of the state, a great many boys and girls who will never be fitted for teachers or who can ever successfully enter a business life, in fact, they are not inclined that way. I believe that such an institution as proposed, a county school of agriculture and domestic science, offers to such young people a splendid opportunity of training in the branch of life work to which they feel called and to which they are naturally fitted.

"People who reside in the city—I know I was myself—would be surprised to travel through the agricultural districts of St. Louis county and see the number of settlers who are practically ignorant of some of the simplest rudiments of agriculture, men who know that a turnip is a turnip, a rutabaga is a rutabaga and who may, perhaps, be able to tell an Early Rose potato from a Burbank. They have never made a study of the soil to learn which crops are the best fitted to it so that they can get the largest return for the minimum expenditure of labor and money. Some of them hardly understand the economical value of the different woods found on their claims. If all such farmers had been trained in the elementary rudiments of agriculture, say, trained to even a slight degree in forestry so that they would understand how to get the most value out of the wood they are clearing from their lands, what crops the soil is best adapted to, think of the great increase in value to a county such a farm could make!

"During the time that I was teaching at Virginia, I carried on for some time a large amount of night work in the way of assisting young men and women outside the school who came to me for information or instruction. I recall an instance of two large robust young fellows of Swedish nationality who came to me and asked if I knew of some institution that they could attend for half a day and where, during the other half of the day, they could work to earn their expenses.

"There are scores, perhaps hundreds of just such young men in St. Louis and adjoining counties who are thirsting for knowledge of the best methods of conducting farms and who like the two I have cited have no place to go where they can get the sort of education they desire.

"This state has a splendid agricultural college, but it is located in the southern part of the state, a long way from this county and there are many young men who are not in financial circumstances to permit of their going down to that institution. There are many farmers who would like to send their sons to such an institution, but who cannot spare the means that would be necessary to provide for them while taking a college course.

"I believe that the originator of the bill for a county school had just this situation in mind. I will go a little further and say that I can see where an institution such as proposed can be made self-supporting for the pupils.

"The law provides that a county school of agriculture and domestic science must have at least ten acres of ground to be operated in connection with the school. It is each county is authorized to accept donations in the way of lands from public-spirited individuals or corporations and I feel certain that were this county to establish such a school it would receive donations from some of the large individual or corporation land owners, of tracts that would not be measured in acres, but in sections. True, not all the land might be suited to market gardening, but it would or could be made worth something.

"Suppose a certain amount of the land had in connection with the school be allotted to each pupil with the information that he is to make that property pay the very best that, he under proper instruction can mak it to do, the proceeds either to be used for the student's benefit or to be turned over to the school.

"The law also provided that persons of an advanced age, if there is a sufficient number of them, may take a special course during the winter months. This opens an opportunity to the adult class of farmers who are progressive and desire to improve themselves in their profession.

"The law states that a county school of agriculture and domestic science shall be free to all inhabitants of the county or counties that support it, and who are qualified to pursue the course of study prescribed, provided they shall have at least the qualifications required for the completion of the course of study for common schools.

The state superintendent of schools is to have general supervision and he, with the advice of the dean of the state agricultural college, shall prescribe the course of studies to be pursued and the qualifications of the teachers.

"It will be readily seen that in the establishment of county agricultural schools each county may have a school best fitted for its needs, for instance, special attention could be paid to the subject of forestry in this county, where some other subject would be emphasized in one of the southern counties, where there is no timber.

"Another point that should receive consideration by those who may be interested in such an institution as proposed, is that the legislature has agreed by the act, to extend state aid annually to the first two schools that may be established under the provisions of the act. If the electors of St. Louis county desire a county school of agriculture and domestic economy and feel disposed to get a portion of the state aid, it will behoove them to take the matter up in the immediate future for it is certain there are other counties in the state that are not going to permit the opporunly to go by default.

"I have not said much about the domestic science feature of the proposed county school, but it is readily to be seen that it is just as important that the farmer girls, or the city girls, in fact, are trained in the science of domestic affairs as the boys are to attend properly the farm.

"I might add also, that this system of county schools of agriculture and domestic science is being inaugurated in other states and successfully. Wisconsin already has two such institutions and it is understood that others are to be established shortly."

The new law provides that a county school board shall be created to have charge and control of all matters pertaining to the organization, equipment and maintenance of such school. This board is to consist of three members, one of whom shall be the county superintendent of schools and the other two shall be elected by the county board of commissioners, for a term of three years, neither of whom shall be a member of the county board. In case two or more counties unite to get a school each county is entitled to two members on the county school board.

SMOTHERED TO DEATH.

Miner Buried Under Ore at Spruce Mine.

Eveleth, Minn., May 11.—Frank Becoz, 30 years of age, an Austrian miner, was smothered to death by being covered with ore in the second level of No. 2 shaft of Spruce mine, within the city limits, yesterday.

With a companion Becoz was preparing to put up a second set, when a piece of timber broke, dislodging a quantity of ore. Becoz was standing eight feet from the floor of the drift and in getting down from the timbers his foot was caught and he fell beneath the subsiding ore bank. His companion escaped. The body was recovered fifteen minutes after the collapse of the timbers, but life was extinct.

Becoz leaves a wife and three children. He had been in the employ of the company about one year.

MANY WOLVES KILLED.

St. Paul, May 11.—According to a report issued by State Auditor S. G. Iverson, in the last six months more wolves have been killed in some of the most thickly settled counties in the Southern part of the state than in many sparsely settled counties in the northern section. Bounties received by counties in the northern part of the state follows: St. Louis, $292.50; Red Lake, $504; Rosseau, $495; Itasca, $367.50; Lake, $45; Norman, $22.50; Sherburne, $316; Wadena, $30.

HELD TO GRAND JURY.

Bemidji, Minn., May 11.—Fred Foote, who has confessed that he killed Matt Gannon on April 9 with a 41 caliber Colts revolver, was arraigned before Judge Skinvik yesterday and waived preliminary examination. He was held to the grand jury and will be confined at the Beltramt county jail awaiting the fall term of district court.

Ayer's Hair Vigor. Better wear your own hair; not the kind you buy! But you are losing yours? Then be quick! Fasten tightly on your own head what is left, and get a new lot, too. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

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ESTABLISHED 1891.
Manufacturers of art, leaded and metal glass for churches, residences and public buildings. All kinds of plain and beveled French mirrors. Designs and estimates on application.
OLD MIRRORS RE-SILVERED.

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107 Lake Avenue South.
Both 'phones.

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Manufacturers and Jobbers of BOOTS AND SHOES.
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BOX FACTORY.

Duluth Box Manufact'g Co.
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Nearly all firms on this page use our Boxes.
Packing Boxes, Box Shooks, Beer Cases, Pop Cases, Cratings, Chicken Coops, Etc.
Offices—118 W. Mich. St., and at Factory.

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Manufacturers of.... BRASS GOODS, BRASS CASTINGS, BABBITTS.

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JOBBERS OF
Builders' and Painters' Supplies.
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"LaLINDA" a domestic cigar.
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Minnesota Cigar Box Co.
Manufacturers and Dealers in
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Cigar Box Labels and Cigar Manufacturers' Tools and Supplies.
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Wholesale dealers in Butter, Eggs, Cheese and Country Produce.
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For buildings of all descriptions. Get our prices before building.
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PLATE AND WINDOW GLASS, Mirrors, and brick of all kinds.
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WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.
ALSO MANUFACTURERS.
"Best Located."

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Electrical Supplies of all Kinds
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Members Duluth Board of Trade.
WHITE ROSE FLOUR
FLOUR, FEED, HAY, GRAIN AND SEEDS.
Both Telephones 461.
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Wholesale Grocers, Manufacturers.

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WHOLESALE GROCERS.
"THE YOUNG GIANT."

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"A GREAT HOUSE IN A GREAT LOCATION."
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Manufacturers of Pipe, Fittings, Valves and Steam Goods.
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WALL PAPER.
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When you order of Duluth jobbers you are assured of square dealing, high quality and prompt service.

50 OF OUR LEADING WHOLESALERS WHO CO-OPERATE IN DULUTH'S UPBUILDING

PRESIDENT VISITED

By Labor Leaders Who Present Protest Concerning Troops.

Get But Little Sympathy From Executive Who Insists on Order.

Chicago, May 11.—The committee of labor men appointed to call upon President Roosevelt and lodge with him a protest against the employment of federal troops during the present teamsters' strike was granted an audience late yesterday afternoon. The committee consisted of Cornelius P. Shea, president of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters; Charles Dold, president of the Chicago Federation of Labor; Joseph O'Neill, vice president of the Chicago Federation of Labor; T. P. Quinn, a member of the Canvassers' union, and T. Rickert, president of the Garment Workers' International union. Outside of the members of the committee and President Roosevelt and Secretary Loeb, no one was present during the conference. The protest presented is as follows:

To the Honorable Theodore Roosevelt, President of the United States of America: Honorable Sir: This labor difficulty began as a lockout. So far as there has been any striking done, it has been a strike for arbitration.

The unions involved are committed both upon principle and by specific contract with the employers for arbitration.

These contracts grew out of the desire of the unions to protect the public peace and welfare by providing to submit all disputes or differences of opinion to the umpirage of an impartial third party, and accepting that decision—right or wrong—as binding upon both parties. Such a course is a guarantee of the preservation of law and order. All that the unions ask for or desire in this controversy is that an arbitration shall be granted as specifically agreed to in the contracts involved. All that is desired is that the public officials shall join with the labor bodies in demanding that lawlessness shall not be allowed to be used in forcing contracts to be broken, and that violence shall not be allowed to prevent differences of opinion to be settled by the quiet, orderly method of arbitration.

The contracts of June 26, 1903, provide for arbitration as follows in the sixth, fourteenth and eighth sections respectively:

"Eighth—It is agreed that in the event of a misunderstanding of any dispute arising as to the construction of this working agreement or any misunderstanding in regard to the operation or enforcement of this contract between the parties hereto, or as to all differences of opinion in regard to any section of this contract, between the party of the first part and the party of the second part, no house shall lock out any member of said local union No. 21, and no executive board or business agent shall declare a strike and said local No. 21 shall not declare a strike, but such misunderstanding, dispute or difference of opinion shall be referred within twenty-four (24) hours to the representatives of the prties to this contract for settlement, and in case such representatives fail to settle such controversy within twenty-four (24) hours after the same shall have been submitted to them, it is agreed that each representative shall within said second twenty-four (24) hours name an arbitrator, and the two arbitrators so selected shall as speedily as possible name one disinterested person who shall not be a manufacturer or a member of any labor organization, and the three so selected shall with, in ten days time settle the difficulty and the decision so rendered shall be binding on all parties to this agreement."

You will therefore readily see that we have the written right to demand arbitration—a demand that has been repeatedly spurned by the employers in the presence of Mayor Dunne.

And why spurned?

Because they openly boast that they can spurn, and that the troops under your command will shoot down him who dares to openly protest against their action. They flatter themselves that the Federal army is their ready tool to act upon their suggestion—right or wrong—and they therefore refuse to have any inquiry made as to whether they are right or wrong.

They can now say, "There is nothing to arbitrate found;" but if a board should find there was something to arbitrate, public sympathy might be too strong for them and they might not be able to "crush out unionism once and for all," they openly declare they intend to do. But can they do it?

Is the army all that these men think it is? Is it not a fact, after all, that the power of the army even rests to a great extent upon the support of the people? What would a few soldiers be against a nation?

Without intending to be discourteous or suggesting a threat, we desire to call attention to a clear and true statement of this fact by Gen. Benjamin F. Butler of Massachusetts in his celebrated speech of some sixty years ago to the people of Lowell:

"If the workingmen can be deprived of their freedom and their rights by threats of starvation of themselves and their wives and children, when the act according to the laws and their own judgment, then they had better be slaves indeed, having kind masters, instead of being freemen, who are only at liberty to do what their taskmasters impose upon them, or starve. And this question must be settled here and now.

"I know the power of these corporations; I know many of the men who have been in charge. They have made a mistake in appealing to force. When this weapon is tried they are weak and you are strong. They have their mills and machinery, their bricks and their mortar, and that is the extent of their power. You are stronger than they. You have strong right arms and your torches, and by them we will blot out this accursed outrage.

"As God lives and I live, by the living Jehovah: If one man is driven from his employment by these men I will lead you to make Lowell what it was twenty-five years ago—a sheep pasture and a fishing place; and I will commence by applying the torch to my own house. Let them come on. As we are not the aggressors, we seek not this awful contest."

Peace rests not upon the militia or the army, but upon the patience and long suffering of the toiling mass. The army, so far as it has any effect, is not to quiet but to disturb; it is not to terrorize, but to make the people meditate. They wonder what all this "Bluffing" is for. Can a few soldiers scare the men who make armies and who compose the flower of American manhood? Are we serfs that we cringe at the mention of troops?

If the laboring men are willing, the decision of an arbitrator without cannon or club, will command the obedience of every toiler affected.

Even if we are right and the arbitrator decide against us, still we will bow to that decision.

Then if the decision of one man, unarmed and alone, can exercise this vast power, what is the use of the sacrifice of lives, calling out armies and making an opera bouffe of government?

It is evident that a blunder has been made somewhere, somehow. Let us ascertain its source.

Is it just or is it necessary to bring the United States army into Chicago in an effort to smother the cry of the toilei for arbitration? Is it right or expedient to attempt to stifle the demand for the settlement of the controversy by court procedure? Is the purpose of the army to prevent the carrying out of written contracts that are open to all who care to read them? Can you, our honored president, afford to use the forces under your control to stifle labor's demand for peace and the methods of peace? Why should our attempt to get and maintain peace be met by the army and by war?

Every laboring man knows these facts. What will be the results upon the citizenship of this country if, when American citizens ask for court proceedure and order, they are met by the bullet and the jail? Is it not time to inquire as to the facts in the case? We submit that labor is an essential of national life. And the sympathy and co-operation of the laborers in their life work is as essential as is the sympathy and co-operation of citizenship. Unity is a necessary fact of development and progress. Unionism can no more be destroyed in industrial life than can patriotism in political life. He is short sighted indeed who cannot see that the cause of one is the cause of all, and that the destruction of one without protest is sooner or later the destruction of all.

The revolutionists well understood that a law directed at Massachusetts was in effect a law against South Carolina. Franklin's saying that "If we don't hang together we will hang separately," has become a truism.

Shall that farsightedness that was praised in Massachusetts be condemned in Chicago? Or shall that principle of action that was praised yesterday be condemned today? The thousands of unions springing up as the trees of the forests answer NO.

Unionism has come to stay. It is merely the systemization of an inherent law of human action.

It is better therefore to recognize this law and deal with it as such, and make use of the high trait of manhood of which it is expression than to commit folly of trying to crush it out, as George the Third tried to crush out the spirit of unity and independence in the colonies.

Let us not awake to this fact just after it is forever too late.

We therefore trust that you will allow a presentation of the facts of the case to you before you permit any abuse of federal power by complying with the request of the numerous law breakers of the land—the constant applicants for governmental privileges. All that we are asking is that our voice be heard. Respectfully submitted,

Committee appointed by the Chicago Federation of Labor to request a hearing before any action be taken by the federal president relating to the Chicago strike situation.

C. H. SHEA,
President International Brotherhood of Teamsters.
CHARLES DOLD,
President Chicago Federation of Labor.
JOSEPH O'NEIL,
Vice President Chicago Federation of Labor.
T. P. QUINN,
Canvassers' Union.
T. RICKERT,
President Garment Workers' International Union.

The following account of what passed in the room was given out by Secretary Loeb:

After presenting the protest to the president, Mr. Shea, acting as spokesman, said:

"We are here as a committee to present to you a statement stating our position in this controversy between the Employers' association and the Teamsters' association. We have understood that they had asked your aid for bringing troops into Chicago. We want to present our position to you."

Mr. Quinn said: "It will take about ten minutes to read this; perhaps we had better leave it with you."

The president said that he would read it at once, and after doing so said:

"I have read the petition you have presented to me, the conclusion of which is a request for a hearing before any action be taken by the federal president relating to the Chicago strike situation. As yet no suggestion of any kind has come to me from any source that I should take any action. Of the merits of the case I am wholly ignorant. I have no knowledge of what the situation is or of what steps should properly be taken to end it. I feel, however, that in view of one statement, or series of statements in your letter I ought to say this: I regret that you should in the letter have spoken at all of the use of the federal army as you have there spoken. No request has been made to me for action by the federal government, but at the same time, Mr. Shea, as you have in this comunication brought up that fact, I want to say one thing with all the emphasis in my power. In upholding law and order, undergoing what he is able to do to suppress mob violence in any shape or way, the mayor of Chicago, Mr. Dunne, has my hearty support. I am glad to be able to say this to you, gentlemen, before I say it to any other body. Now let me repeat that I know nothing of the facts of the situation; I know nothing of the rights or wrongs of the points at issue; what I have to say is based purely upon what I regard as the unfortunate phrasing of a letter presented to the president of the United States. I have not been called upon to interfere in any way, but you must not misunderstand my attitude. In every effort of Mayor Dunne to prevent violence by mobs or individuals, to see that the laws are obeyed and that order is preserved, he has the hearty support of the president of the United States, and in my judgment, he should have that of every good citizen of the United States.

"Now, gentlemen, it has been a great pleasure to see, and I am glad to have had the chance to say this to you."

Mr. Quinn, who knew the president in his youth, said:

"Mr. President, what prompted us to come to you with this statement is that for the past two or three weeks there has been a continued howl for the federal army. I have known you long enough to know that you would not respond to a one-sided demand, that you will not respond until you have thoroughly investigated the case."

The president replied:

"Mr. Quinn, as yet the mayor of Chicago has not made any appeal to the governor, and, therefore, of course, the governor has made none to me; and as yet nothing in the situation has demanded action by me."

President Shea of the Teamsters' union then said:

"Let me explain that. The governor has been requested by the committee of the employers to demand federal troops. The statement has been made in the papers. I immediately telegraphed to Governor Deneen that we would allow him to appoint a commission.

"Regardless of that, I want to make our position known to you in regard to mob violence. Every time a mob congregates, every act of violence performed by either a union man or a sympathizer, it reacts to our detriment. I believe that we are skilled workmen enough in our particular craft to demonstrate to our business men of Chicago that it is to their interests to employ us. There is nothing at stake but the re-employment of citizens of Chicago, who have been forced out of their positions. Acts of violence meet with the condemnation of the officials, both local and national, of our organization. It does not meet with the sympathies of our organization. I simply want to say that we want to be fair, to preserve the business interests of Chicago, realizing that the prosperity of our employers is our prosperity."

The president replied to this, saying:

"Mr. Shea, I can only repeat what I have said. I am a believer in unions. I am an honorary member of one union. But the union must obey the law, just as the corporation must obey the law, just as every man, rich or poor, must obey the law. As yet no action has been called for by me, and most certainly if action is called for by me I shall try to do exact justice under the law to every man, so far as I have power. But the first essential is the preservation of the law and order, the suppression of violence by mobs or individuals."

This closed the interview, and the committee withdrew.

Inflammatory Rheumatism Cured in Three Days.

Morton L. Hill, of Lebanon, Ind., says: "My wife had inflammatory Rheumatism in every muscle and joint; her suffering was terrible and her body and face were swollen almost beyond recognition; had been in bed for six weeks and had eight physicians, but received no benefit until she tried the Mystic Cure for Rheumatism. It gave immediate relief and she was able to walk about in three days. I am sure it saved her life." Sold by all druggists.

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SPORTING NEWS

White Sox Lose Their First Game to Calumet.

Only Five Innings Played Owing to Cold Weather.

Calumet, Mich., May 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Duluth White Sox lost their first game on the present trip, yesterday afternoon, in a five-inning game played with the Lloyd nine, in bitterly cold weather.

Cook worked for the Duluth team, and held the home batters safe for four innings. In the fifth inning the players were so benumber with the cold that they were unable to handle the ball, and Calumet knocked out three runs by a series of hits and errors. Duluth was unable to even matters up in the last half of the inning, and the two captains agreed to call the game.

The batteries were Cook and McAleese; Grimes and Mutter. Umpire—McWatters. The White Sox will play at Lake Linden this afternoon, weather permitting.

FIELD MEET.

Schools Will Hold Day of Sports Saturday.

The first annual interscholastic track meet, which has been planned by Secretary Norman MacLeod of the boys' department of the Y. M. C. A., will be held Saturday afternoon at the driving park, commencing at 2:30 p. m.

Ten of the largest schools in the city have teams entered in the race, and the team securing the largest number of points will be entitled to a banner. There will also be individual prizes, and an individual medal for the boy making the highest score.

The program includes nineteen events, consisting of the usual races from the fifty-yard dash to the mile run, the broad and high jumps, potato race, bicycle race, three-legged race, and tug-of-war.

The track officials are as follows: Starter, Dan Cole; announcer, John Oldham; referee, Bert Wheeler; clerk, Dennis Delgiton, scorer, H. Sturtevant; judges, Dr. Olson, G. Wilson, Phil Bevis, Ed Furni, Dr. Bowden and R. Smith; timekeeper, Sargent McGonagle.

BASEBALL.

National League.

STANDING.

Teams—	P.	W.	L.	Pct.
New York	20	15	5	.750
Pittsburg	21	12	8	.619
Chicago	22	12	9	.591
Philadelphia	19	10	9	.526
Cincinnati	21	11	10	.524
Brooklyn	24	9	15	.375
Boston	21	7	14	.333
St. Louis	20	6	14	.300

PHILADELPHIA, 10; PITTSBURG, 3.

Philadelphia, May 11.—Good hitting won yesterday's game for Philadelphia. Flaherty was relieved by Case after the home team had hit him safely several time in three innings. Corrigan pitched good ball. Attendance, 2,097. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Pittsburg	3	6	5
Philadelphia	11	12	1

Batteries—Flaherty, Case and Carish; Corridon and Doolin. Umpire—Klem.

CINCINNATI, 5; BROOKLYN, 0.

Brooklyn, May 11.—Inability to hit Harper and ragged fielding lost the second game for the Brooklyns against Cincinnati. Attendance, 2,200. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Cincinnati	5	7	0
Brooklyn	0	5	3

Batteries—Harper and Phelps; Strickett and Bergen. Umpire—Johnstone.

NEW YORK, 4; ST. LOUIS, 3.

New York, May 11.—New York defeated St. Louis in the second game of the series yesterday. The visitors tied the score in the ninth inning, but the home team, by clever batting, made the winning run after two men were out. Attendance, 4,600. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	3	8	1
New York	4	8	1

Batteries—McFarland, Kellum and Grady; Ames and Bowerman. Umpire—O'Day.

EVEN BREAK AT BOSTON.

Boston, May 11.—Boston and Chicago broke even in a double-header yesterday. The first game Boston botted Winner out of the box in the first inning and won in the ninth iming. In the second game neither team could do any effective hitting, but Wilhelm's passes and Boston's errors were costly. In the fifth inning of the first game, Raymer was spiked and retired in favor of Lauterborn. Attendance, 2,500. Score:

First game—

	R.	H.	E.
Boston	4	10	4
Chicago	3	6	0

Batteries—Fraser and Needham; Weimer, Brown and O'Neil. Umpires—Bauswine and Emslie.

Second game—

	R.	H.	E.
Chicago	4	7	2
Boston	2	4	2

Batteries—Lundgren and O'Neil; Wilhelm and Needham. Umpires—Emslie and Bauswine.

American League.

STANDING.

Teams—	P.	W.	L.	Pct.
Washington	21	12	8	.571
Cleveland	18	10	8	.555
Philadelphia	19	10	9	.526
Chicago	19	10	9	.526
New York	19	9	10	.474
St. Louis	19	9	10	.474
Detroit	18	8	10	.444
Boston	21	9	12	.429

NO GAMES PLAYED.

No games were played in the American league yesterday.

American Association.

STANDING.

Teams—	P.	W.	L.	Pct.
Columbus	19	13	6	.685
Milwaukee	16	10	6	.625
Kansas City	17	9	8	.529
Minneapolis	17	8	9	.471
Louisville	18	8	10	.444
St. Paul	17	7	10	.412
Toledo	17	7	10	.412
Indianapolis	15	6	9	.400

INDIANAPOLIS, 6; COLUMBUS, 5.

Indianapolis, May 11.—With the bases full in the ninth, Carr hit to the left field, scoring the three runs necessary to win from Columbus yesterday. Attendance, 1,250. Score:

	R	H	E
Indianapolis	6	13	3
Columbus	5	10	2

Batteries—Fisher and Roth; Hickey and Ryan. Umpire—Kane.

MILWAUKEE, 2; MINNEAPOLIS, 1.

Minneapolis, May 11.—Milwaukee won a listless game yesterday from Minneapolis, the latter playing ragged ball during the entire nine innings. Attendance, 1,000. Score:

	R	H	E
Minneapolis	1	4	1
Milwaukee	2	5	1

Batteries—Sievers and Schmidt; Curtis and Beville. Umpire—King.

KANSAS CITY, 6; ST. PAUL, 4.

St. Paul, May 11.—Sessions went up in the fourth inning when five hits, a base on balls and two errors yielded six runs. Attendance, 750. Score:

	R	H	E
St. Paul	4	9	3
Kansas City	6	11	1

Batteries—Sessions, Evans and Yeager; Frantz and Butler. Umpire—Haskell.

REMARKABLE GAME.

Princeton and Amherst Battle For Eighteen Innings.

Princeton, N. J., May 11.—In one of the most remarkable college games on record, Princeton defeated Amherst yesterday after an 18-innings struggle. During the entire contest only three men reached third base and only one base on balls was allowed. Score:

	R	H	E
Amherst	0	7	4
Princeton	1	0	5

Batteries—McRae and Dana; D. Boyle and Cooney.

Baby sleeps and grows while mammy rests if Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea is given. It is the greatest baby medicine ever offered loving mockers. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Ask your druggist.

DR. KOCH TELLS

Story of His Doings on Night of Gebhardt Murder.

Prisoner Cool and Collected and Makes Good Impression.

Mankato, Minn., May 11.—Dr. George R. Koch, the defendant in the murder trial, was on the stand for four hours yesterday in an attempt to prove that he is not the murderer of his rival dentist, Dr. L. A. Gebhardt. The alleged murderer told of his actions on the night of the murder and ended by saying that never once, in all the time of his business rivalry with Dr. Gebhardt, had he ever shown or felt any enmity for the murdered man. While on the witness stand the accused man made the same good impression as he did at the previous trial and it was the common remark of all who heard his testimony that if he is guilty of the crime he is charged with, he has shown the most remarkable fortitude and self control. For four long hours the young man sat cool and collected and never for a moment showing the slightest sign of feeling except, when in the cross examination by Mr. Childs of the state, he smiled at some of the examiner's unusual questions. Bit by bit, testimony for the defendant secured the young man's statement regarding his actions on the night of the murder, beginning with the first visit to the office when Dr. Koch went after the bottle of perfume and ending with the accusation of murder made by the Brown jury. If Dr. Koch is the murderer of Dr. Gebhardt or if there was anything unusual in his actions on the night of the murder it did not seem so as he stood upon the witness stand, almost a boy in appearance and, at the request of the attorneys of the prosecution, illustrated his every act, before the jurors. The young dentist's attorneys in their questions dwelt chiefly upon the accused man's actions on the night of the murder, attempting thereby to corroborate the alibi claimed.

When Dr. Koch took the witness stand the last space in the court room was crowded and many eager spectators who had been unable to gain entrance because of the crowds, were perched upon chairs behind the court-room doors and craned their necks that they might catch sight of the defendant. The court room was as silent as a tomb, despite the crowds, and the witness approached the chair while every eye of the vast multitude was fixed upon him with a curious searching stare.

Dr. Koch began by telling of his departure from home on the evening of the murder and of his visit to his office for the purpose of getting a package of perfume which he intended to take to Miss Fitzpatrick, the same night, because it was her birthday. Dr. Koch took the perfume to the young woman's home, so he said, and then returned to his office, leaving Miss Fitzpatrick about 8 o'clock or 8:15. After arriving at his office the accused man used the telephone, calling up Mr. Struce, and arranging to meet him and do some work for him on the following day. The defendant then went to the office of Holdale & Sonnsen and later returned to his own office to put out the lights which he had left burning. He then started for home, meeting Mr. Amundson and Mr. Higgs, two citizens of the city, who were conversing at the foot of the stairway. Dr. Koch chatted with the men for a moment and then resumed his journey homeward. When he reached the barber shop the defendant stepped inside and conversed with the occupants for a few moments about the politics of the day and about a bet he had made with one of the barbers earlier in the day. After this the young man went directly homeward, according to his statements, arriving there while his sister and father were seated in the dining room reading.

A few minutes later he went outside with a gun in search for a rabbit he had seen upon entering the house, and then returned to the house, ate an apple, read for sometime and then retired. This is the substance of Dr. Koch's alibi. It is in detail the same as that sworn to by his father, his two sisters and brother. When asked if he had ever shown any enmity for the murdered dentist, a strange smile crossed Dr. Koch's face.

"We were the best of friends," he said. "I did work for him and he did work for me. There were in all five dentists in New Uim, and if I had enmity I would not have gone to him when I wanted my teeth filled."

This seemed a convincing statement, and Mr. Childs of the state was silent for a moment.

"Did you mail the poison package at Hanska?" he then asked.

"I did not."

"Did you write the word 'sample on the poison bottle?"

"I did not."

"Do you write like that?"

"That don't look like my writing."

The defense has now practically rested and after a little more formal proceedings the last arguments will begin. The case will probable go to the jury Saturday.

FINN DIES SUDDENLY

After singing several Finnish songs and dancing a jig in the saloon of Matlak & Co., at 521 West Superior street, Sam Soari went into one of the side rooms of the saloon and after lying down on the floor to go to sleep, expired either from heart failure or from the effects of alcoholism.

Soari had entered the saloon early in the evening and had been drinking rather heavily. He told Isaac Seller, a fellow countryman who was with him, that he was feeling in good spirits, and while in the saloon danced and sang several songs.

The bartender found him lying on the floor, dead, about 11:30 o'clock, and notified Officer Roberg.

The body was taken to Durkan & Crawford's morgue, where the coroner will view it today.

The dead man had been employed on the Duluth, Missabe & Northern road, working on the Saginaw extension, and came to the city Tuesday. His wife and family are living in Finland.

DECIDE ON SITE

Garbage Commission Recommends Purchase of Land For Crematory.

Exact Location Kept Secret For Fear of Opposition.

Fearing opposition from the owners of adjoining property the commission appointed by the mayor to consider the question of establishing a garbage crematory will not make public the exact location of the site which was selected at a meeting held last evening.

The location chosen for the crematory is on Railroad street between Twelfth avenue West and Garfield, but the health commissioner is anxious that the numbers of the lots should not be made public.

The cost of the property will be $5,000 and the commission recommended its purchase. The recommendation will be sent to the council Monday evening, and will probably be acted on immediately, as the conference committee appropriated money for the construction of a crematory, and the sum of $14,000 is available for use this year.

The crematory, according to the claim of the health commissioner, will be no more offensive to the adjoining property than a warehouse or any other building. It will be a neat, brick structure, and the garbage will be consumed without any noticeable odor.

But some property owners might be hard to convince on this point, and for this reason the exact location will be kept secret as long as possible.

Under the act passed at the last session of the legislature, the city has power to construct a crematory and pay for it on the installment plan. Whatever sum is left over from the $14,000 available, after the land has been purchased, can be paid as the first instalment on the cost of the building, and the remainder of the cost can be paid for in two more instalments.

After the site has been purchased by the council there will be a number of other preliminary matters to be settled, chief of which will be the choice of the kind of crematory desired. Dr. Murray stated this morning that it would probably be four months before all the preliminaries had been completed and work was actually commenced on the building.

Meanwhile the health department is getting along as well as possible with the present facilities. It is almost impossible to find a place to dump the garbage and rubbish, and complaints are being constantly received from owners of property adjoining the dumping grounds.

The committee which is in charge of the work of securing the new crematory consists of Bishop James McGolrick, A. C. Weiss, Watson S. Moore, R. D. Haven and Dr. D. D. Murray.

McKINLEY MAUSOLEUM

Design Approved and Work Will Be Begun at Once.

New York, May 11.—The trustees of the McKinley National Memorial association met yesterday and formally approved the design for a mausoleum submitted by H. Van Burne McGonigle, who was appointed consulting architect to the board six months ago. It was decided that work should be begun at once, and a sub-committee was appointed which will exercise the function of a building committee. At present the body of President McKinley is in a public vault in Westlawn cemetery, Canton. The association has purchased is in a public vault in Westlawn cemetery, which will be known as Monument hill. The approach to the hill, which is called the "Mall" is 600 feet in length, will be beautified at an approximate expense of $50,000. Along the middle of this mall with a wide walk on either side will be a "waterway" or artificial lake. A broad and massive flight of steps will lead from the foot of the hill, which is 74 feet in height, up to the mausoleum. From the foot of the hill to the top of the mausoleum the height of the stone structure will be in the neighborhood of 175 feet.

The mausoleum will resemble the tomb of Gen. Grant. The main feature will be a dome about seventy-five feet in diameter and a hundred feet high. The structure will be of granite, but the interior will be finished in white marble. The entire cost will be in the neighborhood of $500,000.

FIGHTERS ARE HISSED.

Detroit, May 11.—Abe Attell of San Francisco got a decision over Harry Forbes of Chicago last night at Light Guard Armory after ten rounds of extremely tame sparring. The big audience expressed its dissatisfaction by hooting and hissing the fighters, beginning in the first round and continuing all through. A considerable part of the audience left the armory before the fight was half through.

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WHAT JOY THEY BRING TO EVERY HOME

as with joyous hearts and smiling faces they romp and play—when in health—and how conducive to health the games in which they indulge, the outdoor life they enjoy, the cleanly, regular habits they should be taught to form and the wholesome diet of which they should partake. How tenderly their health should be preserved, not by constant medication, but by careful avoidance of every medicine of an injurious or objectionable nature, and if at any time a remedial agent is required, to assist nature, only those of known excellence should be used; remedies which are pure and wholesome and truly beneficial in effect, like the pleasant laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. Syrup of Figs has come into general favor in many millions of well informed families, whose estimate of its quality and excellence is based upon personal knowledge and use.

Syrup of Figs has also met with the approval of physicians generally, because they know it is wholesome, simple and gentle in its action. We inform all reputable physicians as to the medicinal principles of Syrup of Figs, obtained, by an original method, from certain plants known to them to act most beneficially and presented in an agreeable syrup in which the wholesome Californian blue figs are used to promote the pleasant taste; therefore it is not a secret remedy and hence we are free to refer to all well informed physicians, who do not approve of patent medicines and never favor indiscriminate self-medication.

Please to remember and teach your children also that the genuine Syrup of Figs always has the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—plainly printed on the front of every package and that it is for sale in bottles of one size only. If any dealer offers any other than the regular Fifty cent size, or having printed thereon the name of any other company, do not accept it. If you fail to get the genuine you will not get its beneficial effects. Every family should always have a bottle on hand, as it is equally beneficial for the parents and the children, whenever a laxative remedy is required.

HURT IN COLLISION.

Chicago, May 11.—In a collision between a car on the Chicago & Milwaukee electric road and a carriage at Lake Bluff yesterday, J. J. Murdock, manager of the Masonic Temple, was seriously injured and is unconscious; J. H. Howard, a wool merchant, suffered a broken leg and Arthur J. George of San Francisco, was injured internally. The trolley was making up time and the carriage was being driven at high speed to catch a train to Chicago. The trolley car was derailed and the passengers badly shaken up.

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Cures Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, Fever Sores, Gangrene, Blood Poisoning, White Swelling, Milk Leg, Poisoned Wounds, All Sores of long standing. Positively never fails. Draws out all poison. Saves expense and suffering. Cures permanent. For sale by druggists. Mail 25c and 50c. J. F. ALLEN MEDICINE CO., St. Paul, Minn.

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produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advise free. Address ROYAL MEDICINE CO., Trayner Building, CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale in Duluth, Minn., by S. F. Boyce, Max Wirth, druggists.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents Contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

MEN AND WOMEN. Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

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Original and Only Genuine. SAFE, always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

Mention this paper

MEN NERVE BEANS quickly cure Nervousness, all results of abuse, failing manhood, drains, losses. Married men and men intending to marry should take a box; astonishing results; small weak parts and lost power restored. $1.00 at S. F. BOYCE, Druggist, 335 Superior St. Duluth, Minn

ORDER FOR HEARING PROOF OF WILL.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, April 25, 1905.

In the Matter of the Estate of Wm. McDonald, Deceased:

Whereas, An instrument in writing, purporting to be the Last Will and Testament of Wm. McDonald, deceased, late of said County, has been delivered to this Court;

And Whereas, Mary J. McDonald has filed therewith her petition, representing, among other things, that said Wm. McDonald, died in said County on the 21st day of April, 1905, testate, and that said petitioner is the Executrix named in said Last Will and Testament, and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be issued thereon to her.

It is Ordered, That the proofs of said instrument, and the said petition, be heard before this Court, at the Probate office in the City of Duluth, in said County, on Monday, the 22nd day of May, A. D. 1905, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when all persons interested may appear for or contest the probate of said instrument;

And It Is Further Ordered, That notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said County.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., this 26th day of April, A. D. 1905.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald—April 27, May 4-11, 1905.

Default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage made and executed by John A. Goheen, unmarried, mortgagor, to Byron T. Randall, mortgagee, dated May 28, 1889, and recorded July 3, 1889, at 5 o'clock P. M. in the Register of Deeds' office, St. Louis County, Minnesota, in Book 33 of Mortgages, page 414. Said default consists in the non-payment of the principal sum secured thereby and of the interest thereon from May 28, 1892. There is claimed to be due and is actually due at the date of this notice on said mortgage the sum of Nine Hundred Thirty-nine Dollars and forty-six cents ($939.46), and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover said debt or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of said premises therein described, situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, viz: Lots numbered fourteen (14) and sixteen (16), in block numbered two (2), in Superior View Addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof; which said premises, with the hereditaments and apurtenances thereunto belonging will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the Court House of the City of Duluth, said County and State, June 16, 1905, at ten o'clock A. M., at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest and taxes, if any, on said premises and Fifty Dollars ($50), attorney's fees, stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption within one year from the date of sale, as provided by law.

Dated, May 3, 1905.

BYRON T. RANDALL,
Mortgagee.

WILLIAM O. PEALER,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
604 Palladio Building,
Duluth, Minnesota.
Duluth Evening Herald—May-4-11-18-25-June-1-8, 1905.

ORDER FOR HEARING PROOF OF FOREIGN WILL.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, April 27th, 1905.

In the Matter of the Estate of Charles H. Hackley, Deceased:

Whereas, Certain writings purporting to be duly authenticated copies of the Last Will and Testament of Charles H. Hackley, late of Muskegon, Michigan, deceased, and the probate thereof in Probate Court of the County of Muskegon, Michigan, have been delivered to this Court;

And Whereas, Thos. J. Davis, as attorney for the executors, has filed therewith a petition, representing among other things that said Charles H. Hackley, lately died in said County of Muskegon, Michigan, testate, possessed of certain real estate, situated in said County of St. Louis, Minnesota, and that said petitioner is attorney for the executors named in the will, and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be issued to The Michigan Trust Company, a corporation, and Thomas Hume.

It Is Ordered, That the proofs of said instrument and the said petition, be heard before this Court at the Probate Office in said County, on Monday, the 22nd day of May, A. D. 1905, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when all persons interested may appear for or contest the probate of said instrument;

And It is Further Ordered, That notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said County.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., this 27th day of April, A. D. 1905.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)

Covered Van!

If you are going to move, get a covered van from us. You will find they are as cheap as a dray and at the same time protect your goods.

FURNITURE STORED!

Do not store your goods in barns, cellars or attics, but let us store them for you in our new warehouse at 510-512-514 East Superior street, where they will be properly taken care of at a reasonable charge. It will save you buying new furniture when you go to housekeeping again. Special rooms for pianos. Private rooms if desired.

PACKING!

All kinds of goods packed for shipment or otherwise. Packing material for sale. We will make all arrangements for your shipping, such as rates, etc., without extra cost or trouble to yourselves.

Duluth Van & Storage Co.

Both 'Phones 492. Office 210 West Superior St.

"DIRT IN THE HOUSE BUILDS THE HIGH-WAY TO BEGGARY." BE WISE IN TIME AND USE

SAPOLIO

Schlitz

The Beer That Made Milwaukee Famous.

Phone, Zenith 358. Jos. Schlitz Brewing Co., 39 East Railroad St., Duluth.

Malta-Vita

"The Perfect Food"

Same Big Package Same High Quality

Now 10 cts.

Malta-Vita "The Perfect Food," malt life, as its name implies, stands for that intense vitality that results from the daily use of a food skilfully prepared from the whole of the wheat, of which, after being cooked, each kernel has been subjected to the searching digestive action of the diastase and other enzymes of barley malt. This makes it a *"predigested"* food of highest nourishment value, which explains the remarkable results obtained in cases of nervous debility, deranged stomachs and constipation. Besides, it is the best food to eat.

"We have used several boxes of Malta-Vita and think it the finest food we have tried yet. Having used different kinds, we find Malta-Vita has a flavor which excels all others. We had almost despaired to find something our baby could eat without being distressed. He had, since birth, been a constant sufferer from constipation and a general derangement of the stomach and bowels. Since we began feeding him Malta-Vita he has improved wonderfully in health and is entirely cured of constipation. In fact, myself and husband realize a great benefit since using the food, as we have suffered from general debility. We find it gives life and tone to the entire system." Name given on request by Malta-Vita Pure Food Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

MALTA-VITA is a food with a "taste." It does not belong to the tasteless variety of "flaked foods" and too great credit cannot be claimed for Malta-Vita on account of the fact that it contains its own sweetening agent—maltose always being present in a proportion exceeding eight per cent and sometimes ten per cent. This is a healthy, digestible sugar, formed by the action of the malt diastase upon starch and it causes the stomach no inconvenience. This is not the case with flaked foods that are sweetened by cane sugar, beet sugar, maple sugar, boiled cider, glucose or grape sugar, as all these cause acidity in the stomach and are seriously injurious.

This evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Percy S. Anneke, 522 East Second street, a musicale will be given under the auspices of the women of the First Unitarian church, at which the program will be given by the Beethoven club, Miss Grayce Frances Turner and Philip Gordon Brown. The numbers will be as follows:

a. "Mercean Mignen"..Edward Elgar
b. "Serenade" .. .. ..

The Patronage of Our New

"Lake View"

CAFE

Shows an appreciation by the public of up-to-date equipment, service and cuisine.

Both of our Cafes will be found "not better than the best, but better than the rest."

The Spalding

L. J. EMERY, Mgr.

ALL KINDS OF DOGS

Some Experiences of Employes In City Clerk's Office.

Canine Population of Duluth Being Rapidly Registered.

The ugly gent, with a half burned cigar in the corner of his face, and followed by a ferocious looking bulldog, walked into the city clerk's office.

"Are you de gent what antes up de dog tickets?"

One of the clerks arose and confessed his guilt.

"Gimme one for me pup."

"What's his name?" said the clerk, eyeing the "pup" askance. The dog returned the stare with a steady gaze, and gently moistened his lips with his tongue.

"Cruncher," said the proud owner.

"What is he, a lapdog or a poodle?"

"Say, young fellow, don't you get gay with me, or I'll let him take a mouthful out of you. He's a full-blooded English bull, sired by 'Sir Thomas!' "

"And damned by everybody in the community within ten blocks, I suppose?" said the clerk, as he leaped on to a table just in time to avoid a scurry of legs and a snap that sounded like a steel trap clicking together.

The dog seized one of the table legs by mistake, and it took a crowbar and two pails of hot water to pry him loose.

"He doesn't need a license. He needs a muzzle," said the clerk from his point of vantage on the table, as the owner called the dog to heel and walked out of the office without paying his "two bits," which the clerk sorrowfully dug out of his pocket and deposited in the till.

* * *

The door opened immediately to admit a fashionably dressed lady with a panatella shaped dog that looked as if it had been drawn through a gas pipe.

"What's his name?" asked the clerk.

"Beauty," murmured the fair owner.

"What is he, a sausage dog?"

"Sir."

"That is—er—a saucy dog, you know, pert and sharp?"

"I should say he was. Why, Beauty says his prayers every night before going to bed."

"Well, now, you don't say so. Does he bite?"

"No, sir, he does not. Beauty is too well mannered for that."

"Would you prefer a brass tag or an aluminum tag. I think aluminum would match the color of his eyes better, don't you?"

The lady eyed the clerk rather sharply, but his bland smile disarmed her.

"Give me the brass tag, young man," she said with some asperity. "You probably have a better supply of them."

* * *

The next customer was a 5-year-old youngster, who was led into the office by a ponderous St. Bernard dog that cheerfully wagged its tail, sweeping the papers from the counter, and then, bounding up and down in front of the boy, let out a bark that nearly shook the plaster off the walls.

"Giv'us a tag, will you mister?" said the youthful owner of all this caninity.

"Do you expect to license all that for $1.25?" asked the clerk as he gathered up the papers. "You should have two tags for that baby elephant, but I suppose we can't play favorites. Here you are."

* * *

Two hundred dogs of all breeds, sizes and descriptions have been licensed by the city clerk's office during the last two weeks, and next week the police department will appoint an officer to hunt up delinquents.

WANTS DAMAGES.

Minneapolis, May 11.—James A. Peterson, the local attorney and politician, declares he will bring suit against S. F. Fullerton, executive agent of the state game and fish commission, to recover damages for an illegal seizure of prairie chickens last fall and for the expense of a suit to recover the birds. He says he will sue to recover $500 or more spent in attorney's fees, costs, etc.

ATLANTIC RATE WAR.

Liverpool, May 11.—What looks like the first step in a transatlantic passenger rate was was the official announcement issued yesterday by the International Mercantile Marine company that the White Star, Dominion and American lines had given notice of their withdrawal from the North Atlantic conference agreement for first and second cabin rates.

NOTICE

I want your shoe repairing. A call over the 'phone and I will get it and have it delivered. Call 1451.

I can do your custom-work also.

BLODGETT & CO.'S Shoe Parlors.

CASE HARD FOUGHT

Much Expert Testimony In Shipman Malpractice Suit.

Damage Action Against Street Railway Company Goes to Jury.

The malpractice case of David C. McTaggert against Dr. C. G. Shipman, of the range, on trial in Judge Cant's room bids fair to be a long and closely contested action. McTaggert has sued for $10,000 damages, claiming that Dr. Shipman's operation whereby his limb was amputated at the knee was not performed in the proper manner and that he has been caused a large amount of unnecessary pain and suffering.

A large number of the local surgeons have been summoned to give expert testimony in the case, besides the depositions which have been presented of surgeons from other places who have a national reputation.

Up to this noon McTaggert's counsel had placed on the stand, but two of the surgeons who are to give expert testimony, Drs. Magie and Webster, of Duluth.

It is caimed by Mr. McTaggert that, after his leg was amputated, the flesh and skin, which were to act as a cushion to the end of the dismembered limb, were pulled over and held in place by means of a steel nickel-plated nail about four inches long, driven throught it and into the bone. The nail alleged to have been used is one of the exhibits in the case.

It is further claimed that after the operation the wound failed to heal and that McTaggert came to Duluth where another operation was performed by Dr. Magie and the leg healed.

Dr. Magie claimed he knew nothing of the merits or demerits of Dr. Shipman's treatment other than what he saw when he examined the wound.

Both Drs. Magie and Webster admitted that they had never before heard of a similar case of amputation where a steel nail was used in the manner claimed by McTaggert, but thought that it might be feasible.

One of the features of the case is an "X-ray" photograph of the wound taken for Dr. Shipman after the nail had been placed, and which he afterward presented to McTaggert. The latter is using the picture in the interests of his own side of the case.

Mr. McTaggert is represented by Davis & Hollister, and Dr. Shipman by Howard T. Abbott.

In Judge Dibell's room the damage action of Mary Ann Bloomer against the street railway company to recover a judgment of $5,000 for the death of her brother, John Bloomer, went to the jury early this afternoon. In this action it is claimed that Bloomer, a hackman, was killed by reason of a collision betwen his rig and a Lake avenue street car, during a heavy storm, and that his death was due to the negligence of the motorman.

In Judge Ensign's room, Kenneth McDonald, who is suing P. A. Smith for $11,000, alleged to be due as a commission on a timber sale, had just about finished putting in testimony when the noon recess was taken. This afternoon Mr. Smith is introducing testimony in his own behalf.

Young Men For Presidents.

For the near future, at least, the great political parties intend to show preference to young men as candidates for the presidency, their experience with the present one, who broke all records in youthfulness, having been highly satisfactory. The experience with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, extending over half a century, has also been highly satisfactory to everyone and the record of cures of stomach, liver, bowel and kidney disorders established by it, far exceeds that of any other medicine. You cannot sleep, eat, work or enjoy life if any of these organs are weak or diseased. That's why we urge you to try a bottle today and good health will be your sure reward. It cures poor appetite, sleeplessness, billousness, costiveness, kidney troubles, dyspepsia, indigetion and malaria, fever and ague. Insist on having Hostetter's.

Fine pictures and picture framing a specialty. Decker's, 16 Second ave. W.

CITY BRIEFS

Embossing. North Land-Printery.

Independent Ferry to Superior, 5c.

Dr. A. E. Walker has moved his office to 210 and 212 New Jersey building.

The construction work of the new county poorhouse is well under way and the weather has not thus far been any check to the contractor, J. W. Hilliard. The poorhouse is being constructed of concrete blocks and some of the walls are now up several feet. The blocks are manufactured under cover at the scene of the work. The new structure, when completed, will cost about $50,000.

The Jolley Ten will meet tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock at the home of Mrs. P. E. Johnson on Duluth Heights. The members are Mesdames, W. Butler, J. H. Tomlin, S. Mahan, Edward Perrott, E. J. Purcell, Frank Donaldson, J. McDonald, A. Bruneau, P. E. Johnson and E. A. Carroll.

The ferry steamer E. T. Carrington has been sold by the Oatka Steamship company to Walter S. Lloyd of Duluth. The sale has been practically closed for several days but could not be fully consummated as the boat was still under contract with the city for canal ferry purposes. The purchase price was $16,000, and the boat will be used as an excursion steamer at Houghton.

The funeral of the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Rudy of Thirty-sixth avenue east, will be held Sunday, and interment made in Park Hill cemetery.

Elschen Bros., florists, are now at 126 West Superior street, Folz building.

J. M. Gidding & Co. have announced, beginning with tomorrow, a sale of coats, wraps, suits, etc., from purchases just made by their Mr. Gidding in the East that will undoubtedly attract much attention from women buyers.

Fred Enright, a young man about 24 years of age, who was found lying unconscious near the corner of Michigan street and First avenue east, early yesterday morning, suffering from congestion of the lungs, died a few hours later in St. Luke's hospital. The news was telegraphed to the young man's father in Grand Forks, and he is expected to arrive in the city this afternoon to take charge of the body.

WISCONSIN LEGISLATURE.

Madison, Wis., May 11.—The senate today passed a bill creating a forestry board. A new bill was introduced in the assembly, making the state tax commission a permanent institution.

PERSONALS

Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Kennedy are in Chicago.

No improvement is noted in the health of Mrs. C. E. Hammond of 506 East First street, who was taken to St. Luke's hospital two weeks ago.

John Bingham left for St. Paul today.

Mrs. S. H. Boyer left for Minneapolis today.

Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Mance leave this evening for New York.

J. Bradley left for Boston today.

Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Owens left for Chicago today.

Capt. Robert Kidd has returned from a trip to lower lake ports.

Mrs. George C. Howe, who has been spending several months taking the Mediterranean trip, has returned and is at the Spalding.

Ernest Hanegan of New York is in the city for a visit of two weeks or more. Mr. Hanegan was a number of years ago a resident of Duluth, but is now engaged in newspaper work in New York City.

J. M. Gidding of J. M. Gidding & Co. has returned from a buying trip to the Eastern markets.

M. H. Aylworth returned yesterday from Tarpon Springs, Fla., where he has been spending the winter with his family.

GREATEST SWINDLER.

George Manolescu Claims Distinction In Autobiography.

Berlin, May 11.—George Manolescu, who claims to be the world's greatest swindler has published a remarkable autobiography.

He says that he was born at Bucharest in 1871, and at the age of 15 ran away to sea. Even at that time he had an irresistible tendency to crime, and perpetrated many astute frauds in the Mediterranean ports, but arrived at Athens a year later destitute, and requested the Roumanian consul to send him home.

The consul refused, whereupon Manolescu attempted suicide in the consulate, and was conveyed to a hospital. The queen of Greece took an interest in him, and visited his bedside monthly until he recovered. Her majesty then paid his fare home.

Shortly before his 18th birthday, Manolescu swindled his way to Paris, and perpetrated so many successful frauds that he was able to purchase an expensive residence, race horses and live in princely luxury. A year later he was sentenced in Paris to four years' imprisonment for perpetrating frauds involving $200,000.

Leaving prison at the age of 23, he assumed the title of Prince Lahovary, and resumed a double career. Outwardly he was a rich society man, moving in the best circles and living in extravagant style.

Secretly he was perpetrating frauds, committing burglaries and enriching himself by crime. He married a woman belonging to the German aristocracy, and was a prominent figure at Monte Carlo, winning and losing thousands of pounds.

After a decade of successful swindling he was arrested in Berlin, and imprisoned in a mad house as a dangerous lunatic. He escaped, and after committing a series of burglaries in Berlin, Dresden and other German towns he finally escaped to Australia, where he is now living.

J. M. Gidding Returns From the East.

The Duluth buying public, particularly women, who come to dress well, always look forward with much interest towards Mr. Gidding's trip East, as it always means more new and handsome wearables to see and to buy, and they are never disappointed. This should be particularly true at this time, for Mr. Gidding assures your reporter that his efforts this time in getting hold of beautiful things, and exceptional values, has met with unusual success. While not getting away from the beaten path of getting hold of the best and most fashionable, he has been able, in several instances, to figure with makers (Who are about closing up their spring season's work, and prepare their fall lines) to close out many lines for his firm. The results of such purchases, he says, will be self-evident to those who visit the Gidding establishment. In many instances the savings are half, in other cases a third, but all on practical and fashionable things. In their regular advertisement in this issue they tell in detail of the many values, and since everyone is familiar with the Gidding standard of merchandise, it is needless for us to say anything on that score. Some of the merchandise, Mr. Gidding says, will be ready tomorrow, and the balance will be placed on sale as soon as they arrive, of which announcements will be made in The Herald.

Room mouldings and plate rails, Decker's, 16 Second avenue west.

In reading the ads. today don't bother about any store whose ad. does not appear—for such store didn't bother about you. When any store has anything to sell to you it will tell you about it in an advertisement.

Hundreds of Beautiful Covert Coats direct from best Eastern makers; go on sale tomorrow at about half their real value

You needn't come to this sale expecting that everything is half—for that would be misleading—and would do an injustice both to you and ourselves. **THESE ARE THE FACTS—they speak for themselves:** Our Mr. Gidding arrived in New York last Thursday morning in answer to a letter from one of their makers, saying that they were now ready to close out the remainder of their summer lines. That meant they were willing to sacrifice them to get them out of their way (for makers are now preparing their next fall's productions). From one maker alone we bought **FOURTEEN HUNDRED GARMENTS IN ALL, SUITABLE FOR OUR TRADE,** although there were many more which we had to reject on account of being unsuitable for this climate—but the fourteen hundred were splendid garments and suitable, for it must be remembered that the East and other cities located farther South and away from the lake winds use lots of things that are unpractical at the Head of the Lakes. We weeded out the unpractical and got the practical. **A glance at the values will tell you better than printers' ink what we are able to offer our patrons.**

Bran new, fresh goods, made up from the remainder of this season's cloths, that average from a third to a half their value—some slightly more—some less. **AND WE SHALL PLACE THEM ON SALE TOMORROW MORNING—HUNDREDS OF THE NATTIEST STYLES IN COVERT COATS THAT YOU'VE SEEN THIS SEASON!**

Tight-fitting effects, semi fitted effects, box coat effects, three-quarter effects, and full lengths! Taffeta-lined, satin-lined or unlined—plain tailored, strapped effects, and novelties galore! Sizes that will fit the smallest woman or miss as well as the larger ones—complete ranges! Styles that will suit the hard-to-fit figures as well as those that are easy to fit!

Every garment fully up to the high standard required by our house—and worthy of the "Gidding" label.

WE WILL PASS EVERY BIT OF THE SAVING MADE BY US RIGHT ALONG TO YOU—and we shall charge for alterations, if any, at cost, though on account of their perfect lines but very little, if any, alterations are required.

These are about the way we shall offer them:

Covert Coats made to sell for $10.00 now on sale at $5.75
Covert Coats made to sell for $12.50 now on sale at $7.75
Covert Coats made to sell for $15.00 now on sale at $8.75
Covert Coats made to sell for $18.50 now on sale at $10.50
Covert Coats made to sell for $21.50 now on sale at $12.50
Covert Coats made to sell for $25.00 now on sale at $15.00

We shall also include some of our own regular lines at proportionate reductions:

RAIN COATS

Beautiful styles and at almost half their value, at the very beginning of the rainy season. Every woman or miss can afford to have one in her wardrobe at these prices.

Made to sell for $15 now on sale at $9.50 and $8.75
Made to sell for $19.50 now on sale at $12.50
Made to sell for $25.00 now on sale for $16.50
Made to sell for $32.50 and $35 now on sale at $18.50

We shall include some of our regular lines wherever we think it advisable, at the same proportionate reductions.

LOOSE "SWAGGER" COATS—Styles and models that "Gidding's" alone have controlled for the Head of the Lakes—in the sale—(Long effects, plain or strapped)—the "snappiest," smartest coats of the present season!

London grays—gray novelty mixtures—tan coverts and tan novelty mixtures—and cheviots in navy, brown and black.

Those that were made to sell for $10, will be on sale at $5.75.

Those that were made to sell for $12.50 will be on sale at $7.75.

Those that were made to sell for $15.00 will be on sale at $8.75.

Those that were made to sell for $20.00 will be on sale at $11.50.

Those that were made to sell for $25.00 will be on sale at $15.00.

FORM-FITTING LONG COATS IN THE SALE

Made to sell for $19.50, on sale at $11.50.
Made to sell for $22.50, on sale at $15.00.
Made to sell for $25.00, on sale at $17.50.

BOX COATS, LOOSE EFFECTS, IN THE SALE

Made to sell for $8.75, on sale at $5.00.
Made to sell for $12.50, on sale at $8.50.
Made to sell for $15.00, on sale at $9.50.
Made to sell for $18.50, on sale at $11.50.

HUNDREDS OF BEAUTIFUL COATS FOR GIRLS—BIG AND LITTLE—GO INTO THE SALE—AT THE SAME PROPORTIONATE SAVINGS.

Box Coat Styles—three-quarter Effects—and Seven-eighth lengths—tan coats and tan mixtures—gray mixtures, and plain effects—**and right at the beginning of the season at wonderful savings.** Right up to the hour in style—and worthy of the best dressed girls in Duluth. Of course everybody knows the reliability of Gidding's Girls' cloths as well as Women's, so that it's needless to excuse these ridiculously low prices.

GIRLS' NOBBY BOX COATS—sizes 4 to 14—tans and gray mixtures—

Made to sell for $6.75, on sale at $3.75.
Made to sell for $8.75, on sale at $5.50.
Made to sell for $10.00, on sale at $6.75.

And ones and twos from our own stock are in one lot—$2.50.

LONG, "SWAGGER" COATS FOR GIRLS—

Made to sell for $8.75, on sale at $5.75.
Made to sell for $12.50, on sale at $8.75.
Made to sell for $15.00, on sale at $10.00.
Made to sell for $19.50, on sale at $12.50.

Also some ones and twos from our own stock—$7.50 to $8.50 values—at $4.75.

Cravenetted Rain Coats--for Girls 10 to 16--in the Sale!

Even at regular prices nobby styles were hard to find—and never at the beginning of the season. We are able to give you—the snappiest and most exclusive effects, for very little money—each and every one of them beautifully made and of materials that are absolutely cravenetted and water proof. Tans, olives and grays.

Made to sell for $12.50, are now on sale at $8.75. Made to sell for $9.50 are now on sale at $6.50. Made to sell for $15.00, are now on sale at $10.50.

Sizes 4, 6, and 8—made to sell for $7.75, at $5; and $10.00 ones for $6.75.

We would strongly recommend to those who have been waiting to buy their Spring and Summer Wearables to do so now—the time is opportune—the savings will not be equaled this season on high-class goods—and the assortments were never so complete.

In addition to the above values we have taken many lines of **TAILORED SUITS** from our regular lines and put them on sale at the following reduced prices:

TAILOR-MADE SUITS AT $16.75—Values up to $25.00—We've included a large number of suits from our regular $25 to $29 collection to complete the range of sizes, making the variety so extensive that we will undoubtedly fit you to the exact suit you'd buy at nearly double the price under any other circumstances.

The models are the finest expressions of fashionable apparel—serges, cheviots and Panamas, in plain colors of blue and brown, also black—and light and dark mixtures—while they last, $16.75.

$24.50 FOR $32.50 SUITS—largest and best assortment of suits at this price shown throughout the season—taken from high-price models when there were one or two left of the various styles, comprising homespuns, serges, mixtures, checks and invisible stripes—also fancy mixtures.

GIDDING'S GIDDING'S GIDDING'S GIDDING'S

FALLS EIGHT STORIES.

Five Good Clotheslines Save Man's Life.

New York, May 11.—Edward Botts, 38 years old, invaded the field of the tender infant who falls from a high window and is picked up "without a scratch." Botts either fell or jumped from an eighth story window of the tenement house at 105 Masdougal street and landed in a narrow areaway without a bruise or a bonebreak. He was just a little dazed.

Five clothes lines saved Botts from death or injury. They were strung across the airshaft down which he plunged, and each contributed to the breaking of his fall before it snapped. The last one deposited him gently on the cement pavement.

Botts is a jeweler. His wife occupies a furnished room on the eighth floor of 105 Macdougal street. Botts did not live with his wife, but they were apparently on good terms and he called frequently to see her. He went to her room. Shortly afterward the woman ran out crying that her husband had fallen or jumped from the window.

Mrs. Dominico Gravin of the first floor looked out and saw Botts sitting in the areaway. Patrolman Hedeman called an ambulance from St. Vincent's hospital, but Dr. Black could find no external injuries and said the man was suffering from shock.

QUEEN'S LETTER SOLD.

Written By Henrietta Maria to Her Son.

London, May 11.—Messrs. Sotheby, Wilkinson & Hodge sold last wek a valuable collection of autograph letters and historical documents of the seventeenth century, "the property of a gentleman deceased," and from other sources. The most noteworthy lot in the collection was a long autograph letter from Queen Henrietta Maria to her son, Charles II., dated from Paris, January 25, 1650, and covering four pages quarto, dealing chiefly with political matters. One passage is well worth quoting:

"I am also very glad that Breda will be the place, hence if you make your journey there I shall have no fear for you. The changes which have happened in this court seem to give more appearance of peace in Spain than there has been before, for all the people who helped the queen and cardinal in past affairs, and who are serving them now, are wishful for it to reach such a degree that if they saw the queen did not equally desire it they would rouse some new disturbances. This gives me some hope of peace, and consequently makes me more anxious for the assistance of the Scotch, for without that while peace would be made and the two crowns inclined to reinstate you, they would find great difficulty if they had to fight England and Scotland combined."

This letter, perhaps one of the most interesting ever written by this queen and placed on sale, realized $755.

The collection, which consisted of 145 lots and included over a dozen important and interesting letters written by Abraham Cowley (who in 1646 followed the queen to France), realized $9,500.

High grade jewelry at cost at A. L. Norberg's, 5 West Superior street.

Homeseekers' Excursions

To points in Minnesota, North Dakota and Manitoba, the Northern Pacific railway will sell Homeseekers' tickets at one fare, plus $2.00, every Tuesday during March, April, May and June.

On first and third Tuesdays, same months, will sell similar tickets to all points in West and Southwest. For further information as to rates and tickets, call at City Ticket office, 332 Superior street.

Too Late to Classify

MANICURING FOR LADIES AND Gentlemen. Two of the best operators in America. It behooves all who study their hands to visit Miss Horrigan's Drug Store. Phone for appointment.

As water feeds flowers, Satin skin cream nourishes the skin to health. 25c.

FOR SALE — GOOD SIX-ROOM HOUSE, West Duluth, reasonable for cash. 418 North Fifty-eighth avenue west.

FOR RENT — HALF ONE WINDOW and part of store at 109 West Superior street. Seekins & LeBorious.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Flat G, 120 East Fourth street. Small family small flat.

WANTED AT ONCE—EXPERIENCED second girl and good dishwasher. 10 West Second street.

DYE WORKS.

NORTHWESTERN DYING & CLEANing Co., 17 North Lake avenue. French dry cleaners and fancy dyers. Largest and best and most reliable dye house in the Northwest. Both 'phones.

Race For Supremacy.

It is interesting to watch the race for supremacy among Minneapolis-St. Paul-Chicago trains. First place is securely held by the Pioneer Limited and the second place by the Fast Mail. Both trains are entirely owned by the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway. There are three other fast trains eta this line from the Twin Cities to Chicago every day, and there is no extra fare to ride on them. Address W. B. Dixon, northwestern passenger agent, St. Paul, for further particulars, lowest rates, etc.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Charles Hoffman and Estelle Droel, both of Douglas county, Wis.

BIRTHS.

HARRISON—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Harrison of 603 Fifty-ninth avenue west, May 7.

DRIESBACH—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Carl Driesbach of 506 East First street, May 8.

WHITE—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Thomas White of 531 Sixtieth avenue west, May 2.

LOWRIE—A son was born to Rev. and Mrs. W. J. Lowrie of 620 Fifty-eighth avenue west, May 5.

SIMS—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Sims of 329 Fifty-eighth avenue west, May 8.

STABINFELD—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Toby Stabenfeld of Sixty-fourth avenue west, May 7.

DEATHS.

McIVOR—John, the 9-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel McIvor, died this morning. The body will be shipped to Hinckley for burial.

BUILDING PERMITS.

Mrs. Phillip Deroy, frame dwelling on Third street, between Twenty-eighth avenue west and Devonshire street, to cost	$1,500
Stonecslay Sobeczk, repairs to building on Ninth street, between Fourth and Fifth avenues east, to cost	600
M. A. Fedje, stone foundation on Third street, between Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth avenues west, to cost	600
Mrs. Devaney, stone foundation on Third street, between Twelfth and Thirteenth avenues west, to cost	800
John Rust, frame dwelling on Tenth street, between Eighth and Ninth avenues east, to cost.....	1,000
J. E. Steele, stone foundation on Raleigh street, between Fifty-sixth and Fifty-seventh avenues west, to cost	00

ADVANCE IN WHEAT

Usual Break Following Government Report Did Not Come.

Eastern Millers Buying Wheat In Small Quantities—Flax Higher.

Duluth Board of Trade, May 11.—The issuance of a government report is usually followed by a break in the price of wheat, but today was an exception for there was a good advance, that began with the moment the market opened, and continued to the close. The July option in Duluth advanced 1½c, in Minneapolis 2c, in Chicago 1⅞-1¾c and in New York 1¼c. The May option gained 1c in Duluth, ¾c in Chicago, 2c in Minneapolis and 1¾c in New York.

The Liverpool market closed ⅛@¼d higher. Paris ¾@⅞c lower, Berlin and Budapest ½c higher and Antwerp unchanged. Argentine shipments this week are expected to total 2,800,000 bus.

Several points reported an improvement in the flour demand, but Duluth millers do not find it much better than it has been. Eastern millers are buying a little wheat daily, but in driblets. Still, with the receipts continuing as light as they now are, the buying is of quantity enough to practically assure the cleaning out of stocks during the summer. Some complaints of Hessian fly inspection were received from Missouri.

Car receipts at Duluth were 7, against 23 last year, and at Minneapolis 160, against 33 last year, making a total for the Northwest of 176, against 56 last year. Chicago received 0, against 14 last year.

Primary receipts of wheat were 125,000 bus., last year 134,000 bus. Shipments 516,000 bus., last year 198,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 39,660 bus.

Corn in the Liverpool market closed unchanged. In the Chicago market July corn closed ⅝-¾c higher. July oats closed ¾c higher. Primary receipts of corn were 150,000 bus. last year 219,000 bus. Shipments 188,000 bus, last year 305,000 bus. Clearances were 265,000 bus.

Trading in wheat in the Duluth market was so dead this morning that prices were made only by bid and asked quotations. The July option opened unchanged at 94¼c and advanced steadily throughout the morning, closing at 95⅝c, which was the top price of the day and 1½c above the closing price of yesterday. The May option closed 1c up at 97½c. The September option fell off ¼c to 79¾c and then advanced to 80⅜c, closing at 80½c, a gain of ⅛c.

Cash prices were on the basis of May price for No. 1 northern, with nothing doing. Durum wheat fell off 3c.

Flax was very dull. The May option advanced 1¼c to $1.41 ½.July 1c to $1.42 and October 1c to $1.25, while September was unchanged at $1.25.

Oats made an advance of ¾c.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—To arrive, No. 1 northern, 97¾c; on track, No. 1 northern, 97½c; No. 2 northern, 90¼@94c. Durum, No. 1, 85c; No. 2, 83c; May, 97½c; July, 95¾c; September, 80½c. Flax, to arrive, $1.41½; on track $1.41½; May, $1.41½; July, $1.42; September, $1.25; October, $1.25. Oats, to arrive, 30c; on track, 30c. Rye, to arrive, 70c; on track, 70c. Barley—Feed, 29¼@31c.

Cars inspected: Wheat 7, last year 23, oats 1, flax 1, last year 8.

Receipts: Wheat 2,977, oats 2,359; barley 19,457, rye 334, flax 11,166.

Shipments: Wheat 3,333, oats 1,500, flax 240,330.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Buying By Shorts Gives Wheat a Firm Tone.

Chicago, May 11.—Buying by shorts, who sold in advance of the government report, created a firm tone in wheat here today. While the condition of the fall-sown crop, according to official statistics, showed a trifle of improvement, the total yield was reduced to 464,273,000 bus, compared with an approximate yield of 475,000,000 bus estimated a month ago. Another factor that contributed to the firmness was the prevalence of rain or snow over the entire wheat belt of North America. Offerings came largely from a prominent long. July opened unchanged to ⅛@¼c higher at 83⅝c to 83¾@7⅞c, and advanced to 84. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 116 cars, against 101 cars last week and 70 cars a year ago.

Demand of an excellent nature was in evidence throughout the day. Reports of excessive rains formed the basis of much of the demand, but there was considerable buying on the general strength of cash wheat. Prices continued to advance until July had touched 84⅝c. The market closed strong with July up 1⅛@1¼c at 84¾@7⅛c.

Small receipts and continued wet weather had a strengthening effect on the corn market. Shorts were fairly active bidders, but offerings were light. July opened ⅜@⅝c higher at 47c and sold at 47@47¼c. Local receipts were 46 cars, with forty of contract grade.

Strength of wheat held prices firm, the market closing at the highest point of the day, with July up ⅝@¾c at 47⅜c.

Strength of other grains imparted a firm tone to oats. One of the leading bull traders was a moderate buyer. July opened a shade higher at 29½@29¾c, and advanced to 29⅝c. Local receipts were 45 cars.

An advance of 5c to 10c in the price of hogs caused firmness in provisions. Renewed purchases of July pork by packers was a feature. July pork opened 2½@5c to 50@52½c higher at $12.47½ to $12.50, and sold up to $12.55. Lard was unchanged at $7.35. Ribs were up a shade to 2½c at $7.30@7.32½ to $7.32½.

Close: Wheat—May, 92½c; July, 84¾@7⅝c; September, 79½@¾c. Corn—May, 49¼c; July, 47⅜c; old, 47½c; September, 47¼c; old, 47¼c; December, 44⅜c; old, 44½c. Oats—May, 30⅝@¾c; July, 29½@½c; September, 28¼c. Pork—May, $12.30; July, $12.52½; September, $12.72½. Lard—May, $7.30; July, $7.37½; September, $7.55; October, $7.50. Ribs—May, 7ac; July, 60c; September, 75c. Flax—Cash northwestern, $1.39; southwestern, $1.25; May, $1.25. Timothy—May, $3; September, $3.25. Clover—May, $12@12.50. Barley—Cash, 40@48c. Cash wheat—No. 2 red, 86@87c; 3 red, 80@83c; 2 hard, 81@83c; 3 hard, 87@91c; 1 northern, 97c@$1; 2 northern, 95c@$1; 3 spring, 86@98c. Corn—No. 2, 49¼@49¾c; 3, 46@49½c. Oats—No. 2, 30¼@½c; 3, 30c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—The setback which the trade generally expected to follow the government report did not materialize today. At no time did the market for the deferred futures get under the closing prices of yesterday. Notwithstanding the liberal amount of wheat fed out by leading interests, the market at no time showed any indication to halt, all such offerings being readily absorbed. Small primary receipts and excellent cash demand continues to be the strong points in the market at the moment. Coupled with this the unfavorable weather deters short sellers at this level. This may be one of the many false starts which we have seen in the past, but the action of the market is most encouraging. Stocks are small everywhere, flour stocks are depleted and we feel this feature of the situation will be brought home much more forcibly to the trade long before July first.

Corn—Scarcity of offerings and some little buying in sympathy with the strength in the wheat pit gave to this market a little better tone. Shorts in May were inclined to cover and this was true to a certain extent in the deferred futures. Cash prices in outside markets continue strong, but the cash demand itself while healthy is not over urgent. The market is to us still more like a good trading affair with good swings in either direction.

Oats—The better feeling in cash circles and large inquiry for foreign and New England demand continue a strong feature. Trade broadens out considerably and gives promise of higher prices.

Provisions—This market participated in the general better feeling prevailing in the other pits and while business was not very active, the market seems to show some indication of doing better.

* * *

Edwards, Wood & Co.: Wheat prices were advanced 1c at Chicago and 1½c at Minneapolis for the July option. This was largely due to the bullish construction placed on the reduced acreage as shown in the government report, and the light receipts at Minneapolis and Duluth. None received at Chicago and none estimated for tomorrow. To our mind the advance today which may be carried some further by holders of long wheat who are seeking argument to justify their position, is entirely unwarranted. Even admitting that the item of acreage in the government report is bullish, the improvement in condition of winter wheat, the condition of foreign crops are so nearly perfect as to more than offset it. Cash wheat selling at a premium is no argument and sellers of July will experience no more difficulty on delivery day than did the shorts in May. We believe this wheat may be bought at materially lower prices.

* * *

Chicago Inter-Ocean: The immediate position of the wheat market presents big possibilities for a quick bull turn. For the next forty to sixty days, the market is an old crop proposition. Present supplies are held by strong interests and well maintained, the level of cash values places the immense shortage in July in imminent danger of stampede, even upon the very eve of a bumper crop.

* * *

Chicago Record-Herald: Valentine's sudden shift of position in wheat yesterday was the subject of a great deal of comment. He was plainly bullishly disposed during a good part of the morning, but this change of heart apparently came when the Minneapolis market started to break. Very promptly thereafter he was in the wheat pit in person selling all that the market would take. He disposed of over 2,000,000 bushels although the market was counted a narrow and almost exclusively affair. For a long time the big traders who were taking his wheat believed he was making a feint for the purpose of enabling brokers to increase the line of July wheat that he was already credited with owning. The wheat, however, kept on coming, the Minneapolis market kept on breaking and finally there was an unloading of a large line of the wheat that Valentine had sold. The Armour brokers bought back on the break some of the wheat that had been sold higher up.

* * *

Cincinnati Price Current: Winter wheat situation mostly maintained. Some drawbacks in Kansas. Corn planting somewhat retarded in various sections by rains, but situation not notably disturbed. Other crop conditions generally promising. Government winter wheat report means indications about 18,000,000 bushels less than month ago.

	AMERICAN DU-luth.	WHEAT Minne-apolis.	MARKETS. Chi-cago.	New York.
May—				
Open	96½	$1.02B	92	91
High	....	1.04	92⅞	94⅛B
Low	....	1.02⅛	91⅝	93⅛B
Close	97½	1.04	92⅛A	94⅛B
Close 10th	96½	1.02	91¾	93½
July—				
Open	84¼	86	83⅝-¾	85⅞
High	85¾	86⅞	84⅞	86⅝
Low	84¼	86	83⅝	85⅜-⅞
Close	85¾	86A	84⅜-⅞B	86⅞
Close 10th	84½	86	83⅝	85¾
Sempetmber—				
Open	79¾	79¾	78¼-½	83¼
High	80¾	80⅞	79¼	83¾
Low	79¾	79⅝	78¼	82⅞
Close	80½	79¾-⅞	79⅛-¼	83⅜
Close 10th	80	79⅞	78¾-⅞	82⅞

St. Louis:	Close 11th	Close 10th
May	93B	90
July	79⅝-¾B	78½
September	78⅛-¼A	77⅝
Kansas City:		
May	91¾	88¾
July	75-⅛A	74⅞
September	71A	70⅝-¼
Winnipeg:		
May	88	87¾
July	90	90

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.	Oats July	Corn July	Pork July
Open	29½-¾	46⅞@47⅛	$12.47-52
High	29⅝	47⅛	12.55-
Low	29⅛-¼	46⅝	12.47-50
Close	29⅛A	47⅜A	12.52

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, My 11.—Wheat—Spot dull; 1 Cal. 6s 8½d; futures firm; May, 6s 6¼d; July, 6s 7½d; September, 6s 5¼d. Corn—Spot steady; American mixed, new, 4s 3¼d; futures firm; May, 4s 3¼d; July, 4s 3½d.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, May 11.—Close: Wheat—May, 94¼c; July, 89⅞c; September, 83¾c. Corn—May, 54¼c; July, 52¾c.

MINEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, May 11.—Close: Wheat—May, $1.04; July, 98c; September, 80⅞c; No. 1 hard, $1.09; 1 northern, $1.07; 2 northern, $1.02½.

CORN AND WEATHER BULLETIN

For the twenty-four hours ending at a. m., seventy-fifth meridian time, Thursday, May, 11, 1905:

Stations	Temperature. Max*	Min†	Rainfall inches and hundredths.
Alexandria	Pt. cloudy	68	32	.12
Campbell	Most pt. cloudy	58	32	.04
Crookston	Clear	46	32	.40
Detroit City	Clear	44	28	.10
Grand Meadows	Raining	68	44	.76
Minneapolis	Raining	62	40	.01
Montevideo	Cloudy	52	38	.04
New Ulm	Cloudy	60	46	.24
Park Rapids	Pt. cloudy	44	32	.28
Winnebago City	Cloudy	68	42	.22
Worthington	Cloudy	60	42	.20
Devils Lake	Clear	38	30	.28
Langdon	Cloudy	48	30	.56
Larimore	Cloudy	38	30	.30
Lisbon	Cloudy	44	38	.26
Pembina	Cloudy	40	32	.36
Aberdeen	Cloudy	54	34	.04
Millbank	Cloudy	50	34	.14
Mitchell	Raining	58	42	.18
Redfield	Cloudy	50	32	.04
Amenia	Cloudy	44	32	.38
Bismarck	Pt. cloudy	42	30	.36
Duluth	Cloudy	40	38	.09
Huron	Raining	54	40	T
La Crosse	Raining	60	48	.30
Moorhead	Clear	48	30	.48
Pierre	Cloudy	54	42	.0
St. Paul	Raining	62	56	T
Winnipeg	Cloudy	46	42	.06

REMARKS.

Precipitation occurred over all districts, falling as either rain or snow in the Northwest. Cool weather continued in the latter section.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

T. indicates inappreciable rainfall. *For yesterday. †For twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., Seventy-fifth meridian time.

Note.—The average maximum and minimum temperatures and the average rainfall are made up at each center from the actual number of reports received. The "state of weather" is that prevailing at time of observation.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER.

Creamery, prints	27	
Dairies, fancy	23 @	24
Renovated	24½	

EGGS.

Fresh	16

CHEESE.

Twins, full and cream	16
Twins, full cream, old	8
Full cream, Young America	16
Brick cheese, No. 1	16
Limberger, full cre'm cheese	15
Primost	7

HONEY.

New fancy, white clover	14
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb	12½@ 13
Goldenrod	14
Dark honey	14
Buckwheat, dark	14

MAPLE SYRUP.

Vermont, per lb	12½
Ohio, per lb	10
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10

NUTS.

Filberts, per lb	14
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	16
Cocoanuts	50
Brazils, per lb	14
Pecans, per lb	12
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	8
Almonds	14
Mixed nuts	14

FRUITS.

Apples	3 25 @ 3 50
Cranberries, per bbl	6 00
California navel oranges	1 50 @ 3 50
Smyrna figs, 12-lb box	1 80
Bananas	2 00 @ 2 50
Lemons, per box	2 75
Strawberries, 24 quarts	2 50 @ 2 75
Dates, Fard, per box	1 15
Sugar, walnut dates	1 00

VEGETABLES.

New Potatoes, bu	2 00
Sweet potatoes, per bbl	4 50
Fancy navy beans, per bus	2 00
Lettuce, per bus	1 00
Beets, cwt	1 25
Green onions	15
Spinach, box	1 15
Parsnips, per box	1 00
Potatoes, per bus	30
Dry Onions, per cwt	2 75
Celery, per doz	90
Bagas, per cwt	35
Cabbage, per cwt	1 00
Radishes, per doz	25
Tomatoes, per basket, Cal	80
Tomatoes, per basket, Cal	1 00
Asparagus, per doz	1 35

POP CORN.

Choice, per lb	4
Rice corn, shelled	6

CIDER.

Common juice, half bbl	2 50
Fruit juice	5 00
Duffy cider	3 50

DRESSED POULTRY.

Spring chickens	16
Hens	16
Ducks	16
Turkeys	20
Geese	13

MEATS.

Beef	6½@	9½
Mutton	9	
Lard	7½	
Pork loins	10½	
Veal	6½	

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, May 11.—Butter steady; creameries, 26@24c; dairies, 18@22c. Eggs easy; at mark, cases included, 14½c. Cheese steady; daisies, 13½@14c; twins, 13¼@14c; Young Americas, 13½@14c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, May 11.—Butter steady; receipts 5,518; street price extra creamery, 26@27c. Official prices unchanged. Cheese unchanged; receipts 2,456. Eggs steady; receipts 21,938. State, Pennsylvania and nearby mixed extra, 19c; southerns, 13@14c.

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C. & A.	97	.....	Black Rock	36	
C. & P.	28½	.....	Crooked River	36	
L. S. & P.	35½	.....	LaLuz, Mex	22½	
P. & D. $8 pd	17½	18¼	Little Jacker	15	
P. & D. full pd	19½	20¼	Metropolitan	30	
June, $1 pd	....	8½	Ophir Tunnel	25	
Mann, $1 pd	....	8½	Parry Sound	6¼	
B. Mt. $3 pd	....	$3.15	Shakespeare	2½	
Denn-Ariz	....	$6.50	Zenith Tel. Co.	$35	

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CONNECTICUT SETS New Lead For Controlling Tax Lodgers.

Stamford, Conn., May 11.—The supreme court of errors of Connecticut has just made an important decision, which operates against tax dodgers in other states. The decision affirms the decree of the Stamford probate court, fixing the amount of inheritance due the state on the estate of Mary Frances Hopkins, wife of Col. Woolsey R. Hopkins of New York. Practically all of Mrs. Hopkins' personal estate, about $800,000, was in New York when she died. She was a resident here for several years. The executors of her will ignored the Stamford probate court, and the estate was settled in New York. Justice Taylor of the Stamford probate court fixed the inheritance tax on all of Mrs. Hopkins' personal estate. Then the executors appealed to the supreme court. Under the decision they must pay both Connecticut and New York an inheritance tax.

BIG ROW IN CHURCH.

Vincennes, Ind., May 11.—Freelandsville has a church row of serious proportions between the Rev. William Schultz and his congregation of two hundred families, members of the German Evangelical church. The pastor and his family have fled. At a church triel to be held here the pastor will be accused of being untruthful, that he swindled some members at horse trading, and that he has decamped with church books and funds.

ADVANCE MADE

By the Stock Market After a Weak Opening.

Northern Securities and Northern Pacific Were Strong Features.

New York, May 11.—First prices made small changes from last night which were quite evenly divided between gains and losses. Business was on a very light while Southern Pacific, Northern Pacific, 1⅛ was the conspicuously weak stock, while Southern Pcific, Northern Pacific, and Twin City Rapid Transit made large fractional gains.

Prices tended uniformly upward after the dealings were under way. Reading, New York Central and Union Pacific manifested some strength. Southern Pacific was the feature its rise of 1⅛ having much to do with the improvement in the railroad list. Toward 11 o'clock the market was firm.

Pittsburg coal stocks, which was dealt in on the floor for the first time, took an upward course, the common touching 19 and the preferred 76, compared with their previous prices on other exchanges of 17¾ and 75⅜ asked, respectively. The level of the market was almost immovable. Bonds were steady at noon.

General interest in the market diminished as the day progressed and the intervals expanded between transactions. Tennessee Coal made up all and Metropolitan Street Railway ran off their forenoon declines. Minneapolis, St. Paul & Soo, and Rubber Goods yielded 1, while Union Pacific and New York Central sold as much higher.

A buoyant outburst in the stocks connected with the Northern Securities company strengthened the market, but the speculative interest was of meagre proportions outside of the leaders. Great Northern preferred jumped 1½, and Northern Pacific 6⅛.

The response to the Northern Securities movement resulted in gains of 1 to 2 in the general active list. Twin City Rapid Transit rose 3⅜ on its new stock subscription privilege. American Express recovered a 5 point loss. Westinghouse Electric declined 1½. Northwestern 1¾, and Consolidate Gas 4½. Great Northern preferred extended its rise to 13. Union Pacific to 3⅜. Illinois Central to 3½. The United States Steel stocks and Copper were carried up in the neighborhood of a point late in the day. The closing was strong.

Quotations furnished by Edwards-Wood Co., room A, Torrey building.

Stocks—	High	Low	Close
Atchison pfd	102	102	102
do common	84⅜	83	84⅜
Smelter common	115¼	114⅜	115¼
Amalgamated Copper	83⅛	80⅝	81⅞
B. & O. Ry.	107	106⅞	107
B. R. T.	60½	59⅛	60½
Can. Pac. Ry.	148½	147	148½
C. & O.	49¼	48⅝	49¼
C. F. I.	46⅜	45¼	46
C. G. W. common	20	19⅜	20
Erie 1st pfd	78⅝	78½	78½
Erie common	42⅝	42	42½
Illinois Central	162	158¼	162
L. & N.	146⅝	143¾	145⅞
Mexican Central	21¾	20¾	21⅛
Metropolitan Ry.	116	114	115¼
Missouri Pacific	96¾	95⅝	96½
Manhattan	164⅛	164	164
Norfolk & Western	78⅜	76¾	77⅜
N. Y. C.	143⅜	142¼	143⅜
O. & W.	49	47½	49
People's Gas	103	101¾	103
Pacific Mail	36¼	35½	36
Penn. Ry.	135½	134⅝	135½
Rock Island common	28¾	27⅝	28⅛
Rock Island, pfd	73	72¾	73
Reading, com	93½	91⅝	93½
R. I. & S., pfd	74	73	73¼
R. I. & S., com	18¼	18	18⅜
Rubber, com	41	39¾	41
St. Paul	172¾	170½	172¾
Sugar	136½	134⅛	135½
So. Railway, com	30⅝	30	30⅝
So. Pacific	63⅜	61	62⅜
Soo, com	115⅞	114	115⅞
T. C. & I.	83	79¾	82⅜
Texas Pacific	32	31½	32
U. S. Steel, pfd	98¾	97⅜	98¾
U. S. Steel, com	31⅛	29⅞	31⅛
Union Pac., com	122⅜	119¾	122⅛
Wis. Cent., com	20½	20⅛	20½
Wis. Cent., pfd	47¾	47	47⅜
W. U.	93½	93¼	93½
Wab., com	19⅝	19	19½
Wab., pfd	40½	40	40⅜
Twin City R. T.	115	112	115
D. S. S. & A., com	13	13	13
Northern Pacific	192	186	192

The total sales were 635,800 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market is closing strong and sharply higher in spots. The improvement in prices came in the last two hours of the session. At the opening of the market prices were generally lower and gave no indications of the bullish turn that later took place. Much of the improvement can be attributed to the strength in Northern Securities and Northern Pacific. That other things are to come out of the merger decision is generally expected by the trade, with information being quite general to buy Northern Pacific for much higher prices. The action of the market today suggests at least a temporary turn or change of mind by the professional element in New York. The closing was strong, active and buoyant, and the list acts as if higher prices are still to come.

* * *

John Parr in Chicago Journal: This correspondence has been conservatively bullish for some time past on Amalgamated Copper. The prediction is made on the very best authority that anybody could want that the stock will sell at par before the end of the year, and that the dividend rate will be increased to at least 5 per cent at the next period. The people who are responsible for the Amalgamated Copper promotion have manifested recently a desire to put themselves right before the public, and nothing but a return of Amalgamated Copper stock to the level on which it was distributed to the public would take the stench out of it. I expect that we shall see a very profitable bull campaign in Amalgamated Copper during the next sixty days.

The speculative position of Union Pacific, which is the pivotal stock of the whole market, has been greatly strengthened. On this decline Kuhn, Loeb & Co., who were heavy sellers above 130, have been the heaviest buyers, through brokers, below 129, and the floating supply of the stock is probably only about one-half as large as it was when nearly the whole strength of the bull speculation converged upon this one issue.

* * *

John W. Gates, New York: I came back from the West two weeks ago inclined to be bearish on the situation. I have spent two weeks looking over and checking up the condition of the large commission houses in this city. I find the average commission house has from 10 to 40 per cent of its usual line of securities, which means that from 60 to 90 per cent of the customers have sold their securities either at a profit or a loss. Query? Who owns these securities at the present time? The wealthiest men in America and the large financial institutions in this city. My opinion is, therefore, that good stocks are going higher and I think the leaders will support Union Pacific, Southern Pacific, St. Paul, Louisville & Nashville, Illinois Central, Copper and Steel preferred. Purchases at the present level of these stocks will show a handsome profit within the next few weeks in my opinion.

* * *

Walker Bros. to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market today opened quiet with rather a weak tone, and there was considerable selling of Steel common and the tractions. There was no special news of any importance, and while the better prices induced a more cheerful view among commission houses, their buying was not extensive. The market closed strong at the best prices.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 328 West Superior street:

	Bid.	Asked.
Amalgamated	82	82¼
Adventure	3½	3¾
Atlantic	12½	13
Allouez	19½	20
Arcadian	1	1¼
Elm River	2	2¼
Bingham	31¼	32
Copper Range	71¼	71½
Centennial	18¾	19
Calumet and Hecla	642	645
Calumet and Arizona	98½	100
Calumet and Pittsburg	25½	.....
Lake Sup. and Pittsburg	35	37
Isle Royale	20½	21½
Mass	7⅞	8
Michigan	11½	12
Mohawk	48¾	49¼
Mayflower	75c	$1.00
Mercur Con	70c	75c
National	1	1½
Old Colony	1	1½
Old Dominion	23½	24½
Osceola	92	93
Parrott	23½	24½
Quincy	95	100
Rhode Island	1½	2
Santa Fe	1½	1¾
Franklin	8	8½
Tecumseh	2	2½
Tamarack	115	120
Shannon	7¾	8
Trinity	8	8½
Utah	42⅝	43
United States Mining	30¾	31
Victoria	.....	3½
Wolverine	107	108
Wyandot	1⅜	1⅝
Winona	10	10½
Daly West	12¾	13½
Greene Cons	26	26⅜
United Copper	25	25½
Pitts. and Dul., full pd	.....	20
Pitts. and Dul, $8 pd	.....	18
Union Land	3	3½
Junction	66	.....
Black Mountain	.....	$3.15
Chis. Dev	.....	40
North Butte	24¾	.....
Granby	5½	5⅝

COPPER GOSSIP.

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market today opened slow, with prices unchanged, but as the day went on stocks grew stronger all through the list and closed active and top. Reports of large sales of copper helped strengthen the market and few buying orders that appeared found almost no stock offered. Centennial jumped from 18 to 19 on the sale of 100 shares and Osceola being 91¾ bid offered at 93 and Mohawk 48¾ bid offered at 50. Old Dominion made a record output for April and the stock ought to sell higher. United Copper continued its rise with close at 25½.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, May 11.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, shows: Available cash balance, $132,139,072; gold, $61,724,851; silver, $24,989,013.

NEW ORK MONEY.

New York, May 11.—Money on call easy, 2@2½, lowest 2; closing bid, 2; offered at 2¼. Time money easy and dull; 60 days and 90 days, 3¼; six months, 3½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 3¾@4¼ per cent. Sterling exchange steady with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.86.80 for demand and at $4.84.60@4.84.65 for 60 days; posted rates, $4.85½ and $4.87½; commercial bills, $4.84@¾. Bar silver, 57¼c; Mexican dollars, 44¼c. Government bonds steady; rilroad bonds steady.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, May 11.—The cotton market opened easy at a decline of 3@7 points under liquidation and bear pressure encouraged by disappointing cables and a generally favorable weather map. Bull leaders seemed to be supporting the market on the decline, however, and prices gradually worked back to about last night's finals with May selling 3 points net higher. Trading was light at the recovery and was chiefly for local accounts.

Cotton spot closed quiet; mid ups, 8.15; do gulf, 8.40. Sales, 2,000 bales. Futures closed steady; May, 7.70; June, 7.56; July, 7.64; August, 7.65; September, 7.69; October, 7.75; November, 7.77; December, 7.81; January, 7.85; February, 7.86; March, 7.91.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, May 11.—Cattle—Receipts 8,500; market slow. Good to prime steers, $5.50@6.85; exclusive of the 1,500 gold receivers and feeders, $2.75@5; cows, $4@5.35; heifers, $3@5.50; canners, $1.50@2.40; bulls, $2.50@4.75; calves, $3@6.25. Hogs—Receipts 18,000, tomorrow 15,000; 5@10c higher. Mixed and butchers, $5.40@5.60; good to choice heavy, $5.45@5.65; rough heavy, $5.25@5.45; light, $5.35@5.60; bulk of sales, $5.40@5.60. Sheep—Receipts 15,000; sheep and lambs strong. Good to choice wethers, shorn, $4.00@5.25; fair to choice mixed, shorn, $3@4.25; western sheep, shorn, $4@5.25; native lambs, shorn, $4@6.40; western lambs, $5.75@7.20.

ONE MAN BUYS WHOLE VILLAGE

Deserted Dobbinsville In Delaware May Again Be Peopled.

Newcastle, Del., May 11.—The whole village of Dobbinsville, a settlement of ninety houses on the outskirts of Newcastle, Del., has been purchased by George Nebeker, a real estate dealer of 816 Columbia avenue, Philadelphia.

This village belonged to the estate of Richard J. Dobbins, and was built some seven or eight years ago to accommodate the workmen of the Thomas Tasker Iron works, which were moved to Dobbinsville. Shortly after their removal there the iron works passed under the control of the United States Steel corporation, which promptly closed them up.

Since that time Dobbinsville has been virtually a "deserted village." Only four or five families continued to live there. The houses, which are all of brick, and assessed at $600 each, are much in need of repairs.

Mr. Nebeker refuses to disclose the price he paid for Dobbinsville, but in it is included unpaid city and county taxes aggregating almost $95,000. The houses will become profitable in the near future, as an iron foundry is to be established at Dobbinsville by Reading, Pa., capitalists.

TWO ARRESTED

Charged With Complicity In Robbing the Equitable.

New York, May 11.—Emil H. Neumir, a clerk employed by the Equitable Life Assurance society, and Thomas Lobly, Jr., who lives in this city, have been arrested, charged with complicity with Samuel Lobly who was taken into custody at Sprantueville, Pa., a few days ago, charged with fraudulently obtaining a $27,000 loan on a policy, which is alleged to have been stolen from the society's vaults.

SMALL TORNADO AT STREETER.

Peoria, May 11.—A special from Streeter, Ill., to the Journal says that a tornado struck there shortly after 10 o'clock today tearing down trees and barns and badly damaging the factory of the Streeter Window Glass company. No one was injured.

Marine.

NO WORD AS YET

From Rend or Wrecker Working on Her at Manitou.

Freight Steamers Will Not Carry Passengers This Year.

It is very likely that the wrecking tug Favorite is having a rather hard time of it with the W. P. Rend, which is ashore at Manitou island. The Favorite went into Marquette Tuesday for coal and supplies and reported that in case the weather did not become stormy, there was hope that the Rend might be pulled off. It is not yet known whether or not the weather has been as havy in that vicinity as around the Head of the Lakes, but if it has been anything like it, the Rend will have a hard time of it.

Since Tuesday nothing has been heard from the Favorite or the Rend and it is believed that the wrecker is having the time of its career with th hoodoo ship.

NO FREE RIDES.

Freight Steamers Cannot Carry Passengers Now.

Very few passengers will get free rides down the lakes this year on freight boats. It has been the custom for years for freight boats to take the friends of captains or owners for a round trip on the lakes. The effect of the Slocum disaster, however, will be almost prohibitory of this hereafter for more rigid rules regarding life-boats, life-preservers, etc., on all boats carrying passengers, have been made by the United States authorities.

Owners of freight steamers, while willing to be generous in the way of free rides, do not feel like going to the expense of adding life-saving equipment to their freight steamers in order to extend their generosity to friends. So the freight steamer passenger is up against it.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, May 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: D. C. Whitney, Kirby, Hartnell, 10 Wednesday night; George King, Tecumseh, Gawn, Centurion, 11; Schayck, Mars, Antrim, midnight; Vulcan, Vinland, 1 Thursday morning; Matoa, Zenith City, Pringle, Sweetheart, Unadilla, Burton, 4:30; Packard, Rennsalaer, 5:30; Maunaloa, Mayham, 6; Milwaukee, Corsus, 8; Neshoto, 8:30; J. B. Ketcham, 10; Princeton, 11. Down: Saunders, 8:30; Presque Isle, 9; Miller, 10; Hart, Lambert, 10:40; Runnels, Mitzter, 11; Kaliyuga, 11 Wednesday night; Sonora, midnight; Yosem

ADDITIONAL WANTS.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

YOUNG LADY STENOGRAPHER, WITH three years' experience, would like position. Highest reference furnished. Address A. X., Herald.

EXPERIENCED LADY STENOGRAPHER would like a position. Can give references. C 75, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS WORK BY THE DAY. Call or address E. L., 412 South Lake avenue.

FIRST-CLASS COOKING. 703 Railroad street.

WANTED—WASHING OR CLEANING. 20 First avenue west. Mrs. Jones. Zenith 1218-D.

WANTED—POSITION BY YOUNG LADY stenographer. Has had experience in bookkeeping. B. K. M. Herald.

WANTED—BY YOUNG GIRL, A PLACE to board and room; private family; will help mornings and evenings. Address C 73, Herald.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

WANTED A POSITION AS MANAGER by a pharmist of twenty years experience. Registered in Minnesota and Wisconsin. For further information write to apply to D. Shesgreen, Jr., 2002 West Superior street.

WANTED — POSITION BY EXPERIenced bookkeeper and stenographer, with best of city and other references. A 7, Herald.

WANTED — POSITION BY YOUNG man in gents' furnishing or retail shoe house. Experienced; references. C 64, Herald.

A BRIGHT, ACTIVE BOY, 16 YEARS OF age, would like to get a position with some railroad company; can furnish good references. O 32, Herald.

EMPLOYERS FURNISHED WITH competent male help free. Apply Employment department, Y. M. C. A. Both phones, 890.

ACCOUNTS AUDITED BY THOROUGH accountant. All business confidential. Address H. 11., care Herald.

FARM LANDS.

FOR SALE—THE PERRAULT FARM, three miles north of Lester Park; 80 acres or smaller tracts—cultivated land—suitable buildings, running water. Call 213 Torrey building.

FOR SALE — 80-ACRE IMPROVED farm at Missabe Station, D. & I. R., all cleared. House, store, barn and outbuildings; thirty tons of hay and a large amount of vegetables and other crops raised last year. William C. Sargent & Co., 106 Providence bldg.

FARM LANDS AND FARM LOANS. John Q. A. Crosby, 209 Palladio Bldg.

FOR RENT—STORES.

AN OLD ESTABLISHED GROCERY store for rent, with living rooms in rear; $15.00. 1218 East Fourth. Apply 15 Second avenue west.

FOR RENT—STORE AT 32 EAST SECond street. Rooms at 15 Lake avenue north. Inquire M. Norris, 112 East Third street.

FOR RENT — STRICTLY MODERN stores on First street, near Wolvin building, ready to occupy June 1st, $35 per month, including heat and water. 205 Lyceum.

FOR RENT — STORE, CORNER FIRST street and Fifth avenue west. Inquire Hotel McKay office.

FURNITURE MOVING.

PIANOS A SPECIALTY. NEW PHONE 1222, or Duluth Music Co. W. Flett.

DYE WORKS.

ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS—PRACTical dyers and French dry cleaners. We make a specialty of pantorium work. 6 East Superior street. Both 'phones.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—BELT TO GRAY TOURIST COAT between Bijou theater and Third avenue west. Return to Herald office for reward.

LOST — LADIES' GREY LEATHER bag, initial "T," containing eleven tickets and $5 cash. Reward for return of tickets to Room 8 over Big Duluth.

LOST—WATCH WITH PIN ATTACHED. Return to 316 East Second, for reward.

LOST—BLACK PURSE, CONTAINING over $1.00, a pass to Two Harbors and cards for Mrs. A. E. Breed. Leave at Herald office.

STRAYED OR STOLEN ON EASTER Sunday, one sorrel horse, age 8 years; mane cut; white hind feet, and dark brown horse, 12 years old. Liberal reward. Notify Sparta Livery, Sparta, Minn.

PERSONAL.

PURE, SAFE AND SURE!

Dr. Roger's Tansy, Pennyroyal and Cotton Root Pills, a test of forty years in France has proved them to *positively* cure SUPPRESSION OF THE MENSES. Special Price reduced to $1.00 per box. Mailed in plain wrapper. Imported direct from Paris, France, by W. A. ABBETT, Druggist, Duluth, Minn., 201 West Superior street.

WIDOWER WOULD LIKE TO MEET lady matrimonially inclined; age 38 to 43; German preferred; others not barred. M. M. Herald.

WILL ED. FROST, WHO LOGGED AT Alborn, Minn., in the winter of 1903 and 1904, or any one knowing his address, write to H., Herald.

PERSONAL — WILL THE PARTIES who are dissatisfied with their meals try the Boston cafe, 7 East Superior street. The best at popular prices, with clean, quick service.

SAFE! SURE! GUARANTEED FEMALE Pens; quickly relieve suppression from any cause, $2. French Remedy Co., box 367, Duluth, Minn.

NOTICE.

THE RING-ROSE CLEANING ESTABlishment has opened a branch at 18 Third avenue west, under Northern Electric Co. We do cleaning, dyeing and repairing. Moderate prices.

PAINTING, PAPERHANGING.

C. GILL, PAINTER AND PAPERhanger, 527 West Michigan street. Zenith 'phone 1518-X. Call and see him.

CIVIL ENGINEERS.

DULUTH ENGINEERING CO.—W. B. Patton, Mgr., 613 Paladio bldg. Specifications prepared and construction superintended for waterworks, sewers, etc.

CANCERS AND TUMORS.

All stomach and blood diseases cured by Herbaqueen remedies. Dr. Finsen's Ray. Herbaqueen Mfg. Co., 14 West Sup. St.

CHINA FIRING.

INMAN STUDIO. 114 So. 14th Ave. E.

BUSINESS MEN—NOTICE!

IF YOU ARE THINKING OF MAKING an auction sale, write me. Harry Silver, Auctioneer. Eveleth, Minn. Box 866.

ASHES AND GARBAGE.

ASHES AND GARBAGE REMOVED. Telephone 570-Y, Zenith.

BY LOAD OR MONTH. 48 both phones.

UPHOLSTERY.

C. F. FORSELL, PRACTICAL UPHOLsterer. Shop 338 E. Sup. St. Zenith, 949.

CHAIR CANING AND GENERAL REpairing. Goods called for and delivered. J. Underwood, new phone 1703.

DANGER!

If you realized for how long a time you could protect your property against loss by Tornado, Cyclone or Windstorm for a very small amount of money, you would insure at once with

MANLEY-McLENNAN AGENCY,

General Insurance and Surety Bonds,
Torrey Bldg., First Floor.

You want the best: we furnish it—See us for rates.

$2100 Eight large rooms and corner lot, 50x140 feet, fine location east, central. THIS IS A BARGAIN.

$3000 Corner lot, all improvements made. Store on first floor, rooms on second floor, water, sewer, toilet up and down stairs. Rents $32 per month. WEST END.

$950 Six large rooms, lot 35x100 feet, good well and outhouses, hardwood floors. Central at West end. $200 cash, balance on time.

$1275 Seven rooms, large lot, hot water heat. Easy terms. Central at WEST END.

$4000 New modern flat building of 10 rooms. Very central.

$2200 Farm 150 acres, horses, cattle, poultry, farm utensils and furniture, beautiful lake on south side, 40 acres cultivated, good road, near Duluth.

T. G. VAUGHAN,
400 Lonsdale Bldg. Phone 789.

$625 Comfortable house, six rooms, easy terms, Duluth Heights.

$800 Fourth avenue west and Fourth street, 28x20 feet of ground. Splendid central location for house or flats.

$1050 Lot on Fourth street between Eighth and Ninth avenues east.

$1500 Seven-room house, stone foundation, cement cellar. Cost $1,700; on East Eighth street.

$2400 Seven-room house, Nineteenth avenue east, near London road—stone foundation, hardwood floors, water, sewer, etc. A fine home on easy terms.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.,
Real Estate—Mortgage Loans—Insurance.
220 West Superior Street.

$5500 For choice corner lot and residence down town, within walking distance.

$800 for desirable lot on Fifth street, this side of Normal school. $900 for fine lot on Jefferson street.

COOLEY & UNDERHILL Exchange Building.

$3500 Will buy a seven-room house with modern bath room; located in the Normal school district on a street with all improvements made and paid for. House is finished in hardwood down stairs, has hardwood floors throughout, a concrete foundation, and is in the best of condition. Size of lot 9x146.

WHITNEY WALL,
REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE.
Main Floor Palladio Building.

$10,000
TO LOAN
On real estate at the lowest rates.
PULFORD, HOW & CO.
309 Exchange Bldg.

First Street
50-foot lot close to Lake Ave.,
$10,000
For a few days only.
BEST BARGAIN IN THE CITY.
R.B. Knox & Co
1 Exchange Bldg.

WE MAKE
REAL ESTATE LOANS
THAT MAKE
SATISFIED CUSTOMERS.
It will pay you to investigate our methods before borrowing.
R. M. NEWPORT 302 Lonsdale Bldg. F. I. Salter, Agent

LANDS

Duluth and Superior consume $7,000,000 worth of farm produce annually. All of it is shipped in from a distance.

If the Southern Wisconsin, Minnesota and Iowa farmer can sell us his produce so as to allow the commission man at the other end a profit, the railroad that hauls the goods a profit, the commission man at this end a profit, the refrigerator car trust a profit, the man who delivers the goods a profit—AND STILL MAKE MONEY—how much money can you make raising a better class of produce and more of them to the acre, at the door of the consumer, when you can deliver the goods yourself?

But, in order to make eight times as much profit you need the best land—it is the cheapest. If you don't think we have it look the other fellow over and then come and see us.

No stone, sand, etc. $6.00 per acre up—$1.00 per acre down, balance to suit. You should buy your land before everybody finds out that the best land near Superior and Duluth is worth 300 per cent more than we are asking for it. 75,000 acres.

Ernest A. Arnold Land Co.,
SUPERIOR, WIS.

C. H. GRAVES & CO.

Profitable property doesn't always require a large amount of money to swing it—not if you get the right property.

There are some owners that need your money more than they do their property. That's where a little ready cash has the advantage. We've just such a chance for you. Others will see this—so don't wait.

First Floor, Torrey Building.

C. H. GRAVES & CO.

Lot on London Road, Lakeside

Very cheap. 100 x 300 feet, extending to lake side.

LARGE LIST OF LAKESIDE LOTS. CHOICE EAST END LOTS.

E. W. Markell,
306 Lonsdale Building.

For Sale

$1600
Will buy 40 feet on Second street, near Fifteenth avenue east.

$7500
Will buy 100x140 feet, corner Fourth street and Third avenue east. Rents $75 per month.

$1400
Will buy a new cottage, bath, gas, city water and sewer connections. Monthly payments.

5% Money to Loan 5%

JULIUS D. HOWARD & CO.,
Real Estate—Loans—Insurance.
216 West Superior Street.

SPECIAL OFFERINGS:

$1700 On Seventh street near Tenth avenue east. Seven-room house, water, sewer, gas, cellar, new post foundation. In good condition. Lot 25x140.

$4500 1021 East Second street. Eight-room house, water, bath. Lot has frontage of 75 feet on Second street and depth of 140 feet. Will sell lot separately, $1,100.

$1300 2315 West Tenth street. Two story frame house, big cellar. Good well, lot 50x125.

$1700 402 Fifty-eighth avenue west, eight rooms, water, sewer, electric lights, hardwood floors. Easy terms.

Send for booklet giving special offerings of houses and lots in all sections.

N. J. UPHAM CO.,
400 Burrows Building.

McComber Is Selling Out

5 lots, 50x150 feet on Fifth street, sewer and water. $1,000 each.

3 lots on Fifteenth avenue east, 50x150, sewer, gas, water and graded avenue. $1,200 each.

6 lots on Sixteenth avenue east, gas and water, 25x125 feet each. $500.

6 lots on Sixth street, 25x150 feet each, gas and water. $450 each.

3 lots on Sixth street, 50x150 feet, gas and water. $900 each.

3 lots on Seventeenth avenue east, 50x100 feet. $800 each.

2 lots, 75 feet on Grand avenue, 175 on Main street and 50 feet on Sixty-third avenue west, West Duluth. $500 each.

10 room house on Huron street, Twenty-seventh avenue west, street graded, sewer, water and gas. Rents $25 per month.

2 houses on Third street, modern, this property cost $6,300, rents $40 per month. Price $3,500.

1 lot on Michigan street, Twenty-seventh avenue west, $1,550.

Any of the above property will be sold on long time and easy payments. Call at 1531 East Fifth street or 1522 East Sixth street.

WE LEND MONEY!

Lowest rates, easy terms. We make all kinds of building loans, as you need the money. We issue BONDS and write

FIRE INSURANCE.

COOLEY & UNDERHILL
208 EXCHANGE BUILDING.

BUILDING LOANS!

WE LOAN MONEY for the construction of substantial buildings and dwellings.

TELL US WHAT YOU NEED. Reasonable terms, prompt service.

We loan for insurance and trust companies.

O. C. Hartman & Co.,
209-210-211 EXCHANGE BUILDING.

$250 each for five lots on Fifty-ninth avenue, West Duluth, near street car line.

$500 for a Grand avenue lot, north side, between Fifty-eighth and Fifty-ninth avenues.

$1500 for two Grand avenue lots, near Central.

$160 will buy eight lots in Superior View, East end. 25x125 each.

$2200 for lot 25x140 on West Third street, near Twentieth avenue, with two houses, 5 and 6 rooms, good condition, water and sewer available. Good home and one to rent.

$550 for lot on West Second street, near Seventeenth avenue. Water and sewer available. Size 55x55.

40 acres sw¼ of nw¼ section 2-50-15, for sale cheap. Is about six miles from Superior street. Make an offer.

D. W. SCOTT,
10 Mesaba Block.

9-Room House

Near Fourth avenue east and Fifth street, with stone foundation—furnace heat, water, sewer and bath. Price very reasonable.

See our list of East End houses before buying.

G. G. Dickerman & Co.
Phone 201. Alworth Building.

STOP RENTING.

The Athena Building Co. is now prepared to build you a house according to your own plans and will let you pay for it in monthly installments. Stop paying rent and apply this money on your own property.

S. S. WILLIAMSON, Manager,
615 Torrey Building.

Wm. Schupp
Insurance and Bonds.
Lonsdale Building, Ground Floor
Telephone No. 207.

$7000 Improved corner, 3 houses, excellent investment. East Third street.

$2100 50-foot lot on East Fifth street.

$700 50-foot corner near Third street and Twenty-ninth avenue west.

$1000 50-foot corner lot on East Superior street.

11½ Acres on Hermantown road. All cleared. Ready for gardening purposes.

A. H. W. ECKSTEIN
Real Estate, Insurance and Loans.
309 Exchange Building. Zenith Phone 338.

$5000 takes finest 150-foot corner on East Second street, in swellest district.

Make us an offer on 425 Ninth avenue East. We will sell this at a bargain.

A. C. VOLK & CO.

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis, ss.—

In Probate Court, Special Term, May 10th, 1905.

In the Matter of the Estate of Ole Vicken, deceased.

On hearing and filing the petition of Karen Vicken of the County of St. Louis, representing, among other things, that Ole Vicken, late of the County of St. Louis in the State of Minnesota, on the 13th day of September, A. D. 1895, at the County of St. Louis, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this County at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels, and estate within this County, and that the said petitioner is the widow of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to her granted;

It is Ordered, That said petition be heard before said Court on Monday, the 5th day of June A. D. 1905, at ten o'clock a. m., at the Probate office, in the Court House in the City of Duluth, in said County.

Ordered Further, That notice hereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth in said County.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, the 10th day of May, A. D. 1905.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, May 11-18-25.

U. S. Engineer Office, Duluth, Minn., April 13, 1905. Sealed proposals for furnishing and placing about 53,000 tons of riprap at Ashland, Wis., will be received here until noon, May 13, 1905, and then publicly opened. Information on application. Chas. L. Potter, Major, Engineers. Duluth Evening Herald—April 13-14-15-17, May 11-12.

SCORES OF LIVES LOST, MANY SEVERELY HURT.

(Continued from page 1.)

Mullen, J. T., Philadelphia, injured head.

Mason, J. B., Schuylkill Arsenal, injuries to body.

McCullough, B. W. H., Cleveland, back strained and possibly internal injuries.

Miller, George W., Pittsburg, cut and bruised.

Newcom, E. M., Pittsburg, lacerated scalp.

Peter, Anton, Cleveland, hands badly lacerated.

Perkins, C. T., Pittsburg, feet and hands burned.

Pollock, Rosie, Pittsburg, face lacerated and bruised.

Perhtucky, Solomon, New York, head and leg lacerated.

Rosenstock, C., New York, chest contused.

Ryan, J. J., Philadelphia, left side and chest injured.

Rose, R. L. J., Pullman porter, internal injuries.

Roman, J., New York, hand lacerated.

Stern, Samuel, Cleveland, back sprained and head lacerated.

Schumacher, A. H., Pittsburg, general contusions and burns on body.

Silverman, H., Chicago, fractured arm and leg.

Stow, Mrs. C. H., Brooklyn, N. Y., eye injured and cut.

Schmidt, H. J., New York, bruises and cuts.

Spitzelr, Henry, Wineberg, Pa., bruises on head and back.

Sterret, M. B., Chicago, hands and feet injured.

Stahley, Mrs. J. A., New York, cut on head.

Taylor, John, New York, legs burned and scalp cut.

West, Thomas W., Philadelphia, scalp cut and lip lacerated.

White, D. D., Philadelphia, scalp cut and abrasions.

Whiteley, W. G., Wilmington, Del., cuts on head and arms.

Lucia, Thomas, Altoona, Pa., head lacerated.

Yard, Mrs. H. C., Brooklyn, bruised. Her 10-months-old baby was uninjured.

Oliver, Robert, New York, arm injured and hearing destroyed.

Post, Arden, Elizabeth, N. J., burns on feet and head.

Watson, H. S., Clearfield, Pa., hands cut and lacerated.

Otsot, E. B., Chicago, cut and bruised.

CARICATURE SKETCH OF JOHN F. WALLACE.
John F. Wallace, Chief Engineer of the Panama Canal Commission.

Harman, B. L., Pittsburg, arm broken cut and bruised.

EARLY STORY
Of the Wreck Full of Harrowing Details.

Harrisburg, Pa., May 11.—Fifty persons were killed and 100 injured as the result of a train wreck last night, according to the best information obtainable.

An express train of the Pennsylvania railroad ran into a freight train, in which there were two cars loaded with dynamite, at 1:10 o'clock this morning, in South Harrisburg, near the plant of the Paxtang Light, Heat and Power company.

Three terrific explosions, that broke windows all over the city, followed, and the two trains were completely wrecked and took fire.

It is impossible to ascertain the exact number of fatalities, because the wreckage is still ablaze and unapproachable, in which many of the passengers and some members of the train crews are pinned. Many small explosions occurred continually.

When the first explosions occurred bodies were thrown clear out of the berths of the sleeping cars, many landing down the railroad embankment, and some even having been hurled into the Susquehanna river, which paralells the railroad in that locality.

All the physicians of the city procurable were summoned to work with the injured. A fire alarm was sounded and the firemen arrived to find themselves practically helpless on the work of rescuing. A police patrol wagon was commissioned as an ambulance. As many of the injured as possible were loaded into it on each trip and taken to the Harrisburg hospital, the capacity of which soon became taxed.

A special train was made up and brought the injured and dying to the Union station. Many of the injured were taken into private houses.

Immediately after the wreck all the passengers who could do so ran from the scenes of horror to safety from the incessant small explosions. The agonizing cries of the unfortunates were heartrending. The office of the Paxtang Light, Heat and Power company looked like a hospital.

At an early hour the Harrisburg Traction company ran out a number of cars from its South Harrisburg barns and used them to bring the injured to the hospital.

With practically no clothing on, women and children from the train were compelled to wander about the fields, as there are few houses in the immediate vicinity of the wreck.

The train was the second section of No. 19. There were 169 passengers in the train, and the latest estimate is that fifty were killed. The hospital is crowded to the doors and the hotels are being opened for the care of the injured. It may be necessary for the authorities to seize one of the hotels and turn it into a temporary hospital. Train No. 19, which was wrecked, was westbound, and is known as the Cleveland and Cincinnati express. It left Philadelphia at 11:50 p. m. and was due at Harrisburg at 1:30 a. m.

The wreck was caused by a smaller wreck to the freight train, which was eastbound. Passing the plant of the Paxtang Electric company, near Cedar street, an air hose burst, and several cars in the middle of the train buckled up and fell across the passenger tracks at the side.

Almost at the same moment the express train, with ten coaches, dashed along and plunged into the wrecked freight cars. The boiler of the passenger locomotive blew up and the concussion caused the immediate explosion of the two cars of dynamite in the freight train.

The force of the collision crushed all of the passenger cars, which piled up in a huge mass with those of the freight. Instantly the two trains were masses of flames. With the crash the passengers, all of whom were asleep in their berths, were hurled in all directions. All who were not pinned in the debris or totally incapacitated, ran away from the perfect volcano, intermingled with small explosions. It was impossible at the time for those who escaped uninjured to reach the imprisoned passengers. As soon as some of the dead and injured were reached, they were laid in long rows along the tracks. Many were carried into the offices and even into the working rooms of the Paxtang plant and other manufacturing establishments. There are few private dwellings near the scene of the disaster, which is in the industrial district. The Paxtang plant was transformed into an emergency hospital, where everything was done for the mangled and dying while waiting for conveyances to take them to the Harrisburg hospital. A police patrol wagon was among the first conveyances to arrive on the scene. Into it were packed as many wounded as possible. Until long after daylight its horses were driven at break-neck speed to and from the hospital. Special trains were made up by the Pennsylvania Railroad company and conveyed the injured to the Union station, whence they were taken to the hospital and other places.

At the hospital every available bed was soon filled. Shortly afterward the throng of the injured was so great that all who were able to walk were compelled to give their cots to the more seriously injured and the corridors were filled with injured waiting their turn for treatment.

Every physician or surgeon available in the city was called up by telephone and immediately tendered his services in the task of caring for and dressing the wounds of the mangled. Trained nurses volunteered their services and all who had any knowledge of first aid to the injured proved of incalculable service. As fast as the injured who were able to be removed from the hospital had received attention, they were sent away. They were taken to hotels and private houses, whose occupants, in a great many cases, threw open their doors to the distressed.

Pathos indescribable characterized the scenes about wreck. Husbands separated from wives and little children bereft of their parents sought their friends among the dead and dying.

Sometimes they found their loved ones among the slightly injured or even among those unscathed, but many were found among the bodies in the temporary morgue at the Paxtang plant. In many instances they failed to find them at all, either because the bodies were still buried in the smoking debris or were so badly burned as to be unrecognizable.

Among the pasengers were many of prominence. Mr. and Mrs. Tindell, the latter a daughter of Senator Knox, were among those reported injured at an early hour this morning.

Mrs. Albert J. Barr and two daughters, the family of the editor of the Pittsburg Post, were among those slightly injured and were taken to the Harrisburg hospital.

Early this morning persons who escaped from the wreck began flocking to the newspaper offices to ask that it be published that they escaped injury, so that their friends might be relieved of anxiety. Among these was Charles Stanglon, supreme chief of the Brotherhood of Car Inspectors, Car Builders and Railroad Mechanics of America. His home is in Baltimore.

Samuel Shubert of New York, manager of the Lyric theater, jumped out of his berth and ran out of the train just in time to escape being burned to death. He was taken to the Commonwealth hotel.

At 4:30 o'clock this morning the first two bodies of those that were pinned in the wreck were recovered. They were so badly charred that they could not be recognized but it is believed that they were women.

While the fire was still raging fiercely the burning bodies of the dead could be seen still lying in the berths. At 4:45 o'clock this morning it was authoritatively ascertained that the entire passenger train of nine cars and the engine were destroyed. Nine freight cars were also destroyed and three others derailed and wrecked.

The passenger train, of which not a valuable square foot was left, had consisted of one locomotive—torn to pieces when the explosion occurred, six Pullman sleepers, two baggage cars, one mail coach and one engine tender.

The first explosion heard was that of the boiler of the passenger locomotive. This was followed by a most terrific noise when the dynamite car went up. The car was No. 71,383 of the Erie railroad and had a cargo of 5,000 pounds of dynamite.

The Harrisburg police force almost to a man was at the scene of horror and they were largely responsible for the prevention of the work of the ghouls. Even the day officers turned out in uniform and assisted with the work.

Col. Joseph B. Hutchison, chief of police, was on hand early and directed the work of his men. They carried injured from the temporary hospitals to the relief trains and were of inestimable assistance in a great many ways.

Steelton citizens lent their aid in the work and a number of their fire companies were early on the scene going valiantly to the aid of the Harisburg firemen.

The first special train brought sixty-six injured to the hospital and twenty on the second. Delivery wagons, auotmobiles and a Steelton fire engine brought between twenty and thirty to the hospital, and the city patrol wagon eleven. Twenty more were brought on trolley cars and were carried a block to the institution on stretchers. The stretchers ran out and shutters were torn off houses and utilized to carry the injured.

After those whose injuries would permit it had been sent away from the hospital there were fully 100 left.

At 5 o'clock this morning most of these had been put in wards. It is believed that of these fifteen are fatally injured.

Many of Harrisburg's wealthy citizens sent their equippages to carry the bleeding injured and sent great quantities of cotton and linen bandages. Some who resided near the hospital sent their best table linen. Hundreds of people less able rendered just as acceptable service.

The rescuing parties took eight bodies from the debris between 5:15 and 5:30 o'clock. The corpses were so badly charred that it was impossible to tell whether they were those of men or women.

When a special train arrived by way of the Cumberland Valley railroad tracks, which run to the side of the hospital, A. Zirino and his wife, Italians from New York, hobbled into the building crying loudly for their lost child, who it is believed was killed in the wreck. Both were burned and cut about the face and hands, but cried only for their child while the nurses and physicians were dressing their painful wounds.

Many injured persons who had waited for some time their turn to receive treatment, when they saw persons in worse plights than theirs, resigned their places and went out into the corridor again.

A Pittsburg man named Williams, who had bound up his own injuries, which consisted of burns of both hands and feet, left the dispensary for the others, and while standing in the hall fainted from exhaustion.

At 6 o'clock this morning it was reported that the total number of dead recovered was twenty-two.

Mr. and Mrs. Tindell were on their way to Pittsburg from New York. After the cresh they hurriedly left the car in which they were sleeping and walked along the Pennsylvania railroad tracks to the home of the family of Mr. McNaughton at Steelton. Mr. Tindell telephoned to Governor Pennypacker their condition and the governor immediately sent for private Secretary Wharton and directed that he take care of them. Mr. E. Wharton took a cab to Steelton and brought the Tindells to the executive mansion, where there were cared for by a physician. A reporter at the wreck found on the coat of a dead man, who was so badly burned that his features were obliterated, a Masonic emblem, bearing the following inscription.

"Past Master Jacob F. Silverman, presented December 21, by Shekinah lodge." On the man's clothing was found the name of a tailoring firm in Bridgeton, N. J.

Among those who were not expected to recover at 6:30 o'clock, were: George Ziegler, Pittsburg, and Victor B. Crabbe, Pittsburg, a son-in-law of Dr. Humphrey, United tSates minister to Germany. Supt. W. B. McCaleb of the Philadelphia division of the Pennsylvania railroad, who was seen by a reporter at 6 o'clock this morning, said:

"I do not know how many are dead. We have not been able to identify positively any of the dead with the exception of Mrs. Robert Dougherty of Philadelphia."

Mrs. Dougherty's death was fraught with harrowing circumstances. Her corpse was the first to be recovered as she was hurried away from the debris instead of into it and her body was not burned.

On the train was her husband and their little boy, not yet in his teens. They hunted for a long time in the dark with terrible forebodings until they were horrified to find that the loved mother and wife was dead.

It has been stated that the express train was twelve minutes late leaving Middletown, nine miles east of this city, and that it was moving at great speed at the time the collision occurred.

The exact time the explosion occurred is believed to be 1:38 o'clock from the fact that the hands of the clock of the Paxtang electric plant, twenty yards from the explosion was stopped at that time.

At 6 o'clock this morning three corpses had been taken to the dead house near the union station. None of the bodies could be identified. Mrs. Dougherty's body was taken to an undertaking establishment.

At 6:15 four more bodies had been removed from the burned train. Two valises were found besides the four corpses. In one the name of "Samuel P. Brown, Germany," in the other was the name of Samuel Stern, 234 Broadway, Cleveland. A man by the name of Samuel Stern was among those not seriously injured who were sent to the hospital.

TERRIBLE CRASH
Was the First Intimation of the Wreck.

Harrisburg, Pa., May 11.—"The first intimation I had of the wreck," said John B. Reynolds of Pittsburg, a newspaper man who was going home from New York, and escaped with slight injuries, "was when I heard an awful crash and was thrown out into the aisle of the car. I was dazed for a little time and only reaolized my position and what had happened when I felt a woman grabbing me and screaming "For God's sake help me." I pushed her out of the window and a fellow passenger handed out a child which belonged to her. He then left the train and called to me to jump through the window. Just then there was a terrific explosion. As I dropped to the ground a missile struck and knocked me down. I don't know how long I lay there, but when I recovered my senses, I crawled across the tracks under a freight train and rolled down the embankment on the other side. I was in my night clothes and all my other clothing and belongings were lost.

"I never want to witness such a sight as that which followed the collision. Women were sreaming, children were crying, and strong men were wandering about dazed and helpless. The tracks were strewn in all directions with half naked men and women, some of whom were dead and others seriously injured. "In this same train was Sam Shubert, the well known theatrical man and Abe Thalheimer, one of Mr. Schubert's agents. They were accompanied by Samuel Kline, a New York lawyer, and were on their way to Pittsburg to close a deal for the lease of a theater. Mr. Schubert was slightly burned and was taken to a hotel with scarcely any clothing. Mr. Thalheimer was cut about the face and head. Mr. Kline is missing.

"The mill hands working near the scene of the accident were quick to respond to the cries of the injured, and carried some of them to their homes in that locality and fitted some of them out with shoes and clothing."

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MALTA-CERES
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USE
MAGIC PIANO POLISH.
Don't spoil your furniture for the sake of 25 cents, but use Magic Polish, which is the best. Used by practical people. C. O. KRISTENSEN, 336 East Superior street. Telephone, Old phone 1292-L.

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LAUNDRIES—		
Yale Laundry	479	479
Lutes' Laundry	447	447
DRUGGISTS—		
Boyce	163	163
COAL AND FUEL—		
Ohio Coal Co.	76	76
Finch Fuel Co.	1291	1291
Upham Coal Co.	256	485
FUNERAL DESIGNS—		
Victor Huot	633-R	1370
FLORISTS—		
Seekins & Le Borious	1356	1626
BAKERIES—		
The Bon Ton		1166
SEWING MACHINES—		
ELECTRICAL CONTRACTING—		
Mutual Electric Co.	496	496
RUBBER STAMP WORKS—		
Cons. Stamp & Prtg. Co	702-K	755
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La Rose Dye Works	633-K	1191
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Northwestern Dyeing & Cleaning Co.	285-M	1516

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE, 109 East Fifth street, $15 per month, with water. Inquire 504 Second avenue east.

FOR SALE—HOUSE, WOOD SHED, carpenter shop and two lots. House in good repair. Inquire L. D. La Barre, millwright, Scanlon mill, Scanlon, Minn.

FOR RENT — EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE, all modern conveniences; central, also four nice rooms, city water; quite central. Apply A. W. Eckstein, Real Estate, Fire Insurance and Loans. 306 Exchange building.

FOR RENT—FOUR-ROOM HOUSE AT 713 East Second street. Enquire Bloom & Co., 102 West First street.

FOR RENT—NINE-ROOM HOUSE, 529 West Second street. Inquire Stryker, Manley & Buck.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED COTTAGE, on Park Point. Inquire 616 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT — SEVEN-ROOM, BRICK dwelling, thoroughly modern; hot water heat, etc., East end. G. G. Dickerman & Co., Alworth building.

FOR RENT—SIX-ROOM HOUSE—MODern conveniences. Apply 814 East Third.

FOR RENT—COTTAGE ON BAY SIDE close to pavilion. Park Point. Old 'phone 1224-K.

FOR RENT — EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE, all modern conveniences, good location, $30 per month. C. H. Graves & Co., No. 102 Torrey bldg., Duluth, Minn.

FOR RENT — NINE-ROOM HOUSE IN Park Terrace. Water and heat, $50 per month. 205 Lyceum.

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THREE ROOMS, FURNISHED FOR housekeeping, 209 West Third street, $17. Inquire Hotel West.

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FOR UP-TO-DATE FLATS AND houses see W. W. Allen, West end.

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FOR RENT — SEVEN-ROOM FLAT, No. 625 12nd Third street; water and bath, $25.00 per month. Address 120 East Superior street.

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MARRIED OR ANY ONE— GONOVA IS A French mode of treatment for male and female, for the positive, sure and prompt cure of gonorrhea, gleet, unnatural discharges, inflammation, irritations and ulcerations of the mucous membranes. An internal remedy with injection combined, warranted to cure worst cases in one week. $3 per package or 2 for $5. Send your money to nearest druggist. He will deliver you the medicine at your residence, prepaid, in plain wrapper. Don't fool with cheaper or other remedies. Druggists supplied by jobbers.

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FOR SALE.
REAL ESTATE.
$250 will buy Park Point lots; $300 for better ones, I can build you a home. Come and see me.
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507 Burrows Building.

AN EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE NEAR Lincoln Park. In good repair. Complete plumbing, electric lights, No. 1 hardwood floors over entire house, with exception of one room. Lot 33 1 3x140 ft. All street improvements paid. Price $2,750. Enquire of S. Morterud, 1301 West Superior street, or at residence, 429 Twenty-sixth avenue west.

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Because: Offices are private.
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Money to Loan on Watches, Diamonds, Furs, Guns and all articles of value. We have two large fire and burglar proof safes. All business strictly confidential. The only up-to-date and reliable place in the city to transact your business. Give us a trial. Crescent Brokers, 413½ West Superior street.

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S. M. KANER HAS JUST ARRIVED with a carload of fresh milch cows—some full-blood Jerseys among them. 1219 East Seventh street. Zenith phone 1387.

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Cows—74th Ave. W., bay front. A Smith.

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PIANO BARGAINS THIS WEEK — right piano, $235; $425 new upright piano, Hadman square piano $48.00; $350 now up-$300; $600 new upright piano, $390. Above three new upright pianos have been shipped as samples to be closed at wholesale cost. Korby Piano Co., 201 East Superior street.

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TWO LAUNCH ENGINES, THREE AND four horse power, dirt cheap. Call or address cabin rear Camp Calumet, Twenty-first street. W. W. Nelson, Park Point.

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STEEL RANGE—GOOD CONDITION — cheap. Call mornings at 110 South Sixteenth avenue east.

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HARDWOOD TIMBER LANDS NEAR Duluth in tracts of 40 to 160 acres, for sale at prices so olw that the timber cut into cordwood will pay for the land and timber both. Easy terms. Guaranty Farm Land Co., 416 Lyceum.

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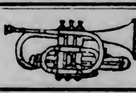
160 ACRE FARM FOR $1,000. HOUSE 17x20 with 10x12 addition. Barn 16x18 with hay loft. Another barn 20x23. 32-foot well of fine water. Only 40 rods from railroad. School half a mile. Nine miles from city limits on good road. There is over 2,000 cords of hardwood which alone is worth twice what is asked for the whole property. Title perfect. Easy terms. Guaranty Farm Land Co., 416 Lyceum.

IMPROVED FARMS OF 40 TO 160 acres in St. Louis, Carlton and Douglas counties for sale at low prices and on easy terms. Guaranty Farm Land Co., 416 Lyceum building.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. HENLEY—PRIVATE HOSPITAL for women. 304 St. Croix avenue.



MUSIC and musical merchandise every description, Edison Phonographs, band orchestra instruments, pianos and organs. INGVALD WESTGAARD, 7 and 9 First Avenue West.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

PARTNER WANTED WITH ABOUT $1,000 capital for first-class business. Apply 2023 West Superior street.

AT ONCE TO EXCHANGE A JEWEL gas range, almost new, for a wood and coal range. Flat 4, Miller block, Eighteenth avenue west and Superior street.

WANTED—TO BUY.

FIRST-CLASS CIGAR STORE OR stand for cash. Address C 72, Herald.

GOOD SECOND-HAND FARM WAGON. State condition and price. C 75 Herald.

WANTED AT ONCE — DELIVERY horse. Apply Beck's market, 230 West Second street.

WANTED TO BUY — LARGE SAFE and large double standing desk. Address B. C., Herald.

WANTED TO BUY — ONE DOUBLE flat-top office desk and chairs; must be in good condition. E. A. Lindgren, 430 West Superior street.

WANTED TO BUY—TEN-FOOT OAK counter; must be in good condition. E. A. Lindgren, 430 West Superior street.

HIGHEST CASH PRICES PAID FOR men's and women's clothing, Abe Winer, 802 West Superior street. Zenith 1640.

BOSTON HAIR PARLORS.

FACIAL BLEMISHES, HAIR MOLES, warts removed by electricity. Shampooing, manicuring, hair switches. Miss Kelly, opp. Glass block. Both 'phones.

MILLINERY.

UP-TO-DATE MILLINERY AT LOW prices. Miss Swenson, 106 West Superior street.

MISS FITZPATRICK, 502 E. 4. Old 'phone

M. A. COX, 330 EAST FOURTH STREET.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

BETTER 'TEND TO THAT SATURDAY HERALD WANT AD EARLY TOMORROW

If you haven't time to go to The Herald Office, why just

Tell It to 'Phone 324.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED room, steam heat; both gas and telephone; board if desired. 921 East First street.

FURNISHED ROOMS AT 117 WEST First street.

FURNISHED ROOMS, $1 TO $1.50 PER week. 21 Fifth avenue west.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED rooms; day, week or month; central location; rates reasonable. 207 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—A SUITE OF TWO ROOMS at 7 West Superior street, suitable for office purposes. C. P. Craig & Co.: 220 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—ONE LARGE FURNISHED or unfurnished room, 708 East First street.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOMS, $10 PER month. 1112 West Third street.

FOUR ROOMS FOR RENT—ALL CONveniences. $10.00 per month. Call 2401 West Fourth street.

TWO UNFURNISHED ROOMS FOR light housekeeping. 420 Sixth avenue west.

OTHER WANTS ON PAGE 13.

STEAM HEATED ROOM FOR LADY or gentleman; centrally located on Superior street. References required. Address O 35, Herald.

FOR RENT — FOUR LARGE NICE rooms for small family. 2414 West Seventh street.

LARGE FRONT ROOM FURNISHED or unfurnished, with bath. 823 East Third street.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED rooms, all modern conveniences. 704 West Second street.

FURNISHED ROOM, 232 MESABA AVE.

TWO FURNISHED ROOMS FOR TWO gentlemen, modern. 807 E. First street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, MODern, for gentlemen. 16 west First street.

FURNISHED ROOMS FOR HOUSEkeeping. 426 First avenue west.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, 8 Mason Flats.

FOR RENT—ONE LARGE FURNISHED or unfurnished room, 708 East First street.

FOR RENT—NINE LARGE FURnished or unfurnished rooms, 708 East First street.

FURNISHED ROOM FOR RENT, 10 Mason flats.

FOR RENT— NICELY FURNISHED front room. 229 Fifth avenue west.

FOR RENT—TWO PLEASANT ROOMS, furnished complete for housekeeping. Call 710 West Second street.

NICELY FURNISHED FRONT ROOM, all modern, for one or two gentlemen, 224 Third avenue east.

FOR RENT — TWO NICELY FURnished rooms at reasonable rent. 320 West Third street.

YOUNG MEN SEEKING PLEASANT homes should consult boarding house register at Y. M. C. A.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED AND UNfurnished steam-heated rooms. 218 West Superior street.

A LARGE FURNISHED ROOM, 217 Second avenue east.

FOR RENT — OFFICES, MESABA building. Julius D. Howard & Co.

WHITEWASHING.

CAYO BROS. WILL WHITEWASH your basement, barn, warehouse or elevator shaft for 1½ to 2 cents per yard. Best of references. Old phone 422-R.

ROOFING and CORNICE WORKS.

SKYLIGHTS, GUTTERS, SPOUTing, smoke stacks, steel ceilings and general jobbing. Hot air heating. Estimates furnished. Zenith phone 1551. Star Roofing and Cornice Works. Louis Landahl, proprietor, 209-211 Lake avenue south.

CHIMNEY SWEEP.

CHIMNEYS AND FURNACES cleaned and repaired. Eastman Bros. Zenith 1432-Y.

NOTICE.

FINE LINE OF LADIES', GENT'S AND children's shoes. You will get a perfect fit and save 25 cents on the dollar by buying at 229 East Superior street. Repairing while you wait. Soles, 50 cents. N. Nurick.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

WANTED — FOR U. S. ARMY — ABLEbodied, unmarried men, between ages of 18 and 35; citizens of the United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write English. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, Torrey building, Duluth Minn.

WAN WANTED TO DO JANITOR work. Apply 1423 East Third street.

WANTED—PANTS AND VESTMAKER at No. 9 Twentieth avenue west. Karl J. Hagberg.

WANTED — BOY, MINNESOTA CIGAR Box factory, 30 First avenue west.

ONE EDGERMAN, $2.50; ONE SETTER, $2.50; one carriage rider, $2; three handy men to place cants for gaing, $2 to $2.25; six laborers, $1.75. Western Labor and Supply company, 427 West Michigan street.

WANTED — HOUSEMAN. SPALDING hotel.

TALLY AND GRADER MAN, $2.50 DAY. Western Labor and Supply company, 427 West Michigan street.

WANTED—ELEVATOR BOY. HOTEL McKay.

WANTED — SOLICITORS FOR CITY and country. No experience needed. Good pay. Call Room 18, Lenox hotel, between 9 and 12 a. m.

WANTED—SOLICITORS, EXPERIENCE unnecessary. No capital required. Good wages. Adress V. C. Giebner, General Delivery, Duluth.

BOOKS OPENED, POSTED, AUDITED and closed. All business confidential. Thorough accountant. M., Herald.

WANTED — TINNERS TO STAY AWAY from Duluth until strike is settled. Ads to the contrary notwithstanding. By order of local union, No. 32.

WANTED—TWO COMPETENT SHOEmakers, steady work, good wages, at once. Gopher Shoe Repair works.

WANTED — CARPENTERS TO STAY away from Pittsburg. Lockout still pending. By order of S. T. Skrove, Sec.

WANTED—TWO EXPERIENCED MEN for greenhouse. Elschen Bros.

MEN TO LEARN BARBER TRADE. Splendid opportunity just now. Write for free illustrated catalogue. Moler Barber college, 221 Second avenue south, Minneapolis, Minn. Established 1893.

ARE YOU GETTING ALL YOU EARN? Getting tired of working for small pay? We can enable you to make at least $3 a day selling our celebrated household specialties on easy payments. Experience and investment not necessary; city or country. Gately Supply company, 8 East Superior street.

WANTED—TWO GOOD COATMAKERS; steady work. Miles, Wolvin building.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

ANDERSON'S DETECTIVE AGENCY. B. F. Anderson, Mgr., 527 Manhattan building, Duluth. Zenith phone, 660; residence, 1213.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk Factory, 220 W. Superior St.

KNAUF'S METHO CREAM.

CLEARS THE COMPLEXION. KNAUF Sisters' Hair Store.

SATIN TOILET SPECIALTIES.

Fair, healthy, satin skin bestowed by Satin skin cream and Satin skin powder, 25c.

BAND AND ORCHESTRA.

LA BROSSA BAND AN ORCHESTRA; residence, 430 Nineteenth avenue west. Phones, Zenith 1717-X; Duluth 678-R. Office with Lundberg & Stone, 221 West Superior street.

WATCH REPAIRING.

WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING done promptly and in a thorough manner. J. Gruesen, 31 West Superior St.

DRESSMAKING.

FASHIONABLE DRESSMAKING Charges reasonable. 1917 Dingwall street. Duluth phone 1034-L.

WANTED — PLAIN SEWING AND dressmaking. Prices reasonable. 221 Lake avenue north. Upstairs.

MINES AND MINING.

AN UNDIVIDED ONE-HALF INTEREST in the east½ of the northeast ¼ and the west ½ of the northeast ¼, section 36, in township 64, north of range 10. Address 305 Dispatch Building, St. Paul, Minn.

R. B. HIGBEE, GERMANIA LIFE building, St. Paul, Minn., dealer in iron lands.

IRON MINES, iron lands, iron leases and mining stock. O. A. Nafe, 407 Torrey.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEYER, 14 W. SUPERIOR ST.

CHIROPRACTIC INSTITUTE.

DR. KONKLER CURES FEMALE DISeases. 314, 315 and 316 Burrows building. Zenith 'phone. Consultation free. We teach chiropractic.

MERCHANT TAILOR.

SUITS PRESSED, 50c; PANTS, 15c. J. Oreckovsky, 10 Fourth avenue west.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MADAME BIAS, SPIRITUALIST MEDium, 1809 Eleventh St., Superior, Wis.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED | WANTED |
WANTED | WANTED |
WANTED | WANTED |
WANTED | WANTED |
WANTED | WANTED |

10 CASH GIRLS AT ONCE.
10 CASH GIRLS AT ONCE.
10 CASH GIRLS AT ONCE.
10 CASH GIRLS AT ONCE.

GOLDEN RULE STORE,
17 East Superior Street.

COOK, DISHWASHERS, WAITRESSES, laundresses, general housework and nurse girl. Somer's Emp., 17 2nd Ave. E.

WANTED — LADIES TO SEND US their old carpets to be made into fluff rugs. For particulars write the R. Ann Co., rug weavers, 139 South Halstead street, Chicago, Ill.

LADIES TO KNOW THAT THE BEST millinery at the lowest prices can only be had at Brandt's, 114 West Fourth street.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED LAUNDRY girls. Acme Laundry.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework. 909 East Fourth street.

WANTED — A COMPETENT COOK, AT once. Mrs. J. B. Cotton, 1617 East First street.

WANTED—A GIRL AT ONCE FOR general housework, 517 West First street.

GOOD, EXPERIENCED DRESSMAKER wanted immediately at 626 West First street.

COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; small family; good wages. 721 East Third street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; small family. N, Buffalo flats.

WANTED—GIRL FOR HOUSE WORK. 1001 East Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 5409 London road.

WANTED — CHAMBERMAID. Midland hotel. 210 West Second street.

WANTED — LADY SOLICITORS, NO investment; work pleasant. Call on V. C. Giebner, 218 West Third street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; small family. Apply 228 South Nineteenth avenue east.

COOK AND SECOND COOK; BEST wages. 2632 West Superior street.

WANTED—DISHWASHER AT BOYLE'S restaurant. 319 West Superior street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 321 First avenue east.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 313 West Third street.

WANTED — COMPETENT SECOND girl; highest wages. Mrs. Clinton Markell, 219 Fourth avenue east.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED SALESlady and maker. Miss A. M. Selgne, 1406 New York block, Superior.

GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork. Call 305 North Fifty-sixth avenue west.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. Mrs. H. V. Eva, Hunter's Park.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. 1016 East First street.

WANTED—WOMAN FOR WASHING. 712 Garfield avenue.

WANTED—A WOMAN FOR GENERAL housework. Small family. Call Twenty-seventh street and Park Point. Mrs. W. H. Bliss.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Call 516 Lake avenue north.

COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENERAL housework at 1214 East Second street.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED CHOCOlate dipper in Boston Candy Kitchen, 307 West Superior street.

WANTED AT ONCE—SCANDINAVIAN lady clerk, over 20 years of age; must have experience and best of references. 16 East Superior street.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 1723 East Second street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. German preferred. 129 West Fourth street.

WANTED — CHAMBERMAID, FINlander preferred. Nicollet hotel.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Mrs. Hoff, 211 West Second street.

PALMIST.

COME! COME! COME!
Madam DeVerna
Is going to leave. THE LAST CHANCE TO SEE HER

For she will leave the city May 20th. Don't miss this chance, when she is gone you will regret that you did not avail yourself of her wonderful knowledge and advice. What she charged pennies for will be worth hundreds to you in the future. She is now located over the Bijou theater, 10 East Superior street. Hours: 9 to 12 a. m., 1 to 9 p. m. Her $1.00 Readings for 50 cents.

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED — AN AGENT IN EACH LOcality for "Men and Women" (Catholic magazine). O. 5, Herald.

BOARD OFFERED.

FINE SUITE FRONT ROOMS, WITH board; two gentlemen or married couple. 329 West Second street.

ROOM AND BOARD FOR TWO. 525 East Third street.

BOARD AND ROOM. 305 E. THIRD ST.

DESIRABLE SUITE OF ROOMS, WITH first-class board. 318 West Second St.

TWO NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, with board, bath, telephone and all modern conveniences. 9 Chester Terrace.

LOANS WANTED.

IF YOU WANT THE LOWEST RATE and the best terms, I can satisfy you. John A. Stephenson. Ask for Frank E. Kennedy.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

ENGLISH AND GERMAN BOOKS

OF ALL KINDS, FINE PICTURE framing. Gustav Hennecke, 211 East Superior street.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings, first and third Monday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting May 15. Work—First degree. Guy A. Eaton, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, May 8, 1905. Work—Second degree. William D. Underhill, W. M.; H. S. Newell, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 30, R. A. M. Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting May 13, 1905, at 2 p. m. Work—M. M. and M. E. M. and Royal Arch supper at 6:30. William A. McGonagle, H. P.; W. T. TenBrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T. Stated conclave, first Tuesday of each month at 8 p. m. Special conclave May 16th, 8 p. m., at Masonic Temple, Lake avenue and Second street. Work—Red Cross. C. W. Wilson, Em-Com.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

SCOTTISH RITE.
Regular meetings every Thursday evening of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting, May 11th, 1905. Work—General business. Jerome E. Cooley, secretary.

K. O. T. M.

DULUTH TENT, NO. 1, MEETS EVERY Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. John P. Peterson, Com., 2017 West Third street; Charles J. Hector, finance keeper, 32 West First street; J. B. Gelineau, R. K., third floor Hunter building. Office hours, 10 a. m. to 1:30 p. m.

MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL, NO. 1, meets every Thursday, 8 p. m., in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. Next meeting May 11. Samaritan degree. F. A. Noble, G. S.; W. P. Welbanks, scribe; Thomas A. Gall, financial scribe.

A. O. U. W.

FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 166, meets in Hunter hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Lee Warner, M. W.; W. W. Fenstermacher, recorder; O. J. Murvold, financier, 8 East Seventh street.

A. O. U. W.

DULUTH LODGE, NO. 10, meets in Odd Fellows' hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. Geo. J. Sherman, M. W.; J. W. Stephendson, financier; A. E. Blake, recorder. Sick benefits meets 7:30 o'clock. A good time after meeting. All members come.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock sharp at 118 West Superior street. May 9, work in the Third degree. G. E. Storms, C. C.; H. B. Young, K. R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.

DULUTH ARIE, NO. 79, MEETS every Thursday night at 8 o'clock at Eagle hall, Folz building, 116 West Superior St. W. E. Brown, W. P.; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, 23 West Superior St. Apply to W. E. Brown, 417 West Superior street, for rental of hall.

M. W. A.

IMPERIAL CAMP, NO. 2296, meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, first and third Mondays. Visiting members always welcome. F. B. Beaupre, V. C.; N. P. Turnbladt, banker; Robert Rankin, clerk.

I. O. F.

COURT COMMERCE, NO. 3383, Independent Order of Foresters, meets first and third Friday evening, at 8 o'clock, at Kalamazoo hall. Next meeting, May 19, 1905. Initiations. R. J. Packard, C. R.; W. W. Hoopes, R. S.

CLAN STEWART, NO. 50, O. S. C.—Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at 8 p. m. in Folz hall, West Superior street. John G. Ross, chief; Malcolm MacDonald, secretary; John Burnett, financial secretary, 10 Mason flats. Next meeting, Wednesday, May 3.

ROYAL LEAGUE.

ZENITH COUNCIL, NO. 161, Royal League, meets in Elks' hall, second and fourth Monday evenings at 8 o'clock. J. P. Heffernan, archon; L. P. Murray, scribe, 1815 East Fifth street.

KNIGHTS OF THE LOYAL GUARD—Subordinate Division, No. 132, meets first and third Wednesday evenings each month, Hall A, Kalamazoo block. E. F. Heller, Capt. Gen'l; H. V. Holmes, paymaster, 415 Fifteenth avenue east; Mrs. Mary P. Foster, recorder, 720 Third avenue east.

MODERN MACCABEES—Zenith City Tent No. 1044, meets every first and third Friday of the month at Hall B, Kalamazoo building. Commander, J. A. McCuen; record keeper, E. R. Gnifke; finance keeper, Wm. Blainey, address care of National Biscuit company.

U. A. O. D.

DULUTH GROVE, NO. 40, meets the second and fourth Monday at Kalamazoo hall. F. G. Sandstedt, N. A.; M. Monson, financial secretary.

INTERNATIONAL BROTHERHOOD OF Teamsters — Local No. 411 meets at Manhattan Bldg., 412 West Superior street, room 204, second and fourth Monday of each month. A. Beattie, president, 2809 West Helm street; J. M. Rock, recording secretary, 722 Garfield avenue; Archie McPherson, secretary-treasurer, 816½ East Fifth street.

20 Pages. **DULUTH EVENING HERALD.** 20 Pages.

TWENTY-THIRD YEAR. LAST EDITION. FRIDAY, MAY 12, 1905. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

TWENTY LIVES LOST IN FIERCE TORNADO WHICH VISITS TOWN OF MARLOW

Unfortunate Burg Situated In Indian Territory Near Snyder.

Victims of the Snyder Tornado Are In Deplorable Condition.

Ninety-Five Bodies Have Already Been Taken From the Ruins.

Oklahoma City, May 12.—A special to the Oklahoman from Marlow, I. T., says:

A tornado, preceded by a heavy hail storm, struck Marlow early today. Twenty dwelling houses were wrecked and loss of life is reported.

Kansas City, May 12.—It is reported here that twenty lives were lost at Marlow, I. T., in the tornado that struck that town today.

Marlow is a town of 1,500, situated on the Rock Island road, in the Chickasha nation, east of Synder, Okla., the scene of Wednesday's storm.

Snyder, Okla., May 12.—Pitiable scenes of want and suffering were seen here today on all sides. Much confusion still existed, despite the efforts of hundreds of outsiders to aid the victims of Wednesday night's tornado. Last night many who had lost everything they possessed, went hungry and practically unprotected from the cold.

Many bodies lying in temporary morgues remained unidentified, while among the injured dozens who suffered from ugly wounds or broken limbs were without proper medical attention. Others still were missing and an exact list of the casualties was not to be had.

With the break of day, two score parties of rescuers continued their search in the wreckage for victims. Governor Ferguson's request to the people of Oklahoma to render immediate aid to the destitute people began to show early results. Early today carloads of provisions, clothing, tents, bedding and medicine began arriving and with them came added numbers of persons from all directions to aid in attending to the immediate wants of the citizens. The most serious phase of the situation presented today was the necessity for the immediate housing of the homeless and the providing of sufficient medical care for the injured. While physicians and surgeons had arrived every hour since Thursday morning, they worked at a distinct disadvantage because of lack of house room and insufficient facilities. Among the first things accomplished today was the sorting of medicine, clothing and provisions, which were hurried to separate depots as fast as received. From each of these places separate committees began a systematic distribution of this material.

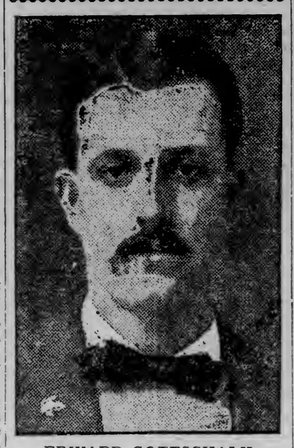
All night long two dozen men worked incessantly preparing the bodies of the victims for burial, and today dozens of funerals were held. Plenty of coffins had been sent in, but wagons and drays had to be used in carting the remains to the cemetries. All day long crude hearses passed through the littered streets.

Poorly clad women and children, most of whom had lost some member of their family and had suffered from wounds, exposure and hunger, wandered here and there trying to find some missing loved one, or went from morgue to morgue in an endeavor to identify them among the dead.

Ninety-five bodies of victims of Wednesday night's tornado had been found up to noon today. At that time thirty-five persons were still missing, and the list of seriously injured numbered 115, of whom twenty-five were believed to be fatally hurt. Twenty-five or thirty others were slightly hurt. The financial loss today is estimated at $500,000.

Reports brought in today from the country, which has been shut off since Wednesday night by lack of telegraph facilities, indicate that twenty-five persons were killed outside of Snyder, making a possible total dead of 120. Verification of the loss of life in the country will naturally be slow.

DOUBLE MURDERER SENTENCED TO DIE.



EDWARD GOTTSCHALK.

Gottschalk, who confessed last Monday to the murder of his partner, and complicity in the murder of Butcher Schindeldecker, was sentenced by Judge Lewis to be hanged on a date fixed by the governor.

SAMUEL SHUBERT IS A VICTIM OF WRECK

Well Known Theatrical Manager Dies From His Injuries.

Harrisburg, Pa., May 12.—Sam Shubert, the New York theatrical manager, died at 9:50 o'clock today at the Commonwealth hotel, where he was taken after he escaped from the burning wreck.

The body will be sent to New York this afternoon. Abe Thalheimer, one of Mr. Shubert's personal representatives, and his attorney, William Klein, who were with him in the wreck, have almost entirely recovered.

Mr. Shubert and his companions were on their way to Pittsburg to close a lease for a theater in that city, and were among the first to escape from the wreck.

Harrisburg, Pa., May 12.—The exact number of lives lost in South Harrisburg yesterday morning, caused by the crash of the second section of the Cleveland & Cincinnati express into a car of dynamite in a wreked freight train, is not yet known. Eleven bodies have been identified and nine charred corpses await recognition at the temporary morgue.

Superintendent Caleb of the Philadelphia division, on which the wreck occurred, said today that it is impossible to tell what the number of fatalities will be.

The identified dead are:

VICTOR L. CRABBE, Pittsburg.
PAUL BRIGHT, Pittsburg.
GEORGE ZEIGEL, Pittsburg.
JAMES R. PHILLIPS, Pittsburg.
ALBERT CROSBY, Philadelphia.
Infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Marola.
ROBERT DOUGHERTY, Philadelphia.
C. KUHLMAN, Altoona.
J. F. SILBERMAN, Philadelphia.
H. K. THOMAS, Philadelphia, engineer of express train.
MR. SHAW, Pittsburg.

The latest victim of the disaster was Albert Crosby, who died last night at the Harrisburg hospital. At the hospital, still in a critical condition, are Max Stethimer and Joseph Ehrly of New York. The condition of Samuel S. Shubert, the New York theatrical manager, who is at a hotel with his family physician and a trained nurse, is still serious.

Of the 136 injured, 106 received treatment at the hospital. Of this number fifty remained there, and the six deaths that have occurred leaves the number still there forty-four. Several of the injured are in hotels.

United States Senator Knox, whose daughter, Mrs. J. H. Tindle, and her husband, escaped from the wreck with slight injuries and were taken to the executive mansion, arrived here last night and will accompany them to Pittsburg today.

Coroner Krause will not hold an inquest until after the railroad company has completed its investigation. No estimate of the financial losses of the railroad property has been made by the company officials, although it is believed that $100,000 will not cover the loss of the passenger train alone.

Three of the charred bodies at the morgue here have been partially identified. One is believed to be Thomas Lewis, the Pullman conductor, who is missing, who wore a long gold watch chain similar to that found upon the body. One is thought to be Miss Nettie Robinson of Cleveland, who has been partially identified by the gold fillings in her teeth. The third is believed to be that of Charles Brisnl of Philadelphia, who has been identified by the peculiar formation of the teeth.

All the bodies are so badly charred that it is almost impossible to positively identify them.

RANCHMAN KILLED.

Shot Dead During Quarrel Over Grazing Land.

Wibaux, Mont., May 12.—Floyd Sackett was shot and instantly killed by Mark White, near Ox ranch, while a cattleman was having some altercation with a man named Anderson moving a band of sheep from land on which cattle were grazing. Sackett claimed that land on which the sheep were grazing was his, that the orders for the removal should come from him instead of White. This made White very angry and he shot, hitting Sackett in the forehead.

Sackett's remains were brought to Wilbaux for inquest, pending the removal to his old home at Park City, Mont.

All were respected members of the community and much sorrow is felt for Sackett's family as well as for White's young wife. White was disarmed by Anderson.

TO INCREASE ITS STOCK.

New York, May 12.—The directors of the Twin City Rapid Transit company have voted to increase its capital stock from $20,000,000 to $25,000,000, the additional $5,000,000 to be common stock. If the issue is approved the stockholders at a special meeting to be held on May 31, $1,000,000 of the new stock will be offered to the stockholders pro rata, at par, during the current fiscal year.

HYPNOTIZED EACH OTHER

Lawyer Is Now Insane and Woman Hypnotist Dying.

Los Angeles, Cal., May 12.—George Blake, recognized as one of the most brilliant lawyers practicing at the Los Angeles bar, is being tried on a charge of insanity. Blake's mind began to wander several weeks ago, and since that time he has grown worse rapidly until the authorities finally have been compelled to take him in charge. All of his legal business has been taken out of his hands, and for the last twenty-four hours he has been confined to his room in the Washington hotel, under an armed guard.

It develops that Blake's madness came about through hypnotic influence exerted upon him by a clairvoyant, spiritualistic medium and slate writer, Maud Von Fleitag. A remarkable feature of the case is the fact that the woman is now dying at 513 East Twelfth street of disease of the brain, under what appears to be a hypnotic spell which she herself cannot throw off.

In her wavering between life and death she calls the name of George Blake. Lending seeming color to the hypnothesis of madness through dual hypnotism is the discovery made that some weeks ago, a few days before she fell ill of this strange malady, Blake and the Freitag woman indulged together in a sort of occult orgy, in the course of which she subjected the young lawyer to her full power of hypnotism.

GATES GIVES

Five Thousand Dollars For a Walking Stick.

Tyrone, Pa., May 12.—Five thousand dollars for a walking stick may seem extravagant, but that is what John W. Gates, the millionaire, has paid for one, which has been in possession of Miss Lila Gates, of this place, for many years. The cane was given to Miss Gates' father by the proprietor of the Bingham house, Philadelphia, 60 years ago. It contains a sword, on which is engraved a man's head and face. Miss Gates valued the cane at $1,000 but Mr. Gates thought it worth a much larger sum, and has sent her a draft for $5,000.

It is understood the cane will become the property of one of Mr. Gates' European friends.

AMERICAN BIBLE SOCIETY MEETS.

New York, May 12.—The American Bible society has held its eighty-ninth annual meeting in the bible house here. Dr. Danial C. Gilman of Baltimore, president of the society, presided.

Secretary Haven presented the report of the board of managers. It showed that in the year ending March 31, the society's receipts fell off somewhat. From all sources they amounted to $631,283. The disbursements were $610,018 of which $183,952 were sent to foreign agencies. There were issued 1,831,096 copies of the bible, the new testament and portions of the scripture.

UNITED BRETHREN HOLD A BUSINESS SESSION.

Topeka, Kas., May 12.—Today was purely a business session with the general conference of the United Brethren at representative hall. The election of church officials was on the program, but after a lengthy argument this transaction was postponed until May 17.

Fraternal delegates from other denominations were allowed a voice in the proceedings. Several brief addresses and responses on the condition of the church work and its betterment were made and various reports were read.

SITUATION EASIER

Though France's Assurance of Neutrality Only Partially Satisfies Japs.

Press Urges the Government to Maintain a Strong Attitude.

Tokio, May 12, 10 a. m.—France's latest assurance of neutrality eases the situation somewhat, but does not remove the popular sentiment against her. The press urges the government to maintain a strong attitude toward France and demand explanations, saying that it is necessary to explain events between May 3 and May 9.

JAPS DID THE SAME.

France Replies to Charges Against Her Neutrality.

Paris, May 12.—A semi-official statement from high sources was published here giving France's position in reply to Japan's charges of French neutrality.

One of the headings says:

"Japan has done in the Philippines and the Dutch East Indies, the same as she accuses France of doing in Indo-China."

The reasons are set forth as being:

"First, the French regulations were not set forth especially for the present war, but existed previously without protest, from Japan.

"Second, France has exercised her sovereignty to fulfill the regulations not only to the full letter, but has also adopted special measures to maintain absolute impartiality.

"Third, the only direct purchase of coal by the Russians was at Algiers, where the quantity was insignificant. The main stock of coal was purchased in Germany and England without protest.

"Fourth. Any advantages which the Russian second Pacific squadron obtained by anchoring off the French coast were equally open to the Japanese if they had taken the offensive instead of awaiting the Russians."

Tokio, May 12.—The foreign announcement was made by the Japan office:

"Since the Kamranh bay incident the French government has instructed both the civil and military officials in Indo-China to maintain a close watch over the coast of French territory and to warn belated ships not to enter French waters.

"When it was reported that the third Russian squadron (commanded by Rear Admiral Nebogatoff) was approaching French waters the French government again instructed the naval authorities to maintain a close watch and take effective measures with all their power to prevent a violation of neutrality and it simultaneously notified the Russian government.

"The French government has notified the Japanese legation at Paris that it has received a telegraph report that no Russian ships were sighted off Honkahe bay May 9."

JAPANESE ADVANCE

Was Simply Feint to Ascertain Russian Strength.

Gunshu Pass, May 12.—The Japanese advance now appears to have been a feint to ascertain the strength of the Russian outposts which have again been pushed forward on the left at Lafangoi, Erdahoi and Toungoi and along the center line from Podysouzsche to Shihousa, where the Japanese attacked the Russians May 7 and May 8, but were repulsed. The next day in order to oust the Japanese from the Shahetzy mines, from which their attack was organized, a column of cavalry supported by artillery moved forward under cover of the Russian guns and the mines were turned, the Japanese retiring first to Sinianzou and later to Madiopa, three miles south of Chantafu.

BAPTISTS ELECT OFFICERS.

Kansas City, May 12.—The election of officers of the Baptist Young People's Union resulted in the selection of Dr. L. O. Lawson of Tuscaloosa, Ala., as president and Rev. H. W. Virgin Nevada, Mo., first vice president, M. B. Neff of Alabama second vice president, and W. W. Gaines of Georgia secretary. Addresses were made by L. P. Leavett of Jackson, Miss., field secretary of the Sunday school board and Rev. Robert Van Deventer of St. Louis.

EMPEROR WAITS

To Learn If Baron Rosen Is Persona Grata.

St. Petersburg, May 12.—The transfer of Ambassador Cassini from Washington to Madrid was officially gazetted today under date of May 9, but the appointment of Baron De Rosen to succeed Count Cassini at Washington has not yet been gazetted.

In fact, Emperor Nicholas is awaiting a formal notification that Baron De Rosen is persona grata to the United States before signing his decree of nomination. Not the slightest doubt exists here that the baron is perfectly acceptable to the government at Washington, where, besides his high reputation as a diplomat, he enjoys the personal acquaintance of not only many officials, but of President Roosevelt himself.

GIFTS FOR PRINCE GUSTAF.

Stockholm, May 12.—The rigsdag has voted Prince Gustaf an appanage of $25,000 in view of his approaching marriage with Princess Margaret of Connaught. King Oscar has presented the couple with the beautiful chateau Sofiero, on the sound, near Helsingborg, as a summer residence.

NAN PATTERSON IS FREE AT LAST; RELEASED FROM PRISON WITHOUT BAIL

NAN PATTERSON.

Jerome Does Not Believe That He Can Convict Her.

Is Formally Given Liberty Upon Her Own Recognizance.

Two Thousand People Cheer Her as She Appears.

New York, May 12.—Nan Patterson, the one-time show girl, was released from the Tombs prison today, after almost a year within its walls awaiting a determination of the charge that she had murdered her protector, "Caesar" Young, a race track bookmaker. She will leave for Washington at 3:25 o'clock this afternoon. She was loudly cheered by a crowd of 2,000 persons as she left the prison.

Her release was made at the instance of District Attorney Jerome, who said he did not believe another trial would result other than in a disagreement. At the same time he declared that there had been a serious miscarriage of justice. He said many of the newspapers had labored to create sympathy for the girl, and that this case had "caused one more step in this country towards trial by newspaper rather than trial by jury."

He approved of all his assistant, Mr. Rand, had done, or said, in conducting the case, and added: "The people for whom I care approve our action. From the same part of the community we have received nothing but fairness. I have information that admits of no doubt that there was unanimity in the jury room on three points—first, Morgan Smith bought the pistol; second, Nan Patterson took the pistol in the cab with her; third, Caesar Young did not commit suicide. I ask that the prisoner be discharged on her recognizance."

New York, May 12.—Nan Patterson was discharged from custody this forenoon, the district attorney having agreed that she be given her freedom without bail.

District Attorney Jerome appeared before Recorder Goff in the court of general sessions today, and recommended the release of Nan Patterson on her own recognizance. He indorsed the indictment against her in substance to the effect that he did not believe at this time and in this county, that another trial of Miss Patterson would result in anything but a disagreement.

Nan Patterson was taken before Recorder Goff in the court of general sessions and was released on her own recognizance. She left the criminal court building by the police entrance in Franklin street, where 2,000 persons cheered her as she appeared. In company with her father and Lawyers Levy and O'Reilly, she entered a carriage and was driven to her lawyers' offices in the World building.

THOUSANDS OF MEN MAY LOSE JOBS ON ACCOUNT OF STRIKE

Lack of Business Will Cause Employers to Dispense With Them.

Many New Drivers Are Secured By the Employers' Association.

Chicago, May 12.—Employers today began the execution of a new policy as to the teamsters' strike, men in various manufacturing industries being laid off because of the lack of business, brought about by the strike. At the Employers' association office it was said the number of men laid off because of dullness in trade, and consequent lack of demand for certain manufactured goods, would run into the thousands, and would continue, unless normal business conditions returned soon.

Hundreds of wagons were sent out today by strike-bound houses, advertisements for teamsters filled the newspapers, and on every side was evidence of the aggressiveness of employers. The department stores particularly caused large advertisements to appear simultaneously in the newspapers, announcing that men are wanted to "Fill permanent positions," as teamsters and drivers. Protection was promised to prospective drivers, and the character of men the department stores desire to recruit was indicated by the fact that references are required from applicants. Most of the advertisements state that "No non-union or union" men will be accepted.

Kinsley's restaurant, famed as the scene of banquets, where presidents and royalty have dined, has been turned into a hotel where non-union white and colored teamsters are housed and fed. Furniture was brought to the restaurant building today from strike headquarters, formerly in Custom House court, State street and Lake street. The furniture consists of woven wire cots. The large dining-room has been turned into a mess room and the upper rooms, designed for occupation by private dining parties, now contains cots which the non-unionists sleep on.

Charles Johnson, a colored man, employed by the Standard Oil company, was mistaken for a strike breaker by a mob at Wentworth avenue and Twenty-fourth street today, and was so seriously injured that he may die. After being knocked down Johnson was kicked and one of his eyes was gouged out. A riot call brought a wagon load of police, but before they arrived the crowd had disappeared. Johnson was found lying unconscious on the sidewalk and was hurried to the People's hospital.

Walter St. Clair, colored, employed by Armour & Co. at the stock yards, was attacked by a crowd of strike sympathizers at Twenty-seventh and Canal streets today. St. Clair was apparently suspected of being a strike breaker employed by the Peabody Coal company. He was beaten with clubs, blackjacks and other weapons. Two deputy sheriffs rescued him and escorted him to the stables, where his wounds were dressed. He was sent home in an ambulance.

A total of 1,900 wagons were scheduled to be moved today by non-union teamsters under police protection. This is the largest number of wagons moved since the teamsters' strike began, the excess over the record of previous days being 150 wagons. To accomplish the task policemen were detailed to guard the wagons and were assisted by an almost equal number of deputy sheriffs.

NINE LITTLE CHILDREN PLAYING IN FIELD ARE KILLED BY BULLS

Madrid, May 12.—A score of little girls, playing in the fields at Villa Manrique in Seville, imitating a religious procession and waving handkerchiefs for banners, irritated a drove of bulls, which charged them.

The children were tossed, trampled upon and gored.

Nine of them were killed and six badly injured. The drovers were arrested, which prevented the populace from lynching them.

Villa Manrique is the center of the district in which bulls are bred for the ring, and it is an unwritten law there that the drovers are responsible for everybody's safety.

HARPER'S HEALTH IMPROVES.

New York, May 12.—President Harper of the university of Chicago has returned here from a trip to Montreal. He will return to Chicago either tomorrow or Sunday. He declared his health to be improving and says the cancerous growth, because of which he recently underwent an operation, is steadily decreasing.

CARRIES WIRELESS OUTFITS.

Vallejo, Cal., May 12.—The naval transport Solace hich leaves the Mare island navy yard today en route to Manila, carries outfits for wireless telegraph stations at Honolulu and Guam of the most improved pattern.

ARGUMENTS OF COUNSEL

Are Being Made In the Trial of Dr. Koch.

Mankato, May 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—There was a large morning crowd in the court room during the argument of counsel in the Koch trial today. Attorney Childs resumed his address. The jury listened patiently and attentively. Childs wanted to know why the defense did not summon some members of the Holdale and Somsen card party, who alone knew of the pencil, and of other circumstances. Attorney Brown will follow Childs and make the last argument.

FORT WILLIAM

Votes a Bonus to the Grand Trunk.

Fort William, Ont., May 12.—That the voters of Fort William appreciate the bargain made by their representatives for the location here of the Grand Trunk Pacific terminals was proved yesterday when 777 votes were cast for bonusing the Grand Trunk Pacific to the amount of $300,000, and only 55 against the by-laws, which will make Fort William one of the foremost railway terminals in Canada, and one of the important lake ports of the continent. This town must now be reckoned as a coming manufacturing center of the central west.

BUFORD RUNS ASHORE.

Manila, May 12.—The army transport Buford ran ashore on May 11 while entering the harbor at Malabang, Island of Mindanao. The troops on board were landed. The transport will probably be refloated undamaged.

CLEVELAND RETURNS HOME.

New York, May 12.—Former President Grover Cleveland has returned from a cruise in Southern waters, which began two weeks ago, on E. C. Benedict's steam yacht Oneida. Mr. Cleveland left the yacht at once for his home in Princeton, N. J.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

M. S. BURROWS.

PERFECT IN EVERY FEATURE

IS every suit in our immense showing for Spring. It not only stands pre-eminent in Duluth—it's the largest and most tastefully selected suit showing in the Northwest. We have not space to generalize—if you wish to be correctly attired at an economical expense come in and see this magnificent display—

$12.50 to $35

Topcoats The value of good tailoring shows most prominently in these—ours are perfectly made. Coverts in tan, olive, brown, etc.—black and fancy worsteds—32 to 36 inches long—extra deep vents in back—silk and serge lined—from..... $10 to $35

Raincoats Not one of the smart styles is missing. Made full 52 inches long, swell plain colors in tan, olives, grays, etc.—made from enduring cravenetted fabrics, absolutely rain-proof—from..... $15 to $30

This is the Favorite Boys' Store of Duluth!

Norfolk Double-Breasted Three-Piece

AN assortment of more than a hundred styles in these staples. Not one in the lot but what is well tailored, made from strictly all-wool materials and a record-breaking value in its class—

$2, $2.50, $3 and up.

FOR Confirmation and First Communion use we show all of the above styles, in plain dark colors—rough and smooth woolens—

Knee Trousers $3 and up Long Trousers $8 and up

THE most attractive line of Confirmation Shoes for boys and girls ever shown in the city. See the swell patent leather button shoes we are selling at..... $2 to $3.50

"Burrows' Special" Suits

WE claim big things for these. In a regular way these suits would cost $7.50 — buying them in the immense quantities we do we are enabled to sell them at..... $5

OUR showing of smart novelty suits is wonderfully complete and three times the largest in number of garments shown. Eton Sailors, Russians and Norfolks in plain and fancy colors—handsomely finished—

$3, $4, $5 and up.

BOYS' Confirmation Hats in the new soft shapes — the natty shapes the boys like. Black and all the light and dark colors of brown—priced here at..... $1 and $1.50

BURROWS' 'VARSITY HATS

In the Season's Fashionable Colors.

In Regular Hat Stores the price would be Three Dollars.

Here in Every Size $1.90

KNOX HATS Recognized the world over as the best..... $5

BURROWS' SPECIAL HATS

Made direct to our order from selected materials—the new shapes and colors..... $3.50

FREE TO THE BOYS! Ball and Bat, Catcher's Mitt or Six Months Subscription to "The American Boy" Free with Boys' and Children's Suits.

M. S. BURROWS. M. S. BURROWS. M. S. BURROWS.

INCIDENTS OF STORM

Told By Survivors From Snyder Who Reached Vernon.

High Winds Did Damage In Many Localities Farther North.

Vernon, Tex., May 12.—The first train from Snyder since the tornado struck the town arrived here at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Passengers of this train gave the correspondent of the Associated Press a story of fearful loss of life and property destruction.

Snyder is a mile square. The tornado struck the town just a little west of the southwest corner of the township. Its pathway was about half a mile wide, and in this strip there is not a vestige of anything left, and in places the ground is literally plowed up. To the west of the pathway everything is devastated with the exception of one or two stone stores.

The tornado struck the town at 7:40 p. m. Just preceding it there was a heavy rain storm, accompanied by vivid flashes of lightning and deafening thunder. Nearly all of the homes in Snyder had storm cellars, and during this heavy downpour many sought shelter in these cellars. Then there was a letup of perhaps ten minutes, during which many, thinking that the storm had broken, left their places of refuge and returned to their houses. Then, with a deafening rumble, came the tornado. Many were caught between their houses and the storm cellars and killed outright.

The first intimation the outside world had of the cyclone was at 7:40 o'clock, when the long-distance telephone operator at Hobart heard the long-distance operator in the Snyder exchange scream. The cause of the scream was the destruction of the Snyder telephone building, which was a long, narrow wooden building, and which was split half way in two by the wind, the break occurring where the switchboard was fastened to the wall. As the wind whipped off the front end of this building a heavy piece of wood was driven into the side of the manager, who was sitting at his desk. The operator, taking in the situation, gave a scream which was heard over the telephone at Hobart. A young man who was in the exchange at the time grabbed the operator and fairly slung her into a glass booth nearby and slammed the door. The glass in the booth was not even cracked.

As an instance of the suction force of the wind, a substantial stone building in the southwest portion of the place just east of where the cyclone struck, had its entire front literally pulled out. This building is fully twenty yards from the path of the tornado. It was a gambling hall and all the paraphernalia is in plain view.

An unknown old man found the hand of a man near the edge of the stormb's path. This man had his left hand cut off at the wrist by a piece of whirling lumber. He had an idea that the member he found was his own. He was crazed from his experience and it was only when he was shown that he had his right hand and the member he had found was a right hand that he became reconciled. He is now in the hospital too crazed to talk coherently.

A pitiful case came to light today. A little 2-year-old flaxen haired boy was located in a pile of wreckage by his cries. he continually calls for "Daddy," but no one in Snyder knows the child, nor can it be learned whether or not his parents were killed. One woman was brought to the morgue who had an immense wooden sliver driven through her left breast. The end of the sliver was protruding just above the abdomen. Her left ear was severed clean from the head. In her right arm she was holding a dead babe.

A peculiar thing that has been observed is that every corpse thus far found has been without shoes. In many instances all the hair was stripped from the head. All the bodies found are black and blue and appear as if they were pummeled by the wind. Some are so disfigured that it is imposaible to identify them.

Hampton, Mo., May 12.—A tornado struck Hampton Wednesday night. Several persons were injured. Stores and residences were demolished.

Hills, Iowa, May 12.—A tornado passed over Hills yesterday afternoon, striking the eastern part of the town. The storm demolished everything in its path, destroying a number of barns, a creamery and a bridge. Telegraph and telephone wire poles were blown down.

Iowa City, Iowa, May 11.—A tornado at Centerdale destroyed several houses and severely hurt G. G. Wright.

Eldorado Springs, Mo., May 12.—A heavy wind and hail storm which visited here yesterday did much damage to buildings and other property. Many plate glass windows were shattered by the hail. Falling glass struck F. L. Osborne, cashier of the Cruce bank, severing an artery of his arm. Walter Hibler was injured by flying timber. Several other persons were injured.

Cincinnati, May 12.—A terrific wind and rainstorm struck this city and surrounding towns last night, causing much damage. On account of washouts all trains are reported from two to four hours late. In this city several large plate glass windows were broken by the wind. Street car service was crippled. Telephone and telegraph service was demoralized. The largest damage is reported throughout Mill Creek valley, where truck farms were flooded, causing a loss of thousands of dollars.

Spencer, Iowa, May 12.—A tornado late yesterday destroyed Harmony church, seven miles east of here in Clay county, partially demolished a school house, blew down a large barn and fatally injured the owner, H. C. Holberg. Moving northeast, the storm wrecked a number of other buildings.

Port Cobb, Okla., May 12.—Many law books, letters, photographs, bank books and papers were picked up here, having been blown here from Snyder, a distance of sixty miles.

Indianapolis, May 12.—Two fatalities, several minor injuries and serious damage throughout the state resulting from an extraordinary rain and electric storm, accompanied by high winds and hail are reported in dispatches from cities throughout Indiana last night. Ernest Johnson was killed by lightning at Nora, while Edward Martin, a laborer, is dead from the same cause at Union City. Hail inflicted serious damage upon crops, fruits and greenhouses.

Columbus, O., May 12.—Reports of severe storms come from various parts of the state. At Waverly, a cloudburst did considerable damage. Frank Westfall was killed by lightning, while sitting before a fireplace.

Royal Mathias, living near New Philadelphia, was killed by lightning. Many were injured.

SUMMER COLDS.

Laxative Bromo Quinine, the world wide Cold Cure; removes the cause. Call for the full name and look for signature of E. W. Grove. 25c.

GIRL COMMITS FELONY

To Be With Her Sweetheart In Prison.

Upper Sandusky, Ohio, May 12.—Mattie Bently, who was received at the penitentiary a few days ago, has done just what she said she would do. She is Philip Nagel's sweetheart, and when the latter's trial was in progress here, created quite a sensation by visiting him at the jail as often as allowed and presenting him with money and flowers. She climaxed the entire proceedings by proclaiming that in the event that Nagel only received a life sentence, she would commit some felony in her home county so she would be sentenced to the penitentiary, that she could be near the man she loved most. That she has carried out her promise is seen in the events of the past few days.

POLICEMAN KILLS AN ARTILLERYMAN.

Newport News, W. Va., May 12.—Artilleryman Dowey, a member of the Sixty-eighth company, heavy coast artillery, was killed last night in Phebus by Police Officer Philips. According to Officer Philips, he had occasion to reprimand three artillerymen for an infraction of a town ordinance, whereupon Dowey picked a fight with him. In the melee, which followed, seven artillerymen participated handling the policeman roughly. Citizens interfered and the soldiers tried to escape to the reservation. Philips, however, pursued and cornered Dowey. He declares that the dead artilleryman advanced on him in a threatening manner and refused to halt, whereupon he shot him dead. Intense excitement prevailed among the soldiers and the officer commanding at Fort Monroe, ordered out a company of soldiers. Phebus is under martial law, two companies of soldiers being in charge of the town. Philips was arrested and is held under guard.

McKibbin hats

None better made. None better known

Every new shade and shape. $5 quality at a popular price $3

ANY DEALER

Scratch, scratch, scratch; unable to attend to business during the day or sleep during the night. Itching piles, horrible plague. Doan's Ointment cures. Never fails. At ny drug store, 50 cents.

TEN DOLLARS

Is Balm For Conscience of a Smuggler.

New York, May 12.—Is it the Easter season working on the hardened New York conscience that is adding so much lately to the conscience fund? J. Castres Williams, the deputy collector, was approached a few days ago by a sad-looking young man.

"My heart and my conscience hurt," he said. "Nearly a year ago I told a lie. I came over here on a German steamer and told the custom officials I had only $100 worth of stuff, when I had $30 more. Since then I haven't been able to sleep a wink. There's something seems to sit up on my bed nights and call me a liar and a cheat. I want to square myself with God. How much do I owe?"

Mr. Williams said he guessed everybody concerned would call it square for $10, which the young man produced at once. This will be added to the conscience fund.

As the young man left the office he said over his shoulder:

"Proverbs xxviii., 13."

Mr. Williams did not have a Bible in his office, nor did he want to disturb the flowers and leaves being pressed in the family one at home, so he went to the Ship News office in search of one.

"We haven't any," H. Percy Soule, who was once with the Salvation Army, told him; "since S. Americus Wood has been with us we haven't needed one."

"What's the verse you want?" asked the dean of the salty reporters. "Proverbs xxviii., 13? That's easy: 'He that covereth his sins shall not prosper, but whosoever confesseth and forsaketh them shall have mercy.'"

Whereat those present marveled much.

A CREEPING DEATH.

Blood poison creeps up towards the heart, causing death. J. E. Stearns, Belle Plaine, Minn., writes that a friend, dreadfully injured his hand, which swelled up like blood poisoning. Bucklen's Arnica Salve drew out the poison, healed the wound, and saved his life. Best in the world for burns and sores. 25c at all druggists.

You may have known some particular store very well yesterday—and yet hardly recognize it today. New goods! Let the ads. keep you posted.

WILD STALLION MUCH SOUGHT

Has Eluded All Attempts Made to Capture Him.

Seattle, Wash., May 12.—Over in Okanogan county there is a big black stallion, as wild as a deer and as free as the air. According to Barton Robinson, who is a resident of that country, and who has been a guest at the Butler hotel for the past week, this particular horse is coal black as to color, about 5 years old, 1,200 pounds in weight, and is so fleet of foot that the swiftest animals on all that reservation of some 5,000,000 acres have not been able to cope with him.

"This horse," said Mr. Robinson, "is evidently a cross between an American thoroughbred and a cayuse. He has been seen on the reservation many times during the past three years. As he is as wild as a hawk, no one has been able to get close enough to throw him a rope.

"There is one man over there who persists in giving chase to the black horse. He is known as 'Dry Creek Jack,' and really he is just the sort of a man one would expect to see in Owen Wister's 'Virginian.'

"'Dry Creek Jack' has devised a great many schemes for the capture of this horse, but so far his efforts have availed him nothing. He thought he had him sure last year, when he found a ravine frequented by a big stallion and his band of mares, and he built a great wire fence in the form of a V, something after the manner of hunting rabbits down in Southern California. He got the stallion in the trap all right, but when he started to ride in, Mr. Horse cleared the fence at a single bound and was up and away to the mountains.

"That is as near to being captured as he ever came. There is not a rancher in the north half of the reservation who has not tried to get him, but so far it has been impossible. His favorite trick when pursued is to leave the band of which he is leader and take to the mountains. He, apparently, is as much at home among the crags and peaks as the goats that roam at will in that country, and he can go places that the white men dare not follow, no matter how sure-footed their steeds may be.

'This horse is greatly desired for breeding purposes. He evidently has endurance to burn, for even after a hard winter, when the stock all over the country is greatly run down, this magnificent animal seemingly is as strong and rugged and as fast as ever. His color is greatly in his favor, and I think it is only a question of time until his capture is effected.

"'Dry Creek Jack' is the most persistent of them all. He spends weeks at a time on the trail of the black horse, and he swears he will never rest contented until he has him safely in the corral. Personally, I have never seen this particular horse, although he is the household talk all over the reservation."

DABNEY
AN ARROW
QUARTER SIZE
15 CENTS EACH; 2 FOR 25 CENTS
CLUETT, PEABODY & CO.
Largest Makers of Collars and Shirts in the World.

BUFFALO FOR "BIG DOINGS"

Comprise One-Tenth of All Nearly Extinct Bisons.

Guthrie, Okla., May 12.—The ranch of Miller Bros., near Bliss, Okla., now contains the largest herd of buffaloes in the world, the recent arrival of thirty-two from Montana comprising one-tenth of the bisons in the entire world. The recent acquisition cost Miller Bros. $10,000 besides a great amount of trouble in securing and shipping the animals.

Six buffaloes will be slaughtered June 11 to feed guests of the Millers during the big buffalo hunt on the "101" ranch. The remaining animals will be carefully cared for, will be given full run of about 27,000 acres of range at the ranch and will be allowed to multiply.

"It took twenty-five men five days to cut out the thirty-two head I purchased," said George Miller, "and then it took us just three days to load the two cars. The biggest bull I had ran into the shoot, on into the freight car—and yes, on through the side of the car as though he had not seen it at all. He escaped to the range. Of course, I did not have to pay for the animal, but I hated to lose him, as he was the finest specimen of buffalo I ever saw.

Joseph Miller says that the buffalo hunt to be given at the ranch June 11, will cost him and his brothers about $20,000. Besides the crowds that the railroads will take to the ranch, the Millers are preparing to care for 2,750 invited guests—2,750 men and women who will not be allowed to spend any money during their stay at "101" ranch. Joe Miller made a speech before the last annual convention of the National Editorial association at St. Louis and invited the association to hold this year's meeting in Oklahoma. He promised he would feed every man on buffalo meat—and he is now preparing to entertain the association at a cost to himself and his brothers of $20,000. The Millers' National Federation, which meets in Kansas City June 7 to 9, has also been invited in a body to attend the big buffalo hunt and will go from Kansas City by special train.

That the Millers are sparing no expense in their preparations for the big hunt is shown by the fact that they purchased buffaloes within fifteen miles of the Canadian line and have for several weeks had a force of cow punchers on the Texas ranges near the Mexican line roping the wildest steers the country grows. These steers will be used in the roping contests to be pulled off June 11. In addition to the general wild west performances at the ranch there will be ceremonies commemorating the dissolution of tribal relations of the Ponca and Otoe Indians. These ceremonies will be participated in by representatives of the Kiowa, Comanche, Sioux, Osage, Kaw, Pawnee, Sac and Fox, Seminole, Creek and Cherokee tribes of Indians.

Calumet Baking Powder

The Standard of Perfect Baking.

GOOD APPEARANCE IS AN ASSET.

Open Saturday evenings until 10 o'clock.

Suits, Top Coats, Rain Coats, Extra Pants, Hats and Shoes for Men and Youths.

GOOD CLOTHING may not make up for lack of ability, but SHODDY CLOTHING handicaps the cleverest. Thousands of people at the Head of the Lakes have fitted themselves out with GATELY'S CLOTHING—and are well satisfied.

The impression you make upon others depends upon your appearance. Anybody can make a good appearance if they wear

"Gately's Good Clothes."

Think what it means when you can buy clothing for the entire family at

$1.00 PER WEEK

Where your credit is good as the ready cash.

Then, in the event that you are sick or out of employment, we will carry your account along without extra charge. You can make the payments a little weekly or monthly. Isn't it your own fault if you neglect this golden opportunity?

GATELY SUPPLY CO. 8 East Superior St

75c Silk Floss Pillows
Nicely covered with silkoline and ruffled borders to match—
49c.

"WHERE VALUES REIGN SUPREME."

Stack & Co.

107 West Superior Street.

$5.98 Rain Coats Saturday Special—
$3.98

Selected Bargains for Saturday.

A Timely Sale of Lace Curtains.

50c Nottingham Curtains—per pair **39c**
60c Nottingham Curtains—per pair **45c**
$1.00 Lace Curtains—3 yards long—pair.... **77½c**
$1.25 Nottingham Curtains in the very handsome patterns. Your choice tomorrow for **$1.00**
$1.75 Arabian Curtains, in very handsome styles—tomorrow **$1.25**
$2.00 Scotch Net Curtains, in very handsome styles—for **$1.50**
$2.25 Curtains—60 inches wide **$1.50**
$3.00 Curtains—sale price **$2.10**
$3.50 Curtains—sale price **$2.50**
$4.00 Curtains—sale price **$3.00**

Hosiery and Underwear Values.

25c Children's black lisle finished Hose—double knee and beautiful quality—tomorrow only **19c**
22c fine ribbed Children's Hose in absolutely fast black dye—double knee and seamless—only **15c**
45c Ladies' Lace Hose—that is sold by others for 50c, tomorrow **25c**
Ladies' 39c medium weight Vests and Pants, in white and silver gray—special tomorrow **25c**
Ladies 'Gauze Sleeveless Vests—low neck—nicely trimmed—in pure white—extra good value at **10c**
45c Men's Black and White Striped Shirts—sale price tomorrow **25c**
Boys' Pants—special tomorrow **22½c**
Boys' Waists—worth 50c—tomorrow **25c**

Special Domestic Values.

7c Ginghams—Saturday all day—yard **5c**
12½c percales, 36 inches wide—Saturday special, yard **7½c**
15c and 19c fancy Curtain Scrims, in 9 different styles—Saturday, per yard.... **12½c**
25 dozen Pillow Cases, 42x36 in.—regular 15c quality—special at **10c**
$1.25 Bed Pillows—all pure, clean feathers and fancy ticking—each **45c**
$1.50 Bed Pillows—6 lbs. and selected feathers—special Saturday, each **63c**
50c full size Bed Spreads, hemmed and torn—made of good heavy soft, bleached muslin—special at **43c**

1,000—Curtain Ends—1,000

In Nottinghams, Scotch Nets, Fish Nets and Cable Nets, varying in lengths from 1½ yards to 2 yards long—get your choice tomorrow at, each **25c**
Many of these goods sold as high as $6.00, $8.00 and $10.00 a pair.

Consignment of Skirts.

On sale tomorrow at less than the cost of the cloth; some are regular $6.50 skirts, others sold at $5.00, and some few among them sold at $4.50. The price tomorrow for your choice of any will be—only..... **$2.89**

Corset Specials.

50c Girdles, 5 dozen in all—while they last—Saturday each..... **29c**
75c Corsets with Hose Supporters attached in all sizes—for Saturday..... **50c**
$1.25 Royal Worcester Corsets—special for..... **$1**
$1.25 Thompson's Glove-Fitting Corsets—special tomorrow..... **$1**
45c Corset Covers—special..... **25c**

Belts and Handbags.

19c Buster Brown Belts—special..... **10c**
The new two-piece Buster Brown Belt—39c kind—for Saturday..... **25c**
35c Ladies' Girdle Belts for....25c
75c silk Girdle Belts for.....50c
50c Handbags, 8-in. frames....33c
$1.35 Handbags, valise locks $1.00
25c Children's Peggie Handbags for..... **12½c**
$1.39 Rain Umbrellas—special..... **$1.00**

Waists and Petticoats.

75c figured Lawn Waists—only..... **50c**
85c figured Lawn Waists—only..... **65c**
See the Ladies' Waists on sale tomorrow—special at..... **$1.00**
$1.00 sateen Petticoats only....65c
$1.50 fine sateen Petticoats...$1.19
$5.00 SILK PETTICOATS—with pleated flounce and underruffle, in colors—special..... **$3.98**

THE BASIC CAUSES

Of the Wonderful Development of the United States.

Growth of Mineral Productions During Twenty-Five Years.

FROM THE HERALD WASHINGTON BUREAU.

Washington, May 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—The underlying causes of the wonderful development of the United States during the past twenty-five years through which it has reached first place in manufacturing in the family of nations, are suggested by a compilation recently prepared by the department of commerce and labor through it bureau of statistics showing the production of the principal minerals at intervals from 1880 down to date in the United States and in the world as a whole. The commerce of the United States has increased from $1,860,000,000 in 1880 to $2,540,000,000 in 1904, while the commerce of the world meantime has increased from $15,000,000 to $22,000,000,000, the relative increase made by the United States being thus greater than that of the other parts of the world.

The principal mineral products entering into and forming the basis of industry and commerce are coal, pig iron, copper, lead, zinc, petroleum, and the precious metals, and in the production of each of these the United States has shown a wonderful development during the twenty-five years under review. The world's production of coal has grown from 520,000,000 tons in 1880 to 866,000,000 in 1903, the growth being 526,000,000, or 170 per cent; of pig iron the growth has been from 18,000,000 tons in 1880 to 40,000,000 in 1903, an increase of 28,000,000, or 155 per cent; of copper from 154,000 tons to 513,000, an increase of 459,000, or 200 per cent; of lead from 225,000 tons to 887,000 in 1900, the latest year for which figures are stated, the increase being 654,000, or 280 per cent; and its production of zinc has increased from 253,000 tons to 585,000, an increase of 332,000, or 142 per cent. Statistics showing the world's production of petroleum are available only for the years 1890 to 1903. In the first year named the world's production of petroleum aggregated 148,000,000 barrels of forty-two gallons each, while in 1903 its production was 195,000,000 barrels.

In each of these materials it will be observed that there has been a considerable growth. When, however, an examination of the production of these minerals in each country is made, it is observed that the United States has contributed more than any other single country, and shows the most rapid growth. In 1880, for example, the United States produced 68,000,000 tons out of the total world's production of 330,000,000 tons of coal, the share in the United States being 2 per cent; in 1903, however, the United States produced 319,000,000 tons out of the world's production of 866,000,000, the proportion produced in the United States being 37 per cent. In 1880 the United States produced but one-fifth of the world's output of pig iron, the relative amounts being 3.8 million tons for the United States and 18.3 millions for the world; in 1903 the United States contributed nearly 40 per cent of the world's pig iron, viz., 18,000,000 tons out of an aggregate of 46,000,000 tons for the entire world. The development of copper production in the United States has been unusually rapid. In 1880 the United States produced 27,000 tons of copper, or less than 18 per cent of the world production; in 1903 the United States produced one-half the world's copper output, her share being 311,627 tons as against 613,129 tons for the entire world.

In the production of lead the growth in the United States has not been quite so rapid as that in other parts of the world. In 1880 we produced 87,339 tons out of a total of 235,294 tons for the entire world, our share being 38 per cent; in 1900 the United States produced 241,807 tons out of a total world output of 887,337 tons, the share of the United tSates having thus slightly decreased, being then but 27 per cent. The production of petroleum in the United States has increased from 26,250,000 barrels in 1880 to 46,000,000 in 1890 and 100,000,000 in 1903, or more than half the world's production in that year. The relative growth in the production of the various basic articles of industry in the United States and the world, respectively, has been in th period from 1880 to 1903: Coal, United States, 251,000,000 tons, entire world, 536,000,000; pig iron, United States, 14,000,000 tons, entire world 28,000,000; copper, United States, 284,627 tons, entire world, 469,385 tons; lead (period 1880 to 1900), United States, 164,468 tons, entire world, 654,943 tons; zinc, United States, 121,410 tons, entire world, 331,585 tons; petroleum (1890 to 1903, the longest period for which a comparison is possible), United States, 54,000,000 gallons, entire world, 47,000,000 gallons.

The Unitde States produced 37 per cent of the world's coal, 39 per cent of its pig iron, 51 per cent of its copper, 25 per cent of its zinc and 51 per cent of its petroleum. In the production of coal, pig iron, copper and petroleum the United States leads the world.

In the production of precious metals, the total of which increased from $192,000,000 in 1880 to $442,000,000 in 1904, gold has contributed a larger paroportion than silver during the past twenty-five years, its share in the world's output having increased from $106,000,000 in 1880 to about $349,000,000 in 1904, the growth being $242,000,000, while the commercial value of the world's silver product meantime grew from $85,000,000 in 1880 to about 93,000,000 in 1904, the increase being but about $7,000,000. Meantime the production of gold in the United States increased from $36,000,000 in 1880 to $84,600,000 in 1904, while the commercial value of the silver output of the United States decreased from $34,750,000 in 1880 to about $31,000,000 in 1904.

Jewelry Stock Must Go!

In order to devote more time and attention to my fast-growing optical business and to gain more room for additional machinery, etc., for grinding lenses, I have determined to close out the entire stock of jewelry, etc, generally carried by first-class jewelry stores. The stock consists of jewelry of all descriptions, both in solid gold and gold-filled articles by the thousands—all new and up-to-date, solid silver and high-grade plated table ware, finest and most exquisite cut glass in the market, genuine hand-painted china that must be seen to be appreciated, hundreds of souvenir spoons, fine silk umbrellas with gold and silver-trimmed handles, watches and clocks in great varieties, etc., etc.

These will be real and irresistible bargains that you cannot afford to miss. Remember that all of these articles will be sold at wholesale prices, and some even way below cost, also remember that we are going out of the jewelry business only.

Sale Continues Tomorrow—Saturday

A. L. NORBERG,

5 West Superior St.

"MODEL" YOUNG MAN

Confesses at Kansas City to Embezzlement.

Kansas City, Mo., May 12.—C. Leslie Stockwell, mail teller of the New England National bank, a "model" young man, who doesn't gamble, drink or even smoke, confessed yesterday he had stolen $1,760 from the bank and had deposited the money to his own credit in three other banks. None of the money had been spent, and then, within an hour after, Stockwell had made his confession, he had given checks for the full amount and was behind the bars.

The discovery of the thefts was made by accountants who learned Stockwell had been "swelling" the exchange charges in nearly all transactions with country banks that came within his jurisdiction. When confronted by the officers of the bank, Stockwell admitted everything. The only explanation he vouchsafed was that he wished to get ahead in the world, and he could not save money fast enough on his salary of $75 a month to satisfy his ambition to become rich.

West Duluth

WILL HAVE RACE

Richard Schell's Motor Boat to Have Interesting Contest.

To Fond du Lac and Return—Gun Club Shoot.

Richard Schell's new motor boat is expected here Monday and will be immediately put into the water. She is twenty-seven feet long and it is claimed her twenty horsepower will drive her through the water at the rate of seventeen miles an hour. He claims to have every pleasure craft at the Head of the Lakes beaten to a standstill and is accepting challenges right and left.

One challenge which he has accepted in West Duluth will likely produce a highly interesting race. The race is to be from West Duluth to Fond du Lac and return with no time allowance for sandbars. Neither accidents, groundings, nor anything else in the way of impediment will be allowed for, but the one to win the race will be that one who will tie up to the dock in West Duluth first.

The challenger feels confident that with the speed which Mr. Schell will get up, he is likely to run high and dry on the shore and stay there, so the owner of the slower boat feels that his chances of winning are much better than good.

FIRST SHOOT SUNDAY.

West Duluth Club to Use New Trap.

Capt. Holmberg of the West Duluth Rod and Gun club is today installing the new black bird trap which the club has procured and all will be in readiness for the first shoot next Sunday. This shoot has been deferred for several weeks and the members of the club have been very much disappointed Sunday after Sunday. They are so anuxious to get out and smash a few blackbirds that it is likely nothing short of an earthquake or a cyclone will prevent them getting out next Sunday. Rain will not dampen their ardor the slightest.

The club list is steadily growing and the appearance of the trap has added interest enough so that new members have been added every day since its arrival.

BANQUET TONIGHT.

N. S. C. to Feast and Hear Speeches.

Tonight, in the old German Lutheran church, on Sixty-fourth avenue west, the N. S. C., which is the young men's club of Westminster Presbyterian church, will give a banquet for which has been prepared a first-class program of addresses and music. D. C. Eadie will be the toastmaster. General Secretary Bevis of the Y. M. C. A. will speak on the advantages the Y. M. C. A. affords to young men. Dr. R. W. Bowden will also make an address. Rev. W. J. Lowrie will respond to the toast "Our Girls," and Miss Myrtle Perry will toast "Our Boys."

President O. S. Olson of the club will speak about the organization and Byron Brooks and Charles Towner will speak of the members of the organization. Sixty covers will be laid and the hall has been prettily decorated in red and white, which are the colors of the club.

To Visit Ireland.

Rev. Father Feehely expects to take a trip to Ireland this summer, and will visit his birthplace, Ballinanuck, in Longford county. The choir of the church and the congregation are planning to give him a farewell benefit and already the music is being planned. The program for the affair will be announced later.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

A. J. Lundgren has purchased the launch which has been owned by J. H. Schuler.

Budd's Baby Shoes at Lauermann's.

J. H. Schuler will leave tonight for St. Paul to visit Mrs. Schuler who is staying there at present.

Miss Leona Briggs is sick with typhoid fever.

The Petruschke box factory has resumed operations after repairs and improvements have been made.

Progress $2.50 Shoes at Lauermann's.

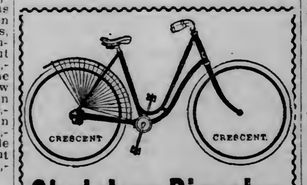
The Irving school alumni will hold its annual banquet in the school building tonight and will at that time make arrangements for the memorial window to be put in to the school in memory of Miss Laura Kennedy.

Reduced prices on drugs and sundries until June 1st—Olander's.

The Commercial club will meet tonight in regular weekly session.

Regent $3.50 Shoes at Lauermann's.

On Sunday morning Rev. John Kelly will preach at St. James Catholic church on "The Church as a Divine Inspiration." Miss Marie Tims will direct the choir which will sing a special mass. Father Kelly and his sister, Miss Kelly are from New York city and are the guests of Rev. John Feehely.



Chainless Bicycles

Are a great improvement over the old-style wheels and the enjoyments of cycling are increased a hundredfold. We have a few of these chainless machines that we are selling at prices of the ordinary chain bicycles—our loss is your gain. Buy now.

Ladies' CRESCENT CHAINLESS Bicycles—regular $60 wheel—now only..... **$35**

Ladies' and Gents' CRESCENTS—cushion frame Bicycles—regular $50 wheels, now only.. **$30**

One only 1902 Crescent model, $35 wheel, now only..... **$15**

These are the biggest bargains ever offered in the Bicycle line and they are going fast so don't delay if you want one.

F. H. WADE,

Hardware, Bicycles, Sporting Goods
320-331 Central Ave.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

All Eyes on This Store Tomorrow!

The Arrival of Hundreds of New Garments

Sent direct by our Mr. Silberstein now in the East, will be welcome news to many Duluth women—several excellently timed purchases enabled him to get the choice of the best in the new fashionable creations at an interestingly low figure—ordinarily at this time you would expect to pay full price or near it for *really stylish wearables*—The values which go on sale tomorrow will be all the more welcome because we believe this to be the most important money saving event of the season thus far.

New Covert Coats.
New Tailored Suits.
New Long Coats.
New Shirt Waist Suits.
New Linen Suits.
New Costumes.

From 8 a. m. until 10 p. m. this entire floor will be thronged with appreciative customers—come and see.

Silberstein & Bondy Company. Silberstein & Bondy Company.

FLOATER FOUND

Body of Unknown Man Discovered In the Harbor.

Believed to Be Fireman Drowned From Sarah Smith.

The body of an unknown man was found in the Northern Pacific slip, No. 6, shortly before 1 o'clock this afternoon.

Men at work on the dock saw the body floating about in the harbor, and succeeded in landing it on the dock. The undertaking firm of Flood & Horgan was notified, and the body was taken to the morgue, where it now lies awaiting identification.

Thomas Burke, a well known longshoreman, stated that he believed the body to be that of the fireman who was drowned from the tug Sarah Smith, some time ago, in the harbor.

From all appearance the body has been in the water a long time, and the features are not easily recognizable.

It will be viewed by the coroner this afternoon, and he will endeavor to establish identification by means of some of the men who are employed about the docks, and who would be likely to know the missing fireman.

ATTENTION V. O. F.

All Foresters, and especially members of Court Eastern Star, No. 86, U. O. F. are requested to meet at Stewart's undertaking rooms, 5 p. m., Saturday, May 13th, to escort the body of our late Brother, Frank Martinelle to the Union Depot. Body to be shipped to Montreal.

E. O. OLUND, C. R.
H. MILNES, Treas.

ROMANCE

Connects Valentine Weisenbach With the Dietz Case.

Chippewa Falls, Wis., May 12.—Valentine Weisenbach, who is held for trial at Hayward, is an ally of John Dietz, and is charged with having attacked, with intent to kill, two Eau Claire deputies and others on May 8, 1904, when an attempt was made to arrest John Dietz on a bench warrant from the circuit court.

It is charged that Dietz and Weisenbash waylaid the party and attacked them with rifles, and one Patrick McGinn claims to have been injured by a bullet lodging in his forearm.

This case will excite much interest because the same evidence could be used against Dietz were he under arrest.

The interest of Weisenbach in the Dietz affair is said to be largely on account of his romantic attachment for Dietz's daughter, Almyra. He has a homestead not far from the Dietz place.

MURDERER TRACKED

To His Cabin By Peculiar Hobnailed Shoes.

Butte, Mont., May 12.—The trial of the sensational murder case of Miles Fuller has begun here. Fuller is charged with killing Henry J. Gallahan, who was found in an alley Oct. 24 last with a bullet hole through his head and his throat slashed from ear to ear.

Fuller was seen in the vicinity and was tracked to his cabin from the scene by peculiar hob-nailed shoes. The two men had frequently quarrels, Gallahan having accused Fuller of robbing his sluice boxes of gold.

Fuller is over 60, and presented a dramatic figure as he stood before Judge Donlan. He had cut his long, flowing, gray locks, but his long, gray beard gave him a most venerable appearance.

It is understood the defense will rely on a plea of self-defense, setting up the claim that Fuller killed Gallahan after a pistol duel, cutting his throat when he thought the latter was going to shoot again.

Hanan's Fine Shoes.
M. S. BURROWS.

PAID TOO MUCH FOR PATENTS

Old Employe of International Harvester Company Is Sued.

Chicago, May 12.—Suit filed in the circuit court here by the International Harvester company against R. B. Swift, head of the patent department of the concern, asking for restitution of $25,000, sets forth in detail a story in which the defendant, for twenty-five years in the employ of the company, is charged with mulcting the firm through a fraudulent purchase of patents.

The bill charges that Willis Swift, a brother of the defendant, worked and conspired with him to rob the company, and that for that purpose he assumed the name of H. C. Chatfield.

Under this name Willis Swift is alleged to have purchased two patents from a man named Hadley in Minneapolis, arranging with him for an option on them for several months at $50,000. Then he is charged with having engaged J. C. Carnes, an attorney of Minneapolis, and with him arranged with R. B. Swift for the purchase of the patents for $75,000.

The defendant is charged with being aware of the trick, which it is alleged his brother played, and he is accused, as the representative of the company in the deal for the purchase of the patents, with having fraudulently indorsed the proposition, knowing at the time that his brother had arranged for an option at $25,000 less than he recommended should be paid for it.

Acting on the recommendation submitted by Swift, the bill alleges that the $75,000 was paid over to the supposed Chatfield and Attorney Carnes.

Some time after, it is further stated, the details of the alleged deal became known to the other officers of the company, and the matter was laid before the board of directors at a meeting and suit was ordered should an investigation bear out the suspicions.

The suit filed here was the result. The patents for which it is alleged Swift was paid $75,000 after he had secured an option for $50,000 were on a corn-shocking machine, manufactured by the company.

After setting forth the charges of fraud against the head of their patent department, the bill further recites that the usefulness of the patents at any price is a debatable question, and, while this is not brought in issue, it is thus indirectly charged that the entire deal was in a degree fraudulent.

One Man And Two Uncomfortable Shoes

are a very unpleasant combination. Comfort has been combined with good style on the matchless **Stacy, Adams Men's high-grade Shoes.** One needs but fit on a pair and their good qualities are at once noticed. Let us prove this to you. All the leading styles and patterns, Shoes and Oxfords—black, tans and browns—a large assortment **$5.00**

Other good makes at special low prices—$3.00, $3.50, $4.00.

WIELAND SHOE CO.,

123 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

Apparel for Men, Women and Boys

STYLE, QUALITY, PRICE

You've got to consider Style, Quality and Price in buying Clothing—You've got to consider them all together—Style without Quality is a Sham — Quality without Style is Ridiculous—Quality and Style at the prices asked by many dealers is Extortion.

Here you get Style and Quality at the very lowest prices and in addition you secure the convenience of the most liberal Credit terms in the city.

Women's Department Raincoats Silk Suits —Shirt Waist Suits—Silk Skirts—Walking Skirts—Silk Waists—Shirt Waists—Oxfords—Umbrellas.

Men's Department Men's Suits — Raincoats—Topcoats—Hats—Oxfords — Shoes — Boys' Suits—two and three pieces—Boys' Shoes.

Factory to you—47 Stores—
Money Back if Dissatisfied

MENTER & ROSENBLOOM CO. 201 West Superior St Upstairs.

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

Thousands of Live Stock Are Killed By Recent Snow Storm.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Rapid City—The recent snowstorm did an enormous amount of damage to the stock in this immediate vicinity. Reports are coming in and tell a sorry tale. One man lost 100 head of horses out of 102, by lightning. They were standing near a wire fence.

The snow was very wet and froze to the cattle, chilling them to death. The loss seems to have been greatest in the Rapid City district, for reports from Belle Fourche and further north show that the storm was not severe and the loss will be light there.

The storm has left the range in excellent condition, grass being well along. All the waterholes and watercourses are full.

Mitchell—Just before adjourning for the noon hour the election of officers took place in the state Sunday school convention with the following result: President, Dr. James Chalmers of Brookings; vice president, Rev. J. P. Jenkins of Vermillion; secretary and treasurer, Rev. F. P. Leach of Sioux Falls; executive committee, Rev. C. M. Daley, chairman; E. P. Grant, T. H. Hugen, Rev. A. H. Seymour, Prof. D. A. Jordray and D. C. Jones.

Lead—The Hidden Fortune company is receiving money from the stockholders in payment of the three-cent-a-share assessment recently made for the purpose of placing the company upon its feet. Only a few stockholders object to the assessment. The money received thus far has been supplied on the old debts of the company and but little more is needed to take up the bonds that were sold and to eliminate all the indebtedness.

A recent report shows that for the twelve months preceding the last annual election the output of the company's mill gave $115,000 gross, the ore showing a saving of $4 a ton. As fast as the mill earns the money the indebtedness is being taken care of and the development work at the mine is being pushed as hard as possible.

James Hardin, who is putting through the Pranch Mint Mining company deal, arrived in the Hills with a large party of Eastern capitalists. This company is building the largest cyanide plant in the Hills, the Homestake excepted, and is developing the old Union Hill properties, comprising over $2,000 acres of ground. The Union Hill Hoisting works have been rebuilt and a narrow-gage track three miles long is nearly completed.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Fargo—A row was threatened in the state barbers' board, which is in session here examining a class of applicants. Chairman Bell is not actively engaged in the barber business at Oakes, where he is operating a laundry, but owns a shop in another town, and some of the barbers wanted him to step out. His term expires in July, when he will be succeeded by a Hillsboro barber. The new board will soon meet for organization.

Bishop Warren of Denver will preside at the next meeting of North Dakota conference, which is to be held in the First Methodist church in Fargo Oct. 11. This will be the first time that the bishop has officiated in this conference, though he has frequently been in the state.

The movement of St. Paul and Minneapolis paper houses to establish branch concerns in Fargo led to local people taking up the matter. The North Dakota Book and Stationery company, which has done a retail trade here many years, has decided to do business on a larger scale.

A strong effort to raise funds for a $15,000 armory will be made at once by the members of Company E. The company owns a fine lot on South Broadway.

Fargo is a haven for seven Grand Forks county prisoners, while a new jail is being erected at Grand Forks.

Grand Forks—An entirely new plan of maintaining the insane hospital at Jamestown will become effective after Jan. 1, 1906, when, by a new law, it is made the duty of the superintendents of the hospital for the insane at Jamestown and the Feeble Minded institute at Grafton to submit a bill for $50 to the county from which the patient is committed, the proceeds to be placed to the credit of the maintenance fund. The superintendent of each institution is further directed to make such a demand for $50 each six months, as long as the patient is cared for in either of the institutions.

The boards of county commissioners are authorized to collect from the estate or relatives of such persons committed a sum sufficient to reimburse the county for the amount thus paid the state.

Under the present law the maintenance of the asylum falls directly on the state. The change to county plan will result in a much larger tax levy in the larger counties of each state, and the state levy should be correspondingly lower. The new law is similar to that in force in Wisconsin.

M. L. Elken of Mayville, who has been a member of the board of trustees of the Jamestown asylum for six years, has tendered his resignation to Governor Sarles. The resignation was not accepted until yesterday, when Governor Sarles visited at Mayville, and reluctantly accepted it, after Mr. Elken had stated that his business affairs made it necessary for him to retire from the board. Governor Sarles will, upon his return to Bismarck, appoint K. S. Groth, a hardware merchant of Mayville, to fill the vacancy.

John William Allan, who lives at Fargo, was granted a decree of divorce here by Judge Fisk from Margaret Allan. The couple were married at Elmiracl seven years ago, and the husband asserts that his wife deserted him two years later.

The sixteenth annual grand lodge meeting of the A. O. U. W. and the tenth annual session of the grand lodge, Degree of Honor, will be held in this city next Tuesday and Wednesday.

William Ackerman, county auditor, one of the pioneer settlers of the state, lies dangerously ill at his home in this city. He enlisted in the regular army at the close of the Civil war, through which he served as a volunteer, and all told spent twenty-two years of his life in the army.

TEST YOUR KIDNEYS

Thousands of Men and Women Die Every Year of Kidney Disease Because They Don't Know In Time They Have Got It.

The only way to keep watch of your health is to test your kidneys once a month. Just let a tumblerful of morning urine stand 24 hours, and if it becomes cloudy, or particles float about in it, or if a reddish-brown sediment forms, it is positive proof that your kidneys have been diseased for months and are utterly unable to do their work, and unless properly treated at once, Bright's disease, diabetes, uric acid and blood poisoning, with fatal results, will surely follow.

The only safe and positive cure for all diseases of the kidneys, bladder, liver and blood is

WARNER'S SAFE CURE

the standard of doctors and hospitals for over half a century. It is made of pure herbs and contains no dangerous drugs. Has cured thousands of cases where all else had failed.

Safe Cure is sold at all drug stores, or direct, 50 cents ad $1.00 a bottle.

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES AND IMITATIONS. They are worthless and very often exceedingly dangerous. Ask for Warner's Safe Cure; it will cure you.

If, after making this test, you have any doubt as to your physical condition, or the health of any of your family, write fully and in confidence to our doctors for free advice and council. Medical booklet free. Address Warner's Safe Cure Co., Rochester, N. Y.

WARNER'S SAFE PILLS move the bowels gently and aid a speedy cure.

HYPNOTIZED BY MUSIC.

Wild Tale of Harpist's Performance From Peoria.

Peoria, Ill., May 12.—Rosetti, a French harpist, a modern Svengali, worked a hypnotic spell Sunday evening in which several local Germans, adepts in music, were wafted to an unnatural sleep by his wonderful playing of his instrument. Herman Sanders, tenor, and Herman Bauer, zither ist, prominent residents, were among those who fell under Rosetti's spell. He played an Italian opera and the music fell from his finger tips so deftly that it fairly entranced his hearers.

Finally the old man left his instrument and went to his quarters. He awakened six hours afterwards and said he had traveled in a wonderful country of music and flowers. His subjects awakened at the same time and marveled over the strange circumstance. Yesterday Rosetti returned to Sanders for his harp and said he had almost forgotten where he had been Sunday night. Rosetti is 45 years old. He has been in America fifteen years.

MARRYING SQUIRE

Has United Six Thousand Hearts Within Six Years.

So Busy Helping Others That He Is Still Single.

Brazil, Ind., May 12.—Justice George E. Law, the famous marrying squire of Brazil, Ind., undoubtedly holds the record in Indiana for the number of marriage ceremonies that have been performed by one man within the comparatively short time of six years and three months. This is the extent of his continuous service as a justice of the peace in Brazil. During this period he has united 3,000 couples and sent them on their way rejoicing.

Law was elected a justice of the peace for Brazil township in November, 1898, and performed his first marriage ceremony Jan. 21, 1899. His one thousandeth ceremony was solemnized Wednesday evening, April 19.

In commemoration of his remarkable record in assisting lovesick swains and their admiring maidens to embark hand in hand, upon their voyage over the matrimonial sea, Justice Law has just given an elaborate banquet to thirty of his friends, many of whom being his matrimonial clients.

Squire Law became popular among couples contemplating marriage, from the very beginning of his official career as a justice of the peace. His services were in constant demand from the time that he united in marriage his first couple little more than six years ago.

His reputation for tieing the knot hard, and for applying the legal cement properly extended throughout the entire southern part of the Hoosier state. Nor was it confined within the boundaries of Indiana.

His fame has spread to the neighboring states of Illinois, Kentucky and Ohio, and he has married many couples who had journeyed hundreds of miles that they might be permitted to add one more ceremony to the rapidly increasing list which told of Justice Law's flourishing business in his line.

Justice Law had been in the business but a few weeks until the lovers flocked to his office in such numbers that he decided to make a specialty of wedding ceremonies.

For this purpose he furnished an elegant matrimonial parlor in his office. One of the features of this is a massive floral horse shoo and bell, under which by far the greater number of his weddings have been solemnized.

Thus elegantly and tastefully furnished, Squire Law's Gretna Green at Brazil gradually became the mecca for scores of lads and lassies in whose hearts there burned brightly the spark of mutual love.

Nowhere in the state was there a justice's hymenoal altar to which intended brides and grooms flocked in greater numbers.

During his official tenure, Brazil's famous marrying squire has performed wedding ceremonies in every conceivable manner and place, except in a balloon. So far, the requests of prospective married couples have not assumed aerial phases. There is no doubt that, if they had, Squire Law would have gladly accommodated them.

So engrossed with the work is the squire that he unhesitatingly says he would rather start a loving couple on their voyage upon the matrimonial sea than do any other thing in the world.

The lowest fee he ever received for a ceremony was 33 cents and a big red apple. The money was all the groom had, while the red apple was a present from the bride. She said she had heard the 'Squire was so fond of red apples she had procured one for him. The apple had been previously wrapped up in a new bandana handkerchief.

For marrying one couple who had previously walked twelve miles to the 'Squire's office, he received $1 from the groom, who said it was the last he had. But he was perfectly willing to part with it that he might take unto himself, as his wife, the girl whom he loved dearer than gold or silver, or life. He had just $3 when he started from home, and the other two were spent in procuring the license. "Walking was good," he said.

At another time the 'Squire was presented with a load of pumpkins by the appreciative groom, who said he had more pumpkins than he knew what to do with, and as he and the prospective Mrs. "Bumpkin" were going to drive to town in the big wagon anyway, he thought he might as well bring a load of pumpkins along.

For weeks after that, the 'Squire's friends dined on pumpkin pie. Indeed, pumpkin pie was so plentiful at 'Squire Law's Gretna Green that the next fifty couples whom he married were presented each with a piece of pie of that favorite brand, together with the 'Squire's compliments.

'Squire Law has performed at least half a dozen ceremonies while the bride and groom as well as himself were standing in a farm wagon.

One couple was made happy and made to taste of the joy of conjugal bliss by being married in an interurban car.

Another couple especially requested that their ceremony be solemnized while they were riding in an automobile. The 'Squire couldn't be frightened by autos. So, while the chauffeur was driving the mammoth machine at 30 miles an hour, 'Squire Law quietly pronounced the ceremony. 'Squire Law has married them of all ages and sizes, and from all walks of life.

The oldest groom who ever requested him to tie the knot confessed that he had already passed the four-score mark, while his wrinkled, though blushing bride, acknowledged that she was past 79.

The most youthful hearts which he has made as beat as one were but 15 and 16 respectively, the girlish heart being one year the younger.

The squire has married four couples twice, while one couple went to him four different times and had him perform four different ceremonies before they could live together contentedly.

From this latter statement it must not be inferred that Brazil's famous marrying squire had not performed his duty well and tied the knot tightly.

The brand of cement which he has used has held the lovers close together in the holy bonds of matrimony, notwithstanding the assailing elements that fain would rend asunder the sacred ties that bind. Almost invariably he has tied the knot tightly and securely.

As a testimonial to this, it may be stated that he has in more than a score of instances married from two to four members of one family, while in one family there are the who owe it to Squire Law that they are married and have so far lived happy thereafter.

Of those who have applied, the majority have been couples who eloped in order to get married in the first place. Eloping couples are not supposed to stand four square to all the adverse winds that sweep across the matrimonial sea.

So, after all, the squire's record stands unique and unexcelled. No other squire, in Indiana, at least, can show a record that can compare with that which has been made by Law of Brazil.

Justice Law is 46 years of age. He is still a single man. He has been too busy aiding lovers to embark upon the sea of matrimony to start on the journey himself.

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

McCauley, a "Trusty," Breaks Out of the Marquette Prison.

Marquette—James McCauley, a "trusty," took French leave at Marquette prison at a late hour last night, and appears to have made his escape good.

McCauley was a night fireman and occupied the prison yard alone with the night engineer. His absence was discovered by the latter about half an hour after his escape. He scaled a wall, using a scantling to rig up a rough ladder.

The most peculiar fact about McCauley's escape, and one that makes it really noteworthy, is the fact that already the prisoner had served more than the time for which he was sentenced. He was sent to prison from Gogebic county over a year ago for a petty offense. He had been drinking and the judge wanted to give him just a year, which McCauley admitted would be a good thing for him.

He was one of the first men sentenced under the indeterminate sentence law passed by the legislature of 1903, and was given a minimum sentence of a year and a maximum sentence of a year and a day. McCalley's year was up a few months ago, and he had been looking foeward to immediate discharge.

Just before his year expired, however, the supreme court handed down a ruling on the indeterminate sentence law to the effect that a trial judge was not qualified to fix the maximum sentence, which the court held should in each case be the maximum sentence fixed by the statute.

Under this ruling McCauley's maximum sentence became five years, when the plain intention of the judge was that a year and a day was a sufficient penalty.

In the interval the prison authorities have endeavored to square things for McCauley by getting him a parole, and he would have received this favor shortly. It was thought the parole would be along some weeks ago, but there have been delays.

McCauley held his detention beyond the term fixed by the trial judge much at heart, and evidently had planned his escape carefully.

Patrick Kelly, convicted at St. Ignace for burglary, was received at the penitentiary today to serve from three to fifteen years. He was discharged from prison only Nov. 11 last, after serving eight years for a crime committed in Lower Michigan.

County Clerk Mark Elliott has been appointed receiver of the old Kloman Mining company by Circuit Judge J. W. Stone. His bond has been fixed at $50,000. Friction among the stockholders prompted the receivership.

Iron River—Alleging that the alderman has slandered him, City Marshal Manning has brought suit for $20,000 damages against Frank Scadden, a member of the council of Crystal Falls.

Ishpeming—The state Sunday closing law is to be given a test in court. The Ishpeming Law and Order League has caused the arrest of John E. Berquist, a confectioner, accused of having kept his store open on Sunday, April 23.

Negaunee—The Cleveland Cliffs Iron company is pushing its Ashland mine this year, and will make large shipments. It is rushing work at its Mass and Negaunee mines, and the former will be in shape for production in a short time. The Negaunee will make a bigger output than for any preceding year.

The company's exploratory work in the Marquette district is progressing fairly well, though several drills that had been operating in an untried part of the field have been taken off. This company is rebuilding and enlarging its chemical plant at the Gladstone furnace and expects to start here by mid-summer. The Pioneer furnace has been running at full time and very satisfactorily for a long period.

Nothing is being done with its Mesaba properties, and there is little hope that it will be mining there this year, though some exploratory work may be undertaken later. The old mines of the company at Ishpeming, the Cliffs, Lake Salisbury, and others, are doing well and will make a bigger tonnage than last year, probably as large as in any previous season.

The Marquette & Southeastern railway which is owned by the Cleveland Cliffs Iron company, is to build an extension from Marquette to Lake Independence. This will run westerly along the lake, and will open a timbered district twenty-five miles wide and forty miles long, through which the company owns a vast tract of land, heavily timbered with hardwoods.

All this region was "lumbered" years ago—that is, the pine that was then thought to be good was taken off, but there is still much pine, while the immense values in hardwoods were never touched. This gives the Cleveland Cliffs company an available acreage of hardwood lands east, south and west from Marquette, the importance of which can scarcely be realized, especially to a company that proposes to remain in the business of making charcoal, pig iron and wood acids.

Mothers Are Helped

THEIR HEALTH RESTORED

Happiness of Thousands of Homes Due to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Mrs. Pinkham's Advice.

A devoted mother seems to listen to every call of duty excepting the supreme one that tells her to guard her health, and before she realizes it some derangement of the female organs has manifested itself, and nervousness and irritability take the place of happiness and amiability.

Tired, nervous and irritable, the mother is unfit to care for her children, and her condition ruins the child's disposition and reacts upon herself.

The mother should not be blamed, as she no doubt is suffering with backache, headache, bearing-down pains or displacement, making life a burden.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the unfailing cure for this condition. It strengthens the female organs and permanently cures all displacements and irregularities.

Such testimony as the following should convince women of its value:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:

"I want to tell you how much good Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done me. I suffered for eight years with ovarian troubles. I was nervous, tired and irritable, and it did not seem as though I could stand it any longer, as I had five children to care for. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was recommended and it has entirely cured me. I cannot thank you enough for your letter of advice and for what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me.—Mrs. Ph. Hoffman, 100 Himrod Street, Brooklyn, N. Y."

Mrs. Pinkham advises sick women free. Address, Lynn, Mass.

10c for 15c set of Collar or Beauty Pins—3 on a card—Saturday only 10c the card.

Freimuth's Lake Avenue, Superior and Michigan Streets. Duluth, Minnesota.

Twelve full size bars good laundry soap—1 doz limit—Saturday 12 bars for..... 25c

Two Great Purchases Covert Coats

OUR resident New York buyer has sent us two splendid lots of stylish covert coats—loose backs, belt backs and tight-fitting styles—a magnificent assortment—great bargains at the prices.

This hint of the prices:

$10.00 and $12.50 Coats for $5.50.

$20 Cravenettes $13.50.

$13½ Fifty sample cravenette rain coats — full length, all sizes—choice colors—less than cost to make—special Saturday only $13.50.

Women's $24.00 Suits $12.50.

$12.50 Handsome new styles in women's tailor-made suits that sold regularly at $22.50 to $24.00—many novelty garments—on sale Saturday, special at $12.50 Saturday. $12.50

$7.50 Skirts $5.00.

Twenty-five new models of fancy flounced skirts — made of fine all-wool Panamas— real values $7.50, Saturday on sale at $5.00. $5

A SATURDAY FLYER FOR MEN.

35c for 50c and 75c Neckwear or 3 for $1.00—

FOR Saturday we place on sale a hundred dozen men's fine neckwear, in finest patterns, tints and shades—neckwear of the dressy sort—particular neckwear for people with discriminating taste — Four-in-hands and French folds—1¾ and 2½-inch widths that never sold less than 75c and 50c in an exclusive furnishing store—yet here they are—in an endless variety at—

35c Each or 3 for.... **$1**

While attending the Neckwear Sale ask the clerk to show you the Freimuth dollar shirt. Do that, and you'll satisfactorily solve the spring shirt question. Even if you don't want to buy now—you'll remember us when you do buy.

Dollar Shirt Facts:

Materials right in every particular—patterns nobby—perfectly tailored—and our size system enables us to fit you just as well as you could be with made to order goods—We set out months ago to give you the best dollar shirts in America, and we're doing it! None such elsewhere in Duluth—that's sure.

¼ Size Collars 2 for 25c.

Arrow Brand—the only true "quarter-size" collars—made of pure shrunk linen, insuring perfect fit and shape—15c each, or 2 for 25c.

35c Lisle Suspenders 25c the Pair.

Twenty doz. featherweight lisle suspenders—35c goods ten cents under price—Saturday 25c a pair.

25c for 35c Socks.

A SPLENDID lot of men's fancy half hose— tans, grays and blacks—neat embroidered effects—regular 35c values—Saturday, choice of 100 dozen pairs at 25c the pair.

10c Buttons 5c.

Best 10c gold plate buttons — they will not "rub off" Saturday 5c each.

SATURDAY TOILET SPECIALS.

Harvey's Coke Dandruff Cure and Hair Tonic—our regular cut price 89c—Saturday only..... 50c

Petroleum Jelly—1-lb jar— sells at 15c always—Saturday here only..... 9c

Borated Talcum Powder—daintily perfumed—sifter top can — regular 25c—here only..... 15c

Colgate's Perfumes—choice of all odors—regular price 50c per ounce—Saturday only—per ounce..... 29c

Henry Tetlow's Face Powder—all colors—regular 25c box—Saturday..... 19c

Edison Gold Moulded Records 25c Each.

THESE new records are much harder than the old type wax record. They may be handled without fear of spoiling the surface with finger marks. These records are made from a perfect master—and no care or expense is spared to make it perfect—consequently all Edison records made from this master are exactly alike.

Come down in our basement tomorrow—hear a phonograph play some of those new records—then you'll know Gold-Moulded Records are the only kind!

BASEMENT SPECIALS

SATURDAY.

25c Globe XL Washboards—Saturday—special at..... 16c

Our best quality 25c Clothes Lines—Saturday only..... 15c

The Novelty Clothes Wringers—our regular price $3.48—Saturday, special at..... $2.39

Ironing Wax—always sold at 3c—tomorrow six sticks for..... 5c

Our splendid 25c Fiber Scrub Brushes, special.. 15c

White enameled douche or bed pans—a regular $2 grade—special Saturday only. 98c

Extra Good Corsets $1.00

The W. B. Erect Form Corset is a cozy, modish and shapely garment in which every dictate of fashion is apparent. It inflicts no strain on abdomen or bust—it allows full freedom to the lungs, places all the pressure of lacing upon the hips and holds the figure erect. A different model for each different sort of figure. Prices start at $1.00.

BARGAIN SQUARE

SATURDAY.

15c For Children's 25c Hose.

A thousand pairs of Children's very elastic, fine ribbed cotton stockings — absolutely fast black—better than the usual 25c sorts—all sizes from 5 to 9½—per pair Saturday only 15c.

ON THE SQUARE

SATURDAY.

15c For 25c to 50c Stationery.

AN odd lot of fine boxed stationery; some small lots—also odd lots of which boxes are soiled or broken—the paper and envelopes are fine 25c to 50c qualities.

Saturday on the Bargain Square at 15c box.

BARGAIN SQUARE

SATURDAY.

19c For Women's 25c Hose.

ONE solid case of 120 doz. women's fine full-fashioned stockings, the famous Esco brand—high spliced heels—double soles and toes—very elastic tops—extra good values for a quarter—tomorrow at 19c the pair.

FREIMUTH HATS

SPECIAL AT $3.75

Here's news that you'll be mighty glad to hear. Our artist trimmers have put in every possible minute this week in making up a lot of stylish new hats that should regularly bring $5.00 each.

But we want tomorrow's business to boom enough to offset the stormy days, so we offer choice of this magnificent lot of fine hats at $3.75.

And just to make it interesting for the girls, we will offer several lots of $3 and $4 hats at $2.48.

Mme. Ruppert's

FACE BLEACH.

IN this climate the face should have the protection of a preparation which will protect it against the redness incident to exposure to driving northeasters. Along the Atlantic coast, as well as the shore countries of Europe—particular women have for years depended on Mme. Ruppert's Face Bleach. Many Duluth women have tried it and are recommending it to their friends. On sale at our cut-rate Drug Dept.

WOMEN'S 20c VESTS SPECIAL AT 12½c.

Made of superfine cotton—low neck, sleeveless—prettily finished and taped—all sizes—made to retail at 20c—special tomorrow 12½c.

All sizes tomorrow.

WOMEN'S 75c UNION SUITS 50c.

THEY'RE seconds of the celebrated Forest Mills make—high neck, long sleeve, ankle length union suits of finest cotton—medium weight for spring wear—beautifully finished garments—but a dropped stitch—a black thread, or some little, almost unnoticeable defect caused the conscientious maker to class them as seconds.

You get the benefit—all sizes tomorrow only 50c suit.

Men's 25c Hdkfs 15c. Pure Linen.

We took over an importer's surplus — that's why we can give you such bargains without losing money.

They're fine linen handkerchiefs—every thread pure linen—just the right size for men—all the popular widths of hems — better than handkerchiefs you'll see elsewhere at 25c—tomorrow's special at 15c each.

No less by the dozen.

10c Handkerchiefs 7c 3 for 20c.

A hundred dozen women's dainty white handkerchiefs—fine and sheer—pretty hemstitched borders with elaborately embroidered corners—our regular price 10c—tomorrow only 7c each.

3 for 20c—that's 3 for the regular price of two.

28c Ribbons 15c.

Best quality satin and gros grain ribbons—2½ to 3 inches wide—a fine assortment of colors—our regular price 28c yard—Saturday special at 15c yard.

45c Ribbons 35c.

The season's prettiest novelties in ribbons—heavy taffeta embroidered with silk polka dots—two color effects—full 4½-in. wide—our plainly marked regular price 45c the yard—on sale special Saturday at 35c the yard.

65c Back Combs 50c.

The fad of the hour—gold-mounted back combs and side combs—new shapes with dainty gold decorations and mountings—bright or Roman finish— our regular price 65c—Saturday special at 50c.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

PETITION READY

Council Can Now Order West Superior Street Paving.

Board Lets Six Contracts For Sewers and Improvements.

The paving of West Superior street from Eighth avenue west to Twenty-sixth avenue west, will probably be ordered by the council Monday evening, unless some hitch in the proceedings occurs.

The petition for the work, containing the requisite number of names, was filed with the board of public works this morning. The board will investigate the signatures and report on the validity of the petition to the council Monday evening. It is expected that the council will then order the work done, and direct the board to advertise for bids.

The bids cannot be called for, however, until there is sufficient money in the revolving fund to pay for the work, and the advance assessment of 80 per cent of the engineers' estimate will have to be levied and collected before the contract for the work can be let.

The assessment for the work on first street was confirmed by the board this morning, and it will be due any time after Monday, but even when this is paid in there will not be enough money in the fund to pay for the West Superior street work, owing to the size of the contract and the large number of small improvements under way.

The engineer's estimate of a tar macadam pavement on West Superior street is $111,000.

Even if the pavement is ordered Monday evening and all the preliminaries rushed as rapidly as possible, it will be nearly three months before the contract can be let and the work commenced.

No less than six small sewer and improvement contracts were let by the board this morning.

Thomas & McCoy received the contract for a sewer in the alley between Fifty-sixth and Fifty-seventh avenues west, from Main to Nicollet street, for $1,366.

The contract for a sewer in Glenwood street from Fifty-eighth avenue east to Sixtieth, was let to Johnson & Nordgren for $864.

Adam McAdams was the successful bidder for a sewer in the alley between Fifty-sixth and Central avenues from Bristol to Nicollet street, for $1,462.

George R. King received the contract for a sewer in Sixth street, from Fifth to Seventh avenues east, for $917.90.

Frank Carlson secured the contract for grading Fifth alley from Seventh to Eighth avenues east, in the sum of $443.74.

The contract for grading Seventh alley from Ninth to Tenth avenues east, was let to Frank Carlson for $564.17.

The six contracts will be sent to the council Monday evening for confirmation.

FIREMAN SUSPENDED

For Reading the Sporting Page of Newspaper.

Chicago, May 12.—Thomas Watson, an Evanston fireman, was suspended for an offense which when discovered and publicly named actually made official Evanston tremble, the shock was so great. Watson's previous record had been so clear that the news could not be credited. Thomas Watson had been caught reading the sporting page of a newspaper!

Firemen in Evanston may read cook books and Emerson's essays, but they shall not read stories about horse races, baseball games, football contests and bowling. Not within the four-mile limit.

Watson protested that he had committed no crime, and his companions on the fire department added their protests to his. They said they would order an extra supply of newspapers today, and if the rule against reading sporting pages was carried out Evanston would be without fire protection.

"If the board of civil service construes a sporting page as a gambling device," was Chief Mersch's reply, 'my action was right. If not, I am in the wrong, and am willing to pay Mr Watson out of my own pocket for any inconvenience he may have suffered."

BRUTAL MURDER

Confessed By a Man In British Columbia.

Vancouver, B. C., May 12.—John Jackson gave himself up to the police here today, saying that on Dec. 22, 1903, he murdered a Polish Jewess in London named Dora Tiernick. He cut her throat with a razor at her house, 115 Whitefield street, of Tottenham road. He says he remained in London for weeks, but the police never came near him. He has been examined by experts and pronounced sane. The police are cabling London.

NEW STORE WILL OPEN

The Golden Rule, Modern Department Store, Ready For Business.

Everything is now in readiness for the opening of the new store at 17-19 East Superior street, which is to be kown as "The Golden Rule." At 9:30 o'clock tomorrow morning the doors of this modern department store, which is completely stocked with an up-to-date line of a variety of goods such as are usually found in a first class establishment of this kind, will be thrown open to the general public.

There is every indication that the capacity of the roomy building will be taxed to the limit by the crowds which will be on hand to see what "The Golden Rule" has to offer, and there is also every indication that the people who are on hand the first day will be there frequently in the future, for a very attractive assortment of goods is on display to interest the buyer. The policy of the company will be to buy and sell for cash, disposing of all articles at a very small margin of profit.

The store is very well equipped for business. About $4,000 has been expended during the last few weeks in remodeling and improving the interior. The first floor affords 6,000 square feet of floor space, and in addition to this there is a balcony at one end of the building for cleaks and suits. The excellent system of lighting will prove to be popular with the public. Besides nine large arc lights, there are scores of incandescents strung all through the store. The large basement is almost filled with stock, for which there is not room on the main floor. Consignments of goods have been arriving from the East every day for some little time past.

No outside capital is invested in the Golden Rule. All the stock is owned by people who have done business here for years past. S. Y. Josephs, president of the corporation, was principal owner of the National Clothing company, which was conducted in a fair and honorable manner here for ten years. Mr. Josephs was elected to his present position by reason of the fine business record he made while in the National company. H. Y. Josephs, secretary, and Max Zaik, treasurer, have been in business in Duluth for the past twenty years, and are men of character and standing. R. Buckman, vice president, came here from New York city, where he has been a successful dry goods man.

On the opening day souvenirs will be given away to men, women and children.

"We believe there is a good opening for a store of this kind in Duluth," said S. Y. Josephs yesterday. "We are here to stay, have a ten-years' lease on the building, and also an option on it. We intend to become a permanent business institution of Duluth, and look for a good patronage, which is sure to increase as the people become acquainted with our methods and fair manner of treating them.

"Everyone will receive fair treatment at our hands. We shall endeavor to live up to the Golden Rule at all times, and do by others as we would have others do by us. We shall emulate the Golden Rule store of St. Paul in this. It is a worthy model to pattern after, for the St. Paul establishment probably does the largest retail business of any like institution in the Northwest. We shall sell a high quality of goods at low prices, and it is our ambition to become as well known and popular with the public as the St. Paul store, which started in in a very small way a comparatively few years ago. 'We will always sell everything at the lowest possible margin of profit, and will have no particular 'leaders.' That is to say, we will not advertise one particular line of goods for sale at a very low price to draw the crowd, and then charge high prices for everything else in the store, which is a system adopted by some stores. We want the confidence of the people, and intend to gain it by treating them right."

Knox Hats.
M. S. BURROWS.

PAUL FOURNIER

Is Said to Be Missing From Quiring.

Bemidji, Minn., May 12.—A well-founded report is to the effect that Paul Fournier, accused last fall with having murdered N. O. Dahl and daughter, Aagot, has left his home at Quiring for parts unknown.

The report, which is given by a prominent resident of Quiring, is that Fournier entirely disappeared shortly after the arrest of "Shorty" Wesley, and that he has not been seen near his home for several weeks.

U. C. T. dance, Elks' hall, Sat. eve., 8:30.

Shoes and Oxfords for Spring!

Special values and exclusive styles in Patents, Russian Calf, Choc. Kid, Vici and Calf Shoes and Oxfords and Slippers for everybody, from the cradle to old age and comfort.

Men's Shoes and Oxfords, from $1.50 up to the best $6.00 grade—made by the celebrated James A. Banister of Newark, N. J., the gold medal winner at the World's Fair exhibits.

Women's Shoes and Oxfords, from **$6.00 down to 98c.**
Misses and Children's Oxfords and Slippers, from sizes 2 in infants' to 2 in Misses', from **$2 down to 65c.**
Boys' Oxfords in kid, patent and colored, from **$3 down to $1.50.**

The most complete line of Boots and Shoes at the Head of the Lakes. **Look at our windows. We guarantee satisfaction.**

SUFFEL & CO.
131 W. Superior St.

Millinery.

We are turning out from our own workroom, copies of the latest creations of the Eastern milliners—but our prices for equal beauty and equal value are 25 to 50 per cent lower than such style and quality brings at all other stores in Duluth. Extraordinary values at **$5 to $10.**

AT $4.95—We offer 50 special hats for Saturday, the equals of any $7 to $9 hats in Duluth.

AT $1.98—Children's trimmed body hats on wire frame—chiffon faced with ribbon and flower trimmings—every hat worth at least $3.

STREET HATS—Sailor effects, Napoleons, turbans, etc., all colors **—$1.89 up to $7.**

BABY BONNETS and children's mull hats—a complete line of all that's right and pretty—**8c to $4.95.**

Ladies' stocks.

We offer for Saturday a large special purchase—1,000 fine stocks and turnover collars in white, creams and ecrus—including embroidered stocks, in many fancy designs, also lace collars, lace and embroidered turnovers — similar qualities and styles are selling right in Duluth for 25c, 35c and 50c —yet we will give you choice from this entire purchase Saturday at **10c**

New neck ruchings.

The daintiest, the latest—made of all-silk chiffon and of Liberty silks —in white, pink, red, lavender, blue and black—the prettiest things you ever saw, with novelties you'll not find elsewhere at—per yard—

15c, 25c and 35c.

15c hankfs 8c.

You never had a value like this from any but the Glass Block store —even we can seldom do so well—Ladies' PURE LINEN hemstitched, Irish-make handkerchiefs, ¼-inch hems, sold everywhere for 15c—LIMIT ONE DOZEN to a customer—Saturday at each..... **8c**

Laces—Extra Values.

25 pieces of cream net allovers— the kind that are in such great demand for waists, yokes, sleeves and wide trimmings—the newest patterns always at a lower price—a yd

50c to $6.25.

BLACK CHANTILLY trimming laces—values in these 100 pieces up to 50c a yard—are to be sold out at only—a yard... **10c**

Dress fasteners.

Get the "Hear-it-Snap" brand and you will have a garment fastener that will satisfy you, because your garment will **STAY FASTENED.** It's a snap for you to get so reliable a fastener at—per dozen **15c**

Saturday sale of pictures $1.39 each

Make the home beautiful. We will assist you, and at a small cost. **SATURDAY** we will place on Bargain Counter No. 1, about 300 framed pictures, consisting of water colors, engravings, etchings, pastels, photogravures and color reproductions. Some small, some medium size, some large size. Every picture is handsomely framed in gold, oak or other up-to-date style; hardly two pictures or frames alike in the entire lot.

The frames are made of odd pieces and the pictures are odd subjects, some of which should be in pairs, but there isn't one in the lot but is worth two, three and four times the money we ask.

There are suitable subjects for parlors, dining rooms, bedrooms, halls, libraries, dens — some beauties amongst them, and you can't fail to get several times your money's worth. First come gets first choice. Are you to be one of the early purchasers? **$1.39**

The frames alone on many of them are worth double the money.

Girls' sample coats--Saturday sale.

Our New York buyer gobbled up the entire sample line of one of the best tailors who makes a specialty of girls' and misses' coats. They go on sale Saturday at big reductions from regular prices. They are for girls of 8, 10, 12 and 14 years—no two coats alike—all fine man-tailored—none better to be had in America. Be on hand early Saturday—take your pick from five lots—

$12.50	$9.98	$8.50	$7.50	$5.98
For genuine $18.50 values—silk lined.	For actual $15.00 values in Girls' Coats.	For Coats that would always sell at $12.50.	For beautiful $10.00 Coats for all ages.	For coats never before sold at less than $8.50.

Spring Jewelry Sale Saturday.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

Imperial Men's $3 Derby Hats Saturday.

We want more boys here Saturday.

We want more fathers and mothers to know about the fine clothes they can buy here for their boys at less than clothing store prices. We want you to see the handsome new suits—blouse, Norfolk and sack—and to get acquainted with the way we save you money.

Boys' suits at $3.98.

Same as sold by clothing stores at $5 and $5.50—boys' double-breasted two-piece suits in plain and fancy mixtures, light and dark colors—all this spring's newest styles —all sizes for boys of 8 to 15 years.

Boys' suits at $4.98.

Suits that clothing stores sell up to $7.50. Belted Norfolk style—in new browns, grays, blue and black — special collection of "cracker-jack" suits for boys of 4 to 14 years —they fit and they save you money.

Boys' waists, etc.

The "Mothers' Friend" shirt waists and blouses in all fancy colors—made of linen, percale, cheviot, madras and oxfords, at 50c to $1.50.

NEW CAPS—25c, 39c, 50c.
NEW TIES—Windsors, 25c.

Just received 2000 more ROSE BUSHES! Go on sale Saturday.

We have had hundreds of calls for "Beauty" rose bushes during the past week and our efforts to get them have been repaid. 2,000 was all we could get. They are **"American Beauties"** and **"Meteors."** The Meteors are a deep red rose, for which also we had many calls.

These bushes were taken from the ground Thursday, are all fresh and alive, will all bloom this year with proper care, and every blossom will be worth more than **10c** you pay us for the entire bush. This is positively your last chance to get the famous Glass Block rose bushes this season. "Get in" on this lot, Saturday at..... **10c**

$1.25 taffeta silk 89c.

Saturday you can get another good Glass Block silk at a money-saving price.

Just received another lot of those 36-inch **BLACK TAFFETAS** with the wear guaranty woven in the selvedge. This is just as good in every way as the silk for which you usually pay $1.25 a yard at other stores.

We make the special price for Saturday—per yard.... **89c**

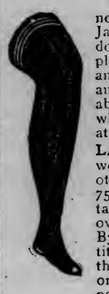
Underwear.

White ingrain cotton vests, with long sleeves—each..... **25c**

UMBRELLA PANTS—You know we sell them for 10c to 25c a pair less than other stores. We have thus two extra Glass Block values at— **25c and 50c**

UNION SUITS—Buying large quantities, instead of selling at 65c and 75c, we have fine tight or umbrella styles in combination suits—sleeveless and low necks for **50c**

Hosiery.



We open Saturday a new arrival of 100 doz Jacquard woven polka dot boot patterns with plain tops—black, blue and tan, white heels and toes. You'll not be able to get these anywhere else at..... **25c**

LACE HOSE—These would sell ordinarily at other stores for 50c and 75c a pair. They are tans and blacks, in all-over lace boot patterns. By taking a large quantity we are able to sell them at 3 pairs for $1—or—per pair..... **35c**

EXTRA SIZES—for large women —fast black cotton, some with white feet. The kind you expect to pay 50c for—we sell you at..... **35c**

Farnese face food

This is the finest scientific preparation for the skin and complexion. It makes the flesh firm; the skin as clear and fair as that of an infant. It takes the place of all other face foods, creams, skin tonics and powders. Ask for **FARNESE FACE FOOD** at our Drug counter.

W. B. corsets.

We carry complete line of W. B. NEW FORM and W. B. ERECT FORM CORSETS—We heartily recommend both styles for service and splendid fitting qualities. The popular models now advertised in the magazines will be found in our Corset department.

Mrs. Wesley Feetham, general secretary of the local Young Women's Christian association, is expected home this evening from the southern part of the state, where she visited a short time after attending the biennial convention of the association, which was held at Detroit.

The next few days will be busy ones with the local association. The state secretary, Miss Taylor, is expected here tomorrow afternoon to inspect the local work and offer suggestions for its further improvement. Miss Taylor will be the speaker at the devotional meeting which is held Sunday afternoons at 4 o'clock, and it is hoped that a large number of members will be present. Monday evening a meeting will be held at West Duluth in the interest of the extension work, and Miss Taylor will also be present at and address this meeting and Tuesday evening the annual meeting will be held at the association rooms and the state secretary will again be the speaker. The annual meeting is an important one and it is hoped that all active members will be present. The meeting is not a long one and will without doubt be interesting to the workers. As little else is required of the members of the association but attendance at this meeting, it is hoped that a large number will show their interest in the work by their presence.

• • •

The musicale which was to have been given last evening at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. P. S. Anneke, was postponed because of the disagreeable weather, to Monday evening of next week. The few guests who had assembled were informally entertained by Mrs. Anneke, the musicians who were to appear on the program contributing several delightful numbers. Although the entertainment as originally planned was not carried out the evening was a most pleasant one. The women of the Unitarian church, under whose auspices the affair was arranged, are desirous that a large number will be present for the musicale Monday evening.

• • •

This evening the annual sacred concert of the High School Musical society will be given at the Assembly hall of the school. The concert will be as usual under the direction of A. F. M. Custance and the choir of St. Paul's Episcopal church will assist. The program is a fine one, comprising much oratorio music. Admission is free by tickets which have been distributed by members of the society.

• • •

Mrs. Henry H. Myers and little son left this morning for a short outing at Deerwood.

• • •

The Delta Sigma Nu fraternity will entertain at a banquet tomorrow evening.

• • •

Dr. and Mrs. F. O. Sherwin and Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Sherwood will entertain at a reception this evening in honor of their twenty-fifth wedding anniversaries at the home of the former.

• • •

Mrs. H. B. Arnold and Miss Arnold are at Atlantic City, N. J.

• • •

M. H. Alworth and family have returned from Tarpon Springs, Fla.

NEW STYLES PRETTY.

Coming Millinery Necessitates Careful Hair Dressing.

"Of course one is inclined to imagine that the reigning modes are the best, but, such prejudice apart, we really think that the new styles are extremely pretty, and, what is even more important, very generally becoming. They are indeed a radical change from the fashions of the last few seasons; no immense broad brims, no flowers sweeping into the neck or cascades of lace or streamers falling down the back; everything crisp and compact. Jaunty is the word that best describes many of the new hats, and they give a jaunty, youthful appearance to the women who sport them, says the New York Millinery Trade Review.

"They require that special attention be paid to the dressing of the hair, being smaller and showing so much more of it than has been shown of late: so hair dressers jubilate, and invent many new and complicated coiffures, to which their clients take very kindly, and are quite ready to supplement nature by the use of artificial paddings and tresses when nature has not vouchsafed them a sufficiently luxurious crop of hair of their own.

"The vast crops of new models that have made their appearance since the date of our last letter are mostly on the lines traced out by us then; though, of course, each modiste interprets the fashions in her own way. We have yet to learn which of the many styles adopted for the season will best please Parisians in the long run; for it by no means follows that their choice will be the same six weeks hence, when it comes to donning spring toilettes, as now, when what they buy has to be worn with costumes of almost a winter character.

"Undoubtedly the somewhat curious colors that the new straw and hair shapes assume will be in high favor throughout the first part of the season, as they either match or harmonize with those of the spring and early summer dress goods. To the many of which mention has been made here must now be added two new ones—a cinnamon brown, the exact shade of the spice, and a blue-green, so dull as to be almost gray, to which the name of verdancien has been given. Both of these colors combine well with others, particularly with such as are designated "Dresden" shades. Thus a charming model, the shape of which is woven of dull gray-green hair, is trimmed around the low crown with a wreath of lilac and green roses and a cockade of lilac-tinted ribbon. A fresher shade of very light blue is chosen for the larger cockade, set against the under side of the brim, which is much wider on the left and turned up vertically.

"Another in paillasson of cinnamon shade rests on a bandeau closely clustered with roses, in which mauve, violet and brownish pink roses predominate, varied with a few small green leaves. Outside, the trimming consists of long ostrich tips of the same color as the straw. One of Carlier's new models—a polo toque, built up of cinnamon braids—is trimmed with white uncurled tips, for which some milliners are evincing a decided taste. To look well, however, they must be of the very best quality, liberally furnished with close long barbs.

"Cyclamen is another new color. It is a deep shade of rather dull pink, and looks charming in straw and hair braids, and harmonizes particularly well with certain shades of light porcelain blue. A hat of this color is turned up at the side by a wind knot of blue ribbon, at the base of which is a posy of three small roses of a somewhat darker shade of blue. The outside decoration consists of a wreath or marquise of small ostrich tips, shaded from cyclamen to blue."

NOT UNHEALTHFUL.

Plants Not Injurious In Sleeping Rooms.

The old notion still holds among many people of this and other lands, says the "Family Doctor," that flowers are not wholesome in a sleeping room. Certain plants, among which are the geranium, the lily and the begonia, are supposed, for some unexplained cause, to give off an odor at night especially obnoxious, but scientific knowledge and numerous experiments have repeatedly disposed of these delusions. It is true there are a few tropical plants which give off a perfume unhealthful to breathe at any time, but these plants are rare.

The green leaves of all flowers are, on the other hand, most beneficial, since they purify the air. That doctors are beginning to recognize this is shown by the fact that a New York hospital has a flower ward, which is used for the treatment of suitable cases. Persons confined to their bedrooms with a bad cold, influenza, bronchitis, or even consumption, cannot do better than surround themselves with pots of any kind of plant that has a profusion of green leaves. Geraniums are the least valuable in this respect, and strong-smelling flowers, like musk, should be avoided.

How the leaves act as therapeutic agents is easily explained. What renders the air of a room stuffy and unwholesome is the carbonic acid gas we breathe forth. Green leaves, however, breathe it in, consume the carbonic acid gas, and breathe forth pure oxygen. Moreover, they give off in vapor the water taken up by the roots, and thus act the part of a bronchitis kettle.

PRICES FOR

LOWER

Quality considered, than any other.

Needles, Oil, Repairs

FOR ALL MAKES AT

SINGER STORE,
14 West Superior Street,
Duluth, Minn.

WAS GOOD SPENDER.

Defendant In Divorce Suit Admits Wasting Fortune.

New York, May 12.—In the supreme court the confessions of a theatrical angel and a "good spender," who has squandered $215,000 in such pursuits as booming the "Isle of Champagne" company, furnishing a six-room apartment, speculating and making presents to his wives, were heard before Justice Amend. They were made by George Hermann, defendant in a suit for divorce brought by Florence Crosby Hermann.

Hermann was formerly a wealthy lumber dealer. He inherited a fortune from his father, and has obtained large sums from his stepmother, who now makes him an allowance. The year's allowance, he testified, is $250 a month when he attends to business, and $200 when he does not. Apparently money slipped through his fingers like meal through a sifter.

Hermann testified that he lost $80,000 backing a theatrical company that produced the musical comedy, "The Isle of Champagne." He testified that he lost $20,000 with Ward & Co., music publishers, also between $40,000 and $50,000 in decorating six rooms in the Gerlach apartment house, where he lived only six months.

Asked how much he spent on account of a woman of the name of Keyes, Hermann replied: "Spent $20,000 on her."

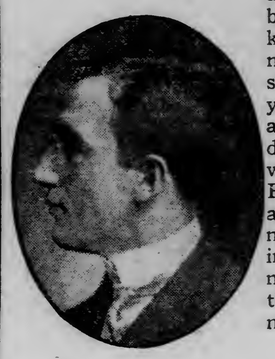
Hermann testified that his stepmother, Mrs. Rosa Hermann, advanced him probably $100,000; he was not sure.

Obstinate constipation, indigestion and stomach disorders are permanently and positively cured by taking Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Ask your druggist.

Best Boys' Store.
M. S. BURROWS.

A WORD OR TWO FROM "DAVE"

TOMORROW WILL BE THE SECOND SATURDAY OF OUR GRAND OPENING SALE



and I have arranged to make it a banner day at the Eagle by offering some of the greatest inducements ever known in a clothing store. Everything sold in this store must be absolutely of a high character at the least possible cost to the consumer. No matter how low the price you can depend on any article bought in this store. Just a word more in regard to the grand opening last Saturday: Thousands attended, but the inclemency of the weather also detained thousands more in their homes. For the benefit of my frends and patrons who were unable to attend Saturday I have made special arrangements with La Brosse's orchestra to give a free concert in the store between the hours of 7:30 and 10 p. m. tomorrow evening. Come one! Come all! and enjoy the music and look over the best assorted clothing, furnishing and shoe stocks in the entire Northwest.

Yours truly,
DAVE CASMIR.

TOMORROW'S LOW PRICES.

HIGHEST-GRADE CLOTHING, SHOES AND FURNISHING GOODS—Those who wish to save money on spring purchases should come here tomorrow.

Suit Bargains that will appeal to tasty and careful dressers who desire the best for the least money.

Special Tomorrow—Suits that would cost $10 to $12 in any other store in town—here tomorrow, only **$6.50**

Furnishings and Shoes The very best for the least money. 60 new styles of the world-famous Brockton $3.50 shoes on sale here tomorrow. The most stylish and durable shoe made; equal to other $5 and $6 kind. Try a pair and you will wear no other. All styles, all lasts, all leathers—here tomorrow, only..... **$3.50**

SUITS that would cost $15.00 to $16.50 in any other store in town—here tomorrow **$9.75**

SUITS that would cost $22.50 to $25.00 in any other store in town—here tomorrow, only **$15.00**

Cravenette Rain Coats Here tomorrow at great reductions. Actual comparison will convince you that this should be your store.

SPECIAL TOMORROW—Best quality pure cashmere Hose—only..... **19c**

Fine Shirts. This should be your shirt store. We have just received for the spring and summer trade the largest and most complete line of shirts that we have ever seen in one store. Beautiful patterns—on sale tomorrow —only..... **50c**

Also hundreds of other patterns at every price, from 50c up to $3.50.

SPECIAL TOMORROW—75c derby-ribbed underwear, all sizes..... **39c**

SPECIAL TOMORROW—15c fast black Hose—only **7c**

SPECIAL NOTICE—Boys' and Children's Department—We wish to announce that we have on sale tomorrow 200 Children's Suits, ages 3 to 14 years, of the very best makes and latest styles. SPECIAL BARGAIN TOMORROW—100 new style spring patterns, with lots of life and snap to them; $5 value—"The Viking Brand"—choice only.... **$3.50**

THE STORE THAT SAVES YOU MONEY.

EAGLE CLOTHING AND SHOE HOUSE

Free Concert Saturday Night. 321 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

CORELLI'S LATEST

Puts Nearly Every Class on Gridiron In New Book.

Roundly Scores English Society For Its Loose Methods.

New York, May 12.—A London cable to the World says: Marie Corelli puts nearly every class of persons on the griddle in her new book, "Free Opinions," that has just been published here.

The press, the clergy, the millionaire, the smart lady, the fashionable dressmaker, the parliament member, all come under Miss Correlli's lash.

Here is a gibe at the reviewer, an old enemy of the novelist's.

"Why allow an unsuccessful artist to criticise a successful picture?

"Why ask an unlucky playright who cannot get even a farce accepted by the managers, to criticise a brilliant play?

"Why depute a gentleman or lady who has 'essayed' a little unsuccessful fiction to 'review' a novel which has 'captured the fancy of the masses, and is selling well?'"

In her denunciations of the sins and follies of society, Miss Corelli out-Ritas Fita. The folowing aer typical extracts from a very powerful written indictment:

"And worst of all things is the selfish apathy which pervades the majority of the well-to-do classes. As little sympathy is shown among them for the living as regret for the dead. The misfortunes of friends are far more often made subject for ill-natured mockery than for compassion—the deaths of parents and relations are accepted with a kind of dull pleasure, as making way for the inheritance of money or estates——

"But perhaps the most noxious sign of the blight in the social atmosphere is the openly increasing laxity of morals and the disgraceful disregard of the marriage tie. Herein the British aristocracy take the lead as the choicest examples of the age.

"With looseness of morals naturally comes looseness of conversation. The conversation of many of the upper ten in England at least, shows a remarkable tendency towards repulsive subjects and objectionabe details.

"I am told on good authority that Americans—especially the best of the American women—have been amazed, and more or less scandalized, at the idea that any portion of the 'cultured' British public should be found willing to attend a dramatic representation dealing with matters pertaining to the human stomach.

The art of real hospitality has disappeared. Only the formal "At Home" remains.

"Indeed, it may be doubted whether, of all the various ludicrous social observations in which our progressive day takes part, there is anything quite so sublimely idiotic as a smart 'At Home' in London during the height of the season. Nothing certainly presents men and women in such a singularly unintelligent aspect. Their faces all wear more or less the same expression of forced amiability, the same civil grin distorts their poor mouths, the same wondering and weary stare afflicts their straining eyeballs and the same automatic arm movement and hand-jerk works every unit as each approaches the hostess in the conventional manner enjoined by the usages of that 'cultured' hypocrisy which covers a multitude of lies."

Henry Arthur Jones once said that heaven cannot think much of money, seeing the people who obtain it. Miss Corelli thinks the same:

"Wealth in excess, wealth in chunks, wealth in great, awkward, unbecoming dabs, is plastered, as it were, by the merest haphazard toss of fortune's dice on the backs of uncultured and illiterate persons, who, bowed down like asses beneath the golden burden, are asininely ignorant of its highest uses."

In writing of the American woman, the authoress finds much to praise:

"The secret of her success is in her own personal charm and vivacious intelligence, in her light scorn of stupid ceremonies, in the frank geniality of her disposition (when she can manage to keep it unspoilt by contact with the reserved hypocrisy of the 'Smart Set'), and the delightful spontaneity of her thoughts which find such ready expression in equally spontaneous speech. Altogether, the American woman is a valuable importation into Great Britain."

Woman's suffrage is, Miss Corelli thinks, secured. Woman is already mistress of creation.

"Personally speaking, I do not know any man who is not absolutely under the thumb of at least one woman. And I will not believe that there is any woman so feeble, so stupid, so lost to the power and charm of her own individuality as not to be able to influence quite half a dozen men."

Beauty in these days is apparently not even skin deep.

"Nine-tenths of the women who are styled 'beautiful' by the society paragraphist possess merely the average good looks, the rest are generally more particularly distinguished by some single or special trait which may perchance be natural, and may equally be artificial, such as uncommon-colored hair (which may be dyed), a brilliant complexion (which may be put on), or a marvelously 'svelte' figure (which may be the happy result of carefully designed corsets, well pulled in)."

GRAND OPENING SALE

SATURDAY, MAY 13, AT 9:30 A. M. SHARP.

Men's Clothing.

This department is complete in all respects. We have values in this department which are sure to arouse the greatest enthusiasm. We cordially invite your critical inspection. These marvelous offerings are made possible by a grand undervalue purchase from some of the leading clothing manufacturers in this country. Space does not permit us to enumerate the different styles we handle, we will only quote a few of the bargains.

FREE. FREE. FREE.
SOUVENIRS TO MEN FROM 7 TO 9 P. M.

MEN'S SUITS.

$3.49 a Suit— Men's fine wool suits. They are made of mixed materials in all the new shades, single and double-breasted, all sizes—a $10.00 value— Grand Opening price only..... **$3.49**

$6.89 instead of $15.00— Take your choice of fine worsted fancy cassimeres and tweeds, all are handmade, single and double-breasted, serge lined, hair cloth fronts, all sizes—Opening Sale price only..... **$6.89**

$8.98, real value $18.00— Men's Suits in clays, handsome cassimeres, blue and black serges. You can choose from twenty different styles of all-wool fabrics, at— only..... **$8.98**

$11.98—Men's $20.00 and $2.50 Suits at the Grand Opening Sale only..... **$11.98**

FREE—Souvenirs to Men from 7 to 9 p. m.

MEN'S TROUSERS.

You have never before been offered such wonderful values in Men's Pants. It was a sheer stroke of good fortune that brought us the mammoth stock of Men's Trousers right on the Grand Opening Sale—brought it to the store at a price that makes it possible to offer these record-breaking bargains.

LOT 1—Men's Working Pants, worth $1.25. for..... **69c**

LOT 2—Men's Pants, worth $1.50— for..... **89c**

LOT 3—Men's Corduroy Pants—a great value at $2.25—for..... **98c**

LOT 4—$1.49 Pants—Do you wish to dress up—get a pair of our Pants at..... **$1.48**

Others at $1.79, $2.19, $2.49—worth double.

Every garment of the above is made in a superior manner from high-grade materials.

SOUVENIRS for Children Free from 2 to 4 p. m.

Men's Hats and Caps.

A line too numerous to mention, we will just quote a few of our line—

Men's Hats, worth $1.00... 33c
Men's Hats, worth $1.25... 69c
Men's Hats, worth $1.50... 98c
Men's Hats, worth $2.50... $1.48
J. B. Stetson Hats, worth $5.....$3.69

Men's Furnishing Goods.

In this department our line is so large that it will take oceans of printers' ink to enumerate each and every article; all we ask is to come to our store on the Grand Opening. A glance at the price and quality will convince you that our motto is true, "best goods at the lowest price."

Men's Underwear—regular price 25c—can anybody beat our price for this sale? A garm't. **15c**

Underwear—regular price 75c—at this sale only..... **34c**

Underwear—regular price $1.00—at this sale only..... **43c**

Underwear—light wool, all colors—regular price $1.75—at this sale..... **83c**

OVERSHIRTS—The well-known Monarch Brand—retails at $1.00—our price at this Grand Opening Sale only..... **63c**

SILK SHIRTS—in white, brown and blue—prices ranging from.....$3.24 to **$1.24**

MEN'S WORKING SHIRTS—black and white—striped, double back and double front—regular price 50c—Grand Opening Sale price..... **33c**

OVERALLS—with and without bibs—extra heavy, 9-oz, our own brand—we sell them at..... **33c**

We handle a complete line Men's Shoes at prices which will make them move.

Note some of the prices:

Men's Shoes—regular price $1.50, at this Grand Opening, per pair only..... **98c**

Men's Shoes—regular price $1.75—at this Grand Opening Sale—per pair only..... **$1.19**

Men's Shoes—regular price $2.00—at this Grand Opening Sale, per pair only.... **$1.39**

Men's Shoes—regular price $2.25, at this Grand Opening Sale—per pair only..... **$1.69**

Men's Shoes—regular price $4.00—at this Grand Opening Sale—per pair only..... **$2.48**

Higher-priced Shoes will be sold correspondingly Cheap.

Rug and Carpet Dept.

A full line in the above department at prices that will sell quick.

In addition to the special values in the announcement we also offer for the Grand Opening Sale, Summer Dress Goods, Blankets, Table Oil Cloth, Stationery, Table Linens, Novels by the best authors—a big line of Neckwear, etc., etc.

FREE SOUVENIRS—To ladies, gentlemen and children. Come and get one.

REMEMBER—Our aim will be to make this the leading store in prices and quality.

THE GOLDEN RULE

17 & 19 EAST SUPERIOR STREET

BAY RUM COCKTAILS

Responsible For Shocking Tragedy In Oklahoma.

Pawhuska, Okla., May 12.—Bay rum cocktails are responsible for a shocking tragedy in this city.

Wes Carrington, a resident of Pawhuska, in company with El Leavey, formerly of St. Louis, later of Muskogee; S. J. Headley of Chetopa, Kan.; a Mr. Black, popularly known as "Red Peruna," and whose last known residence was in Florida, and Jim Bennett purchased some bay rum, of which they proceeded to concoct some cocktails.

It is not generally known where they spent the night, but by noon of the following day Wes Carrington, S. J. Headley and "Red Peruna" were dead as the result of wood alcohol poisoning and Bennett is not expected to live. Leavey died during the night.

Carrington leaves a widow and four small children, all girls. Leavey leaves a widow and four children. Details concerning the families of the others are at present lacking.

CAPT. GRAHAM'S CURE

Sores on Face and Back. Tried Many Doctors. Without Success.

GIVES THANKS TO CUTICURA

Captain W. S. Graham, 1321 Eoff St., Wheeling, W. Va., writing under date of June 14, '04, says: "I am so grateful I want to thank God that a friend recommended Cuticura Soap and Ointment to me. I suffered for a long time with sores on my face and back. Some doctors said I had blood poison, and others that I had barbers' itch. None of them did me any good, but they all took my money. My friends tell me my skin now looks as clear as a baby's, and I tell them all that Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment did it."

NURSES WED WEALTHY MEN

Save Patients and Then Become Their Life Partners.

Boston, May 12.—Two nurses in Brookline were secretly wedded to wealthy men whose lives they had saved after medical skill had given them up for death, and the curtain was rung down on one of the prettiest double romances that has come to light in a long time. Both young women, Alice Orr, now Mrs. Joseph Peel, and Annie Donahue, now Mrs. J. T. Matthews, were chums. They were married, one after the other, and the only witnesses of the ceremony were the four principals themselves.

The first romance began in Canada. J. T. Matthews was in a hospital there and had been given up by his doctors. Beautiful Annie Donahue happened to be in the city, was a graduate of two Massachusetts hospitals, and immediately offered her services in the hope that the man's life might be saved. It was, but only after weeks of the most careful nursing. But while Mr. Matthews was convalescent, Cupid was hard at work along with the doctors and the medicine, and when at last he was able to get out of bed, pretty Annie Donahue was his promised wife.

When Miss Donahue returned to Boston she soon discovered that her chum, Alice Orr, was in danger of sharing the same fate. Miss Orr had been called to nurse Joseph Peel, a man who lived in the western part of the state. When Alice got back from rescuing Mr. Peel from a dark and yawning grave, Annie Donahue quickly discovered the condition of her chum's heart.

They decided to be married all at one time. The marriages were performed with great secrecy, and both happy brides have now left Boston, Mrs. Matthews with her husband to go to his home in Canada, and Mrs. Peel with her husband for his home in Western Massachusetts.

CZAR'S PICTURE

Accepted as His Share of Father's Estate.

Bellefonte, Pa., May 12.—W. W. Curtin of Philadelphia, a son of Andrew G. Curtin, has been given a picture as his portion of the war governor's large estate. Strange as it may seem this was the one thing the other heirs were the least disposed to give up.

When Governor Curtin was in St. Petersburg as minister from the United States to Russia a warm friendship was formed between him and Alexander II, then czar of all the Russias and grandfather of the present emperor.

When Mr. Curtin's appointment expired, in 1872, the czar made him a present of a magnificent life-size oil painting of himself, done by one of the masters of the day. It arrived in this country in 1873, and for six months was on exhibition in the Academy of Music, Philadelphia.

After the death of his mother, W. W. Curtin made the proposition that if the family would give him, as the only surviving son, the picture of the czar, he would renounce all other claims to the estate.

After months of hesitation the majority of the heirs agreed. The painting was removed from the room where it had hung for thirty-two years and was shipped to Philadelphia.

WORLD'S TINIEST GYMNAST

Smaun Sing Hpoo Is Only 34 Inches Tall.

London, May 12.—Smaun Sing Hpoo, the smallest athlete in the world, is the latest wonder India has sent to London. He is 22 years of age. His height is 34 inches, his chest measurements 22½ inches, his hip measurements also 22½ inches, and his fighting weight 20 pounds.

Sing Hpoo, unlike the ordinary dwarf is exceedingly well developed and symmetrically built. He wears an immaculate frock coat some fifteen inches in length, a pair of daintily cut rousers, a fancy vest, perfectly correct collar and tie, and a shiny silk hat of 1905 shape, just large enough to fit over the fist of an ordinary man.

His companion, Capt. Weltzien, invited him to show his acrobatic skill, whereupon the little man took hold of the captain's hands in a firm grasp, raised his body gracefully in the air, and performed what is known in gymnastic circles as a "long arm balance" in the most approved style. Then, using the captain's hands as a pair of "rings," Sing Hpoo, turning a somersault, stretched out his tiny body rigidly in the manner adopted by every gymnast when showing his paces.

Sing Hpoo's accomplishments are not, however, confined to acrobatic tricks. He is a good linguist, for he speaks English well, German fluently, and French slightly, not to mention his native Burmese.

Perhaps the most amazing thing about Sing Hpoo is the fact that his appetite is not at all in proportion to his size. He is accustomed to sit down with ordinary mortals and eat just as much as anyone at the table.

For breakfast he likes three or four eggs, and as a pick-me-up he is accumstomed to swallow a couple of dozen oysters at a sitting. He eats a large quantity of meat, but is not fond of potatoes or other vegetables.

Among his treasured possessions is a gold bracelet, slightly larger than a wedding ring, which he wears round his little brown wrist. It was given to him by Miss Loie Fuller, an American dancer.

BUFFALO ON RAMPAGE

Created Panic Among the People of Cody,

Cody, Wyo., May 12.—A big buffalo bull from Col. William F. Cody's ranch, near here, broke out of his pasture, came into town and created a panic among the townspeople. A dozen cowboys set out in pursuit of the buffalo, which dashed up and down the principal streets, bellowing loudly and threatening the lives of men, women and children. He would frequently stop and savagely turn upon his pursuers. Roy Meyers, Aron Holm and another cowboy were seriously injured by the infuriated beast, and the bronchos on which Meyers and Holm pursued him were gored to death in the street.

The buffalo was driven into a corral by a cowboy's firing blank cartridges in his face. There an attempt was made to rope and "hog-tie" him, but it was not successful. He broke the lariats as if they had been of cotton twine, and picking one of the cowboys up on his horns tossed him ten feet in the air.

A bunch of cattle was driven into the corral to quiet the buffalo, but he was so infuriated that he soon broke out of the corral, and again dashing through the streets set out across the prairie.

BACK-ACHE

and all other symptoms of kidney disease are speedily removed when the kidneys are made healthy, active and vigorous by the use of

Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills

the world's greatest kidney and liver regulator, and the only medicine having a combined action on kidneys and liver. One pill a dose; 25 cents a box. Write for free sample to The Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

PIRATE DAYS ARE RECALLED

By Sale of Schooner, Supposed to Be Lafitte's.

New Orleans, May 12.—If the remark made by an old Italian sailor, while United States Marshal Loisel was selling the schooner Dr. Franklin at public auction, at the Canal street entrance of the custom house, is correct, then a most historical ship was adjudicated for a mere trifle. The schooner was seized under process of the united district court, a few days since, to satisfy a claim by Ed Loustaneau and others, intervening, for debts due them by the captain of the schooner. They had furnished supplies and advanced money to the captain for the use and benefit of the ship, and claimed that they had not been paid.

The Dr. Franklin was adjudicated to Bernard Duboise, one of the principal creditors, for $250.

As the sale was concluded, an ancient mariner of Italian nationality, who had been a silent spectator of the proceedings, said:

"That man," meaning Mr. Duboise, "does not know, perhaps, that he has bought one of the old ships of the famous pirate Lafitte of Louisiana, who used to have his rendezvous along Bayou Barataria in the early part of the last century. Yes, this schooner, the Dr. Franklin, was originally called by another totally different name—La Belle Marie. I believe. She was a fine sailing craft, built of oak, and very strong and seaworthy. Lafitte sold her to some people in Biloxi, and they, in turn, transferred the schooner, with full rights of ownership, to John Rion, a merchant of Jordan River, Miss., in 1857, and she was subsequently renamed by Rion, who called her the Bertha McDougal. Then, after a few years, she was again sold, and since about 1889 has been known under the name of the Dr. Franklin.

If the story of the sailor can be authenticated, here is a rare opportunity for some amateur of relics of colonial times to try to acquire a boat about which clusters so much of the romance and adventures of the dashing Lafitte.

THE WOMAN WE LOVE.

She needs a pure life-giving remedy like Chrystal Tonic. It quickly cures rheumatism, constipation, torpid liver, kidney trouble, Bright's disease, heart disease, neuralgia, nervous exhaustion, bad blood, headache, backache, dizziness, sleeplessness, dyspepsia, general debility, tired brain and any run-down condition of the system. For sale all druggists, $1.00 a bottle. Try it. If not satisfied after using, write Chrystal Tonic Co., Marshall, Mich., and they will refund your money without question.

FIGHT FOR A WIFE

Between Two Italians By Duel of Avalanches.

Geneva, May 12.—Two young Italians, named Guetta and Sorato, both in their teens, and living in a little village near Bellinzona, fell in love with the same girl, who is said to have liked both suitors equaly well.

The young men, after many serious quarrels decided on a very original plan to settle the dispute. Informing their parents that they were going on an excursion to the mountains, they set out for the Splugen Pass, which is notorious for its avelanches at this time of year.

Choosing the most exposed slope, they agreed that each should stand for two hours every day (between 9 and 11 a. m., the most dangerous time) in the path of the avalanche and allow fate to decide their destiny.

For three mornings these conditions carried out, but nothing serious happened, though several avalanches came down the slope, but not near the foolhardy youths.

On the fourth day an erormous avalanche passed near Guetta, who was knocked down by the rush of air, but not hurt.

As the young men had no more food left, they returned to the village to procure some, but the authorities got wind of the affair, and threatened them with imprisonment. The youths then decided to draw lots for the girl, and Sorato won. Guetta left the village and the young couple were married.

TERRIFIC RACE WITH DEATH.

"Death was fast approaching," writes Ralph F. Fernandez, of Tampa, Fla., describing his fearful race with death, "as a result of liver trouble and heart disease, which had robbed me of sleep and of all interest in life. I had tried many different doctors and several medicines, but got no benefit, until I began to use Electric Bitters. So wonderful was their effect, that in three days I felt like a new man, and today I am cured of all my troubles." Guaranteed at all druggists; price 50c.

There is a tax on carelessness—and it cannot be "sworn off." When you buy something in the poorest market, because you failed to read the ads. you pay such a tax.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

THE GOLDEN RULE

17 & 19 EAST SUPERIOR STREET

Grand Opening Sale

AT THIS SALE WE OFFER TO THE PURCHASING PUBLIC ASTOUNDING VALUES. THE FLOOD GATES WILL BE OPENED

SATURDAY, MAY 13th, 9:30 A. M. SHARP.

And a boundless ocean of values will pour forth. The stocks are enormous, the qualities up to the highest standard. The object of this sale is to establish the reputation of giving the biggest and best values your dollar ever bought, and to merit, win and hold your fullest confidence. Our motto, "The Golden Rule," will be quick sales at small profits, hence the name of this store, "The Golden Rule." Opportunities at this sale worth taking advantage of. The following offerings have only to be seen to be appreciated. Style and quality go hand in hand, while the prices are absolutely beyond comparison anywhere.

Ladies' Suit Department.

The collection in this department is simply bewildering. It represents the styles now in vogue as well as advance styles for fall. Consider the tremendous savings; think of the extraordinary low prices.

Women's $15 Tailor-made Suits at $7.89—Alterations free—Ladies' Tailor-made suits in light gray—the coat is made in the new blouse style, with circular peplum, trimmed with rows of silk soutache of braid—new shaped sleeve—a $15 value, at..... **$7.89**

$9.98 worth $20.00—designed as the best suits at their original prices to be found in the country. Strikingly handsome blouse and natty coat models in profusion; all the newest fashionable skirt models. The most wonderful values ever offered at..... **$9.98**

$15.00 for $25.00 values—Ladies' Tailor-made suits—models of market originality with sprightliness of coat and blouse effects, styles to satisfy every taste and every size. Coats richly silk-lined; fashions, latest style, never seen before—in all their original freshness and beauty—greatest value ever offered, at **$15.00**

$28.50 Suits for $16.98.
$38.50 Suits for $28.50.

Free Souvenirs for Ladies from 9:30 to 11:30 a. m.

Corset Department.

Corsets at prices that must claim instant recognition.

19c worth 50c—Ladies' fine Corsets, hose supporters attached, trimmed with wide fancy lace, fit and shape guaranteed—sizes 18 to 30—special on the Grand Opening Sale only..... **19c**

29c for a 75c value—ladies' Corsets—the Saxon brand, sold at 75c—our price..... **29c**

69c worth $1.00—the C. B. $1.00 Corsets—for..... **69c**

89c only—the well-noted Nemo Corset—sold in all the leading stores—get one, only **89c**

We also handle a fine line of the American Beauty Corsets.

FREE. FREE.

Souvenirs given free to Children from 2 to 4 p. m. Come and get one.

Ladies' Wrapper Dept.

In our Wrapper department we cannot be excelled. We will show the largest line of Wrappers in Duluth. Notice our prices for the Grand Opening Sale.

LOT 1—49c worth $1.00—Ladies' Wrappers in assorted percales, blue, black and red, white—figured separate waist lining, braid trimmed, front and back yoke—others call it a good value for $1.00—our Grand Opening Sale..... **49c**

LOT 2—67c worth $1.25—Ladies' Wrappers, made of Norman percale in assorted blue, black and red—full 3½-yard skirt with deep flounce, front and back yoke, an exceptional value at $1.25—on our Grand Opening Sale we will sell that lot at..... **67c**

LOT 3—79c worth $1.50—Ladies' Wrappers made of the new Ariston cloth in assorted blue, navy, pink, fancy colors, full 3½ yards wide skirt—deep braid-trimmed flounce, front and back, yoke trimmed with novelty braid. This wrapper was manufactured to be sold at $1.50—our Our Grand Opening price..... **79c**

$1.19 worth $2.25—Ladies' Wrappers—made of the famous Sea Island percale—full 4-yard skirt—front and back yoke—a leader at $2.25—our Grand Opening price..... **$1.19**

Ladies' Skirt Dept.

The market's best at the market's lowest prices—a carefully sifted line of fabrics, styles and colors that will suit all. You get $2 worth of satisfaction for every dollar you invest in this department.

$1.19 worth $2.50—Ladies' Skirts, dark gray and black mixtures, heavy weight goods, thoroughly well made, cut plain and raised seams; strong braid waistbands, bottom set off with wide rows of machine stitching, inside seams bound—your choice at the Grand Opening Sale for..... **$1.19**

$2.98 worth $5.00—Another great sale on this grand opening of the latest made skirts, made of fine voile, accordion pleated with shirred yoke, colors black, brown, cream—special, while they last, only..... **$2.98**

$3.48 worth up to $7.00—new spring Panamas, etamines, cheviots, snappy in style, the spring's freshest fabrics, full plaited model, sanctioned by the smartest women, absolutely $7.00 skirt—at this Grand Opening only..... **$3.48**

Hosiery Department.

These grand opening sale specials are in every sense the lowest prices ever offered. We cannot fill mail orders for any of them as it is made solely with a view of bringing you to the store.

6c a pair—Ladies' fast black Hose, double heel and toe, elastic welt top, superior quality—a 10c value—only, a pair..... **6c**

9c a pair—Ladies' Hose, lisle finish, spliced heel and toe, full seamless, superior quality—worth 15c—Opening Sale, only..... **9c**

Ladies' 25c Hose, only 19c
Ladies' 50c Hose, only..... 21c

2c a pair—Children's Hose—worth 10c—a pair, only **2c**

9c a pair—Children's 15c Hose, a pair, only **9c**

14c a pair—Boys' heavy ribbed Hose—well worth 25c—at **14c**

Free Souvenirs to Children from 2 to 4 p. m. Come and get one.

FREE. FREE.

From 9:30 to 11:30 a. m.
FREE SOUVENIRS TO LADIES.

Ladies' Shirt Waist Dept.

Going to give you a white waist bargain supply on this Grand Opening Sale. Offer you such unusual values that you'll certainly want a season's supply. Waist sales of this kind seldom occur, and when they do there's always great buying enthusiasm.

48c, worth $1.00—Ladies' Lawn Shirt Waists—embroidered floral and scroll front plaid each side—tucked stock, collar turned over and tap plaited back—a $1.00 value at..... **48c**

59c worth $1.25—Ladies' Shirt Waist, trimmed with Valenciennes insertion and panels of tucks in elaborate design, always a value at $1.25—this Grand Opening Sale..... **59c**

97c instead of $1.75—Ladies' Lawn Waists—the entire front of bands of English embroidery with lace insertion between; large full blouse—a variety of embroideries to choose from. The Grand Opening Sale price only..... **97c**

79c instead of $1.50—Bona fide $1.50 waists, not an arbitrary value as the worth is so apparent you'd be willing to pay $1.50. Made with thin embroidery down front and clusters of tucks—hope to have enough to last all day at... **79c**

We also carry a large line of Ladies' Silk Waists—Do not miss them.

$1.48 instead of $3.50—Ladies' Silk Waist, nicely made, well finished—an elegant value at $3.50—our Grand Opening Sale price.. **$1.48**

Underwear Department.

Stylish summer muslins—underclothes for women—splendid new stocks. Notice prices on some of the articles in this department. Owing to the delay in the arrival of the goods we are compelled to limit the articles—only a certain number to a customer.

Corset Covers—of muslin, high and square neck—only 2 to a customer—at, each..... **9c**

Corset Covers—with lace trimming, a bargain at 39c—only 2 to a customer—our price only **14c**

Corset Covers—prettily trimmed with lace insertion and edging—regular price 50c—only 2 to a customer—at..... **23c**

And many more Corset Covers at tremendously low prices.

Night Gowns—Muslin, tucked Hubbard yoke, finished with ruffle—only 2 to a customer—regular price 75c—at this Grand Opening Sale, only, each..... **39c**

Night Gowns—fine cambric, square neck with insertions of fine embroidery—regular price $1.00—only 2 to a customer—at this Grand opening sale, only **49c**

Night Gowns—fine Nainsook, low neck and short sleeves, prettily trimmed with lace and ribbons—regular price $2.25—only 2 to a customer. At this Grand Opening Sale, only **$1.29**

Many more Night Gowns, too numerous to mention, will be sold correspondingly cheap. The number being limited, only 2 to a customer.

Ladies' White Muslin Skirts—11-inch flounce of 3 hemstitched tucks, 3½ inch imitation thread lace bottom—a bargain at 75c—our price at this Grand Opening Sale, only..... **39c**

One lot of Muslin Skirts—your choice, only **48c**

(Worth double the amount.)

One lot of Muslin Skirts—your choice at, only **98c**

(Cannot be beaten in price anywhere.)

FREE. FREE.

Souvenirs for ladies 9:30 to 11:30 a. m.
Souvenirs for children 2 to 4 p. m.

Shoe Department.

We handle a complete line of Ladies', Men's and Children's Shoes. If you'll just glance over these prices, we are sure you'll be here to make your purchase. We cordially invite your inspection as this will convince you that our assertions are true. The wholesaler's price is greater than the amount we ask you for the shoes. Space not permitting us to describe the different styles, we will only quote prices on some—

Boys' Shoes—regular price $1.25—at this sale—for only..... **69c**
Boys' Shoes—regular price $1.50—at this sale—for only..... **79c**
Boys' Shoes—patent leather, regular price $2.50—at this sale..... **$1.48**
Misses' Shoes—regular price $1.25—at this sale—for only..... **79c**
Misses' Shoes—regular price $1.75—at this sale—for only..... **98c**
Misses' Shoes—regular price $2.50—at this sale—for only..... **$1.48**
Ladies' Shoes—regular price $1.25—at this sale—for only..... **69c**
Ladies' Shoes—regular price $1.75—at this sale—for only..... **98c**
Ladies' Shoes—regular price $2.50—at this sale—for only..... **$1.29**

Notion Department.

The following is a list of articles that you can purchase for 1c.

Adamantine Pins—2 papers for..... 1c
Children's Handkerchiefs—each 1c
Shoe Laces—2 pairs for..... 1c
Shirt Buttons—per doz..... 1c
Hooks and Eyes—2 doz. for..... 1c
Cheese Cloth—per yard 1c
Cambric Lining—per yard 1c
Matches—200 in box—per box..... 1c

WONDERFUL VALUES FOR 2c.

Castile Soap—per cake 2c
Safety Pins—all sizes—1 doz..... 2c
Lisle Thread Elastic—per yard..... 2c
Finishing Braid—piece 2c
Howard Needles—per paper 2c
Men's White Handkerchiefs—each 2c
Children's Black Hose—per pair..... 2c
Aluminum Thimbles—each 2c

YOUR CHOICE FOR 3c.

Celluloid Hair Pins—per doz..... 3c
Coat's & Clark's Thread—per spool..... 3c
Tooth Brushes—each 3c
Crepe Paper—all colors—regular price 10c; at this sale only..... **4c**
Children's Hose Supporters—regular price 15c—at this sale, only..... **5c**
Ladies' Dress Shields—worth 25c—at this sale, only **5c**

Ladies' Jacket Department.

In this department we provide you with values never before approached by any store. Women can recognize these bargains at a glance.

$3.98 worth $6.50—Ladies' Covert Jackets, very trim model, strapped seams, fly front, satin lined—regular value $6.50, at.... **$3.98**

Ladies' $6.48 Coats worth $12.
Ladies' $8.97 Coats, worth $15.

Children's Suit Department.

In this department will be the greatest money saving carnival ever known at an Opening Sale.

Boys' 35c Pants, all sizes—at..... **14c**
Boys' 50c Pants, all sizes—at..... **19c**
Boys' 75c Pants, all sizes—at..... **39c**
Boys' Suits, worth $1.50—at..... **69c**
Boys' Suits, worth $2.00—at..... **98c**
Boys' Suits, worth $2.50—at..... **$1.29**
Boys' Suits, worth $3.00—at..... **$1.46**
Boys' Suits, worth $3.50—at..... **$1.63**
Boys' Suits worth $5.00—at..... **$1.94**

Lace Curtain Department.

Every home, hotel and boardinghouse that can anticipate their requirements for lace curtains will do well to take advantage of the splendid bargains we offer in this department. While the quantity is larger, the values are so extraordinary we expect to sell every pair at this Grand Opening Sale.

Nottingham Lace Curtains—2½ yards long—regular price 75c; at this Grand Opening Sale—only..... **32c**

Nottingham Curtains—white, 54 inches wide—3½ yards long—regular price $1.50—our price only..... **98c**

Nottingham Curtains—white, 60 inches wide—3½ yards long—regular price $2.50—at this sale..... **$1.29**

Also higher-priced Curtains at tremendously low prices.

Curtains—in pieces from 1 to 2½ yards—at this sale—they will go at—a piece..... **7c**

Notice These Wonderful Bargains.

4c a yard worth 7c—Apron Gingham, sold at 7c per yard—this opening sale at..... **4c**

3c a yd.—Hencoop bleached sheeting—worth 8c—Opening Sale—at per yard..... **3c**

5c a yard, worth 10c—Fruit de Loom Muslin—worth 10c—Opening Sale, at per yard..... **5c**

3c a yard, worth 5c—22-inch Toweling—worth 5c—Opening Sale, per yard only..... **3c**

5c worth 10c—Honey Comb Toweling, worth 10c—this sale only..... **5c**

And many more higher priced towels will be sold correspondingly cheap.

We also handle a full line of Table Cloths. Prices are marked to suit every purchaser.

Free Souvenirs to Ladies from 9:30 to 11:30 a. m.

We have been fortunate enough in buying up the entire lines of some of the leading manufacturers in the East, which enables us to offer these extraordinary values. These values will certainly make this grand opening sale a memorable occasion—a guarantee for all articles purchased. Can anything be more assuring to the prospective purchaser than a guarantee? We cordially invite you to come expecting the best values ever offered, and we'll guarantee you'll not be disappointed. Whether you intend buying or not, come here at this grand opening sale. Let us show you around, quote prices, that you may form a true idea of this store. Immense special offerings from every department; values sure to make enthusiastic selling. Lowest-priced store for first-class goods.

REMEMBER THE DATE, SATURDAY, MAY 13, 1905, AT 9:30 A. M. SHARP.

THE GOLDEN RULE DEPARTMENT STORE,

17-19 EAST SUPERIOR STREET, DULUTH, MINN.

SATURDAY BARGAINS
AT THE
NEW YORK STORE,
109 EAST SUPERIOR ST. 109 EAST SUPERIOR ST.

$16.50—LADIES' NOBBY DRESS SUITS—made of fine all wool Panama cloth—shirred jackets, blouse effect—skirts to match—in blue, brown and black—jacket nicely lined and neatly trimmed, for	$9.98	New York Store, 109 East Sup. St.
$15.00 HIGH CLASS TAILORED, LADIES' CRAVENETTES—of extremely fine quality cloth, mercerized, rainproof—in tan and oxfords—shirred, plaited and box coat styles—sloping shoulders and full sleeves—stylish belts—for	$8.48	New York Store, 109 East Sup. St.
$10.00 MODEL, KNIFE-PLEATED SKIRTS—in fine all-wool Panama, cheviot and imported mohair cloth—fits like a glove—in nice shades of brown, blue and black—custom-tailored and fine finished—for	$6.83	New York Store, 109 East Sup. St.
$7.50 KNIFE PLEATED FINE SKIRTS—In golden brown, royal blue and lustre black Sicilian cloth—fit and workmanship perfect—including odd skirts, of mohairs, Alberta, Panama and cheviot cloth—various styles and colors—for	$4.44	New York Store, 109 East Sup. St.
$7.50 SILK PETTICOATS—of a satisfactory wearing quality, changeable, rustling silk taffeta—12 in. deep flounce—accordion plaited and ruffled—with a heavy protective under-ruffle—in shades of green, brown, wine, blue, gray and black—for	$4.98	New York Store, 109 East Sup. St.
$2.50 MOREEN BLACK PETTICOATS—A very serviceable daily wear undergarment—dust proof, deep flounce, accordion plaited with protective under-ruffle—umbrella sweep—overlapped seams, for	$1.39	New York Store, 109 East Sup. St.
$1.75 WHITE UNDERSKIRTS—Made of serviceable soft finished cotton, cambric—very deep flounce—umbrella sweep—with three rows nice Point de Paris insertion and bottom lace—protective under-flounce—made with the never-rip French felled seams—for	99c	New York Store, 109 East Sup. St.
$10.00 SHIRT WAIST SUITS—Made of real imported French mohair—in black, brown and blue—latest style—box plaited waist, lined throughout, detachable collar and tie—skirt box plaited, foot glaring, highest class tailoring and finish—for	$6.83	New York Store, 109 East Sup. St.
$3.00 SHIRT WAIST SUITS—of a good quality sheer linen lawn—box plaited waist, white piping, blouse front, French fashion length—front panel skirt, white piping, overlap seams. For	$1.49	New York Store, 109 East Sup. St.
$1.00 SHIRT WAISTS—White lawn, linen lawn, Indigo blue lawn, black mercerized and fancy striped Chambray—any and all of them guaranteed strictly fast colors—full and stylish made—plaited fronts and full sleeves—for	49c	New York Store, 109 East Sup. St.
$5.00 SILK SHIRT WAISTS—of fine white washable China silk—plaited fronts and backs—fancy trimmed with washable Val. insertion—detachable lace trimmed collar—full sleeves—full blouse fronts—for	$2.98	New York Store, 109 East Sup. St.
CHILDREN'S $7.50 SILK AND MOHAIR SAMPLE COAT—sizes 4 to 8 years—the silk are of black taffeta and silk moiree—fancy trimmed with silk braid, lined, the mohairs are in blue and and brown—Peter Thompson style—for	$2.98	New York Store, 109 East Sup. St.
$1.50 GIRLS' WASHABLE DRESSES—SAMPLES—sizes 4 to 10 years, in Buster Brown, two-piece blouse and French style makes—of linen, plain and fancy chambray, trimmed with fancy braid, soutache, lace and some with embroidery—in pink, blue, gray, oxblood—choice	69c	New York Store, 109 East Sup. St.
$3.00 AND $2.00 INFANTS' COATS—SAMPLES—cream and white, Bedford cord, pique and crash, embroidery, ribbon and silk braid-trimmed, some lined and some unlined, large sailor collars, capes, full sleeves, plain and plaited backs—sizes 1, 2 and 3—choice	99c	New York Store, 109 East Sup. St.
$1.50 NOTTINGHAM LACE CURTAINS—3 yards long by 52 inches wide—new and attractive designs—sightly deep borders and neat centers, patent overlock stitched edges—a brass extension rod free with every pair—for	98c	New York Store, 109 East Sup. St.
$2.50 EXTRAORDINARY NOTTINGHAM LACE CURTAINS—3¼ yards long by 58 inches wide—of special selected patterns—constructed on the double and twisted thread with the best patent overlock stitch edge—brass extension rods free with each pair, for	$1.39	New York Store, 109 East Sup. St.

200 infants' sample Bonnets and Tam O'Shanters, silk and lawn — very fancy made, lined and unlined up to $1.50 values—for 49c

Heavy apron check ginghams and fancy percales, short lengths, the 8c kind, a yard 5c

Toile du Nord Chambray in solid and fancies, 15c values at 9c

White mercerized, dainty stripe waistings, short lengths, the kind sold at 35c a yard 19c

Best Silkoline and heavy outing flannels, in white pink and blue—36-inch wide—the 15c quality—per yard 9c

Table Damask, fast Turkey red, clear bleached and half bleached—60-in. wide—the 50c quality per yard 29c

Toweling and crash, bleached and unbleached, the heavy 10c kind—per yard 8c

Good garter elastic, assorted fancy colors, a yard 3c

Great Britain fine Torchon laces—in choice designs, widths up to 3 inches, 10c the regular price—per yard 4½c

Best silk web, frill edge, inch wide, in fancy colors—yd. 7c

$1.00 Men's Negligee Overshirts—in black mercerized, fancy percales, cheviots and madras cloth best make 49c

50c men's heavy cotton ribbed shirts and drawers, a garment 25c

WEST END.

BOYS IN LEAD

More Boys Among Many Births at West End.

Building Boom Continues —Man's Thigh Fractured—Other News.

There is very slight danger of the West end of the city becoming depopulated. Not only is the West end attractive to people looking for residence locations, but the births are coming frequently. Between the Point of Rocks and the ore docks, which are generally accepted as the boundaries of the West end, material for birth notices are numerous and continuous. There is never a week when doctors are not reporting a bunch of newcomers to the health office, and the population from natural causes is thus ever on the increase. During the past few weeks there have been a large number of births, and during just a few days past quite a number have been reported to the health office.

One notable feature of the matter is that in the majority of the cases the newcomers are listed as of the masculine gender. The following births have just been recorded:

Sons to Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Mallett, 2121 West second street; Mr. and Mrs. John Langle, 2016 West Eighth street; Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Joyal, 112 Thirty-ninth avenue west; Mr. and Mrs. Gust Perdon, 1822 West Michigan street, and Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Johnson, 708 Garfield avenue.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. James Smisck of 2419 West Fifth street.

MORE BUILDINGS

For West End Promised By Permits Issued.

The issuance of building permits for residences in the West end takes place almost every day at the city hall, and some excellent new residences are promised to be started soon. One of the best habitations that will be found in the West end for some time is to be erected by M. A. Fedje, the West end clothing man. It will be put up at Twenty-third avenue west and Third street, and John F. Fredin, the contractor, will have charge of the work. A permit for the foundation was recently issued by the building inspector, and that alone is to cost $600. The building in all will likely cost $3,000 to $4,000.

Another permit for a foundation was issued to Mrs. Devaney for a house between Thirteenth and Fourteenth avenues west, on Third street, and this stone foundation will cost $500.

Mrs. Philip Deroy has taken out a permit to build a frame dwelling to cost $1,500, on West Third street, between Twenty-eighth avenue and Devonshire street.

The Largest Clothing Floor in the City.

Copyright 1905 by Hart Schaffner & Marx

The largest and most varied line of dependable, up-to-date merchandise in the city to select from.

Exclusive selling for Duluth of America's two foremost makers of good clothes—

Hart, Schaffner & Marx fine Suits, Spring Overcoats and Cravenettes ..... $15 to $25

Ely Meyer & M. C. Simons' fine Suits, Spring Overcoats and Cravenettes ..... $18 to $30

These best makes for less money here than you would pay for much inferior makes elsewhere.

MANY BROKEN lines of Suits that sell regular at $20 and $25 — Hart, Schaffner & Marx; Ely Meyers and M. C. Simmons make —closing them out for $14.75

FOR SATURDAY—Hundreds of stylish Men's Suits, all strictly Spring, 1905, product; made by several of the best manufacturers of Union Label clothing—sell at ..... $10 and $12

$9.75 takes choice of one hundred or more Top Coats, 1905 kind, that are made up to sell for $12.00 and $15.00.

Boys' Clothes to Suit the Age and Size of Your Boy.

"THE CRESCENT MAKE" at our prices are the best for your money. All the new novelties in juveniles, ages 3 to 8.

Norfolk and double-breasted two-piece, ages 7 to 17—at prices from ..... $2 to $8.50

For boys wearing long trousers many swell brown and gray mixtures, also plain blue and black coats, single or double breasted—equal to the best tailor-made for fit and endurance—at ..... $6.00 Up

We are closing out all broken lines of Norfolk and Double Breasted two-piece Knee Trouser Suits that sell from $4.00 to $5.00 —about one hundred and fifty suits; sizes range from 6 to 16 $2.95

Base Balls, Bats, Catchers' Mitts and Catchers' Masks with purchases in Boys' Department.

WE ARE FURNISHERS, HATTERS AND SHOERS TOO.

KENNEY & ANKER,
409-411 West Superior Street.

PALATIAL HOTEL

For Weary Willies to Be Erected In New York.

Accommodation For Nearly Seven Hundred Men and Women.

New York, May 12.—Indigent pilgrims to New York, who have complained for years of the hard quality of wood used in the construction of park benches and of malaria contracted by sleeping in the damp air, will learn with satisfaction of plans for building an up-to-date hotel to be devoted to their exclusive use. The plans have been submitted to the municipal art commission by Raymond F. Almirell, architect, and work will begin on the hotel within a fortnight.

One of the hearing of prospective tenants it is referred to as the new "municipal lodging house," and no city in the world can boast one as elegant. It will cost about $175,000 when completed.

"Lonesome Llewellyn Finnerty" will enter a handsome lobby and be bowed to the clerk's desk by a page. He will be politely requested to leave his valuables at the office and thence will go by elevator downstairs, where an attendant will take charge of his soiled clothes.

Next comes a refreshing bath—hot, cold or shower. Unlike other modern hotels, it is mandatory that all patrons have a bath before being shown to their rooms. The bath completed, the bather enters a drying room for a brisk rub, and he is then ready for bed.

Without worrying him about it, his clothes have in the meantime been draped over a mechanical "horse" which gallops into a disinfecting chamber, where formaldehyde gas eradicates everything, but the stripes in his English trousers. Nails are removed and nice, new suspender buttons substituted by needlewomen. His laundry is finished in the popular dull effect; and when he rises in the morning he finds all his clothing hung over the chair in as perfect condition as if his valet was still in service.

The hotel will be a six-story, brick structure, with terra cotta trimmings. It will occupy a double plot on Twenty-fifth street, about 400 feet east of Fifth avenue. Accomodations are provided for nearly 70 men and women. A new feature of the hotel will be apartments for evicted persons. Such unfortunates who are worthy will be provided with food and shelter for a reasonable length of time.

The reception halls, superintendent's office, private office for physicians and consulting rooms will occupy the first floor. Separate baths and apartments are provided for patrons who are found ill. The dining rooms, kitchen and store rooms are also on the first floor. Apartments for women on the second floor occupy 40x60 feet of the space. The entire third and fourth floors are devoted to the men's dormitory. The private apartments for men are on the fifth floor.

The plans are now before Commissioner Deforest, who will approve them within a few days, when work will begin quickly, in order that the hotel may be completed before cold weather sets in.

INJURED BY STREET CAR

Teamster Lying In Hospital Not Expected to Live.

J. A. Leckey, a teamster 60 years of age, who lives at Thirty-third avenue east and London road, was struck by an east bound car last evening, at Ninth avenue east, about 10:35 o'clock and probably fatally injured.

The car, which was in charge of Motorman Berg and Conductor Beebe, was slowing down at Ninth avenue to let off some passengers. The motorman states that he saw the man walking eastward between the rails, but that he did not have time to even sound his gong before striking him.

Leckey was thrown violently to the pavement at one side of the track, and when the conductor and motorman reached him, was unconscious.

He was carried up the hill to St. Luke's hospital, where Dr. Frank Lynam attended him. His external injuries were slight, but it was found that he was suffering from a fracture of the skull near the base, which had resulted in a hemorrhage of the brain.

Reports from the hospital this morning were to the effect that he was still living, but had not recovered consciousness since the time of the accident, and that no hopes were entertained for his recovery.

Proper Rain Coats.
M. S. BURROWS.

STANLEY GREY DIES.

Expires While Returning to Duluth From California.

Word was received in Duluth yesterday by R. W. Marshall, of the death of Stanley Grey in Chicago, of tuberculosis.

Mr. Grey, who was 22 years of age, was formerly employed by the Oliver Iron Mining company. He left Duluth last fall with his widowed mother, on account of his poor health, and spent the winter in California. He did not show signs of any great improvement, and was returning to Duluth when he was taken suddenly worse and died in Chicago.

The body will be brought to Duluth, and the funeral held Sunday from the house at 812 East Second street.

ASKS DAMAGES.

Emil Carlson Alleges False Arrest By Police

The damage action of Emil Carlson against Captain F. E. Resche and Detective Donald Irvine of the local police department is again on for trial in district court. A similar action was dismissed at the last term of court by Judge Ensign.

Carlson claims that the officers effected his arrest Dec. 12 without a warrant and took him before the chief of police to be searched. He claims also that they entered and searched his home at 512 West Third street, without cause and frightened his wife, who was said to be in feeble health. Carlson claims damages in the amount of $2,000 for false arrest and unlawful search of his premises.

Captain Resche and Detective Irvine have made answer to the complaint, alleging that Carlson was accused of stealing liquor and money from a Superior street saloon, for a return of which the search and detention were effected. The officers claim that they did not frighten Mrs. Carlson.

Sundquist Furnishes Bail.

John P. Sundquist, former recorder of the village of Hibbing, who was indicted by the grand jury for misappropriating village funds, has entered a plea of not guilty before Judge Ensign and has been admitted to bail in the sum of $3,000. The bond was furnished by several of his friends. Mr. Sundquist has gone back to Hibing to conduct an examination of the books in the office he vacated last March.

Impossible to forsee an accident. Not impossible to be prepared for it. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil—Monarch over pain.

LOSES ELOQUENT DIVINE.

City a Sufferer By Rev. Elmquist's Departure.

The determination of Rev. A. F. Elmquist of Bethany Lutheran church, to leave that congregation and accept a call to the pastorate of St. John's English Lutheran church of Minneapolis, is causing considerable discussion in the West end, and the search for a pastor to fill Rev. Mr. Elmquist's shoes will go on from this time until the desire is satisfied. Mr. Elmquist will leave here about the latter part of June and will take up his new duties in Minneapolis during the first part of July.

With his departure the West end loses one of its most eloquent divines, and in fact the whole city is similarly affected. The Augustana synod also loses one of its most prominent members as the transfer to an English Lutheran church puts Mr. Elmquist in a different synod from that which he has been associated with in Bethany church.

The church of which he will have the pastorate has for its members not only Scandinavians, but people of all nationalities who believe in the tenets of the Lutheran faith. It is one of the churches which is endeavoring to spread the English language among Lutherans as a language of worship, and Mr. Elmquist is remarkably fitted for the mission designed for him.

THIGH FRACTURED.

Olf Olson Meets With Serious Accident.

Olaf Olson, who has been employed in the plaining mill of the Red Cliff Lumber company, suffered a fracture of the thigh of the left leg on Tuesday while at work in the mill. He is now in St. Luke's hospital. The thigh bone is broken just above the knee at a point which makes it particularly nasty and it is feared that Olson is in for a long spell of sickness, the ordinary fracture of a thigh bone tying up a patient for at least six months.

Olson is about 23 years of age and single. He was boarding at the West end, his people living elsewhere.

DOCTOR'S FOOD

For His Family and Patients.

A surgeon and physician of Reedsville, Pa., has found Grape-Nuts so nourishing and strengthening that he uses it as a supporting medium after operations. He says:

"As a physician I take great pleasure in using Grape-Nuts in my family and also recommend it to my patients where a good strengthening food is required.

"I find it particularly valuable in convalescence from run down and depressed conditions. It also does well as a supporting medium after surgical operations.

"The fact that it is pre-digested makes it an ideal food for sufferers from indigestion and dyspeptic conditions. With the high quality of the food maintained, as has always been the case, I consider it an ideal food for most all conditions." Name given by Postum Co., Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason.

Read "The Road to Wellvile," in pkgs. of Grape-Nuts.

Mrs. Mickelson Dead.

Mrs. Andrew Mickelson of 337 Garfield avenue died yesterday morning after a short illness. The arrangements for the funeral have not yet been made, but will be announced later. It is expected that the funeral will be held on Sunday afternoon and that interment will take place at the Lutheran cemetery. Mrs. Mickelson was well known on Garfield avenue and through the West end, and her death is lamented by many.

West End Shortrails.

The Young Girls' society of the Swedish Mission church will hold a basket social at the church on the evening of the 18th.

W. M. Sheldon, who has been visiting his father at the Esmond hotel, has gone to Winnipeg with the Courtenay Stock company to play heavies for that organization. During the theatrical season just closing he was heavy man for one of A. H. Woods' organizations.

Diamond lodge, Knights of Pythias of the West End received yesterday a complete new regalia for conferring the work of the third rank.

Miss Peterson of Twenty-fourth avenue west and Sixth street is quite ill of pneumonia.

Duluth Observatory, No. 39, of the North Star Benefit association will meet next Monday evening at 8 o'clock with Mr. and Mrs. Anton L. Mickelson of 2619 West Fifth street.

The weekly meeting of the Sunday school teachers of the First Swedish Baptist church congregation to study the Sunday school lesson will be held this evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Carl Paleen, 2129 West Seventh street.

GETS LARGE BATCH.

Number of Range People Lodged In Jail.

Several persons were brought down from the range yesterday and lodged in the county jail to serve sentences imposed by the range courts or to be held until the next grand jury meets in September. George Butterfield, George Metz and Richard Murphy of Hibbing are being held in default of bail, on suspicion of having robbed John Spelman of that village of $90.

Minnie Peterson of Hibbing is committed on the grounds that she has no visible means of support. Her sentence is a thirty-day term, with the option of a $30 fine.

John Macki and Frank Cavanaugh of Eveleth are to serve twenty days on commitments for drunkenness.

The sheriff is now boarding eighty-five prisoners at the jail, three of whom are women.

NEEDS ITS SHARE

State Swamp Land Drainage Appropriation Is Now Available.

St. Louis County Should Receive Consideration From Commission.

One of the subjects which was given a great deal of attention by the last state legislature was that of the drainage of swamp lands within Minnesota.

Besides a comprehensive general drainage law applicable to counties, the legislature created a state drainage commission, appropriated $30,000 to be expended under the supervision of the commission for the drainage of swamp and marshy lands of the state and for the alteration, improvement and repair of the state ditches heretofore established. Another appropriation of $7,500 was made for the expenses of carrying out the law providing for a surveyor for systematic drainage of state lands.

The latter provision is generally considered an important one from the fact that since the state was given a large amount of swamp land about fifty years ago with the understanding that it was to drain it and make it suitable for farming purposes it has accomplished very little along that line during the intervening years. The survey is understood to be made to cover all the state swamp lands and applies to this locality as well as to the swamp land districts to the west and south. The survey itself is intended to do nothing further than establish a comprehensive plan for the best system of drainage of all the swamp lands owned by the state.

Attention is now being directed by many of the agricultural land interests throughout the state toward the $30,000 appropriation that is to be spent under the supervision of the drainage commission and there are numerous localities where intending settlers have had an eye on the swamp lands with a view of buying up the same from the state as soon as some drainage system is established to make suitable the land for agricultural purposes.

Within the borders of St. Louis county there is found an immense acreage of the state swamp lands, as well as a nearly equal share of the same class of lands owned by the railroad companies.

There is being expressed among the land dealers and those who are looking forward to the establishment of farms on the the old swamp lands, a decided sentiment toward taking some step to urge to the drainage commission the desirability and necessity of spending on the state swamp lands in St. Louis county its share of the appropriation which has been made for drainage purposes.

One locality has been mentioned, although there are many others, where it has been suggested that a portion of the $30,000 appropriation could be spent with excellent results. This locality is a big district west of Zim, in township 66-19, where it is claimed that a little money spent in drainage would reclaim a large amount of swamp land to agricultural purposes. A large acreage of the lands in that township have already been reclaimed, but there are thousands of acres more that simply awaits proper drainage to make a rich farming district, it is claimed.

This district referred to is notable from the fact that the Duluth & Iron Range Railway company owns about every other section of the swamp lands under its land grant, and it has been suggested that there be a strong probability that the railway company, which is anxious to get its own lands settled up, would be willing to share with the state the expense of draining the big area.

It is claimed by local people that about the only drainage money ever spent by the state in the northern district was $5,000 for a ditch from Fleming lake to the Mississippi river in township 48-25, north of Kimberly, in Aitkin county. This land was afterward bought up by a syndicate of Aitkin land dealers said to be headed by C. H. Warner and others.

It is being urged that if St. Louis county does not do something to urge its claims, the commission will be inclined to spend the drinage appropriation in other counties where they are shown that state swamp lands exist which could easily be turned into farming lands, and the swamp lands in this district will have to await improvement for another indefinite period.

CARNEGIE OFFERS LIBRARY.

Cambridge, Mass., May 12.—Andrew Carnegie has offered to Radcliffe college $75,000 for a library building on condition that an equal sum shall be raised among alumnae and friends of the college for the endowment of the library. An effort will be made to meet the requirements of the gift.

MISS ANNA LUNDHOLM.

Respectfully desires your patronage at her Barber Shop and Bath Rooms.

If you don't want any work done, very well. Call in anyway and see what a modern Barber Shop looks like.

Don't forget the place (Leonard's old stand, in the Osborn block), 1910 West Superior street.

Duluth Consignment Co., the Only Recognized Legitimate Bargain Store in the City of Duluth

The greatest Bankrupt Sale ever offered in Duluth before. We have bought a $10,000 Bankrupt Sale, consisting of dry goods, ladies' suits, skirts, jackets and waists, ladies' and men's furnishings, men's and boys' clothing, and a complete line of shoes. This entire stock will be placed on sale Saturday, May 13th, at 9 a. m., at astonishing low prices. Remember, this is no fake sale nor a cheap opening sale, but a money-saving proposition. You can always rely upon the Duluth Consignment Co. When we say bargains it means a great deal to you. We are not offering any cheap playthings to give away free and then charge you a double price for the goods. We are offering you for Saturday, good, legitimate goods, at the very lowest possible price. Compare our prices with others, and the fact will be right before you that we lead them all in prices and quality. We invite everyone within a day's ride of our store to come and join in the great bargain feast. Tell your friends and neighbors. We will mention only a few of the many astonishing bargains:

5,000 YARDS STAPLE APRON GINGHAM, very best quality, in beautiful checks—sold everywhere at 7c a yard—Saturday, for one hour only, 9 to 10 a. m. (limited) per yard **3c**

5,000 YARDS 4-4 L. L. SHEETING—bleached and unbleached—regular price 7c yer yard—for Saturday between the hours of 9 to 11 a. m. and 2 to 4 p. m., per yard **2 1/2c**
10 Yards to a customer, but none to merchants for 25c.

3,000 YDS. FRUIT OF THE LOOM MUSLIN—none better made—positively worth 10c a yard—from 9 to 10 a. m. Saturday, (limited) per yard **4 1/2c**

3,000 YARDS DRESS GOODS—Fine Cashmeres, Serges, Brilliantines—staple and fancy colors—worth 75c the yard—Saturday, per yard **12 1/2c**

20,000 yards lace in Valenciennes, Torchon, medallions—worth 15c yard—Saturday a yd.. 2c
One lot embroideries and insertions—sold in other stores at 10c a yard—tomorrow..... 2c
Ladies' hose, double heel and toe—elastic welt top—good quality—15c value at..... 4c
One lot of ladies' hose, lisle thread open lace work—spliced heel and toe full seamless, worth 35c per pair—at..... 14c
One lot Silk Ribbons—blue, white, pink and black, worth 10c a yard—at..... 2c
Men's fast black Sox—regular 15c pair—Saturday..... 6c
Men's four-ply white linen collars—regular 15c—Saturday at..... 3c
50 dozen ladies' Summer Vests—fine lace-trimmed—sold everywhere at 25c—on sale at each..... 8c

50c Men's Balbriggan Underwear—per garment..... 19c
100 pairs Nottingham Lace Curtains—2½ yards long—36 inches—special bargain a pr. 31c
Ladies' wrappers in assorted percales in blue, black, white, figured separate waist lining—trimmed in finishing braid on yoke—$1.00 vaule at..... 48c
Corset Covers, nicely trimmed—a great bargain at..... 12½c
Corset Covers—trimmed in lace and insertions—regular price 50c on sale tomorrow. 19c
Nightgowns—muslin tucked—hubbard yoke—finished with ruffle—regular price 75c at this sale..... 37c
Ladies' black sateen petticoats—positively worth $1.00, at..... 39c

Notion Department.
Wonderful Values for 1c and 2c.
Machine Thread—black and white—per spool..1c
Adamantine Pins—2 papers for..... 1c
Ladies' Handkerchiefs for..... 1c
Shoe Laces—2 pairs for..... 1c
Safety Pins—in all sizes—per doz..... 2c
Silk Elastic—per yard..... 2c
Men's White Handkerchiefs..... 2c
Hair Pins—per box..... 2c
Fine Castile Soap, large cakes—per cake..... 1c
Sweet Briar Soap, sold at 10c—on sale..... 3c
10c fine Glycerine Soap..... 3c
Witch Hazel and Jockey Club Soap, sold regularly two cakes for 25c—each..... 3c
Children's Summer Vests..... 1c
Children's Hose Supporters, regular price 15c—at this sale only, per pair..... 4c

Shoe Department.
We have a complete line of Ladies', Men's and Children's Shoes at a very large reduction.
Children's Shoes, sizes up to 9, good quality leather—at this sale..... 69c
500 pairs Ladies' Shoes, made in the very latest lasts, light or heavy extension soles; sold in the leading shoe stores at $2.00—choice Saturday..... 98c

Men's Shoes, good quality, well made; blucher or bal.—worth $2.00—at..... 98c
Boys' and Misses' Shoes—vici kid and box calf, single or double sole; made of the best grade leather; sold everywhere at $1.50—choice Saturday..... 98c
Men's Pants, worth $1.50—Saturday at, only..... 69c
Men's Corduroy Pants, a great value at $2.25—Saturday at..... 98c
MEN'S HATS—50 dozen Men's and Boys' Soft Hats, in the latest blocks; good quality; the cheapest hat in the lot worth $1.50 up to $2.25—in perfect condition. A wonderful bargain for Saturday, customers only, but not to merchants—at..... 39c

Ladies' Suit Dept. In light gray, brown, blue, black skirts made in full pleated effects—waists made in new blouse style, fancy lace trimmed new shaped sleeves to go at..... $7.98
We do alterations free of charge.

Shirt Waists. $1, $1.25 and $1.50 ladies' lawn shirt waists, embroidered front pleat, each side tucked over—in all sizes—to go for— 48c

Ladies' Skirts. $7.50 new spring style skirts—Panamas, brilliantines and cheviots in the full pleat effect, absolutely worth $7.50 at $3.98

Ladies' Jackets. Beautifully trimmed jackets made of the best covert cloth—sold regularly for $8.50, to go at $4.98

Crav'nettes $9.89 This is one of the finest coats made—style and quality cannot be beat—positively worth $18.00 for $9.89

DULUTH CONSIGNMENT CO., 24 EAST SUPERIOR STREET, Next to News Tribune.

MORTON TO STAY

Will Keep the Naval Portfolio For Another Year.

Knowledge of Railroads of Great Value to President.

Washington, May 12.—That Paul Morton will retain his position as secretary of the navy for at least another year seems to be a certainty. Those close to the secretary say that he will not retire for the present, and more or less official information to that effect has come from sources close to President Roosevelt.

There are several reasons why Mr. Morton will remain in the cabinet. One is that the president has confidence in him. When the greatest stir was being made in the newspapers about Mr. Morton's sanction of the Colorado fuel and iron affair, Mr. Morton explained his connection with that practice, or, rather his lack of knowledge of it, which the president, it is said, accepted in good faith. Since then, so far as can be learned here, nothing further has passed between the president and his secretary of the navy about this matter. The interstate commerce commission, in its report on the Santa Fe case, gave Mr. Morton a clean bill of health.

A second reason for Mr. Morton's remaining in the cabinet, at the president's desire, is the fact that he is the only cabinet officer with a practical knowledge of railroad management and railroad men. He has, it is said, been of invaluable aid in the selection of members of the new Panama canal commission. It was at his suggestion that Theodore P. Shonts, president of the Clover Leaf road, was made its chairman. He has also advised the president about the management of the transportation problems on the isthmus, and his advice has, in most instances, been followed.

The foregoing statements are called out by stories recently published in the Middle West, particularly in Kansas and Kansas City, and reproduced in the East, that Morton is going to retire; to be succeeded by Henry C. Frick or some other man of that type. As to Frick, he has set at rest stories of his going into politics by denying that he has any such intentions. Frick could not be secretary of the navy because he is heavily interested in concerns which are selling supplies to that department—armor and steel products of various kinds.

One of the stories printed in connection with Morton's retirement was to the effect that he was heavily interested in the Colorado Fuel and Iron company while he was vice president of the Santa Fe, and that his brother, Joy Morton, was also a heavy stockholder in the Colorado company, and that he was paying heavy rebates to himself and brother. Secretary Morton does not discuss any of these questions for publication, nor even privately. A man close to him, however, said a few days ago that so far as it related to the secretary the story was not true; that he had not been connected with the Colorado Fuel and Iron company since some time in the '90s, when he was its vice president.

This man also gave an explanation of the payment of rebates by the Santa Fe to the Colorado company. He said that for convenience in bookkeeping, the Colorado Fuel and Iron company arranged to turn over the coal, on which the rebates were paid to the Santa Fe company, the latter to collect the cost of the coal and the freight charges at the point of destination. For instance, on a shipment of coal from the mines to a point in New Mexico, the railroad company would collect something over $4 from the consignee. About $2.50 of this would represent the price of the coal, which would be returned to the Colorado company by the Santa Fe.

Stories about Morton's probable retirement from the cabinet have been in pretty steady circulation since early last winter. They have been called to the attention of the president on several occasions, and always with the same result. The president reserves the right to choose his cabinet officers, and to retain them as long as he sees fit. He has the full confidence of the country, and he feels, this being true, that he should be acquitted of the charge of retaining in public place any man who is not in sympathy with administration policies and purposes.

The Morton resignation stories are indirectly such a charge, and it may be said with ample authority that the president doesn't like them. A close friend of the president's said recently, while discussing the Morton case:

"Mr. Roosevelt has better sources of information regarding Mr. Morton's alleged trust and corporation connections, and law violations, than anybody else in the country, especially than any of the people who have been criticising Morton, and he would be the last person to insist on Morton's keeping the navy portfolio if any of the charges were true. The mere fact that Morton is to remain in the cabinet ought to be a sufficient reply to these stories."

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Phones 492. 210 West Superior St.

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BOYCE'S DRUG STORE

KITCHENER MUST FIGHT

To Hold Position as Commander-in-Chief In India.

London, May 12.—The revelations concerning the friction between Lord Kitchener and Sir Edmund Elles, military member of the viceroy's council, have excited deep interest in military circles at home.

Sympathy is entirely with Lord Kitchener. Among high military authorities at home it is felt that his position is a wholly intolerable and anomalous one.

It is also felt very keenly that his resignation would be a great calamity to India, and that every possible means should be taken to avert it.

A distinguished general now in London was interviewed on the subject of Lord Kitchener's position.

"Lord Kitchener's position," he said, "is very simple. As commander-in-chief he has advised a scheme for the reorganization of the Indian army which has met with the enthusiastic approval of every military expert.

"Every commander-in-chief in India of late years has had the fact emphatically borne in upon him that reorganization is absolutely necessary if India is to be retained for the empire.

Lord Kitchener is the strong man who has put that reorganization scheme in force after minutely testing every detail of his plan, and after obtaining for it the sanction of the imperial government.

"What happens?" continued the general. "The military member of the viceroy's council—a brave soldier, I admit, and a good fellow, but without a thousandth part of the administrative ability which has made Kitchener what he is—steps in and vetoes one of the commander-in-chief's proposals, because he does not think it necessary, and another because he cannot see the drift of it, and so on.

"But he is not required to see the drift of it. All Lord Kitchener's proposals are independent. If, because you cannot see the full scope of the scheme, you lop off a change here or a movement there, you imperil the whole project.

"Back of the whole business lies the paralyzing influence of the Indian bureaucracy. The fear in the secretariat is that if Lord Kitchener is permitted to carry through his scheme in its entirety, he will have more power than the viceroy.

"That, of course, is rubbish—sheer, unadulterated rubbish. Lord Kitchener is commander-in-chief, and, as such, it is his duty to safeguard India by every means in his power.

"If this kind of interference is to be permitted, not only will Lord Kitchener's great scheme be wrecked, but India will lose the best commander-in-chief she has ever had.

Lord Kitchener's position is, frankly, intolerable. If he is commander-in-chief, let him be commander-in-chief. As things are going now, the military administration of India is being shipwrecked, and Kitchener is reduced to the position of a mere routine officer."

The Misery of Piles

Thousand, know it and thousands daily submit, through their ignorance, to the torture of the knife.

They are ignorant of the fact that there is an internal remedy that will positively and painlessly cure.

Dr. Perrin's Pile Specific
The Internal Remedy

strikes at the prime causes of piles—indigestion, congestion of the liver and constipation. These causes are removed and removed for good. Get a bottle today and see how well it proves the truth of this statement.

For dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation, biliousness, catarrh of the stomach and kindred ailments it is the greatest remedy that has ever yet benefited mankind.

When these troubles are taken care of and cured, Piles will be a thing of the past.

Dr. Perrin Medical Co., Helena, Mont.

SAVED BY DYNAMITE.

Sometimes, a flaming city is saved by dynamiting a space that the fire can't feed by the complainants within fifteen days and by the respondents within twenty days. The arguments will be made before the commission in Washington.

Several witnesses were heard by the commission yesterday.

To compare the icing charges of the Northern Pacific lines with those of the Armour lines, P. P. Ober, manager of the Perishable Freight Traffic of the Northern Pacific, was put on the stand and examined by R. S. Powell of the Western Fruit Jobbers' association. Mr. Ober testified that the costs to his company for icing, averaged from $1.10 to $1.75. He declared that the average charge for icing cars and numerous re-icing was $25 per car on shipments of fruits from Western points to St. Paul and Minneapolis, when the company's own cars were used. When the Armour cars were used, however, he said, a charge of $35 was made, and the extra $10 went to the Armour people in addition to the rental charges made by the Armour line.

In concluding his testimony, Mr. Ober said his company only charged shippers of fruit the actual cost of the icing of the cars.

Among those who made protests against the icing charges made by the Armour company, were: D. W. Atkinson, Sparta, Mich., and Henry S. Vinkemueller, a Grand Rapids, Mich., fruit and produce jobber. In addition to protesting against exorbitant charges for icing, Mr. Vinkemueller told of alleged discrimination on the part of the Armour lines to a Grand Rapids commission house.

THE COST OF ICING CARS

Explained By Northern Pacific Man to Commerce Commission.

Chicago, May 12.—Testimony of the complaints in the investigation of the affairs of the Armour car lines by the interstate commerce commission was concluded yesterday and as the respondents stated that they had nothing to say, the commission announced that briefs should be

KITCHENER MUST FIGHT

To Hold Position as Commander-in-Chief In India.

London, May 12.—The revelations concerning the friction between Lord Kitchener and Sir Edmund Elles, military member of the viceroy's council, have excited deep interest in military circles at home.

Sympathy is entirely with Lord Kitchener. Among high military authorities at home it is felt that his position is a wholly intolerable and anomalous one.

It is also felt very keenly that his resignation would be a great calamity to India, and that every possible means should be taken to avert it.

A distinguished general now in London was interviewed on the subject of Lord Kitchener's position.

"Lord Kitchener's position," he said, "is very simple. As commander-in-chief he has advised a scheme for the reorganization of the Indian army which has met with the enthusiastic approval of every military expert.

"Every commander-in-chief in India of late years has had the fact emphatically borne in upon him that reorganization is absolutely necessary if India is to be retained for the empire.

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NOTE OF ALARM

Regarding Growth of Opium Habit In China.

New York, May 12.—From Tengchow, China, the Rev. Mason Wells, a missionary of the Presbyterian foreign board, sounds a note of alarm regarding the growth of the opium habit in China. He says: "It is well known that China is cursed by opium, but the rapidity of its spread among officials and people can hardly be realized. At the present rate of increase it will not be many years before the use of opium in China will be as general as is the use of tobacco now. Even members of the Christian churches are in some cases engaged in raising, selling and using it, and unless the church condones its use by members there must inevitably be a wholesale cutting down of the rolls. It's an unpleasant subject to dwell upon, but I feel that the people of the church at home should know the conditions so that by timely precautions and prayer the threatening evil may be averted."

"MISSING LINK"

Found In the Blood, Says German Doctor.

Berlin, May 12.—Dr. Uhlenhoth, an eminent army surgeon, definitely asserts he has discovered the "missing link" by a long series of investigations, having established the similarity in every respect of the blood of the higher apes and the human beings.

If the blood serum of one animal be mixed with that of any other, the mixture remains clear; if, however, the blood be taken from an ape and injected into the veins of a rabbit, the blood subsequently taken from this rabbit becomes troubled when mixed with more ape's blood.

A similar result is obtained if human blood be injected into the veins of a rabbit, and this simple experiment is often relied upon to prove if a spot of blood found on the clothes of a suspected murderer is human. This phenomena is observed only when the blood is that of some living animal, and the higher the ape in the scale of development the more pronounced is the reaction.

THURSDAY'S WINNERS ON WESTERN TRACKS.

Kansas City, May 12.—Ida Kearney and Earl Rogers, coupled as favorites in the betting, finished first and second respectively in the Missouri Breeders' stakes for Missouri-bred 2-year-olds. John H. was third. Ida Kearney was much the best and finished under restraint. Bryan, cleverly ridden by Tod Sloan, won the fifth race.

St. Louis, May 12.—The Don defeated Brooklyn, the latter's first appearance on the local track this year, in the fourth event, a handicap a mile and a sixteenth, at the American Jockey club. Miss Cornell, on which as good as 100 to 1 could be obtained, won the fifth race.

Little Scout, played strongly at 2 to 1, failed to last in the heartbreaking struggle down the stretch, and Monte, almost equally as well liked by the betting public, won the feature of the Fair Grounds offering.

Louisville, May 12.—Beautiful Bess, from Fred Cook's stable, won the Debutante stake, for 2-year-old fillies, at Churchill Hill Downs yesterday. The Cook filly was a heavily-backed even-money favorite and won easily by three lengths from Ohiyesa.

GOES TO SEA WHILE NAPPING

Deaf Mute Carried From Home While Asleep on Vessel.

San Francisco, May 12.—On board the Italian ship Amphitrite, which is discharging her cargo at Howard street wharf, is Louis Albaro, who boarded the ship fourteen months ago at Taltal, Chile, to take a nap. When he awoke the Amphitrite was at sea. He has stayed with her ever since in the hope that some day she may return to the nitrate port.

Albaro is a deaf mute and was one of the public characters at Taltal, where he involuntarily joined the ship.

After leaving Taltal the Amphitrite sailed to Rotterdam. From there she went to Antwerp, where she loaded the cargo she is now discharging.

Louis is able to write his own name and a few phrases of Spanish. Beyond this his only communication with his shipmates has been by signs. Capt. Cafiero is taking good care of his afflicted guest, who still occupies in the forecastle the bunk he selected for his unfortunate nap. On his blue sweater "Seaman" is printed in big white letters, and Louis is said to be a handy man when he understands what is wanted of him. By his shipmates he is treated with some awe and gently shielded from the knocks which usually go with life in a forecastle.

WEDDING TRIP

Of Youthful Couple Taken Under Difficulties.

Meadville, Pa., May 12.—Undismayed by the fact that they did not have enough money for a wedding trip, Lilian Johnson, aged 15, and Frank Saunders, aged 17, were married at Alfred, N. Y., and started their bridal trip on a westbound Erie freight train.

Young Saunders saved up a small sum of money, but the parents objected to the match on account of their youth. They slipped from their homes, going to the office of a justice of the peace, and were wedded. The groom had a position in Chicago, so he expended the most of his savings to send their belongings to the Windy City.

When they left Alfred they had besides their marriage certificate a small sum of money and a well-filled lunch basket. They arrived in Meadville and by the the kindness of Erie employes spent the night at the passenger station.

The next day the young people went to Geneva on a freight, getting off at that town to get a bite to eat. When another freight started west the groom jumped into an empty box car and attempted to pull his bride into the car. He was unequal to the task and but for the prompt stopping of the train the honeymoon would have ended in a tragedy.

After several hardships they met some kind-hearted people who took up a collection for them and purchased tickets to Chicago.

WED AMID COFFINS.

Bride Shudders But Passes Safely Through Ordeal.

New York, May 12.—Although they were wedded amid coffins and shrouds, Wilber Jenkins of Washington, and his bride, who was Miss Elsie Logan of Williamsport, Pa., are today one of the happiest couples in the city at their home, 354 West Fifteenth street.

The couple were disappointed in their plans to have a minister of their acquaintance marry them, and in their despair sought advice at the West Twentieth street police station, where the sergeant referred them to the Stephen Merritt Undertaking company, in Eighth avenue, where a minister is stationed.

The bride seemed likely to faint when, amidst such unusual surroundings, she summoned her courage and made the proper responses, shuddering as she gazed upon the heavy black curtains that hung before the mortuary chapel.

TORPEDO BOATS BUMP.

Berlin, May 12.—During a night maneuver off the island of Rougon, torpedo boat S-81, steaming at full speed, struck torpedo boat S-75 amidships. Both vessels were badly damaged and the S-81 had to be towed to Kiel for repairs.

Baby sleeps and grows while mammy rests if Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea is given. It is the greatest baby medicine ever offered loving mothers. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Ask your druggist.

STATUE STOLEN.

Florence, Italy, May 12.—A highly-prized statue of the Madonna, attributed to Delia Robbia, has been stolen from a private chapel at Ponte Dololli, a suburb of this city. The statue was valued at $17,000 and weighs 500 pounds.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.
Coughing, coughing, day after day, tears the throat and lungs. Healthy tissues give way. You are ill. Ask your doctor why Cherry Pectoral cures coughs.
J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

The Daylight Store. **Oak Hall Clothing Co.** The Daylight Store.

331-333-335 West Superior Street—Corner Fourth Avenue West.

Special for Saturday

Choice of 250 All-wool Plain and Fancy Worsted Suits for Men, that are splendid values at $12.00, $13.00 and $15.00, in either single or double breasted style at only—

$10

Special for Saturday

Suits and Cravenette Coats that you have always paid $18.00 and $20.00 for—Suits in either single or double breasted styles—also worsteds and serges—Saturday only—

$15

BASE BALLS AND BATS FREE with all Suits in the Boys' and Children's Dept.

Ladies' Flannel Shirts

At a big saving over dry goods store prices—all new and up to date—shown in blue, brown, white and red. These Shirts are made by America's foremost leaders in waist-making, insuring you the best to be had. Prices—

$1.29 $1.69 $1.98 $2.15 $2.39

Come early, as the lot will be sold out at these prices in a short time.

Cor. Fourth Ave. W. and Superior St. **Oak Hall Clothing Co.** Cor. Fourth Ave. W. and Superior St.

DULUTH'S LARGEST CLOTHIERS.

HELEN GOULD

Will Pay For Education of Young Hero.

Durango, Col., May 12.—For warning Locomotive Engineer J. C. McCabe of a rock slide ahead, Leroy Irvine Dixon, 9 years old, is to have an education, the expense of which will be borne by Miss Helen Gould. The lad's parents gave their consent, and Miss Gould will allow them to select any preparatory school and university they desire.

The boy discovered a rock slide last October on the Rio Grande track where the railroad skirts the canyon of the Las Animas river. He knew a passenger train was due soon and waved a handkerchief, flagging the train. The canyon is more than 100 feet deep at the place.

Wedding Silver

At cost at A. L. Norberg's, 5 West Superior street.

Shoe Specials

For Tomorrow's Large Trade.

Ladies' patent colt and tan Oxford Ties—regular $3 values; tomorrow at **$2.50**

Ladies' light or heavy sole Shoe Oxfords—extra values at **$2.00**

Little Gents' special—good value ....$1.25 and **$1.00**

Young Ladies' low heel Oxfords—black, brown and tan—extra value **$2.00**

Misses' Oxford Ties and blucher shoes **$1.50**

Children's $1.25 Lace Shoes—sizes 8½ to 12—on special sale at **98c**

Boys' Tennis Oxfords—per pair **50c**

WIELAND'S

123 W. Superior St.

THE HANDSOME ONE.

By Francis A. Corey.

(Copyright, 1905, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

"No, Rob, I cannot marry you," Elva Brandt said decisively.

A pained look blurred the blue of the young giant's eyes. After a slight pause he asked with a husky note in his voice:

"Is it because of my personal appearance that you refuse me Elva?"

She colored—hesitated. Long, loose-jointed, ridiculously red of hair and countenance—never had he looked so unprepossessing as at that moment. Why had fate ordained that her first offer of marriage should come from the homeliest man of her acquaintance?

"I'm sorry, Rob—you have done me a great honor—but you are the very opposite of my ideal—"

"I understand," he interrupted gravely, taking pity on her confusion. "You are a beauty-worshipper. You deem a handsome face one of the essentials in a suitor, and I fall far short of the mark. Don't think I blame you. It would be the old story of Beauty and the Beast. But I love you none the less truly because of my deficiencies in the matter of looks. I shall always love you."

Elva shed a few tears after Robert Delaney left her. They had been friends for years. Great things were prophesied of his future. She would miss him. But the thought of having always to look upon that shock of red hair was intolerable. Involuntarily she contrasted him with Lawrence Vose, a newcomer in Milford. Lawrence was her ideal of manly beauty. To look at him filled her with pleasurable sensations, like gazing at a beautiful picture.

A few days later she went out walking with her new acquaintance when a vicious hound tore through a gateway and crouched before her, ready to spring. Vose fell back, white to the lips.

"Run! The dog is mad!" he cried, flourishing his cane—at a discreet distance.

But Elva stood motionless, paralyzed by those terrible, glaring eyes. Delancy, who happened to be driving past at the moment, saw her peril, and leaping from the carriage, seized the brute by the collar, dragged him to the fence and flung him over; then lifted his hat to Elva and walked calmly away.

The danger over, Vose quickly recovered himself. "Neatly done!" he commented. "That Delancy seems a nice sort of fellow, for all his looks. It should have been my privilege to rescue you, however."

Elva made no response. She was pale and trembling. Red hair and freckles could not detract from the heroism of Rob's timely act.

Afterward she looked for him everywhere, but two weeks elapsed before they met again. Then, one night at the Country club ball, she saw him elbowing his way toward her.

"This is indeed a pleasure, Rob," she said sweetly, with a smile of welcome. "Why have you kept so aloof? I've had no opportunity to thank you—"

She faltered—stopped. The grave, almost stern expression of his face filled her with sudden apprehension. "Elva, did you come with Lawrence Vose?" he abruptly demanded.

"Yes," she answered, tossing her head half defiantly.

"Pardon his escort home! You have friends who will deem it a privilege to take you. Mrs. Graham, for instance. She has to pass your door."

Elva straightened herself. She was very angry. "Mr. Delancy, how dare you?" she cried hotly. "I am fully capable of managing my own affairs."

"Forgive me for interfering. I should not have done so without good and sufficient reasons."

"It is unwarranted impertinence—"

"You are wrong," he interrupted quietly. "This is no time or place for explanations; but I know Vose to be unworthy of your friendship. Of course I could do no less than put you on your guard."

Elva bristled again.

"It's easy to see why you dislike him," she cried scathingly. "But nothing you can say will carry the slightest weight. Don't mention his name to me again. Good night."

Rob's gaze followed her uncertainly as she swept away. What could he do in the face of her scorn and anger? How his heart ached! She was unusually beautiful that night. He saw, with a quick catching of his breath, that she wore the Brandt diamonds, a costly necklace that encircled her throat like a galaxy of stars.

As he moved on, with a repressed sigh, Vose stepped softly from behind a screen of palms.

The ball was a brilliant affair. Elva's escort obsequiously attentive; but she was glad to have it over. Something seemed lacking. As she descended the garlanded staircase leaning on Vose's arm, she looked around for Rob, with a keen sense of disappointment that he was not on the watch. Did he no longer care?

There was a brief delay in the vestibule. Vose tenderly readjusted her wraps, murmuring something about the night air being unpleasantly cool.

As they drove away together, Elva was beset by sudden misgivings. Rob's warning words again recurred to her. He was above petty jealousy—something must have come to his ears. Why had she not insisted upon an explanation while it was to be had?

Suddenly her hand went to her throat, and she uttered a sharp exclamation.

"My diamond necklace! It's gone! I had it on when I went for my cloak."

Vose sprang up, shouting to the driver to stop. "It may have become unclasped after you got in the carriage," he said hurriedly to the distressed girl. "If so, it will be easily found."

Taking a lamp from its socket, he made careful search among the cushions and rugs. Elva loosened her wrap and shook it vigorously. All in vain.

"You may have dropped it in the vestibule," Vose suggested. "I'll run back and see." She wondered why he glanced sharply up and down the street while speaking. "Wait here. I won't be long."

He was gone before Elva could protest. She was almost in tears. The diamonds, aside from being heirlooms, were intrinsically valuable. It made her nervous to be left there alone. Why had Vose returned to the clubhouse on foot when the horses would have taken him much more quickly? The doubts against which she had been struggling obtruded themselves more persistently than before.

Footsteps echoed in the nearly-deserted street. Leaning eagerly from the carriage, Elva strained her eyes in the direction of the sounds as a man's figure loomed in the darkness.

"Oh, Rob! Rob!" she exclaimed in tons of unspeakable relief as she recognized Delancy. "I'm so glad."

He came running up. "Elva, you are safe?" he cried anxiously.

"Yes, I'm all right," she almost sobbed. It's my diamond necklace! Oh, Rob, it's gone! I've lost it—or it has been stolen!"

"Where's Vose?" he asked, peering over her shoulder.

"Gone back to look for it."

"We will go too. There's room for me on the box with the driver."

"Rob—please—please—get in here!" she cried imploringly as he turned away. "I'm so frightened!"

"All right—when I've told the man where to drive."

The small, pale face was raised to his half wistfully as he seated himself beside her, but he stared impassively straight ahead. Elva tried to persuade herself that she did not care—all in vain! Every nerve was quivering. Wringing her hands, she burst into tears.

"Oh, Rob, it has been a terrible night!"

Instead of slipping his arm about her, and soothing her with loving words, he said quietly:

"I'm sorry about the necklace. But it may not be irrevocably lost. We will soon know."

She dashed the tears angrily away from her eyes. Did he think she was distressed about the jewels, and nothing else?

Presently the carriage drew up before a stone building, the windows of which were all alight. Elva uttered an ejaculation of surprise.

"This isn't the clubhouse! It's the police station!"

"Yes," he replied, taking note of a second carriage standing at the curb. The driver obeyed instructions. Come in! Something may be known of the missing necklace here."

She followed him into a big bare room. Facing the officer in charge was a prisoner who had just been brought in by two policemen. One of the latter held up something that glittered brilliantly in the electric light.

"This was on the prisoner's person, your honor."

"My diamonds!" Elva exclaimed involuntarily.

The culprit turned sharply at the sound of her voice. Could this pallid, shrinking, guilt-burdened creature be Laurence Vose, the handsome, the debonnair?

A glance of understanding passed between Rob and the officer; then the former drew Elva's hand within his arm and led her back to the carriage.

"Your jewels will be restored to you in the morning," he said quietly. "You see, I've been doing a little detective work of my own. Vose, knowing he was under suspicion, intended to skip with the diamonds tonight. A confederate was to follow you from the ball in another carriage. Vose's plan was to leave you on some pretext, after getting possession of the jewels, leap into the other carriage and drive straight to the railway station. But his pal had been taken in charge—the second carriage was of my own providing. Most unexpectedly he found himself in the clutches of two policemen.

During this explanation Elva's head had drooped until it rested finally against the young man's shoulder.

"Oh, Rob, forgive me," she said, whispering. "I have learned that a true, honest heart is more to be desired in the man one is to marry than a handsome face. I needed the lesson."

U. C. T. dance, Elks' hall, Sat. eve., 8:30.

Rugs, Lace Curtains and Tapestry Curtains

—SOLD ON—

Easy Payments

At the Clothing Parlors of

Fred W. Edwards

Upstairs over Gidding's, First Av. W. and Superior St.

COULD NOT AGREE

Jury In Carlson Case Fails to Reach a Verdict.

Skeleton Leg Plays Part In Shipman Malpractice Case.

After deliberating twenty hours, the jury in the damage action of Mary Ann Bloomer against the street railway company announced that it was unable to reach any agreement and was discharged by Judge Dibell, shortly after 10 o'clock this morning. It is understood that throughout the night and up to the report made the court this morning the jury stood eight for the defendant company to four for Miss Bloomer.

The action was one brought by Miss Bloomer, sister of John Bloomer, a hack driver, killed last fall in a collision with a Lake avenue street car during a storm. She claimed negligence on the part of the motorman and sued the company for the statuary limit of $5,000 damages, being represented by Marshall & Whipple.

In Judge Cant's room Dr. C. G. Shipman, who is being sued by David McTaggert for alleged malpractice in the treatment of an amputated limb, was called to the witness stand for cross-examination under the statutes, this morning, the questioning being conducted by Attorney Hollister, attorney for Mr. McTaggert.

Dr. Shipman when asked if the operation was an experiment with himself, claimed that it was not, that while it was the first operation of the kind he had ever attempted, he did not consider first operations in the nature of experiments. He further claimed that he had witnessed while in medical college a demonstration of a similar operation in the course of his surgical studies and had read about it.

Dr. Shipman would not admit that the wound, after withdrawing the nail used to bring the flesh together over the stump of the leg, was in other than an apparently healthy condition when he examined it, although he did not put a probe in the hole left by the withdrawal of the nail to discover if there was any septic conditions in the bone.

As to the rust claimed to be found on the nail about where it entered the bone, Dr. Shipman claimed that he was without knowledge that there was any rust on it when it was withdrawn, and said he could not explain definitely how it came about if there was any rust at that point.

A gruesome feature of the case is a skeleton leg which lies on the stenographer's table, and which is being used to demonstrate to the jury the location of the parts where the amputation was made.

* * *

The jury was excused in Judge Dibell's room this morning while the court listened to the arguments of the attorneys in the damage action of Emil Carlson against F. E. Resche and Denald Irvine, for and against a motion that the jury be instructed to return a verdict for the defendant police officers, or that the case be taken from the jury and be decided by the court.

The claim on which the alternative was based was that there was no conflict of testimony between the plaintiff and the defendants, and that in such case there was a question of law to be settled rather than a question of fact.

The police officials claim there was no unlawful search of Carlson's house, in that Mrs. Carlson herself consented to the search, and because the officers disturbed nothing and took nothing away with them.

* * *

The case of K. A. McDonald against P. A. Smith, which is on trial in Judge Ensign's room, may reach the jury late this afternoon or else Monday morning. Mr. Smith was this morning on the stand to give testimony in opposition to the claim of Mr. McDonald that he should have received $11,000 on a big timber deal.

DIES IN BED.

Charles Jameson Found In Hall's Lodging House.

Charles Jameson, a cripple, was found lying dead in his bed at Hall's lodging house on West Superior street yesterday. Death is believed to have been due to alcoholism.

Jameson had been in the city about a year and a half, and was understood to be preparing to institute legal proceedings against the traction company for the accident which had deprived him of his leg.

He had retired late Wednesday night and asked to be called at noon by the clerk. He was found several hours later, dead in bed.

THE WESTERN COAL MARKET

New Features That Affect the Western Bituminous Trade.

Chicago, May 12.—The Black Diamond, official organ of the coal industry, reviewing the Western coal markets, tomorrow will say:

A number of features have developed in connection with the Western bituminous industry during the past week which will have a tendency to influence market conditions. The "hot-firers' bill was passed by the Illinois legislature and has created a critical labor situation with the miners of the state, which has not fully developed at the time of writing this report. There was a slight increase in the tonnage of bituminous coal at Chicago last week, as compared with the previous week, although this is not regarded as of serious importance unless there should be a further increase the present week. It is reported from Cleveland that the interests engaged in the great lakes trade have arrived at a peace understanding and that prices in the future will be more stable than they have been in the past. The teamsters' strike continues in Chicago, involving a large number of men, although no new coal companies have been involved. All these features have a direct bearing of greater or lesser importance on prices and on the supply and the demand for coal.

It is reported from Cleveland this week that the interests which are engaged in the lake shipping trade have patched up a truce and that peace will hereafter prevail in that branch of the industry. The understanding is that the leading shipping interests will obtain $2.50 for fueling coal at loading ports and $2.10 f. o. b. vessel for cargo coal. Should this report prove to be true, and there are indications that it is, the lake trade will have stability, which has been lacking since the opening of the season. Most of the large interests have endeavored to obtain the figures quoted above, but in some instances cargo coal has been sold on a much lower basis. As there is such a large volume of business supplied from the tonnage moved up the Great Lakes, the continuance of the policy of selling coal below a profitable basis would have worked injury to nearly the entire western trade if it had continued till December without interruption. Stability in cargo and fueling coal is not likely, however, to have any immediate effect on prices f. o. b. docks, although in some quarters, it is maintained that dock prices may be advanced shortly to a more profitable basis.

In the Western anthracite trade the situation is more or less colorless as to any expansion of business. East of Chicago there is a continued active demand for coal, and the movement compares very favorably with the corresponding period a year ago. This is particularly true of the all-rail movement. In the Chicago trade the continuance of the teamsters' strike doubtless is having a considerable influence on the situation. Consumers do not feel the absolute necessity of purchasing their coal now. There is a popular misapprehension that the strike involves nearly all of the coal teamsters, which prevents some of the trade taking advantage of the May discount and buying coal at present. Very few instances have occurred of interference in domestic deliveries, the strike being confined almost wholly to the interests supplying the downtown trade with steam coal. In all probability, however, consumers will continue to hold back in placing orders for this business while the strike occupies the public attention. West of Chicago the demand for anthracite continues comparatively light. Consumers are not taking in much coal and dealers are not inclined to store it at this time.

AMUSED THE COURT.

Told How Pittsburg Society Man Made Love.

Pittsburg, May 12.—Yesterday afternoon Miss Edith Isabelle Gibney of St. Louis sat in court and told of love-making as done by the Pittsburg "400." She is suing Klaus J. Steiner, one of Pittsburg's wealthy men, for $50,000 damages for breach of promise. She is also suing Mr. Steiner's father, mother and three sisters for another $50,000 damages, alleging they conspired to kill the dream of love and take the young consulting architect from her.

It is evident, at the close of the first day of the trial, that Steiner is in position to see the wisdom of the remark:

"Oh, that mine enemy would write a book!"

Steiner has written enough letters to Miss Gibney to make a book two feet long and one foot wide. At the same time the Steiner side of the house has a carpetbag filled with Miss Gibney's letters to Steiner.

In a clear voice, without an apparent misstep, the St. Louis girl told of her meeting Klaus J. Steiner in Pittsburg in 1902 at the home of another family named Steiner; how he had in the spring of 1903 proposed to her in the most ardent fashion; how she had declined to give him his answer, how all the time he had pressed her to say yes, and finally after one week she had consented.

"Why did you hesitate?" asked Attorney O'Brien, her counsel.

"Because the happiness of two persons for a lifetime was at stake, and I did not want to be hasty," she replied, and continued:

"When the defendant got his final answer from me he seemed very happy, and said he would stop smoking and so purify himself against the time that he would kiss me—"

A roar of laughter greeted this, and Judge Buffington himself bit his lip as he shouted to the officers to keep order or clear the court room.

A Wonderful Sale of Women's Tailored Suits and Silk Shirt Waist Suits—

Saturday we place on sale a collection of elegant Silk Shirt Waist Suits—in black and all colors, and fine tailored suits of Panamas, Cheviots, Clay Worsteds, etc., in black and all colors, as well as checks and mixtures. **These Suits Have Sold Up to $17.50 each.** We will close them all out at choice for..... **$10.75**

New Lines of Women's Coats—

We invite particular attention to an entirely new showing of Women's Covert Jackets and Coats of black Broadcloths and Cheviots—actual $15 values—at..... **$10.50**

Krojanker's The Strictly Ladies Skop

20 West Superior Street.

FUR STORAGE!

R. KROJANKER.

We store and insure furs against fire, moths or any other loss. We guarantee to return your furs or to allow their value. Our facilities are the best and largest in Duluth, not to say Minneapolis or St. Paul. Mr. Krojanker gives all furs his personal attention. Call Zenith 'phone 351—or send postal and we will call for your furs.

GAS EXPLOSION KILLS SEVERAL

Philadelphia, May 12.—Two persons are dead, two missing, two fatally injured, and nine others seriously hurt, as the result of an explosion of a United Gas Improvement company's tank, at Point Breeze, in the southern section of this city, today.

The dead have not been identified. Five buildings of the plant were damaged. Four painters who were at work on one building were blown off, and two of them are missing. Thirty men at work in the vicinity of the tank were injured by the explosion, nine of them seriously. One man was carried 150 yards by the force of the explosion. Five others were carried 300 feet.

Everything the best that is at Haley's Restaurant. Popular prices.

Newest Styles in Spring and Summer Shoes and Oxfords.

For Saturday and Monday only we will offer all our Men's $7.00 and $6.00 Shoes and Oxfords, including Johnson & Murphy's—these are the finest lines of men's shoes in the city—nothing reserved—all leathers, patent colt, patent kid, vici kid and calf—tan and black—for. **$4.50**

Your choice of any of our Ladies' $6 and $5 Shoes or Oxfords, all new spring goods—for **$3.85**

SPECIAL!

300 pairs of Ladies' hand-turned Shoes, worth from $3.50 to $5; sizes 2½ to 4.. **$1.50**

150 pairs Misses' and Children's Shoes, odd sizes—for **95c**

Boys' Shoes—from $1.00 to $3.00.

Workingmen's Shoes from 50c to $1.00 less than any other place in the city.

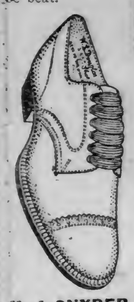
McDonnell Shoe Store,

124 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

All sale prices are for cash only. **W. LYNCH, Manager.**

Successors to Blodgett-Oldham.

"It is quite a feat to fit the feet, at which W. L. Douglas $3.50 Shoes can't be beat.

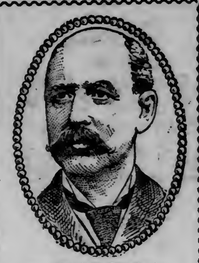


$3.50

Style and Durability

Are twin virtues of the W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES.

We have stood the test of time—try a pair of our Shoes and be convinced. You will also save from $1.50 to $2.00 on a pair. We protect you by stamping the price on the bottom of every shoe. Our spring stock is in and open for close inspection.



The World's Greatest Shoemaker.

W. L. DOUGLAS
$3.50 SHOE STORE,

H. J. SNYDER, Mgr. 310 W. Superior St.—Torrey Bldg.

A GOOD REPORTER.

A Burglar Turned Out To Be News Artist.

"The best writer we have on our reportorial staff is a burglar who was sentenced to three or four terms of imprisonment for crimes of which he frankly admits he was guilty," said the managing editor of a newspaper in a city not so far from Washington to the Washington Star. "His case is interesting in the extreme, especially as bearing upon the question as to whether there can be any true reformation in a man who has so far strayed from the paths of rectitude as to warrant his temporary immurement in a penitentiary. Our own particular burglar appears to be a bit of confirmatory evidence in the affirmative on this question, for he has been with us for six months without so much as the slightest moral slip, so far as we know, and we have watched him closely.

"One day last fall the city editor came into my room and laid before me a communication which he said a young man outside wished published. It was an article criticising conditions existing at the Moundsville penitentiary, in West Virginia. Now it happens that in our office we frequently received complaints of this sort from freshly liberated convicts, and there is seldom, if ever, any grounds for them. I was prepared, therefore, to toss this one into the waste basket, but had hardly finished the first paragraph when I knew I had encountered something unusual.

"It was not the story itself that caught my attention, but the manner in which it was told. The English was flawless, the style, while out of the hackneyed, was so simple, direct, terse and graphic that I was seized with a desire to see this jail bird who could handle the queen's tongue so readily—and, I might say, classically. The city editor ushered in a man of about 30 years, slender and dark, with nothing at all unusual about his appearance except his eyes, which were furtive, as if he expected to be pounced upon unawares, and his left leg, which he dragged after him as he walked.

"I did not believe he had written the article and told him so. He did not seem at all angry or annoyed, but quietly said that he had. You may be sure that I was even more incredulous when he told me that he was a product of the New York Bowery and had spent his life among the miserable surroundings of that quarter up to the time when he was arrested for his first crime. I asked how he had acquired the facility for expressing his thoughts, and he answered that it was simply by waiting away the time in prison. Only the best authors, or those whose works would do no harm, were allowed the prisoners, and he could only explain his accomplishments by saying that he absorbed their styles, and their aid formed a distinctive one of his own.

"Well, I didn't think very much of my find, but the proprietor of the paper and I both had a penchant for picking up unpromising folks and trying to make something of them. Our protegés, I must admit, have not always turned out as we had hoped, but at any rate I sent him down to the business office to see the 'old man.' He asked the ex-convict whether he had tried to do any work since leaving Moundsville, and the man replied that he helped to tear down an old building for two days, but that as he was unused to such labor he had been unable to continue it. The proprietor and I went into executive session on the case, and he surprised me out of a year's growth by his proposition.

"'I'm going to put him on the staff,' he said, 'not to cover the society assignments, you know, but to do odds and ends where he will not be brought into contact with people to whom he would be offensive. I won't give him any stated salary—just enough to keep him going—until he shows he can make good.'

"I confess I wasn't much taken with the plan, but I put him to work and he brought in a story that was a 'corker.' I knew that he could not have anyone else write it for him, and then I began to suspect that he had not always been a Bowery boy. I noticed some of the peculiar marks by which the manuscript of a professional writer is usually known—such as ringing the periods—and came to the conclusion that he must have been a newspaper man once upon a time. This he denied, but explained that he had written for the Star of Hope, a publication issued by the convicts at Sing Sing, and that that accounted for his chirographic peculiarities. I afterward learned that this was true.

"Well, since then he has done splendid work, is on a regular salary, and if he behaves himself, has a job for years to come. And he is not spoiled by his treatment. He is treated courteously by everyone in the office. They all know he is an ex-convict, but he does not presume upon their attitude toward him. He seldom speaks except when he is spoken to, and never mentions his old life save when he is asked about it, when he talks readily enough. The boys often ask him his theory about current crimes, and that usually leads him to open up a most interesting line of conversation. He thinks Hornung's Raffles stories breathe the true spirit of burglary. 'The man who wrote them has been through the game,' was the glowing tribute he paid this author.

"The proprietor's house was entered through a second-story window one night while he was entertaining a company at dinner on the first floor. It was found that the burglar, in making his exit through the window had pulled down the shade and pulled it out under the sash, closing it down tight upon it.

"'Now why did the man do that?' our own burglar expert was asked.

"'So that if the alarm happened to be given as he was leaving, there would be delay in raising the window and a consequent increase in his chances for escape,' he answered.

"He says the wisdom of holding one's tongue was impressed upon him as a result of a little crib-cracking he did one night. He and a pal had rung the bell of a house, and, there being no response, they concluded no one was at home, and proceeded to business. As they reached the head of the stairs at the second floor they heard a splashing of water in the bathroom. One of them pushed the door open an inch or so and discovered the lady of the house at her toilet.

"'We mean you no harm at all, madam,' he said just as the amateur cracksman might have done, 'so don't be alarmed. All we want are your valuables, and if you keep perfectly still it will be all over in a very few moments.'

"Instead she let out a piercing shriek, and our friends decamped. Later they were picked up by the police and the lady was taken to headquarters to identify them. She looked each over carefully, but failed at recognition.

"'I cannot say they are the men,' she finally declared.

"'There,' broke out our burglar's companion. 'I told you she wouldn't be able to spot us.'

"The woman turned on him like a flash.

"'Oh, that's the man; I can tell him by his voice.'

"The fellow went up for a few years, while our friend escaped for the time.

"So it was that for a man who has been in Sing Sing, Moyamensing, Jefferson Barracks and Moundsville, our protege has done quite well. He has one advantage over the ordinary convict who tries to lead a better life when once outside the prison walls. Such a one is nine times out of ten pursued relentlessly by his record, and no matter how hard he tries to be good, finds himself dropped from position after position, with or without explanation.

"As our man told us all about himself at the beginning, it would not matter how many persons came to inform us that he was once a convict. We have cured him of his lockstep walk and his furtive eye, and he is now on the high road to honesty and respectability. Why, not more than three weeks after he went on the paper he came in one morning and complained of the character of the meat at a boarding house at which he was stopping.

"'They're a lot of thieves down there,' he declared, 'and a fellow can't leave anything lying around that they don't take it.'"

St. Louis, Mo., and Return $20.55.

May 13 to 22, "The Northwestern Line" will sell excursion tickets to St. Louis, Mo., and return at $20.55. Final limit for return, May 24, 1905. Account National Baptist anniversary. City ticket office, 302 West Superior street.

CARICATURE SKETCH OF THE PRINCE OF MONACO.

The Prince of Monaco is quite a scientist, and is applying the vast wealth derived from the gaming tables of Monte Carlo to a scientific investigation of the treasures of the deep.

Call and See Our New Line OF Shoes and Oxfords

We can sell our goods cheaper than the stores on Superior street, for our rent is a seventh of what the merchants pay down stairs.

Our $2.50, $3.00, $3.50 and $4.00 shoes for men and women make the strongest line shown in Duluth. Come up and let us show them to you!

We have the BEST PRACTICAL REPAIRER in the Northwest. Let us do your repair work; it will always suit.

22 shines, $1.00; or 5c a shine.

FRANK BLODGETT & CO.

Rooms 10-11-12, over "Gidding's." OLD PHONE, 1451.

PLAN FOR MEETING

Western Passenger Association Members Are In the City.

They Arrange For Organization's Meeting Here Next July.

George H. MacRae, assistant general passenger agent of the Omaha, F. I. Whitney, general passenger agent of the Great Northern, and Arthur B. Smith, assistant general passenger agent of the Northern Pacific, arrived in the city last evening from St. Paul, coming on the Twilight Limited, as the guests of Mr. MacRae. Their visit concerns the midsummer meeting of the Western Passenger association, which is to be held in Duluth July 10, 11 and 12.

The officials had nothing in particular to say of their trip. They expect quite a large attendance at the July meeting, and are today making preliminary arrangements for the event, holding conferences with local railroad men, officers of the Commercial club, and the directors of the Town Country club. Secretary H. V. Eva did not happen to be in this morning at the time the party called at the Commercial club rooms, but a meeting with him will be held this afternoon to ascertain what steps the club is willing to take toward the entertainment of the guests. Officers of the Town Country club, through W. W. Walker, president of the organization, who is also general freight agent in Duluth for the South Shore, have offered the use of the club house and grounds for the entertainment of the visitors while here.

The detailed program of the meeting has not yet been arranged, but among the features will be banquets, carriage and boat rides. There will be a trip about the harbor and on the lake, and drives around the boulevard, through the parks and about the principal streets of the city. The larger of the local industries, including the Zenith blast furnace, will probably be visited. A local committee of arrangements has been appointed from among local railroad men to co-operate with the association committee and local organizations in the plans for entertainment of the visitors. The committee is made up as follows:

T. E. Blanche, general agent of the Northern Pacific; A. Brostedt, northern passenger agent of Great Northern: Martin Adson, general agent of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic; George M. Smith, general agent of the Omaha; A. J. Perrin, agent of the South Shore in Superior, and H. Grochau of the Omaha of Superior.

The meeting will be a highly important one, and will be an excellent advertisement for Duluth. It will be the first one of the kind ever held at the Head of the Lakes. Between 100 and 150 members of the association will be in attendance from the West and South, a large number coming from Chicago, St. Louis and Milwaukee. The gatherings are always pleasant ones, with social features in connection, and are generally regarded as something in the nature of pleasure jaunts, so those attending them frequently bring with them their wives and families. It is believed that the Commercial club and other local organizations will do a good deal in the way of providing for suitable entertainment for the guests.

MILWAUKEE PLANS.

May Inaugurate Service Between Duluth and St. Paul.

The St. Paul Pioneer Press says that the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul company may inaugurate a through passenger and freight service between Chicago and Duluth, via the old St. Paul & Duluth railroad, which is now controlled by the Northern Pacific. The report comes from unofficial sources.

It is claimed that the Milwaukee has acquired a considerable block of stock of the old road. Northern Pacific officials brand this as absurd, who maintain that the St. Paul & Duluth stock has never been for sale since that road bought it in 1900.

The Milwaukee has a long-time traffic agreement with the Northern Pacific, under the provisions of which the former receives all the earnings on through freight from points beyond the Twin Cities on Milwaukee lines destined to Duluth. Such freight is not actually hauled by Milwaukee motive power to the Head of the Lakes, although this could be done under the agreement. The Northern Pacific, for such service, receives a stipulated amount each year for the leasehold.

FAST TIME.

Great Northern Will Improve the Winnipeg Service.

It is expected that Great Northern trains running from Minneapolis to Winnipeg will be running at the rate of sixty miles an hour, inclusive of stops, within the next year or two.

According to the report there will at times be a speed of seventy-five miles an hour attained. An official says the roadbed is to be made the speediest in the country, to hold the government mail contract, worth from $150,000 to $400,000 a year, in which the Soo is also interested. Eighteen inches of gravel from the new pit at Angus will be laid under the new eighty-pound rails from Barnesville to Winnipeg. The bed is twenty-seven years old and thoroughly settled. New Shanghi engines have been ordered for the run.

New Train.

The Michigan Central on Sunday will start a new fast service between Chicago and New York. A new train, to be called the Wolverine, will leave Chicago at 8:45 Sunday morning and arrive at New York at 10 o'clock the next morning. This will connect with the Milwaukee road and the 6:30 Northwestern train from St. Paul.

COULD HARDLY BELIEVE NEWS

Nan Patterson's Mother Collapses When She Hears of Release.

Washington, May 12.—The first intimation that Mrs. Patterson, the mother of Nan Patterson, had of her daughter's release, was contained in the Associated Press bulletin from New York. Mrs. Patterson at first would not believe the news, but when convinced that the report was correct and that her daughter would arrive home this evening, she collapsed and physicians were hastily sent for. When the Associated Press bulletin was carried to the family residence, Miss Patterson's three married sisters, Mrs. Edward Taylor, Mrs. H. P. Lowell and Mrs. W. L. Milburn were seated on the porch. Mrs. Patterson refused to be seen, but the news was carried to her by the two last named.

The first member of the Patterson family to hear the report was Miss Patterson's brother, C. H. Patterson, who was found at his place of business. He also at first was unwilling to believe the news, because he said, for a year the family has been misled by untrue reports of his sister's liberation.

When finally convinced that the report was true, he said:

"That is what we have been praying for for a year. It seems too good to be true. The agony which my mother and all of us have suffered is now at an end."

Grand Opening.

Tomorrow will be the formal opening of the Sundby Tea Company at their handsome new store, 16 East Superior street. Flaaten's orchestra will be in attendance, and delicious coffee will be served free.

YI HAN FUNG ENDS LIFE.

London, May 12.—Yi Han Fung, the Coran charge d'affaires here, committed suicide by hanging at the legation today. He had recently shown signs of mental trouble.

Just 18 High-Grade GO-CARTS Left

Eighteen of the Finest Reclining Carts Made.

Too many high-priced ones for this time of year and rather than carry them over till next season we offer the entire 18 at 1/3 off.

2—$38.50 Carts now $25.67 4—$28.00 Carts now $18.67
3—$36.50 Carts now $24.34 4—$24.00 Carts now $16.00
3—$29.00 Carts now $19.33 2—$20.00 Carts now $13.34

We have the largest line of Folding Carts; 11 different styles to select from, $1.95 to $10.50

WE TRUST YOU

The F. SKELLY Furniture Co.

YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD

DUEL IN DARK.

Odd Result of the Gallantry of Participants.

"That reminds me," said the man who had spent some time in the South, to the New York Sun, "of a game I sat in down in Kentucky some years ago.

"Two us!" cried the crowd—hands were running poorly anyway—and after some little persuasion he told this story:

"In our particular set down there in the horse country were Jim Pettingill and Mr. J. Tomlinson Jones. When I tell you that Jim Pettingill was always 'Jim' to the crowd, and that J. Tomlinson Jones was always 'Mister Jones,' you will know as much about the respective characters of the two men as could be told in a book. In addition to that, I might say that Jim in one respect was like the city of Washington—made up of magnificent distances.

"We were having our usual little Friday night affair, and Jim, as on one or two previous occasions, was raking in the discs of various colors with regularity that seemed to be agreeable to the rest of us. As the game went on this fact seemed to be getting on Mr. Jones's nerves, because it was not plain to him how he, J. Tomlinson Jones, could lose. His manner became offensive, and finally, when it was Jims deal and he handed himself as fine a set of pot-lifters as ever bore the royal faces of king, queen and jack, preceded by the ace, Mr. Jones exploded:

"'Sir,' said he in his best J. Tomlinson Jones manner, 'I do not care to continue longer in this game. I am accustomed to playing with gentlemen, sir, not cheats.'

"Well, the hush that fell on that crowd was so deep you could hear it. For a second no one breathed. Then Jim elevated himself to the limit of his six-foot-two, seized the struggling hundred-and-forty-seven pounds of Jones and popped it out of the window. We heard a muffled sickening thud and then all was still.

"Of course, that broke up the game. We all knew Jim was on the square, but after such an unpleasant occurrence we did not feel like playing any more that night. I did not realize, however, what a fine thing Mr. Jones' self-esteem was until the next morning, when Jim sent for me.

"'John,' he said, 'that Jones person has challenged me to a duel. I want you to be my second.'

"'Of course, I was willing to be in Jim's and I talked the matter over, and finally decided upon a plan which we thought would make this fight unique in the history of dueling. Back in the moonshine district was a small but we had run across one summer that we were spending near to nature's heart. The duel was arranged to take place in this hut at midnight. The principals were to fight in the dark, entering the hut separately, drawing lots for first chance. The first man in was to begin firing as soon as the second man entered. I advised shotguns loaded with birdshot, but Jim wouldn't have it. I think Jim expected J. Tomlinson to back out when he heard the conditions, but J. T. stuck like a man.

"Two night later our little death party was gathered in front of this tumbledown log cabin in the heart of a Kentucky wilderness. Contrary to our expectations and the predictions of a patent medicine almanac, the moon was shining like a million candle-power arc light. Under such conditions the man who entered the hut first would have such a hunch on the second man that it might be considered his goose was cooked. They drew lots and Jones won.

"With a confident smile which the pale moonbeams distorted into a ghastly grin Mr. Jones received his revolver from the surgeon and entered the hut, closing the door after him. I looked at Jim anxiously, but he appeared cool and calm. He received his pistol and the rest of us fell back to a safe distance. He walked to the hut, took one last look at the moonslivered landscape and opened the door. There was an infinitesimal period of silence, broken only by the violent beating of our hearts, and then six shots rang out in rapid succession.

"I turned away, not having the courage to look at poor Jim's bullet-riddled corpse; but hearing a groan from J. T. I's second, I ventured to look toward the hut. The door, gentlemen, was closed and Jim was inside. Then we heard three shots, followed almost immediately by the most blood-curdling, lost-soul, human agony shrieks I ever heard. Headed by the doctor with his lantern, we rushed into the hut. Near the fireplace stood Jim, gazing sadly at the writhing form of Mr. Jones.

"'I didn't want to hurt him,' said Jim to me, 'so I walked straight across the room and fired my shots up the chimney. But,' continued Jim, 'that's where Mr. Jones was!'

"Well, J. Tomlinson Jones recovered finally, but it was a long time before he was able to take his meals like a gentleman—for reasons."

Providence Journal: "I believe that a man, a cold, heartless, unsympathetic man, is about the most forbidding, exasperating creature that roams the earth," muttered a wife who, according to herself and her friends, has tastes that are decidedly musical.

"Occasionally I try to forget that my husband has no soul and no apprehension for anything higher than a high fly in summer and a high ball in winter. He pretends that he thinks music is immoral and unmusical. I try to forget that, too, and now and then I'm foolish enough to take him into my confidence and trust him as if he were a rational being. I'd just finished a lesson the other night, and I fancy I was a little bit enthused. I said to him: 'I've been reading that all our great pianists, Thalberg, Rosenzit, Tausig, Liszt, Heller, Rubinstein, Padrewski, Eshbach, all of them, sit low before the keyboard. I've been experimenting with it and can detect an improvement already. If one sits too high the tones become dry and hard and brittle. But if you are low the keyboard you seem to dip your hands into musical liquid instead of touching it.' My husband is bone and wire.

"What do you suppose he said, without looking up from his paper? He said: 'The best piano player I ever heard sat so low that she couldn't reach anything except the soft pedal.' Sometimes I almost hate men."

New Manhattan Shirts.
M. S. BURROWS.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, May 11, 1905.

In the Matter of the Estate of Sarah Jackson, Deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Fred N. Jackson and Walter Jackson, executors of the estate of Sarah Jackson, deceased, representing among other things, that they have fully administered said estate and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of their administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard by this Court, on Monday, the 5th day of June, A. D. 1905, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Probate Office in the Court House in the City of Duluth, in said County.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this Order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said County.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., the 11th day of May, A. D. 1905.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, May-12-19-26-1905.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT,
District of Minnesota, Fifth Division.

John Nellis, Libellant,
vs.
The Steamer Plow Boy, IN ADMIRALTY.

Whereas a libel has been filed in the District Court for the District of Minnesota, Fifth Division, in the above entitled suit against the Steamer "Plow Boy," her engine, boiler, tackle, apparel and furniture, alleging that John Nellis has a cause of subtraction of wages, civil and maritime, amounting to the sum of $34.00, and praying that the said steamer may be condemned and sold to pay the same;

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the Monition of the said court to me directed, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming or otherwise having any interest in the said steamer, her engine, etc., that they may be and appear before the Court at Duluth, Minnesota, on Monday, the 5th day of May, 1905, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the same will be summarily heard and determined on the merits, under Rule 67 of the Rules of this Court governing Admiralty causes, then and there to interpose their defense and make their claims in that behalf.

WM. H. GRIMSHAW,
U. S. Marshal.
By GEO. J. MALLORY,
Deputy.

JOHN H. NORTON,
Proctor for Libellant.
Duluth Evening Herald, May-12-13-1905.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS.—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, May 9, 1905.

In the Matter of the Estate of John B. Milligan, Deceased:

Letters of administration on the estate of John B. Milligan, deceased, late of the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, having been granted to Alfred L. Milligan,

It is ordered that three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the probate court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that Monday, the 7th day of August, 1905, at 10 o'clock a. m., at a general term of said probate court to be held at the Probate office in the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, be and the same hereby is fixed as the time and place when and where the said probate court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published in Duluth, in said County.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 3rd day of May, A. D. 1905.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, May-5-12-19-1905.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS.—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, May 9th, 1905.

In the Matter of the Estate of Elizabeth McGinniss, Deceased:

Letters testamentary on the estate of Elizabeth McGinniss, deceased, late of the County of Cuyahoga, State of Ohio, being granted to Joseph H. McGinniss and W. S. McGinniss.

It is Ordered, That three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the Probate Court of said County, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is Further Ordered, That Monday, the 7th day of August, 1905, at 10 o'clock a. m., at a General term of said Probate Court to be held at the Probate Office in the Court House in the City of Duluth, in said County, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said Probate Court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And It Is Further Ordered, That notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at the City of Duluth in said County.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this fifth day of May, A. D. 1905.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal, Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald—May 5-12-13, 1905.

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, April 28th, 1905.

In the Matter of the Estate of James Walker, Deceased:

On receiving and filing the petition of Sarah Walker, of the City of Birmingham, England, representing, among other things, that James Walker, late of the County of St. Louis, in the State of Minnesota, on the 16th day of March, A. D. 1905, at the said County of St. Louis, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is the mother of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to John G. Ross of Duluth, Minnesota, granted;

It is Ordered, That said petition be heard before said Court on Monday, the 22nd day of May, A. D. 1905, at ten o'clock a. m. at the Probate office in the Court House, in the City of Duluth, in said County.

Ordered Further, That notice hereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said County.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 28th day of April, A. D. 1905.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, April-28-May-5-12-1905.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis.—ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Duluth Banking Company, Plaintiff,
vs.
George W. Cawaard, John Maher, Nellie C. Lane, Floyd Lane, Clair Lane, Anna M. Doll, Louise M. Townsend, William J. Townsend, Mary Sill, Carrie Sill, Laura Sill, Frances E. Sill, Maritta Felch, Louise M. Webster, Millie A. Gates, Oscar J. Gates, Maggie Gates, Mason H. Gates, Helen A. Gates and John Johnson, also all other persons or parties unknown claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein, Defendants.

And now comes the above named plaintiff, Duluth Banking Company by Henry S. Mahon, its attorney and applies to, and moves the Court for, an order appointing a guardian ad litem in this action for the above named infant defendants, Floyd Lane and Clair Lane.

This motion is made for the reason that the said defendants are infants and minors of the ages of twenty (20) years, and sixteen (16) years respectively, and is based upon the affidavit of Henry S. Mahon heretofore filed herein and upon the files and records of said cause.

HENRY S. MAHON,
Attorney for Plaintiff.

Duluth, Minnesota, May 5th, A. D. 1905.

To the above named defendants Floyd Lane and Clair Lane and to whomsoever it may concern:

Take notice, that the above and foregoing motion will be brought on for hearing before the District Court for the County of St. Louis and State of Minnesota, at a special term thereof, to be held at the Court House, in the City of Duluth, on the twenty-seventh day of May, A. D. 1905, at the opening of the court at half past nine o'clock in the forenoon of the said day or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, and that application will then and there be made for the appointment of a guardian ad litem in this cause for the above named infant defendants, Floyd Lane and Clair Lane.

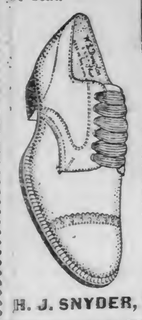
HENRY S. MAHON,
Attorney for Plaintiff.

Duluth, Minnesota, May 5th, A. D. 1905.

Duluth Evening Herald, May-5-12-19-1905.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

It is quite a feat to fit the feet, at which W. L. Douglas $3.50 Shoes can't be beat.



$3.50

Style and Durability

Are twin virtues of the W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES.

We have stood the test of time—try a pair of our Shoes and be convinced. You will also save from $1.50 to $2.00 on a pair. We protect you by stamping the price on the bottom of every shoe. Our spring stock is in and open for close inspection.

The World's Greatest Shoemaker.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3.50 SHOE STORE,

H. J. SNYDER, Mgr. 310 W. Superior St.—Torrey Bldg.

A GOOD REPORTER.

A Burglar Turned Out To Be News Artist.

"The best writer we have on our reportorial staff is a burglar who was sentenced to three or four terms of imprisonment for crimes of which he frankly admits he was guilty," said the managing editor of a newspaper in a city not so far from Washington to the Washington Star. "His case is interesting in the extreme, especially as bearing upon the question as to whether there can be any true reformation in a man who has so far strayed from the paths of rectitude as to warrant his temporary immurement in a penitentiary. Our own particular burglar appears to be a bit of confirmatory evidence in the affirmative on this question, for he has been with us for six months without so much as the slightest moral slip, so far as we know, and we have watched him closely.

"One day last fall the city editor came into my room and laid before me a communication which he said a young man outside wished published. It was an article criticising conditions existing at the Moundsville penitentiary, in West Virginia. Now it happens that in our office we frequently received complaints of this sort from freshly liberated convicts, and there is seldom, if ever, any grounds for them. I was prepared, therefore, to toss this one into the waste basket, but had hardly finished the first paragraph when I knew I had encountered something unusual.

"It was not the story itself that caught my attention, but the manner in which it was told. The English was flawless, the style, while out of the hackneyed, was so simple, direct, terse and graphic that I was seized with a desire to see this jail bird who could handle the queen's tongue so readily—and, I might say, classically. The city editor ushered in a man of about 30 years, slender and dark, with nothing at all unusual about his appearance except his eyes, which were furtive, as if he expected to be pounced upon unawares, and his left leg, which he dragged after him as he walked.

"I did not believe he had written the article, and told him so. He did not seem at all angry or annoyed, but quietly said that he had. You may be sure that I was even more incredulous when he told me that he was a product of the New York Tenderloin and had spent his life among the miserable surroundings of that quarter up to the time when he was arrested for his first crime. I asked how he had acquired the facility for expressing his thoughts, and he answered that it was simply by whiling away the time in prison. Only the best authors, or those whose works would do no harm, were allowed the prisoners, and he could only explain his accomplishments by saying that he absorbed their styles, and by their aid formed a distinctive one of his own.

"Well, I didn't think very much of my find, but the proprietor of the paper and I both had a penchant for picking up unpromising folks and trying to make something of them. Our proteges, I must admit, have not always turned out as we had hoped, but at any rate I sent him down to the business office to see the 'old man.' He asked the ex-convict whether he had tried to do any work since leaving Moundsville, and the man replied that he helped to tear down an old building for two days, but that as he was unused to such labor he had been unable to continue it. The proprietor and I went into executive session on the case, and he surprised me out of a year's growth by his proposition.

"'I'm going to put him on the staff,' he said, 'not to cover the society assignments, you know, but to do odds and ends where he will not be brought into contact with people to whom he would be offensive. We won't give him any stated salary—just enough to keep him going—until he shows he can make good.'

"I confess I wasn't much taken with the plan, but I put him to work and he brought in a story that was a 'corker.' I knew that he could not have anyone else write it for him, and then I began to suspect that he had not always been a longery hog. I noticed some of the peculiar marks by which the manuscript of a professional writer is usually known—such as ringing the periods—and came to the conclusion that he must have been a newspaper man once upon a time. This he denied, but explained that he had written for the Star of Hope, a publication issued by the convicts at Sing Sing, and that that accounted for his chirographic peculiarities. I afterward learned that this was true.

"Well, since then he has done splendid work, is on a regular salary, and if he behaves himself, has a job for years to come. And he is not spoiled by his treatment. He is treated courteously by everyone in the office. They all know he is an ex-convict, but he does not presume upon their attitude toward him. He seldom speaks except when he is spoken to, and never mentions his old life save when he is asked about it, when he talks readily enough. The boys often ask him his theory about current crimes, and that usually leads him to open up a most interesting line of conversation. He thinks Hornung's Raffles stories breathe the true spirit of burglary. 'The man who wrote them has been through the game,' was the glowing tribute he paid this author.

"The proprietor's house was entered through a second-story window one night while he was entertaining a company at dinner on the first floor. It was found that the burglar, in making his exit through the window had pulled down the shade and pulled it out under the sash, closing it down tight upon it.

"'Now why did the man do that?' our own burglar-expert was asked.

"'So that if the alarm happened to be given as he was leaving, there would be delay in raising the window and a consequent increase in his chances for escape,' he answered.

"He says the wisdom of holding one's tongue was impressed upon him as a result of a little crib-cracking he did one night. He and a pal had rung the bell of a house, and, there being no response, they concluded no one was at home, and proceeded to business. As they reached the head of the stairs at the second floor they heard a splashing of water in the bathroom. One of them pushed the door open an inch or so and discovered the lady of the house at her toilet.

"'We mean you no harm at all, madam,' he said just as the amateur cracksman might have done, so don't be alarmed. All we want are your valuables, and if you keep perfectly still it will be all over in a very few moments.'

"Instead she let out a piercing shriek, and our friends decamped. Later they were picked up by the police and the lady was taken to headquarters to identify them. She looked each over carefully, but failed at recognition.

"'I cannot say they are the men,' she finally declared.

"'There,' broke out our burglar's companion. 'I told you she wouldn't be able to spot us.'

"The woman turned on him like a flash.

"'Oh, that's the man; I can tell him by his voice.'

"The fellow went up for a few years, while our friend escaped for the time.

"So I say that for a man who has been in Sing Sing, Moyamensing, Jefferson Barracks and Moundsville, our protege has done quite well. He has one advantage over the ordinary convict who tries to lead a better life when once outside the prison walls. Such a one is nine times out of ten pursued relentlessly by his record, and no matter how hard he tries to be good, finds himself dropped from position after position, with or without explanation.

"As our man told us all about himself at the beginning, it would not matter how many persons came to inform us that he was once a convict. We have cured him of his lockstep walk and his furtive eye, and he is now on the high road to honesty and respectability. Why, not more than three weeks after he went on the paper he came in one morning and complained of the character of the men at a boarding house at which he was stopping.

"'They're a lot of thieves down there,' he declared, 'and a fellow can't leave anything lying around that they don't take it.'"

St. Louis, Mo., and Return $20.55.

May 13 to 22, "The Northwestern Line" will sell excursion tickets to St. Louis, Mo., and return at $20.55. Final limit for return, May 24, 1905. Account National Baptist anniversary. City ticket office, 302 West Superior street.

CARICATURE SKETCH OF THE PRINCE OF MONACO.

The Prince of Monaco is quite a scientist, and is applying the vast wealth derived from the gaming tables of Monte Carlo to a scientific investigation of the treasures of the deep.

PLAN FOR MEETING

Western Passenger Association Members Are In the City.

They Arrange For Organization's Meeting Here Next July.

George H. MacRae, assistant general passenger agent of the Omaha, F. I. Whitney, general passenger agent of the Great Northern, and Arthur B. Smith, assistant general passenger agent of the Northern Pacific, arrived in the city last evening from St. Paul, coming on the Twilight Limited, as the guests of Mr. MacRae. Their visit concerns the midsummer meeting of the Western Passenger association, which is to be held in Duluth July 10, 11 and 12.

The officials had nothing in particular to say of their trip. They expect quite a large attendance at the July meeting, and are today making preliminary arrangements for the event, holding conferences with local railroad men, officers of the Commercial club, and the directors of the Town Country club. Secretary H. V. Eva did not happen to be in this morning at the time the party called at the Commercial club rooms, but a meeting with him will be held this afternoon to ascertain what steps the club is willing to take toward the entertainment of the guests. Officers of the Town Country club, through W. W. Walker, president of the organization, who is also general freight agent in Duluth for the South Shore, have offered the use of the club house and grounds for the entertainment of the visitors while here.

The detailed program of the meeting has not yet been arranged, but among the features will be banquets, carriage and boat rides. There will be a trip about the harbor and on the lake, and drives around the boulevard, through the parks and about the principal streets of the city. The larger of the local industries, including the Zenith blast furnace, will probably be visited. A local committee of arrangements has been appointed from among local railroad men to co-operate with the association committee and local organizations in the plans for entertainment of the visitors. The committee is made up as follows:

T. E. Blanche, general agent of the Northern Pacific; A. Brostedt, northern passenger agent of Great Northern; Martin Adson, general agent of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic; George M. Smith, general agent of the Omaha; A. J. Perrin, agent of the South Shore in Superior, and H. Grochau of the Omaha of Superior.

The meeting will be a highly important one, and will be an excellent advertisement for Duluth. It will be the first one of the kind ever held at the Head of the Lakes. Between 100 and 150 members of the association will be in attendance from the West and South, a large number coming from Chicago, St. Louis and Milwaukee. The gatherings are always pleasant ones, with social features in connection, and are generally regarded as something in the nature of pleasure jaunts, so those attending them frequently bring with them their wives and families. It is believed that the Commercial club and other local organizations will do a good deal in the way of providing for suitable entertainment for the guests.

MILWAUKEE PLANS.

May Inaugurate Service Between Duluth and St. Paul.

The St. Paul Pioneer Press says that the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul company may inaugurate a through passenger and freight service between Chicago and Duluth, via the old St. Paul & Duluth railroad, which is now controlled by the Northern Pacific. The report comes from unofficial sources.

It is claimed that the Milwaukee has acquired a considerable block of stock of the old road. Northern Pacific officials brand this as absurd, who maintain that the St. Paul & Duluth stock has never been for sale since that road bought it in 1900.

The Milwaukee has a long-time traffic agreement with the Northern Pacific, under the provisions of which the former receives all the earnings on through freight from points beyond the Twin Cities on Milwaukee lines destined to Duluth. Such freight is not actually hauled by Milwaukee motive power to the Head of the Lakes, although this could be done under the agreement. The Northern Pacific, for such service, receives a stipulated amount each year for the leasehold.

FAST TIME.

Great Northern Will Improve the Winnipeg Service.

It is expected that Great Northern trains running from Minneapolis to Winnipeg will be running at the rate of sixty miles an hour, inclusive of stops, within the next year or two.

According to the report there will at times be a speed of seventy-five miles an hour attained. An official says the roadbed is to be made the speediest in the country, to hold the government mail contract, worth from $150,000 to $400,000 a year, in which the Soo is also interested. Eighteen inches of gravel from the new pit at Angus will be laid under the new eighty-pound rails from Barnesville to Winnipeg. The bed is twenty-seven years old and thoroughly settled. New Shanghi engines have been ordered for the run.

New Train.

The Michigan Central on Sunday will start a new fast service between Chicago and New York. A new train, to be called the Wolverine, will leave Chicago at 8:45 Sunday morning and arrive at New York at 10 o'clock the next morning. This will connect with the 7:20 p. m. train of the Milwaukee road and the 6:30 Northwestern train from St. Paul.

COULD HARDLY BELIEVE NEWS

Nan Patterson's Mother Collapses When She Hears of Release.

Washington, May 12.—The first intimation that Mrs. Patterson, the mother of Nan Patterson, had of her daughter's release, was contained in the Associated Press bulletin from New York. Mrs. Patterson at first would not believe the news, but when convinced that the report was correct and that her daughter would arrive home this evening, she collapsed and physicians were hastily sent for. When the Associated Press bulletin was carried to the family residence, Miss Patterson's three married sisters, Mrs. Edward Taylor, Mrs. H. P. Lowell and Mrs. W. L. Milburn were seated on the porch. Mrs. Patterson refused to be seen, but the news was carried to her by the two last named.

The first member of the Patterson family to hear the report was Miss Patterson's brother, C. H. Patterson, who was found at his place of business. He also at first was unwilling to believe the news, because he said, for a year the family has been misled by untrue reports of his sister's liberation.

When finally convinced that the report was true, he said:

"That is what we have been praying for for a year. It seems too good to be true. The agony which my mother and all of us have suffered is now at an end."

Grand Opening.

Tomorrow will be the formal opening of the Sundby Tea Company at their handsome new store, 16 East Superior street. Flaaten's orchestra will be in attendance, and delicious coffee will be served free.

YI HAN FUNG ENDS LIFE.

London, May 12.—Yi Han Fung, the Coran charge d'affaires, here, committed suicide by hanging at the legation today. He had recently shown signs of mental trouble.

Call and See Our New Line OF Shoes and Oxfords

We can sell our goods cheaper than the stores on Superior street, for our rent is a seventh of what the merchants pay down stairs.

Our $2.50, $3.00, $3.50 and $4.00 shoes for men and women make the strongest line shown in Duluth. Come up and let us show them to you!

We have the BEST PRACTICAL REPAIRER in the Northwest. Let us do your repair work; it will always suit.

22 shines, $1.00; or 5c a shine.

FRANK BLODGETT & CO.

Rooms 10-11-12, over "Gidding's." OLD PHONE, 1451.

Just 18 High-Grade GO-CARTS Left

Eighteen of the Finest Reclining Carts Made.

Too many high-priced ones for this time of year and rather than carry them over till next season we offer the entire 18 at 1/3 off.

2---$38.50 Carts now $25.67 4---$28.00 Carts now $18.67

3---$36.50 Carts now $24.34 4---$24.00 Carts now $16.00

3---$29.00 Carts now $19.33 2---$20.00 Carts now $13.34

We have the largest line of Folding Carts; 11 different styles to select from, $1.95 to $10.50

WE TRUST YOU

The F. SKELLY Furniture Co.

YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD

DUEL IN DARK.

Odd Result of the Gallantry of Participants.

"That reminds me," said the man who had spent some time in the South, to the New York Sun, "of a game I sat in down in Kentucky some years ago. The crowd—hands were running poorly, anyway—and after some little persuasion he told this story:

"'In our particular set down there in the horse country were Jim Pettingill and Mr. J. Tomlinson Jones. What I tell you that Jim Pettingill was always 'Jim' to the crowd, and that 'J. Tomlinson Jones was always Mister Jones, you will know as much about the respective characters of the two men as could be told in a book. In addition to that, I might say that Jim in one respect was like the city of Washington—made up of magnificent distances.

"'We were having our usual little Friday night affair, and Jim, as on one or two previous occasions, was raking in the discs of various colors with regularity sufficient to be agreeable to the right sort. As the game went on this fact seemed to be getting on Mr. Jones' nerves, because it was not plain to him how he, J. Tomlinson Jones, could lose. His manner became offensive, and finally, when it was Jims deal and he handed himself as fine a set of pot-lifters as ever bore the royal faces of king, queen and jack, preceded by the ace, Mr. Jones exploded:

"'Sir,' said he in his best J. Tomlinson Jones manner, 'I do not care to continue longer in this game. I am accustomed to playing with gentlemen, sir, not cads.'

"Well, the hush that fell on that crowd was so deep you could hear it. For a second no one breathed. Then Jim elevated himself to the limit of his six-foot two, seized the struggling hundred-and-forty-seven pounds of Jones and dropped it out of the window. We heard a muffled sickening thud and then all was still.

"'Of course, that broke up the game. We all knew Jim was on the square, but after such an unpleasant occurrence we did not feel like playing any more that night. I did not realize, however, what a fine thing Mr. Jones' self-esteem was until the next morning, when Jim sent for me.

"'John,' he said, 'that Jones person has challenged me to a duel. I want you to be my second.'

"'Of course, I was willing to be in it, and we talked the matter over, and finally decided upon a plan which we thought would make this fight unique in the history of dueling. Back in the moonshine district was a small but wellfixed man across one summer that we were spending near to nature's heart. The duel was arranged to take place in this hut at midnight. The principals were to fight in the dark, entering the hut separately, drawing lots for first chance. The first man in was to begin firing as soon as the second man entered. I advised shotguns loaded with birdshot, but Jim wouldn't have it. I think Jim expected J. Tomlinson to back out when he heard the conditions, but J. T. stuck like a man.

"'Two night later our little death party was gathered in front of this tumbledown log cabin in the heart of a Kentucky wilderness. Contrary to our expectations and the predictions of a patent medicine almanac, the moon was shining like a million-candle-power arc light. Under such conditions the man who entered the hut first would have such a hunch on the second man that it might be considered his goose was cooked. They drew lots and Jones won.

"'With a confident smile which the pale moonbeams distorted into a ghastly grin Mr. Jones received his revolver from the surgeon and entered the hut, closing the door after him. I looked at Jim anxiously, but he appeared cool and calm. Jim received his pistol and the rest of his fell back to a safe distance. He walked to the hut, took one last look at the moonsilvered landscape and opened the door. There was an infinitesimal period of silence, broken only by the violent beating of our hearts, and then six shots rang out in rapid succession.

"'I turned away, not having the courage to look at poor Jim's bullet-riddled corpse; but hearing a groan from J. T. Jr.'s second, I ventured to look toward the hut. The door, gentlemen, was closed and Jim was inside. Then we heard three shots, followed almost immediately by the most blood-curdling, lost-soul, human agony shrieks I ever heard. Headed by the doctor with his lantern, we rushed into the hut. Near the fireplace stood Jim, gazing sadly at the writhing form of Mr. Jones.

"'"I didn't want to hurt him," said Jim to me, "so I walked straight across the room and fired my shots up the chimney. But," continued Jim, "that's where Mr. Jones was!"

"'Well, J. Tomlinson Jones recovered finally, but it was a long time before he was able to take his meals like a gentleman—for reasons.'"

Providence Journal: "I believe that a man, a cold, heartless, unsympathetic man, is about the most forbidding, exasperating creature that roams the earth," muttered a wife who, according to herself and her friends, has tastes that are decidedly musical.

"Occasionally I try to forget that my husband has no soul and no apprehension for anything higher than a high fly in summer and a high ball in winter. He pretends that he thinks music is immoral and unmusical. I try to forget that, too, and now and then I'm foolish enough to take him into my confidence and trust him as if he were a rational being. I'd just finished a lesson the other night, and I fancy I was a little bit enthused. I said to him: 'I've been reading that all our great pianists, Thalberg, Monseit, Tausig, Liszt, Heller, Rubinstein, Padrewski, Esslond, all of them, sit low before the keyboard. I've been experimenting with it and I can detect an improvement already. If one sits too high the tones become dry and hard and brittle. But if you are low the keyboard you seem to dip your hands into musical liquid instead of touching inanimate ivory and bone and wire.'

"'What do you suppose he said, without looking up from his paper? He said: 'The best piano player I ever heard sat so low that she couldn't reach anything except the soft pedal.' Sometimes I almost hate men.'"

New Manhattan Shirts.
M. S. BURROWS.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis, ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, May 11, 1905.

In the Matter of the Estate of Sarah Jackson, Deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Frank N. Jackson and Walter Jackson, executors of the estate of Sarah Jackson, deceased, representing among other things, that they have fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of their administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard by this Court, on Monday, the 5th day of June, A. D. 1905, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Probate Office in the Court House in the City of Duluth, in said County.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this Order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said County.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., the 11th day of May, A. D. 1905.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, May-12-19-26-1905.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, District of Minnesota, Fifth Division.

John Nellis, Libellant,
vs.
The Steamer Plow Boy, IN ADMIRALTY.

Whereas a libel has been filed in the District Court for the District of Minnesota, Fifth Division, in the above entitled suit against the steamer "Plow Boy," her engine, boiler, tackle, apparel and furniture, alleging that John Nellis has a cause of subtraction of wages, civil and maritime, amounting to the sum of $21.00, and praying that the said steamer may be condemned and sold to pay the same;

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the Monition of the said court to me directed, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming or otherwise having any interest in the said steamer, her engine, etc., that they may be and appear before the Court at Duluth, Minnesota, on Monday, the 5th day of May, 1905, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the same will be summarily heard and determined on the merits, under Rule 8 of the Rules of this Court governing Admiralty causes, then and there to interpose their defense and make their claims in that behalf.

WM. H. GRIMSHAW,
U. S. Marshal.
By GEO. J. MALLORY,
Deputy.

JOHN H. NORTON,
Proctor for Libellant.
Duluth Evening Herald, May-12-13-1905.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS.—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis, ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, May 3rd, 1905.

In the Matter of the Estate of John B. Milligan, Deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of John B. Milligan, deceased, late of the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, being granted to Alfred J. Milligan,

It is ordered, that three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the probate court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that Monday, the 7th day of August, 1905, at 10 o'clock a. m., at a general term of said probate court to be held at the Probate Office in the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said probate court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published in Duluth, in said County.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 3rd day of May, A. D. 1905.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, May-5-12-19-1905.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS.—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis, ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, May 5th, 1905.

In the Matter of the Estate of Elizabeth McGinniss, Deceased.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Elizabeth McGinniss, deceased, late of the County of Cuyahoga, State of Ohio, being granted to Joseph H. McGinniss and W. S. McGinniss.

It is Ordered, That three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the Probate Court of said County, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is Further Ordered, That Monday, the 7th day of August, 1905, at 10 o'clock a. m., at a General term of said Probate Court to be held at the Probate Office in the Court House in the City of Duluth, in said County, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said Probate Court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And It Is Further Ordered, That notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at the City of Duluth in said County.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this fifth day of May, A. D. 1905.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
(Seal, Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald—May 5-12-19, 1905.

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis, ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, April 28th, 1905.

In the Matter of the Estate of James Walker, Deceased.

On receiving and filing the petition of Sarah Walker, of the City of Birmingham, England, representing, among other things, that James Walker, late of the County of St. Louis, in the State of Minnesota, on the 16th day of March, A. D., 1905, at the said County of St. Louis, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is the mother of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to John G. Ross of Duluth, Minnesota, granted;

It is Ordered, That said petition be heard before said Court on Monday, the 22nd day of May, A. D. 1905, at ten o'clock a. m., at the Probate office, in the Court House, in the City of Duluth, in said County.

Ordered Further, That notice hereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said County.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 28th day of April, A. D. 1905.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, April-28-May-5-12-1905.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis.—ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Duluth Banking Company, Plaintiff,
vs.
George W. Cawaard, John Maher, Nellie C. Lane, Floyd Lane, Clair Lane, Anna M. Doll, Louise H. Townsend, William J. Townsend, Mary Sill, Carrie Sill, Laura Sill, Frances E. Sill, Maritta Felch, Louise M. Webster, Millie A. Gates, Oscar J. Gates, Maggie Gates, Mason H. Gates, Helen A. Gates and John Johnson, also all other persons or parties unknown claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein, Defendants.

And now comes the above named plaintiff, Duluth Banking Company by Henry S. Mahon, its attorney and applies to, and moves the Court for, an order appointing a guardian ad litem in this action for the above named infant defendants, Floyd Lane and Clair Lane.

This motion is made for the reason that the said defendants are infants and minors of the ages of twenty (20) years, and sixteen (16) years respectively, and is based upon the affidavit of Henry S. Mahon heretofore filed herein and upon the files and records of said cause.

HENRY S. MAHON,
Attorney for Plaintiff.

Duluth, Minnesota, May 5th, A. D. 1905.

To the above named defendants Floyd Lane and Clair Lane and to whomsoever it may concern:

Take notice, that the above and foregoing motion will be brought on for hearing before the District Court for the County of St. Louis and State of Minnesota, at a special term thereof, to be held at the Court House, in the City of Duluth, on the twenty-seventh day of May, A. D. 1905, at the opening of the court at half past nine o'clock in the forenoon of the said day or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, and that application will then and there be made for the appointment of a guardian ad litem in this cause for the above named infant defendants, Floyd Lane and Clair Lane.

HENRY S. MAHON,
Attorney for Plaintiff.

Duluth, Minnesota, May 5th, A. D. 1905.
Duluth Evening Herald, May-5-12-19-1905.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

SPECIAL SALE!
FRIDAY and SATURDAY.

Weiffenbach Razor Strops

The Noted Barber Strops.

No. 7 Zulu—A dark tan shell and duck strop—our most popular strop—regular price $2—sale price..... **$1.40**

No. 198 Zulu—a lighter colored tan shell and duck strop—a beauty—regular price $1.50—sale price..... **$1.00**

No. 273—Shell grade, black horsehide and duck strops—a bargain—regular $1.25—sale price..... **85c**

No. 2 Zulu—a black horsehide and duck strop—good and cheap—regular price 75c—sale price..... **55c**

KELLEY HARDWARE CO.

AN OBJECT LESSON

Death Follows Close Upon the Heels of Dissipation.

Young Man's Career In Duluth Has Sad Termination.

Death was the harvest reaped from the crop of wild oats sown by Fred Enright, a young man about 22 years of age, who died in the hospital Wednesday, and whose body was taken home to Grand Forks by a sorrowing father last evening.

Enright was a young man of pleasing appearance, and rather more than average ability. His parents, Mr. and Mrs. N. J. Enright, are said to be respected and well-to-do residents of Grand Forks. The young man came to Duluth two or three months ago for a visit. He was supplied with ample money by his father, and had sufficient for all of his needs and a generous sum left over to spend fo rentertainment.

The kind of entertainment chosen was what might have been expected, and from all reports the young man traveled the road to destruction at a rapid pace.

With his constitution weakened by excesses, he became an easy mark for disease, and a heavy cold caught while indulging in dissipation at late hours developed into congestion of the lungs.

He was found by the police on the streets early Wednesday morning and taken to St. Luke's hospital, where he died a short time later.

Friends whom the young man had made during his short stay in Duluth state that he was apparently of a refined and cultured disposition, and did not have the appearance of a man who was naturally inclined to dissipation.

The parents of the young man were notified by the undertakers, and last evening his father arrived in Duluth. The body had been prepared for shipment by Durkan & Crawford, and it was taken back to Grand Forks for burial on the 8:15 train. The funeral will be held in Grand Forks today.

The story of the young man's career in Duluth is one of the most striking moral object lessons that has been reported in many years.

RURAL DELIVERY.

Washington, May 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—A rural free delivery route will be established on June 15 at Swanville, Morrison county, Minn., serving 620 people and 124 houses. E. A. Savage has been appointed regular and L. C. Savage substitute rural carrier on route No. 8, and M. Scott regular and Violet Scott substitute on route No. 9 at Little Falls, Minn.

Our Alteration Sale

Of select jewelry gives you an opportunity to buy the finest goods at the lowest prices ever offered in Duluth. M. Henricksen Jewelry Co., Providence building.

To My Friends and Clients.
NOTICE

L. A. Larsen, formerly with George H. Crosby, will be doing a general Real Estate, Loan and Fire Insurance business at
102 Ground Floor Providence Bldg.
Both 'phones No. 253.
Residence—Bell 'phone No. 776-R.

Every Woman
is interested and should know about the wonderful
MARVEL Whirling Spray
The new Vaginal Syringe. *Injection and Suction.* Best—Safest—Most Convenient. It Cleanses Instantly.
Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. MARVEL CO., 44 E. 23d ST. NEW YORK.

FOR DRUNKARDS
WHITE DOVE CURE never fails to destroy craving for strong drink, the appetite for which cannot exist after using this remedy. Given in any liquid with or without knowledge of patient; tasteless; $1 at A. F. BOYUE, Druggist, 324 Superior St. Duluth, Minn

STRIKE IS OVER

Tinners and Employers Settle Their Differences By Compromise.

Concessions Made By Both Sides and Men Are at Work.

The tinners' strike was settled yesterday afternoon, and this morning all of the men, with the exception of six, who went out on strike, returned to work. The six men excepted have left town.

The settlement was a compromise, both sides making concessions, and the strike is settled with much better feeling prevailing than is usual in such matters. The settlement came about by five of the bosses, representing the employers, meeting with all of the members of the Tinners' union yesterday morning in the new Trades' assembly rooms, in the Manhattan building. This is the first time in the history of Duluth where a delegation of bosses and striking employes have met in business session to settle difference, and it has proven very successful, the two side coming to an understanding much quicker than in any other way, and each side seeing that the other had reason for its position in many particulars, and making concessions, thus preserving a good feeling between the opposing forces.

The men were getting 37 cents an hour, and struck for 45 cents, which was refused. The matter of helpers and apprentices also came into question, the men claiming that too many helpers and apprentices are used.

The settlement and new contract was made yesterday on the following basis: The men are to receive 40 cents an hour until Aug. 1, and after that will receive 42½ cents an hour. One apprentice will be allowed for each three journeymen, and one helper to every two men. It was also agreed that the helpers cannot use tinners' tools except when at work with tinners, which is also a concession on the part of the bosses. In both particulars, the difference between the demands of the men and the claims of the employers, was split.

One section of the contract agreed to yesterday provides for an arbitration feature. In case of difference on either side, the party taking exception will present to the other side, in writing, a statement of his objection. Then a committee from the union will meet a committee from the employers and endeavor to straighten matters out. In case these committees fail to do so, some disinterested party, acceptable to both sides, will be chosen, and the case will be stated to him. He will then render his decision within twenty-four hours, and this decision will be binding on both sides.

This new contract will hold good until May 1, 1906, and if the union wishes any changes in the contract by that time, the employers must be notified of this desire not later than Feb. 1, 1906; so that the employers will be given a chance to consider and negotiate.

Both sides signed the contract yesterday, the union in the afternoon and the employers in the evening.

The reason the 42½ cents scale does not go in force at once is because the bosses have already contracts on hand figured on the former scale basis, and it would mean a loss to them were the higher scale to go into effect at once. Therefore the union split the difference with the bosses in the matter and made the scale 40 cents an hour until Aug. 1.

The employers were represented in the conference with the union by Messrs. Burrell, Deetz, McMartin, Landahl and Brown. Almost the entire union was in attendance. Alderman W. E. McEwen acted as chairman of the meeting and James P. Walsh, grand president of the Licensed Tugmen's union, was present in the capacity of adviser. As a matter of fact, the credit for the settlement of the strike belongs to Messrs. McEwen and Walsh, who were instrumental in bringing the two sides together and suggesting the compromises which were agreed to.

About fifty men were affected by the strike and the following firms were concerned: Star Roofing and Cornice company, Duluth Corrugating and Roofing company, L. R. Helbing, Deetz & Co., Burrell & Harmon, Mollihan & Milostan, W. E. Brown, L. R. Daugherty, Schell & Wade and a number of smaller firms.

CAN COLLECT TAXES IN FULL

Judge Elliott of Minneapolis Decides Important New Point.

Minneapolis, May 12.—If a county auditor neglects to add the amount of delinquent taxes in the delinquent tax lists of the succeeding year, can he add this amount to the amount due in delinquent lists of the next succeeding year?

Judge C. B. Elliott, in a decision filed yesterday, holds that he can and that the property owner must pay. The point had never been decided in the local courts before, and the decision is a most important one to the state and to taxpayers, as it affects a large amount of property and will mean the collection of large sums.

George F. Dean brought suit to compel County Auditor Hugh R. Scott to issue a tax statement for lot 4, block 65, town of Minneapolis, without the delinquent taxes for the years 1894, 1895 and 1896. The property had been sold for taxes in 1896, but the sale was set aside in 1897 and the back taxes paid by the holder of the tax title had been refunded. The auditor neglected to put these refunded taxes on the tax lists of the succeeding year. He did put them on the year afterwards, and to this the owners, George F. Dean et al, objected, claiming that the failure to put them on the succeeding year estopped the auditor from putting them on later lists.

Judge Elliott made a careful study of the case and has written an able decision and memorandum. In the memorandum the court says:

The lien of the state remains, notwithstanding the failure to enforce it in the particular proceedings. Section 1000 certainly directs the auditor to include the refunded taxes in the delinquent lists for the following year, but it does not at all follow that a failure to do this deprives the state of the right to the taxes.

In my judgment, the provision is directory, having for its object the protection of the revenue of the state, and the prompt, orderly and systematic administration of the laws.

Tax laws are often construed with great strictness, and this is proper where the provisions are at the foundation of the proceedings, and especially where, through the negligence or non-observance of some statutory provision, it is sought to prevent the owner of the land from redeeming from a tax sale.

This provision was not placed in the statutes for the protection of the citizen or for the purpose of preventing the sacrifice of his property, and its disregard can in no way injuriously affect his rights. The provision was designed for the guidance and direction of public officers in the matter of future proceedings for enforcing the collection of taxes justly due from the land.

The taxes upon this lot for many years have been unpaid. The owners can obtain no vested right to exemption from taxation through the failure of the county auditor to assert the claim of the state until the statute of limitation has run.

As held by Mr. Justice Brown in relation to another case, all the owner has to do is to step up and perform his duty toward the public and pay his taxes into the treasury.

Exquisite Cut Class

At cost at A. L. Norberg's, 5 West Superior street.

Dr. von Suessmilch, The Dentist,
Has removed to 315 W. Superior St., over F. D. Day & Co.'s Jewelry Store

Gidding's--Tomorrow

JM Gidding & Co. WOMEN'S OUTFITTERS

Will Be the Mecca for Buyers of Women's and Girls' Clothes!

The values are such as no woman who cares to dress well can afford to overlook! In addition to regular stocks of beautiful wearables the following special lines will be offered:

GIRLS' COATS MADE TO SELL FOR $7.50 AND $8.50 IN THE SALE AT $4.75.

Several different styles of novelty mixtures and tan covert cloths—smart styles with new sleeve and cut—$4.75—made to sell at $7.50 and $8.50.

YOUNG LADIES' SWAGGER COATS MADE TO SELL FOR $12.50 IN THE SALE AT $8.75.

In the new tan and gray mixtures; made long and full and with loose back; all sizes for young ladies 14 to 20.

$10 and $12 Girls' Vassar Coats at $7.75—sizes 10 to 16. Navy and brown cheviots, lined throughout, and with detachable emblem on sleeve. Handsomely tailored and perfect fitting.

E. J. WILE & CO.
MANUFACTURERS OF
MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S CLOAKS AND SUITS.
162 FIFTH AVENUE,
Cor. 21st Street.
Telephone, 2674 & 2675 Gramercy. NEW YORK, 5-6 190 5

Mr. J. M. Gidding,
Care of Hotel Astor,
City.

Dear Sir:—

We beg to inform you that we have gone through carefully the lots, of the entire stock of the best selling Spring Styles, numbering "Twelve Hundred" garments in all, which you have selected, and while the prices offered by you, are at a considerable loss, we have decided to accept same.

Kindly advise us by return mail or in person, how, and where you desire your goods to be shipped.

With many thanks for past favors, we are,

Yours truly,
E. J WILE & CO.
Mey.

This Letter Tells Its Own Story:

Twelve hundred garments in all — **misses' and children's sizes**— were closed out from this one firm alone!

E. J. Wile & Co., 162 Fifth avenue, have a splendid reputation for producing high-class garments, and we carry their lines exclusively.

This special purchase of twelve hundred garments enables us to pass along to you:

Covert Coats made to sell for $15.00 now on sale at $8.75
Covert Coats made to sell for $12.50 now on sale at $7.50
Covert Coats made to sell for $25.00 now on sale at $15.00
Covert Coats made to sell for $18.50 now on sale at $10.50
Misses' Covert Box Coats, made to sell regularly for $8.75, at $4.75

FORM-FITTING LONG COATS IN THE SALE—
Made to sell for $19.50—on sale at $11.50
Made to sell for $22.50—on sale at $15.00
Made to sell for $25.00—on sale at $17.50

RAIN COATS

Beautiful styles and at almost half their value, at the very beginning of the rainy season. Every woman or miss can afford to have one in her wardrobe at these prices.

Made to sell for $19.50 now on sale at $12.50
Made to sell for $25.00 now on sale for $16.50
Made to sell for $32.50 and $35 now on sale at $18.50

We shall include some of our regular lines wherever we think it advisable, at the same proportionate reductions.

Cravenetted Rain Coats--for Girls 10 to 16--in the Sale!

Even at regular prices nobby styles were hard to find—and never at the beginning of the season. We are able to give you—the snappiest and most exclusive effects, for very little money—each and every one of them beautifully made and of materials that are absolutely cravenetted and water proof. Tans, olives and grays.
Made to sell for $12.50, are now on sale at $8.75. Made to sell for $9.50 are now on sale at $6.50. Made to sell for $15.00, are now on sale at $10.50.
Sizes 4, 6, and 8—made to sell for $7.75, at $5; and $10.00 ones for $6.75.

"Kayser" Silk Gloves.

We have them in all the leading shades to match your gowns, complete at—50c, 75c and $1.00 the pair. Complete range of sizes.

Kayser's Milanaise Lisle Gloves, in modes, grays, whites and blacks, at 50c per pair.

One line of extra Lisle Gloves, in all shades and sizes; regular 35c quality; at 25c per pair.

A NEW LINE OF VEILING—All the new shades and patterns, worth as much as 50c; special price 25c per yard.

RUSHINGS—In several different styles, light blue, tan, white, black, pink at 35c per yard.

JUST RECEIVED A LARGE LINE OF WASH STOCKS—20 different styles; also chiffon collars with rushing—hand-embroidered Dutch collars—also in the English eyelet work, and with plaited ruffle—worth 50c—to sell at 35c.

A BEAUTIFUL LINE OF FANCY CHIFFON EMBROIDERED COLLARS—in light blue, pink, white, black, lavender, green—worth $1.50—at 75c.

COLLAR AND CUFF SETS for coats and suits—the "Latest out"—white pique and fancy linens—75c to $1.50.

Stockings for Spring.

Our new spring lines of hosiery are now complete, in lisles, cotton, embroidered hose, lace and silk.

AT 50c—A complete line of beautiful hose, with lace boot, plain top, or embroidered ankle.

Also beautiful plain gauze lisle hose—regular 75c—selling at 50c

Ladies' plain black all silk Stockings—$1.25 values at $1. Black only.

We carry a complete line of plain black cotton, lisle and silks, in out-sizes, from 50c up to $2.50.

Also have a line of tan silk hose, selling for $2.00 a pair—in all sizes.

$2.50 FINE SILK HOSE $1.75—Black, light blue, pink and tan—value $2.50 a pair—at $1.75.

Waists for Saturday.

Of cotton, linen or silk.

FANCY SILK WAISTS—Waists in Crepe de Chine, Peau de Soie, and Chiffon Taffeta—in receda green, blue, brown and black, at $6.75; $8.75 value.

Japanese silk and Foulard waists in fancy checks and Polka dots, at $5.00; $6.75 value.

WE WILL PLACE ON SALE TOMORROW SEVERAL LINES OF HIGH-CLASS STOCKS AND OTHER NOVELTY NECKWEAR FOR WOMEN—35c AND 50c VALUES AT 25c.

Several hundred beautiful shirt waists, many distinct styles, in lawns, dotted swisses and linens, at—$1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75 and $2.00.

White Waists in Madras, Bedford cord, linen and lawn, at—$1.00, $1.25, $1.50 and $1.75.

Tailored Waists in linen, Pique and Madras—$2.25 to $5.00.

Umbrellas.

You must have an umbrella. We have just what you want. One line of GLORIA SILK UMBRELLAS, in natural frame—regular $1.50 quality—at $1.00.

GIDDING'S GIDDING'S GIDDING'S GIDDING'S

ROCKEFELLER TO GIVE MORE

Oil King Not Discouraged By "Tainted Money" Cry.

New York, May 12.—John D. Rockefeller's "tainted money" will continue to be bestowed on institutions that seem to need assistance, and it will be given even more freely than in the past.

The squabble in the Congregational board over the acceptance of $100,000 of the oil king's money has not dampened his ardor in the giving line.

This was made apparent yesterday in an interview with Mr. Rockefeller, who for the first time discussed the Congregational wrangle and the Rev. Washington Gladden's opposition to the acceptance of any "tainted money" for church purposes.

The oil man also announced that he is considering plans to systematize his benefactions, and said the scope of his operations in that line would be increased. It is understood that his plan is similar to that adopted by Mr. Carnegie.

"I shall continue to give in my own way to any cause that appeals to me as being worthy or in need," said Mr. Rockefeller, when asked as to his attitude.

"Do you think the sentiments expressed by Dr. Gladden are held by any large number of clergymen?"

"I should be loath to feel that such is the case. I have a great many friends in the Christian ministry, and my experience with clergymen generally leads me to entertain only the warmest respect for them as just and charitable men.

"This controversy over my gift of $100,000 for Congregational missionary purposes has set me to thinking as to the best methods of aiding church philanthropy and work. I am considering methods that will enable me in future to regulate my giving of money on a systematic basis, and with more effective scope than heretofore."

Nobby New Neckwear.
M. S. BURROWS.

DETECTIVES SEEK

Firm's Cash In Banks of Three Cities.

New York, May 12.—Assets of the Haight & Freese company of 53 Broadway, whose pretended transactions in buying and selling bonds were held recently by Supreme Court Justice Dowling to be mere bookkeeping entries, are the object in three cities of a search by detectives.

The receiver appointed by the federal courts of Pennsylvania took possession of its large office in the Bourse building in Philadelphia, and simultaneously in this city, Boston, and Philadelphia counsel for the receivers and creditors began a search for the assets. In Philadelphia the concern began to pay off depositors. It kept paying for an hour, and then announced it had received word from the New York offices to stop payments.

Turner and Lillis, the chief members, it is said, came here, but they could not be found. In all three cities the copies of the injunction order tying up the assets were served on practically every safe deposit company.

It was said that $200,000 had been found in one safe deposit concern in Philadelphia. At the Seaboard only $25,000 was found. At the Colonial bank $3,000 was found. It was reported the concern had $200,000 in the Long Island Trust company, and a law clerk hustled over there in an automobile and tied up whatever there was.

An attempt to vacate the receivership here was made before Justice Lacombe by Franklin Bein, representing the company, but it was refused.

CONTINGENT FEES

Are Denounced By a United States Judge.

Kansas City, Mo., May 12.—"I believe that contingent fee contracts made by lawyers in damage suit cases are generally bad and vicious. I do not hold myself up as a reformer and I am not seeking to prevent litigation, but if I were to begin reforming abuses the contingent fee contract is one of the things I would strike at first of all. It should be understood that the federal court is not a court for rich people. This is a popular fallacy, and it is not so. The poor have equal rights here with the rich."

The foregoing statement was made by Judge Smith McPherson in the federal court in passing upon a motion made by an attorney to permit his clients to sue as poor persons, in the case of Clarence L. Lyons and Addie Lyons against the Chicago & Alton Railroad company. The suit was brought to recover damages for the death of a child, and in hearing the motion it developed that the attorney representing the child's parents had a contract with them by which he was to receive 50 per cent of the amount recovered.

Mr. and Mrs. Lyons both took the witness stand and testified that they had no funds for the prosecution of the suit. The court, after making known its opinion on the subject of such contracts, allowed the plaintiffs to sue as poor persons.

Watches.

Best standard movements in guaranteed cases at rare values during our present alteration sale. M. Henricksen Jewelry Co., Providence building.

WHEN
THE GOPHER
Does your Shoe Repairing, it's done right—at right prices—and quickly. That's our business.
SHOE REPAIR WORKS
8 FIRST AVENUE WEST.
BOTH 'PHONES.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

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FRIDAY and SATURDAY.

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Enright was a young man of pleasing appearance, and rather more than average ability. His parents, Mr. and Mrs. N. J. Enright, are said to be respected and well-to-do residents of Grand Forks. The young man came to Duluth two or three months ago for a visit. He was supplied with ample money by his father, and had sufficient for all of his needs and a generous sum left over to spend for entertainment.

The kind of entertainment chosen was what might have been expected, and from all reports the young man traveled the road to destruction at a rapid pace.

With his constitution weakened by excesses, he became an easy mark for disease, and a heavy cold caught while indulging in dissipation at late hours developed into congestion of the lungs.

He was found by the police on the streets early Wednesday morning and taken to St. Luke's hospital, where he died a short time later.

Friends whom the young man had made during his short stay in Duluth state that he was apparently of a refined and cultured disposition, and did not have the appearance of a man who was naturally inclined to dissipation.

The parents of the young man were notified by the undertakers, and last evening his father arrived in Duluth. The body had been prepared for shipment by Durkan & Crawford, and it was taken back to Grand Forks for burial on the 8:15 train. The funeral will be held in Grand Forks today.

The story of the young man's career in Duluth is one of the most striking moral object lessons that has been reported in many years.

RURAL DELIVERY.

Washington, May 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—A rural free delivery route will be established on June 15 at Swanville, Morrison county, Minn., serving 620 people and 124 houses. E. A. Savage has been appointed regular and L. C. Savage substitute rural carrier on route No. 8, and M. Scott regular and Violet Scott substitute on route No. 9 at Little Falls, Minn.

Our Alteration Sale

Of select jewelry gives you an opportunity to buy the finest goods at the lowest prices ever offered in Duluth. M. Henricksen Jewelry Co., Providence building.

To My Friends and Clients.
NOTICE

L. A. Larsen, formerly with George H. Crosby, will be doing a general Real Estate, Loan and Fire Insurance business at
302 Ground Floor Providence Bldg.
Both 'phones No. 253.
Residence—Bell 'phone No. 776-R.

Every Woman
is interested and should know about the wonderful
MARVEL Whirling Spray
The new Vaginal Syringe. *Injection and Suction.* Most—Safest—Most Convenient. It Cleanses Instantly.
Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. MARVEL CO., 44 E. 23d ST. NEW YORK.

FOR DRUNKARDS
WHITE DOVE CURE never fails to destroy craving for strong drink, the appetite for which cannot exist after using this remedy. Given in any liquid with or without knowledge of patient; tasteless; $1 at S. F. BOYCE, Druggist, 332 Superior St. Duluth, Minn.

STRIKE IS OVER

Tinners and Employers Settle Their Differences By Compromise.

Concessions Made By Both Sides and Men Are at Work.

The tinners' strike was settled yesterday afternoon, and this morning all of the men, with the exception of six, who went out on strike, returned to work. The six men excepted have left town.

The settlement was a compromise, both sides making concessions, and the strike is settled with much better feeling prevailing than is usual in such matters. The settlement came about by five of the bosses, representing the employers, meeting with all of the members of the Tinners' union yesterday morning in the new Trades' assembly rooms, in the Manhattan building. This is the first time in the history of Duluth where a delegation of bosses and striking employes have met in business session to settle difference, and it has proven very successful, the two side coming to an understanding much quicker than in any other way, and each side seeing that the other had reason for its position in many particulars, and making concessions, thus preserving a good feeling between the opposing forces.

The men were getting 37 cents an hour, and struck for 45 cents, which was refused. The matter of helpers and apprentices also came into question, the men claiming that too many helpers and apprentices are used.

The settlement and new contract was made yesterday on the following basis: The men are to receive 40 cents an hour until Aug. 1, and after that will receive 42½ cents an hour. One apprentice will be allowed for each three journeymen, and one helper to every two men. It was also agreed that the helpers cannot use tinners' tools except when at work with tinners, which is also a concession on the part of the bosses. In both particulars, the difference between the demands of the men and the claims of the employers, was split.

One section of the contract agreed to yesterday provides for an arbitration feature. In case of difference on either side, the party taking exception will present to the other side, in writing, a statement of his objection. Then a committee from the union will meet a committee from the employers and endeavor to straighten matters out. In case these committees fail to do so, some disinterested party, acceptable to both sides, will be chosen, and the case will be stated to him. He will then render his decision within twenty-four hours, and this decision will be binding on both sides.

This new contract will hold good until May 1, 1906, and if the union wishes any changes in the contract by that time, the employers must be notified of this desire not later than Feb. 1, 1906, so that the employers will be given a chance to consider and negotiate.

Both sides signed the contract yesterday, the union in the afternoon and the employers in the evening.

The reason the 42½ cents scale does not go in force at once is because the bosses have already contracts on hand figured on the former scale basis, and it would mean a loss to them were the higher scale to go into effect at once. Therefore the union split the difference with the bosses in the matter and made the scale 40 cents an hour until Aug. 1.

The employers were represented in the conference with the union by Messrs. Burrell, Deetz, McMartin, Landahl and Brown. Almost the entire union was in attendance. Alderman W. E. McEwen acted as chairman of the meeting and James F. Walsh, grand president of the Licensed Tinsmen's union, was present in the capacity of adviser. As a matter of fact, the credit for the settlement of the strike belongs to Messrs. McEwen and Walsh, who were instrumental in bringing the two sides together and suggesting the compromises which were agreed to.

About fifty men were affected by the strike and the following firms were concerned: Star Roofing and Cornice company, Duluth Corrugating and Roofing company, L. R. Helbing, Deetz & Co., Burrell & Harmon, Mollihan & Milostan, W. E. Brown, L. R. Daugherty, Schell & Wade and a number of smaller firms.

CAN COLLECT TAXES IN FULL

Judge Elliott of Minneapolis Decides Important New Point.

Minneapolis, May 12.—If a county auditor neglects to add the amount of delinquent taxes in the delinquent tax lists of the succeeding year, can he add this amount to the amount due in delinquent lists of the next succeeding year?

Judge C. B. Elliott, in a decision filed yesterday, holds that he can and that the property owner must pay. The point had never been decided in the local courts before, and the decision is a most important one to the state and to taxpayers, as it affects a large amount of property and will mean the collection of large sums.

George F. Dean brought suit to compel County Auditor Hugh R. Scott to issue a tax statement for lot 4, block 65, town of Minneapolis, without the delinquent taxes for the years 1894, 1895 and 1896. The property had been sold for taxes in 1896, but the sale was set aside in 1897 and the back taxes paid by the holder of the tax title had been refunded. The auditor neglected to put these refunded taxes on the tax lists of the succeeding year. He did put them on the year afterwards, and to this the owners, George F. Dean et al, objected, claiming that the failure to put them on the succeeding year estopped the auditor from putting them on later lists.

Judge Elliott made a careful study of the case and has written an able decision and memorandum. In the memorandum the court says:

The lien of the state remains, notwithstanding the failure to enforce it in the particular proceeding. Section 1000 certainly directs the auditor to include the refunded taxes in the delinquent lists for the following year, but it does not at all follow that a failure to do this deprives the state of the right to the taxes.

In my judgment, the provision is directory, having for its object the protection of the revenue of the state, and the prompt, orderly and systematic administration of the laws.

Tax laws are often construed with great strictness, and this is proper where the provisions lie at the foundation of the proceeding, and especially where, through the observance or non-observance of some statutory provision, it is sought to prevent the owner of the land from redeeming from a tax sale.

This provision was not placed in the statutes for the protection of the citizen or for the purpose of preventing the sacrifice of his property, and its disregard can in no way injuriously affect his rights. The provision was designed for the guidance and direction of public officers in the matter of future proceedings for enforcing the collection of taxes justly due on the land.

The taxes upon this lot for many years have been unpaid. The owners can obtain no vested right to exemption from taxation through the failure of the county auditor to assert the claim of the state until the statute of limitation has run.

As said by Mr. Justice Brown in relation to another case, all the owner has to do is to step up and perform his duty toward the public and pay his taxes into the treasury.

Exquisite Cut Class

At cost at A. L. Norberg's, 5 West Superior street.

Dr. von Suessmilch, The Dentist,
Has removed to 315 W. Superior St., over F. D. Day & Co.'s Jewelry Store

Gidding's--Tomorrow

JM Gidding & Co. WOMEN'S OUTFITTERS

Will Be the Mecca for Buyers of Women's and Girls' Clothes!

The values are such as no woman who cares to dress well can afford to overlook! In addition to regular stocks of beautiful wearables the following special lines will be offered:

GIRLS' COATS MADE TO SELL FOR $7.50 AND $8.50 IN THE SALE AT $4.75.

Several different styles of novelty mixtures and tan covert cloths—smart styles with new sleeve and cuff—$4.75—made to sell at $7.50 and $8.50.

YOUNG LADIES' SWAGGER COATS MADE TO SELL FOR $12.50 IN THE SALE AT $8.75.

In the new tan and gray mixtures; made long and full and with loose back; all sizes for young ladies 14 to 20.

$10 and $12 Girls' Vassar Coats at $7.75—sizes 10 to 16. Navy and brown cheviots, lined throughout, and with detachable emblem on sleeve. Handsomely tailored and perfect fitting.

E. J. WILE & CO.
MANUFACTURERS OF
MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S CLOAKS AND SUITS.
162 FIFTH AVENUE,
Cor. 21st Street.
Telephone, 2674 & 2675 Gramercy. NEW YORK, 5-6 1905

Mr. J. M. Gidding,
Care of Hotel Astor,
City.

Dear Sir:—

We beg to inform you that we have gone through carefully the lots, of the entire stock of the best selling Spring Styles, numbering "Twelve Hundred" garments in all, which you have selected, and while the prices offered by you, are at a considerable loss, we have decided to accept same.

Kindly advise us by return mail or in person, how, and where you desire your goods to be shipped.

With many thanks for past favors, we are,

Yours truly,
E. J WILE & CO.
Mey.

This Letter Tells Its Own Story:

Twelve hundred garments in all — **misses' and children's sizes**— were closed out from this one firm alone!

E. J. Wile & Co., 162 Fifth avenue, have a splendid reputation for producing high-class garments, and we carry their lines exclusively.

This special purchase of twelve hundred garments enables us to pass along to you:

Covert Coats made to sell for $15.00 now on sale at $8.75
Covert Coats made to sell for $12.50 now on sale at $7.50
Covert Coats made to sell for $25.00 now on sale at $15.00
Covert Coats made to sell for $18.50 now on sale at $10.50
Misses' Covert Box Coats, made to sell regularly for $8.75, at $4.75

FORM-FITTING LONG COATS IN THE SALE—
Made to sell for $19.50—on sale at $11.50
Made to sell for $22.50—on sale at $15.00
Made to sell for $25.00—on sale at $17.50

RAIN COATS
Beautiful styles and at almost half their value, at the very beginning of the rainy season. Every woman or miss can afford to have one in her wardrobe at these prices.

Made to sell for $19.50 now on sale at $12.50
Made to sell for $25.00 now on sale for $16.50
Made to sell for $32.50 and $35 now on sale at $18.50
We shall include some of our regular lines wherever we think it advisable, at the same proportionate reductions.

Cravenetted Rain Coats--for Girls 10 to 16--in the Sale!

Even at regular prices nobby styles were hard to find—and never at the beginning of the season. We are able to give you—the snappiest and most exclusive effects, for very little money—each and every one of them beautifully made and of materials that are absolutely cravenetted and water proof. Tans, olives and grays.
Made to sell for $12.50, are now on sale at $8.75. Made to sell for $9.50 are now on sale at $6.50. Made to sell for $15.00, are now on sale at $10.50.
Sizes 4, 6, and 8—made to sell for $7.75, at $5; and $10.00 ones for $6.75.

"Kayser" Silk Gloves.

We have them in all the leading shades to match your gowns, complete at—50c, 75c and $1.00 the pair. Complete range of sizes.

Kayser's Milanaise Lisle Gloves, in modes, grays, whites and blacks, at 50c per pair.

One line of extra Lisle Gloves, in all shades and sizes; regular 35c quality; at 25c per pair.

A NEW LINE OF VEILING—All the new shades and patterns, worth as much as 50c; special price 25c per yard.

RUSHINGS—In several different styles, light blue, tan, white, black, pink at 35c per yard.

JUST RECEIVED A LARGE LINE OF WASH STOCKS—20 different styles; also chiffon collars with rushing—hand-embroidered Dutch collars—also in the English eyelet work, and with plaited ruffle—worth 50c—to sell at 35c.

A BEAUTIFUL LINE OF FANCY CHIFFON EMBROIDERED COLLARS—in light blue, pink, white, black, lavender, green—worth $1.50—at 75c.

COLLAR AND CUFF SETS for coats and suits—the "Latest out"—white pique and fancy linens—75c to $1.50.

Stockings for Spring.

Our new spring lines of hosiery are now complete, in lisles, cotton, embroidered hose, lace and silk.

AT 50c—A complete line of beautiful hose, with lace boot, plain top, or embroidered ankle.

Also beautiful plain gauze lisle hose—regular 75c—selling at 50c

Ladies' plain black all silk Stockings—$1.25 values at $1 Black only.

We carry a complete line of plain black cotton, lisle and silks, in out-sizes, from 50c up to $2.50.

Also have a line of tan silk hose, selling for $2.00 a pair—in all sizes.

$2.50 FINE SILK HOSE $1.75—Black, light blue, pink and tan—value $2.50 a pair—at $1.75.

Waists for Saturday.

Of cotton, linen or silk.

FANCY SILK WAISTS—Waists in Crepe de Chine, Peau de Soie, and Chiffon Taffeta—in receda green, blue, brown and black, at $6.75; $8.75 value.

Japanese silk and Foulard waists in fancy checks and Polka dots, at $5.00; $6.75 value.

WE WILL PLACE ON SALE TOMORROW SEVERAL LINES OF HIGH-CLASS STOCKS AND OTHER NOVELTY NECKWEAR FOR WOMEN—35c AND 50c VALUES AT 25c.

Several hundred beautiful shirt waists, many distinct styles, in lawns, dotted swisses and linens, at—$1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75 and $2.00.

White Waists in Madras, Bedford cord, linen and lawn, at—$1.00, $1.25, $1.50 and $1.75.

Tailored Waists in linen, Pique and Madras—$2.25 to $5.00.

Umbrellas.

You must have an umbrella. We have just what you want. One line of GLORIA SILK UMBRELLAS, in natural frame—regular $1.50 quality—at $1.00.

GIDDING'S GIDDING'S GIDDING'S GIDDING'S

ROCKEFELLER TO GIVE MORE

Oil King Not Discouraged By "Tainted Money" Cry.

New York, May 12.—John D. Rockefeller's "tainted money" will continue to be bestowed on institutions that seem to need assistance, and it will be given even more freely than in the past.

The squabble in the Congregational board over the acceptance of $100,000 of the oil king's money has not dampened his ardor in the giving line.

This was made apparent yesterday in an interview with Mr. Rockefeller, who for the first time discussed the Congregational wrangle and the Rev. Washington Gladden's opposition to the acceptance of any "tainted money" for church purposes.

The oil man also announced that he is considering plans to systematize his benefactions, and said the scope of his operations in that line would be increased. It is understood that his plan is similar to that adopted by Mr. Carnegie.

"I shall continue to give in my own way to any cause that appeals to me as being worthy or in need," said Mr. Rockefeller, when asked as to his attitude.

"Do you think the sentiments expressed by Dr. Gladden are held by any large number of clergymen?"

"I should be loath to feel that such is the case. I have a great many friends in the Christian ministry, and my experience with clergymen generally leads me to entertain only the warmest respect for them as just and charitable men.

"This controversy over my gift of $100,000 for Congregational missionary purposes has set me to thinking as to the best methods of aiding church philanthropy and work. I am considering methods that will enable me in future to regulate my giving of money on a systematic basis, and with more effective scope than heretofore."

Nobby New Neckwear.
M. S. BURROWS.

DETECTIVES SEEK

Firm's Cash In Banks of Three Cities.

New York, May 12.—Assets of the Haight & Freese company of 53 Broadway, whose pretended transactions in buying and selling bonds were held recently by Supreme Court Justice Dowling to be mere bookkeeping entries, are the object in three cities of a search by detectives.

The receiver appointed by the federal courts of Pennsylvania took possession of its large office in the Bourse building in Philadelphia, and simultaneously in this city, Boston, and Philadelphia counsel for the receivers and creditors began a search for the assets. In Philadelphia the concern began to pay off depositors. It kept paying for an hour, and then announced it had received word from the New York offices to stop payments.

Turner and Lillis, the chief members, it is said, came here, but they could not be found. In all three cities the copies of the injunction order tying up the assets were served on practically every safe deposit company.

It was said that $200,000 had been found in one safe deposit concern in Philadelphia. At the Seaboard only $25,000 was found. At the Colonial bank $3,000 was found. It was reported the concern had $200,000 in the Long Island Trust company, and a law clerk hustled over there in an automobile and tied up whatever there was.

An attempt to vacate the receivership here was made before Justice Lacombe by Franklin Bein, representing the company, but it was refused.

CONTINGENT FEES

Are Denounced By a United States Judge.

Kansas City, Mo., May 12.—"I believe that contingent fee contracts made by lawyers in damage suit cases are generally bad and vicious. I do not hold myself up as a reformer and I am not seeking to prevent litigation, but if I were to begin reforming abuses the contingent fee contract is one of the things I would strike at first of all. It should be understood that the federal court is not a court for rich people. This is a popular fallacy, and it is not so. The poor have equal rights here with the rich."

The foregoing statement was made by Judge Smith McPherson in the federal court in passing upon a motion made by an attorney to permit his clients to sue as poor persons, in the case of Clarence L. Lyons and Addie Lyons against the Chicago & Alton Railroad company. The suit was brought to recover damages for the death of a child, and in hearing the motion it developed that the attorney representing the child's parents had a contract with them by which he was to receive 50 per cent of the amount recovered.

Mr. and Mrs. Lyons both took the witness stand and testified that they had no funds for the prosecution of the suit. The court, after making known its opinion on the subject of such contracts, allowed the plaintiffs to sue as poor persons.

Watches.

Best standard movements in guaranteed cases at rare values during our present alteration sale. M. Henricksen Jewelry Co., Providence building.

WHEN
THE GOPHER
Does your Shoe Repairing, it's done right—at right prices—and quickly. That's our business.
SHOE REPAIR WORKS
8 FIRST AVENUE WEST.
BOTH 'PHONES.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

"One price, and that right, at Ericson's"

Swell Suits and Topcoats!

Here you find extreme high quality, combined with exceptionally low prices. We are showing this season very unusual values in men's fashionable Suits and Top Coats at—

$15

In our Boys' and Children's Department you'll find the smartest Suits in a wide variety of styles and materials, all lower in price than you can obtain similar garments for elsewhere.

We are sole agents in Duluth for the famous Regent Shoes—$3.50.

CHAS. W. ERICSON

Clothier, Hatter, Furnisher,

219 West Superior Street.

WENT TO PRISON

Unaccompanied, to Serve Eighteen Years For Highway Robbery.

Former Deputy Marshal Convicted Under Peculiar Circumstances.

Des Moines, Iowa, May 12.—Former Deputy United States Marshal William A. Richards, for twenty years one of the best known officers in Iowa, who, in his long career, has arrested and conveyed to various penitentiaries more than 3,000 convicted prisoners, last week escorted himself, unaccompanied, from Des Moines to the Iowa penitentiary at Fort Madison and began the service of an 18-year sentence for highway robbery.

"No man living will ever take me to prison in irons," declared "Bill" Richards, as he is familiarly known when the jury had returned a verdict of guilty against him and the judge had sentenced him to a long term of years.

For months, it has been believed that by his statement, Richards meant to threaten and intimidate any officer who might attempt to take him to the penitentiary where Richards himself had taken so many prisoners, iron and schackled. Last week, Richards disclosed what he meant. With his last vistage of hope swept away by the unfavorable action of the highest court and with the knowledge that within a few hours a warrant for his arrest and handcuffs for shackling would be in the hands of a brother officer who must perform his duty, "Bill" stepped upon a passenger train, waved a last farewell, called out cheerily: "Don't forget to ask for me, boys, whenever you're in town" and for the thousandth time, began the journey to the penitentiary, this time his own prisoner.

It is said the criminal annals of America have no other case the equal of that in which "Bill" Richards figures.

Honored by federal appointments, with some of the boldest and cleverest captures in the history of the secret service department to his credit, known and respected by judges, United States senators and governors, Richards, in his old age, has been convicted of torturing an old friend and robbing him of the paltry sum of $2,000. Paltry, because Richards a dozen times has been offered—and has spurned—bribes much greater than this if he would but refuse to answer certain questions when his testimony has been all that stood between the prisoner's dock and the felon's cell.

Richards has the record of being the only peace officer in America to capture, unaided, three desperate green-goods men, in their own lair, with their counterfeit goods in their possession, and the evidence complete for their conviction.

A few years ago secret service officials became convinced that a desperate and successful gang of green-goods men were operating with St. Louis and Chicago as their base. The matter was placed in the hands of Marshal Gray of Keokuk, who chose "Bill" Richards from every available man in the country as the one to assist him.

The two men then went to work. A liveryman, Nick Martin, at Warren, Kas., was found willing to consent to disappear for a few weeks and permit Richards to assume his name and identity.

"Martin" entered into negotiations with the green-goods men at Chicago and agreed to take the Arkansas agency, securing $25,000 and the state agency for $1,200 genuine money.

Dressed to impersonate the liveryman Richards went to Chicago to close the deal, accompanied by Marshal Gray, who was dressed as a plantation owner. Richards has thus described his own apparel and appearance:

"I had allowed my beard to grow for two weeks. I wore a collarless, speckled shirt, a pair of light trousers, much too short, a rubber overcoat or mackintosh and a slouch hat."

After a number of careful preliminaries the men were introduced to the green-goods men and were pronounced genuine "rubes." The green goods were to be delivered the next day.

Gray and Richards accompanied the confidence men, Gray being led ahead to return to tell Richards, who had the genuine money, that the game was on the square and he could go ahead and invest. The rest of the story Richards told this week, just before he left for state prison:

"When we went up, I confess that I felt chilly. I reflected about my family and knew that I faced a desperate game. There were two of them and one of me and I was going against their game. We locked two doors behind us as we went to their apartments. After the first one was locked I noticed a big chest in the room in which we then were. I suspected some one concealed in it. After the second door was locked, we could hear people talking in the next room; I supposed they were confederates.

"Of course, we did not know whether it was entirely a swindle or a scheme to merely rob us of money which we might carry into the den. They placed a chair for me in the middle of the room. Visions of trapdoors flitted through my mind and I jerked the chair over to one side of the room so I could get my back against the wall. I had my left hand in my trouser's pocket, clutching the handleof a revolver, and I had practiced so that I could with a single movement lift my vest, seize the handle of a 44-colber revolver I carried in my vest pocket and jerk it to a level. I was worked up to the highest pitch of excitement and confess that at times I actually trembled.

"Finally we got down to business and they produced the bogus money. That is, they were in bogus packages. We already had been directed to carry no valises, as they would furnish these. They had the packages of bogus money in valises that day and when they exhibited the whole plant and were holding out their hands for my money I pulled the guns and leveled them at their heads. The younger man threw up his hands in the air with a yell and a plea not to kill him. The elder jumped up and pushed his hand in his pocket for his gun, but I poked his ribs with my 44 and he slowly pulled out his hands and held them up. I backed them to one side of the room and handed them handcuffs which I forced them to lock on their wrists. And, just at that moment Gray burst into the room, having shouldered his way through the doors."

For tho past two or three years, while engaged in ferreting out bootlegging cases and doing other official work for the government, Richards has boarded, while on his trips, with the family of Pen Sullivan at Hamilton, Io. Sullivan is well past middle age, while his wife is no longer young.

One day the Sullivans sold their farm for $2,000, the deal being consummated too late in the day for the money to be deposited in the bank. It was, therefore, hidden by Mrs. Sullivan and her husband in an old bureau.

That night, shortly before midnight, a masked man entered the Sullivan home, leaving another on guard at the outside. He demanded to know where the money was hidden. The Sullivans denied having any, but the robber, with oaths, informed them that he knew of the entire proceeding. Then, with revolvers held to the head of the husband, the men placed a lighted lamp under the feet of the wife, proposing to torture her until she disclosed the whereabouts of the money. At this juncture the Sullivans gave in, confessing where the money was and watched the taller robber take it.

The masked men ordered the Sullivans to give them fifteen minutes' start and leaped through the door into the night.

Hardly had they jumped for flight when Sullivan sprang to the wall on which hung an old shotgun. He blazed away in the darkness, bringing down one of the robbers with half his face shot away.

A crowd quickly gathered, foremost in it being "Bill" Richards, who, as an officer and as a friend of the Sullivan family, took charge of the wounded robber. When a lynching was proposed, Richards averted it; he demanded surgical attention for the man, and himself locked him up, refusing to allow others to see him.

The man proved to be Frank Baird, whom Richards had taken to the penitentiary a few years before and who had been convicted on Richards' testimony. A few days later Baird pleaded guilty and was sentenced to eighteen years in the penitentiary.

Before he could be led away, by Richards again, he announced that he would turn state's evidence and confess all. He solemnly swore that Richards was the other masked robber, who had tortured Mrs. Sullivan and had secured the money.

There was no other evidence. Richards established a fairly good alibi. The evidence was circumstantial in every respect, save the confession of Baird, whose hatred for Richards was proved.

But on the first ballot the jury found Richards guilty and he was sentenced to the same imprisonment as Baird.

Then began a hard struggle in the higher courts, until day by day Richards' hope of freedom waned. At last came the final decision and Richards followed his prisoners to prison.

Gray-Tallant Co

Selling Girls' Clothes

Garments for Big, Little and Baby Girls Marked To Go.

Sharply reduced prices rule tomorrow on several groups of girls' outer garments—dresses, coats and baby clothes. Careful mothers, who know how thoroughly well the Gray-Tallant Co. clothes for girls are made will find among them many a welcome opportunity to get stylish, pretty, sensible garments for their daughters at very remarkable savings. Here they are:

CHILDREN'S $4.98 DRESSES—Blouse styles with braid-trimmed sailor collars and silk ties. Silk embroidered emblems on front and sleeves. Materials are red, brown and blue wool cloths. 8, 10 and 12-year sizes. Saturday **$3.50**

MISSES' SUITS, REGULARLY $7.50—jaunty Norfolk coat styles with half or full belt and velvet or stitched collars. Mostly mixed materials—12, 14 and 16-year sizes— Saturday **$4.98**

MISSES' SUITS, SELLING UP TO $15—plain cheviots and serges and blue and brown mixtures. Blouse, coat and sailor styles among them. Saturday..... **$9.50**

CHILDREN'S BOX COATS, UP TO $8.50, odd lots of tans, browns and blues for the 8, 10 and 12-year olds. Saturday **$4.50**

BABIES' WHITE DRESSES, DAINTILY trimmed with embroidery and tucking. Sizes for little tots from 6 months to 3 years old. It's only because they are a trifle soiled that a third has been chipped off the prices.

Sold at $2.75, reduced to.....$1.75.
Sold at $2.00, reduced to.....$1.25.
Sold at $1.25 and $1.50, reduced to.. 98c.

HOSIERY.

FANCY LISLE HOSE—little lots of handsome hosiery, including Jacquard stripes, black and white effects, fancy gray hose and stockings with embroidered fronts, which sold up to 75c a pair—all at one price Saturday..... **50c**

NEW TAN HOSE—Tan oxfords mean tan stockings. We have them in all the new tan shades, with lace boot or all lace, or with ankles embroidered in fancy colors and dainty designs, at— **59c, 50c, 25c.**

Organdies up to 25c 7½c.

Not a large quantity but a good number of patterns—remainders of pieces which sold at 15c, 20c and 25c. Goods which can be used to splendid advantage for children's dresses at the cost of the cheapest sort of wash fabrics.

5c and 10c Soap—2 Cakes for 5c.

For half what you'd ordinarily pay for such soaps as Armour's toilet soaps, tar soap, castile soap, engineers' soap, etc., we offer a chance to lay by supply enough for months to come.

FOR MEN.

When this store announces a bargain—it's a good buy. Men know this. Your own eyes may prove it tomorrow.

50c UNDERWEAR—Jersey ribbed—just what men want for spring and summer; made to carry comfort as well as good service to the wearer. Special price. **39c**

75c NEGLIGEE SHIRTS—Newest patterns of oxfords, madras and percales. Bought to sell at 75c. A Saturday bargain at..... **59c**

25c AND 35c SUSPENDERS with strong pigskin or calf ends — choice of lisle or heavy webbing. A snap at **19c**

$1.50 UMBRELLAS—Women's sizes and men's sizes. Silk and linen, gloria or mercerized tops, as you prefer—all fast black. Strong paragon frames. Values up to $1.50, at.. **$1.19**

From 9 to 11 A. M.

25c For Women's 50c Storm Rubbers. New goods. Don't wait too long—the sale stops promptly at 11 o'clock. Last week at 5 minutes before 11 we had just two pairs of the slippers that were on sale left. Enough said.

GOOD SHOES AND OXFORDS FOR WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

THE "BELMAR" SHOES—new, snappy styles—and they are selling fast. All of them $3.50 values— at **$3.00**

NEW STYLES tan and black Oxfords—Russia calf, patent colt, vici and patent kid tops.. **$3.00**

WOMEN'S OXFORDS and strap slippers and rubber heel Julicts for comfortable house wear— great values at.. **$1.49**

TENNIS SLIPPERS—Every boy and girl should become the owner, tomorrow of a pair—65c values at **49c**

Dress Hats $3.98.

We offer Saturday one table full of choice dress hats with foliage and flower crowns, lace and chiffon brims, at $3.98. Hats that can be had only at this store at less than $5.50 to $6.00. Chiefly flare shapes and pretty large crown sailors—though there is the smaller hat, if you like. Some are pure white, others white with color touches.

Children's Ready-to-wear Hats—The pretty Milans, the small, medium and large size sailors, the Napoleons in plain and plaided braids—very jaunty. Or we will make to order one of those exquisite conceptions that are the despair of other stores. Ready-to-wears at $6.50 down to..... **25c**

Street Hats Sensationally Low — Three-quarters of the street hats that were on sale last Saturday at $1.98 found owners in a jiffy. Tomorrow we will place all that remain on the tables at $1.59. Hats in this lot sold up to $3.00. For one day **$1.59**

$2.00 for $3 Sateen Skirts.

Black sateen skirts with two rows of accordion pleated ruffles and serviceable under-ruffle. This group of skirts is so remarkably low that you'll look a second time to make sure there's no mistake in price.

Some exceptionally good qualities of taffeta silk petticoats have lately come. Look them up.

WILL TEST FURTHER

Water From Duluth Heights Wells Contains Organic Matter.

Water Board Directs Samples Sent to a Bacteriologist.

The board of water and light commissioners before going ahead with the establishment of an auxiliary water system on Duluth Heights, has determined to submit samples of the water obtained from the wells to a bacteriologist, and steps have already been taken to get in communication with men of that profession.

The board had a meeting yesterday afternoon, at which a communication was read from Prof. W. J. Ferguson, chemist at the high school, to whom were submitted water samples for a chemical analysis. Prof. Ferguson explains that after a careful analysis he discovered the presence of a large amount of organic and volatile matter and a considerable percent of albuminoid ammonia, which, he held, might be the result of decay of organic matter.

Prof. Ferguson stated that he would not, however, condemn the water on the showing made by the chemical analysis, and advised the board to have a bacteriologist test it before attempting to use the well water for drinking purposes.

Manager L. N. Case reported to the board that the 8 per cent guaranty on the investment has been pledged by the Duluth Heights residents for the auxiliary water system. Pledges for a private service total $856, and, with the rental from twelve hydrants, amount to $1,336.

The board was also notified that the money from the sale of $140,000 of water and light bonds has been placed to the credit of the department. The commissioners then awarded the contract for the pipes that are to be used in the extensions this season, to the United States Cast Iron Pipe and Furnace company.

It was ordered that 211 tons of pipe be shipped to Duluth at once for the extension to the proposed new reservoir at West Duluth, 770 tons for the Park Point extension and 200 tons for the ordinary extensions about the city. The successful bidders were notified by telegram yesterday of the award and were instructed to begin the shipments at once.

The contract for laying the water pipes across the Duluth ship canal was awarded to John Wanless, the local submarine engineer, and the extension work to Park Point is to be deferred until the pipes are placed across the canal.

The board directed that the work of drilling and testing to ascertain the depth of rock at the West Duluth reservoir proceed, after which City Engineer McGillvray will be asked to make plans and specifications for a 2,000,000 gallon reservoir insted of a 5,000,000 gallon receptacle as first planned.

The board arranged for the following water and gas extensions, subject to the approval of the council, and directed the manager to call for bids for the work, the department to furnish the pipe, special castings and to do the transferring: In East Fourth street from Twenty-third to Twenty-fourth avenues, in Twelfth avenues east from Fifth to Sixth streets, on East Sixth street between Twelfth and Thirteenth avenues, in Fifth-second avenues west from Ramsey to Bristol streets, in Eighteenth avenue west from Second street north to the alley south of New street, in Chestnut, Atlantic and Vernon streets near Thirty-fourth avenue west, on Eleventh avenue east between Fourth and Fifth streets and on Sixty-first avenue west between Grand and Bristol streets.

The Stage

TONIGHT'S ATTRACTIONS.

METROPOLITAN—Harry Corson Clarke in "Lost, Twenty-Four Hours."

COMING ATTRACTIONS.

LYCEUM—Saturday afternoon and evening, "The Burgomaster."

"LOST—24 HOURS."

Harry Corson Clarke Produces Another Laughable Comedy.

CAST:

David Swift .....Harry Corson Clarke
"Dick" Swift.....Sterling Lord-Whitney
Adolphus Smiley .....Arthur Hill
Goldstein .....William Harris
Thomas .....Henry Stingley
Bertha Dacre.....Margaret Dale Owen
Milly.....Rachel Crown
Mrs. Churchill .....Olive Fifrau
Mary Churchill .....Sadie Talbot
Susan .....Mpnra Ketcham

Harry Corson Clarke and his excellent company of comedians last evening produced "Lost, Twenty-Four Hours," a comedy by W. A. Tremayne and Logan Fuller. It was written for Robert Hilliard, the well-known actor, and was by him produced with great success in the East, having a run of great length in New York. When Mr. Hilliard responded to the alluring call of vaudeville he disposed of the piece to Mr. Clarke, and it has afforded him one of his happiest and most successful vehicles for the exploitation of his inimitable ability for the production of laughter.

It is a farce comedy of the sort that has comical situations and develops laughter at every moment. One Richard Swift, a gentleman with an inclination to have a good time that even the bonds of matrimony cannot entirely restrain, goes out for a time during the absence of the partner of his joys and sorrows. He has such a time that he sleeps twenty-four hours without waking and gets up one day off in his reckoning. A telegram comes that his wife will be home on a certain day, and because of the slipping by of a day in his sleep, he miscalculates the time. This causes complications that are added to by the arrival on the scene of a widow, a friend of his bachelor days, whom, to avoid embarrassment, he introduces as his sister.

Harry Corson Clarke has the part of David Swift, brother of Richard, and makes it a very laughable role. Sterling Whitney in the character of Richard Swift, the man who loses the twenty-four hours, is very good. Miss Margaret Dale Owen as the widow was dashing and handsomely gowned. The support throughout was good.

The comedy will fill the remainder of the week, a matinee performance being given tomorrow.

"THE BURGOMASTER."

The most successful of the modern musical comedies will be seen at the Lyceum tomorrow afternoon and evening, when Pixley and Luders' great work, "The Burgomaster," will be the attraction. This merry masterpiece has had longer runs in the larger cities than any other musical comedy in the country. The cast is a notable one. It is headed by Oscar L. Figman as the burgomaster and Ruth White as Willie. Figman has been featured as the burgomaster for two seasons and is said to be the best burgomaster that has yet appeared in the part. Others in the large cast are Charles Sharp, Oscar B. Ragland, Fred Bailey, R. J. Moye, George McKissock, Louise Brackett, Kitty Aylward, Vesta Stanton, Mae Franklin and the sisters Lockhart.

HE THOUGHT HE WOULD DIE

Laid Himself Out In a Coffin and Called Ambulance.

Chicago, May 12.—Believing that he was about to die and that a physician's services would be useless, David Mittendorf, 40 years old, employed in an undertaking establishment, 183 Wells street, summoned police from the Chicago avenue station and then prepared for the journey by laying himself in a coffin.

An ambulance, in which were two policemen, was hurried to the place.

Policeman John Ringer, upon entering the front door, saw the cover of a casket raise and then close with a slam. The room was dark, and Ringer, whose knees began to wobble, opened the door and called to the other policeman, who was standing on the sidewalk.

Policeman Ringer seized his brother officer by the arm and told him about what he had seen.

"Have you been drinking anything this evening?" was the question put to Ringer by his assistant as they entered the room.

Ringer was unable to tell the casket from several others that were in the room, and, as a result, the covers of three or four caskets were raised before they opened the one in which Mittendorf had secreted himself.

When they did they looked at each other in horror and their faces paled. Mittendorf, his eyes staring at the ceiling of the room, lay on his back in the casket and did not utter a word when the cover was raised and placed alongside the casket.

"This is the limit," said Ringer, as he lifted the arm of Mittendorf and spoke to him. The latter sat up in the casket and told the policemen he wanted to be taken to a hospital. He was placed in the ambulance and conveyed to the county hospital. He told the policemen, while being taken to the hospital, that he wanted to keep warm and avoid the dampness.

HEINZE SETTLES

For Wine Suppers During Political Campaigns.

Butte, Mont., May 12.—Sam Martin and F. Augustus Heinze have at last come to an agreement in two cases which Martin had against the United Copper company president, and a stipulation for a settlement was filed yesterday in Judge McClernan's court.

More than $12,000 was involved in the suits, and it is understood they were settled for about $6,000. Martin alleged that Heinze owed him the amounts claimed on account of wine suppers furnished in political campaigns at the latter's request.

Quaker Gray Suits.
M. S. BURROWS.

Tomorrow, Our Last Saturday, At Our Present Location.

Early next week we move to our new location, 129 West Superior street, in the store formerly occupied by Eischen Bros. The entire store is being remodeled and refitted on a handsome scale, and when finished will be one of the finest jewelry stores in the Northwest. We have occupied our present quarters for the past ten years, and to mark the occasion of our removal we will offer tomorrow

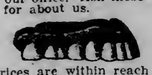
UNUSUAL VALUES

in every department. It will pay you to make your jewelry purchases a little in advance to secure the reductions offered here tomorrow.

J. GRUESEN,
JEWELER,
31 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

DENTISTRY
By Modern Sanitary Methods.

Painful rough methods have no place in our office. Ask those we have worked for about us.



Our prices are within reach of all—not too high, yet high enough to give you best material and guaranteed work.

The following low prices are made to place our work where all can see it. Get acquainted and prove we can do as we advertise. If you have work in our line, don't fail to see us before prices are higher.

Gold Crowns .....$5 and $6
Silver Fillings.....75c
Porcelain Crowns.....$4 and $5
Full Set Teeth.....$5 and up

LEE & TURLEY,
114-116 W. Superior St., over Folz.
Both 'Phones.
Open 8 a. m. to 8 p. m.
Sunday 9 to 2.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of Eighteen Hundred Dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain Mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Emma Beglinger and Fred. Beglinger, her husband, Mortgagors, to John Ware, Mortgagee, bearing date the 19th day of September, 1889, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the Register of deeds in and for the County of St. Louis, and State of Minnesota, on the 24th day of September, 1889, at 4 o'clock p. m., in Book 37 of Mortgages, on page 203.

Which said Mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby was duly assigned by said John Ware, Mortgagee, to Catherine E. Chadbourn, by written assignment dated the 12th day of September, 1892, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds on the 19th day of September, 1892, at 8 o'clock a. m., in Book 97 of Mortgages, on page 271.

Which said Mortgage, together with said debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Catherine E. Chadbourn, the Assignee and Holder thereof, to D. J. Kneale by written assignment dated the 10th day of April, 1905, and recorded on the 13th day of April, 1905, at 8 o'clock a. m., in Book 183 of said Mortgages, page 588; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said Mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, Therefore, Notice is Hereby Given, That by virtue of the power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said Mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said Mortgage, viz:

Lots one, two, three, four and five, block four and lot twelve, block eleven, Hall's addition to Oneota, according to the plat thereof on file or of record in the office of the register of deeds for St. Louis County, Minnesota, said land being in St. Louis County and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the Sheriff of said St. Louis County at the front door of the Court House, in the City of Duluth in said County and State on the 17th day of June, 1905, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of Eighteen Hundred Dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Seventy-five Dollars, Attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said Mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated, May 3, A. D. 1905.

D. J. KNEALE,
Assignee of Mortgage.

J. W. HUNT, Attorney for Assignee of Mortgage, 904 Torrey building.
Duluth Evening Herald—May 5-12-19-26; June 2-9.

Oh how Good!

FITGER'S BEER

SEND TO THE BREWERY FOR A CASE OF SATISFACTION

FITGER BREWING CO. DULUTH, MINN.

HYPNOTIZED FOR BURIAL

And Then Resurrected By Friends — Strange Story Told.

Searcy, Ark., May 12.—This community is dumbfounded by a report in Jonesboro that Dr. R. G. Lightle, over whose supposed body funeral services have been held twice, is alive and has been seen in the flesh in California.

This case has had so many startling phases that no development is regarded by the people here as impossible, but it may be said now that not much credence is placed in the present report.

Admitting that it is true, all that he would gain would be possible exemption from prosecution for the charges of conspiracy to defraud brought by the insurance company for which he is under indictment at Searcy, the Lightle family home.

Dr. Lightle first sprang into almost national notoriety when the news was sent broadcast last December that a charred body, which had been buried in the Searcy cemetery the previous May as that of Dr. Lightle, was not his, but that of Ed Pitts, a Searcy man who had died a month before. This was after the insurance companies had paid over to the widow $20,000 for policies carried on his life.

Detectives were put on the case by the insurance companies and Dr. Lightle was located in Georgia. Officers were after him, but he was informed of their movements, and the day they reached the point where he had been residing under another name, Dr. Lightle alighted from the train at Searcy and, going to his home, crawled through a window and went to bed. His story was that he did not know he was believed to be dead.

Together with John V. Roberts, who was alleged to have assisted in disinterring the Pitts body and taking part in the alleged plot to put it in the Lightle barn, which was then set on fire, he was indicted for conspiracy. Roberts' trial was recently held at Marianna and resulted in a hung jury. Both men were tried on charges of grave robbery, which was but a misdemeanor, and heavily fined. Roberts is now lecturing throughout the state on the subject, "Life's Other Side," and appeared in Little Rock Wednesday night.

While awaiting trial at Searcy, Dr. Lightle remained at home, and, in January, became ill of pneumonia and died. The funeral was held the following day, and the interment was in the Searcy graveyard. For the second time within a year friends of the family followed the body of Dr. Lightle to its last resting place.

Now comes the rumor that Dr. Lightle did not really die, but was simply hypnotized and buried in that condition. The story goes that that night the coffin was disinterred and Dr. Lightle being restored to consciousness, departed at once for the West to begin his life anew under an assumed name.

No action has been taken towards opening the grave to ascertain if there is really a body there, or if the coffin is filled with bricks.

MAXIM GORKY

In a New Light In Latest Novel.

London, May 12.—Maxim Gorky is seen in rather a new mood in "A Naughty Girl," surely a needlessly trivial title to a book just put out. For awhile he leaves his peasants and his tramps, and studies with elaborate care and almost pelasant sympathy the temperament of a young Russian woman of the small landowner class. She is an abundantly healthy animal, without a vestige of that fearful weakness for philosophy apparently so common in Russia, candid, a little cruel, but essentially womanly and modest. Varenka is indeed a fascinating creation.

Round this central figure Gorky has grouped others equally carefully drawn —the high-thinking schoolmaster, Hippolyte, whose fight against the domination of passion is described with extraordinary knowledge and skill, his sensuous sister and her sentimental, unstable lover.

The book contains several wonderful nature pictures, among which the following is not the least beautiful:

"The morning was fresh and clear, and the rays of the sun still shone with some of the rosy tints of dawn. The starlings were chattering together in the most lively manner as they pecked away at the cherries. Drops of rain hung on the quivering leaves, looking like diamonds, radiant tears which fell to the ground and disappeared. The earth was moist, but it had so thoroughly absorbed the water that had fallen on it in the night that neither mud nor pools were visible. Everything seemed clean, fresh and new; as if everything had only just been born that night; and all nature was calm, immovable, as if not yet accustomed to the life of earth, and, seeing the sun for the first time, was looking on in silent wonder at its marvelous beauty."

Coughs and colds, down to the very borderland of consumption, yield to the soothing, healing influences of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup.

THE AMERICAN BIBLE LEAGUE

Distinguished Scotch Bible Student and Lecturer to Attend.

New York, May 12.—The presence on the program of the distinguished Scotch Biblical student and lecturer, the Rev. Dr. John Urquhart, has centered the interest of leaders in all religious bodies on the convention of the American Bible league, to be held in New York on May 16, 17 and 18. Mr. Urquhart ranks with the foremost of the world's Biblical scholars, and is a member of the Biblical Archaeological Society and Associate of the Victoria Institute. He has been hitherto best known in this country by his published works, including "Recent Discoveries and the Bible," "The Wonders of Prophecy," "How Old Is Man," etc. His lectures on the Old Testament are especially interesting and instructive, and his three addresses before the Bible league convention on Wednesday morning and evening and Thursday morning, are looked forward to with the deepest interest. These will treat of the "Miracle of Prophecy," "The Book of Daniel," and "The Book of Jonah."

The completed program for the convention has now been announced, and its topics are as follows: At the opening session, on Tuesday evening, the "Inspiration of the Bible," its explanation and confirmation will be considered, speakers being the Rev. Dr. Luther T. Townsend of Brookline, Massachusetts; and the Rev. Dr. G. Frederick Wright of Oberlin. At this session the president of the league, William Phillips Hall, will also speak, as will the Rev. Dr. D. J. Burrell, pastor of the Marble Collegiate church, in which the topic will be "Confirmation of the Bible from Prophecy and Science," and speakers will be the Rev. John Urquhart, as stated, and Prof. Wright of Oberlin. Wednesday afternoon the "Confirmation of the Old Testament from Archaeology" will be considered, with an address by Prof. Clay of the University of Pennsylvania, on "Babylonian Testimony to the Bible," and one by the Rev. Dr. M. G. Kyle on "Gems Recovered from an Old Egyptian Workshop." Wednesday evening the topic will be "Confirmation of the Bible from Criticism," and there will be addresses by Prof. Robert Dick Wilson of Princeton, and the Rev. Mr. Urquhart.

"Confirmation of the Bible from Science and Archaeology" will be Thursday morning's topic, speakers being Mr. Urquhart and the Rev. Dr. Dixon. The closing sessions of the convention will be devoted to practical aspects of the general subject, and Thursday afternoon "Bible Study and Teaching to Meet the Needs" will be considered in addresses by the Rev. R. D. S. Gregory, general secretary of the American Bible league, and others. At the last session, Thursday evening the principal address will be by the Rev. Dr. George F. Pentecost, the general topic being "The Inspired Bible the Only Message for the World's Evangelism." President William Phillips Hall will also speak at this closing session. Every indication points to a large attendance at the convention, for interest is aroused among the people of the local churches, and many from outside New York are intending to be present. The full proceedings of the convention will be published for the benefit of those too far away or too busy to attend the sessions.

RHEUMATISM ROBS LIFE of PLEASURE

Rheumatism does more than any other disease to rob life of pleasure and comfort. It is so painful and far-reaching in its effects on the system that those afflicted with it find themselves utterly unable to enjoy bodily comfort or any of the pleasures of life. Some are bound hand and foot and suffer constantly with excruciating pains, swollen, stiff joints and muscles, and often distorted, crooked limbs, while others have intervals of freedom, during which they live in constant fear and dread of the next attack, when, at the least exposure to damp weather, or slight irregularity of any kind, the disease will return.

I had been troubled with Rheumatism for two years, had been under the treatment of physicians, and tried everything recommended to me, but all to no avail. My knee and elbow joints were so stiff that I could not use them. I was unable to do my household work, and was truly in a pitiable condition. S. S. S. cured me after using it for awhile, and I unhesitatingly give it the credit it so much deserves.
Sta. A., E. Liverpool, O. MRS. M. A. DECKER.

The cause of Rheumatism is a sour, acid condition of the blood, produced by food lying undigested in the stomach, poor bowel action, weak kidneys and a general sluggish condition of the system. External applications, such as liniments, oils, plasters, etc., do not reach the cause and can only give temporary relief. The blood must be cleansed and purified before a cure can be had. S. S. S. attacks the disease in the right way—it neutralizes the poison and filters out every particle of it from the blood, stimulates the sluggish organs and clears the system of all foreign matter. It cures the disease permanently and safely because it contains no harmful minerals to derange the stomach and digestion. Book on Rheumatism and any advice you wish, without charge.

SSS

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

PEACE OF MIND

Desired By Contributors to Uncle Sam's Conscience Fund.

Has Reached Nearly $500,000 Within the Last Century.

Washington, May 12.—"A guilty conscience needs no accuser" is an adage that is not believed by officials of the treasury department. They are of the opinion that the guilty conscience does need a little prodding once in a while to cause the owner to repent and make amends. As proof of this contention they point with pride to the so-called "conscience fund," which within the last century has gathered in nearly $500,000 for the government's pocketbok. But for the fact that this mythical "fund" has been referred to from time to time in the newspapers, the officials believe, scarcely one-tenth of the huge sum mentioned would have been sent to the treasury.

The person who sends the amount of his debt to the "conscience fund" learns that no effort will be made by the authorities to discover his or her identity, or to exact punishment for the original crime. He feels that by thus making restitution he will not only be forgiven for his former misdeeds, but will be able to look the world in the face once more, sleep better and get more enjoyment out of life. He is right in cherishing these beliefs, for the government officials will make no attempt to resurrect the past, and there is no doubt whatever that his own conscience will reward him for doing the square thing.

If you ask a treasury official for the office of the "conscience fund," he will smile and say: "Go to the public moneys division." At the public moneys division you will be told that there is no such thing as the "conscience fund," but that the money received from the owners of troublesome consciences is turned into the general treasury under the head of "miscellaneous receipts." For the sake of accuracy, and also to help along the wholesome fiction, a record is kept of every cent thus received, and as long as the treasury department keeps a set of books, entries will be made of such contributions under the "conscience fund" caption. President Madison received in 1811 a sum of money from some repentant sinner who wished to make restitution of stolen money. Then and there the fund was started, and it has been in mythical existence ever since. No sum is too large or too small for entry in the record.

As soon as money for the "conscience fund" is received at the treasury department, Secertary Shaw orders a little item placed upon the bulletin board in his outer office. The newspaper correspondents, who go the rounds of the various offices in the treasury building, invariably make note of the case and thus the news of a good example is sent broadcast to the world.

On Feb. 26 last Secretary Shaw found in his morning's mail a letter containing 15 cents. It read as follows:

"Inclosed you will find 15 cents, which I send to pay for two slate pencils which I believe I took from an Indian agency located at that time at Colton, Cal. This was done when I was a small boy about 16 years old, or something near it. It was probably more than that. I sent the money to the Indian agency at San Jacinto, Cal., but it was sent back to me. I do this because I believe it is God's will. I hope you will dispose of the amount so that it will go to the proper place."

A few days after the receipt of this letter, or, to be accrate, on March 4, a somewhat larger contribution to the "conscience fund" came in the mail to the secretary. The missive which accompanied the cash did not tell how the money was taken originally from the government, but it was just as eloquent of a desire to make amends, as the following copy will show:

"I am sending you herewith enclosed $12,000, which is to go to the use of the United States government. Years ago I defrauded the government, but have returned it all, and am suffering fourfold, in accordance with the Scriptures. The way of the transgressor is hard, and no one but God knows how I have suffered the consequences and would ask to do a bountiful restoration. May God pardon me while the United States is benefited.

"A SINNER."

The postmark upon the package containing the $12,000 mark was very badly blurred. Some of the clerks in the secretary's office were of the opinion that it had been postmarked New York, while others believed that it came from Newark, N. J., but there was no doubt about the amount of money nor the quality of the bills, which were mostly of $50 and $100 denominations.

The $12,000 contribution was the largest ever received with one exception. The record was made in 1896 when United States Consul General Patrick Collins of London transmitted to the secretary of the treasury $14,225.15 which had been given to him by Rev. Prebendary Barff, vicar of St. Giles' church, in one of the suburbs of the English metropolis. The vicar informed Consul General Collins that one of his parishioners had handed him the money with the simple request that it be sent to the United States government.

Many contributions received at the treasury department are apparently due to recent conversions at revivals or camp meetings. These are almost invariably signed "A Penitent," "A Sinner" or "A Lost Soul." The fair sex is especially given to confession, and feminine contributions are nearly always accompanied by long letters telling in detail how they smuggled their diamonds, laces and gifts to friends in the country without paying duty or used canceled postage stamps. Many of the letters are sent to the president of the United States on the supposition, probably, that he will see and read them. As a matter of fact, he has too much important official and personal correspondence to be worried with the conscience troubles of unknown citizens, and Secretary Loeb, who reads or directs the reading of all his mail, sends the money, with the accompanying notes to the treasury department by messenger. Scarcely a week passes without bringing three or four "conscience contributions" to the White House.

The postoffice department has established a "conscience fund" separate from that of the treasury department to accommodate the money and stamps sent in from time to time to the postmaster general. As fast as they are received, however, the contributions are sent to the treasury, and go, with the other mites, into the big vaults, the contents of which help to pay Uncle Sam's bills when they come due.

Do You Know Uneeda Biscuit ?

YANKEE GRIT WINS RICH WIFE

Young Lawyer Calls Bluff of Denver Girl's Father.

Denver, Col., May 12.—Love having failed, Yankee grit has succeeded in gaining parental consent to the marriage of Miss Katherine Mullen, daughter of J. K. Mullen, the wealthy flour mill operator, to James E. O'Connor, associated with one of the leading law firms of this city, and until two years ago one of the most prominent young attorneys in New Haven, Conn. O'Connor abandoned a good practice in Connecticut to come here when his prospective father-in-law said he would refuse to sanction the marriage until the young man had proved his mettle by moving West and quickly winning a promising position in this community.

The romance that has entered on its last happy phase began in New Haven, Miss Mullen was visiting there, and, meeting O'Connor, it was a case of love at first sight. They planned an early marriage, and their friends were anticipating the wedding when Mr. Mullen stopped all plans with his harsh ultimatum. He said that any son-in-law of his would have to show he was possessed of the true hustling American spirit, and that he had some doubts as to the worth of O'Connor. Not that he found any fault with the youth's record, but that he had not been at the bar long enough to pass through a final test. "Come West, young man," said Mr. Mullen, "and when you have succeeded here you shall have my daughter with my blessing." Just what O'Connor said in reply to this is reported in a dozen different ways, but the words generally attributed to him are, "You're on, dad." It is added that Mr. Mullen made a show of wrath at the use of the fatherly term, but that after the interview he chuckled in satisfaction over O'Connor's bold hint at his confidence in himself.

O'Connor grew up in New Haven and became a member of the law firm of Harrison & Zacher. Still on the sunny side of 30 his prospects were brilliant, but at the call of cupid he tore himself away from all business and social ties and came here to strike out alone. He rented a small room in the Equitable building, and for three months sought in vain for a client. One day a man seeking a lawyer accidentally happened into his office. O'Connor nailed him with true Hibernian aggressiveness, and the man, quick in observation, placed the case in his care. O'Connor won the suit against great odds, and thereafter his rise was rapid.

So great was his success that he attracted the attention of the head of a big legal firm, and a month ago he accepted an offer to link his fortunes with it. When the papers sealing the contract had been signed, O'Connor went to Mr. Mullen and asked him if he still had any objection to the wedding.

"Young man, I guess you have earned the right to call me 'dad,' said the big flour man, with a twinkle in his eye.

"I called you 'dad' a couple of years ago, didn't I?" retorted O'Connor.

"Yes, I remember that," said Mr. Mullen, "but you had to prove that was something more than Yankee 'nerve.'"

"Well," said O'Connor, slowly.

"O, I reckon you've got the necessary amount of Yankee grit," said Mr. Mullen. Then, taking O'Connor by the hand, "You'll do, Jim, my son, you'll do."

The wedding has been set for May 26.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION

Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

CITY HAS POSTER CENSOR.

The City Marshal Must Stamp All Lithographs.

Holyoke, Mass., May 12.—The board of aldermen has passed an order prohibiting the display of all taeatrical posters, show bills, or placards depicting the commission of crime or lewd and indecent scenes.

The city marshal is made inspector of all posters, and these must be stamped with his approval before they can be displayed. Violations of the ordinance will result in a fine of from $5 to $10 for each offense.

The order is similar to the one now in operation in Springfield and becomes a law upon its passage. In connection with the order a largely signed petition was received from clergymen and others objecting to the display of indecent posters about the city. The posters recently displayed by several burlesque companies have aroused the present agitation. The board of public works ordered all billboards on the city's property removed, following a protest from the Rev. E. A. Robeson of the Grace Congregational church against indecent posters displayed in the vicinity of his church.

WILL HINDER ELOPEMENTS

Doubts Concerning the New Marriage Laws In Indiana.

Indianapolis, May 12.—As the result of the discovery that the new marriage licensed form prescribed by the state board of health does not contain any questions concerning the length of time the applicants have lived in the county, a meeting of the board will soon be called in order that this question can be added to the list. As the law specifically gives the board the right to revise the forms from time to time, this will be only a matter of formality.

The contention that the new marriage law has had the effect of making marriage much easier in the state than it was under the old laws is not taken very seriously at the office of the attorney-general, where it is explained that as the new law has no repealing clause of any kind it is to be read in connection with the old law and that all of the provisions in the new law still stand. In other words, every restriction of the old law still holds good and additional restrictions have been placed around marriages by the new law.

In the matter of thirty days' residence in the county in which the license is issued, for example, this requirement, if it really did exist under the old law, still exists under the new law. That is, the situation as to this residence is not in any way changed, and it is thought that although the new application blanks did not contain the thirty days' residence section, the county clerks are bound to heed that section of the old law, even to the extent of writing the question in the blanks until the change could be made.

It is pointed out at the attorney-general's office that eloping couples, similar to the couple that came to Portland from Ohio, could not even answer the residence question that is contained on the blanks without committing perjury. The question simply calls for "his (or her) residence," and it is explained that the contention made at Portland to the effect that any one who had been in the state for a few hours, and who had no intention of making this state his home could, nevertheless, give Indiana as his home simply because he was in Indiana at that particular minute, is absurd, as residence in a etate implies more than mere presence in that state.

Question has also arisen as to the blank for the sworn statement appended at the bottom of the application form, and this has not been satisfactorily solved as yet. The new law itself does not provide for the sworn statement of a third party to the truth of any of the answers required by that law, and this statement was put in presumably in conformation with the requirements of the old law. The new oath, however, requires a sworn statement to the truth of the facts elicited by the questions, which cover not only the information concerning the applicant but the applicant's parents, and it is pointed out that it is manifestly impossible for any third party to swear to the truth of all of the answers.

Furthermore, the oath of the party, under the old law, is required to be given only in relation to the age of the parties and the length of time residing in the county. These two facts can be sworn to by a third party, who can well know them, but it is pointed out that a third party can not well make oath to the effect that the applicant has answered all the questions required by the new law, for he can not have personal knowledge of these facts. It is thought that this impossibility has given rise to the custom of some of the clerks under the new law allowing the applicants themselves to swear to the truth of the statements that they made above. It is probable that after consulting with the attorney-general the state board of health will revise the forms in careful conformation with the new and the old law taken together.

KOREAN BURIALS.

Sioux Falls, S. D., May 12.—Interesting light on the burial customs of the Korean people is contained in a letter received from Miss Bessie Carson, a South Dakota girl and daughter of a prominent clergyman of the state, who is a missionary in Korea. Miss Carson's letter says:

"Two days ago Mr. Bruen was called to go 10 li (about one mile) to assist at a funeral. The burial customs here are not those of America. One of the missionaries who came the same time I did and had accompanied Mr. Bruen in the walk was rather disgusted to find that the woman had been dead two years and buried long ago.

"That, however, was not a Christian funeral. When New Year's season is past and the new year is entered upon, though the mourning has gone on but two years and they call it three, they lay aside the mourner's garb. Having disinterred the body from its temporary resting place and brought it to the place for its permanent grave, they all stand about while the grave is being dug. Then follows the commitment, something like 'America's 'ashes to ashes, dust to dust,' after which a great mound is heaped over the body and the mourners themselves get on it and tramp it down well.

"Not one in 50 is buried in a coffin. As in China, the grave is an important matter. One hill near here curves away from the city. In Korean phrase it has turned its back upon the city. If this hillside is chosen for grave sites the dragon of the hill will be angry and a famine will occur. Recently in famine time they scoured the hillside for graves and found three. They had them removed and, then rain fell."

Dr. McMUNN'S

Elixir of Opium

For headaches, nervousness and loss of sleep. Sure, positive and safe. In successful use for over 50 years.

ROMAN EYE BALSAM

For Weak or Sore Eyes.

For Sale by all Druggists.

SATURDAY SPECIALS AT THE

TREAD-WELL SHOE CO.

50 pairs ladies' fine patent leather, hand welt Bluchers, regular $4.00—tomorrow..... **$2.98**

85 pairs ladies' fine hand-turned Oxfords, in black or tan; regular $3—tomorrow.... **$2.25**

40 pairs ladies' four-button patent Oxfords—tomorrow **$2.19**

100 pairs ladies' fine hand-welt tan Oxfords, in Gibson tie—a bargain at **$1.98**

80 pairs ladies' vici kid, McKay-sewed Oxfords—to close at... **89c**

Misses' fine vici tan Lace Shoes... **$1.98**

Children's fine patent leather Oxfords.. **98c**

Men's patent leather and tan Oxfords—special..... **$2.25**

75 pairs men's fine calf, vici and patent leather Oxfords—to close out—tomorrow..... **$1.98**

Youths' fine hand-sewed tan Oxfords, new and snappy **$2.00**

Boys' Tennis Slippers—at **49c**

The Largest Line of Oxfords, tan and patent, in the city—AT POPULAR PRICES.

TREAD-WELL SHOE CO.

Successor to The Famous. 115 West Superior Street.

FIELD MEET POSTPONED

Wet Grounds Compel Boys to Postpone Day of Sports.

The interscholastic field meet which was to have been held tomorrow afternoon at the driving park has been postponed for one week on account of wet grounds.

When the weather cleared this morning the boys hoped to be able to hold the meet tomorrow, but a committee of the boys and Norman MacLeod, the secretary of the boys' department of the Y. M. C. A. visited the grounds this afternoon, and found them so water-soaked by the two weeks of wet weather, that it will be impossible to hold the meet tomorrow as planned.

The program is all arranged, however, and it will be carried out at some future date, probably next Saturday if the weather permits.

A meeting of the committee will be held Monday evening at 5 o'clock in the boys' department building to decide on the exact date.

MILWAUKEE MAN ROBBED

Thief at Oshkosh Gets Away With 36000 Marks.

Milwaukee, May 12.—Thirty-six thousand marks, about $12,600 American money, was stolen from Bruno Koneitzer, a Milwaukee man, at Oshkosh.

He reported his loss to the police today and an effort is now being made to capture the thief.

The amount stolen represents the savings of twenty years of hard work as overseer of large estate in Germany. The police anticipate little trouble in getting the thief or the money. The latter consisted of thirty-six bills of 1,000-mark denomination.

Koneitzer gave the names and addresses of relatives who live at 80 Bogt, Allus Laben street, 13, Berlin, Germany, who, he said, would confirm his story.

Seeing Is Believing.

If you call and examine our assortments and prices you will be convinced we are offering unheard of values in all lines of high grade jewelry during our present alteration sale. M. Henricksen Jewelry Co., Providence building.

DECISIONS BY SUPREME COURT

Courts May Be Held on Legal Holidays If Necessary.

St. Paul, May 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—Court may be held on a legal holiday if a necessity exists, says the supreme court in a decision filed today.

In Polk county, M. H. Furseth sued the Great Northern Railroad company for the loss of some baggage.

By stipulation of the attorneys, the case was continued to May 30, Decoration day, and on that date the plaintiff appeared for trial and the case went in his favor.

The railway company appealed to the supreme court and contended that the verdict was void as the date was a legal holiday.

Lawyers should always consult with their clients before they effect settlements of suits is the ruling of the supreme court. As a result a reversal of the Wilkin county court is ordered in the case of Mary Schaefer, appellant, vs. Lucy Schoenborn, respondent, a suit for $50,000 damages, growing out of a charge of defamation of character.

In this case, Robert Wells, one of the attorneys for the plaintiff, effected a settlement with the defendant, in which the payment of $100 and a retraction figured. At his request the suit was dismissed. Later the plaintiff appeared and contended that the settlement had been effected without her knowledge or consent, and asked that the case be reopened. Her request was denied. This action the supreme court reverses.

The Washington county court was upheld by the supreme court today in the case of David Tozer, respondent, vs. the Ocean Accident and Guarantee Corporation, appellant. The suit was one to recover $5,000 from the county, paid by the plaintiff as the result of a damage suit growing out of an injury to one of his employes, a boy.

Three other opinions, involving decisions of Ramsey county cases, were delivered. In two the lower courts were sustained.

FLOATER IS IDENTIFIED

Drowning Believed By Coroner to Have Been Accidental.

The body which was found floating in the Northern Pacific slip this morning, was identified this afternoon by Officer Link of the police department, as Joseph Snyder, who was formerly a watchman on the tug Annie L. Smith.

Snyder was last seen early in April. He had just drawn his pay and was seen going up Lake avenue with two companions.

Owing to these circumstances foul play was suspected by the coroner, but a search of the clothes revealed the sum of $22.65 in money, so that it is likely that death was due to an accident.

REPORT EXAGGERATED.

No One Was Killed In Tornado at Marlow.

Oklahoma City, Okla., May 12.—A severe hail, wind and rain storm passed over Marlow, Duncan, Rush Springs and Chickasha, I. T., early today.

At Marlow a dozen small houses were blown down and a few substantial structures were unroofed. No one was killed as far as learned.

Jewelry at Cost.

High grade jewelry at cost at A. L. Norberg's, 5 West Superior street.

WILL OPEN ANNEX.

I. Freimuth Secures Adjoining Building.

Late yesterday afternoon a deal was closed whereby I. Freimuth will secure possession of the building adjoining his establishment on the west.

This will give room for new departments and will permit other departments to be materially enlarged. The plans include the opening of a "man's store" in the annex, with departments conveniently near the entrance so that a busy man may get in and out again in a jiffy. Quick service will be the rule.

One of the new departments will be men's shoes, and one of the smartest stocks of haberdashery in the Northwest will also have a prominent place in the annex.

The growth of the Freimuth store is remarkable, all the more so since it is the creation of one man's work. Mr. Freimuth is a born merchant. His energetic, progressive spirit dominates the entire concern. He is known as one of the keenest judges of values among those going to New York city. At the same time he has a warm personal hold upon the trade. In fact, many of his customers have been trading in his store for twenty years or more.

The time of opening the annex cannot be stated as many alterations are to be made in the new building before the walls are cut through.

ST. PAUL SPEAKERS ADDRESS FARMERS.

Northome, Minn., May 12.—(Special to The Herald.)—The principal speaker at a farmers' meeting here today was Gen. C. C. Andrews, chief forest fire warden of St. Paul.

Professor Samuel B. Greer, state horticulturist, talked about "Fruits and Vegetables," and Superintendent A. O. McGuire of the Northeast Experiment farm, "Crops That Do Best in Northeast Minnesota" and on "Dairying."

Concert at the Eagle.

La Brosse's orchestra will render the following program at the Eagle Clothing Co.'s store tomorrow evening at 7:30:

1. March, "On Jersey Shore"....Pryor
2. Selection, "Blue Bell"....Chattaway
3. Idyll, "Poppies" .. ..Moret
4. Selection, "Royal Chief" ....Jerome
5. Intermezzo, "Moonlight".. ....Moret
6. Selection, "Yankee Counsel"..Robyn
7. Intermezzo, "Iola" .. ..Johnson
8. Selection, "Oepra Woodland"....
.. ..Luders

BLACK LIST NEXT

Teamsters Failing to Return Will Never Be Employed Again.

Many of the Vacant Positions Have Already Been Filled.

Chicago, May 12.—It was stated authoritiatively today that next week the Employers' association would make up a "Black List" of all teamsters who have gone out on strike. These men, 4,300 in all, will be notified that they can come back to work at any time during the week, but that if they have not returned by the end of next week, they will never be reinstated under any circumstance. The blacklist program is said to be more complete and definite than that which followed the A. R. U. strike in 1894. It was stated by the Employers' association today that already 2,400 positions had been filled and that they were rapidly filling the others. It was asserted by the employers that only 275 colored men were now holding positions for which they had been imported. This was denied by the strikers who say that 1,500 have been imported. The "black list" program is said to provide for the placing of the colored men on the coal wagons only, while all imported white labor will be used on the general truck wagons. The black list will not be sent out by the association as such, but the notification of the employes of each firm will be sent by the individual firm.

Spread of sympathetic strikes among public school children received a new impetus today. Pupils of Carter H. Harrison school, at Twenty-third and Wentworth avenue, went on a strike when wagons of the Peabody Coal company arrived at the building to deliver coal. The Peabody company is a member of the Employers' association, and has been active in delivering coal with non-union teamsters to firms antagonized by the strikers. Police were still on guard today at the Hendricks public school, where a strike similar to that of the Carter H. Harrison school had not entirely subsided.

INFORMATION IS REFUSED

Admiralty Says Nothing About Movements of Fleet.

St. Petersburg, May 12.—The admiralty declines to divulge any information which it has about the ships of the Vladivostok division which are reported to be off the coast of Japan but the impression prevails in naval circles that acting under the instructions of Vice Admiral Rojestvensky they have passed through Tsugaru straits into the Pacific on a reconnaissance to ascertain if the passage is free of mines and feasible for Rojestvensky's squadron and also to threaten Japanese commence. All the Russian naval divisions now in the Far East are acting under Rojestvensky's orders.

M. Vronsky, the military expert of the Novoe Vremya, explains that the failure of Field Marshal Oyama to undertake an advance as well as the failure of the Japanese to send an expedition to the island of Sakhaly is due to the appearance of Rojestvensky's squadron in Chinese waters.

"In his hands now is the destiny of the Far East," the paper says, "may God grant him success."

Room mouldings and plate rails, Decker's, 16 Second avenue west.

THOSE WHO HAVE DIED

Richmond, Va., May 12.—Maj. E. D. T. Meyers, president of the Richmond, Fredericksburg & Potomac railroad, died this morning after a brief illness.

Philadelphia, May 12.—Emerson E. Bennett, a well-known writer and composer, is dead at the Masonic home in this city, aged 83 years. Bennett was born at Monson, Mass. Among his song productions were "A Prairie Flower," and his works of fictions included "The Phantom of the Forest" and others.

New York, May 12.—Joseph Lewis, 104 years old, is dead at his home here. He served with two sons throughout the Civil war. Lewis was the father of twenty-seven children.

Milwaukee, May 12.—Harold G. Underwood, a well-known patent attorney of this city, died suddenly today in a Chicago hospital from heart failure. Mr. Underwood was prominent in social and business circles here. He was a member of the Milwaukee Press club and many other organizations.

300,000 Blooming Plants for Window Boxes and Lawns.

Hardy Roses, Hardy Bulbs and large Pansies. Try our made up wreaths and cemetery vases for Decoration Day. Finest article ever put on the market. Leave your orders early and you will not be disappointed.

EISCHEN BROS.

FLORISTS.

Both 'Phones.

116 West Superior Street, Duluth.
1418 Tower Avenue, Superior.
Greenhouses at Arlington Place.
Prompt attention given all mail orders.

SMITHS ARE RELEASED

Smith Rearrested and Fined—Nan Patterson Pays Fine.

New York, May 12.—J. Morgan Smith and his wife, Mrs. Julia Smith, Nan Patterson's sister, were discharged from custody by Judge Cowing, in the court of general sessions, today. Both had been held on a charge of conspiracy in connection with the Patterson case. As soon as he was discharged, Smith was rearrested on an attachment for failing to obey a subpoena issued by the grand jury, and was committed to the Tombs prison for re-examination on Tuesday next.

Counsel for Smith said he would make application before the supreme court for a writ of habeas corpus to free him.

District Attorney Jerome replied that he would do what he could to aid in Smith's release and Judge Cowing upon signing the order for committment of Smith, said he was also agreeable and if he had erred in any way the supreme court could adjust the matter. Judge Cowing then fined Smith $250 for contempt of court in failing to obey the subponae served on him.

Nan Patterson received a check for several hundred dollars this afternoon, and at once sent $250 down town to pay J. Morgan Smith's fine. The remainder of the money called for by the check was turned over to Lawyer Limburger, Smith's counsel, in part payment of his fee. Miss Patterson expected that Smith would be released immediately on payment of the fine. The name of the sender of the check was not revealed.

STICKNEY IN FAVOR

Of Giving Commerce Commission Power to Fix Rates.

Washington, May 12.—A. B. Stickney, president of the Chicago Great Western railway has filed with the senate committee on interstate commerce, a statement in favor of giving the interstate commerce commission power to fix rates. He says that the commission would be the most satisfactory arbiter possible. Speaking of rebates, he says that "since the injunctions the traffic directors have stopped paying rebates on grain shipments, but in lieu thereof, have paid elevator fees, which is another way of giving rebates. A government commission would be untrammeled by competition or a desire to secure tonnage for any particular line and could frame an equitable schedule.

Back From Coast.

L. M. Willcuts and daughter, Miss Eva Willcuts, and Mrs. L. M. Petty have returned from a trip to the Pacific coast. While absent they visited Seattle, Portland, Everett and Butte, and enjoyed the whole trip thoroughly. Mr. Willcuts, while at different coast points, met many Duluthians, and others who were formerly from Duluth. Among the residents of Duluth whom he met were Mr. and Mrs. R. N. Marble, Mr. Crane of the Duluth & Iron Range road and others.

To Quash Summons.

This morning W. B. Douglas of St. Paul, formerly attorney general of the state, and more recently a member of the state supreme bench, and H. H. Grace of Superior, argued before Judge Morris in United States court in the case of Pearl H. Smith of Superior against Mabel Evans and others concerning a state mineral lease. The motion before the court this morning was to quash service and summons in the case on State Auditor Iverson, who is named as one of the defendants.

China at Cost.

Hand-painted china at cost at A. L. Norberg's, 5 West Superior street.

DIES IN DENVER.

George Newcomb Succumbs to Consumption In Colorado.

Word has been received in Duluth today of the death of George G. Newcomb, the son of Joseph B. Newcomb of 223 Twelfth avenue east.

The young man, who was 26 years of age, left Duluth about seven months ago, on account of his poor health. He was suffering from consumption, and sought relief in Colorado. The body is being brought home and will probably be buried Sunday.

Mr. Newcomb was a member of the Eagles, and that society will probably have charge of the funeral.

FOUR PEOPLE KILLED IN TEXAS TRAIN WRECK.

Waco, Tex., May 12.—In a wreck on the Cotton Belt today between Texarkana and Waco, four persons are reported killed, including the fireman and engineer. The train was ditched. Details are not obtainable, as the telegraph wires are disabled.

Fine pictures and picture framing a specialty. Decker's, 16 Second ave. W.

HIS ANNUAL JOKE.

Down in the town of Bucksport today they are talking of one who passed out of this life a number of years ago, says the Lewiston, Me., Journal. This man was J. W. Moses, for years proprietor of the Robinson House, Bucksport, and known far and wide for his kindly heart and good nature. While they often think of Mr. Moses, the good folk of Bucksport never fail to do so on All Fools' day, for he had one joke which he always played that day and which never failed to be successful. That morning Mr. Moses would move the vestibule, which stood before the entrance to the office, exactly its width to one side, so that the true door to the hotel would be in plain sight. This done he would take a seat in the window and watch developments. Invariable a man entering the hotel would ignore the real door, enter the vestibule, and butt up against the solid side of the house. In addition to furnishing amusement the joke was profitable, for the victim on getting inside would seek to quiet the laugh of those present by setting up the cigars. As each one who was caught waited to see who the other victim would be the cigar trade would be brisk on April 1 at the Robinson House.

WONDERFUL VALUES!

Are being offered every day at the new and magnificent Clothing, Gents' Furnishing and Shoe House. This is a new store—new goods and new ideas in Men's and Boys' Clothing. It is our aim to **dress the most fastidious dressers in the city—at popular prices**—and we are positive that we will succeed. Just for a few days we are offering a cash discount of 25 per cent. We do this just to have you come and inspect our beautiful stock and get acquainted with us. Come in tomorrow and see the nobby spring and summer Top Coats and the season's latest productions of suits and summer wear hats.

Top Coats.

Just think! $16 and $18 Top Coats; very nobby—at..... **$9.75**

Look at this! The latest creations in nobby Top Coats—browns, blacks and fancy worsteds—worth from $20.00 to $25.00—now **$12.50**

These are positively the best that money can buy.

Suits.

One of our suits make you look all dressed up. Fancy worsteds, latest cuts; regular $12 value—now..... **$6.75**

Blue serge and fine tweed suits—the kind that sells all over for $15.00—our price **$8.75**

TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT OFF on fine all hand-tailored Dress Suits.

Suits for Little Men.

Very nobby, worth up to $3.00—now **$1.98**

Buster Brown—makes the little fellows look very neat; regular value $4 to $6—now $4.48 and **$2.48**

25 PER CENT OFF on all the best makes of fine high-grade Underwear and Top Shirts.

A Word About Our Shoes.

Come and inspect our fine line of high-grade Webber Bros.' Shoes and Oxfords—

$2.50, $3 and $3.50.

Every pair guaranteed. A new pair given if not satisfied.

LYCEUM CLOTHING AND SHOE HOUSE

423 West Superior Street. Lyceum Building.

CITY BRIEFS

Embossing. North Land-Printery.

Independent Ferry to Superior, 5c.

Dr. A. E. Walker has moved his office to 210 and 212 New Jersey building.

Eischen Bros., florists, are now at 116 West Superior street, Folz building.

Charles E. Dewitt has resigned his position as secretary of the Leithhead Drug company, to engage in other business, and last evening Oscar Lonegren, who has been assistant credit man for several years, was elected to the position.

The Highland Gun club will hold a meeting in the Commercial club rooms tomorrow evening.

Charles Downer has instituted suit in district court against Louis Beauvivage and others to recover judgment for $2,000, with interest, alleged to be due since February, 1886, and claimed to be secured by a promissory note and mortgage deed to property located in this county.

Abe Levant, the young man who was sent to the state reformatory for horse stealing in this county, and who was afterward removed to the penitentiary, has been returned to the latter institution to serve out the remainder of his three-year sentence. Levant was some time ago paroled from the penitentiary and it is claimed that he has violated his parole. He was convicted for securing a horse from L. D. Martin on a fraudulent order, afterward selling the animal.

J. M. Gidding & Co. add to their special sale of garments tomorrow several lines for misses and children at much below their regular values.

The Silberstein & Bondy Co.'s establishment will be a busy one tomorrow. Hundreds of new arrivals in stylish garments just arrived go on sale at interesting values, go on sale at interesting prices.

D. K. Cone of the Zenith Fur company can be found at 21 West Superior street, Rosendahl Cigar Co. For storage call up old 'phone 1660.

Judge nsign has rendered his decision on the action brought by Frank A. Thorwall against A. L. McGregor and Cora McGregor, in which judgment for $138.15, with interest from Dec. 1, 1904, is given Mr. Thorwall against the defendants.

PERSONALS

D. A. Cone has returned from the East Mrs. Cone is still there.

A. G. Anderson has gone to the ranges for a few days.

M. A. Spooner of Bemidji, district court judge, is in the city today.

E. A. McCordic of New York, formerly of Duluth, is in the city, the guest of friends.

A. N. Congor of Buffalo is a guest at the home of E. Y. Slocum, 711 East Third street.

E. Y. Slocum has returned from a business trip to Cloquet.

W. F. Fitch, president of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway company is in the city from Marquette today.

C. L. Kennedy has retured from Chicago.

W. A. McGonagle is expected home from Pittsburg tomorrow.

THE DETECTIVE STORY.

I know of one good reason, and one only, which really prevents detective stories standing among the noblest forms of art, says a writer in the London News.

Most of the objections raised against them by the vague-minded world of modern culture (probably the most vague-minded world that has ever existed) are quite narrow and childish. To say that the detective tale is sensational is simply to say that it is full of feeling or is aesthetic. Sensational is the Latin for aesthetic.

To say that the thrill which it gives is connected with bald and positive sin, with bald and positive death, and not with any of the fine-spun drawing room emotions which it is now the fashion to consider "deep," is to pay it a high compliment.

The Bible is concerned with these great plain sins and judgments; so are the great Greek dramas; so are the tragedies of the Elizabethans; so are the old ballads. And so are all men anywhere who live lives sufficiently real to have ever seen the great plain sins and judgments.

There is one good argument, as I have said, and one only, against the police mystery. And that is that police mysteries exist to destroy mystery when they have created it. A sad tale should be happiest when we finish it. A stirring tale should be most stirring at the end; a fantastic tale most fantastic at the end.

But this kind of mysterious tale is not most mysterious at the end. It is then least mysterious, or rather not mysterious at all. Instead of making a commonplace thing mystical (the aim of all good art) the detective reverses the process and makes a mystical thing commonplace.

And from this comes that one fatal weakness in the sensational novel of crime and detection, the one thing that does separate it, I am afraid, from great fiction, t he fact that there is no impulse to read it again.

A detective tale we have read is an empty bottle of wine, an exploded shell, a thing destroyed. The mystery of the sanity of Hamlet is alive and kicking still.

A GREAT HEAD.

Breck Musrove's friends are telling this story, says the Birmingham Age-Herald.

A few days ago one of Breck's political constituents came to Birmingham and made a hurry call on Breck for $400. Wouldn't Breck lend him that amount of money for sixty days?

"Why, bless your soul, my dear fellow," said Breck, "I haven't got 400 cents with me just now. I tell you what you do. You go up here to the First National bank, and ask 'em to let you have it. They'll be glad to do it for you.

Thirty minutes later Mr. Constituent was buttonholing Breck in the lobby of the Hillman.

"The First National bank people," said Mr. Constituent, "told me they'd be glad to help me out, and that if I'd get you to indorse my note they'd let me have the coin."

"That's mighty white of 'em," said Breck. "Isn't it? Say, though, I'll tell you what I'll do. I'll just switch the thing around. You go back and tell the bank people that if they'll indorse your note I'll let you have the money."

CUTTING A BIG DIAMOND.

It is estimated by experts that the great "Cullinan" diamond (3,025 carats), found last January in the Transvaal and now in London, will cut down to a very deep brilliant of about 1,200 carats, remarkably free from flaws and of a high quality of purity and color, says the New York Globe.

The "chips" will vary in size from 20 carats downward. The cutting will cost at least $150,000, and the value of the stone is now given as $5,000,000.

Too Late to Classify

GO TO MISS HORRIGAN'S DRUG Store for Hair Goods of every description. Wigs, Waves, Switches and Pompadours, Hair Tonics, Brushes, Combs, Perfumes, Toilet Waters and Rouges.

Itching, irritable, chafing, chapped skin healed healthy by Satin skin cream. 25c.

LOST — POCKETBOOK, THURSDAY evening, West Third car, containing German silver dollar and cash. Return to 1701 West First street. Reward.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Anton Klesowsky and Ann Stedner.
James T. Miller and Margaret Clow, both of Superior, Wis.

BIRTHS.

FISHER—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. John A. Fisher of 216 Seventh avenue west, May 11.

DEATHS.

MARTINILLI—Frank Martinilli died at St. Luke's hospital May 11. The body will be shipped to Montreal, Que., for burial.

BUILDING PERMITS.

Mrs. Swanson, addition to building on Fifty-eighth avenue west between Grand and Wadena streets, to cost $500

J. E. Faublster, addition to store on Raleigh streets between Fifty-sixth and Fifty-seventh avenues west, to cost 200

Something Entirely New—

Telephone Your Answers to

Herald Want Ads.

Bearing An Office Number.

Saves hours of waiting—
Relieves you of annoyance of writing letters—
And insures prompt and absolutely safe delivery.

Are you interested in any advertisement appearing in the Want columns of tonight's Herald bearing an office number?

If so, do you want to be "on the spot" with your answer?

Then try the new plan of sending your reply by telephone. Call up 'phone 324 and ask for the Want Ad. Answer Clerk. Tell her the Ad. you have in mind. Dictate your reply if you wish, and she will write it verbatim. Or, if you do not care to do this, outline the facts of your answer and she will prepare the letter for you.

It won't cost you anything for the service, but it will save you much, in addition to placing you in immediate communication with the advertiser.

You can answer as many Ads. as you like. The service is absolutely free. Call up 'phone 324. Do it now.

Replies received week days, any time between 8 a. m. and 6 p. m.

U. S. Engineer Office, Duluth, Minn., April 13, 1905. Sealed proposals for furnishing and placing about 58,000 tons of riprap at Ashland, Wis., will be received here until noon, May 13, 1905, and then publicly opened. Information on application. Chas. L. Potter, Major, Engineers. Duluth Evening Herald—April 13-14-15-17, May 11-12.

THE EVENING HERALD.

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

Published at Herald Bldg., First St. Op. P. O. Square.
THE HERALD COMPANY.
'Phones: Counting Room, 324; Editorial Rooms, 1126.

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One year (in advance)	5.00

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Per year	$1.00
Six months	.50
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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

TO SUBSCRIBERS:

It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both old and new addresses.

THE BANK DIRECTOR.

President Bigelow's embezzlement from the First National Bank of Milwaukee has elicited from W. J. Bryan, in his Commoner, the suggestion that "there ought to be laws, state and national, making it a criminal offense for anyone handling other people's money to speculate either on the grain market or in the stock market. Such laws would have saved thousands from disgrace and death. They would strengthen trustees to withstand temptation. It is not sufficient to punish those who lose; those who win are encouraged to continue until they do lose."

While by no means a complete remedy, the suggestion, if followed out, would probably tend to improve matters by making it more difficult for the dishonest banker to risk his trust money in daring speculations. Yet if a bank president is tempted to risk the money of his depositors, in the hope of gaining something for himself, it will probably not prevent him, though it will compel him to do it more secretly. He probably does not do it openly, now. He knows it is criminal, he knows that he is risking disgrace and punishment, he realizes that if the public knew it the public's money would be withdrawn, and therefore he does his work secretly.

The bank director is getting off entirely too easily in the discussion of the Milwaukee incident. The Milwaukee directors made up the defalcation, but they are entitled to neither sympathy nor credit for doing so. Anybody who has heard the oath a national bank director has to take will realize that these directors must have failed in their duty, as Bigelow failed to keep his faith with the depositors. Therefore the result was their fault, in the sense that they could have prevented it if they had done their duty as their oaths required. Directors that don't direct are as dangerous as corrupt bank presidents.

SEA VERSUS DEVIL.

The czar is in a pretty pickle about the proposed Russian parliament, which is the probable result of the popular congress now in progress in Moscow. He must realize that history repeats itself, and comparing the oppression of the Russian people with the oppression under the ancient regime in France, he cannot help remembering how swiftly tragedy leaped into being after the gathering of the estates in 1789, and how quickly the monarchy crumbled and royal heads began to fall once the people began to feel their power.

Yet to refuse his sanction to the concession would be more quickly fatal. The Russians are beginning to contrast their own condition with that of their neighors, and to refuse some measure of liberty would be to provoke a revolution that would mean death to the Romanoffs and a reign of anarchy.

Therefore the congress has met with the czar's permission, and there is hope that the plans it submits to him will be accepted without radical change. The usual double-barrelled system, with a senate and house of representatives, will be adopted by the congress. The popular branch will derive its membership from districts based upon a population of 150,000 or 200,000 to each member. The senate will come from the provincial governments and municipalities, but it will rest upon the popular vote. The details of the franchise system are not clearly defined as yet, but the principle of general male suffrage is likely to prevail.

This is a program that would have had slight chance if conditions were less disturbed and if the czar had felt himself to be more firmly seated upon the throne. Undoubtedly at first the crown will not be limited in its authority over the acts of the parliament, but soon the crown and the people will come sharply into conflict, and there can be but one result—the crown will have to recede with what grace it may.

SHAME.

From the articles Lincoln J. Steffens is publishing in McClure's magazine about New Jersey, under the title "A Traitor State," it appears that the citizens of that commonwealth are quite complacent about the situation, though their state government has pandered to the worst elements in the corporations, and has openly permitted corporations to violate the laws of other states. In the sisterhood of states, in other words, New Jersey has taken the role of the treacherous member of the household that opens the door in the night to let in the thieves.

Why are the Jersey citizens satisfied with the situation? For no other reason, apparently, than that the proceeds of her shame pay the state's expenses, and eliminate the state tax. It is stated that if it were not for the incorporation fees, a tax of ½ of 1 per cent would have had to be levied last year.

Let us see for what consideration the people of Jersey have sold their state government into bondage, and betrayed the vital interests of the people of their country.

Tax assessments are commonly, as in Minnesota, on a basis of about 50 per cent of actual value. If a Jerseyman owned a home worth $3,000, his assessment for purposes of taxation would be $1,500. If the incorporation fees were eliminated, the state tax would amount to ½ of 1 per cent upon this valuation, or $7.50 a year. That appears to be the price at which this citizen holds the honor of the state, with his own thrown in for good measure.

A merchant, with a business worth $100,000, on the same basis consents, for $250 a year, to the betrayal of his brothers in other states.

They say every man has his price. Evidently the Jerseyman is about the limit for cheapness.

Eight Pittsburg people collapsed from eating limburger cheese recently. It always seemed likely that something like that would happen if anybody got near enough to the stuff to eat it.

WOULD THEY?

In his latest encyclical letter to the members of his church, Pope Pius deals with the problems that confront the world, particularly the United States, and says that the remedy lies in following more decidedly the teachings of Christianity.

If the remedy could be adopted and put into universal effect, there can be no doubt that it would solve all of the problems that are puzzling this country. As a test, suppose that the law that Christ laid down, "Therefore all things whatsoever ye would that men should do unto you, do ye even so unto them," were a law of the land, enforced by all the power of the federal government.

Would a railroad manager like to have the public discriminate against him by paying another railroad manager higher freight rates, thus driving him out of business?

Would a railroad stockholder like to have the public buy up the board of directors of his company so that the road would be run in the interests of the public and to the ruination of the stockholders?

Would the manufacturer of adulterated food like to have somebody put slow poison in his bill of fare?

Would the trust promoter like to have somebody monopolize the supply of pure air and charge him confiscatory rates upon it in order to pay fat dividends upon an inflated capitalization?

Would the owner of a public utility enterprise like to have the public corrupt his employes so that the people would receive the service free, as he corrupts the public's employes to receive his franchises free?

Would the corrupted legislator like to be compelled to suffer alone the results of his treachery?

In short, would there be any problems if every man treated his fellows as he would have them treat him?

"DON QUIXOTE."

They are holding festivals over in Spain this month, and there is much in the subject of the celebration to make us think more kindly of Spain. For she gave us "Don Quixote," and it is the 300th anniversary of the gift to the world of this delightful product of the pen of the Spaniard Miguel de Cervantes that is being celebrated.

Critics have described Cervantes as the wisest, deepest and tenderest of humorists, and certain it is that no similar work in the world's history has through so many years given delight to so many millions of people.

Osler's theory, whether he really said it or not, is given a blow by "Don Quixote," because the book was the work of an old man, the second part coming out when he was over 60. Yet its well-springs of humor, pure and undefiled, of human interest, of kindly philosophy, are as deep as though they sprung from the heart of a man in the freshness of youth. Sainte-Beuve well called it the "book of humanity."

The life of Cervantes was full of adventure and sufferings. He was a soldier and his adventures are not rivalled by any tales of chivalry. He published the first part of "Quixote" in 1605, and the second part in 1608, and died as a member of the order of Franciscan Friars in 1616, ten days after Shakespeare had passed away in England.

By the way, how do you pronounce "Don Quixote?" Most people call it "Don Kee-ho-tay," which is proper from the Spanish spelling, "Quijote," for in Spanish the "j" has the "h" sound. But Webster, from the English spelling, says that "Kwiks-ot," with the accent on the first syllable, is correct.

A QUESTION OF ETHICS.

The United States is up against a delicate ethical question, and its solution depends upon the extent to which business ethics may have entered into the conduct of the government. For of course under the peculiar system of ethics that has dominated business, the problem would be no problem at all.

When the claims against China for indemnity on account of the Boxer outbreak were enforced, this country received as its share $25,000,000. It was generally recognized at the time that this award was excessive, but it was paid. Now all of the missionary claims have been paid in full, and they do not amount to over $2,000,000. Adding to this $1,000,000, a generous estimate of the cost of the military expedition to Pekin, and it appears that we were overpaid about $22,000,000, or over seven times the amount actually coming to us.

The question is, shall the government return what does not rightfully belong to it, or shall it insist upon keeping it? If this were a Wall street matter, of course the solution would be simple. If a Wall street enterprise sold to the public for $25,000,000 property worth only $3,000,000, there would be no question of restitution at all, because the principle of modern business ethics is to get all you can, no matter how you get it.

Of course China could use the money, but so can we. But it belongs to China and does not belong to us. Very likely the other countries that participated in the division of the indemnity funds received more than they were entitled to, also.

It has been suggested in government circles that the money should be given back to China with the stipulation that it be used for the education of her people.

What would you do with it if you had the power to decide?

THE FIELD SURVEY.

Would Banker Bigelow have shared his profits with the owners of the money if he had won?

* * *

James J. Hill says all railroad men want fair rates. Of course they do, but others might differ with them as to the definition of the adjective.

* * *

Isn't it odd that that professor who argued before the senate interstate commerce committee against government control of railroad rates should have come from the University of Chicago, which Mr. Rockefeller supports?

* * *

Somebody has sprung a theory that prunes are a remedy for the liquor habit. Some boarding house proprietors are doing a mighty work in the cause of temperance, if that is true.

* * *

Judging from the numerous pictures of Nan Patterson that have been published, that jury must have disagreed because it couldn't determine which one of her did it.

* * *

A Chicago paper says the strike has resolved itself into a contest as to whether the city or the strikers own the streets. Wonder what the street railways think of this cool appropriation of their property?

Hotel Gossip.

"Unless the rain lets up very shortly there will be too much water in the streams of Northern Minnesota and Wisconsin to permit of the driving of logs," said C. M. McKay of Chippewa Falls, Wis., at the St. Louis. Mr. McKay is connected with a lumber company, which has been getting out logs on the Chippewa reservation lands, near Cass Lake, during the past winter.

"A few weeks ago it looked as though there would not be enough water to admit of driving in some of the streams, but just the opposite is now true. Some of the rivers are running over their banks already, and when logs are floated down them when they are this high a good many of the logs lose the river course proper and go wandering around in the woods along the banks, where they are left high and dry when the water goes down, making a lot of work to get them to the stream again.

"The drive through Leech lake this year will be the largest in the history of that body of water, and there is no question that it will exceed in size any which may hereafter be made along the same course. A total of about 65,000,000 feet of pine will be floated through the lake and down the river this season, and in the neighborhood of 400 men will be employed at the work of driving. This includes the crews of all the companies, three or four in number. Some of the logs will go as far as Burlington, Ia., making a long journey, while the others will be side-tracked at different points along the Mississippi.

"Some Indians will act as log drivers this spring, though not many of them will thus be engaged. The big majority prefer to remain at home and make maple sugar. This is the sugar season with the redskins, and they are kept pretty busy getting the stuff ready to be marketed to the whites. They make a good quality of sugar, and a person may depend upon it that what he purchases from them is the genuine article. The only objection is that the Indians are not the cleanest persons in the world, and this applies to the making of maple sugar as well as to other things. Dirt has no horrors for them, and they cannot understand why any particularly clean methods should be observed in cooking things to eat."

* * *

"An old friend of mine lives up here on Fifth avenue west," said a commercial traveler at the Spalding. "I met him today for the first time in several years, and before I had been in his company twenty minutes the subject turned to his family, and he told me a story about his little daughter, a diminutive person who only recently got onto the art of talking. The story was better than the average fond papa likes to bore his friends with, and will bear telling over again.

"It appears that the child had barely learned to talk before the proud parents, who are desirous that their daughter should be brought up right, taught little Gracie to pray, also. She was getting along pretty well in her lessons when one day her father became very much put out at her for playing in the mud. It was during the present lengthy storm, to be exact, so it took her only a few minutes to get pretty dirty playing in the street. Papa called her down in good style, and said that if she repeated the offense the chances for a sound spanking were most excellent.

"He went into the next room then, and ten minutes later happened to glance out of the window. There was dear little Gracie playing about in the mud. This ruffled his temper somewhat, and he called her into the house about as quick as he knew how to do it. She came hesitatingly, evidently knowing what to expect. He grasped her by the hand and started with her towards a convenient chair. She dragged back heavily.

"'Oh, papa, let's pray,' she said, and was spared the licking.

* * *

"Fishing is the principal form of excitement at Bemidji these days," said R. A. Lewis of Bemidji at the McKay. "It offers better sport than for several years past, and everybody seems to be engaged in it. Pike and pickeral are there in abundance, and numerous good strings are being taken.

"A popular form of fishing is by the use of spear and jack light. Parties have been known to go out in a boat with an outfit of this kind and get two or three hundred fish in two or three hours."

* * *

"Negroes are paid from 10 to 30 per cent less wages in the South for labor performed than are the whites," said S. H. Briggs of St. Louis at the Lenox. "Some of them do as much work as the white men, but many are so lazy that they will do no more than they have to.

"While the railroads employ a good many negroes, all of them receive less money than the whites. A considerable number work as brakemen on the freight trains, but they have absolutely no chance of being promoted to the position of passenger conductor, no matter how long they may faithfully serve the road. I suppose this is because it would not suit the ideas of the Southern whites to be bossed around by a negro while traveling."

* * *

At the Spalding: F. C. Gary, Willmar, Minn.; S. R. Kirby and wife, Hibbing; E. M. Lambert, Lake Nebagamon; C. H. Marden and wife, Minneapolis; W. J. Flood, Philadelphia; A. H. Meader, La Crosse, Wis.; W. Gilbert, Ashland; A. Alford, Massachusetts; T. M. Greene, Minneapolis; E. H. Kiser, Toledo; W. W. White, Dayton, Ohio; M. Detring, San Francisco; C. A. Daun, Detroit; M. K. Knauff, Two Harbors; A. L. Davis and wife, Deer River; Mrs. F. M. Morse, Winnipeg; M. A. Spooner, Bemidji; W. A. Irons, Philadelphia.

* * *

At the St. Louis: J. V. Godfrey, Red Lake Falls; A. O. Vachon, Aitkin; A. H. French, St. Croix Falls; J. E. McGee, Hibbing; E. L. Raab, Sparta; F. B. Rosson, Virginia; C. H. Robinson, Minneapolis; J. A. Healy, Hibbing; G. E. Keatz, Brainerd; E. K. Slater, St. Paul; W. F. Lawrence, Two Harbors; B. H. Skinner, Chicago; A. B. Coates, Virginia; K. W. McLaggan, Gordon, Wis.; Paul Kettig, Charles Brown, Minneapolis.

* * *

At the Lenox: W. J. Dennis, M. Booth, Chicago; L. A. Fish, Cloquet; S. Seelig, Milwaukee; George Gillett, Port Washington, Wis.; D. E. Seashore, Battle Lake; R. T. Boswell and wife, Miss Edna Boswell, Waukesha, Wis.; Frank Clark, Detroit; Elmer Cox, Detroit; T. J. Rigg, Minneapolis; W. E. Page, Milwaukee; L. A. Frith, Cloquet; P. Swanson, Mesaba; H. J. Grenan, Green Bay; H. Jung, La Crosse; A. Meelick and wife, Columbus; J. W. Stolte, Detroit.

* * *

At the McKay: S. L. Dibble, Cleveland; R. Coed, wife and children, Mrs. A. Humble, Ely; Mrs. L. C. La Flim, Chicago; E. F. Harlan, Winona; W. G. Wood, Oshkosh; L. F. Le Clair, St. Louis; J. Gibson, Medford; Harry Hall, Kelliher; H. G. Huntington, Chicago; Henriette Lirette, Jennie Jackson, Chicago; C. L. Goodell, Barnum; W. B. Doyle, St. Paul.

She Countered.

Cincinnati Enquirer: Senator Depew, at a dinner in Washington, was praising the wit of women.

"Against this wit," he said, "we men are powerless. Even when all the right and logic of an argument is on our side, woman, with all her wit, will nine times out of ten, put us to shame.

"Thus a man once found that his wife had bought a few puffs of false hair. This displeased him. He hid in the hall one day, and, just as the lady was fixing the false puffs upon her brow, he darted in upon her.

"'Mary,' he said, reproachfully, 'why do you put the hair of another woman on your head?'

"'Why,' his wife answered, 'do you put the skin of another calf on your hands?'"

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: Church is not so bad as it is preached up to be.

A man never tells on a friend and a woman never fails to.

If a woman likes another's hat it is a sign she hates her own.

A man could almost stop loving a real angel if he thought she might have corns.

A girl never knows whether she likes the first strawberries of the season with thick cream best, or a secret flirtation.

The Weather.

United States Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), May 12.—Light to heavy rains fell over the lake region, Ohio and Mississippi valleys and most of the Northwest. Storm centers overlie Western Ontario and Texas. It is considerably cooler over the Lower Missouri and Middle Mississippi valleys. The winds in the lake region are fresh to brisk westerly, except easterly at the Soo.

Following were the maximum temperatures recorded during the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	84	Medicine Hat	44
Atlanta	68	Miles City	46
Battleford	52	Milwaukee	56
Bismarck	50	Minnedosa	50
Boston	78	Modena	54
Buffalo	66	Montgomery	88
Calgary	46	Moorhead	44
Charleston	78	New Orleans	88
Cincinnati	82	New York	66
Chicago	64	Norfolk	72
Davenport	74	North Platte	58
Denver	56	Oklahoma	88
Detroit	60	Omaha	76
Dodge City	64	Phoenix	78
Duluth	46	Pittsburg	80
Edmonton	50	Port Arthur	48
El Paso	84	Portland	58
Escanaba	54	Prince Albert	48
Galveston	82	Qu'Appelle	46
Green Bay	58	Rapid City	52
Havre	46	San Francisco	58
Helena	44	Santa Fe	56
Houghton	62	Shreveport	80
Huron	42	Spokane	56
Jacksonville	90	St. Louis	88
Kamloops	70	St. Paul	68
Kansas City	84	Sault Ste. Marie	60
Knoxville	88	Swift Current	44
La Crosse	68	Washington	76
Lander	56	Williston	44
Little Rock	82	Winnemucca	56
Los Angeles	70	Winnipeg	44
Marquette	54		

Forecasts for twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. (local time) Saturday: Duluth, Superior and vicinity—Partly cloudy tonight and Saturday, with possibly occasional light showers; fresh westerly and northerly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

Chicago, May 12.—Forecasts till 7 p. m. Saturday: Wisconsin—Fair tonight, with probably frost in cranberry marshes; Saturday increasing cloudiness, with probably showers in south portion.

Minnesota—Probably showers tonight and Saturday; warmer in west portion tonight.

The Dakotas—Probably showers tonight and Saturday; warmer tonight.

Upper Lakes—Fresh westerly winds, becoming variable tonight and Saturday; fair weather except showers on Superior tonight.

The Modern Novel.

CHAPTER I.
The prettiest girl you ever saw.
CHAPTER II.
The young man interviews her pa.
CHAPTER III.
A wedding grand without a flaw.
CHAPTER IV.
An oath—a tear—a lot of jaw.
CHAPTER V.
"I'm going back home to my ma."
CHAPTER VI.
Her maiden name restored by law.
—San Francisco Call.

The Editor Mourns.

Fillmore (Mo.) Lever: Yesterday and today the editor has been eating cold grub and cobwebs, poked through the kitchen window on a broom, the while sitting on an upturned wash boiler, with our back leaning for support against a miscellaneous pile of furniture, chinaware and skillets, and our feet mixed up with an assortment of Sunday school papers, table cutlery and stove blacking. The editor's domicile is undergoing the throes of the semi-annual cleaning. Mrs. Gilbert wears an old wrapper, a worn and tired look, a spot of soot on her nose and a gleam of determination in her eye. Oh, ye married men, give us your sympathy!

Pointers By Pease.

Anoka Union: Off year candidates seldom score.

Speculating in wheat has ruined thousands, and still the victims multiply.

When you think the railroads didn't get in their work on the legislature, you're being fooled, that's all.

It will take considerable grooming to win in the next gubernatorial race, and some who think they are in it, will be most gloriously left.

The Union will wager that quite a number of prominent Democrats look with envy on John A. Johnson, and inwardly think had they known they might have been in his place.

Got to Pull Along.

I.
What's the use in sighin' if your soul can sing a song?
Rainy day, or sunny, you've got to pull along!
Hurricane a-blowin', or tide a-runnin' strong,
Time is a-flyin'—is a-flyin'!

II.
What's the use in wishin' fer the dead an' dusty years?
Didn't they have crosses? Didn't they have cares?
What's the use in weepin'? World will never heed your tears:
Time is a-flyin'—is a-flyin'!

III.
Take the road contented—an' the old world at its best;
Travel soon is ended; there'll be time enough for rest
When the Shadow comes an' scatters dust an' daisies o'er the breast:
Time is a-flyin'—is a-flyin'!
Time is a-flyin'—is a-flyin'!
—Atlanta Constitution.

One Bird Barred.

Louisville Courier-Journal: "Can we keep birds?" inquired Mr. Younghusband, who was looking at the flat.

"Well, you can keep canaries and such birds as them," replied the genial landlord, "but there's one bird barred from these apartments."

"What bird is that?"

"The stork."

One Good Reason.

New York Herald: "Who can say anything to justify race suicide?" thundered the orator, and a thin, small voice piped up, "Poets are born, not made!"

Not Unless They Chained Him.

Kansas City Star: Do you imagine for a moment that such disorder and lawlessness would prevail in Chicago if Theodore Roosevelt were mayor of that city?

Sort of a Stand-Off.

Washington Star: Nan Patterson and Prosecutor Rand both feel that their opinions of each other were more or less sustained by the attitude of the jury.

Especially the Strenuous Kind.

Washington Post: A cat may look at a king, but a bobcat takes his life in his hand if he tries to look at a president.

But the Season is Just Opened.

Anaconda Standard: In the International Riot League Warsaw is leading Chicago by a few buckets of blood.

Bound to be Civilized.

Philadelphia Ledger: Strikers in Porto Rico have been shooting the non-union workers and kicking up a riot. The Porto Ricans seem to be grasping the idea of American liberty.

Said by the Babes.

Little Alice is old for her years. One evening after she had gone to bed she heard mamma and papa laughing in much enjoyment over a game of flinch. She longed to get up and join them, but she knew she must not. The next morning at breakfast she was very quiet. Presently she drew a deep sigh:

"I feel the need of a husband, mamma; I do feel it!"

Let Others Do the Worrying.

Chicago Record-Herald: "Few rich men," says Dr. Gladden, "escape being despised." And fewer still seem to be lying awake at night thinking of the despisers.

Twenty Years Ago.

Taken From the Columns of Duluth Papers of This Date 1885.

***A. E. Rood, manager of the Ohio Central Barge & Coal company, spent Thursday in Duluth.

***James H. Flynt, aged 41 years, formerly of Duluth, died at Superior on the 12th inst., of consumption. He moved to Duluth in 1872. For several years his health has been poor and for the past year he has been traveling. He leaves a wife and two sons.

***The fine propeller Walter L. Frost will, it is reported, run in Ward's Lake Superior line this season.

***The Arizona was the first arrival from the lower lakes, on Thursday. She brought but 150 tons of merchandise.

***The Richard Winslow cleared under sail on Wednesday for Buffalo with 53,000 bushels of wheat.

***At this week's meeting of the common council $200 was appropriated for the opening of Thirteenth avenue west from Michigan to Fourth street. It was stated that laborers for the village were receiving from 50 to 75 cents a day more than others, and the matter was ordered remedied. Chief Mannheim of the fire department recommended that members be paid 50 cents per hour for time actually spent at fires, but Alderman Kendall objected, and the matter was laid over.

***Although no official notification has been given, it is probable that regular trains of the Omaha road will begin running from Duluth to Chicago Monday night. They will leave here at 9:30 p. m.

***John Thomson, accused of obtaining money on forged paper, was acquitted Thursday, but was rearrested and taken to Brainerd to answer to a similar charge there.

PASSING PLEASANTRIES.

Somerville Journal: Who says that the world is not progressing? A generation ago the girls, when they got provoked, used to say, "Oh, sugar!" Now they say, "Oh, fudge!"

Chicago Tribune: "Have you decided where you will spend the summer?"

"Almost. My wife and daughters have got their choice of resorts narrowed down to seventeen."

Cleveland Leader: I suppose Secretary Taft would much rather run for president in 1908 than in 1912."

"Well, why?"

"Because it would be a reduction of wait."

Washington Star: "Do you believe in government ownership?"

"That depends," answered the trust magnate, "on whether you mean that the government ought to own us or we ought to own the government."

Philadelphia Press: "I came in today," said the fair shopper, "to see those handsome sideboards of yours."

"Not one, lady," replied the new furniture salesman; "I ain't never wore anything but a mustache."

Washington Star: "Are you going to Europe this summer?"

"I don't know," answered Mrs. Cumrox. "Going to Europe isn't what it used to be, you know. When a man travels now a lot of people turn up their noses and wonder whether a grand jury is after him."

ONE DAY IN MAY.

Do you recall, old friend, how we
Pulled up the Wye one day in May?
The bloom was on the hawthorn tree,
And many an upland meadow way
Showed plots of hyacinths as blue
As glints of sky the clouds let through.

We left gray Chepstow's walls behind—
Its crumbling keep. Its burst of chimes;
With us went wooingly the wind,
Repeating little liquid rimes;
And with us, too, the tide's long sweep
From Severn and the outer deep.

Spring choristers from either shore
Flung us their softly silvery hail;
Each time we raised or dipped the oar,
Lo, the sweet burden of a tale
As ancient as the hills, and keyed
To match our spirits' vernal need!

The heights slipped by; the lowlands swung
Like winged dreams athwart our ken;
Thatched farmsteads where the ivy clung
Swam in the westering light, and then,
Beyond lush tree and lichened stile,
Loomed Tintern's dim monastic pile.

We shipped the oars and stepped to land;
Sauntered the village streets, and clomb
Wide loops of path until we scanned
The valley—water, wood and loam
Umber beneath the plowman's blade
Or in faint gold and green arrayed.

Into a hill gap drooped the sun,
Flooding divinely, ere it went,
The abbey windows one by one
With an ethereal ravishment—
Amblers and crimsons such as play
About the funeral pyre of day.

Then twilight's purples, and her peace,
And the calm lifting of the moon!
O Memory! may't thou never cease,
To grant to me this gracious boon—
The vision of that bygone time
When May and youth were both at prime!
—CLINTON SCOLLARD in New York Sun.

MINNESOTA OPINIONS.

Midway News: There is probably not a man in the state who is more thoroughly conversant with the way things are done at the capitol than Julius Schmahl. If he goes after the nomination for secretary of state the chances are that he will get it.

Mesaba Ore: The office of assistant prosecuting attorney for the iron ranges is to be created by the board of county commissioners. If the man appointed to the place gets as busy with Duluth crime as the county attorney does with range crime he won't hold his job more than a minute or two.

Virginia Enterprise: Virginia is this year a city where any man desiring work may secure same, at liberal wages. But it has been truly said that a man never found a job when looking through the bottom of a whisky glass. If more of the working class of this country would realize this fact there would be fewer rich distillers and more happy homes and contented workingmen.

St. Hilaire Spectator: A man to become a good citizen and of value to the community in which he lives should continually seek to build up and promote the welfare of the community and its citizens. A man who is afraid that he will not make every dollar that is made in a town, or one who is continually slandering his neighbors or resorting to sharp practices to beat some one, cannot be said to fill the requirements of a good citizen and is of more harm to a community than good.

St. Peter Free Press: Isn't it about time for the state railroad and warehouse commission to be up and doing? Either it is the worst maligned commission ever appointed or the most successful in hiding its good deeds. The people of this state are not all from Missouri, but they like to be shown just the same.

Red Lake Courier: Political influence doesn't secure immunity from graft under the Johnson administration.

St. Cloud Times: It was impossible to beat Roosevelt for the presidency because he was so Democratic that he split the Democratic vote. To insure a real Democratic victory the Republicans should nominate a real Republican like Charles Warren Fairbanks.

Hinckley Enterprise: It is now the open season for lying—the assessor is abroad in the land and so is the fisherman.

Walker Pilot: J. Adam Bede is another gubernatorial possibility who is being talked of to try conclusions with Governor Johnson in the next campaign. If a fellow can win the governorship purely on his wit, then Jadam stands a good show of getting there.

Why the Japs Succeed.

"The secret of Japan's wonderful success," said a globe-trotter, "lies, perhaps, in this: Whereas the richest and best-born and most powerful of other nations' young men give themselves over to frivolity and idleness, the flower of the young men of Japan work, work, work. In the pleasure cities of the world—at Monte Carlo, in Paris, in Algiers, in Ostend, in Cairo—you will find young grand dukes from Russia, young baronets and lords from England, all gambling, motoring, ski-ing, yachting, dining, and what not. But do you find among them—I don't mean now only, but ever—have you ever seen among them—any of the young princes and earls and millionaires of Japan? No, indeed. Those young men have been working in our universities, working in our machine shops, working in our chemical laboratories, working, working."

COMMERCIAL GRAFT.

Chicago Inter-Ocean: If you have any idea of doing business in Wisconsin personally, or of sending a representative to Wisconsin to transact business for you, or of employing somebody in Wisconsin to act as your business agent, it would be well for you to secure a copy of the Stout anti-graft bill passed by the legislature of that state and signed by the governor on Tuesday.

The law is now in operation. It is pronounced one of the most far-reaching measures for the suppression of corruption ever enacted. It provides that whoever corruptly gives or offers any agent, servant or employe any gift or gratuity whatever with the intention to influence his actions in relation to his employer's business, or any agent, servant or employe who accepts such a gift, shall be liable to a fine of $10 to $50, or to such fine with imprisonment for one year.

The measure is intended to strike at an evil which has been growing steadily in this country in recent years and which takes every form, from the bribery of a $10 a week clerk to the bribery of a $10,000 a year railway official, from influencing the purchase of a small bill of merchandise dishonestly to influencing the granting of million dollar rebates.

It is a purely non-partisan, non-political enactment. It has to do with commercial rather than with political graft, although it may be applied, of course, to the letting of public contracts. The impression prevails in Wisconsin that its strict enforcement will result in the abolition of "tips" to porters, bootblacks, waiters, etc., but whatever the enforcement of the letter of the law may accomplish in this direction, in spirit it is intended to bring down other and bigger game.

In many lines of business bribes to employes have of late years taken the place of discounts to employers. Purchasing agents have fallen into the practice of considering the fee offered them for closing a trade rather than the profits which the trade would bring to the man who pays the bill.

The salesman in many cases who can offer the most tempting bribe to the agent has come to be more successful than the salesman who has nothing to offer except a good margin of profit for the principal. Not only in Wisconsin, but in all the states of the union, commercial grafting has reached the point where the interests of the employer are subordinated and sometimes wholly sacrificed by trusted employes to the interests of those who provide the graft—the bribe.

Nor is this dangerous and demoralizing form of corruption confined to the United States. It seems to have taken root in almost every commercial nation. It is even now the subject of parliamentary inquiry in Great Britain.

Men who prefer to do business legitimately and who are disqualified by compunctions of conscience as well as by the character of their training from doing business illegitimately will be greatly interested in the progress of reform under the Wisconsin anti-graft law. It is not going too far even to say that they are vitally interested in the outcome, since with such men it is a question whether under existing conditions they can continue to do business at all.

News That is News.

New York Tribune: After four years and a half of wandering and evasion of justice, Pat Crowe has concluded that the wages of wrongdoing are not satisfactory and has given himself up to the authorities of Omaha.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER
SATURDAY MATINEE and NIGHT.
A Musical Comedy
"The Burgomaster"
Prices: $1.50, $1, 75c, 50c, 25c
Matinee: $1, 75c, 50c and 25c
Seats on Sale today.
May 16 — "The Little Outcast."

METROPOLITAN
The House of Laughter
Tonight and Saturday Matinee and Night,
Mr. HARRY CORSON CLARKE in the Furiously Funny Farce—
"Lost 24 Hours"
Next—"What Happened to Jones"

LYCEUM, DULUTH
Monday, May 22, at 8 p. m.
Pittsburg Orchestra
Emil Paur, Conductor.
Madam Gadski, Soloist.
Prices—D. C. $2.50, Parquet $2.50 and $2, P. C. $1.50, Balcony $1, Gal. 50c, Boxes $3.50. Orders received now.

BENEFIT PERFORMANCE.
"MERCHANT OF VENICE"
for school garden and summer cooking school, auspices of Women's Council
LYCEUM THEATER, MAY 24.
Staged under direction John Milton.

The BIG DULUTH
WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

Store Open Saturday Night Till 10:30.

The BIG DULUTH
WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

Men's Hand Tailored Suits.

Absolutely correct in style.
Faultlessly fitted and draped.
Tailored from finest fabrics.
Finished in faultless fashion.
Every pattern most exclusive.
Custom tailored in every detail.

Men's Stylish Overcoats

Long, medium or short in length.
Cut from the highest grade fabrics.
Shoulders beautifully moulded.
Drapery graceful and correct.
Collar fits snugly, fits well.
Every detail absolutely correct.

$20, $22.50 Values On Sale Saturday for $15

Boys' Clothes for Confirmation, School and Dress Wear

Confirmation Knee Trouser Suits—Norfolk, Double Breasted and Three-Piece Styles— **$1.95 to $12.50**

Confirmation Long Trouser Suits — In Double and Single Breasted Styles, on Sale Saturday at— **$4.95 to $25.00**

RAIN COATS, TOP COATS AND REEFERS FOR BOYS—ON SALE SATURDAY— **$3.95 to $15.00**

Boys' and Children's Stockings, Shoes, Knee Pants, Shirts, Blouses, Overalls, Neckwear, Underwear, Hats, Caps.

Great Values for Saturday in our Popular Furnishing Goods Dept.

New Waist Coats, $1 to $3.50
New Neckwear, 50c
New Hosiery, 25c and 50c
New Negligee Shirts, $1 to $3
Spring Underwear, 50c to $3.00

New Spring Gloves, 50c to $2
New Suspenders, 25c and 50c
New Pajamas— $2.00 to $3.50
New Sweaters— $1.50 to $5.00

Just in—New styles in soft Hats—leather band... **$2.50**
W. & M. Special at.....$5.00
Stetson's at .....$3.50, $4 and $5
Guyer's at.....$3.50 and $4.00
Gordon's at.....$3.00
Mallory's at.....$2, $2.50, $3
Pioneer at .....$1.00, $1.50 and $2.00
Either Stiff or Soft.
Spring Caps..... 50c to $2.00

New Footwear.

Oxford and High Shoes, in all leathers—black or tan—
Men's $2, $2.50, $3, $3.50, $4.00 and $5.00.
Boys' 98c, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75 to $3.50.
Children's 50c to $1.75.

HURTING TRADE

Wet Weather Greatly Interferes With the Commission Business.

Berries Quoted at Ten Cents—Potatoes and Butter Lower.

"We would be doing twice the business we are if the weather would clear up and this rain and cold wind quit for a time," said one of the Michigan street commission men yesterday afternoon.

"Business is very good at the present time in spite of the weather, but this two weeks of continuous rain has had its effect, and we are not doing the business that we should if we had fine weather."

This is the season of the year when the trade of the commission firms should be just reaching its height. Strawberries are now on the market in great quantities, and green vegetables are plentiful. From now until the end of September business will be active along commission row."

The Arkansas and Mississippi berries are now on the market, and are coming in in car lots almost daily. The price is quoted at $2.25 to $2.50 for twenty-four quart cases, and the fruit is selling at retail for 10 cents per quart.

The berries that are on the market at present are of an exceptionally high grade. The Arkansas berries are always noted for their size and flavor, and the consignments being received at the present time are no exception to the rule.

* * *

Florida pineapples are on the market, selling for about $4.50 per crate, and retailing at various prices, according to their size.

* * *

Apples are becoming scarce, and only a few choice lots of the better grades are left on the market. They are selling at $3.25 to $3.50 per barrel.

* * *

Potatoes have sagged yet another notch, and the price is now quoted at 28 cents on Michigan street, which is probably the lowest mark they have reached in years. Last year the price was almost anything that the dealers cared to ask at this season, and ranged from $1.50 to $2 per bushel.

The cause of the further slump in the price is the prospect of the new crop being on the market shortly, and the lack of any demand for the old potatoes. The new potatoes are now quoted at $2.75 per bushel, and within two or three weeks they will be under the $2 mark. At this price they will begin to cut some figure in the market, and the demand for the old crop will be practically dead.

* * *

There is little or no change in the prices of green vegetables, and they remain about the same as quoted last week.

* * *

Butter has continued on the downward course started last week, and the price of creamery prints is now 26 cents, in place of 33 cents, which was the figure two weeks ago.

The cause of the steady decline is the growth of the grass and the facilities for pasturing cattle. The price will probably continue to decline until the early part of June, when the dealers will commence to put the surplus supply in cold storage for the winter months. The price always reaches rock bottom in June, and when creamery butter gets as low as about 24 cents, the surplus is always put into cold storage to prevent a still further decline in the price.

* * *

Eggs are now being stored for the winter. The price has reached 16 cents a dozen. The receipts have been very heavy during the last week or ten days, and if it had not been for the fact that such large quantities are being placed in storage, the price would have dropped several points.

* * *

Poultry is still firm at the high prices quoted last week. Hens and spring chickens are quoted at 16 cents, with ducks at 15 cents, turkeys at 20 cents and geese at 13 cents. The three latter are on the market in name only, however, as there is little or no demand for them, and but few consignments have been received. Hens are about the only poultry for which there is any demand.

* * *

Beef prices are a trifle lower than last week. Cows are selling at 6 and 7 cents, and choice steers from 7 to 8¼ cents.

The prices of other kinds of meat are higher. Mutton is quoted at 9½ cents, pork loins at 11 and veal at 7½ cents.

The branch packing house managers report a fair business for this time of year. This is not the busy season in the meat business, but trade has been holding out well.

Great Removal Sale

Now Going on at the Duluth Bargain Store!

We are ordered out of our present location by Prindle & Co. Rather than keep our spring and summer stock of fine high-grade elegantly-made Ladies' and Children's Skirts and Suits, we have decided to realize what money we can. Hence, the biggest bargains offered elsewhere are not in comparison with the astonishing marking down of price that will be found at our store. Everything must go—nothing reserved.

Ladies' Skirts and Suits, Children's Suits and Coats, Men's Pants, Suits and Hats, Ladies' Shoes, Children's Shoes, Men's Shoes and Shoes for everybody must go at Removal Sale prices. Come and see the great reductions we are making of Notions, Ribbons, Hose, Underwear, Petticoats, Nightgowns, White Muslin Underskirts, Ties, Collars, Lace Curtains, Ginghams, Calicoes, Flannels and thousands of other articles too numerous to mention.

Just glance through these items bursting with bargains and form some idea of the bargains offered at this great forced-to-vacate sale tomorrow:

5,000 yards of Best Ginghams, Lawns and Calicoes—regular 8c and 12c value—Removal Sale price—per yard..... **3½c**

10,000 yards Laces, worth from 10c to 15c—Removal Sale price—per yard..... **1½c**

2,000 yards Insertion and Embroidery—regular 15c value—Removal Sale price, a yard. **4c**

A Big Lot of Sun Bonnets—regular 25c to 50c value—Removal price only.... **12½c**

A Big lot of Ladies' House Waists—many descriptions, patterns and choice colors—regular 50c value—Removal Sale price only..... **14c**

Ladies' and Children's Heavy Ribbed Stockings—regular 15c to 25c value—lisle finish—Removal Sale price..... **7c**

A lot of Corset Covers—regular 25c and 35c value—Removal Price only..... **9c**

A big lot of Ladies' and Misses' Linen Waists—75c values—slightly soiled—will go tomorrow at Removal Price only..... **19c**

A lot of Ladies' and Misses' high-grade Oxford Hose—in lisle and silk—worth from 75c to $1.00—Removal price..... **29c**

LADIES' SKIRTS.

Of the most popular and seasonable styles shown — a garment well deserving your careful attention—made of best brilliantine and mohair—black, brown, blue—Removal sale **$3.24**

This Garment is well worth $7.50.

Don't fail to take advantage of this event. COME—it will save you money. This is the name—

Duluth Bargain Store

30 East Superior Street. Opposite Rathbun's Grocery.

SPORTING NEWS

Duluth White Sox Are Beaten By Lake Linden Team.

Deihl Is a Mystery While Smith Is Hit Hard.

Marquette, May 12—(Special to The Herald.)—The Duluth White Sox dropped another game yesterday afternoon, when the Lake Linden nine won by the score of 4 to 2.

Deihl, who pitched for the Lake Linden team, was a complete mystery to the visitors, and held them to three safe hits, while Smith was hammered for eleven safe ones. The Duluth twirler was given gilt-edged support or the score would have been much larger.

The weather yesterday was again threatening and but a small number of fans witnessed the game.

Duluth will play Calumet today and tomorrow, returning home for a game Sunday.

BASEBALL.

National League.

STANDING.

	Played.	Lost.	Won.	Pct.
New York	21	15	6	.762
Pittsburg	22	14	8	.636
Chicago	23	13	10	.565
Cincinnati	22	12	10	.545
Philadelphia	20	10	10	.500
Boston	22	8	14	.364
Brooklyn	25	9	16	.360
St. Louis	21	6	15	.286

BOSTON, 5; CHICAGO, 0.

Boston, May 12.—Boston shut out Chicago yesterday in a rather disappointing game marked by costly errors by the visitors. Attendance, 2,250. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Boston	0 0 1 1 2 0 0 0 x	5	10	2
Chicago	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	10	4

Batteries—Young and Needham; Pfeffer and O'Neill. Umpires—Bauswine and Emslie

NEW YORK, 4; ST. LOUIS, 0.

New York, May 12.—Through inability to hit Matthewson, St. Louis lost the third game of the series with New York yesterday. The visitors were outfielded and outbatted. Attendance, 4,000. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	5	1
New York	0 1 0 0 0 0 3 0 x	4	8	2

Batteries—Taylor and Warner, Mathewson and Bowerman. Umpire—O'Day.

CINCINNATI, 8; BROOKLYN, 7.

Brooklyn, May 12.—After securing a good lead in the early innings Brooklyn lost yesterday to Cincinnati in a ten-inning game. Bunching of hits in the eighth inning enabled the visitors to tie the score. Attendance, 2,000. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Cincinnati	3 0 0 0 0 2 0 3 0 1—8	11	3
Brooklyn	4 0 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—7	11	6

Batteries—Hahn, Ewing and Phelps; Scanlon, Reisling and Ritter. Umpire—Johnstone.

PITTSBURG, 4; PHILADELPHIA, 3.

Philadelphia, May 12.—With two out in the eleventh inning yesterday Pittinger, who took Suarks' place on the rubber, gave Pittsburg the winning run by making a wild pitch. Attendance, 2,329. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Pittsburg	0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 1—4	10	3
Philadelphia	0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 1 0—3	8	1

Batteries — Robertaille and Pietz; Suarks, Pittinger and Dooin. Umpire—Klem.

American League.

STANDING.

Teams—	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Washington	21	12	9	.571
Cleveland	18	10	8	.556
Philadelphia	19	10	9	.526
Chicago	19	10	9	.526
New York	19	9	10	.474
St. Louis	19	9	10	.474
Detroit	18	8	10	.444
Boston	21	9	12	.429

NO GAMES PLAYED.

All games in American league yesterday were postponed.

American Association.

STANDING.

Teams—	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Columbus	19	13	6	.685
Milwaukee	16	10	6	.625
Kansas City	18	9	9	.500
Minneapolis	17	8	9	.471
St. Paul	18	8	10	.444
Louisville	18	8	10	.444
Toledo	17	7	10	.412
Indianapolis	15	6	9	.400

ST. PAUL, 7; KANSAS CITY, 4.

St. Paul, May 12.—St. Paul won from Kansas City in an interesting game. The batting of Carney, Hemphill and Butler were features. Haskell was hurt by a foul tip and retired in the sixth. Ferguson and Sullivan finishing the game. Attendance, 1,961. Score:

	R	H	E
St. Paul	0 0 0 0 2 3 1 1 x—7	12	0
Kansas City	0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 2—4	8	1

Batteries—Slagel and Noonan; Durham and Butler. Umpire—Haskell, Ferguson and Sullivan.

POPULAR HYMNS.

Georgia Composer Takes Mail Note on Subject.

Dalton, Ga., May 12.—A. J. Showalter, a composer, recently sent out 10,000 circular letters addressed to ministers, Sunday school superintendents, choir leaders, organists, Sunday school choristers, music teachers and others interested in Christian work, asking them to name ten of their own gospel songs and ten gospel songs by other composers, which were thought most popular and most helpful to the greatest number; also ten standard hymns and the tunes to which they were sung which were thought most helpful to the greatest number in the services of the church.

His aim was to learn the popular taste in regard to gospel songs and hymns. Here is what he says about it:

"The replies received are most interesting in showing the difference in taste in various sections. But, while there is this great difference in taste as to many gospel songs and hymns, there is also unanimity in regard to a few of the best known pieces. The ten gospel songs of mine receiving the greatest number of the 1302 votes so far received are: 'Leaning on the Everlasting Arms,' 924; 'Standing by the Cross,' 567; 'Walking in the King's Highway,' 541; 'Gathered Home,' 520; 'In the Morning of Joy,' 473; 'Gathering Home,' 462; 'The Light of the World Is Jesus,' 420; 'Heaven Is My Home,' 378; 'O, Thou That Hearest Prayer,' 315, and 'Sing Praises to God,' 231. More than 200 other songs of mine have been included in the vote, but those given are in the lead.

"The ten gospel songs of other composers receiving the greatest number of votes thus far are: 'What a Friend We Have in Jesus,' by C. C. Converse, 420; 'Blessed Home,' by J. E. Bigby, 336; 'Glory Over Yonder,' by Sharp McNiel, 252; 'God Be With You Till We Meet Again,' by W. G. Tomer, 321; 'When the Roll is Called Up Yonder,' by J. M. Black, 220; 'At the Cross,' by R. H. Cornelius, 215; 'Shall I Meet You Up There,' by J. B. Vaughan, 212; 'Lord, I'm Coming Home,' by W. J. Kirkpatrick, 210; 'Will You Meet Me There,' by E. A. Hoffman, 173. Others following close to these are: 'Blessed Be the Name,' by W. J. Kirkpatrick; 'No, Not One,' by George C. Hugg; 'Blessed Assurance,' by Mrs. Joseph F. Knapp; 'To Thee, Dear Lord, I Go,' by R. H. Cornelius, and 'I'm Clinging to the Rock,' by J. M. Bowman."

LEGAL STANDING

Of Cubeb Cigarettes In Indiana Is Questioned.

Jeffersonville, Ind., May 12.—Several druggists of this city fear they may be caught under the anti-cigarette law because they have stocks of "cubebs," as a form of cigarette made with that drug, instead of tobacco, is called. One druggist is holding his stock until he can get an opinion from City Judge Schwaninger. On the package in which the "cubebs" are inclosed they are described as "cigarettes." They are wrapped in rice paper. The boxes contain 10 or 12 cigarettes and are sold for a dime a box. They, therefore, it is said, come under the law, which speaks of "cigarettes, cigarette paper or cigarette wrapper," and makes no mention whatever of the substance used as filling, the all-important thing in the minds of the legislators and in the law seeming to have been the "makings."

A day or two ago a number of young men were seen smoking some of these harmless "cigarettes" and were told by a cigar merchant that as far as he could judge they were violating the law by their actions and were rendering themselves liable to fine and costs of $25 with every whiff they drew. They soon saw the point and promptly threw away the "weeds." The directions on the packets is to "inhale" the smoke, the cigarette being in all external features just like the genuine article, except that it is made with a mouthpiece of waxed paper. As "inhaling" is supposed to be one of the bad features of the cigarette proper, it is thought this will strengthen the case against these little imitations.

Persian Nerve Essence

RESTORES VITALITY—Have cured thousands of cases of Nervous Debility, Insomnia, Varicocele and Atrophy. They clear the brain, strengthen the circulation, make digestion perfect, and impart a magnetic vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses stopped permanently. $2.00 per box; 6 boxes, guaranteed to cure or refund money, $5. Mailed sealed. Book free. Persian Med. Co., 235 Arch street, Philadelphia. Sold in Duluth only by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior St.

THE SAFE WAY.

The safe way to open a safe is to employ an expert safe-opener.

You might open it with dynamite, of course, and probably injure the contents, as well as the safe.

That's unsafe.

Yet millions are doing worse for themselves than that every day.

Consider the food in your stomach, which you cannot digest, as treasures in a safe, of which you have forgotten the combination.

How to get into the safe without injuring it or wasting the treasure?

Do it the safe way.

Take Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

They will open up the safe for you, in a safe and expert manner and place at your service all the treasures, on which your health depends, that you should take advantage of.

Any other way of doing it is like dynamiting your safe—injuring your stomach, wasting the good food, and the valuable energy, and time you have used up in putting it where it is.

Any other way is reckless extravagance, dangerous carelessness, foolish waste.

No other medicine for stomach disorders will give you such safe, certain or permanent results as Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are a scientific, specific, curative treatment for one certain disease; which, in its universality amongst rich and poor, and in all walks of life, dwarfs all other diseases of the human race by comparison.

They are so true to scientific ideals, so certain in their curative results, so safe and sane in their ways of acting upon the undigested food, and upon all the delicate digestive organs, that they are endorsed by over forty thousand reputable physicians as the very best possible medicine you can take for all disorders of digestion, assimilation and nutrition.

Nothing could be more unpardonably, criminally careless, than to do, as too many do do, destroy your health and all possible chance of a happy old age in years to come, by injuring your stomach with dangerous drugs, when you could so easily get safe relief by using Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

No matter whether the symptoms point merely to a slight indigestive derangement, or to the very dangerous catarrhal condition of the entire digestive tract, which is sure to come, sooner or later, to the confirmed dyspeptic, no time should be lost, but immediate treatment begun, with Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

Even a slight headache, a feeling of overfullness, gas eructations, dizziness, sleeplessness, and such comparatively light symptoms, should receive immediate attention; for no one can tell when the danger point is reached, where further neglect turns the mere indigestion of food into the more pernicious activity of the manufacture of virulent ptomaine, or other poisons.

No time to be lost, if the danger signal tolls.

Quick action may mean life, instead of death.

Take Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

Sold at all druggists. Price, 50 cents a box.

Write for valuable Free Book about Dyspepsia, to F. A. Stuart Company, Marshall, Mich.

FELL DOWN A SHAFT.

John J. Hewit Killed at the Stevenson Mine.

Hibbing, Minn., May 12.—John J. Hewit, who was employed at running a shaft at the Stevenson mine, was killed by falling down the shaft, a distance of more than a hundred feet. No one witnessed the accident and just how it happened will never be known. Deputy Coroner Butchart inquired into the case but decided that an inquest would be unnecessary. The remains are now in Barrett's undertaking rooms awaiting instructions from a brother who lives in St. Louis, Mo. Hewitt was 40 years old and unmarried. He had worked at the Stevenson several seasons.

HARRIMAN BARRED

By His Bankers From the Great Northern Territory.

Price For Their Further Support of His Enterprises.

New York, May 12.—There are strong, if not unmistakable, signs that E. H. Harriman has given in to pressure and has agreed to the terms dictated by the firm of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., as the price for their further support of the Harriman plans. These terms may be roughly outlined as follows:

There shall be no attempt to invade the territory now held by J. J. Hill, in return for which the influence of Jacob Schiff will be used to prevent any invasion of Harriman territory by the Great Northern.

That the plan to bring the Union Pacific over its own controlled lines into Chicago shall be abandoned, the Union Pacific retaining its present relationship toward the North-Western and the St. Paul. This concession is intended to head off the plan of the St. Paul to build to the coast.

That E. H. Harriman shall not attempt to kill the Gould central lines by carrying out his threat to compel them to unload their freight at Ogden and El Paso.

That the Chicago & North-Western shall be allowed to share in the control of the San Pedro, Los Angeles & Pacific railroad, the new line from Salt Lake to the Pacific.

That the opposition of E. H. Harriman to the Hill plans for the Northern Securities company shall cease forthwith and shall not be resumed.

The net result is the most severe setback that any magnate has ever received at the hands of the banking fraternity. Mr. Harriman has always been a dictator. Now the domineering magnate is brought up with a round jerk.

In the railroad field the result will be far reaching. It will keep the Harriman surveying corps out of the Clearwater country unless J. J. Hill cooperates with them. It will possibly center the attention of the Harriman offices on the Portland right-of-way, which needs attention badly. As a result of it the Shasta route is to be brought up to the standard of the main line of the Southern Pacific. The shipping facilities of the Portland route are to be improved to compete directly with the main lines of Northern Pacific and Great Northern. In other words, the cash of the Union and Southern Pacific treasuries is to be used in the development of present lines rather than in the building of new lines.

The San Pedro route is going to be one of the centers of railroad interest in the West. Under the new agreement it is expected that the North-Western will either have a direct traffic agreement for a right-of-way over this line, or will be allowed to buy half of the stock. Within twelve months or so, unless present plans are again upset, the North-Western will operate its own trains over the Union Pacific to a connection with the San Pedro at Salt Lake.

Yet the whole transcontinental situation has been so mixed, so confused and so changing that no one, even the directors of the various roads, knew at any time just where the roads stood with respect to one another. It was this uncertainty that tested the principle of community of interests to the breaking point. Not one of the whole crowd trusted another. It is safe to say that there has never been in the history of the transcontinentals a period of so much uncertainty, distrust and ignorance as there has been for the past six months.

Nobby Top Coats.
M. S. BURROWS.

IMPORTANCE OF MEDICAL WORK

Maintained By Missionary Agencies In Foreign Lands.

New York, May 12.—The importance of the medical work maintained by missionary agencies in Eastern lands is shown by the report of the Forman Memorial hospital at Yeung Kong, China, just received here. The hospital was built and is maintained by the Presbyterian board of foreign missions and has just completed its second year. It is the only institution of its kind within 200 miles. The surgeon in charge is Dr. W. H. Dobson, and it is from his report that the following facts are taken. During the year just closed 4,463 out-patients were treated, and 227 patients were received in the hospital wards. There were eighty-one major operations with chloroform, and 177 minor operations. Dental operations numbered 243.

The hospital buildings are admirably planned, although already they are too small to meet the needs. At the entrance is the gate-keeper's house, where on clinic days the fee of one cent is received from each patient and each is given a number so they may be called before the doctor in proper order. On the walls of this house are to be seen a number of complimentary wooden tablets, given by grateful patients and reciting the merits of the physician. To the left of the gate-house is the entrance to the doctor's premises, and another doorway leading to the chapel. At the right is the entrance to the hospital. The chapel is about fifty feet by twenty, with a partition dividing the men from the women. Here the patients gather while awaiting their turns to see the doctor, a preacher and a Bible-woman taking turns in speaking to them. In this way over 10,000 have heard gospel addresses in this room.

From the chapel are entrances to the hospital, and the patients come first to a room where names and diseases are registered. Beyond this is the consultation room, and still farther the operating room. All sorts of stories are told the doctor. One woman wants "the worm taken out of her ear because it kicks," another patient claims to have a snake in his leg; another thinks he has swallowed a toad; and still another has "a worm in his tooth." All are helped to the utmost of the physician's ability. The gratitude of those helped and cured is always evident. Frequently presents of chickens and eggs are made to the doctor, the people saying they want to show their thankfulness in this way. In many missionary stations throughout the eastern world similar work is done, the total number of patients treated in hospitals maintained by the Presbyterian foreign board last year being 423,019.

LOUISE SUES

Saxon King Because He Cut Her Annuity.

Dresden, May 12.—All negotiations with the ex-crown princess of Saxony have failed, because she refuses to surrender her youngest child to the Saxon court, and, therefore, for the present, her annuity has been stopped. The whole affair is to be brought before the Saxon supreme court for final decision, and meanwhile the countess has to depend for financial support on private friends.

The contract made between the then crown prince and his wife, after the divorce, is now published for the first time. In it the crown princess waives all claim to her dowry in favor of an annual payment of $6,000 for the rest of her life. She gives up all right to the rank, title and privileges of crown princess and duchess of Saxony; she promises to make her permanent abode outside the German empire, and undertakes not to do anything that might be calculated to cause public annoyance to the Saxon court and Saxon people.

It is on this latter clause that the king has stopped payment of his former wife's annuity. Saxon lawyers hold that the conduct and life of the Countess Montignoso in Italy caused public annoyance to the king, but the courts will have to decide as to the king's justification for withholding the countess' own money, for the greater part of the annuity is interest on her marriage portion.

Physical Culture.

Prof. Carciofini, formerly of the United States military academy, West Point, and late of Minneapolis, the country's greatest physical culturist, is now at the Spalding hotel, introducing his perfect home course of prescribed exercises for business men.

The only sure method of cure for nervous debility, weak heart, indigestion, constipation, kidney trouble, rheumatism and deformities of all kinds.

Reducing and increasing weight a specialty. He examines you thoroughly and prescribes for you accordingly.

Summer rates reduced from $25 to $15. Personal instructions with each course.

Hours from 12 to 1 p. m. and 5 to 7 p. m.

Savannah, Ga., and Return $42.30.

May 12 to 14, "The Northwestern Line" will sell excursion tickets to Savannah, Ga., and return at $42.30. Final limit for return, May 26, 1905. City ticket office, 302 West Superior street.

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One day only—returning every four weeks.

Dr. Rea has no superior in diagnosing and treating disease and deformities. He will give $50 for any case that he cannot tell the disease and where located in five minutes.

All curable medical and surgical diseases. Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Lung Diseases, Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchial Catarrh, Constitutional Catarrh, Nasal Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Appendicitis, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney, Liver, Bladder Troubles. Prostatic and Female Diseases. Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity, Interrupted Nutrition, Slow Growth in Children, and all wasting diseases in adults. Many cases of Deafness, Ringing in the Ears, Loss of Eyesight, Cataract, Cross Eyes, etc., that have been improperly treated can be easily restored. Deformities, Club Feet, Curvature of the Spine, Disease of the Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease, Dropsy, Swelling of the Limbs, Stricture, Open Sores, Pain in the Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long-standing diseases properly treated. YOUNG, MIDDLE-AGED AND OLD, single or married men, and all who suffer from lost manhood, nervous debility, spermatarrhoea, seminal losses, sexual decay, failing memory, weak eyes, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediments to marriage, blood and skin diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Weak Back, Burning Urine, passing urine too often, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, receive searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life.

Cancers, Tumors, Goiter, Fistula, Piles, Varicocele, Rupture and Enlarged Glands treated and cured without pain and without the loss of blood. This is one of his own discoveries, and is really the most scientific and certainly sure cures of the nineteenth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00.

DR. REA & CO.,
Minneapolis, Minn. Louisville, Ky.
New York, N. Y.

WHEAT IS HIGHER

Market Has Good Advance and Cash Wheat Is Firm.

Better Eastern and Foreign Inquiry—Bulge In May Flax.

Duluth Board of Trade, May 12.—Wheat was strong this morning, though its course was somewhat erratic. The opening was higher and the market made a further advance, after that settling back to practically the closing prices of yesterday, and then again turning strong and closing not far from the top prices. The May option in Duluth gained 1c, in Minneapolis 1½c, in Chicago was unchanged, in New York ½c higher, in St. Louis 1⅝c higher, and in Kansas City ⅜c lower. The July option gained ¾c in Duluth, ⅝c in Minneapolis, ¼-⅝c. in Chicago, ⅛c in New York and Kansas City, and in St. Louis was a shade higher. Winnipeg gained ⅛c on both options.

Cash wheat is again fairly strong and Eastern buyers are showing more interest in it. Foreigners are also stronger bidders than they were a few days ago. Minneapolis No. 1 northern sold this morning as high as $1.09.

Liverpool closed ⅝d higher, in spite of the fact that Argentine shipments for the week were considerable larger than estimated. London closed ½d higher, Paris ¼@1c lower, Budapest ⅛c higher, Berlin ¼c higher, and Antwerp unchanged.

Stocks of wheat at Duluth are estimated to show a decrease of 410,000 bushels this week.

Car receipts at Duluth were 6, against 11 last year, and at Minneapolis, 78, against 65, last year, making a total for the Northwest of 84, against 76, last year. Chicago received 6, against 19 last year.

Primary receipts of wheat were 101,000 bus., last year 169,000 bus. Shipments 234,000 bus., last year 244,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 329,031 bus.

Argentine shipments of wheat this week were 3,290,000 bus., against 3,512,000 bus., last week and 3,064,000 bus., last year. Bradstreet reported American clearances this week of 898,255 bus.

Corn in the Liverpool market closed ½d lower to ¼d higher. In the Chicago market July corn closed ½c lower. July oats closed ⅜@⅝c lower. Primary receipts of corn were 329,000 bus., last year 246,000 bus. Shipments, 231,000 bus., last year 349,000 bus. Clearances of corn were 349,935 bus. Argentine shipments of corn this week were 1,364,000 bus., against 1,212,000 bus., last week and 864,000 bus. last year. American clearances this week were 1,528,299 bus.

Trading in wheat in the Duluth market was light. The July option opened ⅜c higher at 96¼c, fell back to 96c fifteen minutes later and then bulged to 96⅞c at 10:26. It fell back to 96¾c at 12:30, and then rallied closing at 96¾c, a gain for the day of ¾c. The May option jumped 2⅛c to $1.00 with but a single trade and that at the high point. The close was 1c up at 99½c. The September option advanced ½c to 81c and then closed unchanged at 80¼c.

Cash wheat was held on the basis of May price for No. 1 northern, but sales were very small.

Flax was dull, but there was a rather interesting time in the market nevertheless. One trader bid the May option up 3½c from yesterday's close to $1.48 to make a trade that was rumored to be covering for a foreign short. The close was 1c up at $1.42½. The July option advanced 1c to $1.43 and September ½c to $1.25½. The latter sold as high as $1.26½. The October option fell 1c to $1.24. Argentine shipments of flax this week amount to 1,316,000 bus, against 512,000 bus last week and 1,680,000 bus last year. Stocks at Duluth are expected to decrease 560,000 bus this week.

Oats to arrive fell ¼c.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—to arrive, No. 1 northern, 98½c; on track, No. 1 northern, 98¼c, No. 2 northern, 91¼@95c. Durum, No. 1, 83c; No. 2, 82c; May, 98½c; July, 90¾c; September, 80¼c. Flax, to arrive, $1.42½c; on track, $1.42½; May, $1.43½; July, $1.43; September, $1.25½; October, $1.24. Oats, to arrive, 29¾c; on track, 30c. Rye, to arrive, 70c; on track 70c. Barley, feed, 39½@41c.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 6; last year, 11; barley, 7; flax, 4; last year, 3.

Receipts—Wheat, 2,214; oats, 1,690; barley 1,271; flax, 2,535.

Shipments—Wheat, 81,344; oats, 437,999; barley, 40,588; flax, 139,146.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Good Weather Has Weakening Influence on Wheat.

Chicago, May 12.—Clear skies throughout the greater portion of the United States had a weakening influence on wheat here today. Sellers were held in check, however, by the strength of Liverpool, where prices were higher as a result of decreased shipments from Argentina. July opened up a shade to 1@¼c at 84⅝@85c. After touching 85½c, the price eased off. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 99 cars, against 91 cars last week and 76 cars a year ago.

Strength in Northwestern markets resulting from reports of excessive moisture was followed by a rally here, July advancing to 85¼@⅜c. Further encouragement was given the bulls by advices from the Southwest alleging increased danger from rust. The market slumped off on profit taking, July declining to 84¼c. Another rally soon occurred, however, on renewed buying. The market closed firm, with July up 1⅝@⅞c at 85⅝c.

Sentiment in corn was inclined to bearishness, clear weather being one of the principal depressing influences. Liberal shipments from Argentina also aided the bears. A prominent commission house was a free seller of July. That option opened unchanged at 47⅝c and sold off to 47⅛c. Local receipts were 44 cars with 2 of contract grade.

The market was weak the entire session, the close being almost at the lowest point. After touching 46¾c, July closed at 46⅞c, a net loss of ½c.

An easy tone prevailed in oats. Cash houses sold September, while a leading commission house had liberal offerings of July. The market was influenced by the action of corn. July opened a shade to ⅛c lower at 29⅝c to 29¾@¾c, sold at 29⅜c and then reacted to 29⅝c. Local receipts were 8 cars.

Provisions were steady as a result of a strong hog market. Trading was very quiet. July pork was 2½c lower to 2½c higher at $12.50@12.55. Lard and ribs were each unchanged at $7.32½ and $7.30 respectively.

Close: Wheat—May, 99¼c; July, 85⅛c; Sept., 79¾c. Corn—May, 48¾c; July, 46⅞c; old, 47c; Sept., 46⅝@⅝c; old, 46¾@47c; Dec., 44¼c; old, 44¾c. Oats—May, 30½@⅝c, July, 29½@⅝c; eSpt., 27⅞c. Pork—May, $12.25; July, $12.47½; Sept., $12.67½. Lard—May, $7.20; July, $7.35; Sept., $7.52. Ribs—May, $7.60½; July, $7.27½@7.30; eSpt., $7.52½. Rye—May, 74½c; July, 66c; Sept., 57c. Flax—Cash, Northwestern, $1.19; Southwestern, $1.25; May, $1.25. Timothy—May, 26c; Sept., 26@25c. Clover—May, $12.50. Barley—Cash, $1.00@5.00. Cash wheat—2 red, 94@96c; 3 red, 92@95c; 2 hard, 92@95c; 3 hard, 90@93c; 1 northern, $1.00@1.01; 2 northern, 97@$1.00; 3 spring, 90c@$1.00. Corn—2, 49½@49¾c. Oats—2, 30@c; 3, 29c.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, May 12.—Close: Wheat—May, 94⅝c; July, 86c; September, 82¾c. Corn—May, 54c; July, 52¼c.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, May 12.—Wheat, dull; 1 Cal., 8s 9¼d; futures, quiet, May, 8s 6¾d; July, 8s 3½d. Sept 8s 5¾d. Corn—Spot, steady; American mixed new, 4s 3¼d; futures, quiet; May, 4s 3⅜d; July, 4s 3¾d.

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P.&D.ful pd	19½	20¾	Metropolitan	30
Junc. ful pd	67	68	Ophir Tunnel	25
Mann. $1 pd	.....	8½	Parry Sound	6½
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MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, May 12.—Close: Wheat—May, $1.05½; July, 98¾c; September, 80¾c. No. 1 hard, $1.10½; No. 1 northern, $1.07½@1.08½; No. 2 northern, $1.02¼@1.04½.

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. July.	Corn. July.	Pork. July.
Open	29⅜	47⅜	$12.50@12.55
High	29½	47⅝	12.50
Low	29⅛	46¾	12.40@12.47
Close	29¼-⅜	46⅞	12.47

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	98	$1.05	92¼-3	.....
High	$1.00	1.06	93⅜	95
Low	97½	1.05	92½	94⅛
Close	98¾	1.05½@	92¾@	94⅝@
Close, 11th.	97½	1.04	92½	94¼
July—				
Open	96⅛@	98⅜-½	84⅞-5	90⅛
High	96¾	99	85¼-⅜	90¾
Low	95¾	97⅝	84⅛	89½
Close	96½@	98⅝	85⅛	90⅜
Close, 11th.	95¾	98	84¾-⅞	89⅞
September—				
Open	86⅝A	81¼	79⅛-¼	83⅞
High	81	81¾	79⅝	83¾
Low	80½	80¼	78¼	83⅛
Close	80½B	80⅝B	79-⅛	83⅝
Close, 11th.	80½	79⅝-⅞	79⅛-¼	83¾

St. Louis—	Close, 12th.	Closc, 12th.
May	94⅝	93
July	79¾	79⅝-¾
September	77¾	78⅛-¼
Kansas City—		
May	91¾	91¾
July	75⅛-¼B	75-⅛
September	71-½B	71A
Winnipeg—		
May	88¼	88
July	90¼	90

GRAIN GOSSIP.

The Modern Miller gave a special report today on the winter wheat crop condition with special attention to Hessian fly. It said:

"A special inquiry to determine the effect of recent rains on the winter wheat crop and to ascertain if there is Hessian fly damage, shows that there is some little cause for apprehension, but that the general condition of the crop is good in most of the states. Especially encouraging are the reports from Michigan, Missouri and the states in the Ohio valley, little or no fly or weather damage is reported in these states. Damage by fly in Nebraska and Tennessee is reported. The worst report is from the latter state. Too much rain developed rust damage in Texas and more is feared if rains continue. The crop in Michigan looks better than at any time this season in the past ten years. The weather is favorable, not too hot, with plenty of moisture and the acreage is 25 per cent larger than last year. The only unfavorable comment is that a heavy rain might prove injurious.

"In Ohio the crop is doing well, but acreage is below the normal. Under uniformly favorable weather conditions the plant has made such rapid growth that there is apprehension in some sections of the state that it may become rank.

"In Indiana, aside from a few reports of yellow spots due to fly and of rank growth and winter killing, satisfactory conditions are indicated.

"In Illinois the crop is spotted. Considerable wheat was killed by ice in January and February or injured by too much water on low lands, otherwise conditions are good. Hessian fly is reported, but there is no evidence of damage.

"In Tennessee the crop has deteriorated. This is ascribed to hessian fly. Some rust is noted, but no damage has resulted there from it. General conditions in Missouri are good. No damage by fly is reported. In a few sections wheat was unfavorably affected by drouth early in the season. Prospects in Nebraska are for a good crop. The damage by fly over the whole state is about 5 per cent. The crop in Kansas is not as good as a month ago. The plant has as much life as it should at this season of the year. Damage by fly is also reported in isolated localities. Indications are for an early crop. Oklahoma has fair prospects for a good crop. Damage by rust is reported in Texas. There has been too much rain and it may prove serious if continued. Wheat is heading and there is some complaint that heads are small.

* * *

E. W. Dennis, Chicago: You will get some decreases in the visible supply of wheat in the next sixty days that will curl your hair. The amount in the visible now is about 13,560,000 less than last year, and last August it ran down to 11,500,000 bushels. Under the present conditions it is not much to say that the visible supply this year will be reduced to a smaller figure than was seen last year.

* * *

Howard Bartells of Chicago: The world's available wheat supply shows a decrease of 17,000,000 bushels for April, compared with a decrease of 4,000,000 bushels in April of last year. This shows the big consumption that has and is going on, for exports from Argentina and Russia and some other countries have been record breakers lately and this increase in the reduction has been in th face of that. We will hear more of this for the months of May and June.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—Trade in today's session was mainly in the July future. Damage complaints are still coming in, especially from Texas and Oklahoma, where red rust and too much moisture is reported to have played havoc with the crop in those states. As we said this morning, the cash situation is no longer a theory but is an absolute fact. Receipts are small, not a car being estimated for tomorrow in this market. The feeling is generally held that there is likely to be a positive shortage of old wheat before the new crop is available. This fact is receiving much attention from the trade and is largely responsible for the strength displayed by the July. Trade today broadened out. Market seems to hold out more promise, and while it still seems to be a scalping affair, the tendency is clearly upward. We rather favor purchases of July wheat on set-backs.

Corn—This market started out all right, but the pace set by wheat was evidently too fast, as early strength in this market invited profit-taking on a scale liberal enough to set corn back, from which point but little recovery was made. At no time during the session the bull leaders were open sellers of May. May seems fairly held and strength in that month made short sellers of the future options rather timid. It still seems like a scalping market.

Oats—Trade in this pit shows quite an increase and on the whole the market has again assumed decent proportions. While the export and cash demand holds up we feel oats can safely be bought on dips.

Provisions—While trade shows some improvement it is still small. The improved cash situation has caused a little better feeling and sentiment, and if continued will result in higher prices.

Chicago Record-Herald: "The wheat conditions are perfect in Oklahoma and Indian Territory," says a well known man who has driven through the territory. "The plant is now knee high and on its present prospect Oklahoma will raise thirty to thirty-five million bushels of wheat. There was no talk of rust, fly or insect damage of any sort. Rains have come along as needed and conditions could not be better. Texas has a little damaged wheat. The increase in oats acreage in Oklahoma is tremendous."

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., seventy-fifth meridian time, Friday, May 12, 1905:

Stations	Weather.	Temperature. Max*	Temperature. Min†	Rainfall inches and hundredths.
Alexandria	Clear	46	32	1.80
Campbell	Fresh, clear	52	30	1.20
Crookston	Cloudy	44	36	1.60
Detroit City	Clear	46	34	2.00
Grand Meadows		78	38	.10
Minneapolis	Clear	70	40	.16
Montevideo	Clear	46	34	.38
New Ulm	Clear	72	36	.70
Park Rapids	Cloudy	46	34	.86
Winnebago City	Clear	74	38	.64
Worthington	Clear	54	34	.20
Devils Lake	Clear	42	32	.0
Langdon	Clear	50	32	.60
Larimore	Cloudy	42	30	.36
Lisbon	Clear	44	30	.54
Pembina	Cloudy	42	34	.88
Aberdeen	Frost, clear	42	30	.54
Milbank	Clear	40	32	1.40
Mitchell	Cloudy	44	32	1.16
Redfield	Clear	42	30	.58
Amenia	Clear	44	32	.78
Bismarck	Clear	50	32	.0
Duluth	Raining	46	38	.40
Huron	Clear	42	36	.62
La Crosse	Clear	68	42	.52
Moorhead	Clear	44	32	1.48
Pierre	Clear	56	36	.0
St. Paul	Clear	68	42	.02
Winnipeg	Raining	44	40	1.12

REMARKS.

Light to heavy rains fell in the grain region.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

T. indicates inappreciable rainfall. *For twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., Seventy-fifth meridian time. †For twenty-four hours ending at 8 p. m., Seventy-fifth meridian time.

Note.—The average maximum and minimum temperatures and the average rainfall are made up at each center from the actual number of reports received. The "state of weather" is that prevailing at time of observation.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER.	
Creamery, prints	26
Dairies, fancy	22 @ 23
Renovated	23
EGGS.	
Fresh	16
CHEESE.	
Twins, full and cream	16
Twins, full cream, old	8
Full cream, Young America	16
Brick cheese, No. 1	15
Limberger, full cre'm cheese	15
Primost	7
HONEY.	
New fancy, white clover	14
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb.	12½@ 13
Goldenrod	14
Dark honey	14
Buckwheat, dark	14
MAPLE SYRUP.	
Vermont, per lb.	12½
Ohio, per lb.	10
Maple syrup, per gal.	1 10
NUTS.	
Filberts, per lb	13
Soft shell walnuts, per lb.	16
Cocoanuts	55
Brazils, per lb	13
Pecans, per lb	14
Peanuts, roasted, per lb.	8
Almonds	14
Mixed nuts	14
FRUITS.	
Apples	3 25 @ 3 50
Cranberries, per bbl.	6 00 @ 3 50
California naval oranges	3 00
Smyrna figs, 12-lb box	90
Pineapples, per crate	4 50
Bananas	2 00 @ 2 50
Lemons, per box	2 75
Strawberries, 24 quarts	2 25 @ 2 50
Dates, Fard, per box	1 15
Sugar, walnut dates	1 00
VEGETABLES.	
New Potatoes, per bus.	2 75
Sweet potatoes, per bbl.	4 50
Fancy navy beans, per bus.	2 00
Lettuce, per bus	1 00
Beets, cwt.	1 25
Green onions	15
Spinach, box	1 15
Parsnips, per box	90
Potatoes, per bus	28
Dry Onions, per cwt.	2 75
Celery, per doz.	90
Bagas, per cwt	65
Cabbage, per cwt	1 00
Radishes, per doz.	25
Tomatoes, per basket, Cal.	1 00
Tomatoes, per basket, Fla.	65
Asparagus, per doz	85
POP CORN.	
Choice, per lb.	4
Rice corn, shelled	6
CIDER.	
Common juice, half bbl.	2 50
Fruit juice	5 00
Duffy cider	3 50
DRESSED POULTRY.	
Spring chickens	16
Hens	16
Ducks	15
Turkeys	20
Geese	13
MEATS.	
Beef	6 @ 8½
Mutton	9 @ 9½
Lard	7½
Pork loins	11
Veal	7½

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, May 12.—Butter, steady, creameries, 26@24c; dairies, 19@22c. Eggs, steady, at mark, cases included, 14½c. Cheese, steady; daisies, 13½@14c; twins, 13½@14c; Young Americas, 13½@14c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, May 12.—Butter, quiet; receipts, 6,327. Street price, extra creamery, 26@½c; official price, unchanged. Cheese, new easy; old firm; receipts, 2,181. Old, state, full cream colored and white, fancy, 14¼c; do. fine, 13¾c; new, small, colored and white, fine, 12¾c; do. fair to choice, 11¼@12½c; do. skims, full to light, 3½@10¼c. Eggs, steady; unchanged; receipts 18,429.

ADVANCE IN STOCKS

Market Showed Great Breadth and Activity, Closing Firm.

Heavy Profit Taking Caused Recessions In Late Dealings.

New York, May 12.—The opening in stocks was slightly irregular, but the declines were few. The principal gains were in the industrials and specialties. The Pittsburg Coal stocks were up 1½ for the common and 1½ for the preferred. Union Pacific and Copper gained a point, Louisville & Nashville, Chesapeake & Ohio, Rubber Goods and Lead a large fraction. Consolidated Gas dropped 2 and Metropolitan Street Railway declined a large fraction.

The tendency upward became definite, the confident buying of several of the standard stocks serving to inject a degree of strength into the entire market. Business was somewhat larger than recent averages in the grain-carrying stocks. St. Paul, Louisville & Nashville, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Soo preferred, Kansas & Texas preferred, the St. Louis Southwestern stock, Union Pacific preferred, Baltimore & Ohio, Ontario & Western, Pacific Mail, Distillers' Securities and Biscuit improved 1 to 1½ and Lead 2. Union Pacific and the local municipal stocks were sold on the rallies, causing reactions elsewhere before 11 o'clock. Union Pacific and Metropolitan Street Railway were driven a point and Consolidated Gas 3 below yesterday's closing.

Consolidated Gas lost 4 points on its dividend reduction and Brooklyn Union Gas 10. Great Northern preferred fell 4, Northern Pacific 2 and Metropolitan Securities 1. A rise of 1¾ in St. Paul started an advance in railroad stocks. St. Louis Southwestern preferred rose 2¾ and Missouri Pacific, Wabash preferred, Northern Pacific, Denver & Rio Grande preferred, Pittsburg, C., C. & St. L. and Baltimore & Ohio gained 1 to 1¾. There were gains of 1 to 1¾ in Tennessee Coal, Colorado Fuel, Republic Steel preferred, Virginia-Carolina Chemical preferred, Smelting preferred and Lead preferred. Smelting rose 2⅝ and Lead 3. Bonds were firm at noon.

Extensive buying for both accounts began after midday and for an hour the volume of business was large. There were but few laggards, the strength persevering to a more or less degree the entire list. Conspicuous features were the Pennsylvania group, New York Central, the Southwesterns, the Equipment stocks and St. Paul. St. Louis Southwestern preferred rose 4¼. Central Railroad of Jersey 3¼, St. Paul, Tennessee Coal, Kansas & Texas preferred 2, and numerous others a point or more.

Realizing caused a sharp reaction, but prices turned upward again before the end of the hour. There were some new comers amongst the late gainers, notably Union Pacific and United States Steel, which got up a point or more. Smelting extended its rise to 3⅜ and Wisconsin Central stocks, Baltimore & Ohio, Ice preferred, Virginia-Carolina Chemical, Linseed, Sugar, Amalgamated Copper and Smelting preferred showed gains of between 2 and 3.

The advances extended into the final hour, making gains for Locomotive and United States Reduction preferred of 3, Federal Mining preferred 2 and the common, Locomotive preferred, Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis and Rock Island preferred 2. The usual movement by board row professionals to take profits on the day to carried prices backward. Rubber goods preferred made a loss of 2. The reaction was arrested but the close was heavy and dull.

Quotations furnished by Edwards-Wood Co., room A, Torrey building.

Stocks—	High	Low	Close
Atchinson pfd	102⅛	101⅝	101⅞
do common	83	82⅛	82½
Beseker common	118⅝	117⅝	117⅝
Amalgamated Copper	84⅝	83¼	83⅞
B. & O. Ry.	109¼	107½	109¼
B. R. T.	61¼	59⅝	60⅝
Can. Pac. Ry.	149⅜	148⅝	149⅝
C. & O.	50⅝	49⅝	50
C. F. I.	47¼	46⅛	46⅝
C. G. W. common	20½	20¼	20½
Erie 1st pfd	79⅛	78½	79
Erie common	43¼	42¼	42⅞
Illinois Central	162¼	161¼	161⅞
L. & N.	147	146	146⅞
Mexican Central	21⅜	21	21¼
Metropolitan Ry.	115⅝	114	115¼
Missouri Pacific	98⅛	96⅜	98¼
Manhattan	164	164⅝	164⅝
Norfolk & Western	78⅞	77⅞	78⅜
N. Y. C.	144⅝	143½	144
O. & W.	50⅝	49¼	50
People's Gas	101⅜	100⅞	101⅜
Pacific Mail	37¾	36½	37
Penn. Ry.	136¾	135¼	136⅜
Rock Island common	29½	28⅝	29½
Rock Island, pfd	74½	73	74½
Reading, com	94½	93¼	94⅝
R. I. & S., pfd	74½	73¼	74½
R. I. & S., com	18⅞	18¼	18⅝
Rubber, com	41⅜	41	41⅜
St. Paul	175¼	172⅝	175
Sugar	137⅜	135½	137
Southern Railway, com.	31¼	30⅝	31⅛
Southern Pacific	63⅝	62⅜	63¼
Soo, com	116½	115⅜	116½
Tenn. Coal & Iron	84⅝	82	83¼
Texas Pacific	33½	32⅝	33
U. S. Steel, pfd	99⅜	98⅝	99¾
U. S. Steel, com	32¼	31¼	32
Union Pacific, com	124½	122	123⅝
Wis. Central, com	23⅞	20½	23⅞
Wis. Central, pfd	50	47⅜	49
Western Union	93¾	93	93
Wabash, com	19¾	19¼	19¾
Wabash, pfd	42	40⅝	41⅞
Twin City R. T.	115½	114⅜	114⅝
D. S. S. & A., pfd	26½	26¼	26½
Northern Pacific	193¼	190	191½

The total sales were 1,052,400 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan to Paine, Webber & Co.: Market closed strong, especially Union Pacific and St. Paul. The fact that the old-time leaders were again brought forward and made active by advancing prices gave courage to other pools and caused quite a little improvement in sentiment. That something is still to come out of the old Northern Securities merger is very evident from the strength displayed by Northern Pacific and Great Northern preferred. Extravagant prices are still predicted for Northern Pacific and notwithstanding its high price the stock has been very active. In the industrial department Smelter stocks and the Steel issues were all higher, as was also Amalgamated Copper. Market on the whole shows quite a little strength. It seems in good hands and acts as if could be put higher.

* * *

Dick Brothers to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market has continued strong today and has shown greater breadth and activity. Aggressive professional buying unopposed by any important selling was chiefly responsible for the advance. Stocks of the best character, both railroads and industrials, were the leaders in the advance, although pool specialties like Smelters, Locomotive, Lead, etc., were made conspicuous. In the afternoon there was some heavy profit-taking and this caused recessions although the tone at the close was quite firm. A sharp rise in Baltimore & Ohio on rumors of an increased dividend was a feature of the day.

* * *

Evans to Paine, Webber & Co.: You know how bullish I am, but I do not believe we are going to have a big bull market just yet; therefore, I think that when the scare of shorts subsides the market will probably sell off again. I expect a good trading market for some time longer, with a gradual upward tendency. I would take profits on sharp advances, but would keep long of stocks and buy every time they are weak.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 328 West Superior street:

	Bid.	Asked.
Amalgamated	84	84¼
Adventure	3½	4
Atlantic	12½	13
Allouez	20¼	20½
Arcadian	1	1¼
Elm River	2	2¼
Bingham	32¼	32½
Copper Range	72¾	73
Centennial	19	19½
Calumet and Hecla	642	645
Calumet and Arizona	99½	100
Calumet and Pittsburg	25½	.....
Lake Sup. and Pittsburg	36	.....
Isle Royale	22¾	23
Mass	8	8¼
Michigan	11½	12
Mohawk	49	49½
Mayflower	75c	80c
Mercur Con	60c	65c
National	1	1½
Old Colony	1	1½
Old Dominion	25	25½
Osceola	93¼	94½
Phoenix	1½	1⅞
Parrott	23¾	25
Quincy	100	105
Rhode Island	1½	1⅝
Santa Fe	1½	2
Franklin	8¼	8½
Tecumseh	2½	3
Tamarack	118	122
Shannon	8	8¼
Trinity	8¼	8½
Utah	43	43¾
United States Mining	31⅞	32
Victoria	3	3½
Wolverine	108	109
Wyandot	1½	1⅝
Winona	10½	10¾
Daly West	13½	14½
Greene Cons	26¾	27
United Copper	25½	25⅞
Pitts. and Dul., full paid.	.....	20
Pitts. and Dul., $8 paid.	.....	18
Union Land	3	3½
Junction	65	66
Black Monutain	$3.10	$3.15
Chlrichua	.....	40
Granby	5½	5⅞
North Butte	25	26¾

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, May 12.—The cotton market opened steady at an advance of 2 to 4 points in response to better cables than expected, both as to futures and spot cotton in the English market. Bulls were somewhat disappointed. Private reports of rain received yesterday in Texas, were not confirmed by the official weather map, but there was support from the larger interests and prices following the call improved somewhat on their initial advance, with the market in the middle of the morning steady at a net gain of 7@8 points.

Cotton spot closed quiet. Uplands, 8.15; gulfs, 8.40; sales, 3,900 bales. Futures closed steady: May, 7.74; June, 7.59; July, 7.67; August, 7.69; September, 7.73; October, 7.78; November, 7.82; December, 7.86; January, 7.89; February, 7.92; March, 7.97.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, May 12.—Cattle—Receipts, 1,500; market steady; good to prime steers, $5.60@6.75; poor to medium, $4.50@5.50; stockers and feeders, $2.75@5.20; cows, $2@5.25; heifers, $3@5.50; canners, $1.50@2.40; bulls, $2.40@4.75; calves, $3@6.50. Hogs—Receipts 15,000; tomorrow, 10,000; steady; mixed and butchers, $5.35@5.60; good to choice heavy, $5.45@5.60; rough heavy, $5.20@5.40; light, $5.30@5.60; bulk of sales, $5.50@5.60. Sheep—Receipts 5,000; sheep and lambs, strong; good to choice wethers, shorn, $4.60@5.25; fair to choice mixed, shorn, $3.25@4.25, western sheep, shorn, $4@5.25; native lambs, shorn, $4@6.60; western lambs, $4.50@7.40.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, May 12.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, shows: Available cash balance, $129,729,118; gold, $62,218,670; silver, $25,022,270.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, May 12.—Money on call, 2@2½; closing bid, 2½, offered at 2½. Time money easy and dull; 60 and 90 days 3¾; six months 3½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3¾@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange steady with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.86.70@75 for demand and at $4.84.60@65 for 60 days; posted rates $4.85½ and $4.87½; commercial bills, $4.84¾@4½. Bar silver 57c. Mexican, 44¼c. Government bonds weak; railroad bonds firm.

THE BORDERLAND.

Responsibility For Acts Resulting From Dreams.

It is a matter of common knowledge that both natural sleep, with its occasionally attendant somnambulism, and the allied conditions produced by hypnotism or the action of some drug do at times so impair the interpretation of one's sensory or illusory impressions as to lead to the most regrettable acts, says the New York Medical Journal. The subject is of such interest in its bearing upon the question of responsibility that it has over and over again been dealth with by writers on forensic medicine. It has recently been considered anew in a Paris thesis by Y. J. Leconte, a summary of which we find in the Revue Francaise de Medecine te de Shirurgie.

During the process of going to sleep, says M. Leconte, and during the gradual waking, the senses of sight and hearing often give rise to illusions, and he gives a number of examples of their having led to tragic acts. A man in the process of waking, cited Hoffbauer, thought he saw a motionless specter in his room, and struck at it with a weapon; the victim's groans roused him to full consciousness, and he found that he had killed his wife. In like manner a man sleeping in room with others fancied he saw a wolf, and killed one of his companions, and a soldier, roused suddenly by something that he took for an alarm, wounded several of his comrades.

It is not always an immediate act that is the fruit of an illusory sensation perceived during sleep. A healthy man, it is true, puts away from him the remembrance of a dream, but he who is morbid and perhaps already on the verge of insanity cherishes it and broods over it till he comes to put faith in it as a truthful memory, and at some future time takes tragic revenge for a purely imaginary injury. There have indeed been occasions when a sane man could not with safety recount certain of his dreams, as when Caesar had a man executed for having dreamed that he had murdered him (Caesar), holding that the dream revealed the man's real intention.

We cannot, of course, justly hold a man morally responsible for an unlawful act committed under the influence of impaired or perverted consciousness, but necessarily it is not always easy to establish the fact of the impairment of perversities, and, as M. Leconte points out, we must hold a known somnambulist responsible if he fails to take measures to guard against the possible consequences of his peculiarity.

GRASS DRIED LINEN.

To have "grass dired linen" is one of the latest domestic extravagances, says the New York Sun. It has been handed along by word of mouth from one to another who appreciate a good thing and there has been neither need nor inclination to cheapen it by advertising. It was the happy idea of a man who fell heir to one of those New England farms that you cannot rent, sell or give away. But the first view of the situation showed that his farm would bring him to speedy bankruptcy if he were to attempt to run it agriculturally. It had plenty of water and broad, wind-swept meadows where the sun beat all day long. This gave him his idea. From a city friend he cajoled a lot of what housekeepers call the "big pieces" of the family wash. When the sheets and tablecloths and servietes came home it was not much that they were clean—that is elemental laundry work, though rarely attained—but they had the breath of country air and the smell of the grass. From this beginning the trade has grown until that Massachusetts farm

ADDITIONAL WANTS.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

YOUNG LADY STENOGRAPHER, WITH three years experience, would like position. Highest reference furnished. Address A. X., Herald.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG lady as nurse. Terms, $1 per day. Address Room No. 4, 603 Garfield avenue.

EXPERIENCED LADY STENOGRAPHER would like a position. Can give references. C 75, Herald.

FIRST-CLASS COOKING. 703 RAILroad street.

WANTED—WASHING OR CLEANING. 29 First avenue west. Mrs. Jones. Zenith 1218-D.

WANTED—BY YOUNG GIRL, A PLACE to board and room; private family; will help mornings and evenings. Address C 73, Herald.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

WANTED A POSITION AS MANAGER by a pharmist of twenty years experience. Registered in Minnesota and Wisconsin. For further information write or apply to D. Shesgreen, Jr., 3902 West Superior street.

WANTED — POSITION BY YOUNG man in gents' furnishing or retail shoe house. Experienced; references. C 64, Herald.

A BRIGHT, ACTIVE BOY, 16 YEARS OF age, would like to get a position with some railroad company; can furnish good references. O 32, Herald.

ACCOUNTS AUDITED BY THOROUGH accountant. All business confidential. Address H. H., care Herald.

FARM LANDS.

FOR SALE—THE PERRAULT FARM, three miles north of Lester Park; 80 acres or smaller tracts—cultivated land—suitable buildings, running water. Call 218 Torrey building.

FOR SALE — 80-ACRE IMPROVED farm at Missabe Station, D. & I. R., all cleared. House, store, barn and outbuildings; thirty tons of hay and a large amount of vegetables and other crops raised last year. William C. Sargent & Co., 156 Providence bldg.

FARM LANDS AND FARM LOANS. John Q. A. Crosby, 230 Palladio Bldg.

FOR RENT—STORES.

STOREROOM 334 EAST SUPERIOR ST., $25 per month. Inquire F. E. Swanson Grocery, 22 East Second street.

AN OLD ESTABLISHED GROCERY store for rent, with living rooms in rear; $15.00. 1214 East Fourth. Apply 15 Second avenue west.

FOR RENT—STORE AT 32 EAST SECond street. Rooms at 15 Lake avenue north. Inquire M. Norris, 112 East Third street.

FOR RENT — STRICTLY MODERN stores on First street, near Wolvin building, ready to occupy June 1st, $25 per month, including heat and water. 205 Lyceum.

FOR RENT — STORE, CORNER FIRST street and Fifth avenue west. Inquire Hotel McKay office.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST — LADIES' GREY LEATHER bag, initial "T," containing eleven tickets and $5 cash. Reward for return of tickets to Room 8 over Big Duluth.

LOST—BLACK PURSE, CONTAINING over $1.00, a pass to Two Harbors and cards for Mrs. A. E. Breed. Leave at Herald office.

STRAYED OR STOLEN ON EASTER Sunday, one sorrel horse, age 8 years; mane cut; white hind feet, and dark brown horse, 12 years old. Liberal reward. Notify Sparta Livery, Sparta, Minn.

PERSONAL.

YOUNG LADY WISHES ROOMMATE—references exchanged. Address O. 37, Herald.

WILL ED. FROST, WHO LOGGED AT Alborn, Minn., in the winter of 1903 and 1904, or any one knowing his address, write to H., Herald.

PERSONAL — WILL THE PARTIES who are dissatisfied with their meals try the Boston cafe, 7 East Superior street. The best at popular prices, with clean, quick service.

SAFE! SURE! GUARANTEED FEMALE Pens; quickly relieve suppression from any cause, $2. French Remedy Co., box 367, Duluth, Minn.

NOTICE.

THE RING-ROSE CLEANING ESTABlishment has opened a branch at 18 Third avenue west, under Northern Electric Co. We do cleaning, dyeing and repairing. Moderate prices.

PAINTING, PAPERHANGING.

C. GILL, PAINTER AND PAPERhanger, 627 West Michigan street. Zenith 'phone 1518-X. Call and see him.

CIVIL ENGINEERS.

DULUTH ENGINEERING CO.—W. B. Patton, Mgr., 613 Paladio bldg. Specifications prepared and construction superintended for waterworks, sewers, etc.

CANCERS AND TUMORS.

All stomach and blood diseases cured by Herbaqueen remedies. Dr. Finsen's Ray. Herbaqueen Mfg. Co., 14 West Sup. St.

CHINA FIRING.

INMAN STUDIO, 114 So. 14th Ave. E.

BUSINESS MEN—NOTICE!

IF YOU ARE THINKING OF MAKING an auction sale, write me. Harry Silver, Auctioneer, Eveleth, Minn. Box 866.

FURNITURE MOVING.

PIANOS A SPECIALTY. NEW PHONE 1222, or Duluth Music Co. W. Plett.

DYE WORKS.

ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS—PRACTical dyers and French dry cleaners. We make a specialty of pantorium work. 9 East Superior street. Both 'phones.

$7000 Improved corner, 3 houses, excellent investment. East Third street.

$2100 50-foot lot on East Fifth street.

$700 50-foot corner near Third street and Twenty-ninth avenue west.

$1000 50-foot corner lot on East Superior street.

11½ Acres on Hermantown road. All cleared. Ready for gardening purposes.

A. H. W. ECKSTEIN
Real Estate, Insurance and Loans.
309 Exchange Building. Zenith Phone 338.

$625 Comfortable house, six rooms, easy terms, Duluth Heights.

$800 Fourth avenue west and Fourth street, 38x70 feet of ground. Splendid central location for house or flats.

$1050 Lot on Fourth street between Eighth and Ninth avenues east.

$1500 Seven-room house, stone foundation, cement cellar. Cost $1,700; on East Eighth street.

$2400 Seven-room house, Nineteenth avenue east, near London road —stone foundation, hardwood floors, water, sewer, etc. A fine home on easy terms.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.,
Real Estate—Mortgage Loans—Insurance.
220 West Superior Street.

$5500 For choice corner lot and residence down town, within walking distance.

$300 for desirable lot on Fifth street, this side of Normal school. $900 for fine lot on Jefferson street.

COOLEY & UNDERHILL Exchange Building.

$3500 Will buy a seven-room house with modern bath room, located in the Normal school district on a street with all improvements made and paid for. House is finished in hardwood down stairs, has hardwood floors throughout, a concrete foundation, and is in the best of condition. Size of lot 50x140.

WHITNEY WALL.
REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE.
Main Floor Palladio Building.

5% LOANS WANTED 6%
Money on Hand For Real Estate Loans.
NO DELAY. NO ANNOYANCE.
THE BEST CONTRACT.
W. M. PRINDLE & CO
Lonsdale Building.

Two Good Bargains.

10 acres on street car line, one mile from Spalding Hotel—at half value $2100

50 feet on Fourth street near Normal school $9.50

RICHARDSON, DAY & CO.

NORTHWESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. †Ex. Sunday	Arrive Duluth
*8:40 a.m	St. Paul. Minneapolis	†3:26 p.m
*4:00 p.m	Twilight Limited	*9:45 p.m
*5:30 p.m	Chicago, Milwaukee	*11:10 a.m
*5:30 p.m	Appleton	*11:10 a.m
*5:30 p.m	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac.	*11:10 a.m
*5:30 p.m	FAST MAIL	*11:10 a.m

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY

Leave		Arrive
* 4:00 p.m	Ashland and East	*11:15 a.m
† 8:00 a.m	Ashland and East	† 7:10 p.m
† 7:30 p.m	Minn. and Dakota Express	† 7:55 a.m
* 8:40 a.m	North Coast Limited	* 4:55 p.m
Leave	"Duluth Short Line."	Arrive
† 9:00 a.m	ST. PAUL	* 6:30 a.m
† 1:55 p.m	MINNEAPOLIS	† 2:10 p.m
*11:10 p.m		† 7:00 p.m

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street

THE GREAT NORTHERN.

Leave		Arrive
† 6:20 a.m	ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS	† 9:25 p.m
* 3:45 p.m		* 2:00 p.m
*11:15 p.m		* 6:10 a.m
* 9:30 a.m	Crookston, Grand Forks,	* 6:30 p.m
* 8:15 p.m	Montana and Coast.	* 7:10 a.m
† 2:20 p.m	Red River, Virginia	†12:20 p.m
† 6:20 a.m	St. Cloud, Wilmar and Soo City	† 9:25 p.m

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday
Twin City sleepers ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding Hotel

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

City Ticket Office, 420 Spalding Hotel Block. Bell 'Phone 44
All trains arrive and depart from Union Depot.

*6:20 p.m. Lv. North Country Mail. Ar. *8:55 a.m
All Points East.
†7:45 a.m. Lv. LOCAL Ar. †8:40 p.m
Marquette and Copper Country.

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A.M	P.M.	STATIONS	M.	P. M
7:30	3:15	Lv. Duluth Ar	12:00	7:25
11:25	7:05	Ar. Virginia Lv	8:10	3:10
11:30	7:10	Ar. Eveleth Lv	8:00	3:30
11:55	7:45	Ar. Ely Lv	7:30	3:00
A.M.	P.M.	Daily, except Sundays.	A.M.	P. M

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY

P. M.	A. M.	STATIONS	A. M.	P. M.
3:50	7:40	Lv. Duluth Ar	10:30	3:40
4:05	7:55	Lv. 57th Av. W. Lv	10:15	3:25
4:20	8:15	Lv. Proctor Lv	10:00	3:10
6:13	10:12	Ar. Ir'n J'nct'n Lv	8:01	1:13
----	10:40	Ar. M't'n. Iron. Lv	-----	12:20
7:07	10:35	Ar. Virginia Lv	6:55	12:50
6:33	10:29	Ar. Eveleth Lv	7:42	12:57
----	10:56	Ar. Sparta Lv	-----	12:34
----	11:20	Ar. Biwabik Lv	-----	12:12
6:54	11:05	Ar. Hibbing Lv	7:15	12:27

Daily except Sunday.

Morning train from Duluth makes direct connection at Rainy Junction with D. V. & R. L. Ry. for Ashawa and points north of Virginia.

HOTEL LENOX

Most thoroughly equipped in the Northwest. Sanitation perfect. European, $1.00 and up. American, $2.00 and up.

The man who wanted to buy a lot and the man who wanted to sell one were fellow-passengers on a street car today—but utter strangers to each other. A Herald want ad, inserted by either of them, would introduce them.

HARTNETT GROCERY COMPANY

15 Second Avenue West.
Zenith Phone 566.
Duluth Phone 1191—R

It will be dollars in your pocket if you take advantage of the special snaps we offer you each Saturday.

Fancy Strawberries—
Per case $1.75
Two quarts for 15c

NAVEL ORANGES—
large ones—per doz 25c
BANANAS—2 doz for 25c
APPLES—good cooking, peck 20c
LETTUCE—3 heads for 10c
ONIONS—4 bunches 10c
CELERY—3 heads 10c
ASPARAGUS, 3 large bunches 25c
BUTTER—fancy creamery—
in 3-lb and 5-lb jars—per lb .. 27c
In 1-lb prints—per lb 28c
BUTTER—choice dairy—lb ... 22c
BAKING CHOCOLATE—
three cakes for 25c
POTATOES—per bus 35c
HAMS—Drummond's Sugar-cured—per lb 12½c
PICNIC HAMS—per lb 9c
CORN, PEAS, TOMATOES—
three cans for 25c

Don't forget that we have the cheapest and best Teas and Coffees on the market.

BEAUTY IS FIRST

Ban Placed Upon Skyscrapers at National Capital.

The Builders Fought Against the Order, But Gave Up.

Washington, May 12.—Washington does not want and will not have skyscrapers. A controversy between officials of the city government and builders about the height of buildings has ended in the establishment by the former of their policy against high structures. A case just disposed of, it is believed, has furnished a precedent, under which for the future the national capital will be protected from tall buildings that would destroy its beauty, referred to today by one of the city officials, as its wealth.

Washington has only one building that properly can be styled a skyscraper. That is an apartment house, the Cairo, on Q street near Seventeenth, a residence section. It is of thirteen stories and is 165 feet high. No other building here approaches it in height, except the capitol, whose height is in the dome. It was the Cairo that started the controversy against high buildings, as the city officials realized that if the tall buildings surrounded those of the federal government the symmetry and beauty of the latter would be impaired and the conformity of the entire business section of the city with the federal buildings destroyed.

As the party most deeply interested the federal government was appealed to. It owns buildings in the District of Columbia which cost approximately $75,000,000 and building sites and other real estate worth a fabulous price. Congress, in response to a recommendation of the which in substance provides that no building should be erected to a height greater than the width of the street, except in the case of Pennsylvania avenue, which is 160 feet wide, where the buildings should not exceed 130 feet.

Subsequent legislation practically authorized the commissioners to adopt any schedule they might consider proper for the regulation of buildings. The builders and the commissioners have been wrangling ever since this legislation was enacted, the builders insisting that a man could do whatever he pleased with his land and that congress had no right to restrict him in the height of the building he might desire to erect. The commissioners replied that the courts settled questions like that and that if anybody wanted to test the law there was nothing to prevent him from doing so. They went ahead turning down all applications for skyscrapers.

Recently two of the richest banks in Washington were consolidated and the new institution decided to construct a twelve-story office building on a site on Fifteenth street, opposite the treasury. The bank officials filed with the commissioners an application for a permit to construct a building 110 feet high, which was denied on the grounds that as the treasury was only sixty-eight feet high the bank building would not be in conformity with the building plan in that part of the city. A controversy followed in which every effort was made by the bank, including threats of an action in the courts, to induce the commissioners to approve their plans, but the commissioners refused to give way. Yesterday it was announced that the bank had given up its fight and that the building it would erect would be eighty instead of 110 feet high.

The commissioners say the opponents of the building law centered their fight in the case of the bank and that in disposing of that case they believe they have settled the skyscraper question. The legislation restricting the height of buildings in Washington was strongly recommended by J. K. Taylor, supervising architect of the treasury, under whose directions plans for federal buildings are prepared. Mr. Taylor is an arch enemy of the skyscraper.

"There is only one city in this country which presents the slightest excuse for the erection of very high buildings," said he. "That is New York, which is on an island and cannot spread out any further. It therefore must grow either up or down or both. There is no necessity for a skyscraper in Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas City or in fact any other city except New York, because those cities can spread out to any required area. Two buildings each of eight stories are better for a city than one of sixteen and this fact is gradually impressing itself upon city officials. There is less excuse for skyscrapers in Washington than in any other city in the country, because this city has no business to speak of, outside that of the federal government, and is essentially a residence city. Skyscrapers would destroy the beauty of the national capital."

Homeseekers' Excursions

To points in Minnesota, North Dakota and Manitoba, the Northern Pacific railway will sell Homeseekers' tickets at one fare, plus $2.00, every Tuesday during March, April, May and June.

On first and third Tuesdays, same months, will sell similar tickets to all points in West and Southwest. For further information as to rates and tickets, call at City Ticket office, 332 Superior street.

Race For Supremacy.

It is interesting to watch the race for supremacy among Minneapolis-St. Paul-Chicago trains. First place is securely held by the Pioneer Limited and the second place by the Fast Mail. Both trains are entirely owned by the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway. There are three other fast trains via this line from the Twin Cities to Chicago every day, and there is no extra fare to ride on them. Address W. B. Dixon, northwestern passenger agent, St. Paul, for further particulars, lowest rates, etc.

Low Rate Summer Excursions

Low rate summer excursions to Chautauqua Lake and Asbury Park. For illustrated folder, rates and general information write Erie R. R., 555 Railway Exchange, Chicago.

Colonist Rates Via the Northwestern Line.

On sale daily until May 15th, to California at $32.90, Colorado, Utah and Wyoming at $22.50; Portland, Seattle and Tacoma, $25.00. Other points; proportionate rates. City Ticket office, 332 West Superior street. Depot, foot Fifth avenue west.

Grand Opening
—OF THE—
SUNDBY TEA CO
AT THEIR NEW LOCATION—
16 East Superior St.,
TOMORROW.

A choice program will be rendered by Flaaten's Orchestra Afternoon and Evening.

COFFEE SERVED FREE!
Everybody Welcome! Come!

Shipping Orders Promptly Filled.

D. O'LEARY'S
CASH GROCERY,
15 E. SUPERIOR STREET.

Strawberries, 3 for	25c
Early Rose Potatoes, per bu	30c
Creamery Butter, per lb	26c
Minnesota Spinach, pk	20c
Fresh Tomatoes, 2 lbs	25c
Green Beans, per qt	5c
Green Onions, per bunch	1c
Pie Plant, 5 lbs	10c
New Cabbage, each	10c
Corn, Peas, Tomatoes, 3 for	25c
Soap, 12 bars	25c

Prompt Deliveries Everywhere.

The Jolly Men of Old

Knew what was best to drink. The beer they loved we're making now, so let the glasses clink. Be merry friends and forget your cares. In the froth of the cheering glass, in a bumper of pure and delicious beer, that is healthful for swain or lass. Away with care, fatigue and woe, when you drink of Moose Brand Beer; fill high the cup, and drink it up, to the weal of the glad month of May.

Duluth Brew'g & Malting Co.
Either 'Phone 241.

The First Avenue Grocery,
Old 1258—'PHONES—1069 New.
17 FIRST AVENUE WEST.

MONEY SAVERS FOR TOMORROW.

Prices that will not be overlooked by Economical Housekeepers.

Get Your Orders in Early—Both 'Phones.

BULK CATSUP—per qt	10c
CORN, PEAS and TOMATOES—extra quality—3 cans for	22c
FANCY BURBANK POTATOES—per bushel	35c
BANANAS—extra fancy, doz	15c
CALUMET BAKING POWDER—30c size can for	18c

STRAWBERRIES—EXTRA!!! We will have a direct shipment of Southern Berries tomorrow, at not over 10c—get our prices.

CREAMERY BUTTER—1-lb prints and 5-lb Bradleys—per lb 26c

Shipping orders promptly filled.

GASSER'S
MARKET.

SATURDAY SPECIALS

Veal Legs, whole	10c
Veal Leg Cutlets	12½c
Veal Roasts	10c
Veal Stew	6c and 8c
Pork Chops, per lb	15c
Pot Roast	12½c
Pork Shoulders, per lb	12½c
Pork Butts, per lb	12½c
Spare Ribs, per lb	10c
Round Steak, per lb	16c
Shoulder Steak, per lb	14c
Rib Boiling Beef, per lb	7c
Leg Mutton, lb	12½c, 15c
Mutton Stew, per lb	7c
Leg Lamb, lb	15c to 18c
Lamb Stew, per lb	8c and 10c
Hams, per lb	12c
Bacon, lb	14c

Mork Bros.
MEATS.

RIB ROASTS—per lb	15c
SIRLOIN STEAK—a lb	18c
PORTERHOUSE—a lb	20c
ROUND STEAK—per lb	16c
POT ROAST—per lb	12½c
PORK SHOULD'R (whole)	12½c
PORK BUTTS (whole)	12½c
VEAL ROAST	12½@15c
VEAL CUTLETS	12½@15c
LEG MUTTON	12½@15c
HAMBURG STEAK	12½c
Bologna and Liver Sausage—3 lbs for	25c

FRESH-DRESSED CHICKENS at Reasonable Prices.

MORK BROS.
Zenith 'phone 189; Old 'phone 677-M.
531 WEST FIRST STREET.

No matter what you want it will save you time and money if you use THE HERALD WANTS.

THE PEOPLE'S STORE.
Our Vegetables are strictly Fresh and Tender.
All Goods Quoted are Reliable in Quality.

RATHBUN'S

SIMON CLARK, Manager.
Telephone 656. 29 East Superior Street.

Minnesota-grown Spinach—fresh from the garden, peck	20c
Southern Cucumbers—each	5c
Ripe Red Tomatoes—solid and fancy—per lb	10c
Leaf Lettuce—strictly fine—three heads for	10c
Illinois Sweet Peas—fresh from the garden—per quart	7c
Wax or Green Beans—fresh and crisp—per quart	10c

Head Lettuce—Asparagus—Egg Plant—Cauliflower—Mint—Parsley—Celery—Watercress—Beets—Squash—in abundance at Popular Prices.

Strawberries for the million, quality this week perfect—Mississippi berries **3 qts 25c**

VAN BUREN STRAWBERRIES—fresh express shipm't, box	10c
Sweet Juicy Oranges—per dozen	20c, 25c, 30c, 40c
Large Fancy Pineapples—each	20c
Fancy Bananas—per dozen	15c
Large, Juicy Lemons—per dozen	15c
Grape Fruit—four for	25c
New-made Creamery Butter—highest quality—per lb	28c
Success brand Java and Mocha is a strictly high-grade Coffee at a popular price—try a 3-lb can for	85c
Pure Leaf-Rendered Lard—per lb	8c
SPECIAL—Monarch Brand Greengage Plums—3-lb cans, 2 for	25c
Early June Peas, Sweet Corn, and Tomatoes, excellent quality three cans for	25c
New Cooking Onions—per lb	5c
A VERY SPECIAL DEAL—Cooking Figs—per lb	5c

HAVE A NICE SALAD FOR SUNDAY DINNER—here is a special combination for 15c—1 Cucumber—1-lb Tomatoes—1 large head of Lettuce—ALL FOR **15c**

A COFFEE TALK

Perhaps the coffee that you are using now doesn't satisfy you. Better try a pound of our genuine imported Java and Mocha, as we know that you will like it. It's the finest coffee that is brought into this country. We buy it green in large quantities, roast it ourselves and WE KNOW THAT IT IS GOOD. Tomorrow we will sell it for—per pound ..... **35c, or 3 lbs for $1**

Our 27c Challenge Java and Mocha at 24c—or 4 lbs. for $1.
Our 22c Coffee at 18c—6 lbs. for $1.00.
Our 18c Coffee at 15c—or 7 lbs. for $1.00.
TEAS—All our 60c Japan Teas 45c. 60c Ceylon Teas, 45c. 60c English Breakfast at 45c. 60c Gunpowder at 45c.
Our best Laundry Soap, 8 bars for 25c.
Your choice of any of our high-grade Toilet Soaps, regular price 25c, for 18c.

We positively guarantee the best value for the money in the city. We do not sell cheap premium goods with a so-called present besides—but yours for high-grade, pure goods at LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

Malcomson Tea Co.,
G. F. Amborn, Mgr. 109 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.
Zenith 'phone 195. Old 'phone 1098.

SAY!

Don't forget to get a box of Saturday 29c Candy at Boyce's.

THAT'S ALL!

Good Things to Eat

Tomorrow we will sell our best 15c home-made Doughnuts for 10c.

Milk Rolls—fresh—per doz. 10c.

Cookies—plain, per dozen 10c—3 dozen for 25c.

Ice Cream and Light Lunches at all hours.

Try our Saturday Chicken Dinner with strawberry Shortcake—it certainly will please you.

The Vienna,
209 West Superior Street.
310—Both 'phones—310.

HOME BAKING—We make a specialty of home baking of all kinds. The best in the city.
PURE CANDIES—Always fresh. Most for your money.
LUNCHES—At all hours. Drop in when down town to-morrow and try one.

BON-TON
Bakery and Candy Kitchen
25 W. Superior St. Zenith Phone 1166.

Good Butter

is essential to a well-ordered table. No chances are taken when you call for—

Primus

Made from the purest of sweet cream daily, and guaranteed the best on the market, by the

BRIDGEMAN & RUSSELL CO.
16 WEST FIRST ST.
Branch Store 13 E. Superior St.
Both 'phones.

If It's Advertised In The Herald---It'll Be Sold.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

SHOPPING BY TELEPHONE

	Old Phone	New Phone
MEAT MARKETS—		
B. J. Toben	22	22
Mork Bros.	677-M	189
LAUNDRIES—		
Yale Laundry	479	479
Lutes' Laundry	447	447
DRUGGISTS—		
Boyce	163	163
COAL AND FUEL—		
Ohio Coal Co.	76	76
Finch Fuel Co.	1291	1291
Upham Coal Co.	256	485
FUNERAL DESIGNS—		
Victor Huot	663-R	1370
FLORISTS—		
Seekins & Le Borious	1356	1626
BAKERIES—		
The Bon Ton		1166
SEWING MACHINES—		
ELECTRICAL CONTRACTING—		
Mutual Electric Co.	496	496
RUBBER STAMP WORKS—		
Cons. Stamp & Prtg. Co	702-K	755
FRENCH CLEANING—		
La Rose Dye Works	1202-R	1191
PLUMBING AND HEATING—		
McGurin Plumbing & Heating Co.		815
ICE CREAM—		
Aerial Ice Cream Co.	469-M	1340-Y
DYE WORKS—		
Northwestern Dyeing & Cleaning Co.	285-M	1516

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR SALE—COTTAGE AT DEERWOOD. Large grounds, good garden, small fruits—splendid sand beech, two row-boats—good well, boat house and horse barn. Cottage furnished complete. Will rent for the season to desirable parties. Address O. 97, Herald.

EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE—823 WEST FIRST water, sewer and gas. $22. Call evenings.

FOR RENT—SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE. 109 East Fifth street, $15 per month, with water. Inquire 504 Second avenue east.

FOR RENT — EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE, all modern conveniences; central, also four nice rooms, city water; quite central. Apply A. H. W. Eckstein, Real Estate, Fire Insurance and Loans. 300 Exchange building.

FOR RENT—FOUR-ROOM HOUSE AT 725 East Second street. Enquire Bloom & Co., 102 West First street.

FOR RENT—NINE-ROOM HOUSE, 529 West Second street. Inquire Stryker, Manley & Buck.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED COTTAGE, on Park Point. Inquire 616 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT — SEVEN-ROOM, BRICK dwelling, thoroughly modern; hot water heat, etc., East end. G. G. Dickerman & Co., Alworth building.

FOR RENT—SIX-ROOM HOUSE—MODern conveniences. Apply 814 East Third.

FOR RENT—COTTAGE ON BAY SIDE close to pavilion. Park Point. Old 'phone 1224-K.

FOR RENT — EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE, all modern conveniences, good location, $30 per month. C. H. Graves & Co., No. 102 Torrey bldg., Duluth, Minn.

FOR RENT — NINE-ROOM HOUSE IN Park Terrace. Water and heat, $50 per month. 206 Lyceum.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT — FIRST-CLASS DOWNstairs flat, all modern conveniences, $37.50 per month. Better call quick. C. H. Graves & Co., First floor, Torrey building.

FURNISHED FLAT — FIVE-ROOMS — modern, central; June 1st to Sept. 1st; to family without children. Call 3101½ West Superior street.

FURNISHED COMPLETELY, MODERN flat, bath, gas range, $25. 2004 West Second street. Telephone 776-L.

FOR RENT — THREE-ROOM FLAT, also seven-room furnished house; very reasonable and central. Call 226 Mesaba avenue.

THREE ROOMS, FURNISHED FOR housekeeping, 209 West Third street, $17. Inquire Hotel West.

SEVEN-ROOM APPARTMENTS IN Dacey flats; strictly modern. Inquire of janitor, 102 East Third street, or Bell 'phone 423.

FOUR ROOMS, INCLUDING WATER — 20½ East Fourth street.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM FLAT, BATH, electric light. 115 West Second street.

FOR RENT — SEVEN-ROOM FLAT, No. 625 East Third street; water and bath, $25.00 per month. Address 120 East Superior street.

FOR RENT — FIVE-ROOM FLAT, 312 South Nineteenth avenue east; also 5-room flat, 228 East First street. N. J. Upham Co.

FOR RENT — SIX-ROOM FLAT IN Park Terrace; water and heat, $40 per month. 206 Lyceum.

FOR RENT—FOUR-ROOM FLAT. 2016 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—FINE SIX-ROOM BRICK flat, warm and cozy, central, all hardwood floors. Thomas W. Wahl Co., 201 Exchange building.

FLAT IN ASHTABULA TERRACE. INquire 202 Lonsdale building.

MEDICAL.

MEN AND WOMEN—VITALIZED. "VIRTUama," is a French mode of treatment that is positively guaranteed to cure impotency and incontinence of urine resulting from indiscretions or debility, gives vitality and vigor to old and middle-aged, restoring the desires, ambitions and aspirations of youth and health, fitting for success and happiness in business, professional, social and married life. $2 a package or 3 for $5. Send your money to nearest druggist. He will deliver you this vitalizer in plain wrapper at your residence prepaid. No one should expect cheaper remedies to rejuvenate them. Don't waste time and money with any others. Druggists supplied by Jobbers.

FOR WOMEN ONLY—DR. RAYMOND'S Pills, for delayed periods, absolutely reliable, perfectly safe. No danger, no pain, no interference with work. Relief brought to thousands after everything else failed. Highly recommended by all that have used them. By mail $2.00 Dr. R. G. Raymond Remedy Co., Room 27, 84 Adams street, Chicago, Ill.

LADIES—Dr. LaFranco's Compound; safe speedy regulator, 25c, druggists or mail. Booklet free. Dr. La Franco, Phila., Pa.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR, BURrows bldg. Best work. Moderate prices.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEYER, 14 W. SUPERIOR ST.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE.
REAL ESTATE.
$250 will buy Park Point lots; $300 for better ones. I can build you a home. Come and see me.
W. F. LEGGETT,
507 Burrows Building.

AN EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE NEAR Lincoln Park. In good repair. Complete plumbing, electric lights, No. 1 hardwood floors over entire house, with exception of one room. Lot 33 1-3x140 ft. All street improvements paid. Price $2,700. Enquire of S. Morterud, 1931 West Superior street, or at residence, 429 Twenty-sixth avenue west.

FOR SALE—HOUSE, WOOD SHED, carpenter shop and two lots. House in good repair. Inquire L. D. La Barre, millwright, Scanlon mill, Scanlon, Minn.

FOR SALE — FOUR-ROOM COTTAGE and choice lot, near La Fayette Square, Park Point—$800. William C. Sargent & Co., 106 Providence Building.

FOR SALE OR RENT — GOOD 6-ROOM house, 1819 Dingwall street. Apply Charles Schiller, 326 West Superior St.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Zenith, 936. Duluth Tel. 759-R

MONEY TO LOAN!
WESTERN LOAN CO.,
Pioneers in the Business. 521 Manhattan Bldg. Courteous Treatment to All.
MANAGED BY MEN.

$10 to $1,000 on horses, cattle, wagons, pianos, household goods. Salaried people with steady employment can borrow on their plain note. Lowest rates and best terms in the Northwest. No charge for taking application. Everything absolutely confidential.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC. We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $100. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms, on their plain note, without mortgage, endorsers or publicity. Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.
MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY,
205 Palladio Building.
Phones—New, 883; Old, 636-M.

THE BEST PLACE TO MAKE A SALARY LOAN.
Because: Offices are private.
Because: We loan on personal notes.
Because: All dealings are confidential.
Because: We give actual rebate.
Because: Open Wed. and Sat. evenings.
Because: We give the easiest terms.
Because: We are the
DULUTH FINANCE CO.,
301 Palladio Building.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, diamonds, furs, etc., and all goods of value from $1 to $1,000. We hold all goods one year, even if interest is not paid. The only resognized, reputable pawnbroker. Established 1887 Keystone Loan and Mercantile Co., 16 West Superior street. Zenith phone 1080-X.

UNION LOAN CO.—Makes loans, buys notes and mortgages. 210 Palladio.

MONEY SUPPLIED TO SALARIED people and others upon their own names, without security; easy payments. Offices in 51 principal cities. Tolman, 609 Palladio building.

Money to Loan on Watches, Diamonds, Furs, Guns and all articles of value. We have two large fire and burglar proof safes. All business strictly confidential. The only up-to-date and reliable place in the city to transact your business. Give us a trial. Crescent Brokers, 413½ West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE security in sums from $200 up. Any amount—no delay—all privileges—5, 5½, 6 per cent. Let us know what you need. William C. Sargent & Co., 106 Providence building.

WANTED TO LOAN—$2,500 ON VERY best real estate security, netting 12 per cent on $10,000. R. M., Herald.

FOR SALE—HORSES.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN, Midway Horse Market, St. Paul, have the largest assortment of horses in the entire Northwest. Auction every Wednesday at 2 o'clock. Private sales daily. Part time given.

CRUSHED OATS
CRUSHED OATS
Is the best feed for your horse. It gives him more strength than other feeds. Maginnis Grain and Feed company foot of Third avenue east. New phone, 660; old phone, 1154-M.

FOR SALE — ACCLIMATED, FINE draft and general purpose horses; 70 to 100 head always on hand. Stone-Ordean-Wells company.

FOR SALE—COWS.

S. M. KANER HAS JUST ARRIVED with a carload of fresh milch cows—some full-blood Jerseys among them. 1219 East Seventh street. Zenith phone 1387.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD FRESH MILCH cows. Will sell or exchange for fat cattle. E. Carlson, Twenty-second avenue west and Twelfth street. Zenith 1654-D.

A CARLOAD OF FRESH MILCH COWS just arrived, will exchange for fat cattle. 821 Fourth Ave. E. L. Polinsky.

Cows—74th Ave. W., bay front. A. Smith.

TYPEWRITERS.

MINIMUM OF REPAIRS, MAXIMUM of sales; they go together with the Remington. Remington Typewriter Co., New York and everywhere.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSEN, GRADUATE MIDwife; female complaints. 413 Seventh avenue east. Old phone 865; Zenith 1225.

A SNAP.

$1,200.00 TAKES A GOOD EIGHT-ROOM house on corner of Seventh street and Twenty-fifth avenue west; $675 cash, balance to suit. Look this up. J. A. Stephenson, 104 Providence building.

STENOGRAPHER.

STENOGRAPHY AND BOOKKEEPING taught. 31 Twenty-fifth avenue west, corner First street.

DENTISTRY.

TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN. Duluth Dental Parlors, 3 West Superior street.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—CONFECTIONERY, CIGAR store and ice cream parlor. 1 Garfield avenue.

FOR SALE — SHAFTING, HANGERS, pulleys. Seipel & Huntley, printers, 220 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—BRICK HOUSE AT LAKEside, six rooms, with bath and toilet; stone foundation; price $2,300; only $1,100 cash. Inquire of owner, No. 5725 Oneida street.

FOR SALE — PRACTICALLY BRAND new Smith-Premier typewriter. Reasonable for cash. O 26, Herald.

FOR SALE—SECOND-HAND BUGGY—cheap. 114-116 West Superior street.

FISHING TACKLE, BICYCLE SUNdries and baseball goods. Prices to meet all kinds of competition. J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—CONTRACT NO. 171 IN THE U. S. Installment Realty company. O. 98, Herald.

FOR SALE — ONE SIX-FOOT SHOW case and 10-foot paneled counter. L. C. Coffin & Co., Park Point.

FOR SALE — STOVES, CARPETS, dressers, commodes, tables, chairs, iron beds complete, very cheap. 505 East Second street.

FOR SALE—BARBER SHOP AND RESIdence combined. Barber shop 16x20 feet, residence 18x30; two stores, three rooms upstairs rented for $6.00 per month; three similar rooms downstairs comprise residence; will sell for $1,000, and will include fixtures and three chairs for $1,100. For further particulars address Mrs. Janssen, Lady Barber, Park Falls, Wisconsin.

OAK PIANO $160, USED THREE months, in fine condition. Terms, $10 cash and $5 a month.
EBONY CASED PIANO, $110, UPRIGHT, used, good condition. Terms, $10 cash and $5 a month.
FRENCH & BASSETT.

FOR SALE — FURNITURE OF FIVEroom flat if taken at once. Easy terms. Also flat for rent. 617 East Fifth street.

FOR SALE—PNEUMATIC TIRE BUGGY in good condition. Call A. W. Gaspar, core of Gray-Tallant.

FOR SALE—CONFECTIONERY, CIGAR store and ice cream parlor. C 94, Herald.

STEEL RANGE—GOOD CONDITION — cheap. Call mornings at 110 South Sixteenth avenue east.

FOR SALE—HACK, IN FINE CONDITion, easy paymets if desired. Call or write, 205 Palladio building.

LANDS FOR SALE.

HARDWOOD TIMBER LANDS NEAR Duluth in tracts of 40 to 160 acres, for sale at prices so olw that the timber cut into cordwood will pay for the land and timber both. Easy terms. Guaranty Farm Land Co., 416 Lyceum.

ACRES IN LARGE AND SMALL tracts for gardens, poultry or stock, in all parts of St. Louis county; some very desirable five and ten-acre pieces in valley of Lester, two or three miles from Pavilion. Wm. C. Sargent & Co., 106 Providence building.

400 ACRES IN ST. LOUIS COUNTY AT $1.25 per acre. Timber sold, but no taxes for owner of land to pay until timber is removed. One half of mineral rights goes with land. Lands at this price are an absolutely safe investment. Guaranty Farm Land Co., 416 Lyceum.

SEVERAL SMALL TRACTS OF LAND located on lakes in St. Louis county, and desirable for summer homes, and for hunting and fishing. Some have good comfortable buildings. Prices $3 to $5 per acre. Guaranty Farm Land Co., 416 Lyceum.

160 ACRE FARM FOR $1,000. HOUSE 17x20 with 10x12 addition. Barn 16x18 with hay loft. Another barn 20x23. 32-foot well of fine water. Only 40 rods from railroad. School half a mile. Nine miles from city limits on good road. There is over 2,000 cords of hardwood which alone is worth twice what is asked for the whole property. Title perfect. Easy terms. Guaranty Farm Land Co., 416 Lyceum.

IMPROVED FARMS OF 40 TO 160 acres in St. Louis, Carlton and Douglas counties for sale at low prices and on easy terms. Guaranty Farm Land Co., 416 Lyceum building.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. HENLEY—PRIVATE HOSPITAL for women. 304 St. Croix avenue.

MUSIC and musical merchandise of every description. Edison Phonographs, band orchestra instruments, pianos and organs. INGVALD WESTGAARD, 7 and 9 First Avenue West.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

AT ONCE TO EXCHANGE A JEWEL gas range, almost new, for a wood and coal range. Flat 4, Miller block, Eighteenth avenue west and Superior street.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED AT ONCE — DELIVERY horse. Apply Beck's market, 230 West Second street.

WANTED TO BUY — LARGE SAFE and large double standing desk. Address B. C., Herald.

WANTED TO BUY — ONE DOUBLE flat-top office desk and chairs; must be in good condition. E. A. Lindgren, 430 West Superior street.

WANTED TO BUY—TEN-FOOT OAK counter; must be in good condition. E. A. Lindgren, 430 West Superior street.

HIGHEST CASH PRICES PAID FOR men's and women's clothing, Abe Winer, 802 West Superior street. Zenith 1640.

BOSTON HAIR PARLORS.

FACIAL BLEMISHES, HAIR MOLES, warts removed by electricity. Shampooing, manicuring, hair switches. Miss Kelly, opp. Glass block. Both 'phones.

MILLINERY.

UP-TO-DATE MILLINERY AT LOW prices. Miss Swenson, 106 West Superior street.

MISS FITZPATRICK, 502 E. 4. Old 'phone

M. A. COX, 330 EAST FOURTH STREET.

FLORIST.

EVERYTHING in plants, cut flowers, artistic designs. Seekins, 110 W. Sup. St.

CLOTHES BOUGHT.

I BUY all kinds of old clothing; highest prices. G. Shapiro, 721 W. Superior St. Zenith 1582-X.

UPHOLSTERY.

C. F. FORSELL, PRACTICAL UPHOLsterer. Shop 238 E. Sup. St. Zenith, 949.

CHAIR CANING AND GENERAL REpairing. Goods called for and delivered. J. Underwood, new phone 1708.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

BETTER 'TEND TO THAT SATURDAY HERALD WANT AD EARLY TO-MORROW

If you haven't time to go to The Herald Office, why just

Tell It to 'Phone 324.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED room, steam heat; both gas and telephone; board if desired. 921 East First street.

FURNISHED ROOMS AT 117 WEST First street.

FURNISHED ROOMS, $1 TO $1.50 PER week. 21 Fifth avenue west.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED rooms; day, week or month; central location; rates reasonable. 207 West Superior street.

FOR RENT — A LARGE FURNISHED front room and alcove; will allow light housekeeping; upstairs. 325 Third avenue west.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM WITH alcove overlooking lake. 316 East Second street.

FOR RENT—A SUITE OF TWO ROOMS at 7 West Superior street, suitable for office purposes. C. P. Craig & Co.: 220 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOMS, $10 PER month. 1112 West Third street.

FOUR ROOMS FOR RENT—ALL CONveniences. $10.00 per month. Call 2401 West Fourth street.

TWO UNFURNISHED ROOMS FOR light housekeeping. 420 Sixth avenue west.

OTHER WANTS ON PAGE 19.

STEAM HEATED ROOM FOR LADY or gentleman; centrally located on Superior street. References required. Address O 35, Herald.

FOR RENT—TWO LARGE AND ONE small unfurnished rooms, with all conveniences. 623 East Fourth street.

FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED rooms. 29 West Second street. Steam heat, gas, bath.

FOR RENT — ONE LARGE FRONT room, furnished. 18 East First street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM FOR light housekeeping. 19 First avenue west.

FOR RENT—THREE MODERN UNFURnished rooms for light housekeeping. 809 East First street.

FOUR ROOMS, INCLUDING WATER—$8.00. 20½ East Fourth street.

LARGE FRONT ROOM FURNISHED or unfurnished, with bath. 823 East Third street.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED rooms, all modern conveniences. 704 West Second street.

FURNISHED ROOM, 232 MESABA AVE.

TWO FURNISHED ROOMS FOR TWO gentlemen, modern. 807 E. First street.

FURNISHED ROOMS FOR HOUSEkeeping. 426 First avenue west.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS, 8 Mason Flats.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED front room. 229 Fifth avenue west.

FOR RENT—TWO PLEASANT ROOMS, furnished complete for housekeeping. Call 710 West Second street.

NICELY FURNISHED FRONT ROOM, all modern, for one or two gentlemen, 224 Third avenue east.

FOR RENT — TWO NICELY FURnished rooms at reasonable rent. 320 West Third street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED AND UNfurnished steam-heated rooms. 218 West Superior street.

A LARGE FURNISHED ROOM, 217 Second avenue east.

FOR RENT — OFFICES, MESABA building. Julius D. Howard & Co.

WHITEWASHING.

CAYO BROS. WILL WHITEWASH your basement, barn, warehouse or elevator shaft for 1½ to 2 cents per yard. Best of references. Old phone 422-R.

NOTICE.

FINE LINE OF LADIES', GENT'S AND children's shoes. You will get a perfect fit and save 25 cents on the dollar by buying at 229 East Superior street. Repairing while you wait. Soles, 50 cents. N. Nurick.

AERIAL HOME BAKERY.

Fresh home baking. Mrs. Alice Shields, 332 E. Superior street. Old 'phone 1172-M.

JOE POPKIN,

THE TAILOR, HAS MOVED OVER Gidding's. Suits pressed, 50 cents; pants, 15 cents.

ARCHITECTS.

FRANK L. YOUNG & CO., 201 Pal. Bldg.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

WANTED — FOR U. S. ARMY — ABLEbodied, unmarried men, between ages of 18 and 35; citizens of the United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write English. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, Torrey building, Duluth Minn.

WANTED—PANTS AND VESTMAKER at No. 9 Twentieth avenue west. Karl J. Hagberg.

WANTED — BOY, MINNESOTA CIGAR Box factory, 30 First avenue west.

STENOGRAPHER WANTED—A COMPEtent stenographer, (man or woman), with office experience, can get two or three weeks work while regular clerk is away. No one without experience need apply. Send application, references and state salary per day wanted. Address O. 96, Herald.

TALLY AND GRADER MAN, $2.50 DAY. Western Labor and Supply company, 427 West Michigan street.

DRIVER WANTED—ZENITH CITY DYE Works, 6 East Superior street. Scandinavian preferred.

WANTED—ELEVATOR BOY. HOTEL McKay.

WANTED—AN ENERGETIC, BRIGHT young man, as specialty salesman; must have experience. Apply Swift & Co., corner Third avenue west and Michigan street.

WANTED — GOOD COOK IN SMALL restaurant; steady work. Address G. B. Collins, Iron Junction, Minn.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS PRESSER on men's garments. La Rose Dye Works, 330 East Superior street.

EXPERIENCED CUTTER, (YOUNG man), wants position in Duluth. Used to city trade. Address O. 96, Herald.

BOOKS OPENED, POSTED, AUDITED and closed. All business confidential. Thorough accountant. M., Herald.

WANTED — SECOND COOK — GOOD wages; no Sunday work. Apply at once, 207 West Superior street.

WANTED — CARPENTERS TO STAY away from Pittsburg. Lockout still pending. By order of S. T. Skrove, Sec.

MEN TO LEARN BARBER TRADE. Splendid opportunity just now. Write for free illustrated catalogue. Moler Barber college, 221 Second avenue south, Minneapolis, Minn. Established 1893.

ARE YOU GETTING ALL YOU EARN? Getting tired of working for small pay? We can enable you to make at least $3 a day selling our celebrated household specialties on easy payments. Experience and investment not necessary; city or country. Gately Supply company, 8 East Superior street.

WANTED—TWO GOOD COATMAKERS; steady work. Mies, Wolvin building.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

ANDERSON'S DETECTIVE AGENCY—B. F. Anderson, Mgr., 527 Manhattan building, Duluth. Zenith phone, 660; residence, 1213.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk Factory, 220 W. Superior St.

KNAUF'S METHO CREAM.

CLEARS THE COMPLEXION. KNAUF Sisters' Hair Store.

SATIN TOILET SPECIALTIES.

Burns, chaps, sores, chafing, tender skin healed by Satin skin cream. Try it. 25c.

BAND AND ORCHESTRA.

LA BROSSA BAND AN ORCHESTRA; residence, 430 Nineteenth avenue west. Phones, Zenith 1717-X; Duluth 678-R. Office with Landberg & Stone, 221 West Superior street.

WATCH REPAIRING.

WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING done promptly and in a thorough manner. J. Gruesen, 31 West Superior St.

MINES AND MINING.

R. B. HIGBEE, GERMANIA LIFE building, St. Paul, Minn., dealer in iron lands.

IRON MINES, iron lands, iron leases and mining stock. O. A. Nafe, 407 Torrey.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

CHIROPRACTIC INSTITUTE.

DR. KONKLER CURES FEMALE DISeases. 314, 315 and 316 Burrows building. Zenith 'phone. Consultation free. We teach chiropractic.

MERCHANT TAILOR.

SUITS PRESSED, 50c; PANTS, 15c. J. Oreckovsky, 10 Fourth avenue west.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MADAME BIAS, SPIRITUALIST MEDium, 1809 Eleventh St., Superior, Wis.

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE—WE REPRESENT SEVen strong companies. Let us write your insurance. Wm. C. Sargent & Co., 106 Providence building.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST COMpanies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

ASHES AND GARBAGE.

ASHES AND GARBAGE REMOVED. Telephone 570-Y, Zenith.

BY LOAD OR MONTH. 48 both phones.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

COOK, DISHWASHERS, WAITRESSES, laundresses, general housework and nurse girl. Somer's Emp., 17 2nd Ave. E.

WANTED — LADIES TO SEND US their old carpets to be made into fluff rugs. For particulars write the R. Ab Co., rug weavers, 139 South Halstead street, Chicago, Ill.

LADIES TO KNOW THAT THE BEST millinery at the lowest prices can only be had at Brandt's, 114 West Fourth street.

WANTED — A COMPETENT COOK, AT once. Mrs. J. B. Cotton, 1617 East First street.

WANTED—A GIRL AT ONCE FOR general housework, 517 West First street.

GOOD, EXPERIENCED DRESSMAKER wanted immediately at 626 West First street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; small family. N, Buffalo flats.

WANTED—GIRL FOR HOUSE WORK. 1901 East Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 5409 London road.

WANTED — CHAMBERMAID. Midland hotel. 210 West Second street.

WANTED — LADY SOLICITORS, NO investment; work pleasant. Call on V. C. Giebner, 218 West Third street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 2731 West Third street.

GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork. Call 305 North Fifty-sixth avenue west.

COOK AND SECOND COOK; BEST wages. 2632 West Superior street.

WANTED—AT ONCE, EXPERIENCED waist and skirt finishers, good wages, at Mme. Burns' dressmaking parlors, over Gidding's store.

WANTED—GOOD WOMAN COOK IN small restaurant and two kitchen girls. Will pay good wages; steady work. Address George B. Collins, Iron Junction, Minn.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Flat G, 120 East Fourth street. Small family small flat.

WANTED—SWEDISH GIRL FOR A small family. 10 East Fourth street.

WANTED—DISHWASHER AT BOYLE'S Restaurant, 319 West Superior street.

WANTED — A COMPETENT NURSE girl. Call at 607 East First street.

WANTED — DISHWASHER AND TWO dining girls. California restaurant, 620 West Superior street.

WANTED — YOUNG LADY FOR OFfice position. Moderate salary to begin. Write giving full particulars. Permanent position for the right party. Address O 33, care Herald.

WANTED AT ONCE—EXPERIENCED second girl and good dishwasher. 10 West Second street.

WANTED — COMPETENT SECOND girl; highest wages. Mrs. Clinton Markell, 219 Fourth avenue east.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED SALESlady and maker. Miss A. M. Selgne, 1406 New York block, Superior.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. Mrs. H. V. Eva, Hunter's Park.

WANTED—WOMAN FOR WASHING. 712 Garfield avenue.

WANTED—A WOMAN FOR GENERAL housework. Small family. Call Twenty-seventh street and Park Point. Mrs. W. H. Bliss.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Call 516 Lake avenue north.

COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENERAL housework at 1214 East Second street.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 1723 East Second street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. German preferred. 129 West Fourth street.

WANTED — CHAMBERMAID, FIN lander preferred. Nicollet hotel.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Mrs. Hoff, 211 West Second street.

PALMIST.

COME! COME! COME!
Madam DeVerna
Is going to leave. THE LAST CHANCE TO SEE HER

For she will leave the city May 20th. Don't miss this chance, when she is gone you will regret that you did not avail yourself of her wonderful knowledge and advice. What she charged pennies for will be worth hundreds to you in the future. She is now located over the Bijou theater, 10 East Superior street. Hours: 9 to 12 a. m., 1 to 9 p. m. Her $1.00 Readings for 50 cents.

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED — AN AGENT IN EACH LOcality for "Men and Women" (Catholic magazine). O. 5, Herald.

BOARD OFFERED.

FINE SUITE FRONT ROOMS, WITH board; two gentlemen or married couple. 329 West Second street.

ROOM AND BOARD FOR TWO. 525 East Third street.

BOARD AND ROOM. 305 E. THIRD ST.

DESIRABLE SUITE OF ROOMS, WITH first-class board. 318 West Second St.

TWO NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, with board, bath, telephone and all modern conveniences. 9 Chester Terrace.

LOANS WANTED.

IF YOU WANT THE LOWEST RATE and the best terms, I can satisfy you. John A. Stephenson. Ask for Frank E. Kennedy.

DYE WORKS.

NORTHWESTERN DYEING & CLEANing Co., 17 North Lake avenue. French dry cleaners and fancy dyers. Largest and best and most reliable dye house in the Northwest. Both 'phones.

DRESSMAKING.

FASHIONABLE DRESSMAKING Charges reasonable. 1917 Dingwall street. Duluth phone 1034-L.

MADAME FERRIER—WORK AND FIT guaranteed first-class. Old phone 1400-L. 304 McDonnell Block.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

CHIMNEY SWEEP.

CHIMNEYS AND FURNACES cleaned and repaired. Eastman Bros. Zenith 1432-Y.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.
PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings, first and third Monday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting May 15. Work—First degree. Guy A. Eaton, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, May 8, 1905. Work—Second degree. William D. Underhill, W. M.; H. S. Newell, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting May 13, 1905, at 2 p. m. Work—M. M. and M. E. M. and Royal Arch supper at 6:30. William A. McGonagle, H. P.; W. T. TenBrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T. Stated conclave, first Tuesday of each month at 8 p. m. Special conclave May 16th, 8 p. m., at Masonic Temple, Lake avenue and Second street. Work—Red Cross. C. W. Wilson, Em-Com.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

SCOTTISH RITE.
Regular meetings every Thursday evening of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting, May 18, 1905. Work in Fourth, Fifth and Sixth degrees. Jerome B. Cooley, secretary.

K. O. T. M.
DULUTH TENT, NO. 1, MEETS EVERY Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. John P. Peterson, Com., 2617 West Third street; Charles J. Hector, finance keeper, 32 West First street; J. B. Gelineau, R. K., third floor Hunter building. Office hours, 10 a. m. to 1:30 p. m.

MODERN SAMARITANS.
ALPHA COUNCIL, NO. 1, meets every Thursday, 8 p. m., in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. Next meeting May 11. Samaritan degree. F. A. Noble, G. S.; W. F. Welbanks, scribe; Thomas A. Gall, financial scribe.

A. O. U. W.
FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 165, meets in Kalamazoo hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Lee Warner, M. W.; W. W. Fenstermacher, recorder; O. J. Murvold, financier, 8 East Seventh street.

A. O. U. W.
DULUTH LODGE, NO. 10, meets in Odd Fellows' hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. Geo. J. Sherman, M. W.; J. W. Stephenson, financier; A. E. Blake, recorder. Sick benefits meets 7:30 o'clock. A good time after meeting. All members come.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock sharp at 118 West Superior street. May 9, work in the Third degree. G. E. Storms, C. C.; H. B. Young, K. R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.
DULUTH ARIE, NO. 79, MEETS every Thursday night at 8 o'clock at Eagle hall, Folz building, 116 West Superior St. W. E. Brown, W. P.; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, 23 West Superior St. Apply to W. E. Brown, 417 West Superior street, for rental of hall.

M. W. A.
IMPERIAL CAMP, NO. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, first and third Mondays. Visiting members always welcome. F. B. Beaupre, V. C.; N. P. Turnbladt, banker; Robert Rankin, clerk.

I. O. F.
COURT COMMERCE, NO. 3283, Independent Order of Foresters, meets first and third Friday evening, at 8 o'clock, at Kalamazoo hall. Next meeting, May 19, 1905. Initiations. R. J. Packard, C. R.; W. W. Hoopes, R. S.

CLAN STEWART, NO. 50, O. S. C.—Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at 8 p. m., in Folz hall, West Superior street. John G. Ross, chief; Malcolm MacDonald, secretary; John Burnett, financial secretary, 10 Mason flats. Next meeting, Wednesday, May 17.

ROYAL LEAGUE.
ZENITH COUNCIL, NO. 161, Royal League, meets in Elks' hall, second and fourth Monday evenings at 8 o'clock. J. P. Heffernan, archon; L. P. Murray, scribe, 1815 East Fifth street.

KNIGHTS OF THE LOYAL GUARD—Subordinate Division, No. 132, meets first and third Wednesday evenings each month, Hall A, Kalamazoo block. E. F. Heller, Capt. Gen'l; H. V. Holmes, paymaster, 415 Fifteenth avenue east; Mrs. Mary P. Foster, recorder, 720 Third avenue east.

MODERN MACCABEES—Zenith City Tent No. 1044, meets every first and third Friday of the month at Hall B, Kalamazoo building. Commander, J. A. McCuen; record keeper, E. R. Griffke; finance keeper, Wm. Blainey, address care of National Biscuit company.

U. A. O. D.
DULUTH GROVE, NO. 40, meets the second and fourth Monday at Kalamazoo hall. F. G. Sandstedt, N. A.; M. Monson, financial secretary.

INTERNATIONAL BROTHERHOOD OF Teamsters — Local No. 411 meets at Manhattan Bldg., 412 West Superior street, room 204, second and fourth Monday of each month. A. Beattie, president, 2806 West Helm street; J. M. Rock, recording secretary, 722 Garfield avenue; Archie McPherson, secretary-treasurer, 816½ East Fifth street.

Section 1. Pages 1 to 12.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

24 Pages

TWENTY-THIRD YEAR. LAST EDITION. SATURDAY, MAY 13, 1905. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE TEAMSTERS' STRIKE IN CHICAGO MAY REACH GIGANTIC PROPORTIONS

Leaders Intimate That Other Unions May Be Called Out.

Employers Seem to Be Getting Better of Present Struggle.

Rioting on the Streets Now Reduced to a Minimum.

Chicago, May 13.—Peter Doyle of the Chicago Team Owners' association denied today that the association heretofore neutral in the teamsters' strike had definitely determined to abandon its conciliatory policy. The presentation of the association will go before the teamsters' joint council tonight and in the meantime will determine whether to demand that deliveries be made by union drivers to boycotted concerns. It was reported last night that the members of four associations who have preserved a neutral attitude thus far, have taken a positive stand and either a settlement of the present strike or a spread to far greater proportions is expected by the early part of next week. The team-owners held a conference at the Briggs house after which President Shea was sent for and asked if he would permit his union teamsters to deliver goods for the team owners to boycotted houses. Upon the refusal of Shea it was announced that a committee of teamowners would go before the joint council, which is deemed a more conservative organization than the strike committees. Members of the Chicago Team Ownrs' association, the Commission Team Owners association, the Van Team Owners' association and the Lumbermen's association were in the conference. The associations represented employ approximately 8,000 men. It has been represented to the team owners that they must make deliveries in order to live up to contracts. The committee which transmitted the news to Shea and the other labor leaders was composed of T. J. Dixon, Edward Hines, Secretary T. J. Cavanaugh of the Team Owners' association, and Peter Doyle, who today denied that the association had definitely determined to abandon conciliation. When the action of the owners was made known to Shea, he is said to have responded:

"We'll win. If they want to fight, let 'em come on. We can still call out every member of our union in the city and paralyze the transfer business of Chicago. I do not say this will be done, but we will do it rather than give up."

Martin Lacy, a non-union colored teamster, is a new victim of strike violence. While driving a wagon on Wentworth avenue, he was dragged from the vehicle by six men and beaten into insensibility. Lacy was taken to the Provident hospital where it was found he had severe wounds in the head.

Business was resumed today on a larger scale than any previous day since the strike was inaugurated. Wagons moved along the streets with smaller police protection than heretofore. At all the larger retail stores, however, as well as upon wagons through the city armed deputy sheriffs were much in evidence.

Stones were thrown at nonunion drivers who delivered coal to the Carter H. Harrison school, Twenty-third place and Wentworth avenue, today. Six policeman escorted the wagons from the Peabody Coal company's yards. Missiles began to fly as soon as the wagon approached the school building. Crowds of the school children stood on the corners, asserting they would not go to school Monday. Notithstanding the stone-throwing, the coal was delivered. No arrests were made.

The death of Harry Grady at the Provident hospital today added another fatality to the list attributed to the teamsters' strike. Grady and his brother, William, were called to the rear of their home in the night, and without apparent provocation, shot down. A bullet entered Harry Grady's head, but his brother escaped with less serious injuries and is recovering.

Sentiment among the teamsters, unofficially expressed, today was that efforts to be made tonight by the teamowners' committee to secure permission from the teamsters' joint council to make deliveries to the boycotted houses, would be fruitless. A spread of the strike was looked for. Assertions were made that it may reach gigantic proportions.

Rumors of a strike of the employes of the Union Traction company were revived today. The agreement between the employes and the company expires during the last part of this month. General Manager Roach of the Traction company denied that there was any prospect of a strike, saying that there was no disagreement of any kind between the two sides. Despite this denial the rumor was widely circulated and was given credence in labor circles.

The employment bureau of the Employers' association is enlarging the scope of its operations. Victor W. Sincere, in charge of the bureau, said today:

"We have now a surplus of 150 men. Three hundred and fifty came in today from Toledo, Cleveland and St. Louis."

Union officials expect a big demonstration of sympathy tomorrow at the funeral of George S. Pierce, a union driver, who was shot and killed by Deputy Sheriff Waldorff. Arrangements for the funeral have been made by the department store wagon drivers' union.

CROKER'S SON DIES OF NARCOTIC POISONING

Smoked Too Much Opium In Chinese Joint and Died on a Train.

Newton, Kas., May 13.—The coroner's jury, in the case of Herbert Croker, brought in a verdict today that he came to his death from the effects of narcotic poisoning, taken into his system, at Kansas City, Mo., before boarding the Santa Fe train.

Kansas City, May 13.—Interest in the mysterious death on a train between Kansas City and Newton, Kan., of Herbert V. Croker, son of Richard Croker of New York city, centered today around Charles Wilson, the Coates house negro porter, who placed the young man on the train for the South on Thursday night.

Wilson, who is 30 years old, was arrested after midnight, and held pending investigation. To the police he had told the story of meeting Croker in the barroom of the Coates house, where Wilson was employed, of conducting Croker to an opium joint, and of later taking him to the train.

Although Wilson was frank in all the admissions to the police and told a connected story that fits in closely with all they had learned about the case from other sources, it was decided to put him through a severe examination today. Chief of Police John Hayes said that he would examine Wilson today.

In the meantime, a dozen detectives continued to work on the case in an endeavor to gain any evidence that would throw further light upon Croker's movements while in Kansas City.

At Newton, Kan., where the body of Croker is being held, the coroner's jury which last night began an inquiry into the cause of his death, continued its investigation today. Last night the conductor, brakeman and porter of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe train, on which Croker died, had given their testimony. This story tallied practically with that already known. The conductor, however, had testified that there was no smell of liquor about Croker when he found him dead in the chair car, and the coroner today paid particular attention to this phase in an endeavor to determine whether or not Croker had died from poison or from the effects of being drugged.

When Wilson was examined by Chief Hayes this morning, nothing new was learned from him, but following the examination an officer was sent out to bring in Ah Lee, the Chinaman, whose place Wilson said he had visited with Croker on Thursday night and where it was asserted he had smoked opium.

An Associated Press representative was present at the examination of Wilson. The negro told a straightforward story detailing the movements of Croker and himself as already given.

Later, Chief Hayes said to the Associated Press: "I am convinced that Wilson has told the truth, and was not connected in any way criminally with the death of Croker. We shall hold Wilson, however, for further investigation and to be used as a witness against Lee."

Wilson told how he had met Croker in the bar room of the Coates house, one of the leading hostelries in the city, where the negro was employed as porter. Croker, Wilson said, asked him at 5:30 Thursday evening "where he could have a little fun." Wilson had told him of an opium den in the North end and offered to conduct him to the place after 6 o'clock, when he would be off duty at the hotel. Croker had waited until that time and then had gone with the negro to Con Cronin's saloon at Fourth street and Broadway. There, Wilson suggested that if Croker had any money he had better give it to the bartender for safekeeping before they started out. Croker gave the bartender $20, saying it was all he had, except some change, and the bartender placed the money in an envelope in the safe.

From Cronin's saloon the two men went to Lee's place above a saloon on West Sixth street, four blocks away. There Lee had conducted Croker to a couch, and Wilson had gone down stairs to wait until Croker had had a smoke. In about an hour he re-entered the saloon. "He was a little unsteady," said Wilson, "but he walked fairly well.

"He told me he wanted to catch a train for Oklahoma, and that we had better go," he said.

Wilson said they had reached the Union station only a few minutes before time for the train to start. After paying for the carriage, Wilson said, Croker had between $17 and $18 left. Croker tried to get a Pullman ticket, but was unable to do so and the two went into the chair car.

After the examination of Wilson, Chief Hayes gave it as his opinion that Croker had died from the effects of smoking opium too fast.

Ah Lee, the Chinaman, was arrested and brought to central station at 9:30 this morning. He was questioned closely and told a story that bore out the statement made by Wilson regarding the visit of the men to his place. Lee said Croker had smoked five pills of opium, but insisted that when he left the place Croker, although a little unsteady, was capable of taking care of himself.

Both Wilson and Lee were placed in cells.

The bartender at Cronin's saloon, questioned by the police, told the same story of Croker's visit to his place as related by Wilson. The bartender was not arrested and will not be, the chief said.

FOUND DEAD IN SEAT.

Croker Expired on Train During the Night.

Kansas City, May 13.—Herbert V. Croker, son of Richard Croker, of New York, was found dead on a south-bound Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railway train between Kansas City and Newton, Kan., yesterday. He had died during the night, evidently from the effect of some drugs administered at Kansas City, where he took the train Thursday night for Bliss, Okla.

According to a telephone message from Newton, Croker was found dead in a car seat just before the train reached Newton, early yesterday. His identity did not become known until a message was received from Richard Croker at New York several hours later, asking the authorities to hold the remains, stating that he would leave the East immediately for Newton.

Passengers on the train took a particular notice when young Croker was assisted into a chair car at the Union station by a negro, because the white man was helpless. The negro assisted Croker into a seat and then gave him a purse containing a railroad ticket and $19, counting the money out to Croker. The passengers heard Croker say: "I want you to send me the rest of it." The negro asked Croker to write his address, but Croker refused, and finally the negro wrote as Croker dictated. The address was "Bliss, Okla., care 101 ranch." Immediately after the train started Croker fell into a deep sleep, snoring loudly. Later he grew quieter. As the rain neared Newton, the conductor, who wished to take up Croker's ticket, shook him to arouse him and found him dead. There are no marks of violence on the young man's body, and the officers here do not believe he died of heart trouble, as he was of fine physical development.

SHIPMENT OF SHELLS TO JAPS NOT VIOLATION OF NEUTRALITY

San Francisco, May 13.—The Chronicle today says: There is over $1,000,000 worth of munitions of war, contact explosive shells, unloaded, lying on the wharf on the Oakland side of the bay. The shells are consigned to Kobe, Japan, but were "made in Germany." The work of loading these shells began on two steamers, but was stopped today when the master of the vessel ascertained the character of the consignment.

Many cars, sealed and in bond, from New York, have arrived at Long wharf within the past week or so. They were loaded with strong, iron-bound wooden cases, shipped from Hamburg to Kobe, Japan, marked, "E. M. E. H. H.," and invoiced as "Manufactures of metal." When notified of the character of the goods he was loading the captain of the British steamer Heathdene sought the advice of the British consul. Consul Bennett sent Vice Consul Moore and the captain to the office of Collector Stratton for a conference, for the purpose of stopping the shipment of the shells, but this the collector declined to do, as their transportation was not a violation of the neutrality laws.

UNREQUITTED LOVE

Causes Murder of a Former Minneapolis Girl.

Los Angeles, May 13.—A. Brightman shot and killed Mrs. Charles A. Guerney and then committed suicide, here. Unrequited love was the motive. Mrs. Gurney, who was 19 years of age, was formerly Miss Dona Vincent, and came here with her mother from Minneapolis about a year ago. She recently married C. H. Gurney, a newspaper man, after, it is alleged, declining an offer of marriage from Brightman.

"OPEN" SHOP AT JANESVILLE.

Janesville, Wis., May 13.—Master carpenters here declared today every shop in the city "open." This will bring about a complete tie-up of building.

NEW POSTMASTER.

Washington, May 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—Leana Skillings has been appointed postmaster at Hickory, Aitkin county, Minn., vice B. Lehere, resigned.

PEASANTS HAVE RISEN.

St. Petersburg, May 13.—The peasants of the district of Sergatel, government of Nizhni Novgorod, have risen and set fire to several properties. They are preventing all work in the fields.

ADMIRAL IS KILLED

Russian Official Murdered By His Orderly at St. Petersburg.

Crime Attributed to Anger Caused By His Dismissal.

St. Petersburg, May 13.—Vice Admiral Nazitoff was shot and killed by an orderly in his room today. The orderly fired three shots from a revolver at the admiral. The crime is attributed to the anger of the murderer at his dismissal from his duties as orderly and being ordered to proceed to the front.

ATTENTION TO SHOOTING

By National Guard Desired By the War Department.

Washington, May 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—It appears from inquiries received by the national board for the promotion of rifle practice, that it is not generally understood by members of the National Guard desiring to take part in the national shoot at Sea Girt in August, that provision is made for their expenses while in their camp of instruction. Under the provisions of section 14 of the Dick militia bill passed in 1903, teams can assemble at their home station, in camp of instruction, and all the expenses of the camp, together with transportation, subsistence and pay, can be drawn for through the war department.

Subsistence at Sea Girt can be obtained for at the rate of $1 per day, but as the war department only allows 20 cents per day for enlisted men, it will be necessary for states sending teams to provide for the additional 80 cents. This can be readily done, as every state has funds to its credit on the books of the war department. New Jersey will furnish tents and cots free. It is the desire of the secretary of war and all officers under him, together with National Guard officers, that the states give more attention to rifle and revolver practice, and less to maneuvering and expensive camps, sham battles, etc.

In Ohio, Gen. Dick has issued an order in which it is plainly stated that every member of the Ohio National Guard who goes into the camp of instruction must be prepared to make some kind of a record as a shot, and that every member who does not perfect himself in some degree as a marksman will be promptly mustered out of the service. Ohio is determined to devote very little time to dress parades and other "show" items of camp life, but give the closest attention to perfection in shooting. In this Ohio is to be congratulated.

Gen. Harries and Maj. Bell of the District of Columbia National Guard have determined that every man in the guard shall be able to hit the mark, and that better instruction may be given the guard will be sent by battalions to the range, instead of having a general camp. All the states are becoming interested, and it is only a question of time when the National Guard will be largely composed of sharpshooters. The interest has extended to civilians, and many new rifle clubs have lately been organized and most of them will send teams to Sea Girt.

RAY JONES TO BE CANDIDATE

For Governor—Senator Laybourn For Lieutenant Governorship.

Minneapolis, May 13.—The Journal says: Minneapolis in all probability will have at least one, and possibly two, aspirants for the governorship as soon as the next campaign begins to warm up. One of these is likely to be Lieutenant-Governor Ray W. Jones. The other, if the present rumor is to be believed, may be Congressman Loren Fletcher.

Neither has made any definite announcement and in either case the matter of coming out as a candidate will depend entirely upon the "lay" of the land when the time for action comes. Mr. Jones, however, states that he, for one, is out to see that Hennepin county is not turned into a bloody battleground as it was last fall. He has been out of the city most of the time since the legislature adjourned, and returned a few days ago. When questioned in regard to the gubernatorial crop appearing in different parts of the state, he said: "There will be plenty of candidates, no doubt, and they will all want Hennepin county, I suppose, the same as last year. I am willing to say, however, that as soon as outsiders, or anybody else, try to come in here and start the muss and discord we had last year, I may decide to step into the ring myself. Furthermore, I believe, wonderful as it may seem, that Ramsey county will stand back of me in such an action rather than repeat the trouble it had during the last campaign."

Mr. Fletcher has not yet made any statement. Some of his friends are doing the talking in his behalf.

The state senate will produce a crop of candidates, but it is hardly thought possible that they will carry a contest among themselves further than a preliminary test. The senate is so well organized that it would prefer to avoid war within the organization. Among the senatorial eligibles who have been talked of by their friends are Andrew D. Stephens of Crookston, Ripley B. Brower of St. Cloud and Samuel Lord of Kasson. Senator Laybourn of Duluth is credited with aspirations for the lieutenant governorship.

STRIKE PROCLAIMED.

Kharkoff Russia, May 13.—The workmen here have proclaimed a general strike for tomorrow, and the governor is taking special precautions to prevent disorders.

SEMI-OFFICIAL DENIAL.

Berlin, May 13.—The semi-official North German Gazette says it is authorized to deny the words attributed to Emperor William in his remarks to the higher officers at Strassburg as published in the home and foreign newspapers.

AN ALLEGED ATTEMPT MADE BY NURSE TO BOIL INFANT HEIR OF CZAR

The Empress Intervened In Time to Save the Child.

All the Domestic Servants at Tsarko Selo Dismissed.

Two Boats Run on Mines, One Sinks, Other Disabled.

Paris, May 13.—There was a rumor on the bourse today of an attempt on the life of the Russian emperor, and apparently it was the outgrowth of a dispatch to the Petit Journal from St. Petersburg, saying:

"Society is agitated over a mysterious drama which has occurred at Tsarsko Selo. It is alleged that a nurse was about to put the infant heir to the Russian throne into a bath of boiling water, when the empress intervened in time to save the child."

The dispatch adds that all the domestics of the household have been dismissed. The foregoing is given under reserve.

Tokio, May 13.—The British steamer Sobralens, bound from Newchwang to Kobe struck a mine off Port Arthur yesterday and sank immediately. Boats from Port Arthur rescued all the Europeans aboard, but it is believed that several of the crew and passengers were drowned. It is also believed that the steamer was inside the zone that ships have been warned to avoid.

Chefu, May 13.—A merchant vessel which has arrived here confirms the report that the Japanese transport Sheyutsu with 1,800 tons of provisions, bound for Newchwang, struck a mine May 4 near the Miao Tao islands. The entire after part of the transport was blown away. The Sheyutsu signaled the merchantman that she was in distress, but refused aid when she ascertained that the merchantman was a Chinese ship.

The captain of the merchantman states that it seemed impossible that the transport could live in the storm.

Hongkong, May 13.—Seventeen warships were sighted during the evening of May 10 twelve miles off the Three Kings rocks, near the entrance of Vanfong bay.

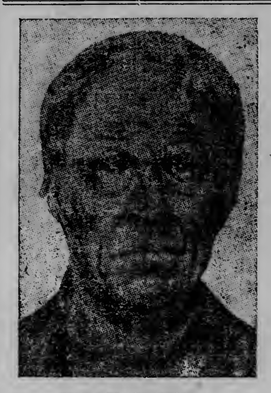
Transports were seen in Kuabepas (Hon-Hohe?), 75 miles north of Kamranh bay the same day.

St. Petersburg, May 13.—Since the arrival on the Chinese sea of Rear Admiral Nebogatoff, who is the junior admiral in the Far East, his command is believed to have ceased to exist as a separate division. The fleet is now divided into three squadrons, Vice Admiral Voelkersam, who is second in rank to Vice Admiral Rojestvensky, being in command of the battleships, and Vice Admiral Enquist in command of the heavy cruiser squadron. Nebogatoff has been placed in charge of an informaton squadron of scouts and converted merchantmen.

LAST SURVIVOR OF THE WAR OF 1812 IS DEAD

Hiram Cronk Passes Away at Age of 105 Years.

Was a Notable American Figure In Very Many Ways.



HIRAM CRONK.

Ava, N. Y., May 13.—Hiram Cronk, the only survivor of the war of 1812, died today at the age of 105 years.

Hiram Cronk for years occupied a unique place in American history. As the last survivor of the first foreign war in which his country engaged after securing its independence, he had been honored by the national government and by his native state as well. The aged veteran also had another unique distinction. Months before his death and when he pronounced himself to be in almost perfect health, despite his more than 104 years, the board of aldermen of New York city outlined and practically perfected elaborate plans for the disposition of his body after death, even the spot where his body would find its last resting place was selected.

Born at Frankfort, Herkimer county, N. Y., on April 29, 1800, Hiram Cronk became a member of Capt. Edward Fuller's company of the One Hundred and Fifty-seventh infantry when only a little more than 14 years old His term of service was short, however, scarcely five weeks—and nearly all of it was spent in camp near Lake Ontario. He had hardly "smelled powder" up to that time. On the day following his discharge, however, while at Watertown on his way home, there came the sounds of cannonading at Sacketts Harbor, where a British warship was bombarding the fortifications. In less than a month he was back in the ranks serving with his father, James Cronk, and his brothers, John and Casper, at Sacketts Harbor. There he served for sixty days as a private, assisting in the construction of barracks. In November, 1814, he was honorably discharged from the service.

At the close of the war Mr. Cronk learned the trade of shoemaker, from which he gained a livelihood for many years. He was married in 1825 to Miss Mary Thornton of Western, N. Y., and they lived together for sixty years on the old farm in this town. They had seven children. During the last years of his life, Mr. Cronk received a pension of $72 per month, in addition to the pension granted by the federal government to all survivors of the war of 1812.

Under a resolution passed by the New York city board of aldermen, in December of last year, the body of Mr. Cronk will lie in state in the city hall there, and will be buried in Mount Victory, Cypress Hill cemetery, in Brooklyn, where more than half a hundred of his fellow soldiers in the war of 1812 have been laid to rest.

GREAT BRITAIN IS RUSSIA'S ARCH ENEMY

Russians Believe, However, She Refused to Come to Japs' Aid.

St. Petersburg, May 13.—The danger of serious complications over the question of French neutrality is regarded as over for the present. Throughout there has been a disposition to make allowance for the vexation and irritation manifested by Japan in the desire to safeguard her interests at a moment when the future of the war is staked on the issue of the coming naval battle. Nevertheless her willingness to assume a menacing attitude towards France upon the strength of the British alliance is regarded as being an eye-opener for the powers. Despite the provocative tone of the British press, however, the British government used its influence at Tokio in a pacific direction.

However, the harsh things said of France and Russia in the British papers, have, so far as the Russian public is concerned, served to still further inflame the feeling of hostility against Great Britain, which always has been regarded as Russia's arch enemy. Premier Balfour's speech in the house of commons May 11 (on the defense of India) from this standpoint, came at a particularly inopportune time and the comments of some of the American papers which have been cabled here have aroused some resentment.

The Novoe Vreyma announces that the incident is closed, adding: "Japan wished to dictate to France in order to seal the union with Great Britain and then have in her pocket the apple of discord of Paris for use in a later attack on Indo-China. Now, if instead of bombardments and embargos Japan has been ready to accept from France the statements contained in the yellow book, it is reasonable to infer that Great Britain has given Japan to understand that she does not care to rush into a war with France. After all, the incident was only a tempest in a teapot."

Tokio, May 13.—A committee of the Constitutionalist party called on Premier Katsura today and discussed the French neutrality incident. The premier assured the committee that the government was using its best efforts in behalf of the country and explained the various steps taken.

The committee reporting to the organization later, expressed satisfaction with the actions and attitude of the government. As a result, the recent resolution introduced in the chamber of commerce, providing for the boycott of French commerce, has been withdrawn.

PRISONER KILLED AT STILLWATER

Stillwater, Minn., May 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—Harry S. Rogers of Minneapolis, who had served one month of a year's sentence in the penitentiary here for illegal use of the mails, was killed by being caught in the wheels of a machine in the binding twine department yesterday. Rogers and Percy Ross worked a swindle by which they defrauded a number of persons. They advertised liberal pay for copying work done at home. A small sum for an outfit was extracted from the prospective worker, and here the matter dropped. Both men were convicted and sentenced to one year imprisonment.

Rogers was formerly a postoffice employe at Minneapolis. He was arrested for stealing letters from the mail, but was acquitted. Rogers was 35 years old and his parents lived at Necedah, Wis.

CLOCK ON TRINITY STOPS SHORT, NEVER TO GO AGAIN

New York, May 13.—After sixty years of usefulness, and after having worn out one after another of its keepers, indirectly causing the death of one, the clock in Trinity church has ceased to turn.

Because of its cumbersome winding mechanism, the clock was known as a "Killer," and the Trinity corporation has experienced difficulty in finding a man to take the job, since the death of J. Sperry, who was supposed to have injured himself internally while drawing up the weights.

For several years the timepiece has been approaching senility. Recently it failed often to chime on the quarter hour and sometimes grew so lax as to fail altogether. So irregular became the movement of the hands that it was finally decided by the corporation officials to wind up the clock's career, and entirely new mechanism was ordered. The new instrument will weigh 3,000 pounds.

HOCH CASE GOES OVER.

Chicago, May 13.—The defense was to have begun its side of the case today, in trial of Hoch, the alleged "Bluebeard." Hoch's attorney, however, desired additional time for preparation. The case was accordingly put over until Monday.

JAPANESE WARSHIP

Coming to San Francisco For Supplies and Repairs.

San Francisco, May 13.—A third-class cruiser of the Japanese navy is reported to be on the way to this port to undergo repairs and a general overhauling. The name of the vessel is not known, but from all accounts the warship lately left the Asiatic coast, under orders to come to this port to be repaired, and it is likely that she will, upon arrival, be detained here, as was the Russian cruiser Lena, until the end of the war on the Asiatic coast. The Japanese cruiser is daily expected to arrive. It is presumed that she has been scouting in the Pacific, and having become short of fuel, was ordered to put in here, both for advices and to receive an ovehauling in case repairs should be necessary.

CUT WORMS BEGIN AN ATTACK ON ORCHARDS.

San Bernardino, Cal., May 13.—The horde of cutworms, which have been increasing by millions in this valley during the last few weeks, have begun an attack on orange orchards. Growers are alarmed and have called on the county commissioner to take steps at once to save the crop. The worms are not eating the oranges, but have attacked the green fruit and buds, boring through the rind of the fruit and devouring the interior. Some trees are already cleaned of fruit. The horticulture commission immediately ordered powder sprayers for paris green. Thousands of acres of the finest groves in Southern California are threatened.

BOMB FACTORY DISCOVERED.

Odessa, May 13.—A bomb factory has been discovered in the sailors' quarters of Odessa. Six bombs ready for use were found on the premises.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Section 1. Pages 1 to 12.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

24 Pages

TWENTY-THIRD YEAR. LAST EDITION. SATURDAY, MAY 13, 1905. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE TEAMSTERS' STRIKE IN CHICAGO MAY REACH GIGANTIC PROPORTIONS

Leaders Intimate That Other Unions May Be Called Out.

Employers Seem to Be Getting Better of Present Struggle.

Rioting on the Streets Now Reduced to a Minimum.

Chicago, May 13.—Peter Doyle of the Chicago Team Owners' association denied today that the association heretofore neutral in the teamsters' strike had definitely determined to abandon its conciliatory policy. The presentation of the association will go before the teamsters' joint council tonight and in the meantime will determine whether to demand that deliveries be made by union drivers to boycotted concerns. It was reported last night that the members of four associations who have preserved a neutral attitude thus far, have taken a positive stand and either a settlement of the present strike or a spread to far greater proportions is expected by the early part of next week. The team-owners held a conference at the Briggs house after which President Shea was sent for and asked if he would permit his union teamsters to deliver goods for the team owners to boycotted houses. Upon the refusal of Shea it was announced that a committee of teamowners would go before the joint council, which is deemed a more conservative organization than the strike committees. Members of the Chicago Team Owners' association, the Commission Team Owners' association, the Van Team Owners' association and the Lumbermen's association were in the conference. The associations represented employ approximately 8,000 men. It has been represented to the team owners that they must make deliveries in order to live up to contracts. The committee which transmitted the news to Shea and the other labor leaders was composed of T. J. Dixon, Edward Hines, Secretary T. J. Cavanaugh of the Team Owners' association, and Peter Doyle, who today denied that the association had definitely determined to abandon conciliation. When the action of the owners was made known to Shea, he is said to have responded:

"We'll win. If they want to fight, let 'em come on. We can still call out every member of our union in the city and paralyze the transfer business of Chicago. I do not say this will be done, but we will do it rather than give up."

Martin Lacy, a non-union colored teamster, is a new victim of strike violence. While driving a wagon on Wentworth avenue, he was dragged from the vehicle by six men and beaten into insensibility. Lacy was taken to the Provident hospital where it was found he had severe wounds in the head.

Business was resumed today on a larger scale than any previous day since the strike was inaugurated. Wagons moved along the streets with smaller police protection than heretofore. At all the larger retail stores, however, as well as upon wagons through the city armed deputy sheriffs were much in evidence.

Stones were thrown at nonunion drivers who delivered coal to the Carter H. Harrison school, Twenty-third place and Wentworth avenue, today. Six policeman escorted the wagons from the Peabody Coal company's yards. Missiles began to fly as soon as the wagon approached the school building. Crowds of the school children stood on the corners, asserting they would not go to school Monday. Notithstanding the stone-throwing, the coal was delivered. No arrests were made.

The death of Harry Grady at the Provident hospital today added another fatality to the list attributed to the teamsters' strike. Grady and his brother, William, were called to the rear of their home in the night, and without apparent provocation, shot down. A bullet entered Harry Grady's head, but his brother escaped with less serious injuries and is recovering.

Sentiment among the teamsters, unofficially expressed, today was that efforts to be made tonight by the teamowners' committee to secure permission from the teamsters' joint council to make deliveries to the boycotted houses, would be fruitless. A spread of the strike was looked for. Assertions were made that it may reach gigantic proportions.

Rumors of a strike of the employes of the Union Traction company were revived today. The agreement between the employes and the company expires during the last part of this month. General Manager Roach of the Traction company denied that there was any prospect of a strike, saying that there was no disagreement of any kind between the two sides. Despite this denial the rumor was widely circulated and was given credence in labor circles.

The employment bureau of the Employers' association is enlarging the scope of its operations. Victor W. Sincere, in charge of the bureau, said today:

"We have now a surplus of 150 men. Three hundred and fifty came in today from Toledo, Cleveland and St. Louis."

Union officials expect a big demonstration of sympathy tomorrow at the funeral of George S. Pierce, a union driver, who was shot and killed by Deputy Sheriff Waldorff. Arrangements for the funeral have been made by the department store wagon drivers' union.

CROKER'S SON DIES OF NARCOTIC POISONING

Smoked Too Much Opium In Chinese Joint and Died on a Train.

Newton, Kas., May 13.—The coroner's jury, in the case of Herbert Croker, brought in a verdict today that he came to his death from the effects of narcotic poisoning, taken into his system, at Kansas City, Mo., before boarding the Santa Fe train.

Kansas City, May 13.—Interest in the mysterious death on a train between Kansas City and Newton, Kan., of Herbert V. Croker, son of Richard Croker of New York city, centered today around Charles Wilson, the Coates house negro porter, who placed the young man on the train for the South on Thursday night.

Wilson, who is 30 years old, was arrested after midnight, and held pending investigation. To the police he had told the story of meeting Croker in the barroom of the Coates house, where Wilson was employed, of conducting Croker to an opium joint, and of later taking him to the train.

Although Wilson was frank in all the admissions to the police and told a connected story that fits in closely with all they had learned about the case from other sources, it was decided to put him through a severe examination today. Chief of Police John Hayes said that he would examine Wilson today.

In the meantime, a dozen detectives continued to work on the case in an endeavor to gain any evidence that would throw further light upon Croker's movements while in Kansas City.

At Newton, Kan., where the body of Croker is being held, the coroner's jury which last night began an inquiry into the cause of his death, continued its investigation today. Last night the conductor, brakeman and porter of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe train, on which Croker died, had given their testimony. This story tallied practically with that already known. The conductor, however, had testified that there was no smell of liquor about Croker when he found him dead in the chair car, and the coroner today paid particular attention to this phase in an endeavor to determine whether or not Croker had died from poison or from the effects of being drugged.

When Wilson was examined by Chief Hayes this morning, nothing new was learned from him, but following the examination an officer was sent out to bring in Ah Lee, the Chinaman, whose place Wilson said he had visited with Croker on Thursday night and where it was asserted he had smoked opium.

An Associated Press representative was present at the examination of Wilson. The negro told a straightforward story detailing the movements of Croker and himself as already given.

Later, Chief Hayes said to the Associated Press: "I am convinced that Wilson has told the truth, and was not connected in any way criminally with the death of Croker. We shall hold Wilson, however, for further investigation and to be used as a witness against Lee."

Wilson told how he had met Croker in the bar room of the Coates house, one of the leading hostelries in the city, where the negro was employed as porter. Croker, Wilson said, asked him at 5:30 Thursday evening "where he could have a little fun." Wilson had told him of an opium den in the North end and offered to conduct him to the place after 6 o'clock, when he would be off duty at the hotel. Croker had waited until that time and then had gone with the negro to Con Cronin's saloon at Fourth street and Broadway. There, Wilson suggested that if Croker had any money he had better give it to the bartender for safekeeping before they started out. Croker gave the bartender $20, saying it was all he had, except some change, and the bartender placed the money in an envelope in the safe.

From Cronin's saloon the two men went to Lee's place above a saloon on West Sixth street, four blocks away. There Lee had conducted Croker to a couch, and Wilson had gone down stairs to wait until Croker had had a smoke. In about an hour he re-entered the saloon. "He was a little unsteady," said Wilson, "but he walked fairly well.

"He told me he wanted to catch a train for Oklahoma, and that we had better go," he said.

Wilson said they had reached the Union station only a few minutes before time for the train to start. After paying for the carriage, Wilson said, Croker had between $17 and $18 left. Croker tried to get a Pullman ticket, but was unable to do so and the two went into the chair car.

After the examination of Wilson, Chief Hayes gave it as his opinion that Croker had died from the effects of smoking opium too fast.

Ah Lee, the Chinaman, was arrested and brought to central station at 9:30 this morning. He was questioned closely and told a story that bore out the statement made by Wilson regarding the visit of the men to his place. Lee said Croker had smoked five pills of opium, but insisted that when he left the place Croker, although a little unsteady, was capable of taking care of himself.

Both Wilson and Lee were placed in cells.

The bartender at Cronin's saloon, questioned by the police, told the same story of Croker's visit to his place as related by Wilson. The bartender was not arrested and will not be, the chief said.

FOUND DEAD IN SEAT.

Croker Expired on Train During the Night.

Kansas City, May 13.—Herbert V. Croker, son of Richard Croker, of New York, was found dead on a southbound Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railway train between Kansas City and Newton, Kan., yesterday. He had died during the night, evidently from the effect of some drugs administered at Kansas City, where he took the train Thursday night for Bliss, Okla.

According to a telephone message from Newton, Croker was found dead in a car seat just before the train reached Newton, early yesterday. His identity did not become known until a message was received from Richard Croker at New York several hours later, asking the authorities to hold the remains, stating that he would leave the East immediately for Newton.

Passengers on the train took a particular notice when young Croker was assisted into a chair car at the Union station by a negro, because the white man was helpless. The negro assisted Croker into a seat and then gave him a purse containing a railroad ticket and $19, counting the money out to Croker. The passengers heard Croker say: "I want you to send me the rest of it." The negro asked Croker to write his address, but Croker refused, and finally the negro wrote as Croker dictated. The address was "Bliss, Okla., care 101 ranch." Immediately after the train started Croker fell into a deep sleep, snoring loudly. Later he grew quieter. As the rain neared Newton, the conductor, who wished to take up Croker's ticket, shook him to arouse him and found him dead. There are no marks of violence on the young man's body, and the officers here do not believe he died of heart trouble, as he was of fine physical development.

SHIPMENT OF SHELLS TO JAPS NOT VIOLATION OF NEUTRALITY

San Francisco, May 13.—The Chronicle today says: There is over $1,000,000 worth of munitions of war, contact explosive shells, unloaded, lying on the wharf on the Oakland side of the bay. The shells are consigned to Kobe, Japan, but were "made in Germany." The work of loading these shells began on two steamers, but was stopped today when the master of the vessel ascertained the character of the consignment.

Many cars, sealed and in bond, from New York, have arrived at Long wharf within the past week or so. They were loaded with strong, iron-bound wooden cases, shipped from Hamburg to Kobe, Japan, marked, "E. M. E. H. H.," and invoiced as "Manufactures of metal." When notified of the character of the goods he was loading the captain of the British steamer Heathdene sought the advice of the British consul. Consul Bennett sent Vice Consul Moore and the captain to the office of Collector Stratton for a conference, for the purpose of stopping the shipment of the shells, but this the collector declined to do, as their transportation was not a violation of the neutrality laws.

UNREQUITTED LOVE

Causes Murder of a Former Minneapolis Girl.

Los Angeles, May 13.—A. Brightman shot and killed Mrs. Charles A. Guerney and then committed suicide, here. Unrequited love was the motive. Mrs. Gurney, who was 19 years of age, was formerly Miss Dona Vincent, and came here with her mother from Minneapolis about a year ago. She recently married C. H. Gurney, a newspaper man, after, it is alleged, declining an offer of marriage from Brightman.

"OPEN" SHOP AT JANESVILLE.

Janesville, Wis., May 13.—Master carpenters here declared today every shop in the city "open." This will bring about a complete tie-up of building.

NEW POSTMASTER.

Washington, May 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—Loana Skillings has been appointed postmaster at Hickory, Aitkin county, Minn., vice B. Lehere, resigned.

PEASANTS HAVE RISEN.

St. Petersburg, May 13.—The peasants of the district of Sergatel, government of Nizhni Novgorod, have risen and set fire to several properties. They are preventing all work in the fields.

ADMIRAL IS KILLED

Russian Official Murdered By His Orderly at St. Petersburg.

Crime Attributed to Anger Caused By His Dismissal.

St. Petersburg, May 13.—Vice Admiral Nazitoff was shot and killed by an orderly in his room today. The orderly fired three shots from a revolver at the admiral. The crime is attributed to the anger of the murderer at his dismissal from his duties as orderly and being ordered to proceed to the front.

ATTENTION TO SHOOTING

By National Guard Desired By the War Department.

Washington, May 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—It appears from inquiries received by the national board for the promotion of rifle practice, that it is not generally understood by members of the National Guard desiring to take part in the national shoot at Sea Girt in August, that provision is made for their expenses while in their camp of instruction. Under the provisions of section 14 of the Dick militia bill passed in 1903, teams can assemble at their home station, in camp of instruction, and all the expenses of the camp, together with transportation, subsistence and pay, can be drawn for through the war department.

Subsistence at Sea Girt can be obtained for at the rate of $1 per day, but as the war department only allows 20 cents per day for enlisted men, it will be necessary for states sending teams to provide for the additional 80 cents. This can be readily done, as every state has funds to its credit on the books of the war department. New Jersey will furnish tents and cots free. It is the desire of the secretary of war and all officers under him, together with National Guard officers, that the states devote more attention to rifle and revolver practice, and less to maneuvering and expensive camps, sham battles, etc.

In Ohio, Gen. Dick has issued an order in which it is plainly stated that every member of the Ohio National Guard who goes into the camp of instruction must be prepared to make some kind of a record as a shot, and that every member who does not perfect himself in some degree as a marksman will be promptly mustered out of the service. Ohio is determined to devote very little time to dress parades and other "show" items of camp life, but give the closest attention to perfection in shooting. In this Ohio is to be congratulated.

Gen. Harries and Maj. Bell of the District of Columbia National Guard have determined that every man in the guard shall be able to hit the mark, and that better instruction may be given the guard will be sent by battalions to the range, instead of having a general camp. All the states are becoming interested, and it is only a question of time when the National Guard will be largely composed of sharpshooters. The interest has extended to civilians, and many new rifle clubs have lately been organized and most of them will send teams to Sea Girt.

RAY JONES TO BE CANDIDATE

For Governor—Senator Laybourn For Lieutenant Governorship.

Minneapolis, May 13.—The Journal says: Minneapolis in all probability will have at least one, and possibly two, aspirants for the governorship as soon as the next campaign begins to warm up. One of these is likely to be Lieutenant-Governor Ray W. Jones. The other, if the present rumor is to be believed, may be Congressman Loren Fletcher.

Neither has made any definite announcement and in either case the matter of coming out as a candidate will depend entirely upon the "lay" of the land when the time for action comes. Mr. Jones, however, states that he, for one, is out to see that Hennepin county is not turned into a bloody battleground as it was last fall. He has been out of the city most of the time since the legislature adjourned, and returned a few days ago. When questioned in regard to the gubernatorial crop appearing in different parts of the state, he said: "There will be plenty of candidates, no doubt, and they will all want Hennepin county, I suppose, the same as last year. I am willing to say, however, that as soon as outsiders, or anybody else, try to come in here and start the muss and discord we had last year, I may decide to step into the ring myself. Furthermore, I believe, wonderful as it may seem, that Ramsey county will stand back of me in such an action rather than repeat the trouble it had during the last campaign."

Mr. Fletcher has not yet made any statement. Some of his friends are doing the talking in his behalf.

The state senate will produce a crop of candidates, but it is hardly thought possible that they will carry a contest among themselves further than a preliminary test. The senate is so well organized that it would prefer to avoid war within the organization. Among the senatorial eligibles who have been talked of by their friends are Andrew D. Stephens of Crookston, Ripley B. Brower of St. Cloud and Samuel Lord of Kasson. Senator Laybourn of Duluth is credited with aspirations for the lieutenant governorship.

STRIKE PROCLAIMED.

Kharkoff Russia, May 13.—The workmen here have proclaimed a general strike for tomorrow, and the governor is taking special precautions to prevent disorders.

SEMI-OFFICIAL DENIAL.

Berlin, May 13.—The semi-official North German Gazette says it is authorized to deny the words attributed to Emperor William in his remarks to the higher officers at Strassburg as published in the home and foreign newspapers.

AN ALLEGED ATTEMPT MADE BY NURSE TO BOIL INFANT HEIR OF CZAR

The Empress Intervened In Time to Save the Child.

All the Domestic Servants at Tsarko Selo Dismissed.

Two Boats Run on Mines, One Sinks, Other Disabled.

Paris, May 13.—There was a rumor on the bourse today of an attempt on the life of the Russian emperor, and apparently it was the outgrowth of a dispatch to the Petit Journal from St. Petersburg, saying:

"Society is agitated over a mysterious drama which has occurred at Tsarsko Selo. It is alleged that a nurse was about to put the infant heir to the Russian throne into a bath of boiling water, when the empress intervened in time to save the child."

The dispatch adds that all the domestics of the household have been dismissed. The foregoing is given under reserve.

Tokio, May 13.—The British steamer Sobralens, bound from Newchwang to Kobe struck a mine off Port Arthur yesterday and sank immediately. Boats from Port Arthur rescued all the Europeans aboard, but it is believed that several of the crew and passengers were drowned. It is also believed that the steamer was inside the zone that ships have been warned to avoid.

Chefu, May 13.—A merchant vessel which has arrived here confirms the report that the Japanese transport Sheyutsu with 1,800 tons of provisions, bound for Newchwang, struck a mine May 4 near the Miao Tao islands. The entire after part of the transport was blown away. The Sheyutsu signaled the merchantman that she was in distress, but refused aid when she ascertained that the merchantman was a Chinese ship.

The captain of the merchantman states that it seemed impossible that the transport could live in the storm.

Hongkong, May 13.—Seventeen warships were sighted during the evening of May 10 twelve miles off the Three Kings rocks, near the entrance of Vanfong bay.

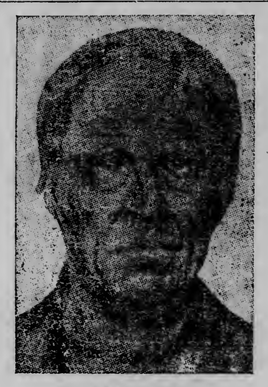
Transports were seen in Kuabepas (Hon-Hohe?), 75 miles north of Kamranh bay the same day.

St. Petersburg, May 13.—Since the arrival on the Chinese sea of Rear Admiral Nebogatoff, who is the junior admiral in the Far East, his command is believed to have ceased to exist as a separate division. The fleet is now divided into three squadrons, Vice Admiral Voelkersam, who is second in rank to Vice Admiral Rojestvensky, being in command of the battleships, and Vice Admiral Enquist in command of the heavy cruiser squadron. Nebogatoff has been placed in charge of an information squadron of scouts and converted merchantmen.

LAST SURVIVOR OF THE WAR OF 1812 IS DEAD

Hiram Cronk Passes Away at Age of 105 Years.

Was a Notable American Figure In Very Many Ways.



HIRAM CRONK.

Ava, N. Y., May 13.—Hiram Cronk, the only survivor of the war of 1812, died today at the age of 105 years.

Hiram Cronk for years occupied a unique place in American history. As the last survivor of the first foreign war in which his country engaged after securing its independence, he had been honored by the national government and by his native state as well. The aged veteran also had another unique distinction. Months before his death and when he pronounced himself to be in almost perfect health, despite his more than 104 years, the board of aldermen of New York city outlined and practically perfected elaborate plans for the disposition of his body after death, even the spot where his body would find its last resting place was selected.

Born at Frankfort, Herkimer county, N. Y., on April 29, 1800, Hiram Cronk became a member of Capt. Edward Fuller's company of the One Hundred and Fifty-seventh infantry when only a little more than 14 years old His term of service was short, however, scarcely five weeks—and nearly all of it was spent in camp near Lake Ontario. He had hardly "smelled powder" up to that time. On the day following his discharge, however, while at Watertown on his way home, there came the sounds of cannonading at Sacketts Harbor, where a British warship was bombarding the fortifications. In less than a month he was back in the ranks serving with his father, James Cronk, and his brothers, John and Casper, at Sacketts Harbor. There he served for sixty days as a private, assisting in the construction of barracks. In November, 1814, he was honorably discharged from the service.

At the close of the war Mr. Cronk learned the trade of shoemaker, from which he gained a livelihood for many years. He was married in 1825 to Miss Mary Thornton of Western, N. Y., and they lived together for sixty years on the old farm in this town. They had seven children. During the last years of his life, Mr. Cronk received a pension of $72 per month, in addition to the pension granted by the federal government to all survivors of the war of 1812.

Under a resolution passed by the New York city board of aldermen, in December of last year, the body of Mr. Cronk will lie in state in the city hall there, and will be buried in Mount Victory, Cypress Hill cemetery, in Brooklyn, where more than half a hundred of his fellow soldiers in the war of 1812 have been laid to rest.

GREAT BRITAIN IS RUSSIA'S ARCH ENEMY

Russians Believe, However, She Refused to Come to Japs' Aid.

St. Petersburg, May 13.—The danger of serious complications over the question of French neutrality is regarded as over for the present. Throughout there has been a disposition to make allowance for the vexation and irritation manifested by Japan in the desire to safeguard her interests at a moment when the future of the war is staked on the issue of the coming naval battle. Nevertheless her willingness to assume a menacing attitude towards France upon the strength of the British alliance is regarded as being an eye-opener for the powers. Despite the provocative tone of the British press, however, the British government used its influence at Tokio in a pacific direction.

However, the harsh things said of France and Russia in the British papers, have, so far as the Russian public is concerned, served to still further inflame the feeling of hostility against Great Britain, which always has been regarded as Russia's arch enemy. Premier Balfour's speech in the house of commons May 11 (on the defense of India) from this standpoint, came at a particularly inopportune time and the comments of some of the American papers which have been cabled here have aroused some resentment.

The Novoe Vreyma announces that the incident is closed, adding: "Japan wished to dictate to France in order to seal the union with Great Britain and then have in her pocket the apple of discord of Paris for use in a later attack on Indo-China. Now, if instead of bombardments and embargos Japan has been ready to accept from France the statements contained in the yellow book, it is reasonable to inter that Great Britain has given Japan to understand that she does not care to rush into a war with France. After all, the incident was only a tempest in a teapot."

Tokio, May 13.—A committee of the Constitutionalist party called on Premier Katsura today and discussed the French neutrality incident. The premier assured the committee that the government was using its best efforts in behalf of the country and explained the various steps taken.

The committee reporting to the organization later, expressed satisfaction with the actions and attitude of the government. As a result, the recent resolution introduced in the chamber of commerce, providing for the boycott of French commerce, has been withdrawn.

PRISONER KILLED AT STILLWATER

Stillwater, Minn., May 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—Harry S. Rogers of Minneapolis, who had served one month of a year's sentence in the penitentiary here for illegal use of the mails, was killed by being caught in the wheels of a machine in the binding twine department yesterday. Rogers and Percy Ross worked a swindle by which they defrauded a number of persons. They advertised liberal pay for copying work done at home. A small sum for an outfit was extracted from the prospective worker, and here the matter dropped. Both men were convicted and sentenced to one year imprisonment.

Rogers was formerly a postoffice employe at Minneapolis. He was arrested for stealing letters from the mail, but was acquitted. Rogers was 35 years old and his parents lived at Necedah, Wis.

CLOCK ON TRINITY STOPS SHORT, NEVER TO GO AGAIN

New York, May 13.—After sixty years of usefulness, and after having worn out one after another of its keepers, indirectly causing the death of one, the clock in Trinity church has ceased to turn.

Because of its cumbersome winding mechanism, the clock was known as a "Killer," and the Trinity corporation has experienced difficulty in finding a man to take the job, since the death of J. Sperry, who was supposed to have injured himself internally while drawing up the weights.

For several years the timepiece has been approaching senility. Recently it failed often to chime on the quarter hour and sometimes grew so lax as to fail altogether. So irregular became the movement of the hands that it was finally decided by the corporation officials to wind up the clock's career, and entirely new mechanism was ordered. The new instrument will weigh 3,000 pounds.

HOCH CASE GOES OVER.

Chicago, May 13.—The defense was to have begun its side of the case today, in trial of Hoch, the alleged "Bluebeard." Hoch's attorney, however, desired additional time for preparation. The case was accordingly put over until Monday.

JAPANESE WARSHIP

Coming to San Francisco For Supplies and Repairs.

San Francisco, May 13.—A third-class cruiser of the Japanese navy is reported to be on the way to this port to undergo repairs and a general overhauling. The name of the vessel is not known, but from all accounts the warship lately left the Asiatic coast, under orders to come to this port to be repaired, and it is likely that she will, upon arrival, be detained here, as was the Russian cruiser Lena, until the end of the war on the Asiatic coast. The Japanese cruiser is daily expected to arrive. It is presumed that she has been scouting in the Pacific, and having become short of fuel, was ordered to put in here, both for advices and to receive an ovehauling in case repairs should be necessary.

CUT WORMS BEGIN AN ATTACK ON ORCHARDS.

San Bernardino, Cal., May 13.—The horde of cutworms, which have been increasing by millions in this valley during the last few weeks, have begun an attack on orange orchards. Growers are alarmed and have called on the county commissioner to take steps at once to save the crop. The worms are not eating the oranges, but have attacked the green fruit and buds, boring through the rind of the fruit and devouring the interior. Some trees are already cleaned of fruit. The horticulture commission immediately ordered powder sprayers for paris green. Thousands of acres of the finest groves in Southern California are threatened.

BOMB FACTORY DISCOVERED.

Odessa, May 13.—A bomb factory has been discovered in the sailors' quarters of Odessa. Six bombs ready for use were found on the premises.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

MAN FOUND WHO WROTE MYSTERIOUS BOOK!

That Reveals Startling Secrets Jealously Guarded for Ages by Adepts.

Explains the Workings of a Strange Force Overlooked By Scientists for Centuries Past.

Tells How Men and Women May Cure Disease as If by Magic, and Wield a Powerful Influence Over the Minds and Lives of Others.

The Dead Brought Back to Life

Would Be Little More Startling Than the Marvelous Things Done By People Who Have Tried This Wonderful Force.

Peculiar Arrangement by Which 100,000 Copies of This Strange Book Are to Be Given Away by Mail, Absolutely Free.

New York.—(Special Correspondence)—Prof. F. T. McIntyre, a well-to-do scientist of this city, has created a sensation in the scientific world. It has been learned on good authority that he wrote the wonderful book from which many persons received valuable information, enabling them to astonish physicians and scientists in many parts of the world. Through delving down the realms of nature's mysteries, he has discovered a delicate but powerful law that seems destined to revolutionize the theories of the most noted authorities on Mind Force. Many people look upon him as a man possessed of a divine power, for he has told them how to influence people far and near and to heal themselves and others of all the ills as if by magic. He tells them how to project their thoughts, develop a powerful mentality and build up the mechanism of the body and brain. Doctors and magnetists who have tested the workings of this new discovery admit that it surpasses anything in the history of psychic power.

In explaining the method to a reporter, Prof. McIntyre said: "I am convinced that everybody can accomplish the things I have done if they understand the system. It would be a grand thing if every man, woman and child in this country learned the use of this wonderful force. There would be no more disease, immorality, drunkenness, pernicious habits, poverty or failures in life. There is no reason why we should not be able to prevent murders and suicides, separations and insanity, for through its use almost any phenomena seems possible. I have sent my wonderful book to people in many parts of the world, which explains the principles of this discovery, and I find they can do the same wonderful things that I have done, and for which many persons think I possess some special power. I have sent these expensive books out without any charge whatever, as I am anxious to have everyone test the wonders of this new discovery. The letters received from each person who tries it are the same. They are all loud in their exclamations of surprise and say they never dreamed such things possible. Many offer me fine presents, but I refuse them. I am working for the uplifting of mankind and science. The kind letters received from grateful hearts more than pay for my services. I will send a copy of my free book to every person who writes me without any charge whatever."

The book is full of startling surprises and many pictures, showing how one mind controls another; it explains how the strange phenomena of developing Personal Magnetism, Hypnotic Influence, Magic Curing of Diseases, Reading Characters and Minds, Projecting Thoughts to distant places are accomplished; it gives you the key to the development of the Inner Forces, concentration, force of character, memory and powerful systems of swaying the minds of others; how to overcome the most obstinate disease or habit through an inward, subjective power, as the Hindoos banish disease and despondency at will.

It is by far the most wonderful book of the age, and all who receive free copies of it can be thankful. It points out the road to financial and social success; it reveals many mysterious phenomena that have baffled scientists for centuries past.

"I want to give the whole hundred thousand copies of this book away without any charge whatever," continued the professor, "for I know that every person will greatly enjoy experimenting with my system, especially those who are not strong physically and mentally. I could charge a good price for my book, entitled 'The Secrets of Magic Force, Health and Power,' should I care to do so, but all I ask from any person is a short note of request or a postal card, and I will send the book by return mail, absolutely free. Yes, many who have received it write me letters that are startling, especially those who have taken my advice." "Do you mean to say that you help people who are sick and unsuccessful without charging for your service?" asked the reporter. "Yes," replied Prof. McIntyre. "I will be glad to reveal astonishing truths to anyone who will write me explaining the nature of their weakness or disease, and I will not charge a penny for telling them how to get well and strong. In fact, this free book gives the key to wonderful systems of healing that almost carry one back to the days of great miracles."

Prof. McIntyre then presented the reporter with a copy of his new and finely illustrated treatise, entitled "The Secrets of Magnetic Force, Health and Power," which he intends to send absolutely free to every person who desires to try the powers of his new discovery. This is truly a generous act of this great scientist, and every person who reads this great work should take advantage of his kindness and liberality. His name will certainly go down in history as one of the greatest benefactors the human race has ever known. Send your name and address to the professor and ask for a copy of this wonderful free treatise. Your request will be kept confidential. If you wish it sent free at once, write to Prof. F. T. McIntyre, Dept. 752, No. 126 West Thirty-fourth street, New York City, N.Y.

You will be amazed at the workings of this truly wonderful discovery. It will open the way to success in life, enable you to control and sway the minds of many, startle your friends far and near and make for you a position in life. It is more than words can explain. Send today. A postal card will bring it.

California Excursions.

On April 10 to 14 the Minneapolis & St. Louis railroad will sell round trip tickets to California at one fare, with return limit ninety days. Tickets good going one route and returning another, with liberal stop-over privileges. Call on agents or address,

A. B. CUTTS,
G. P. & T. A., Minneapolis, Minn.

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West Duluth

WILL MEET SOON

Congregational Churches of Duluth District to Meet May 23.

Plymouth Church, West Duluth, Will Entertain Delegates.

The anunal meeting of the Duluth conference of Congregational churches will take place at Plymouth Congregational church, West Duluth, on May 23 and 24. The Duluth district takes in all of the northeast corner of the state, but the only Congregational churches within the borders of this district are in Duluth, Biwabik, Brainerd, Aitkin and Walker. Each church in the district will have one ministerial and two lay delegates present at the meeting.

On Wednesday, May 23, the ladies of Plymouth church will serve dinner and supper at the church and other means of entertainment will be furnished before the time arrives for the meeting. The program for the two days follows:

Tuesday evening—Opening praise and prayer.

Address, Rev. George R. Merrill, D. D., superintendent of the Congregational Home Missionary society for Minnesota.

Address, "The Dynamic of Christianity," Rev. H. O. Hannum, Superior.

Annual sermon, Rev. Alexander Milne, Pilgrim church, Duluth.

Sacrament of the Lord's supper, administered by Rev. Hery H. Stutson, Biwabik.

Offering.

Wednesday morning—Organization of conference.

Roll call.

Report of registrars.

Report of treasurer.

Special committees.

Reports of churches.

"The Young Christian; His Training, Care and Nurture," Rev. Henry H. Stutson, Biwabik.

Paper, "Do We Need a New Religion?" Rev. R. L. Jones, Aitkin.

"The Sabbath School, Its Place in the Church and the Kingdom," Rev. F. A. Summer, representing the Sunday School and Publishing society, Minneapolis.

"Work in Northern Minnesota," Rev. Herman P. Fisher, Crookston.

Retreat or devotional season, led by Rev. E. P. Kuhl, Brainerd.

Wednesday afternoon—Opening song and prayer.

Paper, "Some Plain Words on Evolution," Rev. George Michael, Walker.

"Rockefeller's Gift to the American Board," Albert Baldwin, Duluth.

Woman's missionary hour.

Devotional service.

"Mianzara, a Tale of Armenia," Miss Sophia Holt, formerly missionary to Brusa.

Solo.

"The Study of Missions an Essential to Truest Culture," Mrs. Alexander Milne, Duluth.

"The Value of New Methods," Mrs. W. S. Woodbridge, Duluth.

Discussion.

Closing prayer, Mrs. S. F. Stewart.

Final business.

Adjournment for Outing.

Supper and social hour.

Wednesday evening—Opening song and prayer.

"The Sufficiency of the Gospel of Christ."

"To Save the Soul From Sin," Rev. F. A. Summer, Minneapolis.

"To Cure the Ills of Society," Rev. Herman P. Fisher, Crookston.

"To Bring Into the Kingdom of Heaven," Rev. George R. Merrill, D. D., Minneapolis.

Closing session,

Prayer and benediction.

FRAM LODGE CELEBRATES

Independence of Norway on May 17.

Fram lodge, Sons of Norway of West Duluth is making extensive preparations to fittingly honor the 17th of May, which is the day on which all right-minded sons of Norway celebrate the independence of their native land. They look upon this day the same as native-born Americans view the Fourth of July, and never let it go by without doing proper honor to the memory of the men who brought about the independence of the land of the Vikings. The program prepared for the occasion this year will be given in Great Eastern hall, on the evening of the 17th, and is as follows:

March, "Seventeenth of May"..... Mostoe
Westgaard's Orchestra.
Welcome ..... L. J. Nordheim
Song, "Norway, the Saga Land" Gauken Singing Society.
Speech for Seventeenth of May.... M. Wesenberg.
Music, "Greetings to Norway"..... Mostoe
Westgaard's Orchestra.
Song, "Such is Norway"..... Gauken Singing Society.
Music, "Dreams of eBauty"..... Krell
Westgaard's Orchestra.
Speech, "The Rising Generation and the Development of Freedom"..... Dr. A. F. Elmquist.
Song, "America"..... Gauken Singing Society.
Selection on piano..... J. C. Wesenberg.
March, "The Band's Coming"—Schilb
Westgaard's Orchestra.
Recitation..... Hans Linnes.
"Ja vi elsker"..... Orchestra, Choir and Audience.

SURPRISE MISS JACOBS.

Friends Celebrate Her Birth Anniversary.

A pleasant surprise party was tendered last evening to Miss Mary Jacobs at her home on Raleigh street in honor of her 17th birthday anniversary. Many handsome gifts were given the young woman by her many friends, and games, music and refreshments constituted the amusements of the evening. Those present were:

Misses Nellie Brett, Blanche Felix, Mamie Keller, Metta Brotherton, Mary Digmas, Mary Jacobs, S. A. La Flair, Hulda Sarbrol, Myrtle Clark, Gertrude Hanson, Anna Hayden, Florence Clark, Mamie Rice, Messrs. Riley Baker, Thomas Senote, George Dunleavey, George Jacobs, Sabin Forbes, Will Davidson, Shell McIsaac, Harry Brett, John Digmus, Ole Digmus, James Harvey, Arthur Schinlaub, Eddie La France, Grennis, George Holter, Tony Nelson, Earl Le Flair, Harry Hayden and Frank Bone.

N. S. C. BANQUET

Proved Delightful With Good Speeches.

The N. S. C. of the Westminster Presbyterian church gave a banquet last evening in the old German Lutheran church, on Sixty-fourth avenue west, and D. C. Eadie presided as toastmaster. General Secretary Phil Bevis of the Y. M. C. A. spoke of Y. M. C. A. work in general, and advocated the furtherance of physical attention and training. O. S. Olson, president of the club, gave an interesting history of the club, honorary members were toasted by Byron Brooks, Rev. W. J. Lowrie toasted "Our Girls," and Miss Myrtle Gerry responded to the toast "Our Boys," with a humorous poem. Charles Towner toasted "Our Younger Members," and Dr. Bowden spoke on clubs of this kind in general.

About sixty were present and a delightful evening was spent.

CHOOSES ENUMERATORS.

Commercial Club Will Make Some Recommendations.

The matter of enumerators for West Duluth under the census to be taken shortly by the state, was the principal business before the West Duluth Commercial club last evening. Certain ones will be recommended to the members of the Duluth delegation in the state legislature for appointment and every effort will be made to have these men whom the club has endorsed, named. The names are not yet given out, but will be shortly.

A committee consisting of E. G. Wallinder, C. T. Fancett and Louis Ramsted were appointed to confer with the park board with a view to getting trees for West Duluth streets.

A letter from Mayor Cullum was read, in which his honor commends the club's actions. Ten members joined the organization last evening.

JUDGE STONE DEAD.

Former Resident Here Succumbs to Paralysis.

Word has been received by L. S. Neuman that Robert E. Stone, formerly justice of the peace at West Duluth, died yesterday morning in Detroit at the home of his nephew, George W. White, of paralysis. Judge Stone has been an invalid with paralysis for the last two years and last May was taken to the home of his nephew in Detroit, Mich. He was 57 years of age, was widely known at the Head of the Lakes and universally respected. He was a prominent Mason and Odd Fellow, and was the first justice of the peace in West Duluth under the new city charter.

The funeral will take place in Detroit and so will the interment, that having been his home previous to his sojourn in West Duluth and most of his relatives being buried there.

WEST DULUTH CHURCHES.

At the Westminster Presbyterian church, Rev. W. J. Lowrie, the pastor, will preach tomorrow morning at 10:30. His subject will be "The Prophet Hosea, the First of the Minor Prophets."

* * *

At Olson & Kauppi's hall in West Duluth, there will be preaching at 8 o'clock by Rev. A. P. Lund.

* * *

At Holy Apostles' Episcopal church, Fifty-seventh avenue west and Elinor street, morning service will be held at 9 a. m. At the evening service at 7:30 Mr. and Mrs. David Adams will sing. The rector, Rev. Roderick J. Mooney, will preach the first of a course of sermons on the following subjects: "The Man with the Withered Hand," "The Man Who Was Blind," "The Man Who Was Deaf and Dumb," "The Man Who Was a Cripple," "The Man Who Was Dead," and "Manhood."

* * *

At the Plymouth Congregational church, the pastor, Rev. H. W. Johnson, will preach in the morning on the subject, "The Mind to Work." In the evening the sermon will be the second of the series for young people, the topic being "Getting the Most Out of Life."

* * *

At the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church, corner of Fifty-seventh avenue west and Gosnold street there will be morning services commencing at 10:30 o'clock. In the absence of the pastor the services will be conducted by Rev. H. M. Normann of Superior. Sunday school meets at 9:30.

* * *

At the Third Swedish Baptist church, corner of Fifty-ninth avenue west and Ramsey street, service will be held tomorrow at 10:30 in the morning and 8 o'clock in the evening. Rev. C. A. Aldeen, pastor of the church, will speak at the morning service on the subject, "Jesus Praying for Himself," and the evening theme will be "Loss and Gain."

Following is the musical program for the evening service:

Organ prelude in D minor Op. 28 ..... Chopin
Song—"Reulah's Land"..... Davis
Thorwald Quartet.
Song—"Little Deeds"..... Hall
Children's Choir.
Offertory—Voluntary..... Merz
Solo—"Fairest Lord Jesus"..... Batiste
Mrs. J. H. Jern.
Postlude..... Beethoven

The quartet consists of Mrs. O. A. Berglund, soprano; Jennie Olson, alto; Charles Johnson, tenor, and Oscar A. Berglund, basso. W. A. Anderson is the organist.

* * *

At Asbury M. E. church, corner of Sixtieth avenue west and Raleig street, Rev. F. G. Clark, the pastor, will preach in the morning on "The Golden Rule" and in the evening on "Unity of Human Nature." Sunday school meets at noon and the Epworth league will meet at 7 p. m.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Henry Habert of Grand and Sixtieth avenues west and Edward Habert of Sixtieth avenue west have gone to their farms at Nebagamon, Wis. They recently purchased these farms of N. S. Beardsley of West Duluth. Their families will follow soon.

Sherwin-Williams paints at Nygren's.

A daughter was born yesterday to Mr. and Mrs. John Berg of 607 South Fifty-ninth avenue west.

Wall paper and paints at Nygren's.

The Irving school alumni which met last evening arranged for the banquet which will take place on the evening of June 23. Principal Foster of the school was agreed upon as toastmaster. A program will take place before the speeches.

Sherwin-Williams paint is the paint that won't run off. Nygren's.

Levi Lewis has gone to Michigan for his health.

Wall paper and paints at Nygren's.

Mrs. Kemp left yesterday on the Clemens for a trip down the lakes.

A. R. Armstrong, one of the West Duluth mail carriers, left last night for St. Paul to atatend the annual state convention of the Mail Carriers' association.

Martin Jacobson of St. Paul is in West Duluth.

The subscription list which was started to assist Erik Sundeen, the man recently injured in a sawmill accident, is growing encouragingly.

George Highmark, who has been sick for some time with pneumonia, is recovering.

While operating a power saw in Petruschke's box factory yesterday, Anton Rosen, whose home is on Fifty-fifth avenue south, cut his hand badly.

Household furniture for sale. Call at 693 Forty-ninth avenue west.

Miss Grace Kingsley of Minneapolis, who is visiting with Miss Alice Morley of Sixty-third avenue west, was the guest of honor at a party given by Miss Morley last evening to a number of young ladies.

The Jolly Men of Old

Knew what was best to drink. The beer they loved we're making now, so let the glasses clink. Be merry friends and forget your cares. In the froth of the cheering glass, in a bumper of pure and delicious beer, that is healthful for swain or lass. Away with care, fatigue and woe, when you drink of Moose Brand Beer; fill high the cup, and drink it up, to the weal of the glad month of May.

Duluth Brew'g & Malting Co.
Either 'Phone 241.

Auspices of Nortun Lodge, Sons of Norway

GRAND 17th of May Celebration

Steinway Hall, Corner Fourth avenue west and First street. Marie Falk-Gjertsen in "Berglioh" and other national poems. Norwegian national music by Beethoven club. Speech by Dr. Tufty. Wednesday evening, May 17th. Admission, 50 cents.

FRIENDSHIP OF UNITED STATES

Is Earnestly Desired By the Russians For All Time.

St. Petersburg, May 13.—The appointment of Baron Rosen to succeed Count Cassini as Russian ambassador to the United States has not yet been gazetted and the press here generally is in ignorance of his approaching mission to Washington. Commenting upon Count Cassini's successor, however, the press uniformly recognizes the important role he will play. The Bourse Gazette considers the post at Washington one of the most difficult and responsible in the Russian diplomatic service.

"America," the paper says, "now occupies a high position in the world's play. Europe must listen to her on every important question. Not only in the Far East but in the near East the voice of America must be heard. Russo-American relations latterly have left much to be desired. The old friendship between the two peoples has been disturbed by incidents unexplainable on logical grounds. In the present war the United States has taken a position against Russia, although their interests do not clash in the Far East, whereas, the Japanese, with their cheap labor, constitute a real danger to the growth of American commerce in the Far East.

"The practical Americans understand this. All misunderstandings should be cleared away. In 1892 the United States and Germany were at loggerheads, but thanks to Emperor Williams' selection as ambassador of Baron Von Speck Sternberg, a statesman conversant with American social, official and financial life, the relations between Germany and America at once improved. In the same manner the future relations between the United States and Russia depend on Count Cassini's successor."

INTENSE FEELING

Against Young Murderer In Idaho Town.

Wallace, Idaho, May 13.—Rolly Wolen fatally stabbed Jack McAuliff in the abdomen and in the left lung in a saloon row at Burke Thursday night. The wounded man was brought to the hospital in this city and Wolen was hurriedly placed in jail here by Deputy Sheriff Bailey.

The feeling against Wolen is intense and it is probable that summary action would have been taken had he not been hurried out of Burke. The circumstances indicate an unprovoked attempt at murder.

All accounts of the affair agree that as McAuliff entered the saloon Wolen applied vile names twice, and as McAuliff raised his hand and told him to stop it, Wolen slashed him across the abdomen. McAuliff tried to defend himself and was again stabbed in the left lung.

Wolen, who is only 19, lives at Mace, where he is employed by his father in the Standard mine. He came to the district with his parents from Galena, Kan., about three years ago.

If the best is none too good for you, use

MURRAY BROS.' NON-EXCELLED ICE CREAM

Try It.

LAUNCHES, ROW BOATS AND CANOES

at Less Than Manufacturers' Cost.

The entire stock of Row Boats, Canoes and Launches of the Pearson Boat Construction Co. are on sale at less than the actual cost of manufacture. The company is closing out its business. Boats can be seen at the warehouses just across the canal.

PEARSON BOAT CONSTRUCTION CO.

POINTED A GUN

Ole Sieverson Jailed For Threatening His Mother-In-Law.

Thomas Lowry Is Fined For Whaling a Small Boy.

Because he pulled a revolver and pointed it at his mother-in-law, Ole Sieverson of the West end was fined $15 and costs, with the alternative of spending twenty days in the county jail, by Judge Cutting this morning.

Sieverson bears anything but a good reputation in the West end, judging from statements made by the police in court this morning. It is claimed that he does not treat his wife in the way that he should, and neglects to provide for her properly. Yesterday when he went home, he got into an altercation, and when his mother-in-law interfered, it is claimed that he pulled a revolver and pointed it in her face.

She complained to the police, and Sieverson was arrested on the charge of carrying concealed weapons.

When arraigned in court this morning he pleaded guilty and was sentenced by Judge Cutting to pay a fine of $15 and costs or spend twenty days in jail. He chose the latter alternative.

It happened that a friend of Judge Cutting's was in court at the time. A few weeks ago he inquired of the judge what his hobby was, saying that Judge Windom won't let a man beat his wife, and Humane Officer Withrow objects to a man beating his dog.

"I have found out your hobby now," said the wag. "You won't let a man shoot his mother-in-law. This is getting to be a dickens of a town. I am going to move to Superior."

* * *

Thomas Lowry was arraigned in municipal court this morning and fined $12.50.

But the incident does not furnish any excuse for the people of Woodland to light bonfires. It was not the Thomas Lowry of Minneapolis who owns millions and incidentally a street railway in Duluth. He was merely a respectable citizen of Park Point, who, after being annoyed beyond endurance by a crowd of small boys, took the law into his own hands, and got into trouble.

Mr. Lowry had been pestered with a "gang" of small boys who rang his doorbell, broke down his fences and generally made themselves obnoxious. He had talked and stormed until he was weary, and finally decided to take sterner measures. Last night he "laid for" the gang, and succeeded in capturing one small boy. The youngster protested that he was not connected with the affair, but Mr. Lowry hung the lad over a fence and proceeded to apply vigorous measures to the part of his anatomy which happened to be most handy.

This old-fashioned method of punishment did not appeal to the lad, but Mr. Lowry worked off the accumulated indignation of several weeks and finally relased his prisoner.

It turned out that the boy's story was true and that he had not been mixed up in the affairs of the gang. He told the story of his chastisement to his father, and the irate parent swore out a warrant for Mr. Lowry's arrest on the charge of assault. Mr. Lowry pleaded guilty and was assessed $10 and costs by the court.

Judge Cutting, however, intimated that if Mr. Lowry had got hold of the right boy, a suspended sentence would have been the result of such a prosecution. His mistake, therefore, cost him $12.50, and the next lad who rings Mr. Lowry's doorbell is apt to have that amount "taken out of his hide."

The Best Food in the World

MALTA-CERES

Always Ready to Serve

NATIONAL NUT FOOD CO. MINNEAPOLIS

Ouellette & Baxter Co

Lumber, Lath and Shingles

Sash, Doors and Mouldings.

Michigan St. and Garfield Ave.

LOOSE LEAF LEDGERS

and Blank Books at Wholesale Prices.
BOOKKEEPERS' SPECIAL PENCILS.

ZENITH PAPER CO.,

222--224 WEST MICHIGAN STREET.

RELIEF EXPEDITION

Will Sail For Arctic In About Two Weeks.

London, May 13.—William R. Champ and Dr. Oliver L. Fassig started for Bergen, Norway, today, to complete the details of the sailing of the former Newfoundland sailing steamer Terra Nova, which is to sail for the Arctic region to relieve the expedition headed by Anthony Fiala of Brooklyn, N. Y. The latter is on board the steamer America, fitted out by William Ziegler of New York for the purpose of attempting to reach the north pole by way of Franz Josef land. The Terra Nova is expected to leave Tromsoe in about a fortnight.

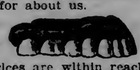
A second relief ship on which Dr. Fassig will be a passenger will proceed direct to Shannon island and search the east coast of Greenland.

The duke of Orleans leaves England during the coming week for Bergen whence he will sail immediately after his arrival there for the polar regions, bent on scientific research. Incidentally he may assist the relief of the Fiala expedition.

DENTISTRY

By Modern Sanitary Methods.

Painful rough methods have no place in our office. Ask those we have worked for about us.



Our prices are within reach of all—not too high, yet high enough to give you best material and guaranteed work.

The following low prices are made to place our work where all can see it. Get acquainted and prove we can do as we advertise. If you have work in our line, don't fail to see us before prices are higher.

Gold Crowns ..... $5 and $6
Silver Fillings 75c
Porcelain Crowns ..... $4 and $5
Full Set Teeth ..... $5 and up

LEE & TURLEY,

114-116 W. Superior St., over Folz. Both 'Phones.
Open 8 a. m. to 8 p. m.
Sunday 9 to 2.

Dr. von Suessmilch, The Dentist,

Has removed to 315 W. Superior St., over F. D. Day & Co.'s Jewelry Store

All We Ask Is One Trial For "SALADA"

Ceylon India Tea, BLACK or Natural GREEN. If you don't find it infinitely superior to any other tea, abandon it.

Lead packets only—never in bulk—by all grocers. Trial packets 10c.

HIGHEST AWARD ST. LOUIS. 1904.

FOR WATER WHEELS

Orders Placed For Those For Great Northern Power Company.

Allis-Chalmers Company of Milwaukee Will Build Them.

F. A. Cokefair, chief engineer of the Great Northern Power company, will arrive in Duluth tomorrow morning over the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic, after an absence of seme two weeks in the East.

Advices have been received that during his absence important conferences have been held with the associate and consulting engineers of the company, and with the engineers and representatives of the leading water wheel manufacturers, resulting in finally deciding upon the plans for hydraulic equipment and the placing of an order with the Allis-Chalmers company of Milwaukee, for the construction and delivery of the first three wheels for the main generating station on the St. Louis river.

These wheels will be of 12,500 horse-power each, and will be the largest ever constructed. They are especially designed by the Esser Weise company of Zurich, Switzerland, designers of the wheels for the Niagara Falls Power company on the American side.

Orders for the big generators, 10,000 horse-power each, have already been placed with the General Electric company of Schenectady. As these generators have an overload capacity of 25 per cent, the water wheels are constructed with a capacity of 12,500 horse-power to provide for this overload in the generators.

The main generating station on the St. Louis river is designed for the installation of eight of these wheels, the combined capacity of the wheels being 100,000 horse-power of which three, with a capacity of 37,500 horse-power, will be first constructed, and for which the order has been placed.

The work in all departments of construction is now going forward expeditiously, and present indications are that the first installation will be completed not later than July 1 of next year.

THE WHEAT SITUATION

Julius H. Barnes Issues a Letter to the Trade.

Julius H. Barnes of the Ames-Brooks company today issued a letter bearing upon the situation in wheat. He says:

"We have to report a most interesting situation again in American grain markets. Public gossip credits the combination of the Gates people and a prominent elevator interest at Chicago for the consummation of the May congestion, which has been gradually maturing all winter. Just at this point, where efforts were to be made to advance the price and force the "shorts" to a settlement, the selling of a line of independent May wheat owned by an outsider and forced into liquidation, according to this gossip, created such distrust among the members of the bull pool that the entire deal was thrown over just as it was in the commencement of its culmination. This seems to have been a most interesting chapter in the history of the grain trade, for it now appears practically certain that the movement of primary wheat had at that time almost reached its total exhaustion, and there is little doubt now that with the proper efforts they could have made in Chicago the price often predicted by Mr. Gates and his followers, viz, $1.50 per bus. Instead of that culmination, we had a most disastrous demoralization, which carried the price of Chicago May into the 80's, and from which the Chicago market has recovered the least of any American market. In Duluth, sympathetic liquidation carried the price of May wheat as low as 88c. Today the market has again sold at $1. In Minneapolis, May sold as low as 90c, and today again, within two weeks, at $1.06. On April 26, with the weakness in Duluth wheats at that time, we sold Duluth 1 northern ter export (the first in twelve months), and at the same time, on the same day, imported Manitoba 1 northern duty paid for an Eastern mill.

"This is only a most striking illustration of the chaotic conditions in grain markets occasioned by such a short crop year as that through which we are now passing. It is by no means certain that there will not be a sharp shortage of actual wheat in this country before the new crop supplies are available for milling. Minneapolis, the milling center of the country, is today paying for 1 northern wheat on track practically the same price as the average since last September, viz, very close to $1.10 per bushel. In Duluth we have stocks of less 2,500,000 bus. Our decrease in stocks this week is 500,000 bus, so that at the same ratio we have supplies for five or six weeks, and requirements of practically fifteen weeks before new wheat reaches this market. The favorable outlook for new crops has occasioned the old-time short selling and the resultant tremendous discounts for new crop options. With spot 1 northern selling in Minneapolis at $1.10, we fail to sympathize with short sellers of September wheat at 80c. The lesson of this year, when a favorable crop outlook disappeared in ten days, is too fresh, and the prospect of a profit on the lower side of 80c wheat, which is already on an export basis, is too remote for us to advise such sales. New crop winters are being worked steadily in a small way for export, and new crop springs are almost on a working basis for fall shipment. Except for higher inland and ocean freights, business could be done at once."

STUDIO REMOVED!

Miss Jessie M. Thomson's residence and studio for china painting has been changed to 1810 East Fifth street. Classes for instruction. Orders taken. Firing daily. Old 'Phone, 994-M.

THOSE WHO HAVE DIED

Chicago, May 13.—Robert H. Holden of the Chicago Chronicle died of kidney trouble last night at his home in Evanston. His remains will be interred at Baraboo, Wis.

Montreal, May 13.—Hon. J. F. Bain of Winnipeg, judge of the court of King's bench, who has been here for three months undergoing medical treatment, is dead at the Royal Victoria hospital.

Philadelphia, May 13.—Joseph Maclas, who has managed many pugilists and who was known to the sporting fraternity all over the country, died here today of Bright's disease.

Toronto, May 13.—Mrs. W. R. Scott, whose death was announced at Ottawa, yesterday, was the wife of S. W. Scott, the Dominion secretary of state. She was Mary Heron, one of several sisters known in professional life a the "Natalie sisters," who came to America from Dublin in the early fifties and gave many concerts in the United States, Canada and the West Indies. It was at one of these concerts that Mr. Scott met Miss Heron. They married in Philadelphia in 1853. Mrs. Scott was 72 years old.

Portland, Or., May 13.—Judge Charles B. Bellinger of the United States district court is dead. The trial of United States Senator Mitchell for alleged participation in land frauds was in progress in Judge Bellingers' court, when the judge was stricken with his fatal illness last month.

FLEEING ROBBER

Shot By Sheriff Chambers of Steele County.

Owatonna, Minn., May 13.—While resisting arrest yesterday for highway robbery, Ivan Tomajis was shot and killed by Sheriff Chambers.

Tomajis made no statement, and little is known of him. He and Martin Rukavina and Martin Arnik came from Minneapolis Thursday night and spent the night in a barn. The first two learned that Arnik had $400 and was returning to Slavonia to bring over his family, whereupon they held him up and took the money from the lining of his trousers and vest.

The robbers went east and Arnik informed Sheriff Chambers, who took a train to Havana and found the robbers, who turned and fled. The sheriff fired three shots wild and then shot Tomajis in the back.

The men have been living in Minneapolis. Tomajis at 30 First street, Rukavina at 20 Water street and Arnik at the Minnesota hotel.

Rukavina says the money was taken originally from him and he merely regained possession of it and is not guilty of robbery.

TWENTY-TWO MINERS KILLED.

Budapest, May 13.—Twenty-two miners were killed today by a premature explosion during blasting operations in the Almasy coal mine at Resjeza.

JUST RECEIVED

Fresh Cargo

OF

GENUINE FALLING ROCK

Kentucky Cannel Coal

$7.25 Per Ton!

North Land Coal Co.,

328 West Superior Street. Telephone 1200

REQUEST IS DENIED

Senate Committee Refuses to Postpone the Armour Hearing.

E. M. Ferguson, Who Made the Request, Returns From Chicago.

E. M. Ferguson, president of the Western Fruit Jobbers' association, who returned yesterday from Chicago, where he attended the hearing, before the interstate commerce commission, of the Michigan fruit case, growing out of an alleged overcharge by the Armour car lines for refrigeration, has received a telegram from Senator Stephen B. Elkins, chairman of the senate committee, to the effect that the continuation of the Armour hearing before the committee at Washington, set for May 15, cannot be postponed under any conditions, as was asked by Mr. Ferguson.

The message asserts that members of the committee hope to be able to adjourn not later than May 20. Mr. Ferguson has wired Senator M. E. Clapp at Washington to ascertain whether the taking of all the testimony in the case, from both sides, is to be completed before adjournment, or whether the hearing will be continued until fall. This point has not as yet been made entirely clear. The side of the shippers and jobbers has already been heard, and now it is the turn of the Armours. It is expected that their testimony on this occasion will be practically the same as it was before the house committee. Mr. Ferguson will doubtless be given an opportunity to reply to any statements the Armours may make before the hearing is finally closed.

R. S. Powell, who accompanied Mr. Ferguson to Chicago, has not yet returned to Duluth. He is now at Detroit, taking depositions of the Michigan Central Railway officials to be used during the trial of the case brought against the Armours by the Knudsen-Ferguson Fruit company for the recovery of alleged overcharges for the refrigeration of fruit shipped to the local company over the Michigan Central from Michigan points. The case will come up in federal court next June.

The hearing was set for last February, during the last term of federal court, but owing to the refusal of the railroad officials to come to Duluth to testify that such contracts as alleged were in existence, a continuance had to be taken. Because the jurisdiction of this court does not extend so far as Detroit, and it was not in the power of the judge to force the attendance of the witnesses desired. The depositions now being taken will answer the purpose, however. Officials of both the railroad and Armour companies testified before the interstate commerce commission last June that such contracts as charged existed between the Armours and the railroad, so there will be no difficulty in regard to the depositions.

The local concern is suing for the recovery of the full amount of the icing charges, on the ground that no more should be charged for the transportation of fruit, or any other class of freight, than is announced as the rate in the published tariff sheets, as published. The tariff sheets, it appears, give only the regular freight charges, and make no mention whatever of the extra charges for icing. The jobber, under the system, knows nothing of the extra charge until he receives his freight bill, after the receipt of the fruit. For example, the tariff sheet states that the freight on a car load of peaches from Michigan to Duluth will be 58 cents a hundred pounds. At this rate the freight charges on a car load would be $116, but when the car is received here a freight bill calling for the payment of $161 is handed in, the extra charge of $45 being for icing. It is the contention of the Knudsen-Ferguson company that all charges should be included in the published tariff.

Mr. Ferguson expresses himself as being well satisfied with what was accomplished at the Chicago hearing and says that he expects a favorable order from the commission within the next sixty days. It is not generally understood that two separate cases came before the commission at Chicago this week, one the Michigan fruit case, and the other of a general nature, but this is a fact, which explains why Mr. Ferguson and Mr. Powell could leave the Windy City before the commission adjourned. They were directly interested in the Michigan fruit case alone, which has been completed. The other is still in progress. Each hearing is conducted by different government attorneys. The general hearing was started last October and is the beginning of an investigation far reaching in its effects, which is to take up the case of one road after another and a thorough canvass of the situation has been made, giving members of the commission a comprehensive idea of the whole matter. This investigation, developing the true situation, as it will form a basis on which to work and bring over actions with a view to remedying any evils which may be found to exist.

The work of the commissioners in this respect may be likened to that of the ordinary grand jury. Indictments will be returned upon which prosecutions may be started. It is not intended that such investigations shall result in the issuance of an order or orders that will compel the private car line people to come to time, for this is beyond the power of the commission, but an order is hoped for holding that the contracts between the private car lines and railroads are illegal, and beyond the question of the law. An order of this nature will form a foundation for court proceedings, and will be brought into court in connection with actions along this line which will be brought against the private car line companies.

Mr. Ferguson emphatically announces that the fight between the growers and jobbers on the one hand and private car companies on the other will be one to the finish, and no compromise could be agreed upon even though the Armours offered free refrigeration service. The exorbitant charges are not the real issue in the case. The real issue is: Have these private car companies a right to make such contracts with the railroads as they have been making for the transportation of foodstuffs, and thus have at their mercy business firms and individuals throughout the country?

"The vast power of the Armours, obtained through the private car line evil, is startling," said Mr. Ferguson today. "Here is a special newspaper dispatch from Chadburn, N. C., which may be taken as an indication of this great power for evil. It reads:

"'There has never been anything in the history of this state to compare with the railroad blockade here. More than $200,000 worth of berries have rotted at the depot since Monday morning. The railroad is hauling carload after carload of fine, but spoiled berries, and dumping them as so much garbage. The loss to the truck growers of this section will be at least $600,000. The Fruit Growers' Express company (an Armour private car line) has failed to supply the refrigerator cars. The farmers are picking their berries as fast as they can and turning them over to the station agent here, but the situation is steadily growing worse. The express company is held responsible, and claims for $300,000 damages have been filed. More than 100 Northern commission men are here and ready and willing to pay $2 and $3 a crate for berries if they could ship them.'

"The fault of this unfortunate situation lies entirely with the Armours, and shows what a terrible power they will have if they are allowed to continue along the lines they have mapped out, gaining possession of and operating private car lines. They would practically have the country at their mercy, and ruin any particular fruit-growing section, any individual in that section, or any firm handling fruit, at will. They are a private corporation, and therefore, in my opinion, cannot be forced to satisfy such claims as the Chadburn people are making against them. No court can force them to stand the losses of the growers, unless they voluntarily offer to do so, as they may in the present instance, so that their action will have a beneficial affect in their trouble with the interstate commerce commission.

"The Pere Marquette is the only road in Michigan that still recognizes the Armour private car line, and it is under contract for another year. All of the Michigan roads with this exception have put on their own refrigerator cars, or have made arrangements to do so. The Rock Island system is preparing to put on its own refrigerator cars. The Louisville & Nashville road has discarded the Armour private cars and is building 400 refrigerator cars. The Illinois Central is using no Armour cars this year.

"The ice charges by the Armours are not in any respect based on the value of service rendered. They are graded according to what it is believed the traffic will stand. To start with, the bare freight charges on a carload of fruit shipped in an Armour car are higher than those for any other commodity, exclusive of the icing charges. From Southern California to Duluth the icing charge, as fixed by the Armours, is $72.50. The same service on the Northern Pacific road, for practically the same distance, is $25. The Northern Pacific operates its own refrigerator cars. The bare freight rate on fruit from Missouri to Duluth, via the Armour route, is $1.22 a hundred pounds, where, from California to New York, a distance more than twice as great, the rate is only $1.25 a hundred pounds. The actual cost of icing a car from the Pacific coast to Duluth, according to the testimony of R. F. Ober, agent for the refrigeritor car lines of the Northern Pacific, is $18."

U. S. MARSHAL REMOVED; ANOTHER APPOINTED.

Washington, May 13.—Walter F. Matthews of Portland, United States marshal for the district of Oregon, has been removed by order of the president. It is understood that this action was taken at the instance of the government's attorney in Oregon, who, it is said, believed that Mr. Matthews was not sufficently in harmony with the prosecution of land fraud cases now being conducted in that state.

Charles J. Reed has been appointed to succeed Mr. Matthews.

United Foresters Attention!

All members of the order, and especially the members of Court North Star, No. 49, are requested to meet at Stewart's morgue, at 2 p. m. tomorrow, Sunday, May 14th, to attend the funeral of Brother Clarence Walker. Members will wear badges and members of degree team will attend in uniform. By order of

JOHN McMURCHY, High Ranger.

SUIT BY HUSBAND

Driven Out of House By His Wife.

Mankato, Minn., May 13.—A rather unusual lawsuit was sprung in the district court before Judge Lorin Cray. Karl Schelegel, a well-known resident of this city, through his attorneys, H. L. and J. W. Schmidt, has commenced an action against his wife, Henrietta Schelegel. The suit was brought upon an ante-nuptial contract made by these parties before they were married, in which they agreed that the plaintiff husband should have the right in a certain house the rest of his life. He married Henrietta Schelegel last August, and moved into the house. On April 24 she drove him out of the house with a club, and threw all of his belongings after him, and now she will not allow him to come into the house, and he brings this action against her for an injunction enjoining her from keeping him out. An order to show cause has been issued and served.

Eischen Bros. Move.

Eischen Bros., the well-known florists, are now at 116 West Superior street, where, with every modern facility, they can better attend to their rapidly increasing business. Eischen Bros. are one of the largest growers of flowers and shrubbery in the state, and are daily advertising Duluth by their shipments to all parts of the country.

LOVE OF TWO MEN

For One Girl Causes a General Fight.

Sterling, Ill., May 13.—Because two men love one girl and neither would relinquish his suit, a riot resulted at Walnut in which seven were injured and one is in the hospital. Alva Wheeler and Frank Alshouse were the rivals. Leaving the girl's house together, they decided to fight it out. Louis Arnam, Fred Wilson, Harry Davis and Lord Smock joined in the fight. They were arrested and fined $10 each. Bad feeling in the town over the incident is growing.

DEATH OF RECLUSE.

La Crosse, Wis., May 13.—Dead in his hut but a few miles south of here, Carl Miller, a miser, aged 78, was found by neighbors who passed his abode. Miller was once a cultured and wealthy man, but years ago, on account of a love affair, isolated himself from the world and had since lived in solitude in his little hut. Death resulted from natural means.

BRIEF SERVICES OVER DEAD.

Harrisburg, May 13.—Brief and simple services were held over the charred bodies of the five unidentified victims of the South Harrisburg disaster in the Market Square Presbyterian church today, after which they were buried in the Paxtang cemetery.

NOTHING FROM ROJESTVENSKY.

Saigon, May 13.—Nothing has been heard of the movements of Admiral Rojestvensky's fleet since May 9, when the Russians left Vanfong bay.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

$5.75

St. Paul-Minneapolis and return. Tickets on sale May 16th and 17th—good to return May 19th.

$45 — Portland, Seattle, Victoria, Vancouver and return. Tickets on sale May 23 to Sept. 30—return limit 90 days. Choice of routes — liberal stopover privileges. A higher rate is charged where the return is through California.

Round trip homeseekers' rates to Minnesota, North Dakota and Canadian Northwest, on every Tuesday from May to Nov. 1.

On the first and third Tuesdays, May to November, round trip homeseekers' tickets on sale for Montana, Idaho, Oregon (east of Biggs), Washington (east of Wenatchee), also to Southwestern states.

For further information call at City Ticket Office, 432 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn.

STOCKHOLDERS MAKE CHARGE

Claim P. L. Kimberly Held Out on Some Mining Deals.

The Charleston, W. Va. Daily Gazette, of recent issue says that P. L. Kimberly, a multi-millionaire mining man of Sharon, Pa., who is well known in mining circles at Duluth, has been sued in circuit court of Kanawha county, W. Va., by the Wyoming Investment company, a Minnesota corporation which seeks to have Mr. Kimberly account for a large sum of money he is alleged to have withheld from the company in some mining deals. The suit is brought by the stockholders, among whom are A. E. Humphreys and Frank Cox, who resides at Charleston. The Gazette article reads as follows:

"The company charges in its complaint that the defendant in the case acted as its agent in selling or leasing an iron mine on the Mesaba Iron range in Minnesota, and failed to account for a large amount of money received on account of same. The company further charges that he optioned the property from it for the sum of $250,000, and he was also to pay the company in addition thereto one-half of any sums that he might receive for said property over and above $250,000. They further charge that the property is worth more than $600,000, and that he received a large sum in excess of the $250,000, which sum or sums were paid to him as a bonus for a lease on said property. Holt & Duncan of Huntington, and Chilton, MacCorkle & Chilton of this city, are attorneys for plaintiff."

NEW JERSEY

Starts Suit Against One Hundred Corporations.

Trenton, N. J., May 13.—Attorney General McCarter has commenced proceedings against upwards of 100 corporations for non-payment of state taxes. Action is brought following the usual custom of endeavoring to enforce collection of all corporation taxes one year in arrears, but there are nearly 3,000 companies to proceed against this year, and already action has been brought in about 300 cases.

This forms the first step in the forfeiture of the charters of persistent delinquents. The proceedings are begun by the attorney general and two years are given the concerns to pay up. Then if the tax is still unpaid, the governor officially declares the charters forfeited and a proclamation to that effect is published.

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Orders for anything you may have in the shape of

Printing and Binding.

We care not how large.
We care not how small.
All orders will receive our best work and attention.

Merritt & Hector,

Both Phones. 32 West First Street.

EIGHT TIMBER TRESPASSERS

Sued For $167,786,12 By the State of Minnesota.

St. Paul, May 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—Eight timber trespass suits, covering alleged damages amounting to $167,786.12 were filed in the Ramsey county district court by Attorney General Young this afternoon.

The firms defendant are:

Sheffin-Carpenter company, to the amount of $51,324.42; Bonness & Howe, $10,951.61; Pine Tree Lumber company, $4,304.01; Foley-Bean Lumber company, $6,564.03; C. A. Smith Timber company, $4,791.70; Backus-Brooks Lumber company, $89,895.76.

The suits are an echo of the timber and mineral lease investigations made by Former Public Examiner Johnson just before he retired from office. They cover timber cut on state lands during the winters of 1903 and 1904.

A feature of the suits is that, with the probable exception of one company, the timber has been paid for, but, because of a violation of law in cutting the timber after the permit had expired treble damages must be exacted. It is then called trespass, but the companies involved refused to submit to that view of the case.

75% of all headaches are caused through defective eyes. Little eye defects grow to big ones if not properly and promptly attended to. Better have your eyes tested.

C. D. TROTT, 3 W. Superior St.

HARD-LUCK STORY

Bookmaker Who Remembered a Resurrected Player—Sleepers of Long Standing Racking On Nerves.

"I had a sleeper bet of three years' standing turn up on me at the Ascot track in Los Angeles, last winter, and it hurt some to have to unshuck what it called for," remarked one of the layers at Benning, who booked on the Slope during the winter meetings, to the Washington Post.

"I was putting up a slate around the Chicago tracks three years ago, and I picked up there a clientele of hard betters who didn't know much about the horses, but who had several different brands of bull-head luck—probably because they weren't so dead wise.

"One of them especially, a young fellow who owned a fine hardware store on the West Side of Chicago, handed me several pastes that hurt my feelings a lot. He didn't know a race horse from a bucket of white-wash, and, in addition to that, he was generally about three parts to the worse on the rum thing when he reached the track, and yet he had such an unerring and unengaging way of picking 'em on pure hunch that I fell into the habit of unconsciously rubbing the prices against the live ones every time I saw him heave close to my book. He dented me for a good many thousands in the course of that summer. He made it a practice to play in my book alone. It appeared as if he couldn't get wrong on anything that he slapped on my sheet, and I don't believe that I raked down more than half a dozen of his bets during that racing season in Chicago. I've got an idea—it may be a fool one, at that—that the only way to beat a hoodoo is to buck it, and so I kept right on taking his kale, feeling confident that I'd get him and his hardware store if he kept on playing them, with his eyes shut and with the red-eye trickling through his frame, for bull-head luck and booze don't class with percentage, notwithstanding all those pretty stories you read.

"One afternoon, when Bradley's good horse, Robert Waddell, was a 4-to-1 shot with a sewll field, this hardware boy edeged along to me and handed me $300 on that one. Waddell made his field look funny and came home in a breeze with his mouth open.

"The hardware boy didn't turn up after the race for his $1,500. He didn't make his apeparance during the remainder of the afternoon's racing, so I concluded that he had tanked up totally and forgot to colelct his win. I drove by his hardware store on my way back to the hotel, but his clerks told me that he hadn't got back from the track. I, of course, felt sure that he'd show up at the track the next afternoon, but he didn't. Again, on my way home, I drove by his place of business, but the clerks again informed me that he hadn't made his appearance at the store. He didn't turn up at the track for the rest of the meeting, nor did he make his appearance at his home or at the hardware store. The Chicago papers printed a lot of stuff about his extraordinary disappearance. He had not been seen by relative or friend since that day he walloped me for $1,200 on the Waddell horse.

"When I was pulling up stakes to quit Chicago, I went to his head man at the hardware store and told him that if his boss turned up he could get his $1,500 by writing me at my New York address. I figured it out that the young fellow might have gone off on a protracted toot, and that I'd hear from him all right in time. But I didn't.

"Well, shortly after the meeting at Los Angeles began last winter I was busy handling the chickenfeed on a mile and a quarter race in which Heather Honey was the even-money favorite, when a seedy-looking chap nudged up to a place in front of me. He had a sort of left-over bun on.

"'Well, pal,' he said to me with easy familiarity that got me a bit on the raw, considering his looks, 'I wonder if I can get by with a little hurry touch for a few bones—say $1,500?'

"Then I looked the man over. I had the vaguest posible memory that I had seen his face before somewhere, but I couldn't place him, for the life of me. He continued smiling in my teeth. I thought that perhaps he might be too much under the cochineal stuff to understand what he was talking about, and so I went ahead taking the other betters' coin.

"'Just give me $1,500 worth of Heather Honey, will you?' remarked the shabby-looking chap, continuing to regard me amiably.

"'Sure thing,' said I. 'Send along the stuff.'

"'Oh, just charge it to my account,' he said with perfect good nature.

"'Went away, Happy,' said I. 'I'm busy.'

"'Or,' said he, still regarding me with his baffling grin, 'you can just slip me the $1,500 and I'll get it down on Heather Honey in another book.'

"Then the great white light broke on me. He was the Chicago hardware boy to whom I was indebted in the tune of $1,500.

"'Oh, you're the lost one, hey?' said I, and he saw that I recognized him. 'D'je have a nice time when you strolled off that day?'

"'Pretty fair, thanks,' he replied. 'D'you want that $1,500 on Heather Honey?'

"'Yes. I'll handle it,' said I, and I marked him down even money Heather Honey for the $1,500 that I owed him.

"Then Heather Honey pranced out and smothered the field, romping home twelve lengths to the nice.

"I guess that wasn't enough to give a guileless layer the lid-buzz. I slipped the shabby young fellow his $3,000 when he strolled around for it. I told him, however, that he had too much of the evil eye on him for any more play on my sheets—I was afraid of his way of selecting them. I was justified in my fear, too, for he slid in from that time and cleaned up about $50,000 inside of two weeks. Then he quit. He dropped around to my stool to shake hands before he blew, and he told me he was going back to Chicago to start another hardware shack and forget the ponies.

"Digging up on any kind of a dead horse is bad enough, but these sleepers of long standing are sure racking on the nerves."

A man does not sell his services at the market "nearest his home," but at the best market. There is no more reason why a woman should do most of her shopping at stores "nearest home," unless these stores afford the best opportunities.

LEARN CHIROPRACTIC

Dr. Riesland's Grand Offer for the Benefit of Suffering Humanity!

Dr. D. W. Riesland, the oldest and most reliable Chiropractor in the State, who has recently returned from a trip to the Senate and House of Representatives, where he demonstrated to the members the marvelous results of his science, makes the following grand offer:

From now until the first of June I will teach Chiropractic to any conscientious man or woman for one-half the fee charged by any competent and qualified Chiropractic the world over.

Dr. Riesland was selected by the International Association of Chiropractors as the only one capable of demonstrating this marvelous science to the members of both houses of the legislature.

He is the dean of the profession in Minnesota, and without question is better qualified to teach chiropractic thoroughly than any other chiropractor in the state.

From now until June 1, he will teach chiropractic at half the regular rate charged everywhere. It is the chance of a lifetime.

If interested, call or write the doctor at his offices—

707-8-9-10 PALLADIO BUILDING, DULUTH, MINNESOTA.

La Follette

is the name of Wisconsin's courageous Governor. **JOHN GUND** is the name of Wisconsin's famous pioneer brewer. The State of Wisconsin is celebrated because of its climate and soil, as the best barley growing territory, and from the very pick of its barley crops

GUND'S *Peerless* BEER

has been brewed for over 50 years. The hops used in this matchless beer is imported from far off Bohemia, and the water bubbles crystal clear from a spring 500 feet deep. On account of its marvelous richness, mellow ripeness and snappy flavor, it was awarded the **Gold Medal** at the St. Louis World's Fair. **PEERLESS** is undoubtedly a triumphant achievement in the art of brewing—and those who admire a really fine beer should **ask for it, and keep asking till they get it.** Order a trial case delivered to your residence this very day.

JOHN GUND BREWING CO. - - LA CROSSE, WIS.

FRANK CLEMENTS Manager Superior Branch.

1307 Eighth St., Superior, Wis. Telephone—New, 4099.

IN LABOR'S FIELD

Trades Assembly to Send Two Messages to President.

One Concerns Japs at Panama, Other Chicago Strike.

Union meetings next week: All of the following unions meet in the new labor headquarters, 202-11 Manhattan building:

Monday—Structural Trades' alliance, barbers.

Tuesday—Painters, decorators and paperhangers, stationery firemen.

Wednesday—Cigarmakers.

Thursday—Electrical workers.

Friday—Leather workers, tile layers and helpers.

• • •

At the meeting of the Federated Trades' assembly last evening in the new labor headquarters, the matter of the exclusion of Asiatics from this country and Panama came up in the form of communications from the San Francisco Federation of Labor, asking that the local assembly take action and ask the president of the United States to prevent the employment of Asiatics in digging the Panama canal. One communication asked the co-operation of the local labor unions in supporting the enforcement of the Chinese exclusion act.

Nothing was done with the latter communication, but the first mentioned was acted upon and the secretary of the assembly was instructed to wire the president as requested by the San Francisco body.

Charles Thoma endeavored to prevent any such action being taken. He said that on principle he is against the importation of Chinese and Japs into this country to work, but he believed the Panama canal commission has looked into the matter carefully and has concluded that men from the North American continent cannot work on the canal with safety, and for that reason are hiring Japs and Chinese. Mr. Thoma said that he knows something about the Southern climate, and he pities the poor Asiatics who are to face its fevers and malarias. However, he was voted down.

• • •

The secretary of the assembly will also communicate with President Roosevelt by wire asking that the talked of action of sending Federal troops into Chicago to put down the strike there be not taken, as the strikers are willing to be fair if the other side is.

The request to do this came from the Chicago Federation of Labor, and favorable action was taken at once.

• • •

The tile workers' union had in a communication asking to withdraw from the assembly for the reason that their numbers are small and they cannot afford to pay the monthly assessment levied by the assembly. Delegate Perrault thereupon moved that six months' membership be granted free to the complaining union in order that it may get on its feet and in good working order, which was done.

• • •

The call for the twenty-third annual convention of the Minnesota State Federation of Labor is out and was read last evening at the trades assembly meeting. The convention is to be held at Brainerd on June 12, and special rates on railroads have been procured for the affair from all over the state. An attempt will be made here to get up an excursion so that a lower rate yet may be obtained. The credentials committee of the convention will meet on June 11 and it is necessary for all credentials to be in the hands of State Secretary W. E. McEwen by that time. Each assembly or central labor body is entitled to five delegates and the following were elected delegates from the Federated Trades assembly last night:

James Walsh, chairman; H. Perrault, Joseph Shartel, president of the assembly; William Tunell and John McDonald were elected by acclamation and the following alternates were also elected; Paul Boltz from the carpenters' union; Frank Borrien of the machinists, and John Benson of the tailors.

• • •

S. S. McDonald who left the city the first of the week to take a situation as machinist on the Sioux City Journal, sent in his resignation as vice president of the assembly. His successor was elected last night in the person of Charles Thoma, who, together with the new secretary-treasurer, was immediately sworn in and took his office.

• • •

Capt. K. A. Franklin of the clerks' union suggested that since the assembly was going as far away from home as the Panama canal in protesting against foreign labor being brought in, it should be remembered that there is a local canal and power company which it is said is bringing foreign labor in to work. This he thought should be investigated. The matter was laid over until the next meeting.

• • •

The local typographical union held its regular monthly meeting last Sunday and nominated candidates for the various offices of the union and also candidates for delegate to the convention of the International Typographical union to be held at Toronto next August. The election to fill these places will be held next Wednesday. The nominations are as follows: President, W. J. Ferguson; vice-president, W. R. Eastman; secretary-treasur. Augustine Murphy; recording secretary, John McDonald; auditing committee, William Bergman, G. A. Bergstrom and L. Ewald; delegate to the I. T. U. at Toronto, W. H. Johnson, W. J. Ferguson, W. H. Witchell and H. Wilson.

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The teamsters' union has elected a delegate to the Brainerd convention, being the first union to take this step. Thomas Dinnegan was the delegate chosen.

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The plumbers' union has decided to give one hour each week to the discussion of the apprentice and helper question, a proposition which is bothering most of the trades in Duluth at present.

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George Marcey of the leather workers of this city is a candidate for the office of vice-president of the United Brotherhood, which will be elected by referendum vote. It is expected that Mr. Marcey will secure the honor he seeks.

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The Building Trades Alliance will meet Monday evening and will take in the tile workers' union.

• • •

At its meeting last Wednesday night the Freight Handlers' union elected the following officers: President, Joseph Knucky; vice president, Joseph Perry; secretary, John Maxwell; financial secretary, Thomas Gorman; treasurer, Thomas Hewitt; delegates to the Trades and Labor assembly, George McGuffin, N. B. Nelson and James Knucky.

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The tinners are all at work again, the strike having been settled Thursday. The particulars have already been published in The Herald. Both sides made concessions.

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A dispatch from St. Paul says:

W. H. Williams, state labor commissioner, who returned yesterday to St. Paul from Chicago and Kansas City, where he inspected the free employment bureaus in operation in those cities, has decided not to locate the proposed bureau in Duluth, unless it wins out in competition with St. Paul. It is understood that the commissioner believes that there should be a branch bureau in Duluth, and if the appropriation provided by the recent legislature were not so limited, the proposition of the Duluth Commercial club would probably be accepted. There will be a lively contest between St. Paul and Duluth for the place. Mr. Williams will give the commercial clubs of the two cities a hearing today, and the bureau will be located in the city that offers the best inducement.

An interesting feature of the bureau will be a "ladies' department." A separate room will be provided, where domestics and scrub women may assemble and be "sized up" by the prospective mistresses.

BRYAN'S BILL, $2,500,

For Services as Administrator of Bennett Estate.

New Haven, Conn., May 13.—W. J. Bryan made a return to the probate court of his account as administrator of the late Philo S. Bennett. The estate had a value of $291,030, with $67,000 yet to be received from the firm of Bennett, Sloan & Co., of New York, of which the deceased was a member. Mr. Bryan submitted a bill of $2,500 for his services.

The legacies paid from the estate according to the terms of the will amounted to $212,000. A hearing upon the account was set for May 22.

Bon Ami

The Best Scouring Soap Made

A Scouring Soap
A Metal Polish
A Glass Cleaner

AMONG THE PLANTS

The desperate something, some people call it weather, but we have failed to find a suitable name for it, has put a stop to all out-of-door gardening, and all we have been able to do lately is to gaze across the mud puddle we call garden and anticipate, but there is fun even in that, and the blissful part of it is that should the sun happen to shine only one day we forget all the storms and are ready to swear that Duluth is the best place in the world to live in, and the climate all that can be desired—and so it is.

As soon as the ground dries off all planting in the vegetable garden must be pushed, all the main crops raised from seeds planted at once, hardy flower seeds can also be sown and some of the tender ones risked. By tender ones we mean nasturtiums, corn, beans, squash and cucumbers, and another lot should be planted May 20th. Often you can run over the hills of cucumbers and with your fingers put in a few more seeds by the side of the first planted. Then you have two chances instead of one against a late frost.

Sow lots of garden peas. It is generally thought that you cannot grow the tall kinds while Canada thistles last, but putting the rows four feet apart, and when they grow to two feet long we turn the vines all to one side and pull enough dirt onto them to keep them over so that they will not run together and tangle, and we have always had good peas. We have also grown all our sweet peas the same way, only hilling on one side, and they have been lovely. If you sow a row of Alaska or some other early peas and a row of Champion of England peas at the same time you can greatly prolong the bearing season and pick nice young peas for two months.

Several want to know how to grow celery, thinking there is some mysterious process connected with it, but it is as simple as rolling off a log. Any rich soil will grow it, and the vegetable garden ought always to be so. The simplest plan is to stretch a string along and plan the celery in a stright row on the level surface, six inches apart. Hoe it and weed it as you would any other crop. When the stalks have made a free growth of about eighteen inches slide an board under it, on either side; pull the board up on its edge, crowding the plants hard, and drive in a stake to hold it there. This will shut out the light and blanch it beautifully.

Get your flower beds ready now. Make them fairly rich, especially the pansy beds. You cannot grow first-class flowers in poor soil. By the way, plant a few as soon as you can and don't be forever watering them, unless it is in a very dry time in midsummer, and keep the seed pods picked off.

It is too early yet to plant out astors and general bedding stock unless they can be covered on frosty nights. The same holds good with tomato plants. May 25th is soon enough to begin and the first of June is still better. Coleus must wait until the first week in June is well along, and even then it is well to look out for frosty nights.

This is Friday morning and as I look up I see a bit of blue sky and I think the sun is going to shine once more. If it does, how glad our Duluth world will be, and all the plants in the garden are looking longingly upward and waiting for it. There comes the sun and I must hurry up and open the ventilators, so good bye and be sure and make a good garden this year. Make our city a thing of beauty, if you can afford it, and if you can't, do it just the same.

E. C. LINDSAY.
Lester Park Greenhouses.

HYPNOTISM A CURE.

What It Has Done in Curing Bad Habits.

Bereznitsky strongly advocates the employment of hypnotism in the treatment of drunkenness, the morphine and tobacco habits, says the New York Medical Journal. The author argues that there are no drugs which can be hoped to cure these habits, and that modern medicine has found the most efficient means of combatting them by means of mental suggestion. In connection with alcoholism and the combat against it in various countries, he mentions the prohibition laws existing in some of our states, but adds that such laws would be impossible in European countries. The governments of the American states which prohibit the sale of liquor rightly calculate that the loss in revenue which is entailed by such laws is compensated to the state by the increased healthfulness of the population. On the other hand, the government monopoly of the liquor traffic as it exists in some conutries (e. g., Russia), not only does not diminish the evil, but prevents its proper control. He advocates the establishment of outdoor services where alcoholics can be treated hypnotically and of sanatoria, etc., where the worst cases can be confined for a time also under hypnotic treatment. As regards the treatment of the tobacco habit, he advises that tobacco be prohibited entirely as soon as treatment is begun. No bad effects result from such a sudden removal of this drug as are noted in the case of opium. Hypnotism easily cures the tobacco habit, but the cures are not often permanent, as smokers resume the habit more easily than other drug habbitues. They do not regard this habit as seriously as do morphine eaters. The results of treatment with hypnotism in alcoholics have been variously stated at from 20 to 80 per cent of cures. The author thinks that 30 per cent is the correct estimate, and that the high figures given by some observers are due to enthusiasm over a new method of treatment. But even 30 per cent of cures is a satisfactory result in alcoholism, a condition which so stubbornly resists treatment by other means.

SUNDAY SERVICES IN DULUTH CHURCHES.

Rev. C. W. Lowrie, of Cloquet, To Preach Morning and Evening at First Presbyterian Church.

W. D. Edson and R. R. Forward Speakers at Y. M. C. A. Afternoon Meeting.

At the First Presbyterian church, Rev. C. W. Lowrie of Cloquet will preach in the morning and evening. The morning subject will be "The Singleness of Christ," and the evening subject "The Finished Life."

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W. D. Edson and R. R. Forward will address the men's meeting of the Y. M. C. A. tomorrow at 3:30 p. m., on the subject "What Is Your Life." The meeting is open to all men.

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At the Pilgrim Congregationl church, Rev. Alexander Milne will preach in the morning on the subject, "Serving the Counsel of God," and in the evening on the subject, "The Compassion of Christ." The music will be as follows:

MORNING.

Prelude—Romance ..... Ashmoll
Response— ..... Tours
Choir.
Anthem—Jubilate in B Flat..... Lansing
Choir.
Anthem—"O Saviour of the World" ..... Goss
Choir.
Solo—"The Better Land" ..... Cowen
Miss Solon.
Postlude—March ..... Gounod

EVENING.

Prelude—Andante ..... Humperdinck
Anthem—"My Soul Doth Magnify"..... Blumenschein
Choir.
Solo— .....
Mr. Martin in D Simper.
Postlude—March .....

The choir consists of: Miss Estelle Solon, soprano; Miss Grace McLean, alto; J. L. Martin, tenor; H. G. Gearhart, bass. Miss Carlotta L. Simonds, organist.

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At the First Unitarian church, Eighth avenue east and First street, Rev. Harry White, the minister, will conduct morning service at 11 and Sunday school at 12. Mr. White will preach on "The Meaning of Life."

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Rev. M. S. Rice will preach tomorrow morning at the First Methodist church on "John Wesley" and in the evening on "My Young Lady."

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Services at St. Paul's Episcopal church will be as follows: 8 a. m., holy communion; 10 a. m., Sunday school; 11 a. m., morning prayer and sermon; 7:30, evening prayer and sermon.

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At the Glen Avon Presbyterian church, the pastor, Rev. John Culbert Faries will preach in the morning on "The Eternal Father," the first of a series of sermons on "The Lord's Prayer." In the evening the subject will be "Building the Tabernacle, a Lesson in Giving."

• • •

At the First Baptist church, Eleventh avenue east and Second street, Rev. S. C. Davis, pastor, the subject of the morning discourse will be "Evil, It's Source and Method," and in the evening, "A Fishing Party, and What Came of It." Baptism will follow the evening service. Sunday school at 12 noon. Baptist Young People's Union will meet at 6:45 p. m.

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Rev. John W. Powell, Jr., will preach at the Endion Methodist Episcopal church at 10:30 a. m. on "With What Body Do They Come?"—the third sermon in a series on "The Problems of Immortality." At 8 p. m. the Epworth league will hold an anniversary service. Sunday school at 12 o'clock.

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At St. John's English Lutheran church, corner Third street an Lake avenue north, Rev. J. L. Murphy, A. M. pastor, will conduct morning service at 10:30, with sermon on the gospel for the day. Sunday school at 11:45 a. m. Evening service at 7:45 o'clock. Music lead by chorus choir, Mrs. J. L. Murphy, organist and chorister.

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Rev. R. W. Bowden will address the boy's meeting held tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock in the boys' department building, Sixth avenue east and Fourth street. Harold Cant will act as leader and Erling Mostoe will give a violin solo.

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At the First Church of Christ Scientist, corner Ninth avenue east and First street, regular service at 10:45 a. m. Subject; "Soul and Body." Regular Wednesday evening testimony meeting at 8 o'clock.

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At the First Norwegian Lutheran church, corner of First avenue east and Third street, the pastor, J. H. Stenberg, will preach in the morning on "Strangers and Pilgrims," and at 3 p. m. at Lakeside town hall on "Seeking the Lord." The monthly missionary service will be held in the evening, and H. P. Reed will preach.

• • •

At Grace Methodist Episcopal church, corner Twenty-second avenue west and Third street, services will be held at 10:30 a. m. and 8 p. m. Rev. George E. Silloway of Minneapolis will preach at both services in the absence of the pastor. Epworth League will meet at 7 p. m. with a special anniversary program, conducted by the league cabinet. Special music will be rendered under the direction of Mrs. E. N. Hopkins.

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Rev. Charles Fox Davis will preach at the Lester Park M. E. church tomorrow morning on "Light From a Shadow" and in the evening will lecture on "China."

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At St. Luke's Episcopal church, Nineteenth avenue west and First street, Sunday school will meet at 10 a. m., and morning prayer and sermon at 11. The rector will deliver the first of six addresses. The subjects are, "The Man With the Withered Hand," "The Man Who Was Blind," "The Man Who Was Deaf and Dumb," "The Man Who Was a Cripple," "The Man Who Was Dead," and "Manhood." Rev. Roderick J. Mooney is the rector.

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At Holy Apostles Episcopal church, Fifty-seventh avenue west and Elinor street, morning service will be held at 9 a. m. At the evening service at 7:30 Mr. and Mrs. David Adams will sing. The rector will preach the first of a course of sermons on the following subjects, "The Man With the Withered Hand," "The Man Who Was Blind," "The Man Who Was Deaf and Dumb," "The Man Who Was a Cripple," "The Man Who Was Dead," and "Manhood." Rev. Roderick J. Mooney is the rector.

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Archdeacon Appleby will hold services tomorrow as follows:

At Trinity mission, corner of Twentieth avenue east and Superior street, 8 o'clock, celebration of the holy communion; 11 o'clock, morning prayer, litany and sermon; 4:15 p. m., evening prayer with address.

At St. John's church at Lakeside, evening prayer with sermon at 7:45 p. m.

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At the Swedish Mission church, corner of Twenty-first avenue west and Second street, the pastor, Rev. F. O. Kling, will speak at 11 o'clock on the subject, "Intercession of Christ for His People," and in the evening at 7:45 on, "Perfect Knowledge." Sunday school will meet at 9:30 a. m. Young People's society at 5 p. m.

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Services in the Second Presbyterian church, 1515 West Superior street, will be held at 10:30 a. m. Sermon by the pastor, Rev. S. F. Sharpless, subject, "God's Estimate of Man." Sunday school at 11:45 a. m. Christian Endeavor meeting at 6:45 p. m. Preaching at 7:45 p. m., subject "The Christian's Power." Thursday at 7:45 p. m., Bible study. Sunday school in Bethany chapel 2:30 p. m., and preaching at 3:30 p. m.

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At the Star of Hope mission, 622 West Superior street a meeting is held every evening at 8 o'clock, conducted by Mr. and Mrs. Callahan. The services for Sunday are as follows: 3 p. m., consecration meeting; 7:30, workers' prayer meeting in "inquiry room;" 8 o'clock, song and praise service; 8:30, R. Mont Beattie, president Christian Endeavor society of the Pilgrim Congregational church, will speak. Rev. John Callahan will conduct the song service.

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At the First Norwegian-Danish M. E. church, corner of Twenty-first avenue West and First street, Rev. H. K. Madsen will preach at 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Sunday school will meet at 12 m. and Epworth league at 7 p. m.

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At Olson & Kauppe's hall, in West Duluth, there will be preaching at 8 o'clock by A. P. Lund.

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At the Lakeside Presbyterian church, Forty-fifth avenue East and McCulloch street, Rev. H. B. Sutherland will preach at 10:30 a. m. on the theme, "Proofs in Living Illustration." Sunday school will meet at 12 o'clock, and Christian Endeavor at 7 p. m. The subject for the evening sermon will be, "The Ways of Balaam."

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At the Bethel, Lake avenue, Sunday school will meet at 2 p. m., led by T. S. Thompson, superintendent. Y. P. S. C. E. will meet at 6:45 p. m. and children's meeting at 7 p. m. Gospel meeting in the Finnish language at 8 p. m. will be conducted by the Rev. Mr. Lindgren, of the Finnish Baptist church. No evening meeting will be held in the English language on account of changing same to the Bethel branch.

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At the Bethel branch, 508 West Superior street, Sunday school will meet at 3 p. m., led by L. A. Marvin superintendent. Gospel meeting at 7:45 will be conducted by Mr. and Mrs. Asher. The following leaders will conduct the meetings during the week: Monday evening, the Swedish Baptist church; Tuesday evening, the First Presbyterian church; Wednesday evening, the Swedish Mission church; Thursday evening, Mr. and Mrs. Asher; Friday evening, the Glen Avon Presbyterian church; Saturday evening, the praise and testimony meeting.

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At the Hope church of the Evangelical association, corner Fifth street and Sixth avenue East, services will be held at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Y. P. A. meeting will be at 7:30 and Sunday school at 10 a. m. Rev. C. A. Tesch is the pastor.

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At the First Swedish Baptist church services will be at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school and Bible class for adults at 10 o'clock in the morning. Young People's society meets at 5 in the afternoon. Rev. A. Edstom is the pastor.

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At the German Methodist Episcopal church, corner Fifth avenue East and Sixth street, services will be held at 10:30 a. m. Sunday school will meet at 12 o'clock. Epworth League at 7:30 p. m. and evening service at 8 o'clock. The district conference will be held May 23 to 26. Rev. J. F. Steiner is the pastor.

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At the English Lutheran Synod church, corner of Twentieth avenue West and Third street, there will be evening services commencing at 7:45. The services will be conducted by the pastor, Rev. E. Wulfsberg, Jr. Sunday school meets at 12:15.

THE VALUE OF CHARCOAL.

Few People Know How Useful It Is In Preserving Health and Beauty.

Nearly everybody knows that charcoal is the safest and most efficient distinfectant and purifier in nature, but few realize its value when taken into the human system for the same cleansing purpose.

Charcoal is a remedy that the more you take of it the better; it is not a drug at all, but simply absorbs the gases and impurities always present in the stomach and intestines and carries them out of the system.

Charcoal sweetens the breath after smoking, drinking or after eating onions and other odorous vegetables.

Charcoal effectually clears and improves the complexion, it whitens the teeth and further acts as a natural and eminently safe cathartic.

It absorbs the injurious gases which collect in the stomach and bowels; it disinfects the mouth and throat from the poison of catarrah.

All druggists sell charcoal in one form or another, but probably the best charcoal and the most for the money is in Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges; they are composed of the finest powered Willow charcoal, and other harmless antiseptics in tablet form, or rather in the form of large, pleasant tasting lozenges, the charcoal being mixed with honey.

The daily use of these lozenges will soon tell in a much-improved condition of the general health, better complexion, sweeter breath and purer blood, and the beauty of it is, that no possible harm can result from their continued use, but on the contrary, great benefit.

A Buffalo physician in speaking of the benefits of charcoal says: "I advise Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges to all patients suffering from gas in stomach and bowels, and to clear the complexion and purify the breath, mouth and throat; I also believe the liver is greatly benefited by the daily use of them; thy cost but twenty-five cents a box at drug stores, and although in some sense a patent preparation, yet I believe I get more and better charcoal in Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges than in any of the ordinary charcoal tablets."

AN INSANE MAN TRIES TO VISIT WHITE HOUSE.

Washington, May 13.—A man who said his name is Daniel Costable, an Italian, was arrested by Policeman Hopkins while trying to force an entrance at the rear of the White House, about midnight last night. He was locked up at the police station.

When questioned as to the reason for being on the White House grounds he declared a spirit had entered his head and told him that his murdered wife was to be found in the White House. The man was hatless and clad only in a coat of thin serge. He was first seen by a negro climbing over the iron fence surrounding the grounds of the White House and attention was then attracted by the sound of an attempted entrance at the rear door. He was tugging frantically at the door and shouting "Francesca, it is I." Policeman Hopkins rushed up, hurled him to the ground. Stripping off his coat he made a dash for liberty at the station, but was stopped and six men were necessary to place him in a cell.

You may have known some particular store very well yesterday—and yet hardly recognize it today. New goods! Let the ads. keep you posted.

HEALTH is the Most Important

No one can tell good baking powder from bad merely by the appearance;

The price is some guide, but not an infallible one;

Some cheap brands may raise the dough, yet contain unwholesome ingredients.

There is one safe, sure way, i. e., to follow the recommendations of the

U. S. GOVERNMENT ANALYSTS,
THE HIGHEST AUTHORITIES ON HYGIENE THROUGHOUT THE WORLD,
THE BEST HOUSEKEEPERS EVERYWHERE—

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ABSOLUTELY PURE

REJECTS BIDS

School Board Abandons Idea of Manual Training Building.

Grade School Building May Be Erected In Its Place.

In accordance with the opinions expressed by some of the members of the school board at the meeting held a week ago, the board last evening decided to reject all bids for the manual training building, on account of the excessive cost of such a structure.

In place of the manual training building, the board will consider the plan of erecting a grade school building and of finishing off some more rooms in the basement of the High School for the manual training department.

Both motions passed without discussion, and the members had evidently arrived at an agreement concerning the matter before the meeting assembled.

At the regular meeting held a week ago the members postponed turning down the bids for one week to see if some reduction could not be made in the cost by minor changes in the plans. After a consultation between the architect and the contractors, the following bids were received in place of those submitted a week ago: McLeod & Smith, $33,390; Duluth Electric and Construction company, $32,209; H. Faucett, $33,200.

The lowest bid a week ago was $38,000, so that a saving of a little less than $5,000 was effected.

This was but a small item, however, as the additional cost of plumbing, heating and ventilating would bring the total expenditure up to between $35,000 and $70,000.

On a motion by Director H. H. Phelps, the board decided to reject all bids, and the question of building a manual training school, which has been before the board for four years, was thus disposed of for the present at least.

The principal opponents of the manual training building were Directors Phelps and Stevens, who declared that the board was not in position to stand such an expenditure at this time.

In place of the manual training building, the board is considering the erection of a grade school building, farther up the hill. This building would draw from both the Washington and high school buildings, and it is the idea of the board to then finish off the grade school rooms in the high school, for manual training class rooms, and complete more rooms in the basement of the high school for the practical work.

On a second motion by H. H. Phelps, President Codding appointed a committee of five members of the board to consider this plan. The committee will be headed by President Codding, in accordance with an amendment submitted by Director Washburn. The other members chosen by the chairman are Directors Stevens, Moe, Smith and Le Tourneau. Mr. Washburn was appointed to the committee, but stated that he could not act on account of a business trip which he was contemplating. Director Phelps also stated when making the motion that he would be unable to act on the committee.

This committee will investigate just what space will be available for manual training in the high school after the grade pupils have been removed, and will select a site for the proposed new grade school. A report will be presented at the next regular meeting of the board in June.

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On a motion by Director Washburn, the board asked the electors of the school district, to present to the board by petition, the names of any candidates who may be desired to fill the places of Directors Phelps, Smith and Le Tourneau, whose terms on the board expire this spring.

The board will then prepare the ballots for the election in accordance with the petitions received.

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On a motion by Director Phelps, the board voted to guarantee a sum not to exceed $50 annually, for water for the Lowell school on Duluth Heights. The action was taken to assist the residents of Duluth Heights in securing the eight per cent guarantee, which is necessary before the board of water and light commissioners will install the independent system.

OFFICIALS ARE FOUND GUILTY

Commission Finds Charges Against Beltrami Men Fully Sustained.

St. Paul, May 13.—It is semi-officially announced by members of the commission appointed by Governor Johnson to investigate the charges of mal-feasance in office preferred against County Attorney George H. Lund and Commissioners F. O. Sibley and W. Wright of Beltraml county, that the officials were found guilty of practically all the charges made by the public examiner. The report of the commissioners will be filed with Governor Johnson and the governor will give the officials a hearing at 10 o'clock on the morning of May 19. The commission has the resignation of County Attorney Loud, who has resigned under pressure, but will not file it with the governor until the charges against the county commissioners are disposed of. Should Loud's resignation be accepted at this time, the commissioners who are under Mr. Loud would have a hand in electing his successor.

A member of the commission, said: "The charges against the three officials were more than substantiated. The evidence we collected went to show that several persons not under investigation are involved. In fact, it appears that graft and corruption has held sway for at least four years. The laxity with which many of the county officials perform their work and the utter disregard of the law are nothing less than startling."

The officials were charged with letting contracts in violation of law, with sharing in the proceeds, and failing to prosecute persons charged with crime.

Baby sleeps and grows while mammy rests if Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea is given. It is the greatest baby medicine ever offered loving mothers. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Ask your druggist.

KILLED BY DYNAMITE

Seven Men Lose Lives In Explosion at Butte.

Butte, Mont., May 13.—Seven men were killed and one fatally injured in an explosion in the Corra mine, one of the Heinze properties, yesterday afternoon. The dead:

DANIEL O'BRIEN.
JOHN HOULIHAN.
R. H. HILL.
DAVE GILL.
NELS WAMPA.
JOHN KRAMER.
DANIEL HAILEY.

The injured: Hugh McGillis, concussion of the brain. Nels Wampa was carrying an armful of about forty sticks of dynamite, approximately twenty-five pounds, to be used for blasting purposes. Suddenly it exploded with terrible force. It is thought Wampa touched his candle to the explosive. He was blown to bits, fragments of his body being found several hundred feet away. Two men working nearby were blown to pieces. The remains were picked up filled several sacks. Four others about 400 feet distant, were instantly killed.

SMALLPOX ON SHERMAN.

Honolulu, May 13.—The United States transport Sherman, which left here at 11 o'clock yesterday for Manila, returned to port last night and went into quarantee. After leaving here, a case of smallpox was discovered on board.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Mends shattered nerves. Gives a healthy red to pale cheeks. Puts good flesh on thin children. Takes off pimples, rashes. Ask your doctor to tell you about it. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

SCALY PSORIASIS 20 YEARS

Shed Dustpanful of Scales Every Night. Startling Story of Suffering.

CURED BY CUTICURA

After Doctors and Hospitals Pronounced Case Incurable—Prayed for Death—Body a Mass of Disease, Skin Cracked, Nails Fell Off, Hair Dead and Lifeless—Blessed Relief from First Application of Cuticura—Cured in Six Weeks.

I have been afflicted for twenty years with an obstinate skin disease, called by some M. Ds. Psoriasis, and others Leprosy, commencing on my scalp; and in spite of all I could do, with the help of the most skilful doctors, it slowly but surely extended until a year ago this winter it covered my entire person in the form of dry scales. For the last three years I have been unable to do any labor, and suffering intensely all the time. Every morning there would be nearly a dustpanful of scales taken from the sheet on my bed, some of them half as large as the envelope containing this letter. In the latter part of winter my skin commenced cracking open. I tried everything, almost, that could be thought of, without any relief. The 12th of June I started West, in hopes I could reach the Hot Springs. I reached Detroit and was so low I thought I should have to go to the hospital, but finely got as far as Lansing, Mich., where I had a sister living. One Dr. —— treated me about two weeks, but did me no good. All thought I had but a short time to live. I earnestly prayed to die. Cracked through the skin all over my back, across my ribs, arms, hands, limbs; feet badly swollen; toe-nails came off; finger-nails dead and hard as a bone; hair dead, dry and lifeless as old straw. O my God! how I did suffer.

My sister, Mrs. E. H. Davis, had a small part of a box of Cuticura in the house. She wouldn't give up; said, "We will try Cuticura." Some was applied on one hand and arm. Eureka! there was relief; stopped the terrible burning sensation from the word go. They immediately got Cuticura Resolvent, Ointment, and Soap. I commenced by taking one tabespoonful of Cuticura Resolvent three times a day after meals; had a bath once a day, water about blood heat; used Cuticura Soap freely; applied Cuticura Ointment morning and evening. Result: returned to my home in just six weeks from the time I left, and my skin as smooth as this sheet of paper.

Henderson, Jefferson Co., N. Y. HIRAM E. CARPENTER.

Sworn to before me this nineteenth day of January, 1880.

A. M. LEFFINGWELL, Justice of the Peace.

We hereby certify that we are acquainted with the aforesaid Hiram E. Carpenter, and know his condition to have been as stated. We believe his statement to be true in every particular. (Signed), L. B. Simmons & Son, Merchants; G. A. Thompson, Merchant; A. A. Davis; Millard E. Joiner, Merchant; John Carpenter; A. M. Leffingwell, Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law, all of Henderson, N. Y.

Cure Permanent, March 20, '05

The above testimonial was given us in 1880, twenty-five years ago, and is published at this time to show that the cure was permanent, as Mr. Carpenter himself states in the following letter, written March 20, 1905: "I have never suffered with the disease since. The Cuticura remedies should come to the knowledge of every one troubled with skin diseases. They have genuine merit. If my own case had been the only one it would be different, but several cases have come to my knowledge just as wonderful as my own. I am now in my seventy-fourth year and in pretty good health.
(Signed), HIRAM E. CARPENTER, Henderson, N. Y., March 20, 1905."

The above is only one of many marvelous cures made by the Cuticura remedies. In this case, the cure not only meant escape from terrible suffering and freedom from disfiguration, but undoubtedly prolonged his life, as it is not probable that he could have lived in the condition he was before cured by Cuticura, after trying all known remedies without any benefit, and after having been pronounced incurable by Doctors and Hospitals.

COMPLETE EXTERNAL AND INTERNAL TREATMENT FOR EVERY HUMOR

Cuticura Soap, 25c., Ointment, 50c., Resolvent, 50c. (in form of Chocolate Coated Pills, 25c. per vial of 60). Constituting Complete External and Internal Treatment for every Humor of the Skin, Scalp, and Blood, from Pimples to Scrofula, from Infancy to Age, are sold throughout the world. A single set is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, and scaly humors, rashes and irritations, when all other remedies and even the best physicians fail. Potter Drug and Chem. Corp., Sole Props., 135 Columbus Ave., Boston.

Mailed Free, "How to Cure Every Humor of Infancy and Age."

PREFER NO CHARGES.

Striking Pupils Fail to Make Good.

The board of education at Superior held a meeting last evening at which it was expected that the striking Blaine high school pupils would present their charges against Principal B. B. James, who is so evidently unpopular with them. The charges were not, however, forthcoming, and one of the pupils has given the rather lame excuse that it was decided not to present any charges for the reason the board has already gone on record as stating that Mr. James would be retained the remainder of the school year in any event; also that charges preferred would only serve to stir up more dissension.

It has been claimed by members of the board right along that the only charge that the pupils could bring against their principal was that they simply did not like him and sought to force his removal on those grounds. The failure on their part to formulate any charges when invited so to do is said to strongly bear out that condition of affairs.

In this connection the following has been sent The Herald by President Shoemaker of the St. Cloud normal school, with the desire that it be published:

"Prof. James was elected teacher of physics and chemistry in the state normal school at St. Cloud in 1897 and continued here for three years. At the end of that time he took a leave of absence to take a post graduate course in the Chicago University. He was a first-class instructor, a thorough scholar, and a gentleman in every way. At the close of his Chicago work he decided to enter another field of school work. Mr. James was my colleague in St. Cloud, and it gives pleasure to testify to his worth and character.

W. A. SHOEMAKER,
President State Normal School,
St. Cloud, Minn."

To My Friends and Clients.
NOTICE

L. A. Larsen, formerly with George H. Crosby, will be doing a general Real Estate, Loan and Fire Insurance business at
102 Ground Floor Providence Bldg.
Both 'phones No. 253.
Residence—Bell 'phone No. 776-R.

Choice of Routes.

Via Pennsylvania lines, account National Educational Association Convention at Asbury Park, N. J., on June 29-30, July 1-2. Agents of the Pennsylvania lines at Chicago will sell round trip tickets to that point at rate of $22.35, via Fort Wayne Route, and $21.35, via Pan Handle Route. Good returning to July 16th, and with privilege of extension to August 31st. You have choice of four routes—via direct line, via Washington and Philadelphia, via Philadelphia and New York, or via Washington, Philadelphia and New York. Liberal stop over privileges. Ask your home agent about it, or for detailed information, call on or address G. L. Thomson, G. P. A., Pioneer Press Bldg., St. Paul.

The merchant who advertises gives you the same opportunities to secure bargains that your neighbor has. Publicity equalizes opportunity. Nowadays there is no reason for your not having heard about some special sale.

INTEREST IN FIELD DAY RUNNING HIGH

Ironwood Meet Fixed For May 27 and Athletes Are Working Earnestly to Get Into Condition—Practice Developing Several Men Who Get Close to School Records—Colleges Graduates Will Attend.

The date of the preliminary field day at which the men who will represent the local school in the meet that is to be held in Ironwood in June has been set for the last Saturday in this month, May 27.

The boys are practicing hard and steadily under the direction of Professor Campbell, and are getting into excellent form. It is expected that when the day of the meet arrives they will be in condition to break some of the school records judging by the way in which they are showing up at the present time. Some of them are approaching the records very closely in practice. In putting the shot Parks throws within six inches of the record, and Furni is doing exceedingly well with the discus. Allan Nelson is handling the hammer in an encouraging manner, as are also Graham and Dunn. In the hurdles Maginnis seems to be the most promising of the candidates, while in the jumping events Mace, Bradley and Maginnis are leading the others. In the pole vault Ryan and Jefferson are doing fine work.

Everybody is showing more interest in track athletics this year, which is undoubtedly accounted for by the meet that has been arranged between the high schools of Ironwood, Ashland, Bessemer, Duluth and Superior, to be held at the former place June 10. Those who are successful in the class preliminary will have a trip, and it is towars this end that they are working. In order to secure a place on the team that will represent the school in the Ironwood meet, the candidate must secure at least one first and one second the way the conditions now stand. If it is found that this arrangement is too severe to secure sufficient number of men it will be somewhat modified.

Class spirit is quite high, thus guaranteeing a close and exciting meet. The interest centers chiefly on the class relay race, which will be the last event of the day. The winners will have their names, together with their class numerals, engraved on the handsome silver trophy cup which is at present on exhibition in one of the halls. Jacques is captain of the seniors, Frink of the juniors, Ryan of the sophomores, and Cargill of the freshmen. They say that their men are training hard, and that the race will be won by an exceedingly close margin.

Following is the complete list of entries:

Runs—Smith, Quinby, Sinclair, Jefferson, Mace, Dutton, Bunnel, Cramner, Ober, Nelson, Jacques, Harrison, Magonagle, Montgomery, Clausen, Ryan, Clark, McLennan, Hill, McDevitt, Deetz, Harbison, Cargill, Adams, Wilcutts, Maginnis, Parks, Tobon, Furni, Frink, Graham, Michaud, Burris and Dunning.

Hurdles—Harbison, Harrison, Ryan, Quimby, Rankin, Montgomery and Maginnis.

Jumps—Mace, Bradley, Maginnis, Rankin, Ryan, Michaud, Eddy, Harbison, Montgomery, Markus and Frink.

Pole vault—Jefferson, Ryan, Rankin, Markus and Frink.

Shot put—Sarvela, Cramner, Nelson, Graham, McDevitt, Hill, Furni, Dunn, Parks and Lippitt.

Hammer throw—Dunn, Hill, McDevitt, Furni, Lippitt, Graham, Nelson and Parks.

Discus throw—Furni, Nelson, Sarvela, Maginnis, Dunn, Graham, McDevitt and Hill.

SENIORS INDICATE

If They Go to College or Normal School.

Last week Principal Smith requested the seniors to hand in their names with statements as to whether or not they intended to go to college or normal school, and where they expected to attend. Of the 112 students in the class, thirty-one are going to the University of Minnesota, sixteen to the local normal school, twenty-seven have decided to go but have not as yet decided where, twenty will not go further than the high school, and the remainder are scattered throughout the various universities in the East and West. The list follows:

University of Minnesota: Myrtle Bardsley, Fred Beck, Charles Albert Campbell, Harold Cant, Claudia Cox, Frank Frederick Daly, Reginald Graham, Royal Curtis Grant, Mary Jane Hallock, Jesse Willis Hamblin, Donald Knapp Harris, William Percy Harrison, Leonard Hill, Kathryn Barclay Hoopes, Allen Victor Johnson, George Albert Kruschke, Beatrice Leckey, Dunbar Lippitt, Isabelle McLean, George Edward Markus, Isadore Mondschine, Florence Helen Mooney, Allan Thearon Nelson, Martin Olson, Percy Sutton Patterson, Viola Pierce, Rudolph Schiller, Lester John Seyler, Stanley Strand, Johanna Strate and James Routh.

Duluth Normal School—Jessie Ames, Clara Aune, Margaret Braeutigan, Florence Cashin, Ada Christiansen, Ethel Beatrice Corbin, Lottie Crowley, Genevive Ives, Alice Ethel Lockerby, Laura Sophia Miller, Lellie Victoria Olssen, Hazel Marguirte Owens (for two years and then to college), Clara Ringsred, Laura Schiller, Helen Marana Shaver, and Mildred Anna Shaw.

University of Wisconsin—Edward Furni and Arthur Alexander Michaud.

Michigan College of Mines—Clyde McPearce and Frank Albert Pollock.

Wellesly College—Elizabeth Sharvy and Marguerite Frances Mitchell.

Art Institute or North Western—Louana Phelps.

Bryn Mawr College—Elizabeth Morris.

Ypsilanti Normal—Emma Christine Skogland.

University of Pennsylvania—Robert Duane Smith.

Hamline University—Pearl Clemans.

Wells College, N. Y.—Emma Waugh.

University of Chicago—Clarence Evans.

Chicago Conservatory of Music—Mabel Herbington.

University of Michigan—Herbert Francis Kenny.

Cornell—James Arthur Kirkwood.

Princeton—Walter Raymond McCarthy.

Leland Stanford, Jr.—Lester Forrest Phelps.

Those who intend to go to college but have not yet decided which school they will attend are: Sadie Black, Russel Briggs, Harold Crassweller, Roy Deetz, David Herbert Fredin, Rholf Ard Green, Leona Marie Grieser, Otto Carolus Hartman, Donald Safford Holmes, Robert Andrews Jaques, Charity Lovilla Jones, Charles Russel McLean, Effie Cecil Mintle, John Monaghan, Edna May Monaghan, Ida Elizabeth Morse, Chloe Elizabeth Richards, Malcolm Cheney Sinclair, Cora Swift, Gail Hamilton Swift, and Louise Pansy Wirth.

Those who have not decided which normal school they expect to attend are: Gertrude Brown, Nora Esse, Ida Emelie Steiner, Janet Wylie Stewart and Margaret Yager.

PLAYING SUPERIOR.

High School Team Meeting Blaine Aggregation.

This afternoon the local high school baseball nine is playing the Superior aggregation at Hammond Park. The wet weather has prevented the boys from indulging in regular practice, but in spite of this fact they are expecting to add another victory to their list. In their last game with Blaine they defeated them by a score of 2 to 0.

The line-up follows:

Duluth.	Position.	Superior.
Mclean	C	Surch
Cramner	P	Rooney
Furni	1b	A. Buchanan
Deetz	2b	H. Buchanan
McDevitt	3b	Hendricksen
Cargill	SS	Cowdin
Crassweller	LF	McGraw
Bowen	CF	Ross
Harrison or Maaginnis	RF	Stack

School Notes.

The hats that were voted some time ago to those of the seniors who were on the class relay teams of the junior and sophomore years have arrived. They are of an exceedingly handsome design, being made of white broadcloth and bearing the class numerals, "1905," which are of black silk. Similar hats will also be given to those who make the class team this year.

* * *

At the freshmen class meeting that was held in the assembly hall Wednesday afternoon it was decided that the class would give its spread in the High School building May 26.

* * *

At the next meeting of the Agassiz club, which will be held in the biological laboratory next Friday afternoon, Miss Lillie Olssen will give a paper entitled, "How Animals Hunt."

* * *

State Supt. of Public Instruction Olson visited the building during the past week.

* * *

Miss Mogford of the English department and Mr. Ferguson, professor of chemistry, were both absent Wednesday because of illness.

* * *

Report cards will be issued Monday.

* * *

Seven more weeks of school.

DULUTH vs. CALUMET BASEBALL
GAME AT ATHLETIC PARK
TOMORROW 3:30 P.M.

SENTENCES GIVEN TWO

Maki Goes to Reformatory, Razioppi to County Jail.

In Judge Ensign's room, yesterday afternoon, Pasqualia Razoippi, who was convicted on the charge of assault in the third degree, was sentenced to pay a fine of $100 or serve ninety days in the county jail.

Frank Hayes, who was indicted by the grand jury for running a blind pig at Pike lake, was arraigned and entered a plea of not guilty. He furnished bail in the amount of $100 for his apearance, and was released.

John Maki, indicted for grand larceny in the first degree withdrew his former plea of not guilty and entered a plea of guilty in the second degree. He was sentenced to the state reformatory.

Treatment For Falling Hair.
Knauff Sisters' hair store. Both 'phones.

CALENDAR LOGIC.

A Practical Calendar That Advertises Judiciously.

Substantial as the house it represents, the new calendar of Lord & Thomas, Chicago, is both unique and educational. The background of the pad is a rich design in harmonious coloring which represents some eight or nine impressions. The calendar pad is of good size and clear, and at the foot of the monthly sheets are business themes which are well worth a frame on the wall of every up-to-date business office.

These themes are practical, based on sound business logic, and are the outgrowth of a rich experience during which this well-known advertising agency has safely piloted some of the greatest advertising campaigns the world has ever known.

Here is a specimen of Lord & Thomas logic—there are others just as good:

"Which is the wiser way—to flash a name or fix the facts in the public mind? People do not buy goods, through advertising, from mere memory of a trade name or brand, but because they are influenced and convinced by sound, intelligent reasoning."

These arguments are good food for reflection and are appropriately placed upon the business man's daily guide.

VERDICT FOR OFFICERS.

Emil Carlson Loses His Damage Action.

The jury in the damage action of Emil Carlson against Captain F. E. Resche and Detective Irvine, of the local police department, was only five minutes in reaching a verdict for the police officials, yesterday afternoon.

Yesterday morning a motion was made by the officers' attorney for an instructed verdict. The court, however, submitted the case on its merits to the jurors with the result that Mr. Carlson lost. He sued to recover damages in the amount of $2,000 for alleged false arrest and illegal search of his premises.

Uric Acid in coffee causes rheumatism.

Try Postum Food Coffee

10 days instead.

Note the change.

God's Greatest Blessing!

Rev. G. W. Brownback, a Prominent Clergyman of Reading, Pa., Who at One Time Was on the Verge of Nervous Collapse From Over-study and Hard Work, Is Now Enjoying the Great Blessing of Perfect Mental and Physical Health, Thanks to That God-given Tonic-stimulant, Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey.

"It Comes the Nearest to Raising the Dead of Any Medicine I Have Ever Known or Used and My Prayer Is That It Will Ever Prove a Blessing to Mankind."

Rev. GEO. W. BROWNBACK.

"I can cheerfully recommend Duffy's Malt Whiskey as the best family medicine I ever used. It comes the neaest to raising the dead of any liquor I have ever seen or used. Two years ago I was run down with overwork. I began taking Duffy's Malt Whiskey, and today my general health is good, body strengthened, memory revived, and energy to work restored. Cheerfulness and bright hopes once lost are now fully regained, thanks to Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey. My prayer is that it will ever prove a blessing to mankind."—REV. G. W. BROWNBACK, 413 S. 9th Street, Reading, Pa.

No greater or more sincere praise to the strengthening and health-giving power of Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey could be given than is conveyed by the heartfelt words of Rev. G. W. Brownback, who like thousands of other men and women owes complete health to this great tonic-stimulant.

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

It is the only medicinal whiskey which cures by going to the source of the disease, killing poisonous germs and driving them from the system. It builds up and renews the weak and worn tissues, tones up the heart's action, purifies and enriches the blood, aids digestion, gives fresh power to the brain, and brings into action all the vital forces of the body. It is the only positive cure and preventive of consumption, pneumonia, grip, bronchitis, coughs, colds, catarrh, dyspepsia, lung and throat diseases and every form of bowel and stomach trouble.

CAUTION.—When you ask for Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey be sure to get the genuine. "Duffy's" is the only absolutely pure medicinal whiskey. Sold in sealed bottles only; never in flask or bulk. Look for the trade-mark, the "Old Chemist," on the label and be certain the seal is unbroken.

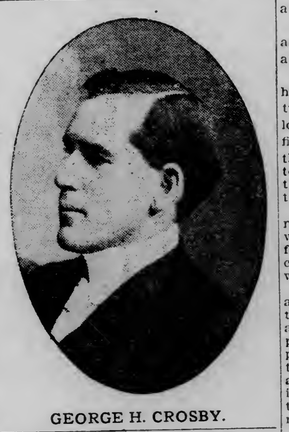
Druggists and grocers, or direct, $1.00 a bottle. Medical booklet free. Duffy Malt Whiskey Co., Rochester, N. Y.

RETIRES FROM REAL ESTATE

After Sixteen Years George H. Crosby Gives It Up.

After sixteen years of assiduous attention to the real estate business in Duluth, George H. Crosby, one of the pioneers in that line of business in this city, is about to retire and devote his attention from now on to other private interests which demand his attention. Recently Mr. Crosby transferred his real estate business to W. C. Sargent & Co., who will occupy the offices formerly held by Mr. Crosby, on the first floor of the Providence building. Mr. Crosby has engaged a pleasant suite of rooms at 306 and 307 Providence building, which have been nicely fitted up for occupancy, and where he will hereafter conduct his affairs.

Mr. Crosby came to Duluth from



GEORGE H. CROSBY.

Minneapolis twenty years ago, because he foresaw the opportunities which were opening for this city. He has always been a firm believer in Duluth realty and has, on his own account, always been a purchaser and a holder rather than a seller.

"It is not because I do not believe in Duluth realty," said Mr. Crosby, yesterday, "that I am going out of the business, but because I have other interests that are demanding my whole attention. I came here because I had faith in the future of Duluth, and I have never had occasion to change my opinion, in fact, I am more than ever convinced that the city will experience a greater growth during the next few years than ever before in the preceding years."

Mr. Crosby is one of the few real estate men who pulled through the panic on strictly real estate lines, a fact in which he takes no little pride.

In the past few years he has given attention to mining ventures, all of which have been eminently successful, and to these, in which he is interested with several other of the local prominent mining men, he will now turn his exclusive attention. He is president of the Charlotte Mining company, which owns lands on the Western Mesaba range; president of the Globe Investment company, which is a real estate holding company with property to be improved largely this year, and secretary and treasurer of the Duluth and Chiriachua Development company, which owns some valuable mining lands in Arizona.

Colonist Rates Via the Northwestern Line.

On sale daily until May 15th, to California at $32.90, Colorado, Utah and Wyoming at $22.50; Portland, Seattle and Tacoma, $25.00. Other points, proportionate rates. City Ticket office, 302 West Superior street. Depot, foot Fifth avenue west.

CONDEMN SIX

That Number of Tuberculose Cattle Found During Week.

Inspection of Local Dairies Will Be Completed June 1.

Out of ninety-nine cattle inspected during the last week by Dr. McKay and Inspector Langslow, six were found to be afflicted with tuberculosis and condemned.

This represents about a fair average of the number of cattle found afflicted with the disease.

"Sometimes we inspect three or four herds without finding a single case of tuberculosis," said Inspector Langslow this morning. "Again, we will find one herd badly infected. One of the herds we inspected showed sixteen diseased cattle out of a total of twenty-seven head. That is by far the worst case we have had.

"There were six herds in these ninety-nine cattle we inspected last week. Five herds were entirely free from any disease, and the entire six cases were found in the other herd, which comprised thirty-three head."

The work of inspecting the dairies and applying the tuberculin test to the cattle is going forward rapidly, and will probably be entirely completed by June 1. There will be some private stables to be inspected after that date, but when the dairies have all been visited the licenses can be issued by the health department, and the regular enforcement of the ordinance commenced.

Just what method of inspecting the outside cattle will be used, is not yet known, but all that supply milk to Duluth will be subjected to the test. An inspector from Cambridge, Minn., licensed by the state board of health, is now working among the farmers along the Omaha line. An application was received this morning from a large dairyman in the village of Mora, who supplies milk to Duluth dealers, for an inspection of his herd, which comprises over 100 cattle. The Duluth inspectors may be sent there when the work on the local dairies is completed.

By the latter part of June it is expected that every gallon of milk sold in Duluth will come from cattle which have been inspected by the municipal inspector, and subjected to the tuberculin test by a veterinary surgeon.

ALVALAR SUPPORT IN DENTISTRY A SUCCESS.

New Method Used By Lee & Turley Is as Represented.

That the alvalar support used by Lee & Turley, dentists, 114-16 West Superior street, by which they supply artificial teeth without the use of a plate, is one of the best inventions of modern dentistry, there is no doubt.

W. H. Thompson, 1727 Fiftieth avenue, who has one of the supports in connection with bridge work, speaks of it in the following terms:

"I had lost eleven of my upper teeth and as ordinary bridge work could not be used I seemed doomed to wear a plate. I heard of Lee & Turley's new attachment and concluded to try it. The eleven missing teeth were supplied and supported by the alvalar support. They cost no more than ordinary bridge work would, could it have been used.

"Ten times its cost would not tempt me to do without it. I consider it one of the best inventions in dentistry and will gladly show it to any person interested in this method."

Physical Culture.

Professor Carciofini, formerly of the United States military academy, West Point, and late of Minneapolis, the country's greatest physical culturist, is now at the Spalding hotel, introducing his perfect home course of prescribed exercises for business men.

The only sure method of cure for nervous debility, weak heart, indigestion, constipation, kidney trouble and rheumatism. Deformities of all kinds benefited.

Reducing and increasing weight a specialty. He examines you thoroughly and prescribes for you accordingly.

Summer rates reduced from $25 to $15. Personal instructions with each course.

Hours from 12 to 1 p. m. and 5 to 7 p. m.

Homeseekers' Excursions

To points in Minnesota, North Dakota and Manitoba, the Northern Pacific railway will sell Homeseekers' tickets at one fare, plus $2.00, every Tuesday during March, April, May and June.

On first and third Tuesdays, same months, will sell similar tickets to all points in West and Southwest. For further information as to rates and tickets, call at City Ticket office, 332 Superior street.

Important Sale of Beautifully Decorated Plates

Monday morning we place on sale fifteen dozen elegantly decorated plates at a

Liberal Discount

Reason for the sale—we are crowded for space. Every dozen is different. This is an unusual money-saving opportunity for those who appreciate this class of goods.

G. A. KLEIN,
JEWELER.
325 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

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AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

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'Phones: Counting Room, 324; Editorial Rooms, 1126

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DULUTH WEEKLY HERALD.

Per year	$1.00
Six months	.50
Three months	.25

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

TO SUBSCRIBERS:
It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both old and new addresses.

BITTER PLEASURES.

In the story of a young man who died in Duluth the other day there is an example that every young man should take to heart and ponder deeply, to see whether it fits his case in any measure.

This young man was the son of well-to-do parents, and had been brought up in a comfortable home, which was still open to him if he chose to enter it. Instead, he preferred to remain away from home, and mingle with associates whose touch is death and whose lives are contagious of sin. His father had kept him supplied with money, which was an open sesame to these associations. So long as he had money to spend upon them, the scarlet woman and the male species that wallow on her level were boon companions, greeting him with open arms and merry comradeship. Had he lived until his supplies were cut off, he would have found that his usefulness had ceased, so far as they were concerned, and that it was his money, not himself, that they cared for.

But this poor, weak young man, who abandoned the wholesome, uplifting influences of a good home to seek the debasing, deadly atmosphere of the homes of vice, did not live to this stage. Exposure and the weakening influences of the life that had seemed pleasant to him laid him low, and he died miserably, among strangers, at an age when he should have been just starting upon a career of usefulness.

The story is neither new nor strange. There are many young men who have the same peculiar ideas of pleasure that this young man had. There is not a man who has gone that way that will not tell them that it is a delusion, and that upon the inevitable awakening a cup of bitterness awaits them. Even those who have persisted in their pursuits of pleasure until they are wrecks, and who are held to it by the deadly chains of habit, will tell them the same story. There is nothing good in anything unwholesome. There are plenty of sane and wholesome pleasures, full of real delights, and it is death to follow those deceptive pleasures that seem joyous, but the fruit of which is nothing but bitterness, sorrow, pain and blackest despair.

A CHURCH CENSUS.

The Mankato churches have just finished an interesting religious census of the city, which took sixty workers nearly a month. Mankato is probably a good deal like the average Minnesota city, so the result will attract attention in religious circles throughout the state.

The census was not made through idle curiosity, but with a view to making it the basis of a campaign to bring the backward into the fold of their various church organizations. For instance, a card index is kept of each family, and the cards containing the names of those who expressed a preference for the Congregational church will be handed to the organization of that church. The idea is that each of these people shall be seen and asked to come in and take a more active interest in church affairs, if they are not already regular church attendants or active workers.

This campaign, if vigorously followed up, should be effective in increasing the membership and activity of every church in the city. Many people heedlessly fall out of the habit of church-going, and only occasionally, after a time, do their consciences tell them that they ought to attend. Such people, if approached and asked to attend, would doubtless allow themselves to be persuaded into the wholesome habit of regular attendance upon some church service.

The population figures, 8,740, are not regarded as satisfactory by the Mankato people, who believe they have considerably more people than that. It is a good sign that only 198 out of this total were so far adrift as to express no church preference. Only ten refused information, and only two declared themselves to be atheists. The principal sects showed the following strength: Baptist, 219; Catholic, 680; Christian, 107; Congregationalist, 118; Episcopal, 120; Norwegian Lutheran, 138; Swedish Lutheran, 140; German Lutheran, 277; Methodists, 300; Presbyterian, 295.

ONE TRUST METHOD.

There is a ripple—just a little one—on the broad, complacent bosom of the Standard Oil company's content. Down in Pekin, Ill., some of the officers of the company have been indicted for subornation of perjury, and, horrible as it may seem, it looks as though they might be brought to the bar of justice and punished just like any evil-doers that are outside the protecting mantle of the oil trust.

As nearly as can be gathered from the reports, it appears that one Hamsuit bought an oil tank wagon from a man representing himself as the agent of the Standard Oil company, and began to peddle Standard oil from it about the streets of Pekin. Later Hamsuit dropped Standard oil, and began to sell the oil of an independent company. Then it was that the troubles of Hamsuit began. First came a competitor with another oil wagon, who sold oil so cheaply that Hamsuit had to pay his competitor a sum of money to get him out of the field. Next appeared one Kercher, who said that he owned that wagon, that Hamsuit had no business with it, and he got it under replevin proceedings. Afterwards it developed that the Standard Oil company owned the wagon, and that Kercher was a member of the oil trust's secret service.

Now is where the tide began to turn. Hamsuit did not submit tamely, but began to declare that Kercher's story was out of whole cloth, that he had bought and paid for the wagon, and that it was all a plot to drive him out of business. The Pekin grand jury took it up, and after investigation came to the conclusion that there had been perjury in the replevin proceedings, and that Standard Oil officers had suborned that perjury. So that impudent grand jury promptly indicted the suspected officers.

Of itself the incident is insignificant, but exceedingly enlightening as to the oil trust's methods of beating competition over the head wherever and whenever it appears. Hamsuit's petty oil sales would not amount to much, but if he succeeded in defying the trust, others would do the same, and the trust would be no trust at all. So he had to be crushed as an example to others.

Here's more power to Hamsuit and the Pekin grand jury.

THAT BANK ACCOUNT.

Did you ever miss an opportunity to get in on a good thing because you did not have a few hundreds of dollars at hand, you who are living on a salary and doing the best you can to forget about the possibilities of old age? Maybe it was a chance to go into business in a small way, or a chance to buy a lot that has since gone up in value, or a chance to make a legitimate investment that would have repaid you many times. Whatever it was, most of you have missed such a chance.

It doubtless occurred to you then that if you had had a bank account to draw upon, you could have made your start in life from that small capital. And yet, though that opportunity has passed, and others may again present themselves, still you have no bank account.

All you have to do to get one is to start, and if you do not start you certainly never will have one. If you make a start, no matter how small, you will be surprised at the speed with which a bank account, properly nourished, will grow. Your lack of a bank account has not only lost you that opportunity and others that you know not of, but it has bred in you habits of extravagance that have driven out whatever thrift there may have been inherent in your nature.

A person that starts a little bank account, and nurses it duly, is in a good way. You will soon find awakening in yourself a tender interest in that bank account, and a pleasure in watching it grow. It may seem to grow slowly, especially at first, but nothing reproduces itself more rapidly than money. It will not be long before you have enough to make a shrewd investment with, and that is the second step.

At any rate, it will make you careful of your money, and lead you to think twice before you make an ill-advised expenditure. Don't permit yourself to become mean, of course, because meanness defeats its own ends. Just use good judgment, add a regular definite amount and as much more as you can to that bank account, and you will soon see the point.

MINNESOTA'S SCHOOLS.

One of the points in which Minnesota is great is in her generosity toward her schools. Most of her citizens know that her standing is high in this respect, and take great pride in the fact. Therefore, statistics showing the situation are always interesting.

For instance, the latest statistical abstract, issued by the federal bureau of statistics, shows that while there are nineteen states with a population greater than that of Minnesota, there are only ten that spend more for education. In 1902, the year for which comparisons are made, Minnesota expended $6,697,589 for educational purposes. In that year only ten states out of fifty-two states and territories exceeded this amount. In the North Alanic division Massachusetts, New York and Pennsylvania spent more money, but of course all of these states have a larger population. New Jersey, whose population is also greater than that of Minnesota, spent less for education. In the South Atlantic group not a single state spent more than Minnesota, though Virginia, North Carolina and Georgia have larger populations. In the South Central states none exceeded Minnesota's expenditure, though Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama and Texas exceeded her in population.

Minnesota is in the West Central division, and of the states included therein Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Iowa and Missouri spend more money in education, but all have more population, while Wisconsin, which has also more population, spends less money. In the Western division California is the only state that exceeds Minnesota's expenditure, and she is the only state with a smaller population than Minnesota that spends more money in education. There are no states in the Western division with a greater population.

Naturally, in view of this favorable comparison, it is not surprising to find that there are twenty-seven states and territories with more illiterates than Minnesota.

THE HUMAN FLOOD.

The tide of immigration is setting in more strongly still toward the shores of this republic, and a few days ago the record for a single day's receipts of human freight at the port of New York was broken when over 12,000 immigrants arrived. The March summary of commerce and finance, just issued by the government bureau of statistics, shows that during March 126,932 immigrants arrived in this country against 73,183 for March, 1904.

For the nine months ending with March, the total receipts of new citizens were 650,377, against 547,104 for the same period last year.

The principal nationalities represented during this period of nine months were as follows, with the number contributed by each: Austria-Hungary, 182,464; Italy, 102,195; Russia and Finland, 130,250; England, 51,065; Ireland, 34,901; Germany, 28,219; Sweden, 17,471; Norway, 14,856; Scotland, 11,768; West Indies, 10,680. The remainder came from all over the world, and every continent had its representatives. From Europe came 613,451; from Asia, 17,785; from Africa, 549; from islands, great and small, came 1,378, including 37 from the Philippines; British North America contributed 2,055, and from Mexico and Central and South America we drew 4,355.

During the nine months ending in March the receipts were at the rate of 72,264 per month, 2,409 per day, 100 for every hour of the twenty-four, and nearly two for every minute of the nine months. The inflow in March was at a much higher rate: 4,331 per day, 180 per hour and 3 per minute.

At this rate is the problem of immigration growing. A very large percentage of these incoming fellow-citizens go to further congest the great centers of population and to add to the misery and poverty existing there. Those who are well-advised seek the more thinly populated parts of the country, and find ready openings for lodgment as self-supporting and useful members of the body politics. The former are doomed to disappointment and hardship; the latter to a realization, in some measure, of their hopes of betterment.

THIS MAD WORLD.

This is a mad, mad world. If you don't believe it, cast your eye over the following hodge-podge of human events reported in one day's issue of a newspaper. It was picked up by chance, and it happened to be a New York paper of last Monday. It might have been any other paper of any other day, and the result would have been as bewildering. Here it is:

Tammany buys gas stock, thirteen men killed in an Oklahoma mine explosion, cyclist drowned seated on his wheel, army captain committed suicide to avoid disgrace of court martial, Frank Gould's auto driver arrested, an aeroplane makes a successful trip, two merry-makers drown when the boat turn turtle, czar gives religious freedom in Russia, Roosevelt goes to church in hunting togs, family seeks divorce for son who spent $600,000 on a carnival dancer, midnight wooer arrested for a thief, convict swims three miles to escape from prison, Garfield has proof of Standard Oil lawlessness, Armour car lines defy law and evade prosecution, burglars in an auto rob rich men's homes, oil trust forms a league against city ownership, a real baroness is held as a thief of jewels, man once rich now a motorman escapes bigamy charge by court's decision, New York strike by 30,000 rock workers authorized, smallpox on an ocean liner, 6-horse circus team runs wild on big bridge, a husband vanishes after his child's funeral, Mrs. Theodore Havemeyer, Jr., is going to Newport early, etc., etc., etc.

In this kaleidoscopic fashion, so runs the world away.

SUGAR PRICES.

A cent and a half is not much, yet it means millions, in the proper place. It means a lot to the sugar trust, for it represents its profit in the production of granulated sugar, and when spread over the sugar dealings all over the country it makes a big, sweet, sticky mass of money for sugar trust stockholders.

We are inclined to make remarks about the grocer and his profits, but this is one case where he gets the worst of it. His profit is small, never more than half a cent a pound, while the refinery people—who make up the sugar trust—are raking in three times that much on every pound of sugar that is sold.

Raw sugar is now 4½ cents per pound, and the trust is making grocers pay 6 cents a pound. The price to consumers throughout the country is generally about 6½ cents a pound. A year ago raw sugar was 3.73 cents a pound and refined sugar 4.55 cents, so that the trust was getting less than ¾ of 1 cent a pound for refining. That was not enough, so it doubled the difference when the price of the raw sugar went up, and is now getting twice as much for its work as it was a year ago.

So while these fractions of cents do not mean a great deal to the individual grocer and consumer, it may comfort them to know that even if things come a little hard for them sometimes, they are contributing their mites to make things pleasant and profitable for sugar trust stockholders.

The Field Survey.

If the higher prices that followed the government investigation of the beef trust are likely to follow other trust investigations, perhaps it would be just as well to let the matter drop for the present.

* * *

In comparison with the methods of a Chadwick or a Bigelow, the system of the old-time bank robber seems crude and painful.

* * *

A New York woman had $8,000 stolen, but it was afterwards returned. The culprit was evidently not of the trust stamp.

* * *

It was, after all, three times and out for Nan Patterson.

* * *

Detroit has just abandoned sun time and taken up standard time, and is as tickled over it as you could possibly imagine.

* * *

Now that the president has abandoned the trail of the bear, the statesmen who want patronage for the benefit of their constituents will camp on his.

* * *

After May 20, if Richmond Pearson Hobson does not confine his kisses to one woman he will wish the outcome of the Santiago incident had been different. He will be married then.

* * *

If Carnegie would create a pension fund for decayed dukes it would smooth over that dispute with the duke of Manchester nicely, and would boom the duke business, too.

* * *

And now the president rolls up his sleeves and Taft gets off the lid. The lid has been hot, he has sat there long, and he may therefore prefer to stand for awhile.

* * *

If Admiral Dewey is still getting up at 5 o'clock in the morning to get the news of that naval battle he must be "healthy, wealthy and wise" by this time. And he will read it in the evening papers first, after all.

* * *

A New York man shot himself the other day, and with his last breath came his last words: "Wall street." That told the whole story, and it tells the story of a thousand tragedies every year.

* * *

The Moose Lake Star is exhibiting numerous signs of deserved prosperity, including a new press.

Hotel Gossip.

Harry Corson Clarke, who will play next week at the Metropolitan in "What Happened to Jones," made a present yesterday to the management of the Hotel Lenox. It was a copy of the city directory of Duluth. It all happened this way. The usual custom of the business manager of the company, as an advertising feature, has been to send postal cards to each member of the Jones family in every city, containing some allusion to the prolific habits of those bearing that name, or something like that, possibly upon the supposition that if all the Joneses would come the engagement would surely be profitable.

When Mr. Clarke arrived in Duluth, the other day, he found that on account of other duties the postals had been neglected, and he waxed wroth. He said the work had to be done, and he desperately decided to send out the postals himself. To do this required a list of addresses of all the Joneses, and this could only be obtained from the city directory. Mr. Clarke asked the chief clerk of the Lenox for a copy of the city directory, stating that he wanted to borrow it to copy off the names of the Joneses in the city, and would return it in an hour or two.

Mr. Barto, who is better acquainted with the number and vital qualities of the Joneses of Duluth, realized as an inspiration that Mr. Clarke would never digest the Joneses in any period less than six or seven hours, even with a corps of stenographers, therefore he replied to the request with an explanation that there was only one copy of the directory in the hotel, said copy being chained as evidence of its popularity, and there were other guests who might want to take their bearings in the meantime; therefore it would be impossible to let the directory go out of the office on any such gigantic mission. Mr. Clarke waxed warmer, and there were words, bitter, cruel, scathing words. Mr. Clarke said something about the hotel being "tight," with a few other similar pleasantries, while Mr. Barto returned to his other duties. Mr. Clarke, in the heat of passion, made a few sly moves with the directory, placed it on the shelf and disappeared. Of course it simply exemplifies how fate pursues some people that five minutes after Mr. Clarke put that directory back, a gentleman walked up to the desk to inquire about some family of Joneses, and was referred to the directory. He turned the pages back and forth, then back again, a blank expression gave place to one of amazement, and, turning to Mr. Barto, he exclaimed: "Well, if this isn't the darndest town I ever saw! What the devil is the matter with the Joneses here? Here is a city of nearly 76,000 without a Jones. Why don't you get a few for seed anyhow?"

Mr. Barto took the directory, saw that the "k's" were suspiciously near the "l's", and his mathematical mind at once concluded that some of the "l's" had either caught the measles and "broke out" or had gone over to Superior to spend Sunday, then it all flashed upon him. The Joneses were spending the day with Clarke, he being naturally lonesome without company. Mr. Barto touched a bell.

"I will send for the Joneses," said he, "there were invited out a while ago, and I told them not to go, as they didn't have their winter underwear, but I see they have slipped off."

"Go to Mr. Clarke's room," said Mr. Barto to the boy, "and tell him that Duluth cannot afford to lose some of her best people by such kidnaping proceedings and for him to return the Joneses to the city limits or we will swear out a search warrant. Tell him I want those Joneses back here quick. Hold on! Tell him damned quick."

Down came Mr. Clarke. He looked tired. Yes, he blushed when shown the place where the pages of Joneses had been torn out of the directory. He admitted the theft.

"Don't you see that the loss of that many citizens would lose us the free mail delivery," thundered the maneger. "Now you send out and get us a new directory in short order, or there will be trouble. We want our people back. You see it is different from what it was 1899 years ago. We can't stand for it again."

Mr. Clarke saw that he was in for it and sent out and bought a new directory for the hotel. Then he sadly returned to his room and spent the rest of the day with his friends—the Joneses—and that's what happened to Jones.

* * *

"Steel head hoisting frames are coming into general use through the Michigan and Minnesota mining sections," said W. H. Radcliffe of Chicago at the McKay. "Formerly all of these hoisting frames, with scarcely an exception, were of wood construction. Those which are made of steel are naturally much more expensive, but they are virtually everlasting, and are therefore cheaper in the long run.

"Wherever new hoists are going in the steel is employed, and at this season a large number of the old outfits are being replaced with the steel. It is not likely that any more wood hoists will be used in the future, except in a few isolated instances.

"It looks as if this would be a fine season for the whole country. In Chicago there is a vast amount of new building being done. All previous records in this line will, I believe, be broken this summer. New buildings are going up on every side. Especially is this true of the business blocks. Much the same may be said of other large cities through the country. I understand there is quite a lot of such work being carried on in Duluth, and in Minneapolis they say a great deal of it is being done."

* * *

At the Spalding: E. E. Johnston, Newberry, Mich.; H. Beamlamp, Cincinnati; Dr. C. B. Lamont and family, Virginia; Dr. A. W. Shaw and family, Buhl; G. L. Woodworth, Hibbing; R. Couturie, Philadelphia; F. C. Laird, Skibo; M. J. Bedders, St. Paul; G. H. Whitman, Eveleth; W. J. Power, Hibbing; E. F. Davis, Clear Lake; C. L. Rouse, Milwaukee; E. H. Nyhus, St. Paul; D. H. McGuire, St. Paul; E. L. Raabe, Sparta; G. H. Rapsell, Port Arthur; H. M. Van Deusen, Westfield, Minn.; F. N. Chaffee, Carrington, N. D.; O. Roselbergher, Detroit; H. W. Stone, Benson; J. Stevenson, Moorhead; Mrs. B. Hall, St. Paul.

* * *

At the St. Louis: E. A. Kissinger, St. Josephs; Mrs. J. S. Lutes, Biwabik; Mrs. G. T. Ayres, Ely; W. H. Shea, Eveleth; A. Sullivan and wife, Sparta, Minn.; W. H. Wood, Minneapolis; M. H. Schussir, Floodwood; W. W. Potter, Chippewa Falls; O. F. Wissler, Minneapolis; R. Murphy, Kentucky; J. G. Harper, Cincinnati; T. J. Burke, Solway; J. Lawlis, Melrose; D. A. Cameron, Bay City; J. W. Hanley, Hudson, Wis.; E. H. Cornwall, Bemidji; W. H. Malone, St. Paul.

* * *

At the Lenox: W. H. Miller, R. K. Ellis, Jackson, Minn.; M. M. Barrett, Biwabic; A. Welsenber, Antigo, Wis.; George Claygood, Monica Junction, Wis.; D. J. Foster, St. Paul; W. H. Cornish and wife, Buffalo; E. M. Bartlett, Virginia; P. G. Johnson, Lake City; J. Stubar, Albany, N. Y.; E. A. Bromley, Minneapolis; H. C. Scribner, Minneapolis; E. R. Nilrom, Milaca; J. Dealdling, Wausau, Wis.; T. Fowler, Devils Lake, N. D.; M. G. Smith and wife, Sheboygan, Wis.; A. S. Borgman, Detroit, Minn.; C. H. Potter, Minneapolis; R. Ogilvie, Warren, Minn.

* * *

At the McKay: O. Fudseth, Fosston; C. E. Reiss, Fairbanks; W. Netherit and wife, Chicago; R. E. Smith, Scanlon; H. J. Gole, Chisholm; A. J. Christianson, B. F. Fowler, Two Harbors; N. H. White, M. Neill, Chicago; Miss Bessie K. Sampson, Ironwood, Mich.; N. M. Fiske, Eveleth; J. Gylland, Hayward, Wis.; C. E. Daily, Bemidji; F. E. Goddard, Houghton; A. Donald, Ashland; J. M. Dickinson, South Bend; J. Cavanaugh and wife, Chicago.

Why He Didn't Like It.

New York Times: One of the ecclesiastical stories credited to Bishop Potter concerns a Scotch clergyman who was preaching on trial before a critical congregation. Now, the one thing that the Scot despises is a sermon read from manuscript, and this one was not only read but was exceedingly labored and involved. At the end of the service the clergyman rather anxiously asked one of the elders how he liked the sermon.

"I didna think weel of it," replied the elder.

"Why not?" asked the anxious minister.

"Weel," said the elder, "there were three reasons. First, ye read the sermon; second, ye didna read it weel, and third, it wasna worth reading."

Twenty Years Ago.

Taken From the Columns of Duluth Papers of This Date 1885.

***The trial of Wisanen for murder has been in progress this week and resulted in the jury bringing in a verdict of guilty of murder in the first degree. The jury was not out over ten minutes. The case was tried before Judge Stearns, County Attorney d'Autremont for the state, Allen & Parkhurst for the defense. The jurors were H. P. Robbins, W. C. Eyster, R. S. Munger, C. L. Watrous, O. P. Sutherland, H. B. Hill, J. T. Condon, J. A. Carpenter, Colby Smith, James McCahill, J. H. Christy and George W. Strayer. Judge Stearns sentenced Wisanen to be hanged.

***Duluth elevators now contain 6,324,210 bushels of wheat, 19,900 bushels of oats and 7,054 bushels of corn. This is a decrease from last week of 3,471 bushels of wheat and 2,000 of oats.

***The grain firm of Mills & Leavens is dissolved, and will be succeeded by Leavens & Fuller, the new firm consisting of F. N. Leavens and E. H. Fuller.

***John Lynch, convicted yesterday of larceny, receives two years in Stillwater. M. Mayer, the tailor convicted of throwing shears at another tailor, Dietz, takes a fine of $100 or commitment of sixty days. Charles Palmater, robbery, gets a fine of $75 or sixty days in jail.

***Fire was discovered Thursday evening in the rear roof of John R. Melning's hardware store. The loss was about $200, mostly by water.

***Mrs. A. H. Fish returns this afternoon from Port Huron.

***Judge Stearns and J. G. Stearns leave tomorrow night for Ada, where the next term of court is held.

***Some 200,000 tons of coal will be received this season by the St. Paul & Pacific Coal company in place of 82,000 tons taken last year. Other local companies' receipts will make a total of more than 600,000 tons.

***Assistant Inspector General King of Minneapolis will inspect Company K of the National Guard next Wednesday evening.

The Weather.

United States Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), May 13.—Rains fell over Western Canada, the Missouri and Mississippi valleys, heavy at Winnipeg, Little Rock and Memphis. It is warmer this morning in the upper Mississippi and Missouri valleys. Barometric depressions overlie Kansas and Saskatchewan. In the Lake Region the weather is clear except cloudy on Michigan, and the winds are generally fresh southerly.

Following were the maximum temperatures recorded during the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	78	Medicine Hat	50
Atlanta	84	Miles City	56
Battleford	54	Milwaukee	68
Bismark	62	Minnedosa	52
Boston	64	Modena	56
Buffalo	60	Montgomery	80
Calgary	54	Moorhead	64
Charleston	92	New Orleans	85
Chicago	66	New York	70
Cincinnati	76	Norfolk	80
Davenport	68	Northfield	70
Denver	64	North Platte	68
Detroit	70	Oklahoma	70
Dodge	76	Omaha	70
Duluth	60	Phoenix	78
Edmonton	52	Pittsburg	76
El Paso	84	Port Arthur	56
Escanaba	64	Portland	60
Galveston	82	Prince Albert	44
Green Bay	66	Qu'Appelle	52
Havre	54	Rapid City	62
Helena	56	San Francisco	58
Houghton	62	Santa Fe	64
Huron	70	Spokane	58
Jacksonville	92	St. Louis	70
Kamloops	68	St. Paul	62
Kansas City	70	Sault Ste Marie	56
Knoxville	86	Swift Current	50
La Crosse	68	Washington	84
Lander	60	Williston	56
Little Rock	76	Winnemucca	62
Los Angeles	68	Winnipeg	52
Marquette	66		

Forecasts for twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. (local time), Sunday: Duluth, Superior and vicinity—Showers and cooler tonight and Sunday. Southerly winds shifting to easterly and becoming brisk and probably high.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

Chicago, May 13.—Forecast till 7 p. m. Sunday: Wisconsin—Showers and thunderstorms tonight and Sunday.

Minnesota—Showers tonight and Sunday. Cooler Sunday.

North Dakota and South Dakota—Showers tonight and Sunday. Cooler in North Dakota Sunday.

Upper Lakes—Fresh southerly winds becoming easterly and increasing on Michigan and Superior. Showers and thunderstorms tonight and Sunday.

DOMESTIC PLEASANTRIES.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "I wish you'd marry me in May instead of June."

"But why?"

"There would be one more day of happiness in May."

Cleveland Leader: "Has your wife a cheerful disposition?"

"Oh, very! She never fails to laugh heartily when I hammer my thumb or step on a tack or bruise my shins while kicking at the cat!"

Philadelphia Press: "See here," complained Mr. Crabbe, "your shopping is too extravagant. You should never take anything just because it looks cheap."

"Indeed?" exclaimed his wife. "If I had followed that advice when you proposed to me I wouldn't be Mrs. Crabbe now."

Chicago Tribune: Mrs. Jenner Lee Ondego—Isn't it awfully tiresome work to go house hunting?

Mrs. Seldom-Home—Not necessarily. It depends on your mental attitude toward it. When I go out to hunt a flat I say to myself that I am on a snopping expedition, and I expect, of course, to look at a hundred samples before I make a selection.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "When is Hortense to be married?"

"Who told you she was to be married?"

"She did."

"To whom?"

"She didn't say."

"That's the trouble with Hortnese. She's always ready to fix the date before she picks the man."

New York Press: A fine old soldier passed by. "There goes General ——," said a man about town who knows everybody by sight. The visitor stared at the veteran. "Great fighter," he remarked. "Yes," returned the other, "but they say his daughter has been through more engagements than the old man."

"A woman's crowning glory is her hair,"
Some ancient poet uttered that.
But if he saw a modern woman he would swear
Her crowning glory was her hat.
—Chicago Chronicle.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: Everybody has a hankering to teach others what he doesn't know himself.

It's awful nice of a girl to treat a man so well that she won't even marry him.

There is absolutely no satisfaction in doing something smart if there is nobody for you to brag to about it.

The average man's idea of a joke is something over which he splits his side when he is planning it and nobody cracks a smile when he does it.

The way to make your wife have confidence in you is to tell her that the other woman is rather pretty except for her hair, eyes, mouth, teeth, nose, complexion and figure.

The Automobile.

When Bellerophon seized the rein
And strid the ribs of Pegasus,
n furniture yh?? mglsuEan ef.ENfro
Than modern science yields to us.

But now we skim the city streets,
Instead of azure skies above;
While still the wandering Princess greets
And riders die for love.

And still chimeras, grim and vast
As in the ancient days arise,
And Knights must battle, fear-aghast,
Nor fail the high emprise.
—M. C. BALLARD, in the Inter Ocean.

SATURDAY NIGHT TALK

Our Human Islands.

Did you ever live or sojourn on an island? If so, can you remember lying upon the sands some midsummer day and listening to the gentle splashing of the waters or watching the faraway sails? Your idle revery made more acute your sense of detachment from the main land, of isolation from the great world of affairs, of being shut in with your own thoughts and emotions, and as it were, cut off from former associations and interests. That must have been the feeling of the great Napoleon when exiled on the island of St. Helena, and that must have made the punishment peculiarly bitter for one who had figured so conspicuously in European politics.

Herein is a parable. We are all more or less islanders. We send out our little boats that meet, salute and pass one another and, perhaps, exchange commodities, but still we are separated by great gulfs and inlets from our fellowmen. We live under the same roof with our kindred, we work in the same store with those whom we have known from childhood, we go in and out on the trains year after year with the same people, and yet how far apart we may be from them in all the movement of our inner life, in our hopes and ideals, in our thoughts of God and duty and heaven. Scientists tell us that even the tiny molecules do not touch one another, but whirl about in space in their independent orbits. And how few human lives really meet and melt into a common purpose.

Pathetic from some points of view indeed is this isolation. It certainly makes a great appeal for charity in our judgment of others. Said a woman who had recently lost her husband: "I am sorry to decline invitations to social functions. I don't want to be selfish in my grief, but whenever I go to places where I used to go with him, the sense of his absence is so keen that I can hardly bear it. It seems as if I were living on an island. My life is so partial, so incomplete, so broken, that I cannot enter heartily and joyously into the old pleasures and merrymakings. My greater half is gone. People about me do not begin to realize how far away in spirit I am from them. This widow represents the great army of the bereaved, toward whom we who have not thus suffered should extend the utmost consideration and not let our own joy in earthly things jar upon their lonley spirits.

Sympathy and fact are needed, too. There comes a time when every growing boy draws apart from his mother, serve; she yearns for the old confidential relationship. But let her not chafe under the new conditions. Her boy is undergoing those pangs of self-discovery which accompany the first experience of adolescence; he is coming to a knowledge of his own individuality; he will have to dwell apart for a time on his island. But if he has been surrounded by right influences hitherto, he will in due time re-establish the precious relationship with his mother, though on a different plane. The girl comes home, having completed her college course. She is no longer a girl, but a young woman. It is hard for her to adjust herself to her old place in the family. Her parents feel a difference in her. Misunderstandings may easily grow up if the parents insist on too great clase conformity to former practices. Give her times to work out her personal problem. As she retires into her island, believe that she will learn lessons there to be gained nowhere else.

On the other hand people conscious of the gulf between them and others should beware of becoming narrow and provincial. One whose own life has become sharply defined from others should not be proud of his isolation nor let the spirit of reticence and detachment grow upon him. We are still a part of the human race, sharers in the great elemental human passions. We must not become hermits and anchorites.

The last book of the Bible was written by a man living on an island, who apparently fretted sometimes over its limitations and looked eagerly forward to the time when there should be "no more sea" cutting him off from continents and empires. And the ideal for all of us sooner or later is so to link our lives to others that, without sacrificing our personality, we shall feel the thrill and inspiration of kinship with humanity. That time ought to come sooner or later for all of us. As a poet has said:

"When we are dead, when you and I
are dead,
Have rent and tossed aside each earthly fetter,
Have wiped the grave dust from our wondering eyes,
And stand together fronting the sunrise,
I think that we shall know each other better."

But we need not wait for death to bring us into closer, tenderer relations to others. While we are still island dwellers, we may hoist our beacons and send forth over the waves the gleam of a friendly light.

THE PARSON.

Highways and Byways of The Town.

James E. Sullivan of 427 North Fifty-second avenue west, was among the first to visit the famous Custer battlefield after the terrible massacre, in which the daring officer and so many of his brave followers came to their death. Mr. Sullivan was at that time acting in the capacity of "mule skinner," or, to use a more easily understood term, a mule driver in the federal army.

eH was one of ten selected from the drivers to go with the first command to the scene of the battle, after the news of the fight had been received. He can talk by the hour, and in a most interesting fashion, of the early days on the plains, and gives a vivid description of the place where Custer made his last stand, and of the terrible sight which met the eyes of himself and companions as they neared the scene.

The year of 1876 was a hard one for some of us mule skinners," said Mr. Sullivan yesterday. "A job of this nature is no easy one at best, but unusual conditions such as we worked that season our duties were even more objectionable than would ordinarily have been the case. We started out from Fort Lincoln in the spring with the companies that were in search of the Indians who were making trouble. Nothing of special note occurred until there came the news of the Custer massacre. At that time we were three days' drive from where the battle took place. Of course we were all horrified at the news, and preparations were immediately made for a party to go to Reno's relief, and to take care of the dead. Reno, it will be remembered, separated from Custer a short time before the slaughter began, and before he could go to the unfortunate general's assistance he was himself

"A wounded man was placed on each one of these contrivances."

hemmed in by the Indians on a bluff across the river and placed in a very unpleasant and dangerous position.

"The commanding officer announced that no mule skinners who could not tie the diamond hitch, used in packing, were wanted on the march. In those days there was only about one driver in every 100 who had the knack of tying this knot, and I happened to be one of them. With nine others of my profession, if profession it may be called, I started for the scene of the trouble, going with the soldiers. Each of us had ten mules to look after, though we were helped out to a certain extent in this work by soldiers, who were assigned to assist us.

"We traveled as rapidly as possible, making what is commonly spoken of as a forced march, arriving at our destination on June 29. The sight that met our eyes was a horrible one, even to men experienced, as we were, in the cruelties of savage warfare. All of them, with the exception of the bodies of Custer and Charlie Reynolds, were mutilated in an awful manner. There was not a man among us who did not recognize the faces of friends among the dead. Some of the faces, however, were unrecognizable, they were so badly slashed with knives. After the battle the squaws and old men had gone onto the field and made it their fiendish pleasure to cut and hack the remains of the brave fellows who had made such a gallant defense.

"This story of the fight could be seen at a glance, by the way in which the men and horses lay. It was evident that Custer had dashed well into the ambush before he was aware of the number of the foe. When he was surrounded, and when he found that, because of overwhelming numbers, victory was hopeless, his one thought was to get back to the crest of the hill and save such of his command as he could. And so the retreat through a hail of bullets had been begun. Men and horses had dropped by the way, and the eye could easily follow the path of the battle by them. Finally the soldiers shot their own horses and used them as breastworks, and from behind them they poured a deadly fire into the swarming ranks of the redskins. But against such fearful odds there was absolutely no hope, and Custer, nor any one of his men, ever reached the top of the hill. Had they done so, they might have been able to so place themselves as to put up a better fight.

"The services of every available man of the relief party were called into use to bury the dead. It was hard work. It was worse; it was hell. For three days the burning sun had been beating down upon the corpses, and a foul smell rose from men and animals alike. The ground was hard, and rocky. We could scarcely dig in it. We did our best, but that was none too good. All that remained of our friends was placed in long trenches and covered with dry earth. We labored early and late, until the work was done. Little time was left to mourn. And when this sorrowful task was completed more work, just as hard, just as pitiful, was yet to be performed, for it fell to us to carry out Reno's wounded, who had gone through untold sufferings since the fatal day on which Custer fell.

"But those men had grit. They stood everything without a murmur. They even laughed and joked about their condition, and while we did what we could for their comfort, they told us of incidents that had come up during their engagement with the Indians. Numerous instances of individual bravery was related for our benefit, but the feat of one Callahan was greater than them all. Newspapers from one end of the country to the other told how he had ran the gauntlet and brought water to his suffering companions. Nothing was too good for him, and I believe the government awarded him a medal for his bravery.

"When Reno and his men were forced to make a stand on the hill to repel the attacks of the blood-thirsty savages, they had little time in which to choose a position. The position they did occupy was two or three hundred yards from the nearest water. You can imagine what this would mean to men fighting for their lives all day in the broiling sun. It was bad enough for those who were not hit to lack for water, but the sufferings of the wounded were simply indescribable. Callahan was touched by their condition. He volunteered to bring water, and he did.

Indians were swarming all around, btu he made his way to the creek with a dozen canteens and filled them, returning to his comrades with the precious fluid. The Indians became aware of what he was doing, and before he got back he was wounded four times, although none of the bullets touched a vital spot.

"If I remember rightly there were forty-five wounded, who had to be transported to the fort, where they might receive better medical attention and be given the proper food and comforts. There was one physician and surgeon with us, while two army physicians, Dr. Thurston and Dr. Porter, were already with Porter. They did good work and doubtless saved many lives.

"We had not brought our wagons with us. The roughness and wildness of the country prevented it. There was nothing but the horses and mules. The men were too badly hurt to ride astride the animals, so we had to haul them along the way an Indian hauls his camp outfit. Two saplings were secured for each mule. When the poles were properly trimmed they were fastened, one on each side, to the mules. The upper ends were bound firmly in position, while the lower ends dragged behind on the ground. Between them a blanket or piece of canvas was stretched, and the ambulance was ready.

"A wounded man was placed on each one of these rude contrivances, and

"My discomfort was intense."

we started on the return trip, three days after we reached the scene of the massacre. The country we had to travel over was rough and hilly. There were creeks and gullies. It was hard work for a man afoot or on a horse to get along. Think, then, what it meant to the men, already suffering intense pain, who were jouncing along at the heels of an ill-tempered and unpleasant mule. But no matter how hard the poor, suffering devils were bounced about they had no complaint to make, beyond an occasional good-natured cussing streak. We had to ford a disagreeable creek several times, and in places the water was deep, and the banks very steep. The mules would flounder through the stream and the poles with their hopeless burdens would come trailing after, like the tail of a muskrat, half in and half out of water. So very rough was the way that in places there were tipovers, and the patients were rolled uncermoniously out on the ground. This happened to me as we drew near the stream onece, and my man, who was grieviously wounded, was tumbled out on the rocks. He cussed me till my skin nearly blistered. But the journey finally ended, as such journeys will, and the soldiers were left at the fort, while we went on about our business.

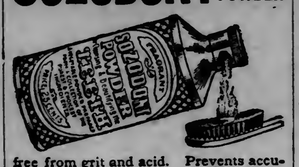
"But that wasn't the end of my hard work for the season I was to suffer even more intensely than had some of the wounded soldiers before the end of the year. Along in the fall the drivers had some trouble with the commanding officer, resulting from a strike of boat hands on the Yellowstone river, in which our sympathy and help were extended, and he ever afterwards had it in for us, as the boys say. I had some trouble of my own aside from the strike at the same time. They tried to make me do herd duty one night out of my turn, and I objected so strongly that they threw me in the guard house without any supper, and when I kicked against apologizing to the officer for language which did not meet with his approval I was not given my team the next day, when the march was resumed, but was forced to walk behind the wagon, handcuffed and tied to it. We were about tenth in the line of wagons, and the dust kicked up was something fearful, for we were traveling through an alkali country. My discomfort was something intense. But that was only an incident, and hardly has anything to do with my story.

"As I was saying, the commanding officer did not entertain very friendly feeling toward some of us, and along in December, when we were at Fort Buford, and work was slack, he let us out of the service, with no provision made for our transportation to Bismarck, the nearest railroad station. Evidently he expected us to walk the distance, about 280 miles, but we had other ideas on the subject. We traded with the Indians for four of their ponies, about the scrawniest and weakest-looking creatures you ever saw, and then four of us who had been let out got together and manufactured a sort of sleigh. With a supply of provisions, consisting principally of pork and hardtack, we started for Bismarck, the lamost worthless ponies hitched to the backwoods sleigh.

"It took us something over three weeks to make the trip. It was bitterly cold, and we were not very well prepared to cope with the cutting winds and the snow. The ponies were so weak that we could travel only a short distance each day. All we had to feed them was the bark and tops of cottonwood trees, and on this diet combined with their work, they finally played out entirely, and we saw that they could go no farther without a more substantial form of food. We were sticking pretty close to the Missouri river, traveling on the ice part of the time, and when our horses gave out we were near Fort Stevenson. We gathered together what little courage we had left and went across to the fort and asked for some corn. The officer in charge was willing to give us provisions for ourselves, but refused to part with any of the corn, despite our statements of the urgent need for it. He remained obdurate, and we finally had to leave the place without it, but that night we returned and stole two sacks of it. While I was making off with one of the heavy sacks on my shoulder, I stumbled over the bank of the river and rolled and fell fifteen or twenty feet to the ice below. I was pretty badly bruised, but nothing more. After that we dragged our teams down the river as far as they would go and went into camp, remaining there a couple of days to allow them time to pull themselves together on the corn diet.

"When twenty-five miles from Bismarck the whole outfit came nearly going through an air hole in the ice, which was covered with snow. Tom Adams, who happened to be walking ahead, fell through and the rest of us stopped pretty quick. We pulled the poor cuss out and then built a fire for him to get dry by. We were pretty nearly done for when we did get to Bismarck, but after that there was a long period of rest, for we had our summer's pay in our pockets, and did not have to work unless we felt so inclined until we got rested up a little."

SOZODONT TOOTH POWDER



free from grit and acid. Prevents accumulation of tartar. Will not injure the enamel of the teeth. Ask your dentist.

HYDE SUIT BROUGHT

To Remove Alexander as Trustee of His Father's Estate.

Alleges Conspiracy and Denies Stories of Racy Actions.

New York, May 13.—James W. Alexander, president of the Equitable Life Assurance society, was served yesterday with the summons and complaint in the suit brought against him by James H. Hyde, William H. McIntyre, Annie F. Hyde and Mary B. Ripley, in which the plaintiffs desire the removal of Mr. Alexander from his position as trustee of the Hyde stock and demand an accounting.

This latest move in the Equitable troubles followed close upon the heels of generally circulated reports that Mr. Hyde and Mr. Alexander were arranging a truce, reports largely based on the delay in filing suit to remove Mr. Alexander from the trusteeship.

The complaint reviews the history of the establishment of the deed of trust and declares it to have been the fixed purpose of Henry B. Hyde that the control of the stock and the responsibility for the management of the society should remain with his descendants as long as the law would permit.

The complaint then charges that the defendant has made no effort to induce James H. Hyde upon attaining his thirtieth birthday and upon the termination of the trust to make a new settlement of the stock and property for any purpose, but instead, "has for many months past been secretly engaged in organizing and carrying on a conspiracy, the purpose of which was to take the power of controlling the affairs of the society away from the stock without the consent of its holders, and to confer this power ostensibly upon the policy holders, but in a form in which he expects to be able to control the management through proxies secured by agents of the society from policy holders."

The defendant is charged with inaugurating "said conspiracy by joining with himself one Gage E. Tarbell, second vice president of the society," and it is alleged that all the "overt acts in said conspiracy were committed with the aid and connivance of said Tarbell."

After reviewing all the ground covered by Mr. Hyde in his public letters and all other features of the controversy, the complaint charges President Alexander with a willful design to prostitute his trust so as to seize for himself the control of the company.

Mr. Alexander is further charged with circulating numerous scandalous stories about Mr. Hyde's management of the society and his private conduct.

Mr. Hyde denies all these stories and specifically names that charge that he had given a masked ball at Sherry's, charging the cost to the Equitable; that there were "improper and scandalous occurrences, such as dancing a 'can-can' on the dining table;" that he had engaged in certain financial operations alone or with others without telling Alexander and had thereby hurt the Equitable; that he was connected with the purchase, sale, promotion and underwriting of securities of the United States Shipbuilding company, or that the Equitable had become involved in such transactions by reason of the connection of Mr. Hyde therewith.

Mr. Hyde declares that "said ball was in all respects a dignified and artistic entertainment," that the story of the "can-can" was part of the conspiracy to injure him, and that these "defamatory statements" were timed to appear before the petition of the president and certain other officers of the Equitable for his removal.

Mr. Hyde says that Mr. Alexander has been an equal sharer with him in all profits and losses in the financial transactions.

Grand Ball

and 17th of May Celebration.

(The Norwegian Fourth of July.)

Lester Park Pavilion, Wednesday evening, May 17, given by the Norwegian Male Chorus. Come early and enjoy the Music and Dancing. Admission, 50 cents a couple.

CRIPPLE CREEK DISTRICT.

Rich Strike on a Globe Hill Property.

Colorado Springs, Colo., May 13.—George L. Keener, who has the lease on blocks 54 to 60 of the Globe Hill property of Stratton's Cripple Creek Mining & Development company, recently cut into a rich ore shoot from his surface workings that gives promise of proving to be a whale of a proposition. The new ore body was found east of the dike and averages eight feet wide and is all of smelting grade. The deposits he is working are peculiar in the fact that the oxidized and sulphide ore join together completely, but yet are separate and distinct. This ore is opened up so that he is shipping about a carload a day.

Sam McDonald, operating under lease the Clara D. claim of the Lexington company, today sent out a carload shipment that will return values in the neighborhood of four ounces to the ton. From the royalties received by the operations of Mr. McDonald the company is building up a very handsome treasury.

Gorman and associates, who recently secured a two-years' lease on the O. K. claim belonging to the same named company, have from all appearances opened up a big proposition. The lesees in drifting at a depth of eighty feet have opened up a well-defined ore shoot, which produces coarse rock that runs from $12 to $15 to the ton, and screenings that return values of $70 to the ton. By taking an average the ore shoot gives a medium grade of ore.

J. M. Wright, operating the Jo Dandy mine on Raven Hill, is now making an output of 100 tons a day, the majority of which runs a smelting grade. The same operator, who has under lease the Zenobia claim on Bull Hill, today sent out a carload shipment of ore that was broken in a find recently made in that property. The values will run around two ounces to the ton.

Returns were received this week by Superintendent Ridpath from a twenty-six-ton shipment sent out by the Index Gold Mining company from the Irish Molly on Oley Hill. The ore, which came from the 709-foot level, was settled for on a basis of $73.70 a ton.

Obstinate constipation, indigestion and stomach disorders are permanently and positively cured by taking Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Ask your druggist.

Everything the best that is at Haley's Restaurant. Popular prices.

Fine pictures and picture framing a specialty. Decker's, 16 Second ave. W.

SIGSBEE TO BRING JONES' BODY HOME.

Washington, May 13.—The announcement was made at the navy department that Rear Admiral Sigsbee's squadron will be sent to France to bring back the remains of John Paul Jones. This squadron consists of the cruisers Brooklyn, Chattanooga, Tacoma and Galveston. All but the last named vessel are in Dominican waters and will proceed shortly for New York to fit out for a trip across the Atlantic. The Galveston is being fitted out at the Norfolk navy yard. It is estimated at the department that Admiral Sigsbee will sail from New York between the 5th and 10th of June.

OCONTO, WIS., ABSCONDER ENDS LIFE BY SHOOTING.

Oconto, Wis., May 13.—Louis J. Rens, one of the best known men in Oconto, agent for the McEachron company, absconded Thursday, but it is impossible to say how much he is short.

His body was found yesterday in a barn three miles south of the city. He had committed suicide by shooting. He had been employed by the McEachron company for twenty years, and was the only one of their agents not required to furnish bonds. It is said that he had purchased 10,000 tons of hay from farmers, very little of which had ben paid for, and all of it had been shipped away, the company receiving pay for only a few tons.

SAVE YOUR HEALTH

It Is Worth Saving, and Some Duluth People Know How To Save It.

There are some people who take their lives in their hands by continuing to neglect their kidneys when they know these organs need help.

Sick kidneys are responsible for an immense amount of suffering and ill-health, but there is no need to suffer or to remain in danger when all diseases and suffering arising from sick kidneys can be quickly and permanently cured by the use of Doan's Kidney Pills.

Here is the statement of one Duluth person who has reclaimed good health by the use of this remedy:"

A. Ebmer of 331 Fifth street east, Duluth, Minn., says: "My experience has demonstrated the fact that Doan's Kidney Pills are a remedy of exceptional merit, and one that can be relied upon in treating different phases of kidney trouble. Six years ago I suffered from a most distressing, dull heavy pain in the small of the back and through the loins. It broke my sleep at night, and in spite of the various remedies I used from time to time I had obtained no relief. At length I got Doan's Kidney Pills and began using them with the most gratifying results. In a short time I found a cure, and this has proved lasting and permanent. I am an earnest advocate of Doan's Kidney Pills, and have already recommended them in the local newspapers."

For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

NEGRO LYNCHED FOR ROBBERY

Forced a Missouri Legislator to Get Him $600.

Belmont, Mo., May 13.—Tom Witherspoon, a negro, was taken from officers last night by a mob of several hundred persons and hanged in the public square to a large swing.

A negro, said to be Witherspoon, who recently returned from the Missouri penitentiary yesterday morning, went to the home of Fred Hess, three miles below Belmont, and at the point of a rifle demanded $600. Hess, who is a member of the Missouri legislature, told the negro that he did not have that much money in the house. The negro ordered him to go to Belmont and get the money. He compelled Hess to hitch up a horse and buggy and ordered him to get in with his wife and child.

The negro then saddled another horse, and, mounting it, told Hess to drive toward Belmont. When near the place the negro forced Mrs. Hess and child to get out of the buggy and enter a deserted shanty. The negro then told Hess to drive to Belmont and to send the money back by a negro preacher inside of one hour or he would kill his wife and child.

Hess hurried to Belmont and got the money and sent it back with a negro preacher. The desperado immediately mounted the horse and rode up the Iron Mountain railroad tracks. A posse was organized at once by Belmont and Columbus citizens. A small party followed the negro on a switch engine and discovered that he took refuge in the swamps. Bloodhounds were secured from Charleston and a negro was found in a deserted shanty. He was captured and taken to Belmont by the officers. A mob of several hundred persons had formed and they immediately took charge of the negro and, despite his begging and pleadings, they rushed him into the public square and secured a rope from a large swing and strung the negro up as the guilty man.

MAY MUSICALE

by the

ALTRURIAN CLUB

Assisted by the Church Choir.

Orchestral Director.....Mrs. Carl Sheldon.
Chorus Director.....Emily Eliis Woodward.

Pilgrim Congregational Church
May 19, 8 p. m. Admission 25c

DUN'S WEEKLY TRADE REVIEW

Business More Satisfactory Than at This Time Last Year.

New York, May 13.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says: Unsettled weather still retards retail trade and uneven distribution of moisture prevents crop prospects from attaining an ideal position, but the general result is much better than normal and far more satisfactory than at this time in 1904. Mercantile payments are fairly prompt, money is easy and abundant, while confidence in the future is the ruling sentiment. The decline in Wall street to the lowest average for six months in active railway securities since last January has had no perceptible influence on business and railway earnings continue to make favorable comparisons with last year's figures, the early returns for April showing a gain of 9.7 per cent.

Manufacturing activity is unabated; the leading industries are reporting a minimum percentage of idle machinery and pig iron production is expected to establish a new record of over 2,000,000 tons for the current month. Foreign commerce has again shown an increase at this port over the same week last year, imports gaining $2,160,-064. For the first time in many weeks, the comparison as to exports was unfavorable, but the decrease was only $275,363.

Real estate transfers are very heavy in all parts of the country and in addition to the large amount of building operations in progress, the number of new permits indicate that much more structural work is contemplated.

Little interruption from labor controversies is still cause for gratification.

A little irregularity is noticed in reports from the leading centers of the iron and steel industry, but it was not to be expected that production and consumption would continue to establish new high water marks indefinitely.

There is still great pressure for quick delivery of structural steel for bridges, buildings and cars, while practically all forms of railway equipment are in larger demand than supply.

After the stimulation of the special sales last week a decreased activity for the dry goods market was to be expected. In the primary markets for cottons a few buyers still purchase for distant delivery, but as a rule with operations are again confined to current requirements.

The advancing raw material strengthens woolens in which duplicate business arrives more freely. In all textile lines the mills are now well engaged. New England shoe shops are receiving additional fall orders, the prospect now being for as good a season as in 1903. While the hide market has lost none of its strength, it is less active, but there is a notable scarcity of country hides, which are especially firm.

Failures this week in the United States are 197 against 212 last week, 204 the preceding week and 236 the corresponding week last year.

Failures in Canada number twenty-one against twenty-two last week, fifteen the preceding week and 230 last year.

SEVERAL HURT IN COLLISION.

Chicago, May 13.—A suburban train on the Chicago & Northwestern railway, collided yesterday with a freight engine, just after leaving the depot at Western avenue, with the result that a score of passengers were injured, four of them seriously, and two passenger coaches were demolished. The seriously injured: Ernest Belgerman, right leg broken in two places, and internal injuries; Paul T. Frickow, cut about head and internal injuries; L. D. Poor, head and arms cut; Frank Miller, head and arms cut.

BAYHA & CO.'S Prices on

FURNITURE

are most convincing. We invite you to call and examine our stock, and take advantage of the "Bayha System" of easy payments in buying your homefurnishings if you desire.

FOLDING CARD TABLES and CHAIRS; also BENTWOOD CHAIRS for HIRE for Card Parties; Reasonable Charges.

BANQUET TOPS FOR DINING TABLES, Made in Sections; for Sale or for HIRE. See them. Third Floor.

See the complete furnished "flat" on the fourth floor, also see the beautiful "Gold" furniture. Our Gold furniture is made of pure 22 carat gold leaf laid on solid hand-carved mahogany.

BAYHA & CO.

DULUTH'S GREATEST FURNITURE STORE,
Corner Second Ave. West and First Street.

DOCTOR SUES FOR $126,000

Zeigler Brings Proceedings Against Estate of Late Mrs. McVicker.

Chicago, May 13.—Yesterday probate proceedings were begun by Dr. L. C. H. Zeigler to recover for alleged medical services $126,000 from the estate of the late Mrs. Harriet G. McVicker, widow of James H. McVicker, the theatrical manager.

Counsel for Mr. Zeigler informed the court that an attempt would be made to show that a tin box seized by the public administrator, contained among other things three checks payable to Dr. Zeigler and signed by Mrs. McVicker, the checks calling for $16,500.

William H. Henkle, secretary of the Illinois Trust and Savings bank, testified that such a box had been placed in his custody. He said the box appeared to have been opened and he examined the contents, but found no trace of the four checks described by Dr. Zeigler's lawyers.

Emil Linder testified that on one occasion while he was visiting Mrs. McVicker she offered Dr. Zeigler deposit slips for $100,000. Dr. Zeigler refused them saying that it would appear funny should he accept them and carry them about before her death. On another occasion, Linder said Mrs. McVicker offered Dr. Zeiger two $10,000 bills, which he refused, saying: "It would look bad for me to carry that amount of money, inasmuch as I am bound to you by contract to be your medical adviser through life."

Mrs. Frances E. Taft stated in a deposition that Mr. McVicker had frequently told her that Dr. Zeigler was the only person able to give her relief in her illness. Another deposition was signed by Mrs. Minnie Effie, San Francisco, Cal., who stated that she had heard mention made of the contract which Dr. Zeigler claims existed between Mrs. McVicker and himself.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

J. Dwight Lamb, aged 35, a prominent Clinton, Iowa, capitalist, and son of the late Artemus Lamb, the Clinton lumberman, Friday night was accidentally drowned in the Mississippi river. He fell from the steamer Margaret, a few miles below Bellevue, while on a pleasure excursion. The body has not been recovered.

Fred March, an aged veteran, was beaten with steel knuckles and then shot to death at the Forest country home of Mrs. C. M. Hagen in Wisconsin. Officers are in pursuit of Otto Jeranick, who is accused of the crime.

John B. Goodwin, a former mayor of Atlanta, the newly appointed grand secretary of the sovereign grand lodge of Odd Fellows, was installed Friday night at Odd Fellows hall at Baltimore, the installation taking place in the presence of the grand officers. Mr. Goodwin succeeds the late Gen. J. Frank Grant.

Dean Harrington of Sheboygan, Wis., was hurt Friday night in the wreck of the 'Frisco "Meteor," the Oklahoma & Texas limited train. His face was badly bruised. The "Meteor" crashed into five box cars in the railroad yards at Rosedale, Kan. Three other passengers and seven trainmen were more or less seriously injured.

Mary Campbell of Cedar Falls, Iowa, normal school, took first place in the interstate normal oratorical contest at Milwaukee Friday night, at which representatives of Illinois, Wisconsin, Missouri, Iowa and Kansas spoke. Kansas took second and Missouri third.

James Hunter of Foreston, Minn., has been arrested for criminal carelessness in connection with the death of his wife and two children last week through an explosion of dynamite left carelessly in the stove oven. The case is to be investigated by the grand jury next week.

Remorse over the killing of Floyd Sackett near Wibaux, Mont., Wednesday night, drove Mark White, his slayer, to self-destruction. Late advices from the scene of the tragedy say that before he could be arrested he calmly arranged his affairs, settled several business matters, bade his family farewell and then shot himself at his ranch near Wibaux.

Low Rate Summer Excursions

Low rate summer excursions to Chautauqua Lake and Asbury Park. For illustrated folder, rates and general information write Erie R. R., 555 Railway Exchange, Chicago.

COACH YOST

Says That Michigan Must Have a Punter.

Ann Arbor, Mich., May 13.—"I'm going to have a punter next fall if I have to whittle one out," said Coach Yost when asked about his object in putting the men through a spring practice. He has a bunch of old players and last year's subs at work kicking the ball and catching punts, and has already commenced to impress upon their minds the strenuous schedule of humping up against Illinois, Wisconsin, Drake, Vanderbilt, Ohio State and Chicago, to say nothing of the games in between.

"Michigan must have a punter," said the coach. "There are men here who can boot the ball, but who are not up to the standard in other departments of the game. I want a man who can play the game for all it is worth and lambast the ball like a Sweeley when called upon."

The football men are working in track suits for the most part, if there be any "most part" in a track suit. Capt. Norcross is not neglecting anything and each day he is out receiving the ball on passes from center.

Every man who is ambitious enough to apply will be given a football this June and he will be expected to work out in punting on some back lot in his old home during the summer vacation.

REGAMIER CREAM.

FOR THE COMPLEXION

has been in use nearly a century. Will cure a bad skin and preserve a good one. For sale everywhere.

Two sizes—50c and $1.00.

REGAMIER MANUFACTURING CO.,
No. 129 W. 31st St., New York City.
Send for free sample and circular.

As worn by the American Citizen

"The Lanpher Hat"

Head Dress of the Emperor of Korea.

$3.00

The Lanpher in a hat means that it is all that a hat can be; best in Style, Quality and Finish. All the newest shades and shapes.

Don't fail to see them.

ASK YOUR DEALER

—INSIST.

IS AFTER PLANTS

Great Northern Development Company to Work For Industries.

C. C. Cokefair Heads It —Will Work For New Industries.

The Great Northern Development company, a new organization of which C. C. Cokefair is president and general manager, has taken offices fronting on Superior street, adjoining those of the Great Northern Power company in the Providence building. The principal business of the company is to promote, finance and develop industrial plants subsidiary to the Great Northern Power company and to take power from that company upon the completion of its plant now being constructed on the St. Louis river.

Eminent engineers and specialists in such development and construction work are associated with the company, and ample capital is said to be available for such enterprises as the officials of the company recommend.

A number of important industries have been under consideration for some months past and plans are maturing for their construction simultaneously with the development of the power company's plant. These subsidiary plants will call for the expenditure of large amounts of money, aggregating several millions, in addition to the large sum now being expended by the power company, and will give permanent employment to many hands.

Public announcement of these special industries is not yet opportune, but some detailed plans have been shown The Herald representative, which are of more than ordinary interest. An account of one or more of these special industries will shortly be made public, and with the indomitable energy back of them that has characterized the development of the power company, the success of these new undertakings is confidently predicted.

The great value to the community of such institutions as the Great Northern Power company, and the various other industries now contemplated by Mr. Cokefair and his associates, are scarcely yet appreciable, but they mean the distribution of very large amounts of money paid out for labor, material and supplies. Nearly all of this money comes from the East, and contributes immensely to the substantial growth and prosperity of our city. The one thing needed to complete the destiny of Duluth as the metropolis of the Northwest is the establishment of general manufacturing industries here of such substantial and permanent character as those now being considered. Great things are predicted for the Development company and for Duluth as a result of these undertakings.

"MERCHANT OF VENICE"

Production to Be Given at the Lyceum May 24.

Much interest is being shown in the production of "Merchant of Venice," which will be put on at the Lyceum Wednesday evening, May 24, under the auspices of the Women's council and under the stage direction of John Milton, who has played nearly every male character in the piece with Thomas W. Keene and others. Mr. Milton will use the same prompt book that was used by Mr. Keene and also by Edwin Booth.

The costumes of the piece will be particularly attractive. One costume in particular, a turquoise blue silk velvet Elizabethan shape worn by Bassanio in the casket scene, was made by Herrman, the leading costumer of New York and was said by him to be the handsomest Elizabethan costume ever taken out of his establishment. Another very rich costume, a mottled black silk plush, trimmed in jet and worn by Antonio. In Mr. Milton's wardrobe is a purple toga that formerly belonged to that greatest of tragedians, Edwin Forest. This toga was presented by Forest to Keene and was given by him to Mr. Milton.

The club women represented in council, which means that every club woman of the city, is interested in the forthcoming production, as the proceeds will be devoted to the splendid work of the council. The cast is as follows:

Duke of Venice	Dr. D. H. Day
Bassanio	Louis Dworschak
Antonio	W. A. Coughlan
Gratiano	Charles Dorrance
Salanio	W. H. Lamson
Salarino	Walter Harris
Lorenzo	J. W. Carkner
Launcelot Gobbo	Harry Howell
Old Gobbo	Dr. D. H. Day
Tubal	Harry Howell
Jessica	Miss Adele McClaran
Portia	Mrs. John Milton
Nerissa	Miss Mae Wylie
Shylock	John Milton

Young Men For Presidents.

For the near future, at least, the great political parties intend to show preference to young men as candidates for the presidency, their experience with the present one, who broke all records in youthfulness, having been highly satisfactory. The experience with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, extending over half a century, has also been highly satisfactory to everyone and the record of cures of stomach, liver, bowel and kidney disorders established by it, far exceeds that of any other medicine. You cannot sleep, eat, work or enjoy life if any of these organs are weak or diseased. That's why we urge you to try a bottle today and good health will be your sure reward. It cures poor appetite, sleeplessness, biliousness, costiveness, kidney troubles, dyspepsia, indigestion and malaria, fever and ague. Insist on having Hostetter's.

USE
MAGIC PIANO POLISH.
Don't spoil your furniture for the sake of 25 cents, but use Magic Polish, which is the best. Used by practical people. C. O. KRISTENSEN, 336 East Superior street. Telephone, Old phone 1202-L.

VICTIM OF WRECK

Former Duluth Resident Among Those Killed at Harrisburg.

Body of Edward D. Edson Is Identified By Relatives.

Edward D. Edson, formerly of Duluth and later a lawyer practising in New York city, was one of the victims of the terrible wreck on the Pennsylvania road near Harrisburg.

Mr. Edson will be remembered by many Duluth people. He was a nephew of Judge W. D. Edson and son of R. P. Edson, formerly of this city. He was married in Duluth about three years ago to Miss Cornelie Smith, a sister of Mrs. D. H. Costello of this city. The two sisters were married at the same time, at a double wedding, and Mr. and Mrs. Edson went to New York city to live.

The news of Mr. Edson's death was received today by Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Costello, in a telegram from E. P. Welles of Minneapolis, who is a cousin of Mrs. Edson and of Mrs. Costello. He happened to be in New York at the time of the wreck, and learned by chance that Mr. Edson was one of the victims of the catastrophe.

Mr. Edson was on his way to Pittsburg at the time of the wreck, on a business trip. His body was not identified for some time after it was recovered, and his friends just learned today that he was among the dead.

Mr. and Mrs. Edson had one child, a son, about a year and a half old, who is in New York with his mother.

CITY BRIEFS

Embossing. North Land-Printery.

Independent ferry to Superior, 5c.

Dr. A. E. Walker has moved his office to 210 and 212 New Jersey building.

Eischen Bros., florists, are now at 116 West Superior street, Folz building.

A stipulation was filed in district court, this morning, in the proceedings instituted by the Floodwood River Improvement company against Erick Perkio and Mike Anderson, that the temporary injunctional order restraining Perkio and Anderson from interfering with the log drive shall be continued in force pending the trial of the main issue.

R. D. Haven, superintendent of census in St. Louis county, has divided the city of Duluth into twenty-seven districts. One census enumerator will be apportioned to each district. The county districts have not been decided upon, and it is not yet known how many enumerators will be necessary to carry on the work in this county.

E. M. Ferguson, president of the Commercial club, has reappointed W. G. Hegardt, J. A. Ferguson and T. H. Hawkes, Jr., as members of the Commercial club finance committee. All of these have given very satisfactory service in the same positions during the past year. No other committee appointments have as yet been made.

The funeral of Stanley Gray will be held tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock from the residence, 812 East Second street. The body will be placed in the vault temporarily, and later shipped east for interment.

Professor Carciofini may be selected to prescribe a training course for the oarsmen of the Duluth Boat club. He was discussing the matter today with Capt. Mahoney and the matter will be brought before the directors of the club.

Invitations are out for a dancing party to be given by Zenith Chapter 25, O. E. S., at banquet hall, new Masonic temple, Wednesday evening, May 17.

"The Burgomaster" at the Lyceum this evening played to the largest audience of the season at Superior last night. Everyone was delighted with the company and play. Miss Ruth White was compelled to respond to near a dozen recalls with her song, "The Tale of the Kangaroo."

John A. Leckey, who was injured Thursday evening by a street car at Ninth avenue east, died in St. Luke's hospital yesterday afternoon of his injuries. He leaves a wife and five children, one of whom is employed at Cloquet. The other four are girls and are living with their mother at Thirty-third avenue east and London road. The funeral will be held Monday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock from St. Paul's church.

The Women's Alliance of the Unitarian church will meet next Wednesday afternoon with Mrs. H. V. Goetchius of 5137 London road.

Christine McDonald, as beneficiary of Alexander McDonald, deceased, has brought suit in district court against the United Order of Foresters to recover judgment for $1,000, which she alleges represents the value of an insurance policy issued by the order to Alexander McDonald, who is said to have died about Jan. 8, 1905.

PERSONALS

Thomas Madigan returned today from Oshkosh, having attended the funeral of his sister, Mrs. J. T. Corcoran.

John W. Johnson and John P. Engetrom leave this afternoon over the Omaha for Portland, Seattle and other points.

W. S. Taylor has gone to Chicago.

R. M. Sellwood left for Los Angeles, Cal., today.

W. R. Robbins left for Chicago today.

A. D. Botsford left for Chicago today.

J. D. Mann has returned from Oshkosh.

Mrs. D. A. Cone has returned from the East. Mr. Cone returned two or three days ago.

Mrs. A. M. Chisholm and family are expected home from California tomorrow.

W. A. McGonagle returned from Pittsburg today.

Dr. N. P. Hulst and family will spend the summer in Duluth, beginning about June 1, and will occupy the residence of John A. Stephenson and family. Mrs. Stephenson and children will spend the summer at Deerwood.

Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Cokefair have taken the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Ayers for a period of several months. Mrs. Ayres will visit in the East for an extended period.

B. P. Crane of the Duluth & Iron Range railroad has returned from California, where he has spent the winter. He is in excellent health and has greatly benefited by his sojourn there.

PAYMASTER WAS DRUNK.

Captain Franklin W. Hart Will Be Courtmartialed.

Chicago, May 13.—A dispatch to the Tribune from San Francisco, says: Captain Franklin W. Hart of Washington, D. C., paymaster of the transport Lawton, has been arrested for drunkenness and will be courtmartialed. Hart, it is alleged, came down from Mare island with orders for $10,000 on the navy pay office. He returned so much under the influence of liquor that he was unable to transact business. He was accompanied by a friend, who was more intoxicated than himself. Officials, after trying in vain to get a lucid statement, had him arrested. It could not be learned what he had done with the $10,000.

WHO OWNS IT?

Dispute Over Small Island Formed In St. Louis River.

Mrs. Chambers Seeks to Oust Martin Johnson's Saloon.

Does a small island formed in the St. Louis river at Fond du Lac, by the process of shoaling and gradual accumulations of accretions from the river, belong to Mrs. Emily Chambers, who owns a considerable tract of land bordering the river at that point, or to the government, and is the land in Minnesota or Wisconsin?

These are two interesting questions which have been raised in district court by the institution of an action by Mrs. Chambers against Martin Johnson for trespass damages in the amount of $1,000, and for judgment decreeing that the island is her property.

While the main issues in the case are not yet before the court for trial, indications of the character of the suit were brought to light in Judge Dibell's room, in special term of court, this morning, when Martin Johnson appeared to show cause why he should not be temporarily restrained from conducting a liquor business on the small patch of land, pending the action.

Mrs. Chambers petitioned for the restraining order on the claim of ownership, and that the saloon is a nuisance and is rendering unattractive her Fond du Lac grove and picnic grounds, which are alleged to be places of popular resort during the summer season. She alleges, further, that the island is in Minnesota, and that Johnson, who is not operating under a Minnesota license to sell liquor, is in direct violation of the laws of the state.

Mr. Johnson claims that he has no knowledge that Mrs. Chambers is owner of the land on the main land that she claims, or of the larger island in the river, which is known at lot 2, section 7-48-15. He denies that she is owner of the small island which he occupies, that he ousted her from possession, or that he is in violation of the laws governing the dispensing of liquor. Johnson alleges that the island is government ground, that he has a government license, and a liquor license issued by the board of supervisors of the town of Superior, Wis., in which state he claims the island is located.

The hearing in the injunctional proceedings was not completed this morning, the court adjourning the matter until next Saturday, to permit H. H. Phelps, attorney for Johnson, to procure affidavits showing the land to be in Wisconsin.

In her complaint, Mrs. Chambers claims to be owner of lots 1 and 2, section 7-48-15, lot 1 being on the main land, Minnesota side, and lot 2 being an island in the center of the main channel of the St. Louis river directly opposite the village of Fond du Lac. She claims that Jan. 22, 1861, lot 2 was patented by the United States government to Reuben Carlton and that she acquired it through conveyance from Carlton.

Some years after the patent, Mrs. Chambers alleges, a shoal or sand bar formed between the island and the main land, and, as the years went by, the accretions became attached to the shoal and land was formed, an island less than an acre in area rising between the island and main land. Mrs. Chambers claims this island as part of her domain and alleges that about Feb. 1, 1905, Martin Johnson, without her consent unlawfully ejected her from possession and has since withheld the property from her to the damage of $1,000.

Mrs. Chambers sets forth that she owns 138 acres adjoining the river and the island here she has resided for the past thirty years, her grounds being used for pleasure and picnic parties and from which use she has been enabled to derive revenue. She claims that since the saloon has been established it is a scene of drunken carousal and has become a public nuisance and will keep people away from the picnic grounds in that vicinity.

Mrs. Chambers further declares that Johnson has made threats that if he is compelled to move off the island in dispute he will establish a saloon on one of the other islands which she claims and only a few feet from the present location of the alleged booze dispensary.

Mrs. Chambers is represented by M. H. McMahon.

In his answer Johnson replies to Mrs. Chambers' allegation that Fond du Lac has not proper police protection, by pointing out that it is within the city limits of Duluth, and that Duluth has adequate police protection. He further suggests that if Mrs. Chambers believes him to be breaking the laws she has failed to attempt any remedy by a criminal prosecution as he admits not having a license to sell liquors under the laws of Minnesota. Johnson maintains that he is outside the confines of the state of Minnesota and that Mrs. Chambers has no adequate remedy through either civil or criminal procedure.

The question of domain, whether in Minnesota or Wisconsin is attracting the interest of many of the old settlers, some of who hold one way and some another. It is said that some civil action was in the courts a number of years ago whereby it was held that the islands of Fond du Lac are in Wisconsin, but there has been no legal authority to show that condition yet presented.

The court delicately intimated this morning that if the land was in Wisconsin, he should not feel it his duty to attempt to regulate the morals of Wisconsin citizens.

MONEY SAVING SALE. PIANOS AT COST. PAY AS YOU LIKE.

BUY TODAY. DON'T WAIT. YOU MAY BE LATE. PRICES LOW. EASY PAYMENTS.

PIANOS GOING FAST

Wonderful Bargains Attract Purchasers—Duluth and Superior People Thoroughly Aroused. Sale Continues for 10 Days More.

HIGH GRADE PIANOS AT COST!

SPECIAL PRICES THE SAME FOR CASH OR ON EASY PAYMENTS.

In all the years that we have been in Duluth, and the many periods of prosperity that we have enjoyed here, never before have we sold as many Pianos as we have this past week. Of course we appreciate the fact that never before have we offered such bargains, and we fully realize what this means to our friends. First-class high-grad Pianos as low as $150. Such makes to select from as Steinway, Emerson, Knabe, Ivers & Pond, Kranich & Bach, Ludwig and many more. Any of these sold on easy payments. Sale continues ten days more.

Ludwig Piano. One beautiful, very large size Ludwig piano, only used since September; walnut case; regular price $450—sale price $305

Dyer Bros. Piano. One Dyer Bros. Piano—refinished in and outside in fine condition —price..... $168

Stodardt Piano. One Stodart quarter-sawed oak case—damaged by shipment—price only..... $183

Stewart Piano. One Stewart Piano — oak case—used but two months —new—the price..... $182

Bradbury Piano. One Bradbury upright Piano — walnut case — only used but very little—price..... $117

Ludwig Piano. One golden oak case Ludwig piano; been rented to one of our leading musicians —as good as new..... $210 This instrument is first-class in every respect.

C. D. Pease Piano. One C. D. Pease Piano—ebony case—in good condition..... $75

Organs. 55 reed Organs all different styles and cases, from $5 to $60, which must be closed out—all organs in good, first-class condition.

Kensington Piano. One Kensington Piano—sent to us as sample instrument—very fine case—regular price $300—sale price..... $198

Dyer Bros. Piano. One Dyer Bros.' Piano—large size—mahogany case, damaged by frost in shipping—a snap —the price..... $198

Pianola. One Pianola—mahogany case, only... $75

Dyer Bros. Piano. One Dyer Bros.' Piano—golden oak case—used for concert purposes..... $175

Willard Piano. One Willard Piano—mahogany case—only used short time..... $175

Julius Bauer Piano. One Julius Bauer Piano—large walnut case—second-hand—price only..... $178

Pianola. One Pianola, mahogany case —new with all the latest accent stops— only..... $195

DULUTH MUSIC CO.

PRICES CUT. BARGAINS EVERY DAY. ONLY TEN DAYS LEFT.

SPECIAL BARGAINS. IT PAYS TO BUY OF US. BUY THIS WEEK.

COULD NOT TELL NAME

Unable to give even his name to the officers who arrested him, an unknown man about sixty years of age was brought into the municipal court this afternoon on a charge of vagrancy.

The man is apparently not right mentally, and when questioned he merely mumbles incoherently. The police say that he has been sent to the poor farm a number of times, but that he always runs away at the first opportunity.

He carried an old shoe in his arms and refused to allow the police to take it away from him.

Judge Cutting ordered him sent to the poor farm and advised that a complaint charging insanity be sworn out against him.

Too Late to Classify

FACIAL MASSAGE BY THE NEW VIBRATORY method used at Miss Horrigan's Drug Store. Softens and beautifies the complexion and removes Wrinkles, Pimples and Discolorations.

As bread feeds the body, Satin skin cream supplies nourishment to the skin.

FOR RENT—SIX-ROOM HOUSE, 616 East Sixth street, in first-class condition; water, sewer, gas and bath. Newly papered and painted; $21, water furnished. Apply 614 East Sixth.

WANTED—BOARD, FOR A FOURTEEN months' baby, for the summer. H. S., Herald.

DAHL SISTERS—ALL KINDS OF HAIR work. 216 W. Superior St. Old 'phone.

NURSE GIRL—MUST BE OVER 18 years of age. Apply Mrs. Geo. W. Welles, 1831 Jefferson street.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Gust Bostedt and Matilda Edlund.
Wincontz Wordowskii and Anna Alleneske.

BIRTHS.

KERTTER—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. William Kertter of 222 St. Croix avenue, May 10.

FREDERICKSON—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Fred Fredrickson of 1906 west Third street, May 8.

CROSS—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Willard B. Cross of 218 Fifth avenue east, May 7.

LEWIS—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Lewis of 216 Seventh avenue west, May 9.

DAHL—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Charles J. Dahl of 117 Twenty-first avenue west, May 10.

DEATHS.

BOGARD—R. D. Bogard, aged 38 years, died May 7 at St. Luke's hospital.

RUNNINGS—Mrs. Anna Runnings, aged 66 years, died May 11, at 1108 East Second street.

LANE—Mrs. Lane, aged 57 years, died May 12 at 1116 West Superior street, of tuberculosis.

CARD OF THANKS.

WE WISH TO EXPRESS OUR THANKfulness and appreciation to the kind friends for their assistance and floral offerings during our late bereavement. THOMPSON BROS. AND SISTERS.

BUILDING PERMITS.

Jennie O. Salls, cottage on Minnesota avenue between Thirty-second and Thirty-third streets, to cost	$300
Emenik Datka, frame dwelling on Eighth street, between Sixth and Seventh avenues east, to cost....	500

NOTICE

I want your shoe repairing. A call over the 'phone and I will get it and have it delivered. Call 1451.

I can do your custom-work also.

BLODGETT & CO.'S Shoe Parlors.

Are You Going to Travel?

If you are, be sure that your baggage is taken care of. We do that and do it right. Call us up. Our rigs are at your service at all times.

Board of Trade Livery.
Both phones, 440.

TWO COURT MARRIAGES

Cupid was working overtime in the municipal court today, and two weddings were performed by the municipal judge, who has not done as much business in that line in the last two months.

Both wedding ceremonies were performed by Judge Cutting. He was a little new at the work but he carried the ceremonies through in perfect style, and finished strong without laying a hair.

The first wedding resulted in the joining together of Miss Margaret E. Crone and James T. Miler, while the second made Miss Mamie McDole, Mrs. Claude A. Gower.

LOSES TWO CLERKS.

Local Land Office Force Cut Down.

W. A. Richards of the general land office at Washington today wired to the local land office, ordering Miss Willa Scott to report for duty at the land office at Pierre, S. D., and Miss Georgia E. Scott to report at the land office at Bozeman, Mont. Miss Georgia Scott is at present visiting in Iowa. She got leave of absence until July 1, and was then to report to Washington. But now that has been changed and she will go to Montana. Miss Willa Scott will leave in a day or two for Pierre.

This takes two clerks out of the local land office.

Close Railroad Offices.

On Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock there will be a meeting of Duluth general agents of railroads in the Omaha city ticket office, Third avenue west and Superior street, to consider the matter of closing the city freight departments Saturday afternoons during the warm months. All of them, with one exception, are closed this afternoon. In the passenger departments there will be only one man on duty in each office Saturday afternoons.

Norwegian Students.

The chorus of Norwegian students from the University of Christiana is composed of selected voices of older and younger academic singers. There are fifteen first tenors, twelve second tenors, twelve first basses and fifteen second basses. The director is O. A. Grondahl, a composer and musician of the first rank. The soloists are two operatic artists, Johannes Berg-Hansen, and Rolf Hammer, both singers of exceptional attainments. The chorus will sing at the Lyceum on the evening of May 30. A number of those coming are old friends of some Duluth Norwegians.

Mrs. L. D. Kitchell Dead.

Duluth friends of Mr. and Mrs. L. D. Kitchell are much grieved over the notice received here of the recent death of Mrs. Kitchell and her babe at Cleveland, Ohio. Mr. Kitchell was formerly Northern passenger agent of the Great Northern road at this point, and was transferred to Pittsburg, making his home in Cleveland. Before coming to Duluth Mr. and Mrs. Kitchell resided at Winnipeg for a number of years, where they also have a wide circle of friends.

THE EIGHT-HOUR LAW APPLIES AT PANAMA.

Washington, May 13.—In an opinion rendered by Attorney General Moody regarding the application of the eight-hour law to the employes of the Isthmian canal commission on the isthmus the attorney general holds that the law applies to those employes.

An inspection of the opinion showed that it did not cover all the ground desired by the Panama canal commission and consequently it was returned to the attorney general for further consideration.

SITUATION WELL IN HAND.

Snyder, Okla., May 13.—The local relief committee today had the situation well in hand and the needy victims of Wednesday's tornado are being cared for promptly.

KOCH'S FATE IN JURY'S HANDS

Defendant Placed In Jail at the Request of Prosecution.

Mankato, Minn., May 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—On this 13th day of the month the trial of Dr. George R. Koch comes to a close after twenty-four days of legal warfare.

The murder of Dr. Gebhardt is as great a mystery to the public as it was on the morning after the crime was committed.

The morning session was taken up by Attorney Brown for the defense, after which Judge Cray delivered his charge to the jury. The court's address covered seventeen pages of typewritten matter and was a masterful review of the case.

St. Paul, May 13.—A special to the Dispatch from Mankato, says: Just before the jury went out Gen. Childs, states' attorney, asked the court to remand Dr. Koch to jail during the deliberations of the jury. Koch has been out on bail since the New Ulm jury disagreed, and has been at liberty during the present trial.

The court agreed to Gen. Childs' request and Koch was placed in jail. Those who have been attending the proceedings closely seem to have the impression that there will be no verdict today.

AN IMPORTANT WITNESS AGAINST BEEF TRUST.

Chicago, May 13.—Federal officials claim to have an important new witness in the "Beef trust" inquiry. H. J. Streyckmans, who before the interstate commerce commission divulged the alleged system of rebates and overcharges by Armour & Co., and read a secret code, will on Monday be brought before the federal grand jury investigating the beef industries.

This witness, formerly an employe of Armour & Co., is expected to give testimony before the grand jury similar to that before the commission. It is believed the jury will have completed taking testimony by Thursday next.

TWO TRAINMEN KILLED IN FREIGHT COLLISION.

Buffalo, N. Y., May 13.—A special to the Times from Corry, Pa., says: Two fast freights on the Chautauqua division of the Pennsylvania road collided head on, this side of Hydetown, today. The engines and a dozen loaded cars were demolished, Engineer William Sitting of Oil City was instantly killed, Fireman George Bigman died later in the Titusville hospital. Several other trainmen were injured.

TAYLOR SUCCEEDS HILLS.

Washington, May 13.—After a conference with the president today, Secretary Shaw announced that Assistant Secretary Horace A. Taylor, of the treasury department had been designated as member of the government board of the Lewis & Clark exposition and of the Louisiana Purchase exposition, vice Wallace H. Hills, deceased.

HOME AGAIN.

Nan Patterson Reaches Washington In Good Spirits.

Washington, May 13.—Nan Patterson, accompanied by her father and Mr. and Mrs. J. Morgan Smith, arrived in Washington from New York, at 7:20 o'clock this morning over the Pennsylvania road. Miss Patterson remained in her car until 8 o'clock when she left the train and proceeded to the home of her parents. All the party were in good health and spirits. The trip from New York was without incident.

FINAL STAGES OF THE GAYNOR-GREENE CASE.

Montreal, May 13.—The final stage of the Gaynor-Greene case before it is considered on its merits by the extradition commissioner, was entered upon today when the prosecution endeavored to introduce evidence to offset the expert testimony of witnesses for the defense who had declared that the printed evidence presented by the United States was not legal. Dr. Frank Lloyd, assistant Unitd States district attorney, was called, but the defense objected to him and an argument was commenced which may take up most of the day.

ASSASSIN'S APPEAL REJECTED BY SENATE.

St. Petersburg, May 13.—The senate has rejected the appeal of Ivan Kaleieff, who assassinated Grand Duke Sergius at Moscow and has confirmed the sentence of death imposed upon him.

VICE CONSUL MARRIED.

London, May 13.—Archibald Mackirdy, American vice consul at Muscat, Arabia, was married at St. Margaret's church, Westminster, today to Olive Christian Malvery, an East Indian who has spent five years working among the poor of London. The bishop of London officiated.

To lose is often merely not to find—as a business chance or bargain missed, and thus lost, through failure to read the ads.

The Best Route to the Gun Flint Lake Country
Is Via Grand Marais, Minn.
JACKSON & RUDE
Livery, Feed and Sale Stables.
Teams and drivers at lowest terms.

We French Dry Clean and Dye Your Finest Garments
Northwestern Dyeing and Cleaning Co.
17 N. Lake Avenue. Phones—Zenith 1516, Duluth 285-M.
1314 Tower Avenue, Superior. Old phone 4259-L.

Duluth Savings Bank
Incorporated and Under State Supervision.
Capital $100,000.00
Note Convenient Location—
No. 216 West Superior Street.

The Bank that Pays
3%
Interest on Savings and Time Deposits.
Open this Evening from 6 to 8 o'clock.

CASH SITUATION STRENGTHENS WHEAT

Sensational Advance In May Option With July Also Very Strong.

Low Supplies and Small Receipts Claiming All Attention Now.

Duluth Board of Trade, May 13.—Wheat was very bullish today and the market had a sensational advance. The May option was leading in the strength, the pressure being for cash wheat, but July was following it well. The only market in which the May was slow was St. Louis, which only showed an advance of ¾c, while Kansas City advanced 3¾c, Chicago 3¼c, Minneapolis 3⅜c and Duluth 4c. New York closed an hour earlier than other markets and only showed a gain of 1¾c. The July option gained 2c in Duluth, 2¾c in Chicago, 2¼c in Minneapolis, 1¼c in New York, 1¾c in St. Louis and 2¼c in Kansas City. In Winnipeg there was an advance of 1c in both options.

The cash situation is largely responsible for the strength that has developed. Attention is being concentrated on the decline in stocks and the small receipts, and millers are after wheat. Both Duluth and Chicago are shipping to Minneapolis, and stocks there decreased 426,963 bus this week. Kansas City reports only 600,000 bus in regular houses. Eastern millers are bidding for wheat, too, and Duluth shippers sold about 50,000 bus of wheat today.

A Duluth exporter said today that he had taken in the past twenty-four hours received from every foreign country to which he has ever shipped wheat, bids for new spring and winter wheat, and the widest bid was within 1c of a working basis.

The Liverpool market closed ¾d higher, Berlin ⅝c higher and Budapest 1½c lower. World's shipments to be reported Monday are estimated at about 5,000,000 bus.

Crop damage reports were also coming in and added to the strength given by the cash situation. Sensational damage claims came from Texas, Oklahoma and Kansas.

Car receipts at Duluth were 3 against 4 last year, and at Minneapolis 88 against 46 last year, making a total for the Northwest of 91 against 50 last year. Chicago received 1 against 24 last year.

Primary receipts of wheat were 102,923 bus, last year 155,227 bus. Shipments 283,806 bus, last year 177,740 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 38,715 bus.

Corn in the Liverpool market closed ¼d lower. In the Chicago market July corn closed ⅝@¾c higher. July oats closed a shade higher. Primary receipts of corn were 123,500 bus, last year 238,900 bus. Shipments 342,068 bus, last year 467,244 bus. Clearances of corn were 266,177 bus.

Trading in wheat in the Duluth market was fairly active, and as in other markets, the prices advanced sharply. The May option opened 1⅛c higher at $1 and bulged to $1.02⅛, closing at $1.02⅜, a gain of 4c. The July option opened ⅞c higher at 97¼c, sold up to $1 at 11:42 and then fell back and closed at 99½c, an advance for the day of 2c. The September option advanced 1⅝c, closing at 93½c.

Cash prices were on the basis of May price for No. 1 northern. Durum advanced 4c.

Flax was dull, with nearby options stronger and fall options weaker. The May and July advanced 1c, the former closing at $1.43½ and the latter at $1.44. The September option closed ½c lower at $1.32½, October advanced 1½c to $1.24½, fell to $1.23¾, and closed at $1.23¾, a loss of ¾c.

Oats to arrive advanced 1¾c and on track declined ⅝c.

Following were the closing prices on the Duluth board:

Wheat to arrive, No 1 nothern, $1.02¾; on track No 1 northern, $1.02¾; No. 2 northern, 96@99c. Durum, No. 1, 87c; No. 2, 86. May, $1.02⅜; July, 99½c; September, 93½c. Flax to arrive, $1.43½; on track, $1.43½; May, $1.43½; July, $1.44; September, $1.25; October, $1.24¼. Oats to arrive, 29½c; on track, 29½c. Rye to arrive, 70c; on track, 70c; Barley: Feed, 39½@41c. Cars inspected, Wheat, 0; last year, 15. oats, 2; barley, 1; flax, 3; last year, 4. Receipts—Wheat, 2,938, flax, 1,371. Shipments: Wheat, 137,699; corn, 221, oats, 4,250, barley, 2,392.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Fear of Wet Weather Makes Wheat Bullish.

Chicago, May 13.—Fear of damage to the spring sown crop by cold, wet weather, as reflected in a further advance of over 1c a bushel in the price of wheat at Minneapolis, had a bullish effect on the wheat market here today. Higher prices at Liverpool, resulting from greatly decreased shipments from Australia, also tended to strengthen the market here. Commission houses and shorts were active bidders but offerings were light. July opened ⅝c to 1c higher at 85¾c to 85¾c. After advancing to 86⅝c the price settled back to 85¾c. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 50 cars, or less than 100 cars last week and 91 cars a year ago.

Considering the shorts trading throughout the day was extremely active, there being a good general demand. An excellent demand for cash wheat gave additional strength to optional values. Prices continued to advance and the market closed at the high point of the day, with July at 85¾c.

Predictions of rain had a strengthening influence on the corn market. The advance in wheat also had considerable effect. The volume of business was small. July opened ⅝c higher at 47c and sold up to 47¾c. Local receipts were 50 cars, none of contract grade.

The market was firm, the entire session closing prices being at the highest point of the day. Final quotations on July were up ⅝@½c at 47¼@47⅜c.

In sympathy with wheat and corn the oats market had a firm undertone. July opened unchanged to a shade higher at 29½@29⅝c to 29¾c, sold at 29¾c and then rallied to 29⅞@30c. Local receipts were 82 cars.

As a result of a 10c decline in the price of hogs, following unusually liberal receipts, a weak undertone prevailed in the provisions market. July pork was off 5c at $12.52½. Lard was down 2½c at $7.32½. Ribs were 2½@5c lower at $7.25.

Wheat—May, 95¾c; July, 87½c; September, 82@82c. Corn—May, 47¼c; July, 47⅝@47⅝c; old, 47¾@47⅞c; September, 47c; old, 47¼c. December, 44⅜c; old, 44½c. Oats—May, 30½c; July, 28¾c; September, 28c. Pork—May, $12.15; July, $12.40; September, $12.60. Lard—May, $7.12½; July, $7.27½; September, $7.45@7.47½. Ribs—May, $7.00; July, $7.20@7.22½; September, $7.45@7.47½. Rye—May, 70@73c; July, 69c; September, 67@68c. Flax—Cash Northwestern, $1.39; Southwestern, $1.25; May, $1.25. Timothy—May, $3.00; September, $2.25. Clover—May, $12.00@12.50. Barley—Cash, 40@50c. Cash wheat: No 2 red, 96@$1.00; No 3 red, 92@95c; No. 2 hard, 94@96c; No. 3 hard, 88@92c; No 1 northern, $1.00@1.02. No. 2 northern, 96@$1.02; No. 3 spring, 90@$1.01. Corn—No. 2, 47½@48c; No. 3, 46c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, May 13.—Close: Wheat—May, $1.01¾; July, $1.00¾; September, 92¾c. No. 1 hard, $1.14¾; No. 1 northern, $1.12¾; No. 2 northern, $1.01¾.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, May 13.—Close: Wheat—May, 96½c; July, 91¼c; September, 81¾c. Corn—May, 54½c; July, 52½c; September, 62¾c.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, May 13.—Wheat—Spot dull; 1 Cal. 6s 8½d; futures steady; May 6s 7⅝d; July 6s 8½d; September 6s 6½d.

Corn—Spot steady; American mixed new 4s 3¼d; futures quiet; May 4s 3⅜; July 4s 3½d.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	$1.00B	$1.05½	94½	95
High	1.02¾	1.06¼	95⅝	96½
Low	1.00	1.05½	94	95½
Close	1.02⅜B	1.09¼B	95¾	96½
Close 12th	98½	1.05½	93½	94¾
July—				
Open	97¼	99¾	85¾-⅝	90½
High	1.00	1.00¾-⅞	87⅜	91½-⅝
Low	97¼	99	85⅜	90½
Close	99½B	1.00¾B	87½	91⅛A
Close 12th	96½	99⅜	85⅛	90
September—				
Open	80⅝B	80⅞	79¼-⅝	83⅞
High	82¼B	82⅜	80⅝	84½
Low	80⅝	80½	79¼	83⅞
Close	82½B	82⅜	80¼-⅜	84⅛A
Close 12th	80½	80⅝	79-¼	83⅝

St. Louis:	Close 13th.	Close 12th.
May	95	94⅝
July	81⅝	79¾
September	79⅜-¾	77⅞
Kansas City:		
May	95	91¾
July	77¼-⅜	75½-¼
September	72⅜	71-⅛
Winnipeg:		
May	89¼	88¼
July	91¼	91¼

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats July	Corn July	Pork July
Open	29¼-⅜@29⅜	47⅛@47	$12.42
High	29⅝-½	47½-⅜	12.45
Low	29¼	46⅞	12.32-40
Close	29⅜	47¼-¾A	12.40

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—This has been a big market with all months participating in the advance. July was easily the leader in point of activity. The continuous urgent cash demand, coupled with small receipts, the fact that Minneapolis is again reported actively bidding for wheat in the market and damage reports coming from a largely increased area, with estimates ranging from 10 to 25 per cent damage already done in Texas and Oklahoma were all factors, helping to cause a stampede among the bear element and the largely increased buying for long account. Leaving the reported damage out of the question and looking at the cash situation as it appears on the surface, there seems every incentive for higher prices for July wheat. While it is true the bulk of the buying today, and in fact, on this advance, has come from short covering, it is also true that many of the leading bears have been converted to the bull side. It is popularly believed that Armour people have been the principal sellers, but their operations are impossible to follow. Wheat seems to cotton out of its scalping rut. We must not forget, however, the market has had a big advance and much of the short interest has been covered, a little change of a favorable character during the week would ease the situation very much and tend to check bullish enthusiasm.

Corn—This market showed better form, partly in sympathy with wheat and again on continued bad weather delaying shipments and planting. The pronounced strength in the wheat pit caused some short covering, but the market still looks good to us. Cash prices in outside markets are still firmly held. Cash people claim that there are many holes to be filled up before corn in any quantity can be sent to the Chicago market. While receipts continue small and cash situation in this market holds as it is at present we feel purchases made on moderate set-backs will make money. Trade is still small and aside from operations in the May we feel nothing serious is intended at this time.

Oats—The pronounced tone in this market came through sympathy with corn. The expert demand is still something to be watched carefully. A continuation of present conditions can but add strength to this market. Cash wheat and corn receipts continue small and cash situation in this market holds as it is at present we feel purchases made on moderate set-backs will make money. Trade is still small and aside from operations in the May we feel nothing serious is intended at this time.

Provisions—This market started soft and continued so throughout the session. There seemed to be less support tendered by the packers. Trade in this pit ruled very quiet and aside from easing off in prices scarcely anything developed worthy of comment. This market has shown a fair recovery from the low point and it was but natural to look for profit taking. We look to see them take a more active interest in the speculative end and feel that purchases on set-backs the proper course to pursue.

• • •

Edwards, Wood & Co.: Wheat opened ½c higher today, the July option at Minneapolis advancing to the dollar mark in the first half hour. The Northwestern Miller says the advance has checked sales of flour, Kansas Millers reporting trade lifeless and buyers uninterested. Although some complaints of rust and fly continue, they are from scattered localities where the yield last year was good. Reports of frost during the week, while affecting the market prices, has caused little if any damage. Seeding of spring wheat practically completed, except in extreme northern sections, and early sown wheat growing nicely. The acreage will probably show an increase of about 1,000,000. It is true that stocks have been decreasing, but it is not supposed that a degree of actual want will be experienced before the marketing of the new crop. Light receipts may continue for a time, but it is certain that present supplies are not going into consumption at any alarming rate. We should expect warmer weather soon, and also an increase of receipts. We had a two-cent advance today, and we do not think present conditions justify any further advance. We believe that wheat could be sold for good returns, especially the September option.

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Kansas City wires: "I would like to call your attention to the location of latest rust complaints. Cushang, Oklahoma, says 25 per cent damage. This getting well north and I believe if weather conditions do not change at once Kansas will have rust in five days."

• • •

Chicago Inter Ocean: A sensational play was made by the leading interests in July wheat yesterday. Prices were forced off a cent to 84¼c about midday by Valentine's open selling. The market looked weak until within fifteen minutes of the close, when orders were given the brokers to buy 1,000,000 bushels. August Brosseau started the buying at 84½c and took 500,000 bushels, and the others followed. They found the market comparatively bare of offerings and the price shot up to 85½c, where it closed. Only a part of the orders were filled, as the wheat was not to be had. Apparently the parties giving the orders knew that they would not be executed, and wanted to make a strong close.

• • •

McQuiston, Chicago: "Fifty thousand bus No. 2 red wheat sold at 4⅜c over May price to go to millers. Judging from the class of buying this morning it looks as if most all of the local shorts would not stay for the big show and have come ashore. Of course, it is easy enough to get bull news now when the market is strong, but I suppose it should be all taken with a grain of allowance. This reported sale of 50,000 bus No. 2 red I give to you as it was given to me."

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: "A Southwestern man says: 'I believe that the Kansas City exchange during the last ten days has been buying for the Chicago account and that the purchases have been largely hedged by sales of the July in Chicago or elsewhere. I figure this as a sound position, as a crop condition that would result in failure to make liberal deliveries of July wheat in Chicago in July would certainly help the Southwestern prices to a much higher level. I believe that a great deal of wheat will come to Chicago this year from Kansas and the Southwest."

Chicago Record-Herald: Prof. Bruner of Nebraska says: "Last fall the Hessian fly was abnormally abundant and did more than the usual amount of injury. Only 5 per cent of the wheat plants being attacked. In some localities where the rainfall was scant the grain failed to send out tillers and a large number of the plants attacked were killed. This appearance is deceptive, as the fly does not begin to show the damage done to the plant until its starts heading.

BANK STATEMENT.

New York, May 13.—The statement of averages of the clearing house banks of this city for the week shows: Circulation, $41,028,700; increase, $101,100; deposits, $1,030,219,700; increase, $6,321,800; legal tenders, $84,379,300; decrease, $21,000; specie, $219,888,500; decrease, $415,400; loans, $1,099,718,900; increase, $7,586,000; reserve held, $307,500; decrease, $436,400; reserve required, $257,554,925; increase, $1,580,450; surplus, $15,712,575; decrease, $2,016,850; ex-United States deposits, $20,646,125; decrease, $2,104,675.

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., seventy-fifth meridian time, Saturday, May 13, 1905:

Stations	Temperature. Max*	Min†	Rainfall inches and hundredths.
Alexandria	Clear	64	36	.0
Campbell	Clear	62	36	.0
Crookston	Clear	55	38	.0
Detroit City	Clear	69	42	.0
Grand Meadows	Clear	68	46	.0
Minneapolis	Clear	66	40	.10
Montevideo	Clear	68	44	.35
New Ulm	Clear	70	44	.0
Park Rapids	Clear	58	36	.0
Winnebago City	Clear	70	46	T
Worthington	Clear	70	34	.0
Devils Lake	Clear	58	38	.0
Langdon	Clear	56	32	.0
Larimore	Clear	58	34	.0
Pembina	Clear	56	38	.0
Aberdeen	Clear	66	36	.0
Millbank	Clear	66	36	.0
Mitchell	Cloudy	68	42	T
Redfield	Pt. cloudy	62	30	.0
Amenia	Clear	62	34	.0
Bismarck	Clear	62	36	.0
Duluth	Clear	61	45	.01
Huron	Cloudy	70	42	.0
La Crosse	Clear	66	38	.0
Moorhead	Clear	64	38	.0
Pierre	Cloudy	68	44	.0
St. Paul	Clear	62	48	.12
Winnipeg	Clear	52	38	1.28

*Max indicates highest temperature. †Min indicates lowest temperature.

REMARKS.

Showers were general except in the Minneapolis district, mostly clear weather prevailing in the Northwest this morning. Temperatures were moderate.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

T. indicates inappreciable rainfall. *For yesterday. †For twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., Seventy-fifth meridian time.

Note.—The average maximum and minimum temperatures and the average rainfall are made up at each center from the actual number of reports received. The "state of weather" is that prevailing at time of observation.

We Are Headquarters For

Bonanza Circle and North Butte Copper Stocks!

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BANKERS AND BROKERS,
328 West Superior Street.

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For Valuable Information
Call on or address,
H. E. SMITH & CO.,
William Kaiser, Manager.
Main Floor, Palladio Building.

BONANZA CIRCLE COPPERS!

	Then	Now
C. & A.	$23,440,000.00	$20,000,000.00
C. & P.	10,500,000.00	6,000,000.00
L. S. & P.	13,125,000.00	8,750,000.00
P. & D.	8,500,000.00	5,000,000.00
Junct. Dev.	4,294,000.00	2,660,000.00

Decrease $17,409,000.00.
Then $59,819,000 Now $42,460,000.00

For explanation of these figures and further information concerning the above and all other unlisted securities, inquire of

H. E. SMITH & CO.,
William Kaiser, Manager.
Main Floor, Palladio Bldg.
Phones—Zenith, 696; Duluth, 82.

DECLINE IN STOCKS

Market Dull and Narrow With Only Professional Trading.

Bank Statement Disappointing and the Close Was Easy.

New York, May 13.—Believed from the pressure of necessitous liquidation, there has been some recovery in prices on the stock exchange this week. New demand was not large, however, and speculation was repressed by uncertainties in the outlook. Principal of these were the fear of a turn in the tide of the steel trade, owing to production outstripping consumption, revival of the campaign for railroad rate control, the coming naval conflict in the Far East, and the evidence of lack of absorptive demand for investment in the small subscriptions to the Pennsylvania convertible bond issue. The government crop report on winter wheat helped the light revival in demand late in the week.

New York, May 13.—The weakness of the London market affected the opening dealings here. There were some exceptions which showed gains, mostly amongst the industrials. Deals were reported in Union Pacific, Baltimore & Ohio and Consolidated Gas, and to a large fraction in St. Paul and Canadian Pacific. Rubber Goods preferred rose 1¾, Corn Products a point and General Electric and Rubber Goods a large fraction.

Prices climbed slowly upward, although the inquiry was very light. A factor in helping the rise was the subsidence of pressure against St. Paul and Union Pacific, most of which recovered fully. Some of the other transcontinental stocks made good gains, Great Northern preferred and Union Pacific moving up 1½ and Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha's confident buying of Locomotive benefited it 1½ and had a tonic effect generally on the railroad equipment group. Rubber Goods improved 2¼, the preferred 3. Linseed preferred 2¾ and Wisconsin Central preferred 1. Atlantic Coast Line, Central Railway of Jersey, St. Louis & San Francisco second preferred, People's Gas and Federal Mining preferred declined 1 to 1¼, with partial recoveries.

The Pacifics came under pressure again and fell lower than before, except Great Northern preferred, which rose 5½. Union Pacific and Southern Pacific fell 2¼, Louisville & Nashville, Kansas & Texas preferred, St. Paul, Northwestern, eRading, Wabash preferred and Smelting a point or more; Atlantic Coast Line 2¼ and People's Gas 3. The closing was dull and weak.

Quotations furnished by Edwards-Wood Co., room A. Torrey building.

Stocks—	High	Low	Close
Atchinson, pfd	101⅞	101¾	101¾
do com	82½	82	82
Smelter, common	117⅝	116¾	117
Amalgamated Copper	84	83⅛	83½
Baltimore & Ohio	108⅝	107⅞	108½
B. R. T.	69¼	69⅛	69⅞
Canadian Pacific	149¾	149¾	149⅝
Chesapeake & Ohio	50	49½	49½
Colo. Fuel and Iron	47	45¾	46
C. G. W., com	20½	20¼	20¼
Erie, ist pfd	79	79	79
Erie, com	42¾	42⅛	42⅛
Illinois Central	161½	161¼	161¼
Louisville & Nashville	146½	145	145½
Mexican Central	21⅜	21	21½
Metropolitan Ry	116	114¾	115⅜
Missouri Pacific	98	97⅜	97⅝
Norfolk & Western	79	78½	78⅝
New York Central	144½	143¼	143¼
Ontario & Western	49⅞	49¼	49½
People's Gas	101¼	98⅝	98½
Pacific Mail	37⅝	37	37⅝
Penn. Railway	136⅜	135⅞	136
Rock Island, com	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝
Rock Island pfd	74	74	74
Reading common	94	93¾	93⅝
R. I. & S. pfd	73¾	73⅜	73⅜
R. I. & S. common	19¾	18¼	18⅛
Rubber common	42½	40⅞	42¼
St. Paul	175	173¾	173⅞
Sugar	127½	126⅞	126⅞
So. Railway common	31⅛	30¾	31
So. Pacific	62⅞	62	62
Soo common	116½	116½	116½
Texas Pacific	33¾	32⅝	32⅝
U. S. Steel pfd	99¼	98½	98½
U. S. Steel common	31⅜	31⅜	31⅛
Union Pac. common	123⅝	122⅝	122⅝
Wis. Cent. common	23¾	23	23⅜
Wis. Cent. pfd	50	49¼	49¼
Western Union	92⅞	92¼	92⅞
Wabash common	19⅜	19½	19½
Wabash pfd	41¾	41	41
Twin City R. T.	114½	114¾	114⅜
Northern Pacific	193¼	192	192½
D. S. S. & A. common	13	13	13
D. S. S. & A. pfd	26½	26½	26½

The total sales were 309,500 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market opened somewhat lower, influenced by an easier London market, but early regained the loss, and until the bank statement appeared ruled practically at about last night's close. The bank statement was not as good as expected. Take the market as a whole, it still shows quite a little strength. Confidence in speculative circles has been restored in a good measure, and there seems to be more inclination to take hold of the market. We feel the short interest is still large, and if the present feeling continues they will be made to cover at higher prices. Good stocks bought on moderate setbacks will make some money.

• • •

Gates & Co.: No confirmation of the reports of a proposed increase in Amalgamated Copper dividend is obtainable, but the opinion is pretty general that the next dividend will be at a higher rate. This opinion also prevailed before the declaration of the last dividend, but the recent large buying by Standard Oil interest is the basis for still higher prices. It is argued that the stocks were accumulated at higher prices and that there would be no large distribution until the price has crossed 85. Predictions of 90 are freely made.

• • •

Hutton to Paine, Webber & Co.: It is the intention of bankers to advance the prices gradually in the next three months, hence the rapid advance of the past few days has been too fast and recessions of two or three points at least can be looked for.

• • •

Walker Bros. to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market today was dull and inclined to be weak. There was a good deal of selling by London and the break in People's Gas had some effect. The bank statement was not very well taken and caused some further selling. We do not look for any great changes next week and the market will be mostly in the hands of the traders. On bulges it seems wise to take profits as the market is not in shape at present for any pronounced advance. Money is easy.

• • •

Dick Brothers to Paine, Webber & Co.: Market has been dull and narrow and with only professional operations. Declines in London brought a lower opening here, which was followed by a rather general recovery. In the second hour, however, the list turned weak again and sagged to the close. The bank statement, which was the only new development, was disappointing. The late selling seemed to be largely realizing by some of the room traders, who have been active on the bull side.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, May 13.—The cotton market opened firm at an advance of 1@5 points in response to better cables than considere due and reports of rains in sections of the belt. The new crop months opening on Wall street bull support and covering, while near months were offered by the bulle leaders and were relatively easy. Trading was very quiet during the early session, and prices showed little movement, the general tone being steady with a point or two of inital figures.

Cotton futures closed very steady; May 7.77; June 7.63; July 7.72; August 7.73; September 7.79; October 7.73; November 7.85; December 7.90; January 7.93; February 7.96; March 8.02. Spot closed quiet; mid ups 8.20; mid gulf 8.45. Sales, 211 bales.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 328 West Superior street:

	Bid.	Asked.
Amalgamated	83¼	83½
Anaconda	111	111½
Adventure	3½	3¾
Atlantic	12½	13
Allouez	20½	20¾
Arcadian	1	1¼
Elm River	2	3½
Bingham	31½	32
Copper Range	72	72½
Centennial	19	19¼
Calumet and Hecla	642	645
Calumet and Arizona	99	100
Calumet and Pittsburg	29½	33
Lake Sup. and Pittsburg	37	
Isle Royale		33
Mass	8	8⅛
Michigan	11⅝	12
Mohawk	50	51
Mayflower	75c	90c
Mercur Con	60c	65c
National	1	1½
Old Colony	1	1¼
Old Dominion	24	25¼
Osceola	93¼	93¾
Phoenix	1	1½
Parrott	23½	25
Quincy	95	100
Rhode Island	1½	2
Santa Fe	1½	1⅝
Franklin	8⅝	8½
Tecumseh	2	
Tamarack	118	120
Shannon	7¾	8¼
Trinity	8¾	8½
Utah	42¾	43
United States Mining	31¼	31½
Victoria	3¼	3½
Wolverine	108	109½
Wyandot	1½	1⅝
Winona	10½	10⅝
Daly West	14⅝	14½
Greene Con	26¾	27
United Copper	25½	26
Pitts. and Dul., full paid	20	21½
Pitts. and Dul., $8 paid		19
Union Land		3
Lumbers	68	
Black Mountain		3
Granby	5½	5⅞
North Butte	27¼	27⅜

COPPER GOSSIP.

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market today was very dull in Boston. United Copper and Allouez were strong on good buying orders. The market closed a little weak in sympathy with New York, which was on the unfavorable bank statement. North Butte was the feature on the curb.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, May 13.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, shows: Available cash balance, $129,923,416; gold, $62,583,178; silver, $25,209,231.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, May 13.—Money on call nominal. No loans. Time loans easy; 60 days 3 per cent; 90 days 3¼ per cent; six months 3½. Prime mercantile paper 3¾@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange steady with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.86.75@4.86.80 for demand, and at $4.84.00@4.84.70 for 60 days; posted rates $4.85½ and $4.87½; commercial bills $4.84@4½. Bar silver 57½c. Mexican dollars, 44¼c. Government bonds steady; railroad bonds irregular.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, May 13.—Cattle—Receipts 400; steady. Good to prime steers, $5.60@6.75; poor to medium, $4.50@5.50; stockers and feeders, $2.75@5.25; cows, $3@5.25; heifers, $2.50@5.50; bulls, $2.50@4.75; calves, $3@6.75. Hogs—Receipts 20,000. Monday 45,000; 10@15c lower. Mixed and butchers, $5.30@6.50; good to choice heavy, $5.40@6.50; rough heavy, $5.10@5.35; light, $5.25@6.50; bulk of sales, $5.40@5.50. Sheep —Receipts 4,000; sheep and lambs steady; good to choice wethers, shorn, $4.75@5.25; fair to choice mixed, shorn, $3@4.40; western sheep, shorn, $4@5.15; native lambs, $4@6.50; western lambs, $5@7.40.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER.

Creamery, prints	26	
Dairies, fancy	22 @	23
Renovated	23	

EGGS.

Fresh	15

CHEESE.

Twins, full and cream	16
Twins, full cream, old	8
Full cream, Young America	16
Brick cheese, No. 1	16
Limberger, full cre'm cheese	15
Primost	7

HONEY.

New fancy, white clover	14	
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb	12½@	13
Goldenrod	14	
Dark honey	11	
Buckwheat, dark	14	

MAPLE SYRUP.

Vermont, per lb	12½
Ohio, per lb	10
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10

NUTS.

Filberts, per lb	13
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	16
Cocoanuts	55
Brazils, per lb	12
Pecans, per lb	14
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	8
Almonds	14
Mixed nuts	14

FRUITS.

Apples	3 25	@ 3 50
Cranberries, per bbl	6 00	@ 3 50
California naval oranges	3 00	@ 3 50
Smyrna figs, 12-lb box	1 50	
Pineapples, per crate	4 50	
Bananas	2 00	@ 2 50
Lemons, per box	2 75	
Strawberries, 24 quarts	2 25	@ 2 50
Dates, Fard, per box	1 15	
Sugar, walnut dates	1 00	

VEGETABLES.

New Potatoes, per bus	2 75
Sweet potatoes, per bbl	4 50
Fancy navy beans, per bus	2 00
Lettuce, per bus	1 00
Beets, cwt	1 25
Green onions	15
Spinach, box	1 15
Pieplant, per box	50
Potatoes, per bus	23
Dry Onions, per cwt	2 75
Celery, per doz	90
Bagas, per cwt	65
Cabbage, per cwt	1 00
Radishes, per doz	25
Tomatoes, per basket, Cal	1 00
Tomatoes, per basket, Fla	55
Asparagus, per doz	85

POP CORN.

Choice, per lb	4
Rice corn, shelled	6

CIDER.

Common juice, half bbl	2 50
Fruit juice	5 00
Duffy cider	3 50

DRESSED POULTRY.

Spring chickens	16	
Hens	16	
Ducks	15	
Turkeys	20	
Geese	13	

MEATS.

Beef	6 @	8½
Mutton	9 @	9½
Lard	7½	
Pork loins	11	
Veal	7½	

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, May 13.—Butter steady; creameries, 20@21c; dairies, 19@22c. Eggs steady; at mark, cases included, 14½c. Cheese easy; daisies, 13½c; twins, 13½@14c; Young Americas, 13½c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, May 13.—Butter, easy; receipts, 5,706; street prices, extra creamery, 25@25½c official prices creamery, common to extra, 22@25c; state dairy, common to extra, 21@25c; renovated, common to extra, 17@24c; Western factory, common to extra, 21@25c; renovated, common to extra, 17@24c; Western factory, common to extra, 18@23c; Western imitation creamery, extra, 24c; firsts, 12@22c. Cheese, firm, unchanged; receipts, 6,072; weekly exports, 3,830 boxes. Eggs, firm, unchanged; receipts, 11,179.

Marine.

SMASHED WHEEL

Buffalo Meets With Accident Off Lakewood and Returns.

Must Be Towed Down Lakes or Discharge Cargo.

The big steamer Buffalo of the Western Transit company, loaded with merchandise, started down the lake for Buffalo yesterday, but when just off the waterworks at Lakewood something smashed the wheel. The steamer had to come back to the harbor to have the wheel fixed and an inspection of the wreckage by Capt. Kidd, marine surveyor, revealed the fact that three buckets of the wheel are smashed and the other cannot be used.

Neither can a new wheel be put on here unless the steamer discharge her cargo, so this afternoon she will be towed down the lakes to Buffalo by the Milwaukee, and after discharging the merchandise at Buffalo will have a new wheel put on there.

Nobody seems to know what caught in the wheel and caused the wreck. The probability is that it was a log but one could not be seen and the cause of the smash is a mystery. But the job was pretty complete.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Tug Edna G, to shipyard, Two Harbors; Buffalo, for repairs; Christopher, Kirby, Hartnell, Holmes, Admiral, J. J. Hill, O. M. Poe, light for ore; Chas. Packard, light for merchandise, Buffalo; George King, light for lumber, Buffalo; Scranton, light for grain, Buffalo, Neosho, coal, Lake Erie; Mataafa, for inspection, Two Harbors.

Departed—Venus, B. L. Smith, Moses Taylor, W. L. Brown, Victory, Constitution, Saunders, Clark, Bransford, Niagara, Wm. Mack, H. W. Oliver, pro, Lake Erie ports; H. S. Holden, light for ore, Two Harbors; Buffalo, merchandise, Buffalo; Zellah, Redington, Ogarita, lumber, Buffalo; Kensington, grain, Buffalo.

CAPTAIN DROWNED.

Cleveland, May 13.—Capt. Thomas C. Ellis of the steamer H. B. Hawgood, fell overboard and was drowned in Lake Erie, thirty miles west of Long Point. He resided here, where he leaves a widow, three sons and a daughter.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, May 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: England, 10:30 Friday night; Rockefeller, 11; Frank Peavey, Warner Thompson, 1:30 Saturday morning; Alva, Chili, 3; Hines, Wayne, Lawrason, 4; Bedford, 6:30; Harvard, 7; French, 8; Old Gratwick, 9; Brower, Waldo, Senator, 9:30; Albright, 11. Down: Grammer, Devereux, 10:30 Friday night; Leonard, Leesburg, 1 Saturday morning; Pioneer, Chattanooga, Reed, 2; City of Genoa, 3:30; Anna Minch, 4:30; Hurlbut, Clint, 6; Iroquois (wood) 7; Siemens, Theano, 7:30; Mariska and whaleback, 10:30.

Up yesterday

Look for it here if you are thinking of buying a home.

REAL ESTATE

Look for it here if you want a bargain in investment realty.

What Do Your Dollars Amount To?

SOMETHING or NOTHING?

Absolutely nothing if at any time you can only show a file of rent receipts.

SOMETHING SUBSTANTIAL—if invested in a home where each monthly payment increases your equity. Soon the house is paid for, and all yours.

$2500 —$500 cash and balance $25 per month will buy a new house with six rooms and bath on West First street. Porcelain bath, wash bowl with hot and cold water—open nickel plumbing, city water, gas and sewer connections. Hardwood floors. Will be completed in a week.

$1400 —$250 cash and $15 per month, will buy a new cottage with five rooms and bath in East End—porcelain bath tub and toilet with open nickel plumbing—city water, gas and sewer connections. Hardwood floors. Will be completed in a few days.

Why continue to pay rent when you may as well be living in a home of your own and SAVING that rent. NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY.

JULIUS D. HOWARD & CO.,
REAL ESTATE—LOANS—INSURANCE.
216 West Superior Street.

LANDS

The dairyman located near Duluth and Superior can make four times more money than the Illinois, Iowa, Southern Minnesota or Wisconsin dairyman

AND WE CAN PROVE IT

But of course his largest profits depend on selecting good land properly located.

WE HAVE THE BEST 75,000 acres, no stone, sand, few stumps, $6.00 per acre up, $2.50 per acre down, balance to suit you, large or small tracts. Several improved farms near Superior—best of soil—for rent or sale—easy terms.

We want to trade farm lands for a team of draft horses.

Ernest A. Arnold Land Co.
Superior, Wis.

McComber Is Selling Out

5 lots, 50x150 feet on Fifth street, sewer and water, $1,000 each.

3 lots on Fifteenth avenue east, 50x150, sewer, gas, water and graded avenue. $1,200 each.

6 lots on Sixteenth avenue east, gas and water, 25x125 feet each. $500.

6 lots on Sixth street, 25x150 feet each, gas and water. $450 each.

3 lots on Sixth street, 50x150 feet, gas and water. $900 each.

3 lots on Seventeenth avenue east, 50x100 feet. $800 each.

2 lots, 75 feet on Grand avenue, 175 on Main street and 50 feet on Sixty-third avenue west, West Duluth. $500 each.

10 room house on Huron street, Twenty-seventh avenue west, street graded, sewer, water and gas. Rents $25 per month.

2 houses on Third street, modern, this property cost $6,300, rents $40 per month. Price $3,500.

1 lot on Michigan street, Twenty-seventh avenue west, $1,550.

Any of the above property will be sold on long time and easy payments. Call at 1531 East Fifth street or 1622 East Sixth street.

First Street
50-foot lot close to Lake Ave.,
$10,000
For a few days only.
BEST BARGAIN IN THE CITY.
R.B. Knox & Co
1 Exchange Bldg.

Forty-three Hundred Dollars.
Nine rooms, water, sewer, bath, closet, electric light, full stone basement, fruit cellar, hot water heat, upper corner lot; good barn, shade trees.

Forty-six Hundred Dollars.
New brick, two flats, central location, hot water heat, gas and electric light, hardwood, everything modern; rents at $60 per month.

Six Hundred Dollars.
Beautiful upper corner, 166x140, fine view of lake; one block above car line.

Five Hundred Dollars.
Fifty-foot lot in West end. Or two fifty-foot lots in West end.

MONEY TO LOAN.
EATON & WHARTON,
402-3 Lonsdale Bldg. New phone 911.

WE MAKE
REAL ESTATE LOANS
THAT MAKE SATISFIED CUSTOMERS.
It will pay you to investigate our methods before borrowing.
R. M. NEWPORT 302 Lonsdale Bldg. F. I. Salter, Agent

Lot on London Road, Lakeside
Very cheap. 100 x 300 feet, extending to lake side.

LARGE LIST OF LAKESIDE LOTS.
CHOICE EAST END LOTS.

E. W. Markell,
306 Lonsdale Building.

$250 each for fine lots on Fifty-ninth avenue, West Duluth, near street car line.

$500 for a Grand avenue lot, north side, between Fifty-eighth and Fifty-ninth avenues.

$1500 for two Grand avenue lots, near Central.

$160 will buy eight lots in Superior View, East end, 25x125 each.

$2200 for lot 25x140 on West Third street, near Twentieth avenue, with two houses, 5 and 6 rooms, good condition, water and sewer available. Good home and one to rent.

$550 for lot on West Second street, near Seventeenth avenue. Water and sewer available. Size 55x55.

40 acres se¼ of ne¼ section 2-50-15, for sale cheap. Is about six miles from Superior street. Make an offer.

D. W. SCOTT,
10 Mesaba Block.

WE LEND MONEY!

Lowest rates, easy terms. We make all kinds of building loans, as you need the money. We issue BONDS and write

FIRE INSURANCE.

COOLEY & UNDERHILL
208 EXCHANGE BUILDING.

BUILDING LOANS!

WE LOAN MONEY for the construction of substantial buildings and dwellings.

TELL US WHAT YOU NEED. Reasonable terms, prompt service.

We loan for insurance and trust companies.

O. C. Hartman & Co.,
209-210-211 EXCHANGE BUILDING.

FOR SALE.

Corner Lot 15th Avenue East and Jefferson Street—

$1500

Houses and Flats for Rent.

Mendenhall & Hoopes
208 First National Bank Building.

C. H. GRAVES & CO.

Profitable property doesn't always require a large amount of money to swing it—not if you get the right property.

There are some owners that need your money more than they do their property. That's where a little ready cash has the advantage. We've just such a chance for you. Others will see this—so don't wait.

First Floor, Torrey Building.

C. H. GRAVES & CO.

9-Room House

Near Fourth avenue east and Fifth street, with stone foundation—furnace heat, water, sewer and bath. Price very reasonable.

See our list of East End houses before buying.

G. G. Dickerman & Co.
Phone 201. Alworth Building.

Wm. Schupp
Insurance and Bonds.
Lonsdale Building. Ground Floor
Telephone No. 207.

STOP RENTING.
The Athena Building Co. is now prepared to build you a house according to your own plans and will let you pay for it in monthly installments. Stop paying rent and apply this money on your own property.
S. S. WILLIAMSON, Manager,
615 Torrey Building.

REALTY BUYING FOR IMPROVEMENT

Real Estate Men Look For That to Be Feature of the Market During the Summer—Announcement of One Large Sale Made This Week—Building Matters Now Attracting Much Attention.

The past week has been marked by no unusual features in Duluth real estate circles. One large deal for centrally located business property which had been pending a long time was closed and the brokers report a number of smaller sales, largely of property for improvement. The situation so far as inquiry is concerned, is reported as very favorable for this period in the season and the brokers are looking forward with confidence to a continued good business during the summer. It is the general sentiment among the real estate men that there will be a great deal more buying for improvement this summer than has been experienced in Duluth for some years past. The lively building movement is already under way, and attention is called to the new building enterprises which are now being planned for consummation a little later in the season.

* * *

Contractors and builders who have been much delayed for the past two weeks or more on account of wet weather are feeling much encouraged over the change in atmospheric conditions that was inaugurated with yesterday. They claim that with a continuation of the present pleasant weather construction work, especially the finishing work in buildings already well under way, will go forward rapidly. Conerns in the painting and decorating business have been complaining especially of new work that has been held up because the damp weather made it impracticable for them to go ahead on their contracts.

* * *

One of the most important sales closed this week was made through the office of C. H. Graves & Co. and comprised the transfer of the Clark block, at 21 and 23 West Superior street from Philadelphia owners to D. B. McDonald of the firm of Cole & McDonald, mining drill operators. The property was sold for $50,000 and the new owner is preparing plans for the tearing down of the present structure and the erection of a modern two or three-story brick building in its place, having a frontage of fifty feet on Superior street. The present leases to the building expire July 1, when the razing work will begin. The Clark block was originally built for a bank, over thirty years ago. It is understood that the new building is already under lease by a dry goods concern.

* * *

Stryker, Manley & Buck report a good week's business in local realty, with the closing of the following deals:

Fifty feet on the upper side of Superior street, just east of the Masonic Temple building, from the Judge Stearns estate to Henry H. Welles of Pennsylvania, for $10,000.

Fifty feet on the corner of Superior street and Twenty-third avenue west, from Dr. S. Weir Mitchell to Charles Sooysmith, consideration $3,000.

Ontario Pier, except the eight lots facing on Oneota street, from W. B. Munson of Texas to the Lake Superior & Southeastern Railway company, for $16,000.

John A. Watterworth's residence, corner of Fifth street and First avenue west, to Dr. W. G. Dolan, consideration $5,250.

Fractional block 1, New Endion, to J. L. Washburn, to fill out some lots owned by him in Endion park, for $700.

* * *

Richardson & Day note the continued demand for cheap lots for improvement purposes, and report among the firm's sales the following: Lot 5, block 81, Sixth division, West Duluth, to L. J. Brotherton, for $500; lot 3, block 13, Norton's addition, to Charles J. Johnson, for $500; lots 15 and 16, block 10, Norton's addition, to E. S. Kempton, for $1,350, and lots 22 and 23, block 78, West Duluth, Sixth division, to Hattie Jamieson, for $475.

* * *

The Lake Superior & Southeastern Railroad company has this week taken over more lands for its right-of-way, aggregating in consideration nearly $30,000. The largest purchase was the Ontario pier property in Oneota, for $16,000.

* * *

G. G. Hartley, who recently purchased the Henry Smith residence at the northwest corner of Superior street and Thirteenth avenue east, has already started the erection of an addition to his own residence, on the northeast corner of the same street, which is to cost in the neighborhood of $8,000.

* * *

Numerous building permits have been issued in the last week for new frame dwellings to be erected in the West end, and several permits have been taken out for new building enterprises in West Duluth.

* * *

The Globe Investment company, George H. Crosby president, contemplates building several houses on its vacant property in the East end, for rental purposes.

* * *

The contract for the George H. Mance handsome new East end residence, a cut of which was run in The Herald some weeks ago, was awarded this week to James Quigley, and the work on the foundations is to commence immediately. The residence will be located on the southwest corner of Seventeenth avenue east and Superior street, opposite the new home now under construction for Werner Pressentine. The plans for the Mance house were made by W. T. Bray, who is also preparing plans for the remodeling of a large double house on First street, between Seventeenth and Eighteenth avenues east.

* * *

Architect J. J. Wagenstein has plans out for a 50 by 60 feet handsome residence building for Winnipeg parties. Mr. Wagenstein reports the contract for a two-story brick block for Stin & O'Rourke of Virginia, let to Andrew Grandy, and the contract for a two-story block at Bemidji for the Duluth Brewing and Malting company, to F. E. Johnson of this city. Plans are to be ready Monday for a two-story brick building, 50 by 65 feet, to be erected on Fourth avenue east and First alley. It is understood that Edward Berg has the first floor and basement already under lease.

* * *

The foundation work is well under way for the new storage building of the Duluth Van and Storage company, adjoining its present quarters on East Superior street. The building will be of reinforced concrete construction and fireproof. The plans were prepared by German & Lignell.

* * *

Following is a resume of the realty transfers during the month of April, 1905:

April 1..	$ 30,363 00
April 3..	76,375 00
April 4..	34,040 00
April 5..	33,569 00
April 6..	11,053 00
April 7..	6,531 00
April 8..	71,512 00
April 10	1,464 15
April 11..	13,786 97
April 12..	27,611 51
April 13..	19,181 09
April 14..	48,174 00
April 15..	9,445 50
April 17..	4,624 00
April 18..	21,277 00
April 19..	46,533 40
April 20..	12,342 00
April 21..	14,262 00
April 22..	17,405 11
April 24..	23,516 00
April 25..	21,897 43
April 26..	16,427 09
April 27..	8,776 00
April 28..	66,332 00
April 29..	68,268 16
Total	$704,766 29

* * *

C. E. Lovett, who has been in the East for some time past on business, is again in the city. Mr. Lovett was for many years prominent in the local real estate brokerage business, and continues to take an active interest in the growth and prosperity of Duluth. In speaking of the development of the city, he says:

"For years it has been predicted that First street would some day become the leading retail street of the city. It is now evident that this prophecy will be realized. Every city of considerable size has more than one good business street, and the fact that First street has heretofore been slow in developing is an advantage, as the character of the buildings will be larger and better than they would have been had the street been lined with cheap structures. It will not be long before there will be a scramble to get a good location on First street, and the value of First street property is going to continue for many years.

"Duluth stands well throughout the East, and those who bought property here years ago and held it through the long, dreary depression, feel as hopeful as our own citizens, in fact, the ultimate future of Duluth has never been doubted."

* * *

Transfers for the week were as follows:

South Side Realty Co. to John Nelson, lots 20 and 21, block 97, Virginia	225
W. S. Lloyd to Adam Molinet, lot 236, Lake Avenue, Upper Duluth.	1,450
Nels Hagen ux to John A. Johnson, lot 5, block 10, Hazlewood Park division	700
F. W. Lucas et ux to L. S. & S. E. Ry. Co., lot 222, block 22, Duluth Proper, Second division	3,200
C. E. Wilander to Patrick A. Coffey, lot 21, block 26, Virginia....	350
W. B. Munson et ux to L. S. & S. E. Ry. Co., lots 9 to 34, inclusive, Ontario Pier, Oneota	16,000
Lizzie Schroeder to same, lot 236, block 21, Duluth Proper, Second division	3,600
Minnie B. Wyman et mar to O. B. Sloane, lots 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5, block 97, Portland	1
Robert A. Casson et ux to Florence B. Merritt, lot 2, block 55, Endion	5,500
Andrew A. Fjeliman to Andrew M. Peterson, lot 10, block 47, West Duluth, Sixth divison	1,000
Thomas Hurley et al to Matthew Hackett, lot 137, block 44, Duluth Proper, Third division	250
Bert F. Gilbert et al to Thos. E. Considine, s½ se¼, section 27-52-15	1
Virginia Improvement Co. to A. Koshman, lot 2, block 53, Virginia	200
J. W. Hunt et ux to John M. McClintock, undivided 1-32 of lots 3 and 4, section 19-58-19	1
W. S. Telford to B. F. Gilbert, s½ se¼ section 27-52-15	1
C. W. Elston et al to Carl Carlson, lot 424, block 85, Duluth Proper, Second divison	1,000
Claus Holstrom to David Anderson, lot 12, block 112, Portland	800
Frank Burkart et ux to Wm. Killoran, sw¼ sw¼ section 1-51-15....	275
Frank Hayes to Jno. Stark, part lot 4, section 30-51-15	2,100
Oscar Pickard et ux to M. N. Triplett, lots2, 3, 4, section 7-51-20....	900
T. P. Cary et ux to Joseph Grant, part lots 7, 8, block 4, Buhl	400
Claus Olson et ux to T. P. Cary, a strip four feet wide on south side of lots 7, 8, block 4, Buhl	250
Sarah Hayes et mar to W. E. Greene, part of lot 4, section 30-51-15	1
W. E. Greene to Frank Hayes, same	1
C. R. Stai et ux to same, same....	100
Geo. W. Norton et al, exrs. to C. J. Johnson, lot 3, block 13, Norton's division	500
Richard Schell et ux to D. Banking Co., undivided 7-192 of ne¼ sw¼, w½ sw¼, se¼ nw¼, section 15-58-18	1
Mathew Hackett to Jos. Beam, lot 137, block 44, Duluth Proper, Third division	1,200
Sarah J. Fay et mar to Nels Johnson, lot 15, block 20, Virginia.....	$800
William Taber et ux to Myrtle Taber, lots 1, 2, 3, block 15, Woodland Park, Seventh division.....	1,250
Carrie Mannheimer to le Solem, undivided ½ lot 12, block 140, Portland division	340
Ellen S. B. Allen to Eugene Fiskett, e½ lot 60, block 51, Duluth Proper, Third divison	375
Nels Johnson et ux to Ed Olsen, lot 15, block 20, Virginia	125
L. G. Harrison, guardian, to A. G. Wickstrom, undivided ½ lot 5, block 72, Harrison's Brookdale division	1,000
Samuel Oreckovsky et ux to Anna Oreckovsky, north half lot 1, East Fifth street, Duluth Proper.....	1,200
Hugo Kohn to Duluth Brewing & Malting Co., lot 16, block 1, Buhl	5
Benj. L. Goodkind, admr., to Ole Solem, undivided ½ lot 12, block 140, Portland	1
K. A. McDonald to L. H. Corcoran, lots 5 to 9, section 19-62-14	125
A. F. Gaetz et ux to J. W. Hunt, lot 320, block 127, Duluth Proper, Second division	1
Chas. E. Fredson et ux to Mabel Fraser, e½ lot 339, block 124, Duluth Proper, Second divison.....	1,400
Jos. Oreckovsky et ux to Samuel Oreckovsky, north ½ lot 1, East Fifth street, Duluth Proper, First division	2,400
L. H. Corcoran et al to Thos. Barden, lots 5 to 9, section 19-62-14..	1
Sharon Ore Co. to Hugo Kohn, lot 16, block 1, Buhl	400
Chas. J. Johnson et ux to Zenith Co-operative Assn., southerly 90 feet of lot 82, southerly 90 feet of w½ lot 84, East Seventh St., Duluth Proper, First division.....	200
Howard Investment company to Joseph Vein, lots 31 and 32, block 19, Hunter's Grassy Point addition	2,000
George E. Robson to Thomas N. Jenson, lot 435; e½ lot 437, block 118, Duluth proper, Second division	$150
C. H. Pettit et al to Thomas Thompson, undivided 2-5 lot 15, block 52, McKinley	1,850
McKinley Townsite company to same, undivided 3-5 same	30
F. L. Buell et ux to John H. Miller, lot 10, block 78, West Duluth, Sixth division	45
Duluth Home & Garden company to George Drake, sw¼ nw¼ sw¼ section 27-51-14	300
Mary A. Banning et al to L. S. & S. B. Railway company, undivided 5-8 of lots 301, 303, block 17, Duluth proper, Second division	1
H. H. Phelps et al to Edith Johnson, lot 4, block 11, West Duluth, First division	2,250
C. A. Britts et ux to C. W. Elston, undivided 5-24 sw¼ ne¼ and w½ se¼ section 31-55-16	1
Highland company to Midland company, lot 10, block 26, Duluth Heights, Fifth division	1
R. B. Knox et ux to L. S. & S. E. Railway company, north 47.08 feet of lots 265, 267, block 19, Duluth proper, Second division	3,400
L. Mendenhall et ux to same, lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 9, 10, 13, 14, block 12; lots 9, 10, 11, 12, block 19, Oneota	3,000
M. M. Glover to Edward Gustafson, e½ lot 372, block 169, Duluth proper Second division	1,300
Midland company to A. P. Walker, lot 16, block 26, Duluth Heights, Fifth division	150
William F. Peet et ux to L. S. & S. B. Railway company, undivided ¾ of lots 301 and 303, block 17, Duluth proper, Second division ..	1,350
Northland company to J. G. Vivian, lot 17 and west 30 feet of lot 18, block 11, Long View addition	1,100
Ragnhild Dahl et mar to Nels Anderson, north 25 feet of south 70 feet of lots 1, 2, block 14, Virginia	100
Union Loan company to T. Wetterlind, lot 95, Minnesota avenue, Lower Duluth	250
C. E. Carlson et al to Anton S. Mickelson, southerly 25 feet of lots 350 and 352, block 156, Duluth Proper, Second division	300
Chas. E. Millnne et ux to R. B. Knox, lot 4, block 7, B. & R.'s sub-division of Duluth	1
May J. Austin to I. Austin, lots 24, 25 and 26, block 12, Duluth Heights Sixth division, and lots 1 to 16, inclusive, block 12, Duluth Heights, Sixth division	1,500
May R. Farnum et mar to L. S. & S. E. Railway Co., lots 204, 206 and 208, block 23, Duluth Proper, Second division	7,500
W. F. O'Neill et ux to same, lots 218 and 220, block 22, Duluth Proper, Second division	7,000
Jacob Paul et ux to Henry Hendrickson, lot 14, block 28, Virginia	2,200
J. Henry Smith et al to Conrad H. Smith, undivided ½ of lots 5, 6, 7 and 8, block 13, Walbank's addition	1
Virginia Improvement Co. vs. C. E. Pigott, lot 18, block 19, Virginia	5,000
Virginia Improvement Co. to Jas. Sampson, lots 2, 3, block 32, Virginia	550
H. C. Strong et ux to G. L. Douglass, Jr., west 5 feet of lot 2; e½ lot 3, block 11, Longview addition	625
Cecelia Melander et mar to Henry Fee, lots 6, 7, 8, block 28, Portland	2,000
E. J. E. Peake et ux to D. A. Willard, lots 202, 204 St. Louis avenue, Lower Duluth	1,400
John M. McClintock et al to S. Kristensen, se¼ nw¼, section 1-62-12	1
Owen Ferguson to W. S. Nevins, Ontario Pier, Oneota	25
Chas. E. Dice et al to W. P. Pennell, w½ lot 423, block 119, O. P. Second division	1
Geo. C. Flint to Robt. H. Daron et ux, e½ lot 21, East First street, Duluth Proper, First division	600
Judge of District Court to Cecelia Melander, lot 7, block 29, Portland	1
N. M. Mead et mar to D. A. Willard, lot 206, Minnesota avenue, Lower Duluth	1
G. W. Norton et al, executors, to Clara Booton, lots 45 and 46, block 2, Norton's addition to Proctor....	125
John Chisholm et ux to H. T. Agnew, ne¼ ne¼ section 24-53-18	1
S. A. Jamison et ux to H. C. Edson, part lots 29 and 30, East Fifth street, Duluth Proper	1
John Black to P. B. Buck, undivided ¼ lot 297, block 55, Duluth Proper, Second division	1
Leonidas Merritt to H. T. Agnew, nw¼ sw¼ section 35-53-18	1
Victor Stearns et ux to H. H. Wells, e½ s½ lot 39, south 72 feet of e½ lot 37, and north 68 feet of e½ lot 37, East Superior street, Duluth Proper, First division	1
Boston & Duluth Farm Land company to H. T. Agnew, sw¼ nw¼, w½ sw¼ section 1-52-18	600
Immigration Land company to N. W. Imp. company, lands in sections 15, 17, 19, township, 57-21 ..	1,920
John Wannberg to Neil Walton, lots 3 and 4, block 302, West Duluth, Sixth division	325
Hilliard Construction company to Chas. G. Firoved, lot 10, block 146, Portland division	1,200
Iver D. Spilde et ux to Emil Van Gastel, sw¼ ne¼, section 15-56-16	458
Chas. W. Sanderson to Joseph Zeltek, lot 3, block 23, Walbank's addition	250
Woodland company to Stephen Culford, lot 7, block 3, W. P., Seventh division	125
A. C. Hopkins et ux to Kathrina Curran, sw¼ section 10-57-13; lots 2, 3, 9, se¼ nw¼, e½ sw¼ section 19; lots 1, 2, e½ ne¼, ne¼ sw¼, nw¼ se¼, section 20-58-13	4,000
R. V. English to M. A. Walroth, lot 13, block 6, Central division of West Duluth	200
Frank Dick et ux to Aaron Peterson, lot 37, Minnesota avenue, Lower Duluth	275
A. T. Burris to Chas. Jackson, undivided ½ of lots 3, 4, block 35, West Duluth, First division	682
S. M. Erden et al to H. H. Welles, Jr., w½ lot 39, south 72 feet; e½ lot 37, north 68 feet of e½ e½ lot 37, East Superior street, Duluth Proper, First division	10,000
D. & I. R. Ry. company to C. M. Ranttilla, se¼ nw¼ section 26-58-18	160
Dan'l Moher et ux to W. A. Avery et al, lots 1, 2, and nw¼ se¼ section 29-55-12	1,250
J. R. McKinzie et ux to H. H. Peyton, lot 12, block 1, Proctorknott	340
Josephine Faribault et al to Geo. T. Kean, n½ se¼, section 14-54-12	1,000
Samuel Nesbitt et al to Duluth Home & Garden company, lot 4, section 18-52-17	1
Melessa P. Biggs to Nels Thorsen, lot 29, block 11, Hunter's Grassy Point addition	300
Francis E. Woodward to Annie M. Flynn, lot 15, block 2, Sharp's addition	1
Michael Moore to Minnie Foster, lot 73, block 7, Crosley Park.....	425
John A. Coke et al to Charles J. Anderson, lot 8, block 34, and lots 4, 5, 6 and 7, block 48, Harrison's Division	1
John Berry et ux to John S. Ollila, lot 7, block 16, Hibbing, Pillsbury addition	700
C. A. Blackmar to Thomas Shovlen, lot 6, block 4, Proctorknott, Second addition	200
Kate Walbank to Nels Friedstadt, lot 11, block 18, Walbank's addition	325
John Hendrick Kotala et ux to Matt Anderson, lot 7, block 16, Biwabik	150
August Perry et ux to Frank Trampush, lot 4, block 39, Eveleth, Second addition	600
Matt Mattson et ux to Henry Aho, lot 7, block 30, Eveleth, First addition	675
George A. Wieland to Samuel A. McElroy, part of lot 242, block 59, Duluth proper, Second division ...	1
Philip N. Nicholas to Newark Investment company, lot 441, block 80, Duluth proper, Second division	800
Lorents Wanvick to John Andrews, southerly 37½ feet of lots 1 and 2, block 100, Endion division.....	2,000
Virginia Improvement company to Herman Stolberg, lot 31, block 8, Virginia	200
E. J. E. Peake et ux to Anna Louise Peterson, e½ sw¼, section 8-51-17	265
Alma S. White to George H. Crosby, lot 1, block 145, London addition	332
John Chisholm et ux to H. T. Agnew, ne¼ ne¼, section 24-53-18...	400
George W. Buffington, as trustee, to the Auitman Engine and Thresher company, ne¼ se¼ and se¼ ne¼, section 35-57-18.....	1
Santa Fe Pacific Railway company to W. H. Cook et al, ne¼ se¼, section 9-66-20	500
Mesaba Improvement company to Samuel Kaski, lot 21, block 15, Sparta	100

REAL OPPORTUNITIES.

People who are looking for real estate in any part of the city or St. Louis County can supply their wants in our office.

A FEW SELECTIONS.

(95-1)—Lot 25x125 feet and 1½-story frame building with 6 rooms—located two blocks from school—price..... **$1100**

(309-1)—Lot on South Fifty-eighth avenue west in West Duluth, near Second street—price..... **$300**

(60-1)—Eight-room house on Seventh street and Second avenue east, furnace heat, hardwood floors on first story, recently repaired—barn— lot 50x140 feet—price— **$2100**

LITTLE & NOLTE — INSURANCE — REAL ESTATE — LOANS — UNDER AM. EX. BANK. — ESTABLISHED 1889

(76-16)—A fine little home on Oneida street and Fifty-fourth avenue east, 2-story, frame, stone foundation, hot water heat — water, sewer, hardwood finish, terms easy—price— **$3000**

(241-1)—Two 50-foot lots, Superior street, near Eighth avenue west —terms easy— price..... **$8000**

(301-3)—A 50x140-foot lot on Oneida street and Fifty-seventh avenue —this is a bargain —price..... **$500**

LIST YOUR PROPERTY WITH US.

Money to Loan on Real Estate Security in any amount from $150.00 up to $50,000.

5, 5½, 6 and 7%.

According to amount and location of security. We have corporation and private funds and have unexcelled facilities for quick transactions. When making a new loan or re-newing one we can help you. Don't fail to see us.

Wm. C. Sargent & Co.
Ground Floor of the Providence Bldg.
332 West Superior Street.

THESE ARE SNAPS

$300 handles a six-room house between Third and Fourth avenues West. Look this up.

$500 handles a neat little place at Lester Park.

Small cash payment and $20 per month takes a fine eight-room house.

We have a cheap lot on West Fifth St.

Also 6,000 acres of good farming land.

Fine corner near Normal school.

W. C. SHERWOOD & CO.,
613-15 Torrey Building.

$625 Comfortable house, six rooms, easy terms, Duluth Heights.

$800 Fourth avenue west and Fourth street, 28x70 feet of ground. Splendid central location for house or flats.

$1050 Lot on Fourth street between Eighth and Ninth avenues east.

$1500 Seven-room house, stone foundation, cement cellar. Cost $1,700; on East Eighth street.

$2400 Seven-room house, Nineteenth avenue east, near London road —stone foundation, hardwood floors, water, sewer, etc. A fine home on easy terms.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.,
Real Estate—Mortgage Loans—Insurance.
220 West Superior Street.

$5500 For choice corner lot and residence down town, within walking distance.

$800 for desirable lot on Fifth street, this side of Normal school. $900 for fine lot on Jefferson street.

COOLEY & UNDERHILL Exchange Building.

$3500 Will buy a seven-room house with modern bath room, located in the Normal school district on a street with all improvements made and paid for. House is finished in hardwood down stairs, has hardwood floors throughout, a concrete foundation, and is in the best of condition. Size of lot 50x140.

WHITNEY WALL,
REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE.
Main Floor Palladio Building.

HOMES

at low prices and easy terms

AT LOW PRICES AND EASY TERMS. A seven-room house with bath, city water and sewer, lot 34x75 feet, near Twelfth avenue East and Third street —price **$2700**

Another in same locality—house of seven rooms, bath, city water, sewer and gas **$1800**

A small cottage on Sixth street, near Sixteenth avenue East, with nice lot 25x150 feet—only..... **$550**

Seven-room house on East Eighth street, near Fourth avenue—stone foundation, good cellar, cement floor, some hardwood floors, monthly payments— price **$1500**

Five-room house on the boulevard, 25-foot lot—$100 cash, 10 per month— only **$600**

Seven-room house at West Duluth—city water, stone foundation, good cellar **$1500**

Seven-room house in Helm's addition—$100 cash, $15.00 per month **$1000**

Cash on hand for loans—large or small.

A few houses and stores to rent.

Stryker, Manley & Buck.

FOR SALE!

$2100 Ten acres, one mile from Spalding Hotel on street car line.

$950 Cheapest 50-foot lot in East End —upper side, graded street, sidewalk, water, gas, sewer.

Lots everywhere about the Normal school.

Richardson, Day & Co.

FOR SALE

Double house—14 rooms—modern improvements — good location—will pay 13 per cent net on investment of $3,000.

PULFORD, HOW & CO.
309 Exchange Bldg.

$1000 Six-room house, $150 cash—balance monthly. Near Ninth avenue east.

$700 50-foot corner, near Third street and Twenty-ninth avenue west.

$4500 25 feet with good two-story building on West Superior street.

$7500 50-foot business block, near Twentieth avenue west. A bargain.

Farm lands for sale—Improved and Unimproved.

A. H. W. ECKSTEIN
Real Estate, Insurance and Loans.
300 Exchange Building. Zenith Phone 338.

JOHN A. STEPHENSON

$1875

For a fine 75-foot lot near the Normal school and Twenty-third avenue east. Macadam street, sewer and water inside the curb. Cement curb and sidewalk.

$5000 For 100 feet on East First street, near Sixteenth avenue east. Fine place for flats or a good home.

LARGE OR SMALL AMOUNTS.

F. E. KENNEDY, Associate.

For Rent!

The Dutton house, 1002 East First street. One of the most desirable residences in the city.

WM. C. SARGENT & CO.,
166 Providence Building.

Superior St. Lot In business district **$7500**

First Street Lot With new brick building **$6500**

J. T. DUNPHY, 517 Burrows Building.

ENDION LOT

On East Second street, west of Nineteenth avenue—only **$1400**

J. B. GREENFIELD
303 Lonsdale Building.

REAL ESTATE IS MOVING IN DULUTH

You are certain to find something in these columns that will interest you. Many attractive bargains are offered, and there is surely something here that will please you. The opportunity that comes once into the life of every man may be waiting for you in some of these advertisements.

For Sale on Monthly Payments

TWO HOUSES IN THE WEST END—

$1,600—No. 1908 West Third St.—Six rooms, lot 25x140 feet. Can sell for very small cash payments and $20 monthly.

$2,500—No. 1812 West Third St.—seven rooms, water and sewer to be put in at once. Lot 40x140 feet. Very reasonable terms.

Write for printed booklet containing large list of other houses and vacant lots for sale.

N. J. UPHAM CO.,
400 Burrows Building.

$2100 Eight large rooms and corner lot, 50x149 feet, fine location east, central. THIS IS A BARGAIN.

$3000 Corner lot, all improvements made. Store on first floor, rooms on second floor, water, sewer, toilet up and down stairs. Rents $32 per month. WEST END.

$950 Six large rooms, lot 35x100 feet, good well and outhouses, hardwood floors. Central at West end. $200 cash, balance on time.

$1275 Seven rooms, large lot, hot water heat. Easy terms. Central at WEST END.

$4000 New modern flat building of 10 rooms. Very central.

$2200 Farm 150 acres, horses, cattle, poultry, farm utensils and furniture, beautiful lake on south side, 40 acres cultivated, good road, near Duluth.

T. G. VAUGHAN,
400 Lonsdale Bldg. Phone 739.

NORTHWESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. †Ex. Sunday	Arrive Duluth
*8:40 a.m.	...St. Paul, Minneapolis...	*3:25 p.m
*4:00 p.m.	...Twilight Limited....	*9:45 p.m
*5:30 p.m.	...Chicago, Milwaukee..	*11:10 a.m
*5:30 p.m.	.....Appleton	*11:10 a.m
*5:30 p.m.	..Oshkosh, Fond du Lac..	*11:10 a.m
*5:30 p.m.	.....FAST MAIL.....	*11:10 a.m

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY

Leave		Arrive
* 4:00 p.m	....Ashland and East....	*11:15 a.m
† 8:00 a.m	....Ashland and East....	† 7:10 p.m
* 7:30 p.m	Minn. and Dakota Express	* 7:55 a.m
* 8:40 a.m	...North Coast Limited...	* 4:55 p.m

Leave	"Duluth Short Line."	Arrive
* 9:00 a.m	ST. PAUL	* 6:30 a.m
* 1:55 p.m	MINNEAPOLIS	* 2:10 p.m
*11:10 p.m	.....	* 7:00 p.m

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street

THE GREAT NORTHERN.

Leave		Arrive
† 6:20 a.m	ST. PAUL AND	† 9:25 p.m
† 3:45 p.m	MINNEAPOLIS	* 2:00 p.m
*11:15 p.m		* 6:10 a.m
* 9:30 a.m	Crookston, Grand Forks,	* 6:30 p.m
* 8:15 p.m	Montana and Coast,	* 7:10 a.m
† 2:20 p.m	Swan River, Hibbing, Virginia	†12:20 p.m
† 6:20 a.m	St. Cloud, Wilmar and Soo City	† 9:25 p.m

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday
Twin City sleepers ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding Hotel

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

City Ticket Office, 432 Spalding Hotel Block. Bell 'Phone 44
All trains arrive and depart from Union Depot.

*6:20 p.m.	Lv. North Country Mail.	Ar. *8:55 a.m
	All Points East.	
†7:45 a.m.	Lv. LOCAL	Ar. †8:40 p.m
	Marquette and Copper Country.	

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS	M.	P.M
7:30	3:15	Lv.....Duluth.....Ar	12:00	7:25
11:25	7:05	Ar.....Virginia.....Lv	8:10	3:30
11:30	7:10	Ar.....Eveleth.....Lv	8:00	3:30
11:55	7:45	Ar.....Ely.....Lv	7:30	3:00
A.M.	P.M.	Daily, except Sundays.	A.M.	P.M

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY

P.M.	A.M.	STATIONS	A.M.	P.M.
3:50	7:40	Lv...Duluth...Ar	10:30	3:40
4:05	7:55	Lv.57th Av. W.Lv	10:15	3:25
4:20	8:15	Lv...Proctor...Lv	10:00	3:10
6:13	10:12	Ar. Ir'n J'nct'n Lv	8:01	1:13
----	10:40	Ar. M't'n. Iron..Lv	----	12:20
7:07	10:35	Ar...Virginia...Lv	6:55	12:50
6:33	10:29	Ar...Eveleth...Lv	7:42	12:57
----	10:56	Ar...Sparta...Lv	----	12:34
----	11:20	Ar...Biwabik...Lv	----	12:12
6:54	11:05	Ar...Hibbing...Lv	7:15	12:27

Daily except Sunday.

Morning train from Duluth makes direct connection at Rainy Junction with D. V. & R. L. Ry. for Ashawa and points north of Virginia.

HOTEL LENOX

Most thoroughly equipped in the Northwest. Sanitation perfect. European, $1.00 and up. American, $2.00 and up.

Hotel Superior,

Superior, Wis.

Largest and finest Hotel of the city. Bus meets all trains.

American Plan $2.00 to $3.50.
European Plan $1.00 Up.

New Building. New Equipment.
RATES—$2.00 AND $2.50.

Hotel McKay

Cor. First St. and Fifth Ave. W., Duluth.

COOK'S HOTEL

New Building.
Modern in Every Particular.

Julius Cook, Mgr. 210-212 W. Sup. St

Western Hotel

Jos. C. Andre, Prop. $1.00 per day. Special rates to those boarding by the week. Choice wines, liquors and cigars. Telephones: Long distance, 723-M; Zenith, 1365. 730-732 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn.

St. Louis, Mo., and Return $20.55.

May 13 to 22, "The Northwestern Line" will sell excursion tickets to St. Louis, Mo., and return at $20.55. Final limit for return, May 24, 1905. Account National Baptist anniversary. City ticket office, 302 West Superior street.

ADDITIONAL WANTS.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

YOUNG LADY STENOGRAPHER, WITH three years' experience, would like position. Highest reference furnished. Address A. X., Herald.

YOUNG LADY STENOGRAPHER, graduate of high school and Business college, seeks position for experience. Wages no object. O 39, Herald.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG lady as nurse. Terms, $1 per day. Address Room No. 4, 603 Garfield avenue.

EXPERIENCED LADY STENOGRAPHER would like a position. Can give references. C 75, Herald.

FIRST-CLASS COOKING. 703 RAILroad street.

WANTED—WASHING OR CLEANING. 20 First avenue west. Mrs. Jones. Zenith 1218-D.

WANTED—BY YOUNG GIRL, A PLACE to board and room; private family; will help mornings and evenings. Address C 73, Herald.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

EXPERIENCED CUTTER, (YOUNG man), wants position in Duluth. Used to city trade. Address O. 96, Herald.

MAN AND WIFE WISH EMPLOYment; man good driver; private family preferred; best of city references. O 40, Herald.

WANTED SITUATION — BY EXPERienced and practical horseman. Address Auther, Herald.

WANTED A POSITION AS MANAGER by a pharmist of twenty years experience. Registered in Minnesota and Wisconsin. For further information write or apply to D. Shesgreen, Jr., 2002 West Superior street.

WANTED — POSITION BY YOUNG man in gents' furnishing or retail shoe house. Experienced; references. C 64, Herald.

A BRIGHT, ACTIVE BOY, 16 YEARS OF age, would like to get a position with some railroad company; can furnish good references. O 32, Herald.

ACCOUNTS AUDITED BY THOROUGH accountant. All business confidential. Address H. H., care Herald.

FARM LANDS.

FOR SALE—THE PERRAULT FARM, three miles north of Lester Park; 80 acres or smaller tracts cultivated land—suitable buildings, running water. Call 218 Torrey building.

FOR SALE — 80-ACRE IMPROVED farm at Missabe Station, D. & I. R., all cleared. House, store, barn and outbuildings; thirty tons of hay and a large amount of vegetables and other crops raised last year. William C. Sargent & Co., 106 Providence bldg.

FARM LANDS AND FARM LOANS. John Q. A. Crosby, 209 Palladio Bldg.

FOR RENT—STORES.

STOREROOM 231 EAST SUPERIOR ST., $25 per month. Inquire F. E. Swanson Grocery, 22 East Second street.

CORNER 1502 LONDON ROAD. GOOD meat market stand. See R. Dinham, next door.

AN OLD ESTABLISHED GROCERY store for rent, with living rooms in rear; $15.00. 1218 Fourth. Apply 15 Second avenue west.

FOR RENT—STORE AT 32 EAST SECond street. Rooms at 15 Lake avenue north. Inquire M. Norris, 112 East Third street.

FOR RENT — STRICTLY MODERN stores on First street, near Wolvin building, ready to occupy June 1st, $35 per month, including heat and water. 205 Lyceum.

FOR RENT — STORE, CORNER FIRST street and Fifth avenue west. Inquire Hotel McKay office.

NOTICE.

THE RING-ROSE CLEANING ESTABlishment has opened a branch at 18 Third avenue west, under Northern Electric Co. We do cleaning, dyeing and repairing. Moderate prices.

PAINTING, PAPERHANGING.

C. GILL, PAINTER AND PAPERhanger, 627 West Michigan street. Zenith 'phone 1518-X. Call and see him.

CIVIL ENGINEERS.

DULUTH ENGINEERING CO.—W. B. Patton, Mgr., 613 Palladio bldg. Specifications prepared and construction superintended for waterworks, sewers, etc.

CANCERS AND TUMORS.

All stomach and blood diseases cured by Herbaqueen remedies. Dr. Finsen's Ray. Herbaqueen Mfg. Co., 14 West Sup. St.

CHINA FIRING.

INMAN STUDIO. 114 So. 14th Ave. E.

BUSINESS MEN—NOTICE!

IF YOU ARE THINKING OF MAKING an auction sale, write me. Harry Silver, Auctioneer. Eveleth, Minn. Box 866.

FURNITURE MOVING.

PIANOS A SPECIALTY. NEW 'PHONE 1222, or Duluth Music Co. W. Flett.

DYE WORKS.

ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS—PRACTIcal dyers and French dry cleaners. We make a specialty of pantorium work. 6 East Superior street. Both 'phones.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A MOUSE-COLORED BULL PUP. City license tag on collar, No. 40. Return to 629 Second avenue East or call phone No. 1026-Y, and receive reward.

LOST — POCKETBOOK, THURSDAY evening, West Third car, containing German silver dollar and cash. Return to 1791 West First street. Reward.

LOST—BLACK PURSE, CONTAINING over $1.00, a pass to Two Harbors and cards for Mrs. A. E. Breed. Leave at Herald office.

STRAYED OR STOLEN ON EASTER Sunday, one sorrel horse, age 8 years; mane cut; white hind feet, and dark brown horse, 12 years old. Liberal reward. Notify Sparta Livery, Sparta, Minn.

DRESSMAKING.

FASHIONABLE DRESSMAKING Charges reasonable. 1917 Dingwall street. Duluth phone 1034-L.

MADAME FERRIER—WORK AND FIT guaranteed first-class. Old phone 1440-L. 304 McDonnell Block.

AGENTS WANTED.

AGENTS—STOP CHASING RAINBOWS. Get down to earth. There is more money selling a good staple article than fooling with fakes. We want agents to sell our reservoir dustless brushes in residences, stores, schools and public buildings. Reduces dust 97 per cent, actual scientific test. Awarded gold medal at St. Louis World's fair. First-class seller with opportunity to build up permanent trade. Exclusive territory, no competition. Milwaukee Dustless Brush Co., Milwaukee, Wis.

AGENTS WANTED — OUR LITTLE Wonder Soda Fountain complete, $.0 cash, $35 on installments. Will be expressed C. O. D. $5—balance sixty days. Examination allowed. Dentler Mfg. Co., 323 Walnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—AGENTS TO SELL ONE OF the best sick and accident insurance contracts on the market. Capable men, with or without experience, may secure the very best agency contracts. Write Union Mutual Insurance company, Palladio building, Duluth, Minn.

AGENTS WANTED — SEND 15c FOR large catalogue, circulars and full particulars for good paying business. Central Supply Co., 567 Central avenue, St. Paul, Minn.

AGENTS WANTED — CAN USE SEVeral bright, good hustlers to sell direct to consumer; big profit and quick sales; season now on. Write for particulars. Novelty Mfg. Co., Ottawa, Ill.

PERSONAL.

PURE, SAFE AND SURE!

Dr. Roger's Tansy, Pennyroyal and Cotton Root Pills. A test of forty years in France has proved them to positively cure SUPPRESSION OF THE MENSES. Special Price reduced to $1.00 per box. Mailed in plain wrapper. Imported direct from Paris, France, by W. A. DEBETT, Druggist, Duluth, Minn., 201 West Superior street.

PERSONAL — LADIES. DR. STRICKland's monthly remedy relieves in five hours; safe and sure; box free; send stamp for particulars. Dawn Chemical Co., Box 93, Milwaukee, Wis.

MARRY — WEALTH AND BEAUTY; marriage directory free; pay when married; entirely new plan. Send no money. Address H. A. Horton, Dept. 108, Tekonsha, Mich.

ROYALTY PAID ON SONG-POMES, and musical compositions. We arrange and popularize. Pioneer Music Pub. Co., Inc. G 689 Manhattan bldg., Chicago.

LADIES! Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills ARE THE BEST. Safe, Reliable, Take no other. Send 4c stamps for particulars. "Relief for Ladies," in letter by RETURN MAIL. Ask your druggist.
Chichester Chemical Co., Philada., Pa.

YOUNG LADY WISHES ROOMMATE—references exchanged. Address O. 37, Herald.

PERSONAL — WILL THE PARTIES who are dissatisfied with their meals try the Boston cafe, 7 East Superior street. The best at popular prices, with clean, quick service.

SAFE! SURE! GUARANTEED FEMALE Peas; quickly relieve suppression from any cause. $2. French Remedy Co., box 367, Duluth, Minn.

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE—WE REPRESENT SEVen strong companies. Let us write your insurance. Wm. C. Sargent & Co., 106 Providence building.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST COMpanies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

MILLINERY.

UP-TO-DATE MILLINERY AT LOW prices. Miss Swenson, 105 West Superior street.

MISS FITZPATRICK, 502 E. 4. Old 'phone

M. A. COX, 330 EAST FOURTH STREET.

FLORIST.

EVERYTHING in plants, cut flowers, artistic designs. Seekins, 110 W. Sup. St.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE OR RENT—CONFECTIONery and bakery in Bemidji, Minnesota. Does fifteen thousand dollar business a year, keeps growing with the town. The location on main business street and the best in town. Store has a large cellar, ice cream parlor and a brick oven located in rear. The equipment consists of: An elegant soda fountain, a peanut roaster and corn popper that has taken in $50 in one day, horse and delivery wagon, show cases, counters and shelving in a great plenty for displaying confectionery and bakery goods. Reason for selling, other business to attend to. For further particulars address Mageau Bros., Bemidji, Minn.

IF INTERESTED IN MINING, OIL, INdustrial, Plantation, Railroad Stocks or Bonds, you can not afford to be without the Financial World. A unique publication that does not publish advertisements, but prospers by its subscriptions. Its Free Advice Bureau answers subscribers' inquiries by letter. The only reliable protection for investors. It will open your eyes. Sample copy free. Financial World, 653 Schiller Building, Chicago.

HAVING TAKEN CHARGE OF OTHER business, am compelled to sell my cigar manufacturing business. Established made on ten-cent brands. A big snap for some one if sold by June 1. Address O. 41, Herald.

WANTED TO TRADE MY PIANO with someone, for good horse and buggy. Q 2, Herald.

SHOULD LIKE TO EXCHANGE MY piano, almost new, for room and board. O 74, Herald.

CASH FOR YOUR REAL ESTATE OR business no matter where located. If you desire a quick sale send us description and price. Northwestern Business Agency, 313 X, Bank of Commerce Building, Minneapolis, Minn.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR, BURrows bldg. Best work. Moderate prices.

STOVE REPAIRS.

DULUTH STOVE REPAIR WORKS, 217 East Superior street. Both phones.

Notice of Bids For Waterworks

Sealed bids will be received at the office of the Village Recorder of the Village of Deer River, Minn., up to Tuesday, May 23, 1905, at 8 p. m., for the laying of 6-in. Water main and appurtanances according to specifications on file in the office of the Village Recorder. The Village reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

ARCHIE STEPHENSON,
Village Recorder,
Deer River, Minn.

WHY NOT GO TO FLORIDA AND CUBA?

When the SOUTHERN RAILWAY, in connection with Queen & Crescent Route, can take you from Chicago or St. Louis in THROUGH CARS to this glorious summer-land in about THIRTY-TWO HOURS!

When you can go down via Cincinnati or Louisville, Chattanooga, Atlanta and Macon, through the very heart of the South, returning via Savannah, Columbia, Augusta, Spartanburg, Asheville, Hot Springs and Knoxville, through the famous Scenic section of the South!

Stop-overs in both directions. Low round-trip rates.

"CHICAGO & FLORIDA SPECIAL"
Leave Chicago 1:00 p. m.
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Leave Chicago 9:00 p. m.
Leave St. Louis 10:10 p. m.

No finer trains in the country. Write for literature and particulars, and for sleeping car reservations to

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THE NEW SHORT LINE

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Two Trains Daily from each city

Through Coaches, Buffet Parlor Cars and Pullman Sleeping Cars.

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Louisville, Ky.

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, May 12, 1905.

In the Matter of the Estate of Jens Thompson, Deceased:

On receiving and filing the petition of Edward A. Thompson, of the County of St. Louis, representing, among other things, that Jens Thompson, late of the County of St. Louis, in the State of Minnesota, on the 6th day of May, A. D. 1905, at the County of Lake, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this County at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this County, and that the said petitioner is a son of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to Andrew W. Eller granted;

It Is Ordered, That said petition be heard before said Court on Monday, the 5th day of June, A. D. 1905, at ten o'clock a. m., at the Probate Office, in the Court House in the City of Duluth, in said County.

Ordered Further, That notice hereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said County.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, the 12th day of May, A. D. 1905.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.
(Seal, Probate Court, St. Louis County, Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald—May 13-20-27.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, May 11th, 1905.

In the Matter of the Estate of William Osborn, Deceased:

Letters testamentary on the estate of William Osborn, deceased, late of the County of St. Louis, State of Minnesota, being granted to Amelia E. Osborn,

It Is Ordered, That six months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the Probate Court of said County, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It Is Further Ordered, That Monday, the 13th day of November, 1905, at 10 o'clock a. m., at a special term of said Probate Court to be held at the Probate Office in the Court House in the City of Duluth, in said County, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said Probate Court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And It Is Further Ordered, That notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said County.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 11th day of May, A. D. 1905.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.
(Seal, Probate Court, St. Louis County, Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald—May 13-20-27.

NOTICE.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the St. Louis River Slate Brick Co. will be held Wednesday, May 17th, 1905, at 2 p. m., at the office of A. H. W. Eckstein, Duluth, Minn., for the purpose of electing directors for the ensuing year and transact other business that may come before the meeting. A meeting of the directors will be held immediately after.

C. B. COXE,
Secretary.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, May 6, 1905.

In the Matter of the Estate of Edward McCue, Deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Annie McCue, administratrix of the estate of Edward McCue, deceased, representing among other things, that she has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of her administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard by this Court, on Monday, the 29th day of May, A. D. 1905, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office, in the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., the 6th day of May, A. D. 1905.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.
(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, May-6-13-20-1905.

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

Sheriff Lee Fined For Dining Jury Without Permission.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Minot—Judge Davis of the county court imposed a fine of $10 on Sheriff John J. Lee for contempt of court. Sheriff Lee took the jury in the case of the state vs. Henry Steece to dinner at the Leland hotel without an order from the court, and for that reason was declared to be in contempt.

A well-laid plan to escape from the Minot city jail at 10 o'clock Friday morning was frustrated by the timely arrival of Chief of Police Kimball, who discovered James Murphy, Edward Burns and Walter Beeman, prisoners, filing the lock on the cage in which they were confined. They were within a few feet of liberty when discovered. They are awaiting trial for a robbery at the West hotel and were transferred to the county jail late this afternoon.

The Ward County Sunday School association opened its first annual meeting in this city yesterday afternoon. About seventy-five delegates are in attendance from the surrounding towns. John Orchard of Fargo and his able co-worker, Mrs. S. B. Johnson, arrived yesterday afternoon on a belated train and will take a prominent part in the exercises.

The state grand lodge of Odd Fellows is to hold its annual session at Minot on June 6 and 7.

Fargo—Capt. H. A. Edwards, a brother of Major Edwards of this city, consul general at Montreal, died recently in Washington. He was formerly an inspector in the rural route service and more recently connected with the post-office department in Washington.

The board of trustees of the North Dakota Agricultural college has let the contract for the new greenhouse, to cost $4,000, to Bowers Brothers of this city.

A leave of absence for a year was granted to Prof. Hult of the department of English, who will spend the time in European universities.

A few cases of diphtheria and scarlet fever have been reported to the local health officials. All have been placed under rigid quarantine.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Miller—Clarence Conkey, the 14-year-old son of David Conkey, accidentally shot and killed himself while hunting ducks.

Custer—Ranchers and farmers in the Black Hills are rejoicing over the new order which has been given to Capt. Seth Bullock, forest supervisor of the Black Hills. Owners of ranchers have been fearing that the order that all fences must be removed from ranches on the forest reserve would go into effect, but Capt. Bullock has received word that ranchers who have 160 acres or less under fence may retain their fences, but they must be removed if taking in more than 160 acres. This is considered a great boon for the ranchers who have been holding ground in the reserve for a good many years and have valuable improvements.

Deadwood—The consolidation of the Lead and Deadwood Electric Light companies has finally been effected, N. E. Franklin of this city having returned from New York and Chicago, where the deal was put through. It has been pending for several months. The new company has decided to install its power plant at Pluma, and it will be one of the largest in the West. The company will expend $1,000,000 in installing machinery and building transmission lines.

Spearfish—A grand carnival is to be held in this city, commencing May 17 and continuing three days. Cattlemen will take a prominent part in the program.

Rapid City—The first consignment of rolling stock for the Missouri River & Northwestern Railway company has arrived. It consists of a gasoline motor car, a track car and a handcar. The company will use a gasoline motor for power until the track is finished.

Madison—The state board of regents held a session for the purpose of appointing the faculty of Madison normal school, and reappointed the present faculty, except President Beadle and Prof. Jones, the former stepping down from the head of the school and accepting the chair of history, his advancing age making it necessary for him to take up less exacting work. Prof. Jones has a very liberal offer elsewhere, and will no doubt accept it. Prof. J. W. Heston, formerly president of the Brookings Agricultural college, is the new president of the Madison normal, and will take his place in September.

MORTON MAY QUIT CABINET

President Reported Highly Displeased With Secretary's Speech.

Washington, May 13.—An able-bodied rumor is current here that Secretary Morton may have to retire from the cabinet as a result of his recent address before the International Railway congress. The president regarded the address as being so far from an expression of his policy that he wired Secretary Taft to reply to it before the same body, and the president himself took the question up in his Denver and Chicago addresses.

Just what there is in this latest Morton story cannot be ascertained, at present.

If Morton should remain in the cabinet it will be, so it is said, because of the president's fear that his removal at this time and for the cause stated might be misinterpreted by the country at large, and do more harm than good to the administration's plans.

That the president is highly displeased over Morton's course is generally admitted.

RAILROAD NEWS

Land Department of Duluth & Iron Range Comes Here.

St. Paul Offices Will Be Abandoned First Day of June.

On June 1 offices will be opened at 511-512 Wolvin building for handling the business of the land department of the Duluth & Iron Range Railroad company and the trustees for the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway company. Heretofore the offices of these departments have been located at 805-806 Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, but the St. Paul headquarters will be abandoned the last of the month in favor of Duluth. The local offices will be in charge of L. B. Arnold, assistant land commissioner of the D. & I. R. and trustees' land agent for the Rock Island.

It is the intention of the Iron Range to carry on a vigorous advertising campaign this year to get the greatest possible number of actual settlers into this northern country. Every effort will be made to bring people into the region, and a considerable amount of money, more than has been expended during any similar period in the past, will be spent in advertising. Thousands of pamphlets setting forth the advantages of St. Louis county as a place of residence are being sent broadcast over the country, into sections where they are apt to do the most good.

The Duluth & Iron Range owns thousands of acres of good land in this county, which is being sold to actual settlers cheaply and on easy payments.

The folder sets forth the fact that Minnesota is one of the leading dairying and stock raising states in the Union and that St. Louis county is coming rapidly to the front as one of the best counties in Minnesota for the dairying and stock-raising business, also that the markets for dairy products in St. Louis county cannot be equalled anywhere else in the Northwest.

GOOD BUSINESS.

Car Equipment Companies Are All Kept Busy.

The recent order of the Baltimore & Ohio road for 10,000 new freight cars indicates the amount of business that has been doing recently with the car equipment companies. They did not have business enough during the recent depression to keep up the dividends they had inaugurated on common shares in more prosperous times, and in some cases failed to earn the dividends paid on their preferred capital. Orders have been coming in at a liberal rate from many of the railroads, however, during the last few months and carshops that were idle a year ago are again crowded with work.

The order for 10,000 cars was distributed among seven car building companies, the American Car & Foundry company getting 2,250 of the total; the Pressed Steel Car company, 200, and the Western Steel Car & Foundry company of Chicago, 1,000. The contracts call for the beginning of delivery during September, and all are to be delivered by the latter part of June, 1906. The cars will cost in the aggregate of $12,000,000. The same road recently placed an order for 250 new locomotives that will cost about $4,000,000, making the total to be spent for new equipment about $16,000,000.

DIETZ FEARS NOT DEFEAT

Says He Never Felt More at Ease Than Now.

Ladysmith, Wis., May 13.—W. W. Dietz of Rice Lake, brother of John Dietz, who is fighting a big corporation single-handed, says that the deputy marshals were called away from Cameron dam by an agent of the logging company, and asks the significant question: "If they were sent there by the United States court, why do they come away at the beck of the logging company's agent?"

Drivers who were sent up there this spring are returning in small groups through this city, and say the driving deal is off. The company has moved some logs from points below the Cameron dam, but none from above that point.

J. W. Spiegelberg, an estimator of long experience, asserted last year that loss to the logging company through deterioration alone last season was more than $100,000. He said that there were then upwards of 13,000,000 feet of the finest logs in Northern Wisconsin above the dam, all being damaged by worms and stain. Since then the company has cut enough to make a total of at least 20,000,000 feet, and all this timber is subject to the damage of the elements, while the game of bluff and bluster is being played. A question which many are asking is: "If the logging company has title to the dam, why doesn't it enforce its rights?"

Sentiment in Ladysmith and Gates county—always favorable to Dietz—has become much stronger recently. The people have seen several detachments of alleged deputies go to Cameron dam, only to return without any apparent purpose or result. They have seen scores of drivers sent there. Numerous orders from courts have failed of effect.

W. W. Dietz says that the reason nothing is done is because the logging company has no rights to protect; that his brother's title is perfect and complete, and that the company simply aims to catch the rightful owner napping, forcibly remove him, run its 20,000,000 feet of logs through the dam, and then drop the whole matter. He says that the company's only pretext is a lease over twenty-four years old that is not on file in the county records, and that locates the dam on another piece of land than that upon which it exists. He declares his brother has always been willing to allow the logging company to use the dam at the prevailing rates, or to sell his land at a reasonable price.

John F. Dietz, the alleged outlaw, has a farm of 160 acres, 100 of which are improved, and well stocked. He says in a letter that he "never felt more at ease than now."

It is said negotiations toward peace between the Mississippi Logging and Boom company and Dietz have been started, the logging company taking the initiative, and that prospects look fair for an early settlement.

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Prisoner Back For Long Stay In the Penitentiary.

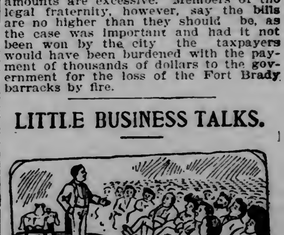
Marquette—Patrick Kelly and Alexander Pond were received at the Marquette prison from Mackinac county, having been convicted for the same offense, breaking and entering a store with intent to commit the crime of larceny. Kelly received a sentence of from three to fifteen years; Pond from one to fifteen years. The former is no newcomer to the Marquette prison, as he was discharged only November 11 last on the completion of an eight-year sentence. He had been transferred to the Marquette prison from Jackson, his first conviction having occurred in Lower Michigan.

Escanaba—D. A. Brotherton has been appointed city engineer of Escanaba at a salary of $2,000 per year. Mr. Brotherton's proposition, which the council accepted, was to furnish the city will all maps, surveys, grades for streets, sidewalks, etc., maps of all sewer and water pipes and also to be on hand at all times when his service is needed. He is to furnish all his own help, material, instruments, in fact everything pertaining to the city engineer's office.

Grand Marais—After many years of uninterrupted operation, the "slot" machines in Grand Marais have disappeared in compliance with an order from Prosecuting Attorney Freeman. It is also said that they must not be resurrected under penalty of prosecution. The order for Sunday closing of the saloons also has gone into effect. It has been many a day since the saloons of Grand Marais have been closed on Sunday. However, all the saloon men have signified their willingness to comply with the order, and henceforth Grand Marais will be a "dry town" on the Sabbath.

Sault Ste. Marie—Much figuring is being done by the finance committee of the Soo common council. The cause of this great mental labor to two bills presented by Attorneys Warner & Sullivan and George B. Holden for work in the recent Fort Brady case. The former want $3,100 for their services and the latter $1,034. A member of the committee says some of the committeemen are of the opinion the amounts are excessive. Members of the legal fraternity, however, say the bills are no higher than they should be, as the case was important and had it not been won by the city the taxpayers would have been burdened with the payment of thousands of dollars to the government for the loss of the Fort Brady barracks by fire.

LITTLE BUSINESS TALKS.



Few men who work for salaries or wages can afford to omit a few pay days in the process of changing jobs. Timely and sensible want advertising reduces the risk.

If you have a house to rent, and have not advertised it today, count the number of house-owners who do advertise today and you will know how many people in the city have more enterprise than you have.

Many a successful store advertiser has "graduated from The Herald want columns." No store is too little or "too local" to its neighborhood to afford a few lines of publicity every day.

Most people move along the lines of least resistance. They rent the houses that are advertised for rent; they employ the people who advertise for employment; they find investments, purchase curios, buy lots that are advertised. It is "the way of the world."

Many a man has "climbed up" in business life on a Ladder of Herald want ads.

"Every man's furnished room is his castle," in the modern reading of the proverb. If your present "castle" doesn't suit you, advertise for another one.

Don't

ruin your house decorations by using inferior illumination; use electric light, clean, clear.

GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.,
216 W. Superior St.

These Little Ads Are In the Lime-light and With all Duluth Looking On.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

SHOPPING BY TELEPHONE

	Old Phone	New Phone
MEAT MARKETS—		
B. J. Toben	22	22
Merk Bros.	477-M	189
LAUNDRIES—		
Yale Laundry	479	479
Lutes' Laundry	447	447
DRUGGISTS—		
Boyce	163	163
COAL AND FUEL—		
Ohio Coal Co.	76	76
Pinch Fuel Co.	1291	1291
Upham Coal Co.	256	485
FUNERAL DESIGNS—		
Victor Huet	633-R	1370
FLORISTS—		
Seekins & Le Boricus	1256	1626
BAKERIES—		
The Ben Ton		1166
SEWING MACHINES—		
ELECTRICAL CONTRACTING—		
Mutual Electric Co.	496	496
RUBBER STAMP WORKS—		
Cons. Stamp & Frtg. Co	762-K	755
FRENCH CLEANING—		
La Rose Dye Works	1202-R	1201
PLUMBING AND HEATING—		
McGurin Plumbing & Heating Co.		815
ICE CREAM—		
Aerial Ice Cream Co.	469-M	1340-Y
DYE WORKS—		
Northwestern Dyeing & Cleaning Co.		285-M 1516

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—R. C. VINCENT'S 6-room cottage on Park Point. Twenty-sixth street. Inquire, 527 West Third street.

FOR SALE — SIX-ROOM HOUSE THAT must be torn down; good lumber. 562 East Michigan street.

FOR RENT — FORTY-FOUR ROOM boarding house, furnished complete. Steam heat. Enquire M. Norris, 112 East Third street.

FOR SALE—COTTAGE AT DEERWOOD. Large grounds, good garden, small fruits —splendid sand beach, two row-boats—good well, boat house and horse barn. Cottage furnished complete. Will rent for the season to desirable parties. Address O. 97, Herald.

EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE—833 WEST FIRST water, sewer and gas. $22. Call evenings.

FOR RENT—SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE, 109 East Fifth street, $15 per month, with water. Inquire 501 Second avenue east.

FOR RENT — EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE, all modern conveniences; central, also four nice rooms, city water; quite central. Apply A. H. W. Eckstein, Real Estate, Fire Insurance and Loans. 300 Exchange building.

FOR RENT—NINE-ROOM HOUSE. 529 West Second street. Inquire Stryker, Manley & Buck.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED COTTAGE, on Park Point. Inquire 616 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT — SEVEN-ROOM, BRICK dwelling, thoroughly modern; hot water heat, etc. East end. G. G. Dickerman & Co., Alworth building.

FOR RENT — EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE, all modern conveniences, good location. $30 per month. C. H. Graves & Co., No. 102 Torrey bldg., Duluth, Minn.

FOR RENT — NINE-ROOM HOUSE IN Park Terrace. Water and heat, $30 per month. 205 Lyceum.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR MODERN FLATS AND UP-TO-date houses see W. W. Allen, West end.

FOR RENT — FIRST-CLASS DOWN-stairs flat, all modern conveniences, $37.50 per month. Better call quick. C. H. Graves & Co., First floor, Torrey building.

FURNISHED FLAT — FIVE-ROOMS — modern, central, June 1st to Sept. 1st; to family without children. Call 316½ West Superior street.

FURNISHED COMPLETELY, MODERN flat, bath, gas range, $25. 2001 West Second street. Telephone 716-L.

FOR RENT — THREE-ROOM FLAT, also seven-room furnished house; very reasonable and central. Call 226 Mesaba avenue.

SEVEN-ROOM APPARTMENTS IN Dacey flats, strictly modern. Inquire of janitor, 1002 East Third street, or Bell 'phone 425.

FOR RENT — SEVEN-ROOM FLAT, No. 625 East Third street; water and bath, $25.00 per month. Address 120 East Superior street.

FOR RENT — FIVE-ROOM FLAT, 312 South Nineteenth avenue east; also 5-room flat, 328 East First street. N. J. Upham Co.

FOR RENT — SIX-ROOM FLAT IN Park Terrace; water and heat, $40 per month. 205 Lyceum.

FOR RENT—FOUR-ROOM FLAT. 2016 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—FINE SIX-ROOM BRICK flat, warm and cozy, central, all hardwood floors. Thomas W. Wahl Co., 203 Exchange building.

FLAT IN ASHTABULA TERRACE. Inquire 202 Lonsdale building.

MEDICAL.

LADIES ONLY—DR. LE DUE'S GENUINE French Female Regulator from Paris. Three packages are positively warranted to cure the most stubborn cases of monthly stoppages, irregularities, obstructions and suppressions brought on from whatever pathological or abnormal cause, or return money. $2 a package or 3 for $5. Send money to nearest druggist. He will deliver you the relieving remedy at your residence, prepaid, in plain wrapper. Don't waste time and money trying other or cheaper remedies; haste is important. Drug trade supplied by jobbers.

FOR WOMEN ONLY—DR. RAYMOND'S Pills, for delayed periods, absolutely reliable, perfectly safe. No danger, no pain, no interference with work. Relief brought to thousands after everything else failed. Highly recommended by all that have used them. By mail $2.00 Dr. R. G. Raymond Remedy Co., Room 27, 34 Adams street, Chicago, Ill.

LADIES—Dr. LaFranco's Compound; safe speedy regulator, 25c, druggists or mail. Booklet free. Dr. La Franco, Phila., Pa.

CLOTHES BOUGHT.

I BUY all kinds of old clothing; highest prices. G. Shapiro, 721 W. Superior St. Zenith 1582-X.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE.
REAL ESTATE.
$250 will buy Park Point lots; $300 for better ones. I can build you a home. Come and see me.
W. F. LEGGETT,
507 Burrows Building.

AN EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE NEAR Lincoln Park. In good repair. Complete plumbing, electric lights, No. 1 hardwood floors over entire house, with exception of one room. Lot 39 1 2x140 ft. All street improvements paid. Price $2,700. Enquire of S. Morterud, 1931 West Superior street, or at residence, 429 Twenty-sixth avenue west.

FOR SALE—ONE FIFTY-FOOT LOT on East Fourth street, near Twenty-first avenue; or would trade toward small house and lot. Owner, care Y. M. C. A.

FOR SALE — LOT 50x140, with 8-ROOM house, all conveniences, near Twenty-second avenue west and Superior street. Call 2117 West Sixth street.

FOR SALE—HOUSE, WOOD SHED, carpenter shop and two lots. House in good repair. Inquire L. D. La Barre, millwright, Scanlon mill, Scanlon, Minn.

FOR SALE — FOUR-ROOM COTTAGE and choice lot, near La Fayette Square, Park Point—$800. William C. Sargent & Co., 106 Providence Building.

FOR SALE OR RENT — GOOD 6-ROOM house, 1819 Dingwall street. Apply Charles Schiller, 226 West Superior St.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Zenith, 926. Duluth Tel. 759-R

MONEY TO LOAN!
WESTERN LOAN CO.,
Pioneers in the Business. 520 Manhattan B'dg. Courteous Treatment to All.
MANAGED BY MEN.

$10 to $1,000 on horses, cattle, wagons, pianos, household goods. Salaried people with steady employment can borrow on their plain note. Lowest rates and best terms in the Northwest. No charge for taking application. Everything absolutely confluential.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC.
We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $100. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms, on their plain note, without mortgage, endorsers or publicity. Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.
MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY,
205 Palladio Building.
Phones—New, 883; Old, 636-M.

THE BEST PLACE TO MAKE A SALARY LOAN.
Because: Offices are private.
Because: We loan on personal notes.
Because: All dealings are confidential.
Because: We give actual rebate.
Because: Open Wed. and Sat. evenings.
Because: We give the easiest terms.
Because: We are the
DULUTH FINANCE CO.,
301 Palladio Building.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, diamonds, furs, etc., and all goods of value from $1 to $1,000. We hold all goods one year, even if interest is not paid. The only resognized, reputable pawnbroker. Established 1887 Keystone Loan and Mercantile Co., 16 West Superior street. Zenith phone 1680-X.

UNION LOAN CO.—Makes loans, buys notes and mortgages. 210 Palladio.

MONEY SUPPLIED TO SALARIED people and others upon their own names, without security; easy payments. Offices in 51 principal cities. Tolman, 609 Palladio building.

Money to Loan on Watches, Diamonds, Furs, Guns and all articles of value. We have two large fire and burglar proof safes. All business strictly confidential. The only up-to-date and reliable place in the city to transact your business. Give us a trial. Crescent Brokers, 413½ West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE security in sums from $300 up. Any amount—no delay—all privileges—5, 5½, 6 per cent. Let us know what you need. William C. Sargent & Co., 106 Providence building.

WANTED TO LOAN—$2,500 ON VERY best real estate security, netting 12 per cent on $10,000. R. M., Herald.

FOR SALE—HORSES.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN, Midway Horse Market, St. Paul, have the largest assortment of horses in the entire Northwest. Auction every Wednesday at 2 o'clock. Private sales daily. Part time given.

FOR SALE — ACCLIMATED, FINE draft and general purpose horses; 70 to 100 head always on hand. Stone-Ordean-Wells company.

FOR SALE—COWS.

S. M. KANER HAS JUST ARRIVED with a carload of fresh milch cows—some full-blood Jerseys among them. 1219 East Seventh street. Zenith phone 1387.

A CARLOAD OF FRESH MILCH COWS just arrived, will exchange for fat cattle. 821 Fourth Ave. E. L. Polinsky.

Cows—74th Ave. W., bay front. A Smith.

TYPEWRITERS.

MINIMUM OF REPAIRS, MAXIMUM of sales; they go together with the Remington. Remington Typewriter Co., New York and everywhere.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSEN, GRADUATE MID-wife; female complaints. 412 Seventh avenue east. Old phone 865; Zenith 1225.

A SNAP.

$1,200.00 TAKES A GOOD EIGHT-ROOM house on corner of Seventh street and Twenty-fifth avenue west; $675 cash, balance to suit. Look this up. J. A. Stephenson, 104 Providence building.

STENOGRAPHER.

STENOGRAPHY AND BOOKKEEPING taught. 31 Twenty-fifth avenue west, corner First street.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEYER, 14 W. SUPERIOR ST.

ASHES AND GARBAGE.

ASHES AND GARBAGE REMOVED. Telephone 570-Y, Zenith.

BY LOAD OR MONTH. 48 both phones.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—CONFECTIONERY, CIGAR store and ice cream parlor. 1 Garfield avenue.

FOR SALE — SHAFTING, HANGERS, pulleys. Seipel & Huntley, printers, 220 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—BRICK HOUSE AT LAKE-side, six rooms, with bath and toilet; stone foundation; price $2,200; only $1,100 cash. Inquire of owner, No. 5725 Oneida street.

FOR SALE — PRACTICALLY BRAND new Smith-Premier typewriter. Reasonable for cash. O 26, Herald.

FOR SALE—SECOND-HAND BUGGY—cheap. 114-116 West Superior street.

FOR RENT ! FOR RENT !
FOR RENT ! FOR RENT !
FOR RENT ! FOR RENT !
FOR RENT ! FOR RENT !

Store room No. 511 West Superior street. Fixtures for sale, consisting of a nice safe, shelving, show cases, mirrors, and a fine $75 desk.

PALACE JEWELRY CO.
324 West Superior St.

FISCHER PIANOS.
FISCHER PIANOS.

HOWARD, FARWELL & CO., Hunter block, 29 West Superior St. W. J. Allen, Local Manager. EXPERT PIANO TUNING.

FOR SALE — LODGING HOUSE—BEST of location on Superior street, cheap for cash. Address O 38, Herald.

FOR SALE CHEAP — $20 GO-CART, washing machine and lady's bicycle. Parties leaving city. 617 East Fifth St.

PIANO BARGAINS THIS WEEK — right piano, $235; $425 new upright piano, Hadman square piano $48.00; $350 now up-$269; $600 new upright piano, $300. Above three new upright pianos have been shipped as samples to be closed at wholesale cost. Korby Piano Co., 201 East Superior street.

FIRST-CLASS CIGAR STORE OR stand for cash. Address C 72, Herald.

FOR SALE—CLOQUET STEAM LAUNDRY. No other power laundry in city. Population 6,000, with 2,000 in surrounding territory. Largest lumber cut capacity in the world. Three trunk line railroads. Apply Charles Edmondson, Cloquet, Carlton county, Minn.

FISHING TACKLE, BICYCLE SUNDRIES and baseball goods. Prices to meet all kinds of competition. J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—CONTRACT NO. 171 IN THE U. S Installment Realty company. O. 98, Herald.

FOR SALE — ONE SIX-FOOT SHOW case and 10-foot paneled counter. L. C. Coffin & Co., Park Point.

FOR SALE — STOVES, CARPETS, dressers, commodes, tables, chairs, iron beds complete, very cheap. 505 East Second street.

OAK PIANO $160, USED THREE months, in fine condition. Terms, $10 cash and $5 a month.
EBONY CASED PIANO, $110, UPRIGHT, used, good condition. Terms, $10 cash and $5 a month.
FRENCH & BASSETT.

FOR SALE—HACK, IN FINE CONDITION, easy payments if desired. Call or write, 205 Palladio building.

LANDS FOR SALE.

HARDWOOD TIMBER LANDS NEAR Duluth in tracts of 40 to 160 acres, for sale at prices so low that the timber cut into cordwood will pay for the land and timber both. Easy terms. Guaranty Farm Land Co., 416 Lyceum.

ACRES IN LARGE AND SMALL tracts for gardens, poultry or stock, in all parts of St. Louis county; some very desirable five and ten-acre pieces in valley of Lester, two or three miles from Pavilion. Wm. C. Sargent & Co., 106 Providence building.

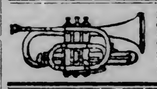
400 ACRES IN ST. LOUIS COUNTY AT $1.25 per acre. Timber sold, but no taxes for owner of land to pay until timber is removed. One half of mineral rights goes with land. Lands at this price are an absolutely safe investment. Guaranty Farm Land Co., 416 Lyceum.

SEVERAL SMALL TRACTS OF LAND located on lakes in St. Louis county, and desirable for summer homes, and for hunting and fishing. Some have good comfortable buildings. Prices $3 to $5 per acre. Guaranty Farm Land Co., 416 Lyceum.

IMPROVED FARMS OF 40 TO 160 acres in St. Louis, Carlton and Douglas counties for sale at low prices and on easy terms. Guaranty Farm Land Co., 416 Lyceum building.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. HENLEY—PRIVATE HOSPITAL for women. 304 St. Croix avenue.



MUSIC and musical merchandise of every description. Edison Phonographs, band orchestra instruments, pianos and organs. INGVALL & WESTGAARD, 7 and 9 First Avenue West.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED TO BUY—GASOLINE launch. Lee & Turley, 114 West Superior street.

I WISH TO BUY FEW SECOND-HAND pianos and organs; not from dealers. C 69, Herald.

WANTED TO BUY — LARGE SAFE and large double standing desk. Address B. C., Herald.

WANTED TO BUY—TEN-FOOT OAK counter; must be in good condition. E. A. Lindgren, 430 West Superior street.

HIGHEST CASH PRICES PAID FOR men's and women's clothing, Abe Winer, 802 West Superior street. Zenith 1640.

BOSTON HAIR PARLORS.

FACIAL BLEMISHES, HAIR MOLES, warts removed by electricity. Shampooing, manicuring, hair switches. Miss Kelly, opp. Glass block. Both 'phones.

UPHOLSTERY.

C. F. FORSELL, PRACTICAL UPHOLsterer. Shop 338 E. Sup. St. Zenith, 949.

CHAIR CANING AND GENERAL REpairing. Goods called for and delivered. J. Underwood, new phone 1703.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FURNISHED ROOMS AT 117 WEST First street.

FURNISHED ROOMS, $1 TO $1.50 PER week. 21 Fifth avenue west.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED rooms; day, week or month; central location; rates reasonable. 207 West Superior street.

FOR RENT — A LARGE FURNISHED front room and alcove; will allow light housekeeping; upstairs. 325 Third avenue west.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM WITH alcove overlooking lake. 316 East Second street.

FOR RENT — FIVE ROOMS, CHEAP, including water. 710 West Superior St.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED front room and alcove, lake view, for one or two gentlemen. 205 West Third street.

FOR RENT—A SUITE OF TWO ROOMS at 7 West Superior street, suitable for office purposes. C. P. Craig & Co.: 220 West Superior street.

STEAM HEATED ROOM FOR LADY or gentleman; centrally located on Superior street. References required. Address O 35, Herald.

FOR RENT—TWO LARGE AND ONE small unfurnished rooms, with all conveniences. 523 East Fourth street.

FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED rooms. 29 West Second street. Steam heat, gas, bath.

FOUR ROOMS FOR RENT—ALL CONveniences. $10.00 per month. Call 2401 West Fourth street.

OTHER WANTS ON PAGE 11.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM FOR light housekeeping. 19 First avenue west.

FURNISHED
AND UNFURNISHED ROOMS.
Splendid View.
29 WEST SECOND STREET.
Steam heat, gas, bath.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED rooms, all modern conveniences. 704 West Second street.

FOR RENT—LARGE FURNISHED room, with alcove; light housekeeping allowed. 420 First avenue west.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED ALcove rooms, fine lake view, with all modern conveniences. 921 East First street.

FOR RENT—THREE UNFURNISHED rooms. 426 Ninth avenue east.

TO RENT—FIVE DESIRABLE ROOMS, second floor, 25 West Superior street; good brick building, all rooms are connected by doors; each room has separate entrance; all provided with marble wash basins and large closets; best oak finish; all in No. 1 order; most conveniently arranged for two doctors. Enquire on premises.

NEWLY FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH board. 505 West Second street.

FOR RENT—THREE NICE ROOMS, $6 per month. Inquire 515 First avenue E.

FOUR ROOMS, INCLUDING WATER—$8.00. 204½ East Fourth street.

LARGE FRONT ROOM FURNISHED or unfurnished, with bath. 823 East Third street.

FURNISHED ROOM, 232 MESABA AVE.

TWO FURNISHED ROOMS FOR TWO gentlemen, modern. 807 E. First street.

FURNISHED ROOMS FOR HOUSEkeeping. 426 First avenue west.

FOR RENT— NICELY FURNISHED front room. 229 Fifth avenue west.

NICELY FURNISHED FRONT ROOM, all modern, for one or two gentlemen. 224 Third avenue east.

FOR RENT — TWO NICELY FURnished rooms at reasonable rent. 320 West Third street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED AND UNfurnished steam-heated rooms. 218 West Superior street.

A LARGE FURNISHED ROOM, 217 Second avenue east.

FOR RENT — OFFICES, MESABA building. Julius D. Howard & Co.

WHITEWASHING.

CAYO BROS. WILL WHITEWASH your basement, barn, warehouse or elevator shaft for 1½ to 2 cents per yard. Best of references. Old phone 422-R.

NOTICE.

FINE LINE OF LADIES', GENT'S AND children's shoes. You will get a perfect fit and save 25 cents on the dollar by buying at 229 East Superior street. Repairing while you wait. Soles, 50 cents. N. Nurick.

AERIAL HOME BAKERY.

Fresh home baking. Mrs. Alice Shields, 332 E. Superior street. Old 'phone 1172-M.

JOE POPKIN,

THE TAILOR, HAS MOVED OVER Gidding's. Suits pressed, 50 cents; pants, 15 cents.

ARCHITECTS.

FRANK L. YOUNG & CO., 201 Pal. Bldg.

ROOFING and CORNICE WORKS.

SKYLIGHTS, GUTTERS, SPOUTing, smoke stacks, steel ceilings and general jobbing. Hot air heating. Estimates furnished. Zenith phone 1551. Star Roofing and Cornice Works, Louis Landahl, proprietor, 209-211 Lake avenue south.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

BUSINESS MEN.
BUSINESS MEN.
BUSINESS MEN.

Supplied with competent stenographers and accountants, FREE OF CHARGE.
Apply to
W. C. McCARTER, Business University.

WANTED — CIGAR SALESMAN; EXperience unnecessary; good pay. Emanuel Co., Station "J," New York.

WANTED EVERYWHERE—HUSTLERS to tack signs, distribute circulars, samples, etc.; no canvassing; good pay. Sun Advertising Bureau, Chicago.

WE HAVE not men enough to fill positions now on our list; we need Salesmen, Executive, Clerical and Technical men capable of earning $1,000-$5,000; write for booklet and state position desired. HAPGOODS' Brain Brokers, 313 Nicollet avenue, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED—PANTS AND VESTMAKER at No. 9 Twentieth avenue west. Karl J. Hagberg.

WANTED — BOY, MINNESOTA CIGAR Box factory, 30 First avenue west.

DRIVER WANTED—ZENITH CITY DYE Works, 6 East Superior street. Scandinavian preferred.

TRAVELING SALESMAN TO SELL our mill production of full dress goods, flannels, blankets, direct to retail country stores. Good commission. Frank D. LaLanne & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—AN ENERGETIC, BRIGHT young man, as specialty salesman; must have experience. Apply Swift & Co., corner Third avenue west and Michigan street.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN FOR BOOKkeeper at mine office, near Hibbing. Address box 656, Duluth.

WANTED—BOY, WHO HAS HAD HIGH school education. Apply Northern Electrical company.

TRAVELING SALESMAN WANTED TO sell grocers. Permanent position State present occupation and salary expected. Los Angeles Cider Co., St. Louis, Mo.

ANY PERSON TO DISTRIBUTE OUR samples; $18 weekly, steady. "Empire," 4 Wells street, Chicago.

CATHOLIC YOUNG MAN TO SOLICIT and collect; salary and commission. O 5, Herald.

WANTED — MEN EVERYWHERE — Good pay; to distribute circulars, adv. matter, tack signs, etc. No canvassing. National Adv. Bureau, Chicago.

WANTED — A GOOD RELIABLE MAN to represent us in this vicinity. Good opening for right party. Year's contract. Pay weekly. Address Glen Bros., Rochester, N. Y.

WANTED — MEN TO DISTRIBUTE samples, tack signs, $3 daily. No canvassing. Continental Distributing Service, Chicago.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS PRESSER on men's garments. La Rose Dye Works, 330 East Superior street.

BOOKS OPENED, POSTED, AUDITED and closed. All business confidential. Thorough accountant. M., Herald.

WANTED — CARPENTERS TO STAY away from Pittsburg. Lockout still pending. By order of S. T. Skrove, Sec.

MEN TO LEARN BARBER TRADE. Splendid opportunity just now. Write for free illustrated catalogue. Moler Barber College, 221 Second avenue south, Minneapolis, Minn. Established 1893.

ARE YOU GETTING ALL YOU EARN? Getting tired of working for small pay? We can enable you to make at least $3 a day selling our celebrated household specialties on easy payments. Experience and investment not necessary; city or country. Gately Supply company, 8 East Superior street.

WANTED—TWO GOOD COATMAKERS; steady work. Miles, Wolvin building.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

ANDERSON'S DETECTIVE AGENCY—B. F. Anderson, Mgr., 527 Manhattan building, Duluth. Zenith phone, 660; residence, 1213.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk Factory, 220 W. Superior St.

KNAUF'S METHO CREAM.

CLEARS THE COMPLEXION. KNAUF Sisters' Hair Store.

SATIN TOILET SPECIALTIES.

Your mirron will tell you Satin skin powder works beautifying wonders. 25c.

BAND AND ORCHESTRA.

LA BROSSA BAND AN ORCHESTRA; residence, 430 Nineteenth avenue west. Phones, Zenith 1717-X; Duluth 676-R. Office with Lundberg & Stone, 221 West Superior street.

WATCH REPAIRING.

WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING done promptly and in a thorough manner. J. Gruesen, 31 West Superior St.

MINES AND MINING.

AN UNDIVIDED ONE-HALF INTEREST in the east½ of the northeast ¼ and the west ½ of the northeast ¼, section 36, in township 64, north of range 10. Address 305 Dispatch Building, St. Paul, Minn.

R. B. HIGBEE, GERMANIA LIFE building, St. Paul, Minn., dealer in iron lands.

IRON MINES, iron lands, iron leases and mining stock. O. A. Nafe, 407 Torrey.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

CHIROPRACTIC INSTITUTE.

DR. KONKLER CURES FEMALE DISeases. 314, 315 and 316 Burrows building. Zenith 'phone. Consultation free. We teach chiropractic.

MERCHANT TAILOR.

SUITS PRESSED, 50c; PANTS, 15c. J. Oreckovsky, 10 Fourth avenue west.

LOANS WANTED.

IF YOU WANT THE LOWEST RATE and the best terms, I can satisfy you. John A. Stephenson. Ask for Frank E. Kennedy.

DYE WORKS.

NORTHWESTERN DYEING & CLEANing Co., 17 North Lake avenue. French dry cleaners and fancy dyers. Largest and best and most reliable dye house in the Northwest. Both 'phones.

NORTHWESTERN DYING & CLEANing Co, 17 North Lake avenue. French dry cleaners and fancy dyers. Largest and best and most reliable dye house in the Northwest. Both 'phones.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED — GOOD COOK IN SMALL restaurant; steady work. Address G. B. Collins, Iron Junction, Minn.

WANTED — SECOND COOK — GOOD wages; no Sunday work. Apply at once, 207 West Superior street.

COOK, DISHWASHERS, WAITRESSES, laundresses, general housework and nurse girl. Somer's Emp., 17 2nd Ave. E.

WANTED — LADIES TO SEND US their old carpets to be made into fluff rugs. For particulars write the R. Abt Co., rug weavers, 139 South Halstead street, Chicago, Ill.

LADIES TO KNOW THAT THE BEST millinery at the lowest prices can only be had at Brandt's, 114 West Fourth street.

WANTED — A COMPETENT COOK, AT once. Mrs. J. B. Cotton, 1617 East First street.

WANTED—A GIRL AT ONCE FOR general housework, 517 West First street.

GOOD, EXPERIENCED DRESSMAKER wanted immediately at 626 West First street.

LADIES — TO DO PIECEWORK AT their homes; we furnish all material and pay from $7 to $12 weekly. Send stamped envelope to Royal Co., 34 E. Monroe street, Chicago.

WANTED — BY YOUNG WIDOWER — housekeeper; young widow preferred. Call or address C. W., 4528 Reno street, West Duluth.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1209 London road.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; small family. N, Buffalo flats.

WANTED—GIRL FOR HOUSE WORK. 1001 East Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 5409 London road.

WANTED — LADY SOLICITORS, NO investment; work pleasant. Call on V. C. Glebner, 218 West Third street.

WANTED AT ONCE — EXPERIENCED second girl and good dishwasher. 10 West Second street.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED DINING-room girl, $18 per month. St. Louis hotel.

WANTED—NURSE GIRL. 220 FIFTH avenue east, Flat B.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 2751 West Third street.

WANTED—WOMAN TO TAKE HOME washing of two families on Park Point; car fare paid. Call 1476-L, old 'phone.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL—GOOD WAGES —no washing, at summer cottage. Mrs. E. W. Markell, Thirty-eighth avenue east and Superior street.

WANTED — RELIABLE GIRL FOR general housework; 3 in family. 1510 East Second street.

GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork. Call 306 North Fifty-sixth avenue west.

COOK AND SECOND COOK; BEST wages. 2632 West Superior street.

WANTED—AT ONCE, EXPERIENCED waist and skirt finishers, good wages, at Mme. Burns' dressmaking parlors, over Gidding's store.

WANTED—GOOD WOMAN COOK IN small restaurant and two kitchen girls. Will pay good wages; steady work. Address George B. Collins, Iron Junction, Minn.

WANTED—SWEDISH GIRL FOR A small family. 10 East Fourth street.

WANTED—DISHWASHER AT BOYLE'S Restaurant, 319 West Superior street.

WANTED — A COMPETENT NURSE girl. Call at 607 East First street.

WANTED — DISHWASHER AND TWO dining girls. California restaurant, 630 West Superior street.

WANTED — YOUNG LADY FOR OFfice position. Moderate salary to begin. Write giving full particulars. Permanent position for the right party. Address O 33, care Herald.

WANTED — COMPETENT SECOND girl; highest wages. Mrs. Clinton Markell, 219 Fourth avenue east.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED SALESlady and maker. Miss A. M. Seigne, 1406 New York block, Superior.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. Mrs. H. V. Eva, Hunter's Park.

WANTED—WOMAN FOR WASHING. 712 Garfield avenue.

WANTED—A WOMAN FOR GENERAL housework. Small family. Call Twenty-seventh street and Park Point. Mrs. W. H. Bliss.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Call 516 Lake avenue north.

COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENERAL housework at 1214 East Second street.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 1728 East Second street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. German preferred. 729 West Fourth street.

WANTED — CHAMBERMAID, FINlander preferred. Nicollet hotel.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Mrs. Hoff, 211 West Second street.

PALMIST.

COME! COME! COME!
Madam DeVerna
Is going to leave. THE LAST CHANCE TO SEE HER

For she will leave the city May 20th. Don't miss this chance, when she is gone you will regret that you did not avail yourself of her wonderful knowledge and advice. What she charged pennies for will be worth hundreds to you in the future. She is now located over the Bijou theater, 10 East Superior street. Hours: 9 to 12 a. m., 1 to 9 p. m. Her $1.00 Readings for 50 cents.

BOARD OFFERED.

BOARD AND ROOM, STEAM HEAT, bath, gas and telephone. 301 East Third street.

FINE SUITE FRONT ROOMS, WITH board; two gentlemen or married couple. 329 West Second street.

ROOM AND BOARD FOR TWO. 525 East Third street.

BOARD AND ROOM. 305 E. THIRD ST.

TWO NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, with board, bath, telephone and all modern conveniences. 9 Chester Terrace.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

DENTISTRY.

TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN. Duluth Dental Parlors, 3 West Superior street.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.
PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings, first and third Monday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting May 15. Work—First degree. Guy A. Eaton, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, May 8, 1905. Work—Second degree. William D. Underhill, W. M.; H. S. Newell, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting May 13, 1905, at 2 p. m. Work—M. M. and M. E. M. and Royal Arch supper at 6:30. William A. McGonagle, H. P.; W. T. TenBrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T. Stated conclave, first Tuesday of each month at 8 p. m. Special conclave May 16th, 8 p. m., at Masonic Temple, Lake avenue and Second street. Work—Red Cross. C. W. Wilson, Em-Com.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

SCOTTISH RITE.
Regular meetings every Thursday evening of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting, May 18, 1905. Work in Fourth, Fifth and Sixth degrees. Jerome D. Cooley, secretary.

K. O. T. M.
DULUTH TENT, NO. 1, MEETS EVERY Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. John P. Peterson, Com., 2017 West Third street; Charles J. Hector, finance keeper, 32 West First street; J. B. Gemelin, R. K., third floor Hunter building. Office hours, 10 a. m. to 1:30 p. m.

MODERN SAMARITANS.
ALPHA COUNCIL, NO. 1, meets every Thursday, 8 p. m., in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. Next meeting May 11. Samaritan degree. F. A. Noble, G. S.; W. P. Wellhanks, scribe; Thomas A. Gall, financial scribe.

A. O. U. W.
FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 105, meets in Kalamazoo hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Lee Warner, M. W.; W. W. Fenstermacher, recorder; O. J. Murvold, financier, 8 East Seventh street.

A. O. U. W.
DULUTH LODGE, NO. 10, meets in Odd Fellows' hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. Geo. J. Sherman, M. W.; W. Stepherdson, financier; A. E. Blake, recorder. Sick benefits meets 7:30 o'clock. A good time after meeting. All members come.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock sharp at 118 West Superior street. May 16, work in the Third degree. G. E. Storms, C. C.; H. B. Young, K. R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.
DULUTH ARIE, NO. 79, MEETS every Thursday night at 8 o'clock at Eagle hall, Folz building, 116 West Superior St. W. D. Brown, W. P.; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, 23 West Superior St. Apply to W. E. Brown, 417 West Superior street, for rental of hall.

M. W. A.
IMPERIAL CAMP, NO. 2266, meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, first and third Mondays. Visiting members always welcome. F. B. Beaupre, V. C.; N. P. Turnbladt, banker; Robert Rankin, clerk.

I. O. F.
COURT COMMERCE, NO. 3283, Independent Order of Foresters, meets first and third Friday evening, at 8 o'clock, at Kalamazoo hall. Next meeting, May 19, 1905. Initiations. R. J. Packard, C. R.; W. W. Hoopes, R. S.

CLAN STEWART, NO. 50, O. S. C.—Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at 8 p. m., in Folz hall, West Superior street. John G. Ross, chief; Malcolm MacDonald, secretary; John Burnett, financial secretary, 10 Mason flats. Next meeting, Wednesday, May 17.

ROYAL LEAGUE.
ZENITH COUNCIL, NO. 161, Royal League, meets in Elks' hall, second and fourth Monday evenings at 8 o'clock. J. P. Heffernan, archon; L. P. Murray, scribe, 1815 East Fifth street.

KNIGHTS OF THE LOYAL GUARD—Subordinate Division, No. 182, meets first and third Wednesday evenings each month, Hall A, Kalamazoo block. E. F. Heller, Cant. Gen'l; H. V. Holmes, paymaster, 415 Fifteenth avenue east; Mrs. Mary P. Foster, recorder, 720 Third avenue east.

MODERN MACCABEES—Zenith City Tent No. 1044, meets every first and third Friday of the month at Hall B, Kalamazoo building. Commander, J. A. McCuen; record keeper, E. R. Gulfke; finance keeper, Wm. Blaney, address care of National Biscuit company.

U. A. O. D.
DULUTH GROVE, NO. 40, meets the second and fourth Monday at Kalamazoo hall, F. G. Sandstedt, N. A.; M. Monson, financial secretary.

INTERNATIONAL BROTHERHOOD OF Teamsters — Local No. 411 meets at Manhattan Bldg., 412 West Superior street, room 204, second and fourth Monday of each month. A. Beattie, president, 2809 West Helm street; J. M. Rock, recording secretary, 722 Garfield avenue; Archie McPherson, secretary-treasurer,

SECTION 2
Pages 13 to 24

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

24 PAGES

SATURDAY, MAY 13, 1905.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

COMEDIES AND TRAGEDIES ENACTED IN POLICE COURT

Ninety Per Cent of the Prisoners Are Drunks or "Vags."

Arrests For More Serious Crimes Not Frequent In Duluth.

Each morning of the year, in the dingy court room in the basement of the city hall, there is enacted a series of little comedies or tragedies, as the case may be.

It is the sorting of the human driftwood that is washed up on the city's beach during the preceding twenty-four hours, and left stranded by the great tide of humanity. It is here that men drain the dregs of the cups of pleasure, or taste the bitter punishment of some misstep.

Bleated, blear-eyed, unwashed and unshaved, it is a wretched and yet pathetic crowd of men and women that is brought before the municipal bench.

Ninety per cent of the prisoners are "drunks" or "vags," to use the police terms, broken-down physical wrecks, who exist from day to day in the drink shops of the city, "bumming" liquor from the more fortunate patrons, and falling into sodden, drunken stupors, from which they awaken in the city lockup.

Of such men, or wrecks of men, the majority of the daily police court list is composed. They come stolidly into court, plead guilty to the charge of drunkenness, and are packed off to the county jail to spend ten, or twenty, or thirty days in confinement. On their release they return to their old haunts, to be again arrested, a little older, a little more bloated, a little farther down the scale of human existence.

An arrest means nothing more to them than deprivation from drink for ten or twenty days. The jail is a more comfortable lodging house than their accustomed haunts, and the meals are better and less unlikely.

No race but has its representatives in this class of prisonesr. American, Swede, Dane, Finn, Hebrew, Scotchman, alike they are the off-scourings of the city's life.

Different from these prisoners is the occasional drunk. He may be anything, from an 18-year-old boy, who has fallen in with a set of evil companions, to a commercial traveler, who has been "seeing the town." It is from this class of prisoners that any comedy to be found in the municipal court is drawn. Drunkenness as a first offense is not looked upon seriously by the court, and unless the police have some story to tell of disorderly conduct against the prisoner, he generally escapes with a suspended sentence. Nearly every "occasional drunk" has a new excuse why he should be released from custody. There is nobody quite so witty as a half-sobered Irishman, or anybody quite so ludicrous as a partly Americanized Swede who is "soused to the beams."

One such character as this was known to the police as "Jimmy, the Whistler." Jimmy was as harmless as any person who ever allowed a drink of whisky to trickle down his throat, but he could whistle like a lark. Jimmy was accustomed to get on a periodical spree, about once every six months. He almost invariably got a suspended sentence, and when released would give the officers a short entertainment with his whistling.

Next to the occasional drunks, come the sharp faced, slick fingered gentlemen whom the police are anxious to drive out of the city. Probably their faces are known to the police from the rogue's gallery, as being professional thieves. Perhaps the police are only suspicious, at having seen them hanging around saloons and consorting with drunken lumberjacks with money. At any rate the light fingered gentlemen are there, arrested under Duluth's vagrancy ordinance, which may be considered by some as harsh and stringent, but which certainly obtains results in getting such an undesirable class of persons out of the city.

These three classes of prisoners comprise the daily grist in the municipal court. Arrests for more serious crimes are not frequent in Duluth. There is, of course, the usual number of sneak thieves, or prisoners accused of petty larceny, with an occasional arraignment for grand larceny and other more serious offenses, final disposition of which must be made by the district court, but few cities of the size of Duluth can make a better showing in regard to the criminal docket.

But these greater criminals are in a class apart. Their attitude toward society is that of aggression. The attitude of the drunks and vags is that of passivity. Both classes make their living from society, but the one takes it with a club or steals it. The other begs it.

The accompanying pictures were taken one morning this week as the prisoners were being taken out after receiving their sentences. Several of them, as will be noticed, "ducked" their heads, not wishing their faces to be seen.

POLICE COURT CHARACTERS—TWO DUCKED THEIR HEADS TO AVOID THE CAMERA.

VAGS LINED UP FOR APPEARANCE IN COURT.

SETTLEMENT OF THE LANDS IN THE DULUTH DISTRICT

Bishop McGolrick Gives Indorsement to the Movement.

Favors County Agricultural and Domestic Science Schools.

Among those who have taken a deep interest for many years past in the development of the agricultural lands in the Northwest and who has himself been active in bringing settlers into the new farming districts of Minnesota, is Bishop James McGolrick, of Duluth.

Some years ago when James J. Hill, with his railroad project first opened the Big Stone country, then a wilderness, Bishop McGolrick, with no other interest in the matter than a desire to aid the hand of civilization in turning the wilderness into a rich and prosperous farming community, made it a special mission to go East where, in many of the New England cities, he spoke to large and small crowds of people who were interested in learning of the possibilities offered by the Northwest. When Bishop McGolrick began to urge the New Englanders to come West, he was met with protests, the then popular idea being that the land was infected with hostile Indians, bears, wild cats and numerous dangers.

It took a great deal of convincing talk to allay the fears, but this was finally done in a measure and 100 families severed their connections with New England soil and came to the Big Stone country.

In a reminiscence of those days, Bishop McGolrick remarks that land which those settlers then bought at $4 per acre and on long time payments, are now in a wealthy and prosperous farming community and could not be purchased for anything less than $30 per acre.

There has not been in the recent years and deserving enterprise for the development of Northern Minnesota farm lands, to which Bishop McGolrick has refused to extend his aid when asked and, in some instances, when not solicited, in the way of giving the projects publicity. Recently he has given his indorsement to the project of the Boston and Duluth Farm Land company in settling up the fertile and unused lands lying along the Eastern Minnesota road in the vicinity of Foxboro, Holyoke and Nickerson. This indorsement is in the form of a communication over the bishop's signature, which is found on the maps of the region now being mailed out in large numbers by the farm land company. The indorsement is as follows:

"The Boston & Duluth Farm Land company are offering good farming lands to intending settlers on the most favorable on scanty wages have here an opportunity of becoming independent.

"Not as in years past is the settler forced to retire almost from civilization; today he can bring his family to a farm near to school, to church and to market. The company is ready to aid the new settler and give all the information required as to the various industries which the modern farmer can take up to help him in his progress toward a decent living.

"The flourishing towns in the vicinity of these farms and the unprecedented growth of the City of Duluth assure the terms. A large number of people in our towns and cities living from day to day farmer that he can always find a good market for the products of the soil.

"I write this letter more particularly for the benefit of those in towns and cities who have growing families and who are anxious to secure for their children a competence and education as well as the blessings of religion."

In writing this letter Bishop McGolrick says he wishes it understood that he has not the slightest interest in the lands in the way of owning a single foot of them or any financial interest in the land company, but that he knows the country and has had an experienced man make a

(Continued on page 23, seventh column.)

RT. REV. JAMES McGOLRICK, BISHOP OF DULUTH.

CHECKS THAT ARE NOT PROMPTLY CASHED

Frequent Government Checks to Employes Are Held By the Recipients For a Long Time—Prefer Uncle Sam's Check to a Bank Certificate.

Uncle Sam is regarded as an ideal employer of labor in the way of promptly paying up all the labor claims which may be chargeable to him by reason of his direction, but he very much objects to being considered a banker for those in his employ and has frequently to make protests because now and then one of the recipients of his checks persists in holding the same as a sort of certificate of deposit, in lieu of collecting the amount of money which it represents.

The postoffice department of Uncle Sam's domain issues for a small fee money orders as a convenience and for safety in transferring money from one point to another in the country. Within recent years the postoffice department, has, through its money order system been acting to a greater or less extent as the depository for funds for many persons who do not wish to keep their money in their possession and who either have no bank accounts or who do not care to intrust their wealth to the keeping of such institutions. There are numerous instances, where persons deposit large sums with the postoffice department and make out money orders payable to themselves any time within a year.

Uncle Sam makes no charge for the checks on his treasury when he pays his employes, and he insists that those employes use all diligence in presenting the checks to be cashed so that they will, in the course of events get back into Uncle Sam's hands before any great length of time has elapsed.

It is not that the checks ever become invalid by reason of their being held out for a long time, but so long as they do remain out they entail a considerable amount of bookkeeping for Uncle Sam's paymasters who must account for every one of them so long as they remain out and unpaid.

During the course of a year there are issued from the local office of the government engineer in charge of the Lake Superior district a large number of checks on the treasury. Besides the regular monthly salary checks of the various officials and members of the office forces, there are the checks issued for every workman employed on any form of work that come within the jurisdiction of the engineer over the entire district, and when the size of the Lake Superior district is considered, and the number of points where improvement work is going on every year, some idea can be had of the number of checks which are issued to draw out the millions of dollars that are spent for the improvement of rivers and harbors along Lake Superior.

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The government engineer's office has frequently notified some of the employes to whom checks have been issued, that they must cash the same so that they will get back for cancelation. This has happened where persons who are regularly in Uncle Sam's employ, perhaps, do not immediately need the money and prefer to hold checks instead of getting the money and depositing it in some place for safekeeping.

In order to check that tendency, the engineer in charge now mails to each recipient of a threasury check a form of receipt for him to sign and return, and which contains the admonition that "government checks should be cashed promptly. One that is lost or destroyed cannot me duplicated until six months after date of issue, when bonds for double the amount must be furnished by the beneficiary."

Only last week Chief Clerk James Owen of Maj. Potter's office had to send out a special notice to a government employe residing not far from Duluth, that he had in his possession two checks for amounts totaling nearly $200, which were issued in the month of May a year ago and which had never been cashed.

It is related at the office of the local engineer that during Maj. Sears' administration there was one $2 check that caused an endless amount of bookkeeping for a period of three years, the time limit during which monthly reports have to be made of outstanding checks. One of the banks in St. Paul is said to have carried a balance of $2 for the entire three years for the express purpose of meeting the check, should it be presented.

The man to whom the check was issued could not remember whether he had lost it or whether he had got it cashed. If it was cashed the person or institution cashing it had not presented it for payment and the person to whom it was issued refused to go to the trouble for $2 of making out an application for a duplicate. The application for a duplicate check, in case one is lost or destroyed necessitates the applicant dealing with no end of "red tape," the form being such that the common expression "it would take a Philadelphia lawyer to fill it out" is especially pat. Even after the application is properly made out and sent in, the treasury department requires a wait of six months and then a bond just double the amount of money to be drawn out.

After three years, when a check has not been cashed and its outstanding has been noted from month to month on the reports of the engineer's office, it is dropped so far as the engineer is concerned, and the whole matter left to the treasury department, with whom the person holding the check must deal if he then attempts to get it cashed. After three years have elapsed the treasury department requires a considerable amount of "red tape" before it will cash an old check.

TRIED TO ESTABLISH A GERMAN REPUBLIC

William Wunderle, Who Kept a Shoe Repairing Shop In Old Superior, Has Had An Interesting Career.

Old residents at the Head of the Lakes will likely well remember Wm. Wunderle, who for many years kept a shoe repairing shop over in Old Town at Superior. Not that Mr. Wunderle has passed across the Great Divide is this written—for, on the contrary, he is very much alive despite his 80 years. The old saw says that "man's just as old as he feels." If Mr. Wunderle feels no older than he appears, he is a very young old man, indeed.

This young old man has lived at the Head of the Lakes since 1856 and can probably tell as much of the development of this part of the country from actual knowledge as any other living person. He has kept himself well posted and regardless of the encroachment of time still keeps posted on all public matters and likes to follow the progress of this part of the country in particular. He is well read and does not allow the accumaiition of years to prevent him from keeping up with the times. Unlike the cases of most men of advanced years, his reminiscences are not garruleus fancies, but are history in themselves. The subject of this sketch is one of the most interesting old men one would care to meet and to talk with him would be a posting upon matters of which the younger generations know nothing.

At present Mr. Wunderle is living with his son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. James Levins of 321 Third avenue west, but manages to get about in pleasant weather to see his friends.

One of the most interesting episodes of his career is the part he took in the movement to establish a German republic in 1848-9. Probably very few people outside of the class that studied history closely, even know that an attempt was made to establish a German republic, but such was the case at the time stated. Mr. Wunderle, who is a native of Baden, where the movement centered, was about 23 at the time and was much interested in it. Baden borders on the province of Alsace, which was then a province of France, but now belongs to Germany, having been taken by the Germans in the Franco-Prussian war. Baden also borders on Switzerland. At that time Switzerland was a republic as it now is, and France had just declared herself a republic. Naturally the people of Baden with their borders touching two republics discussed the question of republicanism, more or less. Germany was not an empire then as it is today, but was a miscellaneous collection of small kingdoms and duchies, bound together only by ties of blood.

Baden was ruled by a grand duke, whose subjects began to regard him as an expensive and unnecessary luxury as the workings of the two republican neighbors. Those of republican belief in the duchy began the systematic spread of the gospel of republicanism and succeeded in stirring up quite a general sentiment in favor of that type of government. The leaven in the loaf began to spread with the result that in 1848 the Deutscher Republique was proclaimed in Baden and a general uprising followed. Young Wunderle, who, with a few companions, had been working over in Alsace, went over to his native province, Baden, to try to help the republican movement along. For a few days it flourished and the grand duke fled. But neighboring kingdoms and duchies, well knowing that if republicanism took root in Baden, it was only a question of a short time until it would spread, sent over to Baden a great many troops and the uprising was nipped in the bud.

This was the cue for the leaders to fade from sight. Young Wunderle and his companions went back to Alsace and therefore could not be reached. The four leaders of the movement, Hecker, Streuve, Blindt and Bloom, sought to escape. Hecker came to America and died here a number of years later, Streuve went to the Scandinavian peninsula, but Blindt, who was a lieutenant in the Third Baden regiment, and Bloom, who was an Austrian, were captured and shot.

The following year, 1849, another attempt was made to establish a republic. It was agreed that if Baden would rise, a similar agitation would be started in Wurtemburg and Bavaria. However, when Baden did rise, she found herself alone, the other two kingdoms failing to make good. Troops were then sent into Baden again and the Prussians came in force putting down the revolution with no gentle hand and driving all of those who took part over into Alsace or Switzerland.

Thus ended all attempts to establish a German republic and probably few, indeed, of those who took part are still on earth. Mr. Wunderle recalls the events of that time vividly and finds a great deal of amusement in thinking over some of the occurrences of the time.

He came to America in 1851 and spent some time in New York and about three more years in Chicago. Then he came to the Head of the Lakes, settling in Old Town, where he went through the succession of booms and depressions which harrassed that little hamlet. He saw the settlements at the Head of the Lakes grow from hamlets of a few shacks to the cities which now form one of the most important commercial points of the world, and well remembers the time when the first organized movement was made to establish a town on this side of the bay. The vicissitudes and struggles of the two towns at the head of Lake Superior are not matters of hersay with him, but he can relate them from observation. His memory for detail is ramarkable and to those interested in the history of the Head of the Lakes, Mr. Wunderle will prove a gold mine.

A MIND-READING DOG CREATES A SENSATION

"Nonesuch," A Crookston Fox Terrier, Is a Wonder.

Peculiar Power of Discerning Thoughts of His Master.

Crookston, Minn., May 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—A mind reading dog, a 2-year-old fox terrier possessing marvelous mental faculties enabling it to read correctly the thoughts passing through the mind of its owner, Alderman Misner of the Crookston city council, has during the past few months created an enormous sensation throughout the Red River valley and the fame of the little animal has so spread among showmen of the country, because of the hitherto unheard of mental powers possessed by it, that its owner has during recent weeks been besieged with offers for its sale, or for its appearance in public. A Chicago vaudeville manager recently came here to investigate the reported wonderful achievements of the canine and so impressed was he with the mind reading work of the dog that he offered $500 per week for the appearance of the animal at his playhouse in the Windy City. The offer was refused, as Mr. Misner, the owner, is chairman of the poor commission in this city, quite wealthy and not desirous of getting into public gaze as the owner and manipulator of the only mind reading dog so far ever heard of in the world. Barnum & Bailey's and Ringling Bros. circuses have both made overtures for the canine but no deal for the wonderful little animal's sale has as yet been completed.

The dog, who is known as "None Such" in this city, has the peculiar power, wherever it came from of being able to discern the thoughts of his master. Not a single thought enters his master's mind, apparently, but it is immediately transmitted to the grey matter of the intelligent pup who immediately without any command or visible sign, shows his knowledge by doing whatever has been thought by his owner. An ordinary watch taken from an alderman at the city council chamber recently was opened and the numbers upon the works read by Mr. Misner to himself. The dog after the reading of the numbers by his owner was able, through his peculiar and altogether unheard of power of mind reading, to bark the required number of times to tell the number correctly. For instance the number was 37842 in one of the watches examined. Alderman Misner read the numbers over to himself and the dog immediately started out with three barks representive of the first number, then seven barks, then eight, then six, then four, then two, when he voluntarily ceased with a little nod to the assembled councilmen as if to say "That's correct."

Believers in mind telepathy, experts in hypnotism, and professors of mind research who have examined the wonderful little beast and watched his performance while under the spell of his master's mind are nonplussed at the dog's powers and as yet have been unable to account for the peculiar attraction between the minds of brute and human. One thing is certain they declare, however, and that is that there is some hitherto unheard of power possessed by the canine. When the dog is not "in a trance," not thinking as his master is, as it were, he is extremely stupid and inactive, lying dormant much the same as a hibernating snake in the winter months. As soon as he is within the spell of his master's mind, however, he is all activity, life and energy and presents an appearance altogether startling for a dog. It would almost seem, from his actions, as if he were a human being, incarnate; one who had been reduced to a lower world because of sins or transgressions, was doing penance for his sins in much the same manner as the ancients of whom "The Arabian Nights" speak so creepingly.

The dog has traits which are very agreeable to its owner, for instance, the door of Mr. Misner's home is open and a cold wind is blowing in upon him. He "thinks" I'll close that door and immediately, before he has had time to arise from his chair the little canine has deftly run to the opening and closed it with his tiny paws. The master "thinks" at bed time in the evening "We'll go to bed" and Nonesuch immediately, before his owner or any member of the family have time to turn around, walks off to his little corner in the cellar, going at once to sleep.

The dog has an awful aversion to falsehood of any kind for some reason or other, and many who are superstitious believe that the downfall of the human soul encased within the beast's body, if there ever was such a downfall as is described in "The Arabian Nights," was caused by deceit and lying. Mr. Misner, the dog's owner, has but to think of telling his wife a little white lie about where he spent the evening, how glad he is to see his mother-in-law or some kindred family matter, to set the dog in a "temper." Nonesuch will growl and grumble at the matter in such a certain set way of disapproval, that Mr. Misner always makes sure the little animal is not around when he thinks of a little white lie.

One of the most charming of the week's affairs was the double wedding anniversary of Dr. and Mrs. F. O. Sherwin and Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Sherwood, which was held last evening at the home of the former at Hunter's Park. The affair was in honor of the twenty-fifth or silver anniversary of the hosts. The rooms were prettily decorated, silver gray Florida moss being an especially attractive feature of the decorations. Yellow tulips were used in the parlors also and the diningroom was most beautiful with the table holding as a centerpiece, a basket of crimson tulips. Red shaded candles added to the beauty of the decoration.

Receiving were Dr. and Mrs. Sherwin, Miss Maud Sherwin, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Sherwood and Miss May Sherwood. Assisting about the rooms were Mrs. R. E. Denfeld, Mrs. J. C. Farles, Mrs. A. R. Macfarlane, Mrs. T. W. Hoopes, Mrs. David W. Stocking, Mrs. L. W. Kline, Mrs. S. T. Harrison, Mrs. James A. Ferguson and Mrs. Hugh Steele.

Dr. and Mrs. Sherwin were married at Lawler, Iowa, and the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Sherwood took place at Springfield, Ill. During the evening a large number called and Flaaten's orchesra played during the receiving hours.

* * *

The notices for the next cotillion by the Cotillion club have been sent to the members and the affair will take place Friday evening June 2 at the Lester Park pavilion. This club of forty young society people will add much to the gaiety of the summer season in Duluth with their charming cotillions given once each month.

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Mrs. C. A. d'Autremont was expected home today from a six month's trip abroad. Miss Antoinette d'Autremont will remain in Italy for the summer.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. G. G. Barnum and son, who have spent the last few months in Japan, are on their homeward way and are expected in Duluth within the next couple of weeks.

* * *

Mrs. Dickinson, Miss Dickinson and Master Ashley Dickinson returned the first of the week from California, wheer they spent the winter. Mrs. Sarah Ketchum is visiting at Seattle.

* * *

Mrs. A. M. Miller and Miss Berenice Crowley are in Italy at present and will return home the last of this month or the first of June.

* * *

The Assembly dance will be given Friday evening of next week, and the affair will be welcomed by an eager lot of society young people. The affair will be given as usual at the Spalding and will doubtless be one of the most beautiful of this season's parties, coming as it does in the beautiful spring weather when the brilliant society affairs are enjoyed with a particular zest.

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Carroll Graff is away on a month's Western trip.

* * *

Mrs. Giles Gilbert has returned from the West, where she was while her son, Frank Gilbert, was undergoing an operation for appendicitis. Mr. Gilbert has entirely recovered.

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Mrs. C. H. Farmer has returned from a week's visit with friends at Fergus Falls.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. M. H. Alworth and children have returned from Tarpon Springs, Fla., where they spent the winter.

* * *

Mrs. Henry H. Myers and son left yesterday morning for a short outing at Deerwood.

* * *

The Young Ladies' Card club will be entertained Monday afternoon by Mrs. William F. Quayle of 2107 East First street.

* * *

Mrs. Georg H. Crosby has returned from California, where she spent the winter.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Camille Poirier are entertaining Ernest Hanegan of New York.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. C. J. LeSure have returned from the West, where they spent the winter.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. August Fitger entertained most delightfully Tuesday evening at their home on East First street. The affair was in honor of the anniversary of Schiller's death and the evening was a most charming one. Mr. Fitger read an interesting paper on the great German and the poetry of Schiller was spoken of by Wilson G. Crosby. The drama of Schiller was spoken of by Rev. Harry White and music was contributed by Mrs. Marie Geist-Erd, Mrs. Emma L. Schmeid and Theodore Lammers. The affair was one of the most delightful of the week.

* * *

Mrs. J. L. Washburn will leave Monday for St. Paul to attend the meeting of the Fourth District Federation, which is to be held in that city on Tuesday.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Hartman and Miss Sybilla Hartman are at their summer home on the Point.

* * *

Mrs. George C. Howe has returned from her Mediterranean trip and is at the Spalding.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Mendenhall left the first of the week for Atica, Ill.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Mance left Thursday evening for New York.

* * *

Miss Marie Forbes, who has been ill at St. Luke's hospital, is now with her sister, Mrs. H. V. Eva of Hunter's Park.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. William E. Cleland returned during the week from their wedding trip.

* * *

Miss Elizabeth Silver, who was the guest of Miss Kathleen Watterworth for a few days, returned Tuesday to her home at St. Paul.

* * *

Mrs. T. K. Hicks and Miss Winnifred Hicks left Wednesday for New York, and sailed from there today for a year abroad.

* * *

Mrs. L. N. Case entertained at a charming little card reception last Saturday afternoon at her home at Lakeside. The rooms were prettily decorated in pink roses and ferns, and the score cards were most dainty. They were heart-shaped, the card being outlined with tiny pink roses, in water color. The card favors were won by Mrs. E. C. Little and Mrs. D. H. Williams. The guests were:

Mesdames—
H. C. Webster, D. M. Williams,
B. Howard, W. G. Joerns,
C. A. Prosser, D. A. Reed,
F. H. Barnard, W. H. Northmore,
L. P. Hall, E. C. Little,
A. H. Crassweller, C. E. Van Bergen,
A. H. Smith, W. C. Sargent,
J. C. Howard. H. W. Pearson.

Misses—
Kate Kingman, Agnes Kingman,
Blackmar, Owens,
Everest, Florence Halling.

* * *

Mrs. M. J. Mullin of 1032 East First street who has spent the last two months in Chicago returned the first of the week.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Owens left Thursday for a short visit at Chicago.

* * *

Mr. and Edward A. Silberstein of this city are in New York.

* * *

Mrs. Frank P. Nester left during the week for a visit at Chicago.

* * *

Mrs. John Logan of Nova Scotia was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. George Tupper of Woodland during the week.

* * *

Miss Mayme Balmer of 206 South Sixteenth avenue east left Tuesday for a visit with friends at Chamberlaine, S. D.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. William Burgess of East First street, are visiting at Deerwood.

* * *

One of the prettiest affairs of the week was the wedding of Miss Dorothy Nichols and John A. Tupper which took place Monday evening at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Fanny Nichols of 1427 East Third street. The wedding was a quiet home affair only the immediate friends being present for the ceremony which was followed by an informal reception. The rooms were prettily decorated in flowers and greens and the wedding party stood before a bank of palms and pink roses. The bride was attended by six little ribbon bearers who entered the parlors first. They were Rachael Hammell, Berna Willard, Eleanor Warner, Clara Green, Helen Smith and Mina Hay. They formed an aisle through which the bride passed with her mother who gave her away. The groom had no attendant. The service was read by Rev. John W. Powell, Jr., of the Endion Methodist church. The bride wore a pretty gown of white net trimmed with deep ecrue lace and carried bride's roses. Mr. and Mrs. Tupper left immediately for their new home at 1431 East Fourth street.

Among the out-of-town guests were: Mr. and Mrs. A. Nichols and daughter, Verna, of Haywood, Wis.; Mrs. John Logan, a sister of the groom, of Truro, N. S.; W. Wallace Wood, Millbank, S. D.; Harry Palmer, of Little Falls, Minn., and Miss Silver, of St. Paul.

* * *

Mrs. S. W. Clark of East Third street returned during the week from Faribault where she was called by the death of her mother.

* * *

Mrs. A. C. Farrer left during the week for Brainerd on a short business trip and from there she will go to Minneapolis and Chicago for a visit.

* * *

Mrs. Robert G. Dunlop returned the first of the week from a visit with her father in Indiana.

* * *

Mrs. J. Ransbottom and daughter, Stella, left during the week for Denver, Col., where they will spend the summer.

* * *

Miss Ruby Perry left the first of the week for a visit at Chicago.

* * *

Miss Lea and Minne Young have returned from a visit with their sister, Mrs. A. W. Lane of Fargo, N. D.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. C. L Kennedy are visiting in Chicago

* * *

Mrs. S. H. Boyer left Thursday for a visit at Minneapolis.

* * *

Mrs. William Wiehe was pleasantly surprised Friday afternoon at her home at West Duluth. Fifteen ladies were the guests.

* * *

Monday evening Fred Mattson was pleasantly surprised at his home at West Duluth. A delightful informal evening was spent. Those present were:

Misses—
Hilma Forsman, Nora Holt,
Pearl Ayott, Vivian Lybeck,
Mary Forsman, Pearl Holmes,
Ellen Rennell. Ruth Rennell.

Masters—
Arthur Mattson, Clifton Holmes,
Lester Whalen, George Mattson,
Victor Jacobson.

* * *

A delightful surpise party was given Thursday evening in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Herman Kalkbrenner, at their home, 313 East Fifth street. Cards were the amusement of the evening, and the hosts were presented with a beautiful chair. Those present were:

Messrs. and Mesdames—
H. Block, J. Patshkowski,
Anderson, Slychar,
J. D. Madigan, H. Berbig.
Mrs. Grunau.

Misses—
Lulu Madigan, Elma Gustafson,
Prudence Austin, Lilie Berbig.
Mabel Kraus, Augusta Mussahl.

Messrs.—
J. S. Thompson, F. Berbig.
F. Olson, F. Bowden.

* * *

A delightful surprise party was given Tuesday evening in honor of Miss Frances Campbell at her home, 32 Tenth avenue west. The affair was in honor of her 14th birthday, and the evening was a most delightful one. Those present were:

Misses—
Mabel Rich, Julia Kolbak,
Helen Littleworth, Louise Burthwide,
Mabel Saxon, Florence Wright,
Florence Campbell, Emma Anderson,
Susy Wright, Mabel Fix.
Ethel Streeter,

Masters—
George Frink, James Rich,
Earl Sayer, Edgar Johnson,
Louis Campbell, Will Drennan,
Albert Polssant, Victor Olson,
George Drennan, James Campbell.

* * *

The marriage of Miss Jessie McElwee and David Lipsett took place Wednesday morning at the parsonage of the First Methodist church. The service was read at 11 o'clock by Rev. Merton S. Rice. Mr. and Mrs. Lipsett left later in the week for Grand Rapids, Minn., where they will make their home.

* * *

The wedding of Miss Edna Hosking of Lawrence, Mich., and Edward J. Webb of Hibbing, took place in this city Tuesday at noon, at the parsonage of the First Methodist church. The service was read by Rev. John Calahan, and after the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. Webb left for Hibbing, where they will make their home.

* * *

A pretty home wedding took place Tuesday afternoon, when Miss Magdaline Wittrop and Dudley Ralph Appleman were married at the home of John C. Wittrop of 1021 West Second street. The service was read at 1:30 o'clock by Rev. Alexander Milne, and a wedding breakfast was served after the ceremony. The bride was attended by Miss Caroline Schmaltz, and the best man was John Clayton. Mr. and Mrs. Appleman left for a Southern wedding trip, and will return to Eau Claire, where they will be at home.

* * *

Mrs. Charles B. Nunan entertained at a pretty luncheon last Saturday at her home, 330 North Twenty-fifth avenue west. The guest of honor was Mrs. Willard Lincoln, who is to make her home at Staples, Minn. The guests were:

Mesdames—
W. Chisholm, Goodman,
Emerson, A. Mullough,
J. O'Brien, Watson,
Baxter, H. R. Armstrong.
E. Wood.

* * *

A delightful surprise party was given last Saturday evening in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Willard Lincoln, who will leave soon to make their home at Staples, Minn. Those present were:

Messrs. and Mesdames—
J. A. Goodman, A. Mentzer,
A. A. Brewer, T. Bardsley,
G. H. Craig, C. P. Cunliff,
G. F. Watson, Charles Emerson,
F. G. Clayton, J. A. Cullen,
H. H. Scoble, E. Lostrum,
A. G. Thompson, A. Anderson,
George Morton, F. B. Thomas,
P. W. Dunlap, Sands Van Wagoner.
J. M. Grimms,
George Fonsey, William McQuinn.
A. C. Farrar, W. Thompson,
C. A. Brewer, J. A. Marshall,
William Cule, C. G. Sunlay.

Messrs.—
C. E. Ellman, P. Hughes.

* * *

Mrs. C. Bailey of West Duluth, had as her guest the first of the week her mother, Mrs. Ehmilham of St. Paul. They left the last of the week for St. Paul.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Rudd were pleasantly surprised Wednesday evening at their home, 225 West Fifth street. Games and music made the evening a delightful one. Prizes were won by Miss Minnie Haller, Mrs. C. A. Peterson and Mr. Lovett and P. N. Brick. Those present were:

Messrs. and Mesdames—
G. Parker, O. Haller,
F. M. Scott, W. Cragen.
H. E. Krantz,

Mesdames—
M. Grube, A. Fraser.
C. A. Peterson,

Misses—
Dolly Nole, Lena Grube,
Mathilde Grube, Minnie Haller.
Mary Brick,

Messrs.—
Lovett, P. N. Brick,
M. J. Haller, J. Haller.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Abraham, formerly of Superior, have moved to Duluth and are at home at 1430 East First street.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Julius Peterson of Nye, Wis., who were the guests of their daughter, Mrs. C. T. Johnson of West Duluth, left the first of the week for their home.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Sweet of West Duluth spent the first of the week in St. Paul.

* * *

Word was received in West Duluth during the week of the marriage of Miss Lois Victoria Usina of St. Augustine, Col., and George F. O'Brien, formerly of West Duluth. The wedding took place May 3, at the bride's home, and Mr. and Mrs. O'Brien will make their home in Waterloo, Iowa.

* * *

Mrs. Reiner Hoch entertained at a pretty luncheon Friday in honor of her cousin, Mrs. Henry Mueller of Butte, Mont. The table decorations were in green and white. The guests were:

Mesdames—
C. B. Nunan, H. Armstrong,
W. Chisholm, H. Mueller,
T. Mahon, M. A. Fedji,
A. McCullough, Baxter,
Max Wirth, P. Riley,
H. Saddler, C. Baxter,
H. Shay, Crawford,
O. J. Hunt, J. Dumphy.

* * *

Wednesday evening a number of friends pleasantly surprised Mrs. J. A. F. Griffiths at the home of her sister, Mrs. G. Broullette on Park Point and passed a delightful evening in music and games. Those present were:

Messrs. and Mesdames—
Joseph Burdash, William Lawrence.
Tim Burdash, Mrs. P. La Salle,
J. L. Goloz, Miss Lena La Salle,
Emil Borth, Mr. Joseph Broullette.
Henry Deroche,
S. St. Dinnis,

* * *

A delightful surprise party was given Tuesday evening in honor of Miss Rita Hunt at her home, 1831 West Fourth street. A pleasant informal evening was spent. Those present were:

Misses—
Alice Forsell, Alice Anderson.
Hilda Traff, Edith Nordstrom.
Edith Johnson,

Masters—
Alex McCrae, Herman Foss.
Norman Jensen, Charles Johnson.
Victor Johnson,

* * *

A delightful dancing party was given Thursday evening by the Webster employes. The affair was a most pleasant one in spite of the inclement weather and a large number of guests were present. The hall was prettily decorated in red, white and blue. The committee in charge of the affair were Misses May Anderson, Maud Marron, Mrs. L. Blanchard and the Misses Wendtlant, and the floor committee was in charge of Charles Hanson.

CLUBS AND MUSICAL

A piano recital will be given next Friday evening by the pupils of Miss Mabel Fulton at her home on Fourth avenue west. The program is as follows:

"Lutspiel Overture"..... ..Keler Bela
Piano I.—Ida Broman, Millie Fisher.
Piano II.—Eva Randall, Myrtle Perry.
"Springtime"..... .....Carreno
Katie Bethune.
"Simple Aveu"..... .....Thome
Piano I.—Clara Sutton.
Piano II.—Jennie Olson.
"Le Papillion"..... .....Lavallee
Martha Sanders.
"Cavalry Ride"..... .....Spindler
Piano I.—Marie Seaman.
Piano II.—Lilly Johnson.
"Sunrise"..... .....J. N. Pattison
Eva Baker.
(a)—Valse Danser"..... .....Godard
(b)—"Song Without Words"....Haizel
Ellen Messier.
"Loreley"..... .....Seeling
Esther Anderson.
"Valse in E Flat".....Durand
Piano I.—Martha Sanders.
Piano II.—Matilda Landfald.
"Polka de Concert"..... .....Bartlett
Ida Broman.
"Ballet of the Birds" ..R. M. Stults
"Bubbling Spring" ..Julie Rive-King
Pauline Saloni.
"Grand Concert March'. .Wollenhaupt
Piano I.—Ellen Messler, Lena Max.
Piano II.—Eva Baker, Gertrude Smith.
"Rustle of Spring"..... .....Sinding
Millie Fisher.
"March Triumphale"..... .....Goria
Piano I.—Ida Broman.
Piano II.—Esther Anderson.

* * *

A delightful meeting of the Cecilian society, which was reorganized last month, was held Monday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Mark Baldwin on East Second street. The program was a most interesting one and numbers were contributed by Miss Isabel Pearson, Mrs. C. P. Craig, Mrs. K. A. Ostergren, Mrs. C. H. Thornton, Emily Ellis Woodward, Mrs. C. F. Sheldon, Miss Grayce Turner and Miss Clara Stocker.

* * *

More interest is attached to the coming of the Pittsburg orchestra under the direction of Emil Paur with Mme. Johanna Gadski than any other of the spring musical events. Many Duluth music lovers are delighted at the opportunity they will have of hearing this famous orchestra at the Lyceum, Monday evening, May 22.

There is perhaps no name which stands today for so much of fulfillment and of promise in the vocal art as does that of Johanna Gadski. Unlike the other great singers, Madame Gadski is young. Her voice has still the bloom of youth upon it, while her art, none can gainsay, has all the ripeness of maturity. Still in her early thirties, Madame Gadski is one of the greatest dramatic sopranos of her day. A half dozen years ago, then but a girl, the soprano left her home in Germany to come to America. Her voice had received careful cultivation and its velvet quality, its remarkable flexibility and its great volume, placed its owner almost at once among the most popular singers upon the operatic stage. She has risen steadily in favor with the New York public, until last winter the Gadski nights were among the most fashionable of the operatic season. Year before last her Aida was one of the great things of the season; last winter it was her Brunnhilde which captivated. She was the woman-goddess incarnate and the brilliancy of her voice and its warmth in the love passages made her interpretation of the role unrivalled in its strength. She will sing some of her strongest Wagnerian numbers as soloist for the Pittsburg orchestra.

* * *

The year book of the Twentieth Century club will be sent to the printers early in the week and will doubtless be issued to the members the latter part of next week. The printing committee have worked most faithfully since the closing of the year's work and the year book will be in the hands of the members at an early date. Any members who have changed their address since last spring are requested to send their present address to the chairman of the committee, Mrs. J. H. Crowley.

* * *

A May musicale will be given next Friday evening by the Altrurian club of Pilgrim Congregational church, assisted by the choir of the church. The orchestra of the club, under the direction of Mrs. Carl Sheldon, will appear in the first concert work at this time, and great interest is shown in its initial effort in concert work, for the orchestra has done very creditable work in its other efforts. The chorus will be under the direction of Emily Ellis Woodward, and the chorus, "Fling Wide the Gates," from "The Cruxification," will be sung by request. The following is the program:

"Hypatia" Overture .. ..Lampe
Orchestra.
Bridal Chorus, from "The Rose Maiden" .. ..Cowen
Chorus.
a. "Lend Me Your Aid" .....Gounod
b. "Her Portrait" .. ..Schubert
c. "The Minstrel Boy" .. ..Shelley
John Martin.
a. Sextette from "Lucia".....Donizetti
b. Quartet from "Rigolietto"....Verdi
Orchestra.
"Fling Wide the Gates" .. ..
.. ..Sir John Stainer
Chorus.
"Souvenir de Haydn" .. ..Leonard
Mrs. Carl Sheldon.
"The Cadiz Maids" .. ..Delides
Emily Ellis Woodward.
"The Peasants' March"....Sodermann
Chorus.
a. "Where'er You Walk".....Handel
b. "Two Hungarian Folk-Songs"..
.. ..Handel
John Martin.
Recollections from "Tannhauser"..
.. ..Wagner
Orchestra.

* * *

A piano recital will be given by the pupils of Louis LaSalle at Columbia hall next Friday evening, May 19. The pupils will be assisted by Miss Hazel Harris of Superior and Miss Effie Brotherton. The following is the program:

Duet—"Christmas Bells".... ..Kohler
Della Avery Taylor.
"The Dragon Flies" .. ..Fischer
Selestia Sequin.
"Call of the Posthorn"..... .....Behr
Bernice Sewrey.
Song—"Snow Flakes" .. ..Cowens
Miss Hazel Harris.
"General Boom Boom"..... .....Poldini
Tenie Bannen.
"Barcarolle"..... .....Ashford
Della Taylor.
"Spring"..... ....Lichner
Alexandria Beaujolis.
Reading—"The Blacksmith's Story"
....Frank Olin
Miss Effie Brotherton.
"On Horseback"..... .....Lange
Bessie O'Brien.
"The Mill".. ....Von Wilm
Ruth Wallinder.
"Valse".. .. ..Durand
Esther Wallinder.
Song—"Within a Mile of Edinboro (Scotch).. ....
Miss Hazel Harris.
"Innocence" .. ..Maxim
George Wilton.
"Second Valse"..... .....Goddard
Anna Becotte.
Reading—"Mrs. Casey's Neighbors"
....Capwell
Miss Effie Brotherton.
"Translation of a German Folk Song".... ....Smith
Vesta Randall.
"Du Libellen"..... .....Fischer
Hannah Olsen.

"Kayser"
PATENT FINGER TIPPED
SILK GLOVES
A guarantee ticket with every pair.
All shades and styles
LOOK IN THE HEM
Kayser
The merchant who says he has "JUST AS GOOD" as the "KAYSER" has a reason.
THE KIND THAT DON'T WEAR OUT
at the finger ends. If you find the name Kayser you have the genuine, unquestionably the best silk glove ever made.

A SLIP OF THE TONGUE

By Kennett Harris.

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The night was bitter cold. It was an unpleasant night altogether to be out in, for the wind intensified the raw chill in the air and carried with it sharp particles of sleet that drove into the face and stung. Then, too, the branches of the trees overhead swayed ominously, and it seemed that their creaking might at any moment be succeeded by the sharp crack of rent timber, and flying oak branches are hard to dodge in the dark. Instinctively the man in the fur coat moved closer into the shelter of one of the brick buttresses of the high walls. He had heard of such things as "judgments."

"But they don't happen nowadays," he said to himself with a laugh. "Transgressors are too thick, and half of our best people would be killed off."

With this reassuring reflection he moved out from the wall to where he could get a better view of a light that burned brightly in a corner of the black shadowy bulk of a house at the end of the avenue. Then he looked at his watch by the glow of a cigarette that he was smoking. "Five minutes more to the appointed time," he muttered "—and the Lord knows how much longer after that. I'm too ardent. I suppose when I've done this a few more times I shall get hardened and make the lady wait. She ought to take this as a test of devotion at least."

He shivered and drew his coat collar closer about him and then began to pace rapidly up and down, keeping well in the dense shadow of the wall, however, and avoiding the gravel of the driveway.

"I feel like a burglar," he murmured as the distant sound of a man's voice sent him back against the wall. "Perhaps a sneak-thief would describe me better. I imagine old Cauley won't think that's any too harsh an appellation. I wonder how he'll take it! Philosophically, I hope. It would be foolish to make a fuss about it. I guess that was somebody passing along the road.

"I don't know that anybody could blame me," he resumed, after listening until the voices and footsteps had died away. "She's pretty enough to tempt anybody, if that were all, and then—well I'm not sure that I really meant it when I asked her to cut loose. Anyway, I didn't think she would take me up so quick. Who'd have thought that there was so much of the devil under that saintly exterior? And now it's come to this!"

He looked at the light which still shone out boldly, unblinkingly. "That means she's still there," he said. "Perhaps it hasn't come to this. It doesn't seem possible, really. I heard Canby say that he knew positively she hadn't missed a church service in her life. She's president of Tenthly's Mission Aid and she wouldn't call on Mrs. Pemberton because she is a Universalist. I wonder what you're thinking of, up there, my lady!"

He lit a fresh cigarette, cautiously, and again looked at his watch. "Five minutes past the time now," he said. "Perhaps she's thought better of it. And now the clouds are blowing over and the moon will be out the next thing. I'll look up an almanac next time. But there won't be any next time. If she doesn't come and—"

The light he was staring at was suddenly extinguished and he gave a gasping sigh and threw away his cigarette. "She's coming, all right," he said.

The clouds were now scattering fast and the moon shone dimly forth between the rifts from time to time. Still the wall was in a shadow and in that shadow the man waited until, through the trees that skirted the driveway a slight female figure hurried toward him and at his low whistle ran, threw herself into his arms and clung to him.

"Poor fellow," she whispered, presently, extracting herself from his embrace. "You must be frozen. Your face is like ice. How long have you waited."

"Hours," he whispered back, and, at her amazed look: "Well, perhaps not more than half an hour, but any time seems long away from you, dearest and fairest."

"You shouldn't exaggerate," she said, in tones of gentle reproof. Then: "Shall we go? Take this bag."

"What is in it?" he asked as he took a tiny leather satchel from her hand.

"My jewels."

"His jewels," said the man, stopping short. "Mildred, I don't want you to bring these with you."

"Don't be absurd," said the woman. "They're not his, they're mine, he gave them to me. Come let's go!" She forced the satchel upon him and taking his arm urged him forward to a side gate in the wall, which she unbolted and opened. They passed out into a lane, from the end of which came the quick throbbing sound of a stationary motor car.

"Are you well wrapped?" asked the man, solicitously, yet coldly.

Without answering she checked him, and, throwing her arms about his neck, forced his head down to hers. She was laughing. "Oh, but you are silly!" she said. "Are you going to kiss me?"

He drew her to him, passionately, and for a few moments they stood locked in a close embrace. At last she pushed him away and taking his arm again hurried him on. When the motor car was reached they stopped and the man spoke in an undertone to the chauffeur, who nodded, without looking around.

"Come," said the man, grasping the handle of the tonneau door and attempting to turn it. "What's the matter with the thing? he exclaimed, as it resisted his efforts. "Oh, d——n it!"

The handle had snapped in his hand. "D——n it!" he said again, and in his nervous excitement shook the door. To his amazement it swung open. The handle had already been turned. He laughed and then extended his hand to help the woman in.

But the woman was hastening back to the gate.

He ran and overtook her. "Mildred!" he cried, wonderingly. "What is it?" For her face was set in an expression of chill displeasure and she shook off the hand with which he strove to detain her.

"Tell me," he begged. "What is the matter?"

She neither replied nor slackened her pace.

"I shall not stop you if you have decided not to come with me," he panted. "But you must—now."

She turned on him and he was silent before the horror and accusation in her blue eyes.

"You swore," she said in a shocked voice. "You swore." Then her eyes fell on the little bag he still carried. "Give it to me," she said, and snatched it from him. He stood astonished as she fumbled at the latch of the gates, which the next instant closed in his face with a bang. He heard the bolt on the inside shoot back into its socket.

Two minutes later a motor car shot down the lane at an ordinance-defying speed, it's horn tooting madly, and between the blasts of the horn bursts of hyena laughter profaned the solemn stillness of the night.

Room mouldings and plate rails, Decker's, 16 Second avenue west.

"BERGLIOT" IS A GREAT POEM

To Be Read May 17 By Marie Falk-Gjertsen.

The poem "Bergliot," by Bjornson, which will be read by Marie Falk-Gjertsen of Minneapolis at the festival at Steinway hall next Wednesday night, under the auspices of the local lodge of the Sons of Norway, is one of the greatest literary productions of the whole Scandinavian literature. It treats of a most stirring period in Norwegian history, when King Harold Hardrada of Stanford bridge fame had become jealous of the power and influence of Elnar Tambarskjelve (mentioned in Longfellow's "Wayside Inn Tales"), a hereditary chief with a large following. The king invites him to a conference, where he treacherously slays the old chief, with his only son, Elndride. Elner's wife, Bergliot, who was left behind at the inn, hears and sees the tumult consequent upon th murder, and hastens to the Thing place, where she sees Harold and his men fleeing down the river. Grieg's melodramatic musical setting is masterly and stirring in the extreme.

Of Miss Gjertsen's rendition of the poem the Minneapolis Times says:

"The principal number of last night's program was Bjornson's poem, 'Bergliot,' with Grieg's musical setting, which was given by Miss Falk-Gjertsen, with Mr. Fischer at the piano. This was the first presentation of the work in this country. Last summer Grieg gave it in London with marked success. Without the least suspicion of ranting, Miss Gjertsen gave a strong and vivid reading of the poem. Her voice is strong, rich and warm in color, with that thrill in it that shows genuine feeling. Her gestures and facial expression made the meaning of the poem clear even to those who could not understand the Norwegian language. She is especially adapted to broad, dramatic works, both temperamentally and vocally. The music is impressive with the somber, mournful spirit of the poem, and closely follows the words."

MARIE FALK GJERSTEN, Dramatic Reader.

Besides the reading of "Bergliot" and other national poems, Gerard Tonning has prepared a fine musical program, comprising numbers by the most Norwegian of all Norwegian composers, Edward Grieg, and is assisted by the Beethoven club, composed of F. G. Bradbury, violin; Mrs. Marie Geist, 'cello, and Gerard Tonning, piano. The principal speaker will be Dr. J. M. O. Tufty. The program is as follows:

"Peer Gynt" suite .....Grieg
a "Morning."
b "Anibra's Dance."
Beethoven Club.
"Bergliot," poem by Bjornson.....
Music by Grieg.
Marie Falk-Gjertsen.
'Cello solo—"Abendstern" .....Wagner
Mrs. Geist Erd.
Speech ....
Dr. J. M. O. Tufty.
Norwegian Dance scene .....Grieg
Beethoven Club.
"The Cooking School" (humorous)....
Marie Falk-Gjertsen.
Violin solo—Sonata op. 45 (two movements) .....Grieg
Mr. and Mrs. Bradbury.
Norwegian Dances ....Grieg
Beethoven Club.

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To June Bride

DAINTY SUMMER MATINEE.

EVENING GOWN OF CREPE AND RIBBON-RUCHED LACE

THE BRIDE and her MAID of HONOR.

EXTREME MODE IN STREET COSTUME.

A PARISIAN PEIGNOIR

FOR A SUMMER DAY'S OUTING

Some Fashionable Features of the New Summer Toilettes.

Dainty Summer Matinee.

A dainty pink crepe de chine is used for this matinee, which is all hand made. The top is bloused, and the fitting accomplished with rows of shirring around the waist, this extending for some four or five inches up. The neck is cut out round, and a deep capelike collar of the crepe with fancy incrustations of fine tucks and lace falls well over the curve of the shoulder. The sleeve has a fitted cap, and to this an extremely full circular ruffle, matching the cape collar in construction and design, this failing almost to the hand. A very full basque is shirred on at the waistline, the lace entre-deux and edging finishing this likewise. A little rosette of ribbon with shower ends making a dainty finish at the throat.

Evening Gown of Crepe and Ribbon-ruched Lace.

These extremely fine and sheer Chinese crepes are in the highest vogue for evening wear, and being sheer as chiffon take up an amazing amount of material to accomplish even the simplest designs. The charming evening frock pictured shows this crepe in the palest shade of blue, that which Paris knows as claire de lune, or moonlight blue. A very fine meshed Chantilly lace is dyed to the exact tint of the crepe, as is also the ribbon, which is used with a lavish hand for ruching the scalloped edge of the lace throughout. The corsage is cut out moderately at the neck, following a square line, the lace being here inset with spangles of nacre or mother of pearl, and the spangled motifs that are inlaid at intervals are fringed in pearl beads. This lace forms the top of the bodice, the crepe being felled on to this and dropping with quite a little bunchiness—that is, for the present styles—into the belt of satin ribbon that is overlaid with spangled lace. The skirt has the top laid in knife or side plents, these opening out a trifle to the knee, where the ribbon-ruched lace makes a border for a shirred flounce of crepe that is finished at the foot with a similar band applied in flounce fashion. The skirt just barely touches on the front and sides and drops in a graceful, but short, train in the back.

Extreme Mode in Street Costume.

For a street or a smart traveling gown this dainty confection in a framboise or raspberry red silk-warp henrietta possesses much to commend it. The bodice is arranged after the novel coat style, this giving a semblance of blouse and jacket, while really there is but the one garment. A bebe Irish crochet makes a collar and round yoke, the former being edged with velvet of the framboise tint, which trims the entire costume. The bolero is built out over the shoulder in sleeveless fashion, both sleeve and the very deep ceinture being arranged upon the lining, to which the bolero is but tacked. The sleeve shows a double puff separated by an upflaring cuff to the elbow, and a series of small puffs with bread shirrings between the wrist. The skirt is plain in front, sides and back, following double, or tunic, lines, each showing forward turning plents stitched down for some inches, and the entire costume is banded on every edge with velvet ribbon, to which velvet-covered little buttons are attached with a silk soutache loop. The effect is simple, but the richness of the coloring makes it modish in the extreme.

For a Summer Day's Outing.

There are sure to be cool days in the summer when a jaunty little silken coat will add just that finishing touch to the toilette that is so much admired. A very soft shade of willow green taffeta fashions the coat—a green that accords well with the hand-embroidered linen etamine gown in white, that odd shade of white which is known as blanc de neelle, or string white. The little coat expresses the extreme of the modish godet design, being smoothly setting over the shoulders and rippling in godet folds from there to just over the curve of the hip. Cut out at the throat for coolness, there is a broad collar over the shoulders and a little vest effect in front of irish crochet, little half-moon rosettes of the silk spaced across the front. The sleeve is very full and puffy in the upper part, and will accommodate a fluffy dress sleeve without crushing, while the cuff is simply a rounded turnover design with a lace-edged lingerie cuff beneath. The parasol represents the latest idea in the Directoire style, with its fanciful appliques of black lace on the white silken background, and the long white enameled handle with a fluffy rosette of silk half-way down.

A Parisian Peignoir.

The Parisienne is muchly given to those dainty peignoirs constructed of sheer batiste, handkerchief linen and other semi-transparent materials of the lingerie order, these to be worn over an underslip of colored China silk or crepe de chine. Of such character is the dainty garment illustrated, in which a sheer irish handkerchief linen is trimmed with quantities of German Valenciennes lace of rather a heavy pattern. The entire garment is constructed by hand, as is the underslip in pale blue China silk which follows the same lines. The extreme of the godet cut is followed, the only semblance of fit being at the shoulders, and the gown widening out in circular lines from there to the feet. A very deep collar of the linen and lace covers the shoulders, falling well over the lace-trimmed, umbrella sleeve, and disposed in jabot fashion down the front to beyond the waist line. A shirred flounce, lace trimmed is used as a finish at the end, this headed with a group of handrun tucks. A broad sash of lustrous louisine ribbon is tied carelessly around the waist to confine the full folds of the gown.

ALTHOUGH there be some brides who are plucky enough to throw superstition to the winds and be married in May, these are in the very small minority, and the month of roses is selected by the average girl.

The question of the trousseau is the all-important one, and, doubtless, the long days of Lent have been put to good purpose in shopping tours, consultations with the couturiere, designing and planning.

One thing is sure beyond doubt or cavil, and that is that the bride to be of today does not harass herself and torture her friends in the collection of an enormous trousseau. Wise enough to know, she realizes that the fashions follow each other so quickly that what is modish enough at the time of her wedding will be utterly out of date by the time she has returned from her honeymoon—that is, if she take the fashionably extended one of pretty nearly a year.

Almost the first thing thought of is the lingerie, and of this only a supply is purchased that shall last over a year. Some half a dozen of each is considered a great plenty, as our Southern cousins say, and when the bride is at all tall and of generous proportions those dainty French combination garments are as likely as not to be selected. The combination corset cover and pantalon, the one that has a deft pocket inserted in the armhole for the dress shield, is an excellent selection, fitting more needs than one, and economizing space in packing as well as in laundry bills.

The next, and really the supreme consideration, is the wedding gowns, the bridal robe. Where the family is one that has been wealthy for several generations there are sure to be handsome laces in the mother's or grandmother's corbeille, and these are used to drape and adorn the sheer, supple gown of white crepe de chine, chiffon, lustrous silk or soft, sheeny satin.

La mode souple, as they term it abroad, is the one that rules supreme. Everything must have that soft and graceful "flou" to it, which may be taken to mean that the highest of the dressmaker's skill will be required. The high neck and the long sleeve characterize the Parisian bridal gown, and even where the ceremony—whether a home or a church one—is in the evening, this same style will prevail. Some recent gowns, though, show the elbow sleeve in conjunction with the high neck, this latter being of lace, unlined save for a backing of sheer chiffon.

The bride of today does not consider herself fully attired until the veil shall have been pinned into position. The question of coiffure is one of extreme importance in her appearance; and no matter what the style in which she is accustomed to wear her hair the veil should be tried on with several different coiffures, and the best and most becoming of the lot accepted. After the hair has been waved and dressed, and the coiffure net adjusted, then the veil is pinned on, fancy pins—jeweled ones for choice—being used to hold it to the hair.

The long veil that comes exactly to the tip of the train is the one now most in use, and there are exquisite ones in Brussels point with a deep border all around and the center sprigged with little bouquets after the characteristic fashion, the cost of which will run into five figures. Just as becoming, and assuredly far less costly is the simple one of tulle or bridal veil, as the heavier mesh is called; and between these two extremes there are any number of laces exquisitely adapted to this use.

The bridal gown is nowadays cut with a medium train, the extremely long or court train being considered somewhat passe. The skirt must just barely touch the ground all around on the front and sides, leaving free passage for the foot, for the bride to stumble on her way to or from the altar is the extreme of bad luck, according to the old superstition. Indeed, it is positively ludicrous to find how far superstition holds sway in connection with weddings; and many of the best couturieres of France will not permit the bride to be to try on her wedding gown all finished, for fear it may bring her bad luck.

A recent bride, one whose family is allied to royalty, went to the altar wearing a gown of the most exquisitely embroidered crepe de chine. This was of princesse cut, the yoke, sleeves and the fan-shaped pleats in the skirt being all of the real Devonshire Honiton point, a lace that is seen only all too seldom nowadays, the art of its making having become limited to a few families. The double width crepe was used as foundation for the embroideries, and the entire scheme of needlework was outlined in pearls, all the flower petals being filled in solid in seed pearls, while festoons of the same hung in graceful folds as a part of the design. The white satin shoes were embroidered in pearls to correspond, while the white silk stockings were elaborately inset with motifs of the Honiton point in panel shape all up the front of the foot and instep.

Charming Developments in the Bretelle Style.

The bretelle style is being variously developed in the materials most suited to the season. So far from the straight straps being followed, it is the most intricate interlacing of straps that appears to have caught the fashionable fancy. Some of them have a short half sleeve, below which the sleeve of the blouse peeps out, while others are content with just a suggestion of an epaulette or other shoulder trimming. The sashes, girdles or ceintures, or whatever one chooses to term them, are as variously fashioned as are the bretelles. Some are just merely a two-inch plain strap belt, while others are built upon featherbone foundations to the semblance of a corselet that clings closely to the lines of the figure. Betwixt and between these two extremes there are many charming developments of the mode, and even though it may be a trifle overdone, some late novelty is sure to be received enthusiastically.

Frocks for the Summer Tour.

The Bride's Traveling Gown—Some Clever Combinations—Luncheon and Afternoon Toilettes—The Question of Hats.

What used to be known as the bride's going away gown—today more euphoniously known as her traveling costume—is, after the bridal toilette the most important in the category.

Just when and where the wedding journey is to be taken must go far to decide the bride just as to what she shall order. So many honeymoons are passed on automobile tours nowadays, on trips to Europe and elsewhere, that the wearing possibilities of the costume must be the first consideration. What behooves it that the gown has started out fresh and spick and span new if, after the lapse of a couple of weeks it looks fit for nothing so much as the rag bag?

Gray used to be the color par excellence in which to make a wedding trip; but since every little Mrs. Junebride tries to put on the airs and the settled calmness and assurance that belong by right only to Mrs. Golden Wedding, every color in the catalogue—save and except only black—is considered suitable.

There is quite a run on all of the new blues—they are known to the textile trade as the "old" blues, paradoxically enough—those of dull, soft coloring, just the tint that one sees in old Sevres china and in the old mandarin blue linens. These in the soft, silky mohairs are simply ideal for the summer traveling gown, and when made up after the latest mode—the one that favors the cont bodice, and with which the lingerie blouse may or may not be worn, its presence or absence making not the slightest difference in the set or the effect of the gown.

The regulation tailor-mades, those with the correct tailored cont and skirt are always en regle; but in these the skirt must be extremely full, preferably pleated, and cut so as to display the smart shiny black shoe. The Parisienne elegante is ordering her short skirts a full four inches off the ground—but then that same Parisienne was always more than vain of her ankles! And her footwear is the product of much thought and planning.

Since space is quite an important point in packing for a jaunt, no matter how brief or how protracted, the possibilities of a gown in packing should be taken into consideration. What so pathetic as a befrilled and beruffled frock that plainly shows traces of its late confined quarters disporting itself in the dining-room of a smart hotel?

For luncheon and afternoon affairs the walk, the drive, visiting or what not, there are some charming costumes in taffetas. The very latest things in these are the ombre silks, soft and sheer as chiffon, and shaded in several colorings from one side to the other. Perhaps there is a tiny invisible check woven in on the changeable background, while over this polka dots, discs, lozenges and other devices appear in raised velvet or brocaded pastilles. A very charming one of this character was seen the other day at Rouff's, on the Boulevard Malesherbes. The silk shaded from a somewhat warm mauve on one side through lilac and lavender into a faint tender green, and then into the bronze browns on the other selvedge. Over this there was a design in scattered coin spots, about as large as a dime, of dark green velvet. The skirt was entirely ungored, just the plain, straight breadths that our grandmothers knew, but they were cunningly disposed in side plents all arounds the waistbands and bias bands, each one edged with a quaint quilling of the silk overlaid with lace, edged each fold. These were spaced from knee to hem, and just a faint suspicion of crinoline was observable when the model walked.

The bodice to this was really a lace blouse, with sash straps of silk starting from the armholes, crossing on the bust and brought around to tie in the back in a long sash, the ends of which touched the hem of the skirt. These sash ends are bordered with the lace laid quilling to match the folds on the skirt, and the sleeves are similarly trimmed below the somewhat scant shoulder puff.

For dinner wear there are charming creations in chiffon, in the so-called painted mousselines they are really only an exquisite printed chiffon, after all; but are exact copies of the painted frocks that the belles of a century or so ago used to wear. A moderately square neck is most generally the cut for the decollete bodice and skirt are both as full as can be accomplished without making the wearer look as though she were bundled up in material.

Then, for those little accessories, those necessities which one needs all day and every day and all the time. One must include a full supply of shoe ribbons—the old-time silk laces are not used any more—for the smart shiny black shoes, for colored shoes are a nuisance when traveling. Handkerchiefs are usually abundantly thought of, but dress shields are only too often forgotten. Hangers for the coats and frocks, too, should be put in the trunk, and an abundance of tissue paper for packing and repacking one's best possessions when moving from place to place.

The Bride and Her Maid of Honor.

The bride is robed in a gown of duchesse point, with Brussels applique motifs enframed at intervals in the design, and this is mounted over white chiffon on a foundation of white satin liberty. The lace robe is one of those which are made circular in one piece, the lace falling in rich folds and unbroken lines from waist to hem, and the chiffon and satin are cut exactly to match. In this instance the bodice follows the modish bolero lines, being mounted upon a fitted corsage of the satin, this showing between the front lines of the bolero after the fashion of a vest. The skirt is plain and simple, the foundation slip being furnished with a Paquin flounce (haircloth) covered with tiny ruffles of chiffon, this to support the lines of the train over which the long folds of the veil hang in artistic profusion. The sleeve is long and plain, and the neck cut high. The exquisite bridal veil is fashioned of a Brussels applique, the border matching the robe in design, and the center sparsely sprigged with the little bouquets characteristic of the Brussels designs.

The maid of honor's gown is in white one-seam crepe de chine, the double width cutting to advantage in the manifold tucks and ruchings of this design. The corsage is of white chantilly lace, with an embrelle sleeve in plisse and lace-edged chiffon. The skirt is laid in plaited tucks for the upper part, an entre-deux of lace heading a band of shirred crosswise tucks, and the deep flounce which finishes the skirt is set in tucks that are released above the deep folds that make a smart finish. A paneled effect is attained in incrustations of the lace, which is put on in a deep scalloped border over the flounce.

THE CRAZE FOR EYELETTING.

The craze for eyeletting and openwork seems to have struck the summer footwear. Some extremely smart shoes in a brilliant black patent kid are shown with the entire vamp cut into crosswise lattice work, through which the plain and sheer silk stocking gleams. The latest manifestation of Dame Fashion calls for this shiny black footwear and a sheer silk stocking that shall match the color of the gown. The best of the season's hosiery is in the plain sheer qualities, with just a silken clock worked up the side, this in either a matching or contrasting color.

DOUBLE CHIFFON.

Double chiffon, as it is known in France, or chiffon cloth as it is misleadingly called upon this side of the Atlantic—the title seems to belong by right to the so-called chiffon broadcloths—are much used for the debutante dancing frocks. This weave does not crepe or crinkle in wear as the single weave used to do, and in spite of its name and its sheerness, there is a gratifying amount of good hard wear to be gotten out of it. The fact that it launders well is one that is not generally known, and for that reason many clever girls are having frocks fashioned of it, made up without linings and to be worn over different slips. Then it can be sent to the laundry without fear that it will prove too complicated for the average laundress to handle with ease and satisfaction.

HAPPENINGS IN THE WORLD OF SPORT

COMING HOME

White Sox and Calumet Will Play In Duluth.

Pitching Staff Has Been Strengthened on the Trip.

After a disastrous trip as far as the finances are concerned, but with a good playing record, the members of the Duluth Northern league team will arrive in the city tomorrow morning from the copper country.

The White Sox will be accompanied by the Calumet team and the two nines will cross bats at Athletic park at 3:30 p. m.

Some additions have been made to the nine since it left Duluth, chiefly in the pitching staff. George Harris, a new pitcher from Cleveland, will be with the team on its return, and Miller, the new twirler from Waterloo, Iowa, will also be here. These, with Potts, Rees, Cook, Smith and Lynch will give Van Praagh seven twirlers from which to choose his trio.

Either Harris or Potts will pitch against the Calumet team tomorrow, and the remainder of the line-up will be the same as was seen here two weeks ago against Chippewa Falls.

The team has made a splendid showing against the strong copper country nines, in spite of the most unfavorable weather conditions. The copper country teams are all higher salaried aggregations than the Duluth nine, but notwithstanding this fact the White Sox have won a majority of the games played on the trip.

The players are in fine fettle and if the weather is warm tomorrow the fans are assured of a fast exhibition of ball.

The line-up of the Calumet team has not been received in Duluth as yet.

After playing here tomorrow the team will not be home again until June 1, when the league season will be opened here with Winnipeg. The players will leave Monday morning for Hibbing, where two games will be played with Judge Brady's fast independent nine, and from Hibbing the team will go to Brainerd to open the season there Thursday. No game will be played Wednesday.

The White Sox have the advantage of about three extra weeks of preliminary training over the other teams in the league, and with all the material on hand the team should make an excellent showing.

From present indications the nine will be nearly, if not quite as fast, as last year's bunch of stars.

The automobile tickets are selling freely, and a neat sum should be realized to cover the training expenses. Up to the present time the team has been a continual expense, and nothing has been realized from it. The games have not paid the traveling expenses owing to the weather conditions. Most of the games on the present trip have been played in a freezing temperature and the attendance figures have been very light.

MICHIGAN HOPES

To Secure the Western Baseball Championship.

Ann Arbor, Mich., May 13.—Michigan is after the Western baseball championship, which Illinois has held for two years. To get this undisputed title Michigan must win two of three games which still remain in the Illinois series. The first game was won by Michigan last Saturday, but there are four games in the series.

Ten straight victories, without one defeat, is Michigan's record up to today. One game won from Chicago, two from Wisconsin, and one from Illinois is the standing in the inter-collegiate series. Coach McAllister, taciturn and almost harsh wit his ball players, who is shocking college traditions by demanding that Michigan play a ball game every day with a fast team, has turned out the best ball team seen here in five years. Michigan's hitting, by its method alone, would keep many a big league team on the run. The battery starts off with Martin, a new fielder, who is usually handed a pass to first base, for fear that he will hit the ball still farther. Next up is Taft, the man who caught without an error against Illinois, and who switched to center field without an error in this week's game with D. A. C. If a man is on bases before him Taft is a sure sacrifice hitter. Straight through the battery, there is not one "easy" batter on the list. Wendell, last year's good pitcher, has been put into the field on account of his hitting ability. Sanger, by far the best pitcher Michigan has had in recent years, is the best hitter on the team, and plays the field when not in the box. Hatch, substitute catcher, is more of a hitter than anything else. The other men are veterans and a little bit too good for most college pitchers.

McAllister's demand that Michigan play ball every day as the league teams do is dictated partly by the fact that he has pitchers enough to win games, or the majority of them, every day. Besides Sanger and Wendell, there are De Neffe and Martin; both good twirlers. De Neffe was the pitcher two weeks ago who delivered half of the no-hit game to Detroit college. Sanger did the other half.

During the last two years Michigan has had every championship in the West except baseball. The others are football, track, tennis, and golf. The old golf and tennis teams are still in college, and the football championship is already won. Michigan has probably as good a chance for track, tennis, and golf as last year, and with a lead on the baseball pennant is for the first time on the road to a clean sweep in Western athletics.

There is a tax on carelessness—and it cannot be "sworn off." When you buy something in the poorest market, because you failed to read the ads. you pay such a tax.

BASEBALL NEWS

White Sox Lose Another Game to the Calumet Team.

Potts Pitches Good Ball But Errors Are Untimely.

Calumet, Mich., May 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Duluth White Sox suffered another defeat yesterday at the hands of the Calumet team, by the score of 5 to 1, and the Michigan men got revenge for some of the defeats administered by O'Dea's men.

Inability to hit the curves served up by Paige, and the poor support accorded Potts, was the cause of the defeat. Potts pitched good ball, but the errors of the Duluth men came at untimely moments. Paige, on the other hand, was accorded good support, and the errors of the home team came when they did not count.

The batteries were Potts and McAleese and Paige and Mutter.

The two teams will play again this afternoon and leave immediately after the game for Duluth.

BASEBALL.

National League.

STANDING.

Teams—	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
New York	22	17	5	.773
Pittsburg	23	15	8	.652
Chicago	24	14	10	.583
Cincinnati	23	12	11	.522
Philadelphia	21	10	11	.476
Brooklyn	26	10	16	.384
Boston	23	8	15	.348
St. Louis	22	6	15	.273

NEW YORK, 6; ST. LOUIS, 5.

New York, May 13.—By winning yesterday's game, the last of the present series, the New York Nationals made it three straight from St. Louis. Attendance, 3,500. Score:

	R	H	E
St. Louis	0 2 0 0 0 0 3 0 0—5	7	3
New York	3 2 0 0 1 0 0 0 x—6	5	3

Batteries—Egan and Grady; Wiltz and Bresnahan. Umpire—O'Day.

BROOKLYN, 2; CINCINNATI, 1.

Brooklyn, May 13.—Brooklyn won the last game of the series from the Cincinnati's after two men were out in the tenth inning. Attendance, 2,000. Score:

	R	H	E
Brooklyn	0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1—2	7	1
Cincinnati	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1	7	2

Batteries—Jones and Bergen; Overall and Phelps. Umpire—Johnstone.

CHICAGO, 5; BOSTON, 4.

Boston, May 13.—Chicago won a loosely played, though exciting game from Boston in eleven innings yesterday. Both pitchers were very effective until the final inning. Attendance, 1,500. Score:

	R	H	E
Chicago	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 4—5	6	6
Boston	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 3—4	6	4

Batteries—Brown and O'Neil; Willis and Needham. Umpires—Emslie and Bauswine.

PITTSBURG, 6; PHILADELPHIA, 4.

Philadelphia, May 13.—Three times yesterday Magee went to the bat with the bases full and failed to drive in a run. Wagner made a home run drive through the doorway of the club house. Attendance, 2,625. Score:

	R	H	E
Pittsburg	0 4 1 0 0 0 0 1 0—6	9	2
Philadelphia	0 0 1 0 0 0 0 3 0—4	6	2

Batteries—Phillippe, Lynch and Carisch; Caldwell, Pittinger, Corridon and Doolin. Umpire—Klem.

American League.

STANDING.

Teams—	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Cleveland	19	11	8	.579
Washington	22	12	10	.545
Philadelphia	20	10	10	.500
Chicago	20	10	10	.500
New York	20	10	10	.500
St. Louis	20	10	10	.500
Detroit	19	9	10	.474
Boston	22	9	13	.409

NEW YORK, 7; CHICAGO, 3.

Chicago, May 13.—New York defeated Chicago yesterday 7 to 3. Attendance, 5,618. Score:

	R	H	E
Chicago	1 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0—3	9	1
New York	2 0 2 0 3 0 0 0 0—7	12	0

Batteries—White, Walsh and Sullivan; Orth and Kleinow. Umpire—O'Connolly.

CLEVELAND, 5; WASHINGTON, 4.

Cleveland, May 13.—Cleveland won yesterday's game from Washington and regained first place. With one out in the ninth, Bay doubled, Flicks advanced Bay to third. Then after a conference of Washington players, Jacobsen purposely passed La Joie and Bradley. He then found himself unable to pitch strikes and passed Turner also, forcing Bay over the plate. Attendance, 5,000. Score:

	R	H	E
Cleveland	2 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 1—5	8	0
Washington	0 0 0 1 2 0 0 1 0—4	8	3

Batteries—Joss and Buelow; Jacobsen and Kittredge. Umpires—McCarthy and O'Laughlin.

ST. LOUIS, 4; PHILADELPHIA, 1.

St. Louis, May 13.—Howell outpitched Henley in the opening game of the series with Philadelphia and the local Americans won, 4 to 1. Attendance, 5,360. Score:

	R	H	E
St. Louis	0 0 0 0 0 3 0 1 0—4	8	0
Philadelphia	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1	4	2

Batteries—Howell and Weaver; Henley and Barton. Umpire—Kelley.

DETROIT, 8; BOSTON, 1.

Detroit, May 13.—Fine batting won the game for the locals yesterday. Killian was very effective. Attendance, 2,900. Score:

	R	H	E
Detroit	1 2 0 1 3 0 1 0 x—8	15	0
Boston	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1	5	2

Batteries—Killian and Sullivan; Winter and Criger. Umpire—Sheridan.

American Association.

STANDING.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Columbus	29	14	6	.709
Milwaukee	17	11	6	.647
St. Paul	19	9	10	.474
Kansas City	19	9	10	.474
Minneapolis	18	8	10	.444
Indianapolis	16	7	9	.438
Louisville	19	8	1	.421
Toledo	18	7	1	.389

COLUMBUS, 9; TOLEDO, 8.

Toledo, May 13.—Columbus won a hard fought battle from Toledo. Attendance, 3,000. Score:

	R	H	E
Toledo	3 0 2 0 0 0 1 0 2—8	14	2
Columbus	1 0 0 5 2 0 1 0 1—9	14	4

Batteries—Childs, Minahan and Boyle; Berger and Ryan. Umpire—Hart.

ST. PAUL, 11; KANSAS CITY, 5.

St. Paul, May 13.—St. Paul took the last game of the series partly through timely hitting and partly through Eel's wildness. He gave seven passes and had four wild pitches. Attendance, 1,780. Score:

	R	H	E
St. Paul	0 0 3 1 4 0 2 1 x—11	17	2
Kansas City	0 0 0 0 2 0 1 0—5	8	0

Batteries—Wright, Evans and Noonan; Eels and Butler. Umpires—Haskell and Anderson.

INDIANAPOLIS, 8; LOUISVILLE, 1.

Indianapolis, May 13.—Indianapolis won an easy game from Louisville yesterday afternoon by a score of 8 to 1, batting Kenna all over the field. Attendance, 1,940. Score:

	R	H	E
Indianapolis	0 4 0 1 0 0 3 0 x—8	12	2
Louisville	0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0—1	6	3

Batteries—Cromley and Roth; Kenna and Schriver. Umpire—Kane.

MILWAUKEE, 6; MINNEAPOLIS, 0.

Minneapolis, May 13.—Milwaukee won yesterday's game by clever pitting, assisted by ragged fielding on the part of the Minneapolis players. Attendance, 2,852. Score:

	R	H	E
Minneapolis	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0	4	3
Milwaukee	0 1 0 2 0 2 0 0 1—6	7	0

Batteries—Jaeger, Villeman, Chappel and Schmidt; Bateman and Boville. Umpire—King.

ON THE TURF.

Some of Most Interesting Events on Friday.

St. Louis, May 13.—Large fields predominated at the American Jockey club yesterday, and the public was generous in its backing of its selections in all the events. Mamie Algo sprung a surprise in the fourth by winning from Irish Jewel and Alabach.

Otto Stifel was made an odds on favorite in the fourth race, the feature of today's fair grounds card, and won easily from a fair field. Miss Leeds, in the first race, was the only long shot to win.

New York, May 13.—Jacquin, backed from 3 to 1 to 2 to 1, won the New Rochelle, 7½ furlongs, at Belmont park yesterday. In the first race Prince Chinda, backed from 6 to 1 down to 15 to 1, fell after going a short distance. His rider, Powers, received a slight shaking up.

Louisville, Ky., May 13.—Second choices and "good things" took all save one of the events at Churchill Downs yesterday.

EX-PUGILISTS

Find Plenty of Employment as Bodyguards.

After a pugilist has outlived his usefulness in the ring his occupation is not entirely gone. He has plenty of opportunity to exercise his skill and strength at a fair compensation. In London there exists an establishment where professional prize fighters may be hired by timorous folks who require protection or good counsel in building up their shattered physiques, by learning the manly arc of self-defense; and judging from the success of this new emporium it would not be surprising if the business was started over here. In London the supply of scrappers for just such purposes is large, but the demand is increasing and there is enough work for every fighter who has made a reputation for gameness. The services of these millers are not openly advertised, but anyone who knows the ropes in England can secure a good, "protector" at a day's notice. And it is said that some of the best known boxers in England today, those whose names are of international prominence, are interested in the calling and like their new jobs extremely well.

Persons of prominence, or those who like others to take up their quarrels and see them to a satisfactory culmination, or those who desire to be immune from attack, used to employ fighters to travel with them day and night under a weekly salary.

In America pugilists who have left the arena have found profitable occupation as private detectives, bouncers and bodyguards, but have never been directly hired. They just drifted into their jobs. Billy Edwards was for years the chief protector of guests at the Hoffman house and found the position congenial as well as profitable. Edwards had many occasions to bring his fistic powers into play, but he was never known to strike a man unless he was first provoked. Edwards had the good graces of many well-known men, who invariably looked to him as a safe-guard when they got into any unexpected trouble.

Nowadays when a champion retires from the glamor of the roped square and he cannot do anything else he usually goes into the saloon business. He does not need any bouncer for his establishment, for in time of strife he can attend to this end himself and usually with success.

DAN R. OPEN

For Match With Any Free-For-All Pacer.

Memphis, Tenn., May 13.—Ed. Benyon wants to match his pacer, Dan R., 2:01¼, against any free-for-all pacer in training in America. Of late there has been a great deal of talk in regard to a match race between Audubon Boy, 2:03¼; Ecstatic, 2:05¼, and Hazel Patch, 2:05½. Ed. Benyon wants to enter this horse against any of the above-nemed pacers, or is willing to race any of them single handed. He said that none of those pacers have shown as much class as Dan R., and he thinks that he will be able to beat them and do so easily.

Dan R. was driven to his record by Float Jolly at the Providence (R. I.) meeting on September 4, 1903, and last fall during the meeting here he won the first heat of the 2:01 pace in 2:02, and Benyon thinks that this horse has a grand chance to beat 2:00 this season. He has done better in Benyon's hands than any one that has ever trained him, and right now this pacer looks better than ever before. Late last fall Benyon worked him a mile in 2:00¼, with the last half in the fast time of :58½, a 1:56½ clip.

John W. Dorey of Westboro, Mass., thinks that the pacer Ecstatic will be the fastest pacer raced this year, and is willing to wager any amount that she can beat any pacer in training. Ed. Benyon said in reference to the match. "I am willing to match Dan R., against any of them for $5,000 to $10,000 a side, and this is not any hot-air talk, but as soon as the match is made I will be willing to post a good-sized forfeit. I can't see where Ecstatic or Hazel Patch has a chance to beat a pacer like Dan R., and, as every one knows, Audubon Boy has been out of training for the past two seasons, so it will not be the easiest thing in the world to do to get him in shape to step two or three fast mils right up to his former clip. I would be willing to have the race take place on any track that is a good mile course, and will ship the horse East or West to get on a match, as I think that if Dan R., is anywhere like himself at all he will be able to make the others look cheap. Really, it is as easy a proposition as anything I have seen in a long time."

BEST ALL-ROUND MICHIGAN ATHLETE

Johnnie Garrels of Detroit Comes to the Front.

Is Discus Thrower, Shot Putter, Runner and Hurdler.

Ann Arbor, Mich., May 13.—The world's record recently predicted for Johnnie Garrels of Detroit, was made at Philadelphia.

But at Michigan Garrels holds another record, more enviable than the world's longest recorded throw in an athletic event which is older than history itself. Garrels, at 19 years of age, is the best all-round athlete at Michigan. This is saying much, when Michigan is the home of the best athletes in the West, if not in the United States.

Within the last two weeks Garrels has come to the fornt in four different events. The best athletes usually content themselves with essaying two events, and the men who qualify in three are rare finds. Besides the discus throw and the shot put, Garrels is both a runner and a hurdler.

This winter in the indoor meets he beat the West's best quarter mile runner, Waller of Wisconsin. He won this race by a tremendous exhibition of strength at the very finish. When Waller and every other man in the race began to wobble foolishly, Garrels' muscles were seen to tighten like a vise over his 200-pound frame, and he carried himself across the tape a winner, it seemed, by the very power of shoulders and back.

This same endurance has now been turned to account in still another event, the hurdles. In going over the low fences last week the length of Garrels' steps was measured, and it was found that he cleared from twelve to thirteen feet with each one. This low hurdle event is 220 yards long, requiring a dash man's speed. Garrels has that. It requires long legs which can step over easily without noticing the obstacle, and it takes great endurance because of the numerous preliminary trials necessary. Both the legs and the endurance are possessed by the Detroit boy.

JOHN GARRELS.
Rated at Ann Arbor as Michigan's Best Athlete.

STARS OF JAPANESE BALL TEAM WHICH LOST THE FIRST GAME IN AMERICA.

CAPTAIN. K. HASHIDO. PITCHER. A. KONO. CATCHER. M. YAMAWARI.

CLEARS AT LAST

Boat and Yacht Club Members Rejoicing Over Fine Weather.

Both Clubs Ready to Commence the Season's Sports.

Members of the Duluth Boat club and of the Duluth Yacht club who have been for two weeks anxiously awaiting the coming or fine weather, are rejoicing in the reappearance of Old Sol after such a lengthy absence.

Since May 1, members of both clubs have been ready to commence the season's sport, and have been waiting only for favorable weather. The two rival crews of the boat club have been daily hoping for calm weather so that they could commence work in the shells. Less than two months now remain before the regatta will be held here in July, when crews from St. Paul and Winnipeg will come to compete against the Duluth crews. The local men have had, as yet, no practice in the shells, and most of the candidates for the crew are green men. It will take all of the two months to whip the eight into shape to meet the visiting crews.

The eight-oared shells will probably be launched this afternoon for the first time. The fours have already been out in spite of the rough weather, but the eights have not yet been launched. One of the fours met with an accident this week, which resulted in a ducking for the members of the crew, but the accident took place directly in front of the life saving station, and the struggling oarsmen were immediately picked up.

The club will not have a professional coach this year. The right man could not be secured for the money that the club was willing to pay, and the directors decided to have some of the older oarsmen in the club coach the new candidates for the crew.

All of the boats in the one design fleet of the Yacht club have been launched, and are ready for use. Dr. Frank Lynam is the only member who has been sufficiently enthusiastic to brave the northeasters as yet, and his "Feather" has been the first boat to cut the water in the harbor this year. The others in the fleet are Banshee, owned by C. A. Congdon; Number 4, owned by C. R. Ash; Miss Modesty, which formerly belonged to H. E. Gooch and was purchased by J. H. Barnes; North Wind, owned by J. L. Hopkins, and Scud, owned by S. N. Holland.

The four new boats of this class which have been ordered by members of the club, are expected to arrive in the city today, and they will be immediately made ready for sailing.

The club has erected two new flagpoles, one of which is located on the breakwaters and will be used for hoisting tackle.

FITZSIMMONS

Expects Things In His Match With Schreck.

New York, May 13.—Bob Fitzsimmons, ex-heavyweight champion pugilist and present holder of the middleweight title, is beginning to expect things in his match with Mike Schreck, the Cincinnati middleweight. Fitz expects that the match will come off either in San Francisco or in Butte. At present he is down to the middleweight limit, 158 pounds, having tipped the scales at that weight in the afternoon.

"I made the match with Schreck," said Bob, "because some of the other middleweights were not anxious to accept my challenge to meet any man in the world at 158 pounds. I have had $5,000 posted with Al Smith in New York for four months to make a match with any middleweight in the world, especially Jack O'Brien and Tommy Ryan.

"My forfeit also holds good for a match with Marvin Hart, who recently whipped Jack Johnson, the negro heavyweight. I received another offer from a Philadelphia club for a six-round bout with Hart, but refused to accept it, as I do not like the short contests, and, besides, I have a match with Schreck. However, if Hart wants to make a match for twenty rounds at San Francisco, I will close with him at any time.

"Of the proposition to establish a training school in the country similar to the one William Muldoon has, Bob said:

"I had intended starting such a school near Chicago or Milwaukee, but after investigating the matter I find that it would not be a money maker. The people in Chicago are too busy to bother with physical training, and, therefore, it would not pay. I will probably secure a location for a school along the banks of the Hudson river, near New York."

BLOOD

On account of its frightful hideousness, Blood Poisoning is commonly called the King of All Diseases. It may be either hereditary or contracted. Once the system is tainted with it the disease may manifest itself in the form of Scrofula, Eczema, Rheumatic Pains, Stiff or Swollen Joints, Eruptions or Copper Colored Spots on the Face or Body, little Ulcers in the Mouth or on the tongue, Sore Throat, Swollen Tonsils, Falling out of the Hair or Eyebrows, and finally a Leprous-like Decay of the Flesh and Bones. If you have any of these or similar symptoms, get **BROWN'S BLOOD CURE** immediately. This treatment is practically the result of life work. It contains no dangerous drugs or injurious medicines of any kind. It goes to the very bottom of the disease and forces out every particle of impurity. Soon every sign and symptom disappears, completely and forever. The blood, the tissues, the flesh, the bones and the whole system are cleansed, purified and restored to perfect health, and the patient prepared anew for the duties and pleasures of life. **BROWN'S BLOOD CURE**, $2.00 a bottle lasts a month. Made by DR. BROWN, 935 Arch St., Philadelphia. For sale in Duluth only by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior Street.

POISON

INSTRUCTS "UMPS"

President Kent Tells Baseball Arbiters How to Act.

Rowdies Will Be Unpopular With League This Year.

If Northern league umpires follow out the instructions of President E. H. Kent, the games this summer will be one glad sweet song, and will glide along as peacefully as a pink tea party.

The new president of the league is determined to check any rowdyism at the very start, and prevent any recurrence of such scenes as were enacted by Perry Werden's bunch of Fargo kickers, last year.

The following is a copy of the instructions sent out by the league president to the umpires:

"In issuing instructions this season to the umpires in this league, I wish to set forth, only in a general way at this time, what your duty is—your relation to the public to the league, and to the ball players. I have advisedly separated your duty into three sections, and head them with 'Your Duty to the Public,' because to the public you owe your first duty. I desire that you paste this in your hat and bear it in mind during your incumbency of office. Not only is your first duty to the public, but it is to endeavor as well of all the other officials and the players of this league to endeavor to satisfy the public. Organized baseball is a modern science, and should bring out the best that there is in all men, not only physically, but intellectually and morally also. Therefore, I want it distinctly understood that the public is to be the first consideration in the conduct of the game as it is played in the Northern league this season.

"Your duty to the league, as your employer, is analogous to that of an accredited representative of our government. In other words, you officially represent the league when umpiring a game of baseball, and any credit or odium connected with your administration necessarily attaches to the league. Therefore, you will be careful that your acts reflect credit, and not odium, on the league.

"Your relation and duty to the players is complex, but it is nevertheless clear and well defined. As the supreme arbiter of everything connected with the conduct of a ball game, from the time the play starts until the game is over, you are the players' supreme judge; and it behooves you to be fair and equitable, so far as your judgment can guide you, and at all times to command respect. You, of course, know that you have absolute charge of the field during the progress of all games, and it is the intention of the officers to give you full and ample support. I desire to instruct you specifically regarding the matter of maintaining order and discipline on the ball field. In the past many players have been allowed so many privileges and liberties that they have acquired the habit of using profane and vulgar language, not only among themselves, but even addressed to the umpire and others. This will not be tolerated in the Northern league; and any umpire who permits foul and obscene language on the part of a ball player or manager on the ball field, while he has charge of the game, will be considered as deficient and be subject to fines, penalties and removal, the same as a player. Umpire-baiting must not be permitted. No player, except the captain, is to be allowed to question any decision of the umpire. The captain of each team is the only member who is to present or urge a point, or take part in any discussion with the umpire, and then only on a question involving the interpretation of a rule. In no instance is a player, or any other person, entitled to question the judgment of an umpire.

"You are undoubtedly familiar with the playing rules of the game as promulgated by the National Association of Professional Baseball leagues, and you are to follow the playing rules strictly.

"It will be our aim and desire to conduct the games this year with as little friction—trouble between the players and umpire—as possible, and the best way to bring that theory into practical effect is to nip right in the bud, at the beginning of the season, any attempt on the part of players or manager to bully or bluff. You are to understand that there are no favorites in this league. Every ball player and every club management looks exactly alike to the president's office. You will undoubtedly have the unpleasant duty of imposing fines and occasionally of ordering players from the game for good and sufficient reasons of your own. I desire to say that every fine imposed by an umpire in this league will stand and will have to be paid. In no instance will a fine be remitted, and any umpire found guilty of remitting a fine that he has imposed will be severely penalized himself. Only in cases of extreme and flagrant violation of our rules should you remove players from the game. No club management nor spectator should be deprived of the benefits of the services of a good player unless the player repeatedly violates the rules of your instructions. Such players should be fined, and when they come to know that no management can remit a fine, it is reasonable to suppose that the fine will be more effective than removal from the game.

"In conclusion I desire to say that our umpires will be backed up and supported by the league, and if they fail to enforce the rules, we do not want them. You are hereby instructed to do everything possible to have the games played speedily, and keep the

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players on the move at all times, and particularly in changing innings, and to have the batsmen take their places promptly and be ready to take their turn at bat.

"These general instructions will be followed later with specific and more minute instructions regarding certain phases of the game as the season advances. I desire, however, to call your attention to one phase of your work while umpiring: I refer to the activity of the umpire while actually engaged in conducting a game. I want all of the umpires to be active on their feet, and to get out to the foul lines when a questionable ball is batted, or a close play is in progress. When possible, I desire that the umpires work from behind the bat. In other words, I shall expect the umpire to be alive and work as hard as any player in the game. Mere ball games have been marred by bad and indifferent work of the umpires than there have by inferior work of the players. You will see, therefore, that the enjoyment and success of baseball as our national sport devolves very largely on your shoulders."

EXPLANATION

Of the New Rule By National Baseball Commission.

The rule adopted by the national baseball commission last week prohibiting ball players, when under contract, from playing with any other club than the one to which they belong is an instance of the many suffering for the misdeeds of the few, says the Chicago Tribune. There is no harm in the practice of allowing surplus players, usually pitchers, to play an occasional game with some independent club, which is particularly anxious to beat some rival club and is willing to pay the price. Major league clubs which carry a string of six or more pitchers are able and willing to let the young and untried men earn a little extra money in this way. It serves also, to give the youngsters practice in a regular game which they cannot get in any other way, keeping them somewhere near on edge against an emergency which may demand their use in a championship game. The new rule is not aimed at this practice, but at the growing frequency with which star players seek to utilize one off days they may have by playing for some small team which is able to pa well for it because of the additional drawing power of that particular game. The consent of the manager of the club owning the player is not always obtained and frequently subterfuges are used to avoid it. These practices are not general in the West, where Sunday baseball is played so extensively, but in the East it has come to be a difficult problem to deal with. The star player argues that if the new recruit is allowed to make extra money he should not be barred. He forgets that a slight accident to himself in some outlandish game may seriously handicap his own team. Another purpose of the rule is to make stronger the prohibition against playing exhibition games with blacklisted teams. Independent clubs which loathe contract jumping players are baseball "outlaws," all national agreement clubs being forbidden to play against them. Hitherto there has been some violation of this by individual players who have competed against "outlaw" clubs with or without the consent of their managers. By prohibiting all players from playing with clubs other than those to which they are bound by contract these several evils will be wiped out, it is believed by the rulers of the game.

'FRISCO REFEREES.

Graney, Welch, Wand and Smith Absolutely Square.

The Cincinnati Enquirer says: "Eddie Graney, Jack Welch, Phil Wand and Eddie Smith. Those four men," said Billy Delaney last evening, "are Frisco fight referees. I don't care what you have heard or read about them, they are all honest, upright fellows, and would not do an injustice to anyone. They are good enough to referee anybody's fight, and when one of the four gives a decision you can bet your life that it is an honest verdict and according to the man's best judgment. You can juse say that I said so, and I do not care how strong you make the assertion. While we must admit that there are crooks in all branches of sport as well as in anything else, I think it is all wrong to let the impression get abroad that a visitor cannot get a square deal in San Francisco. Of course, you will find clicks and clans everywhere, and I would not want to say that there is no such a thing as a 'native son' element in Frisco, yet to think that the whole town is ruled by any certain element is a big mistake. Frisco is alive with square sporting men, and I have hundreds of friends in the sport who would go out of their way to see that a stranger gets all that is coming to him. It hurts Frisco a great deal to have fighters and others who become dissatisfied with their lot to go from town to town making a howl about getting the hooks thrown into them. I think I have had about as much experience in the game as anybody, and speaking from an impartial standpoint I want to say that Frisco referees are honest men. Now just paste this in your hat. Any time you hear a disgruntled pug howling about being given the worst of it in Frisco, just recall what I said and don't forget that Eddie Graney, Phil Wand, Jack Welch and Eddie Smoth are a quartet of fine fellows, honest ring officials, and I don't think any amount of money could make any one of them tell a lie or do a dishonest act."

JOE KENNEDY.

Something About Jim Jeffries' Big Sparring Partner.

Joe Kennedy, Jim Jeffries' sparring partner, is nearly as big as the champion himself, and makes a fine appearance in the ring. Kennedy is but 28 years of age, but has been fighting so long that many people believe that he is an old-timer. He was a little over 22 years of age when he fought Peter Mahar, and has hooked up with some of the best men in the ring. Itz wants him to train him for his coming fight with Mike Schreck and Joe will likely accept. He helped Fitz get in shape for a number of his important battles, and the Cornishman thinks pretty well of him. After he finishes his tour with Jeff, Kennedy will return to the Pacific coast, where he hopes to get on a fight. Joe is a good-natured young fellow and makes friends wherever he goes. His bouts last week with Jim Jeffries were not love affairs by any means, and he is badly bruised up as a result of his many encounters on the stage with the champion. Kennedy says exhibition sparring bouts are not as easy as they look. He has received more serious injuries boxing with Jeff than he ever did in the ring. His wrist has been broken and both of his hands are broken and bruised. The most painful injury, however, he has received in his friendly goes with Jeff is a bruised side. Jeff has a habit of running into his opponent with his shoulders, and almost caved in Joe's ribs the other night by meeting him with his shoulders. The injury is so painful that Joe can hardly stand the touch of the glove on the sore spot. Jeff, too, is all sore from hitting Joe's head, and has a pair of badly damaged hands, the only real injury he has received since he entered the ring.

MICHIGAN ATHLETE

Finds It Profitable to Be Famous Football Player.

Wears Clothes Free and Gets Money to Boot.

Still another phase of the real value of being a Michigan athlete has been discovered in the Ann Arbor institution. Only recently it was published that a Michigan track man or football player could command a big salary as a coach anywhere throughout the West, but this is something even easier. Martin Heston, captain and halfback of the Michigan football eleven last year, has been hired by a Detroit clothing firm, at something like $100 a month and clothes free, to wear their brand of smart toggery. The idea is based upon simple psychology. Heston is, of course, the best known of all the Michigan athletes. His broad shoulders and upright carriage show off good-fitting clothes to the limit of a tailor's desire. Among the 4,100 students at the Ann Arbor university, there are many non-athletic youths, who, nevertheless, count it among their highest privileges that they know Heston well enough to bow to him. They imitate his walk and his mannerisms, and, incidentally, his clothes. They find out where they are made and they go to this place. There's where Heston earns his money.

* * *

The idea has been taken up by clothiers in Ann Arbor who, of course, cannot pay as much to their clothing "touts" as does the Detroit firm and the Ann Arbor tailors have to be content with lesser lights of the football eleven and track squad as advertisers. A salary of $25 to $100 a month for a man's football reputation may appear to some persons to be a harebrained scheme, but it has worked well thus far. One critic said: "Nearly all Michigan's students rank a stylish outfit of clothing next to holiness and a good education. To be 'correct' they even dress absurdly. What the few fashionable outfitters in the 'varsity town have done is to pick out a few football players and ask them to see personally students of their acquaintance and request that they call at a certain store to examine spring styles. This is equivalent to sending a personal friend to nearly every one of the 4,100 students. Not only does everybody claim a personal acquaintance with every football player, but most undergraduates will listen to the opinions of a famous athlete as golden advice."

* * *

John Garrells, one of the track athletes at Michigan, recently threw the discus in practice a distance of 131 feet 4 inches. In the three throws recorded recently he covered 131 feet 4 inches, 130 feet and 125 feet. This is exceptional throwing, and as it was early in the season he should do even better when the Western intercollegiate meet comes along. Garrells is only 19 years old.

* * *

At some colleges—in fact, almost all—there are men who entered from other universities. Many of these men are athletes, and have a peculiar idea that they will not compete against their first college on any teams which happen to meat them. The ethical principles involved in this attitude have led to many arguments, but in the main college men feel that it is a fine and rather poetic thing when a man will not contend against his original college in athletics for the sake of the second. A case along somewhat different lines came up, however, recently, when Harvard and Johns Hopkins met at lacrosse. On the Harvard twelve were Saylor and Smith, two Baltimoreans and former members of the Johns Hopkins team. Far from refusing to play against their old college, they presumably rejoiced to have a chance to give the Marylanders a trimming. Saylor, in fact, wrote a letter down to a friend on the Hopkins team that he expected that his team would win easily. That it didn't wasn't either his fault or Smith's, because both played as hard a game as they could and spared none of the feelings of their rivals, either mental, ethical or physical.

The devotion to the idea of not playing against the former college sometimes leads to grotesque and laughable results. It happened once at Columbia that there was a man from Yale who had never been anything but a substitute on the eleven all the time he was at New Haven. He never had won his "Y," and, in fact, was more or less unknown to all except a few at New Haven. When he entered one of the graduate schools at Columbia he was asked to come out for the football team. When he had been in residence a year he did come out, and not unnaturally made a position on the eleven. Imagine the consternation of the Columbia people when, as the Yale game drew near, the man announced that he should not play against his old "team." The surprise at Columbia was equalled only by the amusement at New Haven that this man, who never had made the varsity, should refuse to play against the university. "Why, he's played against the varsity team for four years," said one Yale man. "To my positive knowledge he was on the scrub every practice day for four seasons. He oughtn't to mind because the team he's on now wears a lighter shade of blue."

* * *

Phil King, coach of the Wisconsin football team, wound up spring football practice at the Madison university recently by telling the candidates that the didn't believe in spring gridiron work. "I think that spring practice is useless," said King, "but if we are to beat Minnesota, Michigan and Chicago, we will have to do as much preparation as they do in this regard. It was considered likely at first that the practice would not be held, as the Wisconsin Football association is $6,000 in debt and did not wish to add to the amount. A peculiar point of discipline came up in connection with the work, which has resulted in the loss of Richard Remp, the center of the varsity eleven. Remp has been center on the team for two years, and when King tried to show him a new way of snapping back the ball, Remp argued. He tried to show King his way had some merits, too, but King refused to listen. Remp said that he couldn't very easily unlearn at this late stage of the game the style that he had been using for two years in college and for some seasons before that in school. He tried to show the Remp method in as polite a manner as possible, but when King retorted that he came to Wisconsin to teach, not to be taught, and that no insubordination would be tolerated, Remp sadly but firmly left the field. He took off his togs and later announced that he would withdraw from college as soon as he could get his affairs fixed up. He left at the end of the Easter recess. Remp had all his work near completion and was thinking of returning for some graduate work next fall. His loss is a severe blow, but King thinks that the value of the lesson in discipline is worth a player or so. The college at large is not quite inclined to agree with him.

* * *

Pennsylvania has discovered that there is in the midst of the student community at Philadelphia one of the greatest fullbacks that ever played the game of football in the West. He is no other than Egil Boeckman of St. Paul, Minn., who played on the Minnesota eleven, which in 1903 tied the University of Michigan at 6 to 6. Boeckman, who is said to have made the touchdown, was unanimously chosen fullback on the All-Western football eleven. He entered Pennsylvania's medical school in the senior class last fall, and will be eligible this coming season. It is expected that he will take a post-graduate course, in which event he will undoubtedly make a place on the Red and Blue eleven. Boeckman is a typical Western giant, standing nearly six feet in height and weighing nearly 195 pounds. Despite these herculean proportions, he is almost as fast a man as Heston, the star Michigander.

* * *

Williams has started on a system of graduate coaching in football, by which Morris Ely, Yale '98, the regular head coach, will be aided by one or more graduates. James Arthur Hatch, '03, who played on the Williams team for four years, has been the first choice for a place under the new system. He prepared, for Williams at Andover, where he was a member of the eleven. After leaving college he coached the Colgate eleven, which was exceptionally strong. Last season he had charge of the team at Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute. It is hoped at Williams that the engagement of Hatch is the beginning of a firmly founded graduate system. Ely will have official charge of the team, but he will be in Williamstown only part of the season. In his absence Hatch will have complete control.

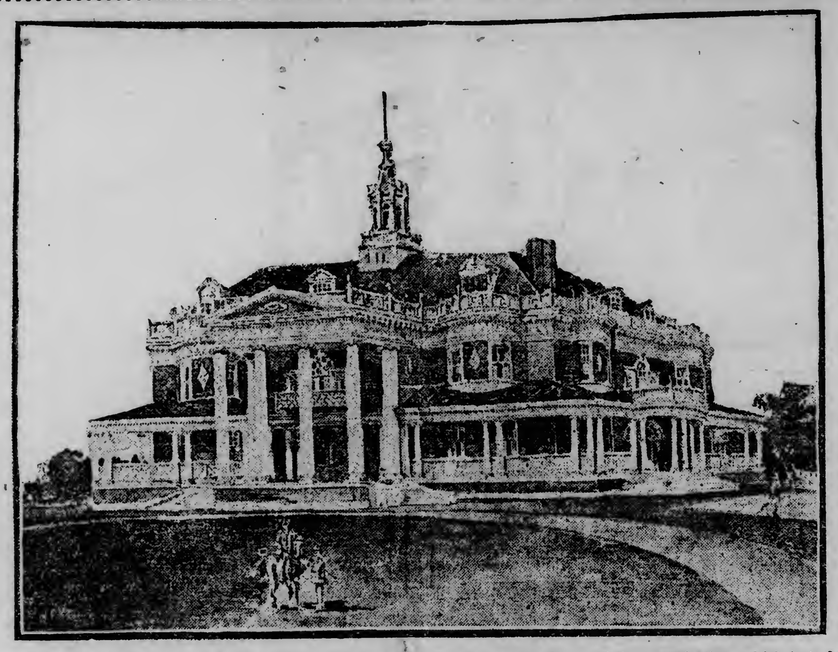
* * *

Wisconsin has lost in Harvey Sanford a man who was judged by O'Den and King to be an ideal fullback. Sanford died only recently from pneumonia at his home in Indiana. He played last year for a part of the season on the Wisconsin eleven, until it was discovered that he was ineligible because he had played for Ripon college the year previous. Sanford, because of his great strength and his courage and speed, was looked upon as one of the greatest football players in the West, and was expected to develop into a wonder.

* * *

The little struggle over professionals and ineligibles in the Western football elevens go merrily on. The University of Illinois last fall charged that Hugo Bezdek, the fullback of the University of Chicago eleven, was a professional who had boxed for money under the name of "Young Hugo," and that, therefore, he should not be permitted to play the game at college. A committee appointed to investigate the charges found only a week or so ago that Bezdek was no professional and that the charges were false. Here's another. The University of Illinois authorities this time are defending, not attacking. They laugh, it is averred, at the charges from Minnesota that Burroughs, the star freshman football player, was ineligible all last fall because he had played at McKendree college in 1904, before entering Illinois. Burroughs, the Illinois men say, played at McKendree in 1903, and not in 1904, and was eligible when he entered the university. They fail to see why the Gophers sent out the statement without investigation. Incidentally, their own charges against Bezdek failed because there was no proof behind the statements made.

COUNTRY HOME PLANNED FOR NEW ILLINOIS ATHLETIC CLUB.



According to the plans of the New Illinois Athletic Club for the country home of the organization, which is to be built on one of six sites now under consideration along the north shore at Chicago, the club members will want for nothing in the way of complete comfort and convenience. The country home is to be ready for occupancy by the summer of 1906. As the building is to be the center of the club's grounds, including golf course and gardens, the views from is spacious verandas will command much of the surrounding country. On the main roof is to be an observatory, which will command every part of the club's tract, and it does not require great imagination to see members perched there with glasses to see whatever may be doing on Lake Michigan. The building is designed in the style of the Georgian period, with the Ionic columns of the portico at the entrance reaching to the full height of the building. Several bay windows will add to he exterior effect as well as increase the possibilities of viewing the grounds from within. On the first floor are to be a spacious reception and living room, with large open fireplaces, grand dining-hall, private diningrooms, cafe, parlors, small reception rooms, billiard room, bowling alleys and lockers for golf and polo players. The second floor will be given over to sleeping apartments, 100 rooms probably being provided. The interior throughout will be in hard wood. Stables also are to be built in connection with a paddock for the polo ponies and a garage for the automobiles.

OLD-TIME SCULLERS

To Row For Championship on Memorial Day.

New York, May 13.—If Dr. Osler happens to visit the Harlem river Memorial day, he will see a score of unchloroformed veterans rowing for the "old men's championship." There are to be two races of a mile each on the speedway course that day for "amateur scullers who have rowed in open regattas for twenty years or longer."

One event is to be in senior single shells and the other in senior double shells. Both races are to be decided under the auspices of the Harlem Regatta association.

A silver cup is to be given to the winner of the single scull shell event, and diamond medals will reward the winners of the double sculls event.

The committee in charge of the contest has the assurance of more than a dozen old-time cracks that they will participate. Among those who expect to start in one or both races are the following:

Buckley and O'Connell of Portland, Me.; Martin P. Monahan, Edward J. Muleahy and Charles E. Bulger of Albany; George J. Kirby and Frank E. Holmes of Pawtucket, R. I.; John D. Ryan of Boston, Kauff and Wiuend of Chicago, James Pilkington, John C. Reilgan, Rockwell Kent, John Canavan, William Goepfert and "Ollie" J. Stephens of Manhattan.

The majority of these hold national championships.

The only "rowing" city that is unable to supply champion material for the race is Philadelphia. It is thought that the meeting of the veterans will draw upward of 5,000 extra spectators to the Memorial day regatta.

LAWYER'S WILL BROKEN.

Uriel S. Crocker, a Boston lawyer who made a specialty of drawing wills, in his own will left his $750,000 estate to his widow (his second wife, who had been his stenographer) in trust to pay herself the income for life, with the right to give such of the annual income as she felt she did not want to such of his three sons as she might select, and to dispose of the trust estate after her death among these sons and their heirs as she wished, says the Kansas City Journal. The sons contested, alleging fraud and undue influence, and a jury so decided, and upon appeal the supreme court sustained the jury's finding.

MANAGER OF LEADERS IN AMERICAN LEAGUE.

GARLAND (JAKE) STAHL.

The Ex-Illinois 'Varsity Player Who Is Piloting Washington Over the Primary Shoals in the American League Pennant Handicap.

Never in the history of baseball has such interest been shown in the national game as is manifested today in the pennant chasers. Washington, for years despised tailender, is the sensation of the early season. Dressed in a new name (the Nationals) and led by Garland Stahl, also new at the game of management, the team has worked to the top by consistent winning. The defeat of Boston, New York and Philadelphia, three of the strongest teams in the American League, speaks volumes.

TEN GOOD PLAYERS

To the One In Baseball Games Fifteen Years Ago.

Before Advent of American League, Clubs Were Faster.

Boston, May 13.—How much faster is baseball than it was fifteen years ago? I don't believe it is any faster, but there are ten good players to the one in the game at that time. When all the best players were packed into one eight-club league before the advent of the American league, clubs were faster than since or before.

I doubt if we will ever see finer ball clubs than were Baltimore and Boston in '97. No clubs of the present day play the inside and brilliant ball that these clubs played day in and day out. "Dopy" work was not a part of the program, and every player was constantly on the alert for fear of a new play coming up to put him in the hole.

I doubt if the game will ever see any more Longs and Jenningses, who were far ahead of any players playing short at the present time, especially in taking wild throws from the catchers and putting the ball on the base-runners. Both these teams had fine base-runners, and were always aggressive and game to the core. The Baltimore men, however, went too far in the way of abuse to win games, and finally became disliked by the fraternity, until the Boston victory over the orioles was received with great joy all over the country, as Boston continued to play ball in a clean and sportsmanlike way.

This season the surprises have been Washington and Duffy's Quakers. The senators are playing far beyond their proper speed, and will come back to the anchor end of the chain as a result of lack of nerve to stand the gaff when things aren't going right.

It was a queer thing to see Boston at the bottom and Washington at the top of the American league standing when just a year before the conditions were exactly reversed. "The old dog for the long road" will hold good in the baseball business.

As I take in the game day after day played by the cleverest experts I wonder why it is that no new play is introduced. Year after year the pitcher gets the best of the batsmen, and the game is saved by another handicap on the box man. The bunt was introduced over thirty years ago, and the hit and run twenty-five years ago. All the sides known to the player were practiced twenty-five years ago. Outfielders were great throwers years ago, and men were constantly thrown out at first base from right field. Forcing the batsman to hit back at the pitcher to get a man going to third after the second baseman or shortstop ran his man back to second is a clever play by Joe McGinnity, but was worked to perfection by Tom Bond with the Boston club twenty-five years ago.

The one thing that has improved is the throwing to bases by the catchers, especially to second base, although "Buck" Ewing and Charley Snyder had all of the catchers of the present day skinned a block when it came to throwing the ball about the bases, while Mike Kelley was nearly as good as the two first named.

We have no outfielders like Johnson, Welch or Fogarty, and find it difficult to compare the infielders on account of the gloves used at the present time.

The "spit" ball is the only new thing in the game for years, and this one addition has made good pitchers out of very ordinary material, and put several good men on the retired list, and will cause the rule makers to do a little thinking as to how to improve batting, for without good hitting you cannot furnish brilliant fielding, and the game will soon become uninteresting to the spectator who is looking for excitement.

There is very little hitting to the outfield this season, and the wet ball will force wild throwing by usually accurate players. Never was there so much interest taken in the sport, and yet the old players must stick to old methods and advertise their plays before they come off, as they do in the sacrifice batting.

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Can you imagine a Mike Kelley or "Buck" Ewing allowing a third baseman to come within a few yards of the home plate to take a bunt? If they lost a leg these old brilliants would bang away, trying to drive the marble through the man who took the chance. That was baseball.

Nowadays a player will walk to the plate and then look over his shoulder to the bench manager and look for a cue as to what to do. If the order comes to bunt, well and good. The batsman dumps the ball into the front yard and walks back to the bench as if he had done his little stunt according to orders. No good ballplayer should have to look to the bench manager for instructions. The real ballplayer can see what his duty is and should be free to change his tactics as the case comes up for action.

Mechanical ball-playing is poor stuff and unattractive. The rulemakers should cut out the sacrifice bunt and give the spectators an open game, with every man up trying to reach first base. No, there is nothing new in baseball this season, and, in fact, the game has really fallen off in many ways.

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President Harry Pulliam paid Boston a visit last week to break bread with his old friend, "Uncle Bill" Conant, and have a chat with Frank V. Dunn, the gentleman who expects to have the club next fall. Mr. Dunn made a kick when he heard that Fred Tenney was to handle the business end of the club hereafter as well as the playing end, in this way saving one man's salary. Mr. Dunn claims that it would depreciate the value of his option on the club.

John T. Brush was in the city with his club and had made a combination with Mr. Dunn, so that hereafter it will be "Hello, Frank!" and "Hello, John!" with the formality cut out. Mr. Brush says he rather likes Mr. Dunn's theatrical style and will give him the proper advice when the time comes next fall.

Mr. Dunn will have a brand-new manager, so he says, and would have the finest club in the business if the major leagues will only cut out that reserve rule and make it an open game for players. "I never liked a limit game," said Dunn a few days ago, "as there is always a chance to divide the pot." T. H. MURNANE.

BREEDING LIONS.

The Dublin "Zoo" recently replaced its old lion house by a magnificent building, to which Lord Roberts has given his name, says the Kansas City Journal. Upwards of 200 cubs saw the light in the old lion house and the sum of nearly $25,000 resulted from their sale to other menageries, both at home and abroad. One lioness, whose career in the gardens extended over a period of sixteen years, gave birth in her time to no fewer than fifty-five cubs; which realized the sum of $7,000.

THE ELEPHANT'S JOKE.

The elephant's next door neighbor in the Bronx Zoo is the eland, and the elephant is fond of guying him, says the New York Sun.

The eland's water trough is on the side furthest away from the elephant's cage, but that doesn't bother the elephant. When the eland's back is turned he thrusts his trunk into the cage, absorbs all the water, and then, riveting his eyes on the discomfited eland, leisurely pours it down his own throat.

SIMCOE PURITY.

The Only Pure White Cocker Spaniel in America, Owned by Simcoe Kennels, Simcoe, Ont., Can.

The Neglect of
Private Diseases
Dangerous!

MANY MEN afflicted with ailments peculiar to their sex, too often go on unmindful of their condition, ignoring every calling symptom, until finally their disease becomes chronic and they collapse, physical, nervous and mental wrecks. Others, knowing, or having a vague idea of their immediate case, but ignorant of attendant and resultant complications dabble and experiment with this and that "patent cure," until their condition becomes menacing to their future well-being. Some succeed in temporarily allaying and sometimes apparently curing their case only to have it break out again in later periods in chronic forms they do not understand, and many times to their embarrassment and remorse. Many Gonorrhoeal cases have resulted in malignant cases of rheumatism simply through neglect and ignorance of the cause, which otherwise would have promptly disappeared had the case been treated properly by one who understands such cases. The Progressive Medical Association is the most reliable place in the Northwest to treat the Private Diseases of Men. Our practice is very extensive. We have the confidence of the entire community and abundant resources to back up our claims of an absolute and lasting cure. We do no experimenting. Our treatment is thorough. If you are troubled in any manner with private diseases, do not delay seeing us. You are welcome and invited to free consultation and examination, and if we take your case we will guarantee to treat you till you are cured for the one fee.

Established in Duluth since 1899.

The Northwest's Most Successful and Reliable SPECIALIST IN MEN'S DISEASES.

PROGRESSIVE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

No. 1 West Superor Street—corner Lake Avenue. Office hours 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. Sundays: 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.

DRAMATICAL

ATTRACTIONS AT THE LYCEUM

"A Little Outcast" Is Billed For Tuesday Evening.

"A Little Outcast" will be seen at the Lyceum theater Tuesday. The story opens in the office of Mr. Harcourt, a wealthy broker, who is about to take his clerk, Paul Weston, into the firm as junior partner. Incidentally, Weston has won the heart of the pretty daughter of the banker, Madeline, and has wedded her secretly. Mr. Harcourt approves of him, and the young pair agree to announce their marriage that evening, when the partnership papers are signed. But before evening De Voe, the broker's nephew, who has hoped to be both son-in-law and partner of his uncle, learns a dark secret in Weston's career, and plans the young man's downfall. He discovered that, years before, Weston had served a state's prison sentence for another's crime, and Da Voe chances to be present when Weston is recognized by "Red Darley," a former cellmate. In buying the man's silence, Weston becomes involved in a money transaction, and is denounced by De Voe, who is the real culprit, to Mr. Harcourt as an ex-convict and a thief. He is utterly cast off by the broker, and Madeline is ordered to forget him. Branded as a thief and forsaken by his friends, Weston becomes an easy prey to drink, until he falls to the level of habitual drunkards and concerts with criminals and outcasts. At the darker part of his career, on the eve of committing a great crime, Weston is brought to his senses, and a sudden realization of his situation and his better self asserts itself. His redemption and ultimate triumph over his enemies is accomplished by a series of powerfully dramatic incidents, in all of which the faithful newsboy "Bob" is his trusty ally and the curtain falls on a happy home scene, where Weston, restored to his wife's love, his friends' confidence, receives the spontaneous cheers of the audience, which is every ready to applaud the triumph of virtue and good will.

"THE BURGOMASTER."

William P. Cullen will present the merry musical comedy, "The Burgomaster," at the Lyceum this evening. The piece will be seen in all the glory of an entirely new production and new costumes, as it is to play in New York for a long run in a short time. The company is a very large one. It includes Oscar L. Figman, as the Burgomaaster, Charles Sharp, Oscar B. Ragland, Fred. Bailey, R. E. Moye, George McKissock, Ruth White as "Willie," Louise Brackett, Vesta Stanton, Kitty Aylward, Mae Franklin, the Lockhart Sisters and others.

GOSSIP OF THE RIALTO

More Talk of Serious Opposition To Klaw-Erlanger Booking Syndicate — James K. Hackett Is To Change To Social Drama—The Modjeska Benefit a Great Success.

New York May 13—Once more the talk of serious opposition to the big Klaw and Erlanger booking syndicate is going the rounds of the theatrical circles. The latest report has it that the Belasco suit has developed facts which are not pleasant to the powers that be in the syndicate, and the old rumor of a possible disruption is revived on this account. The stories going the rounds have it that Charles Frohman is none too well satisfied with the treatment he has recently received at the hands of his syndicate associates. It is also pointed out that the Shubert brothers have gradually built up a pretty strong chain of successful theatres in the large cities between London and Chicago, and that they are in a position to make a formidable opposition to the Klaw and Erlanger interests. Belasco does not seriously figure in this, as he has held aloof from all alliances so far. Just where he will come in depends in a measure on the outcome of his suit against Klaw and Erlanger, which is still pending. In the meantime it is said Belasco is preparing to sue Charles Frohman for $50,000 on the same grounds that he attacked Klaw and Erlanger, with the difference that he will claim in the Frohman action that the latter forced him to share the profits of Mrs. Leslie Carter's great success "Zaza" in the same manner that Klaw and Erlanger treated him in regard to David Warfield's tour in "The Auctioneer." Under the circumstances it is not likely that there will be any combination between Belasco and Frohman. They were for years intimately associated with each other, but Belasco's retirement and independent action widened the breach between these now powerful managers. Just what the Shuberts are planning to do is not made public, but it is said the talk of opposition is more pronounced than ever, and that the Shubert houses may form the nucleus of the rival chain of theaters which it is hoped can be developed.

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James K. Hackett has laid aside "The Fortunes of the King" and sheathed that trusty blade which has carried him through so many mimetic wars, and with this move comes the announcement that the redoubtable warrior of the romantic drama is to lay aside this turbulence and take up the quiet repose of the modern social drama for his in the future. It seems difficult to think of Hackett without a sword or a gun strapped to his waistcoat, but he has elected to do it, and in "The Walls of Jericho" we shall see next season our dashing Rassendyl in the more modern and easier style of attack and repulse. The cutting quip or the elegant metaphor will be his weapons and his trusty sword will be left to rust and his guns and boots and spurs will become mildewed from neglect. It is hard to bear, but we are preparing you for it by this announcement in advance.

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Nat M. Wills, after two successful seasons in "A Son of Rest," will bring out a new play in Chicago next summer called "The Duke of Duluth." After a short road trial it will be taken into the Majestic theater, New York, for an indefinite stay.

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Manager Brady's big spectacular piece, "All Around Chicago," seems to have hit the Windy City with particular force and talk is heard now that it will run all summer. James J. Corbett, Dick Bernard and Dan McAvoy are the principal comedians, while a big force behind them assists in making this novel piece one of the most pleasing that has been brought out in Chicago in some time.

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Jeanette Lowrie has been hurriedly pressed into service as Marie Cahill's successor in "It Happened in Nordland." The Lew Fields piece has scored heavily in Boston and Miss Lowrie is favorably spoken of for her bright performance, which was given on short notice.

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About the most notable feautre of theatricals last week was the monster benefit tendered Mme. Modjeska in the Metropolitan opera house. It is reported that after all claims are settled the famous actress will net a little over $10,000 for this her notable farewell to the American stage. The testimonial, in point of importance and attendance, was second only to the one formerly tendered Lester Wallack, when Modjeska played Ophelia to Edwin Booth's Hamlet, supported by an all-star cast of that day, including Florence, Barrett, Jefferson, John Gilbert, Joseph Wheelock, Frank Mayo and a number of other stellar lights who have since passed into the great beyond. The Modjeska testimonial was an unqualified success, and in making her farewell speech to her friends the Polish actress was moved to tears, but feelingly expressed her appreciation of the honor shown her. Modjeska will likely spend her declining days on her vast ranch in Southern California. Daniel Frohman and Ignace Paderewski were the prime movers in the arrangements for the benefit, but the latter, through his present illness, was unable to be present.

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Guy Bates Post, the young actor, whom Kirke La Shelle translated from the "Virginian" playing away out in San Francisco, to create the role of Joe Lacy in the new comedy, "The Heir to the Hoorah," is rapidly developing into a real matinee idol. The first demonstrative evidence of this fact came last week when a properly chaperoned committee of demoiselles called at the stage door of the Hudson theater after the Wednesday matinee, and formally requested Mr. Post to address the class in English literature at Miss Loomis' academy, Yonkers, on "American Plays and American Playwrights." John Drew and Dustin Farnum, the star of Mr. La Shelle's "Virginian" company are the only two actors who have been similarly honored by the young ladies of this exclusive educational institution.

• • •

The beloved old veteran of the stage, J. H. Stoddard, whose illness at Galt, Ontario, early in April, compelled him to give up the remainder of his tour in "The Bonnie Brier Bush," continues to improve, and his friends are now hopeful that he will continue to hold at bay the ravages of old age for a long time to come. He will spend his remaining days at his country home in New Jersey, and has given up all hope of ever playing again.

• • •

William Moxon, the advance agent of "Checkers," stopped over in a small Michigan town one day last week to make a railroad connection for Saginaw. It was a town of about eighteen thousand population, and while waiting for the train Moxon strolled into the opera house, where a comic opera matinee was being given by a small strolling company. He counted eighteen people in the audience and remarked to the company manager at the end of the act: "One playgoer to every thousand inhabitants. They don't seem to want you very much here." "No," said the company manager, "I can't make it out. Every time my advance agent strikes a big city like this he seems to lose his head."

• • •

Here is a list of the ages of a number of prominent actresses:

Lilliam Russell	45
Fay Templeton	45
Isabel Bateman	51
Kate Bateman	52
Sarah Bernhardt	61
Agnes Booth	62
Kate Claxton	57
Rose Coghlan	52
Jessie Bartlett Davis	45
Effie Elisler	47
Rose Eytinge	68
Mme. Gerster	48
Mrs. Kendal	56
Mrs. Langtry	53
Maggie Mitchell	73
Mme. Modjeska	61
Clara Morris	59
Mme. Nordica	47
Ada Rehan	45
Mme. Sembrich	47
Annie Yeamans	63

Some of these statistics will be surprising to people who think they know all about stage matters. Miss Russell, for example, generally is supposed to be over 50. This fallacy is due to the fact that she has been before the public most of her life. Few men who have seen her in "Lady Teazle" would acknowledge that she had got beyond twenty.

• • •

According to Will McConnell a tipsy American fell into the Thames near London the other day. He was hauled out by a policeman and taken before a magistrate, who asekd him:

"How did you come to fall into the river?"

"I didn't come to fall in," replied the American. "I came to fish."

• • •

The chorus girl has long been noted for her flowery preference in the matter of nomenclature, but the list of names which occupies the "also ran" portion of the programs of "Fantana," at the Lyric theater, New York, is a trifle more florid than such lists are ordinarily. There is not a plain Reilly or Donaghey in the lot, some of the more striking cognomens being Sibyl Anderson, Fanny Boutelle, Jeannie Calduci, Avis Delle, Temple Evans, Olga Frederick, Genevieve Glycke, Grace Harris, Ida Ince, Lucille Johnson, Dorothy Knight, Pauline Lemoine, Edna Merrill, Neva Norman, Carol Oty, Aurora Piatt, Olive Quimby, Lillian Rice, Hazel Temple, Vera Yolande, Grace Wilson, Ella Xavier, May Young and Bessie Zeller.

A student of the peculiarities of the genus said some time ago you could always tell what decade of her stage career the chorus girl was in by her name. The first ten years she was on the stage she began at the top of the alphabet and generally called herself something like Ann Anderson or Alma Alyoung; by the next decade she would change her name and call herself Belle Boulton or Bessie Brighteyes, and by the third decade she became Cora Climbhigh. Dora Doorstep or some further down alphabetical alliterative person.

Evidently the "chorus ladies" have gotten on to this and have become aware that their secret his been discovered, for the list given above contains very few indications of this alliterative tendency. Genevieve Glycke, Ida Ince, Neva Norman and Vera Volande are the only four. But even at that—where on earth could you seat Genevieve Glyche or Vera Volande?

• • •

Reginald De Koven and Frederick Ranken, who collaborated on "Elysia," which De Wolf Hopper will produce when he has twelve "Wang" receipts, entered into a contract to write together during a long term of years. This arrangement is particularly interesting by reason of the fact that in the past, Mr. De Koven's music has been fitted almost exclusively to the books of Harry B Smith. These two were jointly responsible for "Robin Hood," "Rob Roy," "The Three Dragoons" and a score of other operas. The agreement between the composer and Mr. Ranken has ah especial value to the latter gentleman, inasmuch as the Shuberts have bound themselves to offer one of Mr. De Koven's works every season for a nearly indefinite period. "Elysia" will not be done until September, when it will follow "Fantana" into the Lyric, New York. The postponement of the production is due to Mr. Hopper's continued success in "Wang."

• • •

Clara Morris has made her debut in vaudeville in the East. She is appearing in a brief talk which she calls "Stage Reminiscences." It runs for about twenty minutes. The veteran actress has been so cordially received that she will continue in the vaudeville business for some time.

• • •

Henry W. Savage returned to his offices in New York last week after a four weeks' stay in Europe, where he went to seek rest and incidentally close up a few business deals. Upon his return Mr. Savage said that the scheme to present "Parsifal" in English in a London theater with the assistance of George Edwardes, the British theatrical magnate, has been called off. There is little time open for a tour of the provinces, and it was there that the managers hoped to make the tour a financial success. On this account they have abandoned the idea. Mr. Savage says he saw all the new plays in London and Paris, and while he liked many of them he is content to stick to the purely American output, and will continue his policy of producing home-grown musical comedies and plays.

• • •

Rueben Fax, who is still playing "Posty" in "The Bonnie Brier Bush" and in whom a vein of the humorous is always predominent, tells of an amusing experience with theatrical "props" which befell him some years ago. His part in the play called for his drinking brandy, and as that expensive liquor was not thought necessary by the management, sarsaparilla soda was substituted and placed on the property list, to be furnished by the theater property man at each performance.

One evening, during the progress of the play in a Western town, as Mr. Fax took his usual drink of "brandy" he was surprised by a peculiar and rather unpleasant taste to the beverage substituted for the real article. He tried it several times after leaving the stage, then had some members of the company sample it. They set many faces and varied comments on the drink, none, however, being able to tell what it was.

Finally Fax hunted up the house propertyman and asked him where he got the sarsaparilla.

"Well," said the man, evidently an amateur in theatricals, "I went to the corner drug store and bought a 50 cent bottle. This is Hood's, but I could have got Ayers' if I'd known you'd sooner have it."

• • •

Frank Howe, manager of the Walnut Street theater in Philadelphia, has decided to send his two stars out the coming season in plays that have already been produced but were temporarily abandoned. Charley Grapewin will be presented by Manager Howe in a revival of "Jim Hemp," which the star has worked over into a breezy musical comedy. Nellie Beaumont, who supported Grapewin in "The Awakening of Pipp," will be the star of "The Serio-Comic Governess." This is the Zangwill play, in which Cissie Loftus was a failure, due, it is claimed, to the fact that she would not permit musical interpolations. Zangwill is reported to have intended the piece for this sort of entertainment, and has consented to the alteration. Miss Beaumont's vehicle will practically be a musical comedy, with the central idea of the Zangwill comedy forming the plot for the piece. It ought to be a big hit in its new form.

• • •

Coquelin has recently produced in Paris a new play, called "Scarron," which deals with episodes in the life of the famous wit. The play is by the author of "Le Chatelaine," which Willard produced here recently under the title, "The Brighter Side." The English player has an option on the new piece, which he may bring out later.

The vaudeville actors are reported to be quietly forming another association on the order of their first society known as the White Rats. It is said that the movement, which so far has been kept under cover, is a protective one, it being intimated that owing to the powerful associations the managers have been able to form there is danger of a concerted effort to reduce the salaries of the big acts.

• • •

George Ade, after a winter spent in the Orient, has returned to his farm at Kentland, Ind., and will put in the summer months adding the finishing touches to two plays he has contracted to write. One is for Charles Frohman, and will be called "Just Out of College." It is expected that young Joseph Wheelock will star in this play. The other piece Ade will likely call "His Second Time on Earth," and will be produced next season by Manager Savage. The fact that Ade is writing a play for Manager Frohman doesn't mean that he has deserted the Savage camp. Quite a long time back Ade promised his friend Joe Wheeler to write a comedy for him, and the new college piece is written to keep that promise.

Ade says he was divided in his sympathies between the Russians and Japs when he went near the scene of the war in the Far East, but after a lengthy stay in Tokio and Yokohama he has increased his regard for the Russians. He says the little yellow fighters are getting "cocky."

• • •

Sarah Bernhardt, who is about to tour the United States under direction of the Shuberts, has been seen here frequently during the past decade. Her last appearance in this country was with Coquelin in "L'Aiglon," which had been written for her by Rostand. The most interesting feature of Madame Bernhardt's return is in the fact that she is to confine herself almost entirely to her earlier successes, among them "Camille" and "La Tosca." The latter play has not had an adequate representation since the death of Fanny Davenport.

Ethel Barrymore has scored another big hit in New York, her appearances last week in "A Doll's House" meeting with popular approval.

• • •

One of the most ordinary reasons for the failure of English musical comedies on this side of the water has been the fact that the majority of them are submitted to the process known as "Americanizing." This means that a piece which has been sucessful abroad rarely is produced here until its book has been stuck full of "gags" and "business" that have no more to do with the plot than kippered herrings have to do with Kipling. The Gilbert and Sullivan operas were not "Americanized," which, violent blow though it may be to national pride, probably is one cause of their continued popularity. "The Earl and the Girl," which the Shuberts imported, is being performed here precisely as it is in London. Not one line has been added to or taken away from the original libretto. Two or three songs were interpolated to fill the places of melodies already well known this side of the pond, but these constitute the only differences between the local and the British production.

• • •

The Show, a little magazine published in the interest of the Shubert attractions, is notable largely for the cleverness of its shorter contributions. Two witty quatrains printed in the May number are:

Little fluffs of powder,
Little dabs of paint,
Make the chorus lady
Look like what she ain't.

And the following parody on Ella Wheeler Wilcox:

So many stars, so many leads,
So many advertising ways,
When just the art of writing plays,
Is all this show world needs.

The first verse is by Beatrice Sturges and the second is published annonymously.

• • •

Lionel Barrymore, the well-known actor, star in "The Other Girl," and a brother of Ethel Barrymore and John Barrymore, returned to New York last week from Colorado Springs suffering from a severe attack of nervous prostration. His friends admit that his condition is quite serious and it will be several months before he will act again, and that the time of his enforced rest may even be more prolonged. While appearing in London last winter Mr. Barrymore suffered a severe attack of pneumonia, and it is feared that he resumed work too soon. His system had been weakened very much by the illness and the fatigue of almost constant travel and acting has since then been a severe tax upon him.

• • •

Jessie Millward will return to England after an absence of five years in this country. Ever since she came to America to fill the place of leadig woman with Charles Frohman's stock company, Miss Millward has entertained an ambition to go back to London as a star. She thinks her opportunity has come. She saw Alice Eisch in Stanislaus Stange's new comedy, "A School for Husbands," in New York a few nights ago, and she could scarcely sleep until she had taken up the matter of securing the English rights, so perfectly, she thought, did the leading role suit her personality and her style of acting. These rights have been secured and Miss Millward thinks she will have no difficulty in securing time for the play at home. In the meantime "A School for Husbands' is one of the few real successes of New York.

• • •

It is always interesting to know what players think of their audiences, perhaps because what audiences think of the players is a matter of so much more common knowledge. Henrietta Crosman, in a recent interview, had this distinction to make between men and women as play spectators:

"I do not know why, but a comedienne can draw tears from men more quickly by sorrow caused by things that men themselves do. I love to make men cry. They don't sob and smile and flutter handkerchiefs. They just sit there with the tears welling up and trying to swallow without permitting the persons nearabouts to observe their disconfiture. They never take their eyes from the player's face, but follow every word and gesture with a fixed interest that is inspiring.

• • •

Speaking of Maurice Barrymore the other evening, Wilton Lackaye said:

"Dear old Barry! He was the most brilliant man by miles I ever met. When you think of the pitiful jests which justify Horne Tooke and Charles Lamb in ringing down the ages as wits, it is wonderful to recall the scintillation of an evening with Barrymore. His speech in the most ordinary conversation had prism lights, and he poured off wit and humor, badinage and sarcasm, like an overfull pitcher.

"I remember one night he said something at which I did not laugh, though most of the people at the table roared.

"'You don't care for that?' said he.

"'No,' said I. 'But it has its value to an observer.'

"'How?' said he.

"'As illustrating the value of vogue.'

"'And what would you call vogue in this instance?'

"'Subtract the intrinsic value of your gag from the laugh the unthinking gave you, and the remainder is vogue. Mind you, I don't wish to belittle vogue; it has its value. Whenever I want to try a story and am uncertain as to its laugh-value, I always begin: "Have you heard Barry's latest?" 'No,' everyone answers, an anticipatory smile breaking over the faces of the group. 'Then I'll tell it. If the laugh is only one complimentary to the alleged author, I bury the story. If it is hearty and unforced, I take off the quotation marks next time and acknowledge the brain-child as my own.'

"'Excellent idea,' said Barry. 'I tried that long ago. I wanted to spring something one dull evening, of which I was secretly ashamed, and I said: "Did you hear what Lackaye said last night?" But everybody got up and ran away, and I don't know to this day whether the "brain-child" would have been a Marshall P. Wilder or a Jim Jefferies.'"

• • •

Master Gabriel, who plays the title role of "Buster Brown," called on a lawyer recently for an advice on a certain subject.

"I can only spare you a few moments, so be short," said the lawyer to the diminutive comedian.

"Yes," answered Gabriel, "that's just what I'll have to be."

• • •

Robert B. Mantell has taken Chicago by storm with his repertoire of popular tragedies. He was first billed for only two weeks, at Hyde & Behman's, then the engagement was extended to five weeks. The first play presented by Mr. Mantell was "Richard III," which was followed by "Richelieu." The third play to be given by Mr. Mantell and his company is "Othello," to be followed by "Hamlet" next week, and the last week to be made up of plays in his repertoire. Mr. Mantell is suported by Miss Marie Booth Russell, Lillian Kingsbury, Robert T. Haines and Frederick Paulding.

• • •

Rehearsals are going on daily at Hyde & Behman's theater, Chicago, for the new musical comedy, "Kafoozelum," which is to run all summer there. The story of "Kafoozelum" is laid in an underground city, whose inhabitants become strangely civilized after visiting Chicago. David Lewis and Elne Fay are the principals of the cast.

• • •

Theodore Roberts, who assumes the role of the Indian chief in "The Squaw Man," William Faversham's new play by Edwin Milton Royle, has no easy character to play. "Most anybody could be an Indian chief," said Roberts the other day, but few could get to work and master the Ute laguage to portray the character. Mr. Royle, the author, in writing the play, made the chief talk in native Indian language, the Ute tongue—having the words translated by Buco White, a full-blood Ute and a government interpreter. Since the first rehearsal began Mr. Roberts has mastered over 300 Ute words and their meaning.

• • •

Otis Skinner will star next season in a revised play of "His Grace De Grammont," by Clyde Fitch.

• • •

In June a company of well known actors will open at the Chicago opera house, Chicago, in "The Land of Nod." William Norris, Margaret Clark, Valerie Bergere, Alma Youlin, May De Sousa, Herbert Cawthorne, Knox Wilson, Tom Armstrong and Fred Ray are to be in the cast.

• • •

James Young, who has supported Miss Viola Allen in nearly all of her starring ventures, is to be started next season by Nixon & Zimmerman in a modern comedy. This will not be the first time Mr. Young has appeared as a star, for several years ago he tourned the country in a repertoire of classic roles and in a play founded on the life of Lord Byron. Since then he has played prominent parts with Augustin Daly, Mrs. Fiske, Sir Henry Irving and Miss Viola Allen.

• • •

Robert Conness will be seen this season in "The Pipe of Peace" which was written for him by Sedley Brown. Mr. Conness is at present playing with Broadhurst and Curry's company in "Texas." At the close of the season with that company he will proceed at once to Jersey City, where "The Pipe of Peace" will have its opening May 15. Sedley Brown, who has been stage director of the Grand stock company in New Orleans during the past season, will stage the play in Jersey City for Frank E. Henderson and H. M. Hymans, who expect to put it on the road next season, and at that time will give the play an elaborate production. The leading part is that of an educated Indian, and the plot not only in a strong love interest, but also high finance in Wall street. A strong company has been engaged.

• • •

Gustav Luders has gone to Germany, where he is to conduct the translation of "The Prince of Pilsen" before the emperor in Berlin.

NEW YORK THEATERS

Some Show Girls Swing Into the Summer Season In the New Extravaganza. With Sam Bernard—Charles Hawtry Turns On His Former Chum, King Edward—Ethel Barrymore Plays Ibsen.

New York, May 13.—An octet of show girls swing out, in the first of the summer extravaganzas, from the stage over the front rows of the parquet. That is the new sight that is surprising in "The Rollicking Girl." A popular toy for tomboys just now is a ball attached to an elastic cord, and when the ball is thrown at an urchin, who tries to catch it, the cord jerks it back from him to the joker. These rollicking girls are like that. They sit in a row of swings suspended from long ropes of flowers; their carefully selected pretty faces are framed by fluffs of hair and fantastic hats; their gowns are white, soft and flowing; their hands cling apishly to the ropes and their feet dangle shyly below. They are a living picture of summer girls for 1905 at some hitherto undiscovered rural resort where there are young men enough to go 'round, for each has one of her own. These eight couples don't stroll; they flirt and sing, as the musical comedies have made them do these many years, but each chap places her wedding eve after a quarrel with her jealous lover, dreamt that she accepted his rival's proposal of an elopement to Vienna, where he made an actress of her; but her adventures, though gay, were so perilous that she was glad on awakening next morning to find herself at home and still eligible to become an honest bride. Rosenfeld put her into an extravaganza which he called "A Dangerous Maid." Sam Bernard had the not very conspicuous part of a wigmaker at the theater where the maid endangered her own and others' happiness. Since then Sam has become one of Frohman's big moneymakers, and this old play is reproduced for him. But it is three-quarters new, with much of the author's matter taken out and much of the actor's put in, with a complete outfit of fresh songs from various sources, ballets of novel device and an exquisite exhibition of costumes, to make beautiful surroundings for the grotesque comedian.

• • •

Now, let's rise from the depths of reckless extravaganza to the heights of purposeful drama. We will ascend, if you please, along with Ethel Barrymore in her flight to Ibsen. She wings it up there triumphantly. Nora Helmer in "A Doll's House," is an actress-proof part, and no one with more than middling ability ever falls in it. Ibsen is easy to all but those who willfully or ignorantly misinterpret him. Nora is merely a capricious, whimsical doll wife, who forges without criminal intent and remains shallow until the depths of her nature are finally stirred. Yet Miss Barrymore accomplishes more than any of her more experienced predecessors by making Nora a feather-brained, irresponsible, irresistible creature of impulse, where they suggest a mentality and maturity which Nora should not possess. The conclusion should not be jumped at that our Ethel's success ends in a physical and temperamental suitability. She goes a long way beyond that. Hysterical friends may say that she suppresses her personality entirely. They are not quite accurate. Sir Henry Irving, Sarah Bernhardt, Minnie Maddern Fiske and Richard Mansfield, dramatic standards of the time, see their personality by assimilating it with that of the assumed character. So does Miss Barrymore with Nora. She discards such qualities in herself as are not consistent, but such as are she accentuates to eloquent purpose. The steady, vague, wondering gaze becomes a convincing means of depiction, instead of the merely pretty mannerism it has been in less vital plays. The flattering, fascinating Ethel becomes at once the reason of Helmer's love of her and of his rejection.

When Ethel Barrymore was a girl of 9, "A Doll's House" was first shown on the stage. What a change has come to pass! This was the earliest Ibsen piece acted in our land, and condemnation had hardly any dissent. Mrs. Richard Mansfield, known before her retirement as Beatrice Cameron, was the Nora. Her undertaking was regarded as an adventure, a freak performance. Now the Ibsen heroines have passed to the other extreme of acceptance. They have ceased to be impersonated sanely, and have the modern Rosalinds and Juliets to suffer "new readings" that have flowed in upon actresses during the winter and have to be hailed out in spring freshets of "test parts" in revivals. Every one may decide for himself whether Mrs. Fiske, Mary Shaw, Nance O'Neil or Blanche Bates is the ideal of Ibsen's Hedda Gabler, and whether the American Miss Shaw or the German Frau Bunger predicts more truthfully his Mrs. Alving. Ibsen has advanced—if advance it be—rudely to the limit of challenge. And Ethel Barrymore, by dragging him back to the same attitude of a great dramatist sufficient unto himself, has proved herself a faithful and by no means unresourceful actress. The process as set before us is a rare treat in legitimate drama.

• • •

If I were on familiar terms with the king of England, as Charles Hawtrey is, I would write to the royal fiddle what his chum Charlie did here in New York last Monday afternoon. Maybe I will send a copy of The Star with this paragraph marked. Hawtrey, as you know, is a stage Chesterfield and Crichton, a prince of Walesy glass of fashion and beau brummelly mold of form. That is to say, Hawhaw-trey looks like what his name sounds like, a perfect example of the calm, easy and every way utter young English aristocrat. As an heir to a dukedom in the hitherto unacted play of "The Splendid Life," he declines to assume the title, and accepts the estate only to establish on it a Tolstoi fraternity of equality between the extremes of social class. There isn't a touch of satire in this exposition of socialism, nor the faintest sign of insincerity; it is an attack in earnest on the aristocracy and a plea for the common people. Why and wherefore is Hawtrey a convert to Tolstoi? Has King Edward marked Actor Hawtrey off the prince of Wales' list of cronies along with Mrs. Langtry and Mrs. Potter? Or has Hawtrey become financially frenzied against wealth? He was such a spendthrift in London that, although a heavily capitalized stage pet, he came to New York with his wallet empty; and since then his costly habits have kept a large income from filling that wallet. Anyway, he is evidently a heartfelt believer in Tolstoi doctrines, for the play in which he preaches and practices them was written by himself and his brother George. As to "The Splendid Life" it won't be seen or heard of ever again. It is an utterly undramatic composition in which Hawtrey's delightful personality, usually valuable, is absolutely worthless. The two actors of experience should make a play of words and not of deeds, a theatrical garden full of the weeds of talk without a single flower of sentimental interest, is a question to be guessed at, but not to be answered, unless it be true that the Hawtreys mean to devote themselves to social missionary work for their hitherto despised people against their hitherto beloved king.

• • •

The first play I ever saw was "The French Spy." In the time when star actors traveled without companies, and the local stock players supported Edwin Booth in "Hamlet" one week and Stuart Robson or George K. Fox in a burlesque of "Hamlet" the next week. One of the shiners in the theatrical heavens was Zoe, the Cuban Sylph, a silent pantomimist, and it was she who entranced me as the French girl spy who pretended to be a dumb boy and rescued her soldier lover from an Algerian military prison. Under the usual contracts all the money taken in went to the theater manager until a certain sum was reached, after which the visiting actor shared, except that on Friday night he "took a benefit," when he got a quarter, third, half or sometimes even the whole of the receipts, according to his popular value. In many cases his sole income for the week was on that one night, and so he usually did something extra to lure people in. The most eminent did not disdain to add farce to the drama, and this "double bill" would be repeated on Saturday night. Zoe's trading stamp inducement to buy "The French Spy" was to walk, dance and turn flipflaps on a high wire. To my boyish fancy the Cuban Sylph was the palm of palms in those palmy days, and the ardor of my admiration was equaled by the intensity of my contempt for her husband—partly because he fixed up the wire on which she risked

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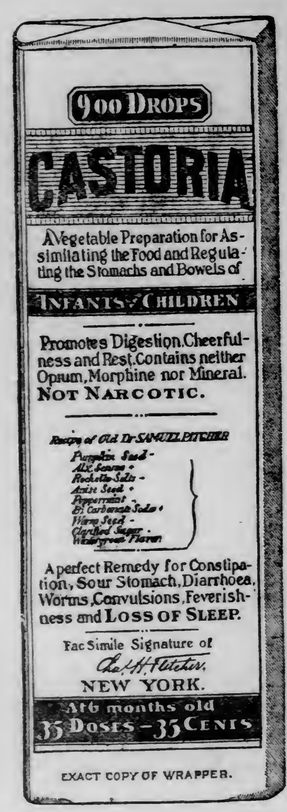
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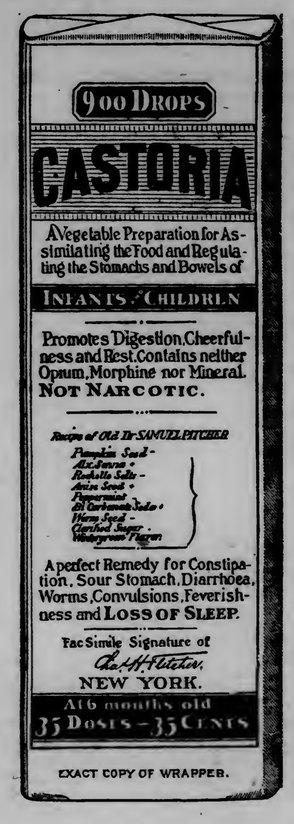
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MAN AND THE MANICURE

Love Affairs of the Girl In the Barber Shop—What Is Expected of Her Customers—Invitations To Dinner and Presents From Some—Different Styles of Wooing.

Boston, Mass., May 13.—"Do my customers make love to me?" repeated the pompadour-headed manicure girl in the barber shop. "Well"—and here a coquettish smile illuminated her cherubic countenance. She gave a backward toss to her pretty head to fling stray strands of the pompadour out of her eyes and went on: "Really now, I ought not to give them away, for they're awfully good to me," and here she fairly bristled with sense of past attentions. Not even a matinee idol could help letting some of it out, and, with apparent reluctance, she coyly admitted. "But—yes, they do."

The murder was out and the little manicure appeared so relieved that she burst into a contagious laugh. Love-making didn't weigh seriously on her mind. It was all a good joke and as necessary a part of the business of life as doing her hair with the Marcel wave.

"Well, I'll tell you just how it is." She was simply bursting to tell all about it, and, with a naive display of confidence, let it blow at the rate of about seventy-six jimped into the middle of her tale. It was like the scent of a battle to the war horse.

"You know, most men think they are privileged to make love to a manicure, just as they do to their typewriter, but it doesn't really amount to anuything, really it doesn't—at least not to me.

"I simply take it as a good joke and refuse to look at it seriously, and this, as you may imagine, is pretty disconcerting to a conceited man and acts like a wet blanket. It's fun to see them writhe under it when they are making such desperate efforts to make an impression," and the girl laughed gaily, much as a mischievous boy might laugh.

"But there are so many different types of men," continued this font of wisdom, "you can't always tell just what attitude they will take. At least first I couldn't always judge correctly, but now"—and the wise young creature looked volumes—"you can't fool me a bit.

"I can tell whether a man is going to make love to me the moment he enters the shop. That's right," she added, although no one had presumed to question such competent authority.

"I have what I suppose you would call a psychic knowledge of what he is going to say before he opens his mouth. He'll try open flattery, squeeze your hand and look unutterable things, and say them, too, or else he will try a more subtle method, if he be one of the slick ones. He will compliment you by inference, and somehow you always like that.

"There is one type, generally past 50, that is insufferable. He thinks, and this is the funniest part of it, that because he happens to admire you you must fall immediately into his arms. The idea!

"Never by any possible chance does it occur to him that you have any preference in the matter. For instance, a man of this stamp the other day asked me to go out to dinner with him, and seemed terribly cut up because I refused. He seemed to think I'd jump at the chance.

"I don't lack invitations, either, and really," this with childish insouciance, "I'd like to accept some of them. It's a great temptation to a girl with my disposition to go to the theater or dine out when you're asked, but I don't.

"Most of the girls I know in this business do, and honestly, if I were knocking about the world, boarding and living in a tucked up hall bedroom, I'd be inclined to do as they do.

"You wouldn't believe it, but men invent all sorts of excuses for me to give the boss or devise tales to tell my mother so that I can dine with them. But I live at home, and if I didn't get home at dinner time there would be the dickens to pay.

"Another type is the man who gazes at you with embarrassing frankness, then asks why you don't wear a peek-a-boo waist and squeezes your hand. The latter you expect. And I'—once more the girl laughed joyously—"well, if it's a young man, a man I like, I may joke about it and—yes, return the pressure, just for the devilitry of it.

"But if it happens to be one of the old boys I was just telling about I pay no more attention to it than if it had never happened. Men are funny creatures. They will try and see just how far they can go with a girl and if they find she isn't of the sporty sort will give her all kinds of good advice.

"Oh, you just ought to have seen this place on Easter, exclaimed the girl animatedly. "It looked like a florist's establishment. The place was simply packed with flowers," and the girl stopped polishing nails a moment and looked about in pleasant anticipation of another festal day.

Then a shadow passed over her countenance and she pouted, saying:

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"But who wants flowers? Men never know what to get for a woman, so they rush off and buy flowers. I'd much prefer money, honestly I would, for I've started a bank account—and you can't bank flowers.

"I do get money sometimes, though. Last Christmas, for instance, I had ten $5 gold pieces. As for presents, why, I get those every day.

"This good luck charm was just sent me from Switzerland. Pretty, isn't it? A few days ago a real sporty duchesse lace handkerchief came to me from Brussels—real hand-made lace, mind you.

"Today this antique silver belt buckle came from San Francisco. My customers are so kind, they always remember me in some way when they're traveling. I've got souvenirs enough already to start a pawnshop with—and I believe I'll do it.

"Would I rather work for men than women? Would, I, indeed? Me for the men every time.

"Women are too fussy to suit me. They talk you to death in the first place and they never give you any tips. Why, I place a glass ball for a target between their foreheads. I can't make it seem as though, if the bullet should shy into one of their craniums, there would be any previous loss of brain. But I get interested when Leontine take her place on a pedestal from which she may fall dead. She is dressed fashionably as for a carriage drive to an opera or a ball, except that there is a big hat on her head as well as an enveloping cloak around her body. Gaston lays himself on his back across a chair, and without a rest for his pistol, shoots portions of her hat away until none is left. Then he removes the sleeves from her wrap by breaking their buttons with bullets until her arms were bare. The rest of the cloak and a trailing skirt are popped off in the same way, until she has lost all of her clothes worth mentioning, but not her life—not this time. Leontine ought to get 99 per cent of the $100 which is paid for the feat twelve times a week, and as for Leontine's husband, I hate him worse than I ever did Zoe's.

her bones—or skin, for her surfaces were so smooth and pliant with grace that I couldn't have believed there was anything as stiff as bone within. This man may have been her business manager, stage manager, press agent, billposter and bag carrier, and so worked harder than she, but to my untutored mind he was a lazy lout who lived on her dangerous labor.

Yet my hatred of Leontine Lausanne's husband this week is just about as strong. His name is Gaston Bordeverry, and he is the best man to memorize William Tell's feat of marksmanship in a show since Frank Frayne killed a woman at it and quit the stage from remorse. Gaston is short, thick, ugly and 50. Leontine is tall, slender, beautiful and 20. They are sharpshooters at the Hippodrome. After duplicating the skill of Buffalo Bill and Annie Oakley with rifles safely Gaston shoots electric bulbs off the heads of two assistants, but they are very ordinary fellows, with no visible indications of value, and I don't quake with dread even when they

LET MAN DO THE HOUSEKEEPING

Experts Give Reasons For Believing That He Would Solve the Problem of Bringing Up a Family Comfortably On Small Income.

New York, May 13.—The average New York housekeeper detests arithmetic. She herself may believe otherwise, but economists declare that the weight of evidence is against her.

At any rate in thousands of cases, it is asserted her sums are left undone, and thereby hangs a tale—an oft-told tale of the difficulty of maintaining a family in New York in comfortable quarters on an annual income of from $1,200 to $2,000.

Ordinarily, the trouble is attributed to high rents. But of late domestic economists have insisted that if housekeepers with small incomes and growing families would only condescend to practice daily a little simple arithmetic the elasticity of a $1,500 income would astonish them.

These economists condemn the average woman's housekeeping methods. They say that in many cases in which an income is unequal to the strain put upon it, were the man of the house to manage the housekeeping as he does his business the results would be entirely different.

The economists have figured it out to their own satisfaction that it is not the cost of rent nearly so much as the extravagant and quite disproportionate sum spent on food that helps to use up a small income, and that it is because of indifference to or a total disregard of business rules rather than because of necessity that the disproportion happens.

A man, they say, lays down certain rules for the conduct of his business and sticks to them. He calculates to the fraction of a cent usually his profits and losses, systematizes every department so that it will at least pay for itself if it does not yield a profit and that if he can't do this, or that if he neglects to do it, sooner or later failure will stare him in the face.

Women on the other hand starts to keep house, which is or ought to be considered just as important a business enterprise as keeping a store or managing any sort of industrial enterprise outside of the home, with no business rules at all to live up to. With few exceptions she doesn't care about living up to the rules.

She may understand how many dollars the family exchequer contains, but how to apportion those dollars to get the best returns is not seriously considered by her. With her, housekeeping is an incident in her life, not its chief business.

Not long ago when lecturing before the New York Society of Ethical Culture, a professor from the Boston Institute of Technology remarked that until women abandoned slipshod methods of housekeeping in favor of the advanced plans employed by the wide-awake man in his business any income of moderate size was bound to fall short of what was expected of it in New York. The lecturer went on to explain as a result of her observations that the best examples of how the family table expenses may be kept within proper bounds were supplied in cases in which the man of the house had put his mind to the problem. She added that in her opinion it would be to the advantage of the health and happiness of the world if this part of housekeeping were for a time done by man.

"Man would systematize it," said the lecturer, "as he has systematized other industries which once were household occupations.

"The other day a woman living uptown announced in the course of conversation that after May 1 her rent would be raised to $35 a month. She had been paying $30.

"And with provisions so high I'm sure I don't know how we are to manage," she concluded with a sigh.

"Are provisions higher than usual?" a friend who boards asked.

"Yes, indeed. My last month's grocery bill was a couple of dollars more than usual and the butcher's account went ahead of that."

"But don't you try to keep household expenses within a certain sum?"

"How can I? You see I do all my ordering by telephone now. It saves me the trouble of going out of a morning, and so I don't always know just how much provisions will foot up until the bills come in.

"When the butcher suggested spring lamb the other day I ordered a roast, never dreaming the price would be so outrageous, and why asparagus should be so dear when it is in the season for asparagus, I'm sure I can't tell.

"At any rate, when I showed my husband last month's bills he got red in the face and said he would have to give up the idea of getting a new spring suit, and he needs one badly, too. But I don't see what I can do.

"Cut down the bills? That's what my husband suggested and I told him that unless we were properly fed he might have to pay doctor's bills instead of the butcher.

"Well, I suppose spring lamb and asparagus are not absolutely necessary to keep one well, but then it is natural, you know, to buy the things which are in season."

Incidentally, it is learned that provision dealers are smilingly complacent over the custom of ordering by telephone, whereas the man living on $1,800 a year or less is beginning to regard it with distrust. Even low-priced apartment houses are fitted up now with telephones, and what is easier when one is in a hurry than to do one's marketing over the wire, especially when, as one housekeeper remarked, the practice does not make goods cost any more?

This housekeeper did admit, however, that when she was not in the shop to stipulate for two pounds of beef or ten pounds of mutton, as the case might be, and see it weighed, the chances were that when the order was sent around there would be two and one-half or ten and three-quarters pounds respectively, the seller sending the quantity first put on the scales, and at full price, of course.

The proprietor of a big uptown market, who in his day has dealt with many classes of customers, says that the telephone is a positive boon to his business.

"We can attend to ten customers over the 'phone," he said, "in the time we spend in taking the orders of three persons who come to market, and there is, on the whole, more profit to us in selling that way, because if we have not the identical cut, ordered at, say, 20 cents a pound, we can send along a 22-cent cut and the customer will seldom or never send it back; whereas if the person came here to place the order, she might decide on a cheaper cut.

"In sending the higher priced meat our idea is not to gouge the buyer or make the best bargain we can for ourselves, but to take the chances on giving satisfaction; and to send a poorer cut than the one ordered would, as a general thing, bring wrath upon my head.

"It is my experience that with few exceptions the richer the customer the more closely she buys, and that it is the people living on small incomes who are the least systematic and most extravagant—extravagant proportionately, I mean.

"For instance, the other day one of my wealthiest customers refused to take some strawberries I recommended over the 'phone because the price was too high.

"'In a day or two probably they will be cheaper,' she said, and that ended it.

"I had no trouble, however, in selling the berries to persons living in the cheap flats around here.

"I remember when I was working for a boss who dealt chiefly with people of wealth we were commanded by many customers never to deliver goods to servant or employe of theirs without a signed order from the mistres, and that rule is strictly adhered to now in the homes of many New York millionaires, both in regard to the kitchen and the upstairs orders, which in such families are quite different. In such cases, if I should send nine pounds of beef and the order called for eight and one-half pounds, I could collect for the latter quantity only.

"I remember we had one customer whose standing order for the kitchen was four pounds of meat a day—no more, no less. The meat might be varied to suit the servants' taste, but the quantity never. If they wanted more, it must be paid for out of their own pockets.

"My flat customers? Well, there are not many who keep within a certain sum every week, and with few exceptions they are not as close buyers as the rich—they don't count noses as carefully, that is.

"One week the bill of certain of my flat customers for meats, poultry, vegetables, will be nearly double what it is the next week, and not so much because of added quantity as of quality.

"At one time women who paid by the week or the month used to have a passbook in which every purchase was jotted down as it was made, but since the custom of ordering by telephone has become so general the passbook has dropped out of fashion. They depend now on my bill which is sent just so often, and we are saved the trouble of posting up the books.

"I notice, though, that whenever there is any dispute over a bill, the husband is generally sent around to straighten things out, although he really knows very little about the transactions of his wife with this firm. I suppose that is because women, even the smartest of them, hate to bother with figures, and maybe it is because some of them don't have time to do the straightening out.

"There is one customer I serve who is a well known club woman. I see her name in the papers all the time. And yet she told me one day:

"I will send you a check just as soon as my husband has a chance to go over the bill. He is out of town for a few days.' And in answer to a remark of mine she added: 'Oh, no; I never bother to add up my housekeeping accounts. I always did hate arithmetic.'

"Many women who live in tenement houses and bring a basket along to carry their purchases home in are better buyers and sharper at doing sums than the flat dwellers, even though they may not have had so much schooling. It is these women who insist upon getting the best of the cheaper cuts, and they have it down fine which cuts will go the furthest when cooked.

"Another thing; they always pay cash, and lacking ready money go without meat, I imagine."

"The reason so many families whose income is from $1,500 to $2,000 continually find themselves with a balance on the wrong side of the ledger is that the wife and mother has so little system in apportioning the funds at her command," said a teacher of domestic economy. "The average girl who marries a clerk or an artisan starts in to keep house in a haphazard sort of fashion, with only the haziest sort of idea how much she ought to spend on rent, her table, clothes, incidentals, etc., with the result that by the time the family includes a couple of children the table expenses are far in excess of what they ought to be.

"I don't believe there is one woman in fifty who makes a study of how to feed her family with nutritious food for a given sum per week, that sum being a proper proportion and no more of the family income. That sort of planning means arithmetic, and many women don't care about exercising their brains over anything so prosaic.

"It is a lot easier to buy provisions according to individual preference, trusting to luck or her husband's ingenuity to balance things by cutting down in some other direction. The main causes of the struggle many families go through to keep out of debt are, first, that the average woman will not give any time to keeping a strict account of the money she spends, and then that the American woman in particular runs to extravagance in providing for her table.

According to food scientists, there are five ways by which the average housekeeper living on a small income actually throws money away when providing for her table. By buying needlessly costly material containing little nutriment; by waste or throwing away much which is not eaten; by failure to select according to season; by poor cooking and by lack of knowledge of what good fod is and what it costs.

"A person can eat all the nourishing food he needs for from 15 to 20 cents a day, but he must eliminate sweets, entrees, tea, coffee and the fine cuts of meat. For 30 cents his bill of fare may include these things, and it will probably be no more nourishing.

"But how many housekeepers take the trouble to go into these figures?

"Here is an ideal division of a family income of from $1,800 to $2,000 a year for a family of two adults and two children; Rent, 20 per cent; food, 25 per cent; operating expenses, 15 per cent; clothes, 15 per cent; books, travel, church, charity, insurance, savings, 25 per cent.

"Actual statistics show that in many cases of even a larger income than those quoted the percentage for food goes as high as 55 per cent. In such cases the fault, it is believed, is largely one of waste; for it is very generally known that the most lax system of housekeeping obtains in families living on from $1,500 to $2,000 a year, and that the larger the income the smaller is the percentage of it spent for food and the percentage of waste.

"There is a vast difference between a well nourished person and an overfed person, but the average woman of small means is far more given to overfeeding her children than underfeeding them. Pies, cakes and confectionery are always more plentiful in the homes of the comparatively poor than on the tables of persons who have twice their incomes; and yet the mothers of the poorer families may be, in fact they often are, refined, educated women.

"The trouble is, these women will not cultivate a liking for simple arithmetic. They buy vegetables out of season and pay accordingly, without stopping to reflect that there are other vegetables at half the price which will yield the same or even better nutritive results.

"A merchant expects every dollar's worth of goods he buys to bring him in a certain per cent of profit. He only buys to sell again goods on which he can make a profit, and the smaller his business the more careful he must be to secure this end.

"A housekeeper, on the other hand, will pay $2 for a certain kind of provision which will bring no greater profit to the family than the same quantity of another variety which might cost $1, and she frequently invests in produce which will give no good return at all. This is particularly true of women of small means.

"To my mind the problem of how to live in New York on a small income does not hinge so much on higher or lower rents as it does on the ability of housekeepers to keep the family bill of fare within the bounds of a certain specified percentage of the family income, whether that percentage is 25, 35 or 55 per cent."

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Latest Books and Magazines

"A Medal of Honor." By Gen. Charles King.

"Fond Adventures." By Maurice Hewlett.

"Mrs. Darrell." By Foxcroft Davis.

"Free Opinions" By Marie Corelli.

"The Breath of the Gods." By Sidney McCall.

"On the Firing Line." By Anna Chapin Ray.

"The Little Hills." By Nancy Huston Banks.

Gen. Charles King's new novel, "A Medal of Honor," just issued by the Hobart company, is as good as anything this prolific novelist has done.

The ingredients of the story will be familiar to readers of the King novels. It starts with a bit of gossip and the beginning of the love story at "the Point"—there is just one "point" to West Pointers—then dashes at once into a spirited brush with Apaches in the Southwest. There is a vain, cowardly and deceitful superior officer, a manly, wholesome and brave subaltern, a grizzled, brave old Irish sergeant, a pretty girl.

Heroic deeds, misrepresentation and injury from the superior officer, thrilling incidents while these are being cleared up, and then an episode at a Western state university to which the hero is sent to handle the military drills. The incidents here are as fast and thrilling as the Apaches could make them in Arizona. Then it only remains to straighten out the tangled threads, punish the villains and unite the hero and heroine, and the book is done.

Some people complain that there is much the sameness in the King novels. It is a pretty good sameness, however, for those who want to read solely for amusement. They are full of logically-arranged and satisfactorily thrilling incident, and "The Medal of Honor" is an excellent exemplar of the type. It will be read with interest, laid down with regret and forgotten. Published by the Hobart company, New York.

* * *

The field of contemporary fiction offers no more tempting and individual figure, perhaps, than Maurice Hewlett. Romancer, traveler, prose-poet, he has now some eight volumes to his credit, and occupies a unique position among men of letters today. With the publication of "The Forest Lovers," seven years ago, Mr. Hewlett struck the keynote of his subsequent work, and revealed new possibilities within the domain of romance. It was as if, under his gardening, a rare, new flower had blossomed forth from a common, neglected stock. Mr. Hewlett became at once a marked man in the public eye, and his genius and manner have been a subject of frequent discussion ever since. His various writings—historical romances, medieval tales, Italian studies and travels—which have appeared with leisured ease, have established his position as a star of no small magnitude in the literary firmament.

The "Fond Adventures," Mr. Hewlett's latest volume, which has just appeared—consists of four stories—each of considerable extent—material, which in less artistic hands might, with padding, have been thought to warrant the furnishing of a novel or two of average length. But it is characteristic of Mr. Hewlett to bestow himself lavishly; and just as his sentences, like branches richly laden with fruit, seem to bend under a wealth of imagery and import, so these tales are thick-clustered and of prodigal fulness. There is more than a bookfull in this volume.

Of the stories in the present collection "The Love Chase" offers an unusual breadth and openness for the exercise of the cunning secrets of which this author is a master—vivid coloring, poetic feeling, a robust quality of action. We are told how the young poet, Nello Nelli, a fair youth with a golden cloud of hair, became the secretary of Cardinal Gonzaga (no slight adventure in itself, as Mr. Hewlett records it), and how the two journeyed toward Venice—at least to the castle of Simone, the Black Dog of Cittadella, who held an iron hand over the surrounding country. Now it happened that Simone had plighted troth, four years before, with Donna Emilia, a pale slip of a Lombard girl, and had gone about his business, which was war. The intervening years had witnessed his grim work. Emilia—La Colombina, he had named her—had gone to live at the court of Milan, hostile ground to Simone, so there had been no news of her. When the cardinal came seeking alliances with Simone, the ruthless young despot was for mixing love messages with diplomacy, and the cardinal carried away with him a ring and message for Donna Emilia. At Milan Gonzaga and his poet-secretary found her, a wondrous girl, "very young, rather pale, partaking the nature of a dove," and anon the love chase began in full cry—the golden-haired poet speedily enamored of her sweet, slow charms, and the cardinal's eye sly upon her and his designs softly afoot to have the girl. Poor Emilia!

* * *

The note dominant through this tale, and in fact through all of Mr. Hewlett's work, is the sensuous—the joy of material life and the free play of the emotions. The appeal is through the natural appetites and passions—there is color for the eye, song for the ear, nor are the nostrils and palate forgotten. People were very much alive in those days, and took to eating, drinking, fighting, love and song making as the chief business of life. It is all very refreshing to us, looking back from the present—there was a lusty vigor and heat in life which we are apt to think lacking nowadays. At any rate, we are quite willing to believe that Romance dwelt willingly among men, and was to be met with on the highway. It is this world that Mr. Hewlett has spread upon his tapestries, but he has made it a very real and living world. To use Mr. Hewlett's phrase, it is "great flesh" which this throng wears that peoples his pages.

* * *

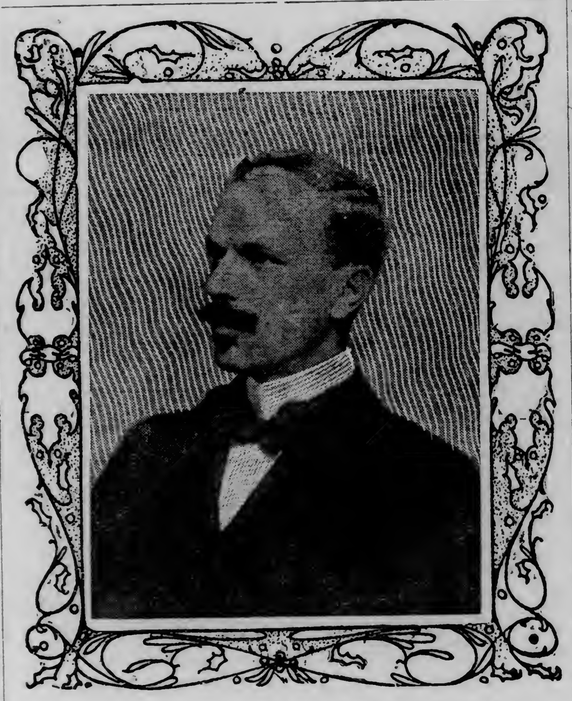
Foxcroft Davis, the author of "Despotism and Democracy," has a new novel in press with the Macmillan company. "Mrs. Darrell" is described as a bright and attractive picture of social life in Washington, and is teeming full of humor and charm and human interest. The light is centered strongly on Senator Clavering, a forceful, Western self-made man of tremendous ability and tact in the management of men and things. He acquires wealth, financial eminence, political honor; yet he is corrupt, audacious and conscienceless.

* * *

"Free Opinions," a volume of essays by Marie Corelli, has just been published by Dodd, Mead & Co. The essays consist of a series of criticisms on modern life, manners and society. The essays when they appeared in a London magazine attracted considerable public attention and stirred up much controversy.

* * *

G. P. Putnams Sons will shortly produce a volume from the pen of Henry Wellington Wack, treating of "The Romantic Attachment of Victor Hugo and Juliette Drouet." Recently Mr. Wack, while staying in Guernsey, had the good fortune to discover a budget of letters addressed to the great French poet by Juliette Drouet. Conscious of the intense interest



—By courtesy of Harper & Bros.

MAURICE HEWLETT,
Author of "Fond Adventures."

taken by admirers of Hugo in the liaison which constitutes the dominant fact in the life of the king of romance, Mr. Wack has embodied Madame Drouet's letters in an interesting sketch of Victor Hugo's life at Guernsey, where the master's long exile was spent, and the scene of his most active literary period. These love-letters, which are about to be given to the world for the first time, are the missives which inspired so many of the Hugo letters published in France. The significance of Mr. Wack's discovery is recognized in France, and M. Francois Coppee has written an introduction to the book, incidentally revealing many interesting anecdotes of Hugo and his literary confreres. While in Guernsey, Mr. Wack made the acquaintance of many people who were personally intimate with Hugo, and obtained from them much information concerning the domestic life of the poet, which was in danger of escaping record. The book, which is charmingly printed and profusely illustrated, is a valuable contribution to the history of French literature, and brimful of interest to the general reader.

* * *

Alan Dale's humorous novel, "Wanted: A Cook," which has been so well received in America since its issue last November by the Bobbs-Merrill Company, Indianapolis, has just been brought out in England by the Putnams, where it has already been extensively and exhaustively praised by the leading literary critics of such authorities as the Academy, the Edinburgh Scotsman, the London Leader and many others, who agree that this story is the smartest thing in current literature.

* * *

"The Breath of the Gods" is the title of a new novel by Sidney McCall, author of "Truth Dexter," announced for publication in May by Little, Brown & Co. The four years that have passed since "Truth Dexter" captivated the reading public the talented author has devoted to the writing of "The Breath of the Gods," and those who have read the manuscript of the new story assert that the heroine, a Japanese girl, is an even more fascinating and subtle delineation than the character of Truth Dexter. The setting of the background, partly in Washington and partly in Japan, gives scope for the author's brilliant pictures and sympathetic interpretations of nature.

* * *

"On the Firing Line," published by Little, Brown & Co., is a romance of South Africa. In this story Anna Chapin Ray has a collaborator, Hamilton Brock Fuller. Mr. Fuller is a Canadian who grew up just in time to be in the field during the last eighteen months of the Boer war, yet he was in two of the more important engagements of that later period. With the Scottish Horse, he fought and was wounded at Vlaakfontein, and, nearly a year later, he was with the South African Light Horse during Lord Kitchener's famous drive at Wolvehoek. The plot of "On the Firing Line" involves stirring happenings in love and war, and the story is one of the best issued this spring. Miss Ray is an indefatigable literary worker, who scored her first success as the author of a juvenile story, "Teddy: Her Book." Since this first book was published by Little, Brown & Co., she has written almost constantly. Besides her "Teddy" stories, she has written three novels, "Each Life Unfulfilled," "The Dominant Strain," and "By the Good Sainte Anne." A new edition of the latter book—a romance of modern Quebec—has just been published, with many full page plates of scenes in and around Quebec. In "On the Firing Line" Miss Ray has a wider field than she has compassed before.

* * *

Nancy Huston Banks, the author of "Oldfield," has completed a new novel which the Maxmillan company will publish next month. Its title is "The Little Hills."

* * *

While not expressly planned as a special Easter number, there are in the May issue of the Metropolitan Magazine several distinctive features which give to it a strong flavor of the approaching springtime holiday. The cover design of this number is relevant to the Eastertide and is reproduced in full color from the painting made for the magazine by Blendon Campbell. Both in drawing and color this cover effect is masterly. It is, perhaps, the most beautiful exterior adornment ever put upon any magazine. A frontispiece in full color by the same artist represents the "Easter Girl" in a setting of cool, springtime green. The article of foremost interest in the May Metropolitan is from the pen of Col. C. W. Larned of the United States military academy at West Point. This contribution is not only authoritative, but is the best popular exposition of our great military training school on the Hudson river that has yet been published. An introductory paper by Gen. Fred. D. Grant, commander of the department of the East, United States army, forms an interesting preface to Col. Larned's article. A profusion of photographic illustrations which give to the uninitiated reader an accurate understanding of the inner life of West Point, accompany this contribution.

* * *

Public Opinion has commissioned Josiah Flynt, known among his friends as J. F. Willard, to go to Russia as its special representative. Mr. Willard has lived in Russia and traveled through all its provinces from St. Petersburg to Lake Baikal. This time he will go with one very definite and specific object in mind, that is, to learn, as far as one man may, how the great mass of the Russian people, particularly in the industrial centers, think and live. The moujik is at present a negligible factor. Firm in his faith in the "little father," he will hesitate long before the charms of revolution move him from his lethargy. The industrial worker is of another sort. He has been thinking, in some cases even reading, and always and everywhere talking, and, as a result, a new force is working in the social body of Russia. What the outcome will be the future only can decide. But what the present conditions are, what the people think and feel, how they live and work, and what they are struggling toward, are all matters in which, as intelligent observers of the affairs of the world, we should be deeply interested, and those are the very things which Josian Flynt is to discover for the readers of Public Opinion.

* * *

Those who have not hitherto given The Popular Magazine a trial will find the May issue a splendid one to commence with, as it contains an unusually fine collection of stories, long and short. Then, too, a new and engrossing serial by Richard Marsh begins in this number, and each of the other four continued stories—by H. Rider Haggard, Henry C. Rowland, H. G. Wells and Andrew Comstock McKenzie, respectively—is furnished with an exhaustive synopsis, so that the new reader can enjoy everything in it without having to send for back numbers. The two complete novels are: "The Test, a Story of Modern Finance," by Louis Joseph Vance, author of "Terence O'Rourke, Gentleman Adventurer," and "A Tilt With the Muscovite," by George Bronson-Howard.

* * *

Gelett Burgess' novelette, which opens the May number of The Smart Set, will surprise his admirers, for in "The Visionists" he has entered an entirely new field and produced a story which is not only timely but powerful and absorbingly interesting. He has gone to London for the locale of this tale. The heroine is a young girl who, through force of circumstances, becomes a member of a society of socialists who call themselves "visionists." Her adventures are wonderfully exciting and the tragic denouement is unforseen. This novelette will win new laurels for Mr. Burgess. Of the fourteen short stories in this number, it is not too much to say that each one stands out as an individual example of fine and clever writing.

* * *

Ainslee's for May has a very interesting and significant essay—one of a series entitled, "Is Social Prestige Worth While?"—in which, under the name, "The Cost of It All," the facts bearing upon the matter of expenditure involved in maintaining social position are set forth; the cost in money is said to be the least important element, as compared with the drain upon the mind, body and spirit. It is a masterly exposition of this vitally important subject, in which the author has displayed wide knowledge and deep comprehension of the essential points.

* * *

Recreation for May presents an entirely different appearance from the old Recreation. Wonderful changes have been made by Dan Beard, the new editor, and the magazine is fast giving promise of being the leader of the out-door publications. The cover design is from a drawing of Canada geese, by Lynn Bogue Hunt, and is exceptionally strong and attractive. The leading story is by C. William Beebee, curator of ornithology, New York Zoological park, and is a comprehensive review of new and interesting facts concerning bird life. The article is magnificently illustrated.

* * *

The May number of 10 Story Book is out. The cover is one of the startling effects of the month, an Oriental conceit in design and color. Wilbur D. Nesbit, already famous as a poetaster, leads with a prose contribution of much cleverness, called "The Perfidy of Mrs. Dumleigh." To a reputation firmly established, Kennett Harris adds with his story "Tottie and the Angel." His Bohemian touches are always delightful. "The Conquests of a Blonde Stenographer," by Clara Norton, is an exquisite satire involving the career of a too pert young woman.

* * *

The publication day of the first number of "Tales," originally fixed for April 22, has been changed to May 20. The postponement has been unavoidable, owing to the enormous number of manuscripts that had to be read. The material, coming as it did from all parts of the world, accumulated beyond all expectation; and as the publishers are anxious to give the magazine as representative a character as possible, the change of date will, no doubt, prove to the advantage of its readers.

* * *

The Argonaut for May 8 is the Special Spring Literary number, consisting of forty pages, elaborately illustrated. A notable feature of this issue is "Along the Nile," a splendidly illustrated article by Jerome Hart. Besides being full of interesting information about Egypt, it describes a number of amusing incidents of travel. This number of the Argonaut sells at the regular price, 10 cents.

* * *

The issues of the Youth's Companion for May 4 and May 11 contain two uncommonly strong stories of the adventures of fishermen. Albert W. Tolman's story of the codfisher, alone in a dory, who was run down in the fog by an Atlantic liner, holds the reader in breathless suspense. The other story, by John K. Cotton, relates the predicament of a fisherman who was first towed for miles and then rammed by a huge swordfish, which he had harpooned in a secure but not fatal part of his anatomy.

* * *

It will be a surprise to most people to learn that there are schools here and abroad in which is taught the art of magic. In the current number of Leslie's Weekly, a school of that sort in New York is interestingly described in an illustrated article by Nina Carter Marbourg, who states that there are over 2,000 professional and 10,000 amatuer magicians in this country. This issue, like many previous ones, makes a strong feature of the Far East conflict, containing a double page of striking photographs of war scenes, and a spirited cover drawing representing the Japanese officers at Port Arthur anxiously looking for the appearance of the Russian fleet under Admiral Rojestvensky.

* * *

The current Harper's Weekly has for its leading feature an authoritative article, fully illustrated, entitled, "Work on the Isthmian Canal," written by Chief Engineer John F. Wallace of the Isthmian Canal commission. An important article is Joseph Conrad's paper on "The Art of Fiction." Joseph Jefferson as a painter is described in some interesting reminiscences by Frederic Remington, illustrated by reproductions of some of Jefferson's paintings. S. H. M. Byers, a veteran of the Civil War, tells how he carried important despatches to Grant at a critical stage of the war. A. S. Williams offers some forceful arguments to prove that "Large Families Are Desirable." Hamlin Garland's serial, "The Tyranny of the Dark," is concluded, and an entertaining installment appears of Nelson Lloyd's amusing satire, "The Memoirs of J. Madison Mudison."

LINCOLN'S HOME AT PORTLAND

Illinois Is Building a Replica of the Springfield House Where "Honest Abe" Lived Up To the Time of His Election To the Presidency—How Mrs. Lincoln Raised the Roof—Relics of the Martyred President Will Be Seen In the Rooms At the Fair.

Portland, Or., May 13.—The only house that Abraham Lincoln ever owned, the one in which he lived at Springfield prior to his inauguration as president, will be reproduced at the Lewis and Clark exposition as headquarters for the state of Illinois.

Peculiar interest attaches to Lincoln's Springfield home, because it was here that Lincoln lived the happier days of his life, after his early struggles to gain an education and a livelihood, and before the dreadful trials incident to his presidency. It was during his residence in Springfield that people came to know the human qualities that made the man who was to rule the destinies of a nation an excellent neighbor, whose presence made glad the heart of the community in which he played an important part. Springfield people knew "Abe" Lincoln familiarly, and the older citizens still remember the tall, raw-boned, ugly-featured man who used to romp with his boys in the scant front yard.

It was several years after his marriage to Miss Mary Todd that Lincoln bought his home, and in the interim he and Mrs. Lincoln boarded at the Globe hotel, where, as Lincoln wrote to a friend, "we are very comfortable as it costs only $4 a week." The house which ventually he bought was a plain two-story structure, built after the general style of houses of the period. The front door opened into a hallway, from which stairs rose to the second story, while doors opened from the hallway into living rooms on either side. The house was surrounded by a wall and a picket fence.

When Mr. Lincoln bought the house it was of the story-and-a-half type, the chambers on the second floor being low, with small windows under the eaves. Mr. Lincoln was practicing law, and, after the custom of the time, he rode the circuit, attending court in several counties. On such occasions he often was absent for several weeks, and during one of these absences Mrs. Lincoln had the roof raised, to make the chambers more comfortable. Springfield residents delight in telling of this incident. When the future president returned to Springfield, he was found standing on the sidewalk in front of his home, apparently very much perplexed over something.

"What's the matter?" called a neighbor.

"Why, I've been wondering," said Mr. Lincoln, smiling in his inimitable way, "if I can find someone to tell me where Abe Lincoln lives. I thought I knew, but I don't seem to be able to recognize his house."

Judge Herndon, who for many years was Mr. Lincoln's law partner, relates in his biography of the martyred president many incidents which enable one to understand the personal side of the man. Mrs. Lincoln was a devout Presbyterian, and attended church regularly, but her husband seldom accompanied her. On Sunday morning he was accustomed to stroll down to his office with his three boys. There he would read, while the boys played in perfect freedom with his papers, threw his ink well at each other, and caused general havoc. The future president apparently enjoyed their pranks, and never interrupted their play. Thus the morning would be spent, and then the long, unkempt father and his mischievous sons would file in ludicrous procession up the street, Mr. Lincoln stopping now and then to shake hands with a neighbor who had been to church. It is a picture which Springfield old-timers still remember vividly.

That Mrs. Lincoln did not approve of the Sunday morning diversion, and indeed, of many other things which her more plebian husband did, appears unquestioned. Mrs. Lincoln had been reared to believe in the conventions of society, and the uncouth actions of her husband were a never-ceasing trial to her. Mr. Lincoln used to delight in lying on the floor in the hall with a chair for a pillow, reading, and when a caller rang the bell, he would answer the ring, instead of waiting for a servant to attend the door. This was a habit of which Mrs. Lincoln never succeeded in breaking him.

The stories told of Mrs. Lincoln's authoritative spirit are interesting. On one occasion, it is said, a gardener had been employed to do some work about the place, and had sugested that a certain tree be cut down. He thought best to speak to Mr. Lincoln about the matter, however, before beginning the task.

"What did Mrs. Lincoln say about it?" asked Mr. Lincoln, when the gardener came to him.

"She said that she was willing that it should be cut down."

"Then in God's name cut it to the roots."

Many stories are told of the unceasing good humor of the Springfield attorney, who, on the circuits, was ever the life of any party of which he was a part. An instance of Lincoln's ready wit is related by a fellow attorney. This man being somewhat of an athlete, engaged in a friendly wrestling match on the courthouse lawn one morning before court was called. In the scuffle he tore a bad rent in his trousers and was unable to have it repaired before being called on to address the jury. The tear showed very plainly beneath his rather short coat, and was the subject of jocular comment by the other attorneys, each of whom started a subscription paper for the purpose of raising funds with which to buy a new pair of trousers for the unfortunate man. Each of the attorneys present subscribed to some ridiculous sum. When the subscription paper reached Mr. Lincoln, he glanced at the writing, and then at the unfortunate attorney, and wrote at once, "I can contribute nothing to the end in view."

Oregon people have shown special interest in the project of the state of Illinois to erect a replica of Abraham Lincoln's home at the exposition, because at one time Mr. Lincoln was offered the position of territorial governor of Oregon. Upon the election of President Taylor, Mr. Lincoln applied for the post of land commissioner, and the governorship of the new territory was offered to him instead. It is interesting to speculate what would have been the effect on our national life if the rising Illinois politician had consented to seclude himself in the wilds of the new territory.

In the building which the state of Illinois will erect at the Lewis and Clark fair, there will be a number of relics of the martyred president. The original home is now the property of the state, having been donated in 1887 by Mr. Lincoln's only living son, Hon. Robert T. Lincoln of Chicago. The furniture which the president and his wife used was destroyed in the great Chicago fire of 1871, but many of the articles that formerly belonged to the Lincoln family have been collected and are now preserved in the home in Springfield. The more interesting of these, including the saddle-bags which Attorney Abe Lincoln used when he was a circuit rider, some of his clothes, and a large number of interesting photographs and autograph letters, will be shown at the fair.

As the replica at the exposition will be of the same size as the Springfield home, thirty-six feet square, it will be necessary to erect in the rear of it a pavilion to be used as a reception room, and for the housing of the unique exhibits of Illinois. The Illinois exhibit will differ from the displays made by other states in that it will contain no blue-ribboned sheafs of grain, and no manufacturing exhibits such as are customarily shown. Instead there will be a large number of photographs of the penal, educational and charitable institutions of the state, a collection of portraits, which includes every governor of Illinois, and a mass of statistical data which will enable people to gain a clear idea of the resources of the commonwealth in which the man who saved the Union lived and made himself beloved. W. E. BRINDLEY.

BABY'S VOICE

Is the joy of the household, for without it no happiness can be complete. How sweet the picture of mother and babe, angels smile at and commend the thoughts and aspirations of the mother bending over the cradle. The ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass, however, is so full of danger and suffering that she looks forward to the hour when she shall feel the exquisite thrill of motherhood with indescribable dread and fear. Every woman should know that the danger, pain and horror of child-birth can be entirely avoided by the use of **Mother's Friend**, a scientific liniment for external use only, which toughens and renders pliable all the parts, and assists nature in its sublime work. By its aid thousands of women have passed this great crisis in perfect safety and without pain. Sold at $1.00 per bottle by druggists. Our book of priceless value to all women sent free. Address

Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

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SAPOLIO

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT,
District of Minnesota, Fifth Division.
John Nellis, Libellant,
vs.
The Steamer Plow Boy.
IN ADMIRALTY.

Whereas a libel has been filed in the District Court for the District of Minnesota, Fifth Division, in the above entitled suit against the Steamer "Plow Boy," her engine, boiler, tackle, apparel and furniture, alleging that John Nellis has a cause of subtraction of wages, civil and maritime, amounting to the sum of $34.60, and praying that the said steamer may be condemned and sold to pay the same;

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the Monition of the said court to me directed, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming or otherwise having any interest in the said steamer, her engine, etc., that they may be and appear before the Court at Duluth, Minnesota, on Monday, the 15th day of May, 1905, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the same will be summarily heard and determined on the merits, under Rule 61 of the Rules of this Court governing Admiralty causes, then and there to interpose their defense and make their claims in that behalf.

WM. H. GRIMSHAW,
U. S. Marshal.
By GEO. J. MALLORY,
Deputy.

JOHN H. NORTON,
Proctor for Libellant.
Duluth Evening Herald, May-12-13-1905.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS.—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis, ss.—In Probate Court, Special Term, May 4th, 1905.

In the matter of the Estate of Elmer E. Payne, deceased:

Letters of administration on the estate of Elmer E. Payne, deceased, late of the County of St. Louis, State of Minnesota being granted to Anna M. Payne.

It is ordered, that six months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the Probate Court of said County, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that Monday, the 6th day of November, 1905, at 10 o'clock a. m., at a general term of said Probate Court to be held at the Probate Office in the Court House in the City of Duluth, in said County, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said Probate Court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said County.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 4th day of May, A. D. 1905.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis County, Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, May 6-13-20, 1905.

REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY

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THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excesses and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advise free. Address Traynor Building, ROYAL MEDICINE CO., CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale in Duluth, Minn., by S. F. Boyce, Max Wirth, druggists.

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MEN AND WOMEN. Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

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SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

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SANTAL CAPSULES MIDY
Cures in 48 Hours
URINARY DISCHARGES
Each Capsule bears the name
Beware of counterfeits

WOMEN FEMALE BEAN great monthly regulator; strongest, best, safest; contain Ergot, Tansy, Pennyroyal; not a single failure; longest, most obstinate cases relieved in a few days; $2.00 at S. F. BOYCE, Druggist, 365 Superior St. Duluth, Minn.

DULUTH'S NEIGHBORS.

Brainerd

Brainerd, May 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—Conductor Bush of the M. & I. has returned from Greenleaf, Minn., where he has been visiting his sister.

Miss Louise Zabarnissen has returned from Spokane, where she has been spending the winter with her brother.

Miss Tina Swanson, who has been visiting with her sister, Mrs. Charles A. Rose, has returned to her home in St. Paul.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Johnson are rejoicing over the arrival of a 12-pound baby boy.

W. A. M. Johnson, William Bartch and Sam Alsten left recently for Oregon to look after claims recently taken by them.

Ed Murphy, who has been working in the N. P. shops at Glendive, Mont., for the past two years, has been transferred here.

Miss Cora Kelley of Fargo has been visiting with her brother, Assistant Cashier Batchelder of the Northern Pacific bank, for the past two weeks.

The Brainerd Telephone exchange is about to commence the building of a new telephone system from Brainerd to Walker, which will be completed by the middle of July. The company expects to extend the line north to the boundary line in the near future.

Miss Andrews, who has been in the city for several months, has left for her home in Chippewa Falls, Wis.

O. G. Dahl has purchased the interest of his partner, O. A. Finnie, in the grocery business on Laurel street, and will conduct the business alone in the future.

An infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Ed McCarthy died Monday morning after an illness of two months.

William Jack has resigned his position with the N. P. Express company and has gone back to his father's farm near Crow Wing.

Contractor George Kraatz has returned to Bemidji, where he has commenced the building of the new Brinkman hotel. He expects to have it completed by July 15.

At a meeting of the Park Opera House association recently the following officers were elected: President, R. R. Wise; vice president, J. S. Camp; secretary, G. D. La Bar; treasurer, H. P. Dunn.

M. K. Swartz last week sold a forty just opposite the William Dodd farm on Oak street, just inside the city limits, to Con. O'Brien, for $5,000 spot cash. Mr. O'Brien intends to build himself a home on this land. The same week G. S. McCulloch sold eighty acres north of the driving park for a handsome price and immediately bought the old Donaldson farm of 160 acres five miles east of town for $2,400. This farm was owned by J. L. Torreus.

Charles H. Horn has taken a position as driver on the N. P. express wagon, succeeding W. L. Jack, who recently resigned.

Charles Orchard of Duluth has been visiting with his brother the past week.

Willie Huston was killed instantly by a rolling log while working for J. M. Lambert at Emily. The boy was hauling logs and one of the chains unhooked and he fell down and the log rolled over him. This is the second boy lost by Mr. and Mrs. Huston since they moved up to Emily from Iowa. The other boy died of pneumonia.

Le Roy G. French, a well-known Brainerd fireman on the Superior division of the Northern Pacific, has resigned his position and accepted a similar position on the Burlington railway, with headquarters at Bairdstown, Ill.

O. M. Olson has bought out the J. E. McMannis saloon on Laurel street and will take possession at once. Mr. McMannis has accepted a position with the Ransford hotel bar.

G. J. Madland has leased the Antlers hotel barber shop.

Phil Tardy has discontinued his saloon at the Stratton hotel and gone to Pine River, where he has purchased a hotel. Alex Lind will have charge of the Stratton bar in the future.

A. Foster has been succeeded by D. Schuller as ticket agent at the Northern Pacific depot. Mr. Foster has returned to Minneapolis.

At a meeting of the Evergreen Cemetery association held last week Henry Spalding was re-elected president and C. M. Patch secretary and treasurer. The following trustees were elected: I. T. Dean, for two years, and J. C. Congdon, Jay Batchelder and F. E. Kenney, for three years.

H. F. Michael, formerly of Duluth but now in the dry goods business in this city, has displayed in his window a corset made in 1758. It is owned by Mrs. T. W. Duckworth and has been secured here by her niece, Miss Clara Fuller, one of Mr. Michael's clerks.

Brainerd will have two rural routes by June 1. The one south of the city will be 27½ miles long and will serve 575, the one east of the city will be 27 miles long and will serve 605. The examinations occurred yesterday, May 13, and the carriers will be announced in a few days.

Otto Wilson, a well-known farmer near Daggett Brook, who has been sick for years was before the sanity board and ordered committed to the asylum at Fergus Falls. He was taken down Wednesday night by Sheriff O. P. Erickson.

Mrs. G. W. Ames and Mrs. N. H. Ingersoll entertained the members of the "500" club Tuesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Ingersoll on Fifth street north.

Mrs. Charles Sturtz has been visiting the past two weeks with relatives and friends in Duluth.

Rev. P. G. Nelson of Lake Elizabeth, Minn., arrived in the city Friday last, and will immediately take up the work as pastor of the Swedish Baptist church.

While Frank Higginbath was working at an emery wheel in the tool room at the N. P. shops, the wheel broke and a piece of emery flew and hit him on the lower lip and cut it open, and he lost several teeth.

Judge S. F. Alderman has returned from East Granby, Conn., where he was called a short time ago on account of the serious illness of his mother. Mr. Alderman states that she was on the road to recovery when he left her.

The directors of the Y. M. C. A. met Wednesday evening and elected the following officers for the ensuing year: President, Albert Angel; vice president, A. E. Losey; secretary, A. T. Larson; treasurer, F. W. McKay. The association is now in a flourishing condition.

On Wednesday Judge Holland bought 120 acres of land of Mrs. John Cameron for a consideration of $5,000 cash. The land is three miles east of town, and is said to contain valuable iron ore, it being included in the Cuyuna iron range.

Archie Hagadorn was happily surprised by a large number of his friends on account of his departure in the near future for St. Paul.

A marriage license has been issued to Charles Erickson and Miss Anna Haaker. The wedding occurred Thursday evening at the home of the groom, Rev. D. J. Growe officiating.

Mrs. George H. Ley of Grafton, N. D., has returned to her home after visiting for a couple of weeks with her mother, Mrs. P. H. Carney.

Sam Parker is in the city from Williston, N. D., where he is employed by the Great Northern, and will visit with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Parker.

W. H. Cleary has sold his interest in the Brainerd Grocery company to other stockholders, and will be succeeded as general manager by M. J. Reilly.

Judge McClenahan and Court Reporter Moody are in Aitkin, where they are holding a term of court.

The infant baby of Mr. and Mrs. M. M. Linegard, living near Gilbert Lake, died on Wednesday last. The funeral was held Thursday.

Peter H. McGee, of Aitkin, has been transacting business in the city for the past week.

The condition of D. F. McIntosh, who has been sick for over two months, is very low, and it is not expected that he will live over twenty-four hours.

O. S. Hendrickson, formerly in the shoe business in this city but now at Crookston, was in the city Saturday last for the purpose of finding a home for his three little baby girls, Mrs. Hendrickson, their mother, who is well known here, having died last week and was buried here on Friday.

The Brainerd Gold Dust team lost by a score of 9 to 1 to the Little Falls Gold Dust team on Sunday last. Both teams are supported by the same flour mill company, they having mills in both cities.

P. J. McKeon, who returned recently from Rush City, is making arrangements to run the boarding cars on the M. & I. again this summer, with headquarters at Brainerd.

John A. McKay is again out from the hospital, after being laid up with blood-poisoning in his nger for over three months.

New Duluth

New Duluth, May 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Riverside lodge, Knights of Pythias of New Duluth, entertained the North Star lodge, No. 35, Diamond lodge, No. 45, of Duluth and Kitchi Gammi lodge, of West Duluth, Monday night. A class of nine candidates were initiated in the rank of knight. Those in the class were: W. H. Rieckhoff, A. G. Olson, Peter Hanson, Peter Olson, Tom Millen, Charles Hicks, Albert Lesonard and John Carlson. After the initiation a banquet to the visiting knights was given.

Ed. Herbert and Miss Georgia McKay of Bayview were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Bartz Sunday.

Mrs. Victor Dash and Miss Tivonette Dash of Smithville were the guests of friends in New Duluth Sunday.

G. A. Duttenhofer of Grand Rapids, Mich., was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. U. C. Tower Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Sophie Olson of Duluth is spending the week with Mr. and Mrs. Peter Olson.

Albert Laidley has been spending the week in Duluth. Mr. Laidley is employed by the Great Northern, and will visit with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Parker.

W. H. Cleary has sold his interest in the Brainerd Grocery company to other stockholders, and will be succeeded as general manager by M. J. Reilly.

Judge McClenahan and Court Reporter Moody are in Aitkin, where they are holding a term of court.

The infant baby of Mr. and Mrs. M. M. Linegard, living near Gilbert Lake, died on Wednesday last. The funeral was held Thursday.

Peter H. McGee, of Aitkin, has been transacting business in the city for the past week.

The condition of D. F. McIntosh, who has been sick for over two months, is very low, and it is not expected that he will live over twenty-four hours.

O. S. Hendrickson, formerly in the shoe business in this city but now at Crookston, was in the city Saturday last for the purpose of finding a home for his three little baby girls, Mrs. Hendrickson, their mother, who is well known here, having died last week and was buried here on Friday.

The Brainerd Gold Dust team lost by a score of 9 to 1 to the Little Falls Gold Dust team on Sunday last. Both teams are supported by the same flour mill company, they having mills in both cities.

P. J. McKeon, who returned recently from Rush City, is making arrangements to run the boarding cars on the M. & I. again this summer, with headquarters at Brainerd.

John A. McKay is again out from the hospital, after being laid up with blood-poisoning in his nger for over three months.

Negaunee

Negaunee, May 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—One of the most enjoyable social functions the Negaunee Odd Fellow's society has conducted of late was given Saturday evening. Only members and their wives were present, the attendance being about 150 persons. An impromptu program, consisting of selections by Miller's orchestra, vocal solos, speeches, etc., was rendered. Cards were played during a part of the evening. Louis Peterson won the gentlemen's prize, and Mrs. William Mewcombee carried off the honors among the ladies. The prizes for the lady and gentleman having the lowest number of games to their credit went to Mrs. Anson Aguire and John Bennett. Following the entertainment the ladies served a banquet.

Frank Bashaw of Negaunee, attended the state camp of the Moden Woodmen of America at Battle Ceek, Wednesday and Thursday. Delegates were chosen to represent Michigan at the head camp in Milwaukee next month. Aside from the election of delegates to the head camp, the only other business of importance to be transacted at Battle Creek was the election of state officers and the endorsement of men for positions in the national organization.

James Conkin and son, William, old and well known residents of Negaunee, left Tuesday evening for Austin, Nevada, where positions await them.

A. A. Bellstrom, late superintendent of the water works system, re-entered the employ of the city Tuesday, taking a position under Superintendent Harvey Pearce of the board of public works. Mr. Pearce can use Mr. Bellstrom to good advantage in the line of work he has conducted in the past. Ernest Osier, lineman with the Marquette County Gas, Light and Traction company, has also taken a position under Mr. Pearce.

Swan Pellow, a well known Finnish resident of Negaunee, left Tuesday evening for his old home in Finland, where he expects to remain the greater part of this year.

The Consumers' Ore company, which operates the Richmond mine, Cascade range, is preparing to greatly increase the annual output and at the same time reduce the cost of mining. During the past two seasons the working force has numbered uner 100 men, but this year there are over that number on the pay roll, and mining operations have not yet been started. The workmen are at present employed erecting a large trestle and installing a Gates crusher.

The first drift has been started in the Maas mine from the present bottom of the shaft, which has reached a depth of 750 feet. The drift extends southward, toward the ore body. While the ore lies some distance from the shaft it will not be long before it will be reached, as the drift will be driven rapidly. The enlarging of the mine by drifts, followed by the early movement of ore, will mean much for Negaunee. As the underground workings are enlarged the working force will be increased. A year hence the force at the Maas will doubtless be several times larger than it has been at any time since operations were begun there. It is generally predicted that within a few years the mine will be operated with as large a force as any other property in the city.

Miss Annie Lemiere, a popular Negaunee young lady, was married Wednesday morning at St. Paul's church to E. J. Horam of Grand Marais, the ceremony taking place at 9 o'clock. The bride was attended by Miss Horam, sister of the groom, and George Lemiere of Wells was best man. The ceremony was witnessed by a large number of the contracting parties friends. Following the marriage a wedding dinner was served at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Pierre Lemiere. The bride and groom departed on the early afternoon train for Detroit and other places in the lower peninsula, where they will spend two weeks or so before returning to Grand Marais, their future home.

The report of the municipal lighting plant for April is very creditable. There are fifty-five arc lamps and 1,724 incandescent lamps on the circuit. The receipts for the month were $723.72, and the expenditures $532.56, leaving a credit balance of $191.16. Theoperations of the plant will be watched with much interest in the future as it is now under the control of the board of public works.

Report has come to Negaunee that Albert Drangel, who a few months ago victimized a number of Negauee and Ishpeming miners for sums ranging from $1 to $20 each, is now behind the bars in Chicago, having been arreated in that city recently. In Negaunee, Drangel represented himself as the agent of a corporation operating iron mines in Northern Sweden. He also sold a medicine for rheumatism. This remedy was analyzed and was found to be nothing more than brown sugar and water. Drangel employed the Negaunee and Ishpeming men to accompany him to Sweden, to take jobs at $75 per month, including traveling and living expenses etc. Some fifteen or more had paid him $10 each as an evidence of their good faith.

Joe Cyr, who has conducted a blacksmith business on Marquette street, has sold out to Albert Storey, who returned to the city a few weeks ago, re-engaging in the business at his old stand, alongside Cyr's place. Mr. Storey will run both shops. Mr. Cyr will leave shortly for his old home in Canada, where he may remain permanently.

Mrs. Frank Farrell spent a few days here visiting her parents, Capt. and Mrs. William Pengilly, and returned to her home in Munising, Tuesday afternoon.

Mrs. William Neely arrived here Wednesday morning from Chicago, on a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. Bassa.

John G. Jones of Iron Mountain, and W. W. Dawley of Chicago, both gentlemen interested in the operation of the Diamond property, spent Sunday with Palmer and Negaunee, were in town Saturday and Sunday.

Friday evening and Saturday afternoon, 160 Negaunee school children will be seen in "Little Bo-Peep," a pretty operetta in three acts. The pupils have been preparing for the entertainment for some weeks, and Mrs. Marden, instructress in music, promises one of the best amateur entertainments ever given by school children of this city. All the singing will be by pupils of the grades, except a few solo parts taken by high school pupils. One scene from "The Mikado" will also be given by high school students, Alice Bodette, Elsie Koob and Minnie Harris. Between thes cts of the operetta the "fire-fly" dance will be given by children from the Jackson school, and children from the Park street school will give the "Maypole" dance.

These ast of characters for the operetta will be:

Little Bo-Peep	Lydia Nelson
Netticote	Marion Pellow
Lady Lea	Bernadette La Mere
Mistress Mary	Beatrice Bodette
Gill	Minnie Harris
Cockie Shell	Mildred Yates
Silver Bell	Mildred Andrews
Taffy	Prior Stanaway
Sylvia	Bessie Jones
Boy Blue	Ruth Macomber

Mrs. A. M. Croll of Iron Mountain, and Mrs. C. I. Smith of Green Bay are in the city, visiting their parents, Charles Mack and wife. Mrs. Muck has been critically ill for over a week.

William Roy and Miss Rose Aker, both well known young people of this city, were married Saturday afternoon at 5 o'clock at the home of the groom's father, Edmund Roy. Rev. S. M. Gilchrieve, pastor of the Mitchell Methodist church, performed the ceremony.

Two Harbors

Two Harbors, May 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—John Driscoll was down from Ely a few days this week.

From the present outlook there will be no baseball here this year. The interest shown so early in the season has disappeared, and though there is material already here for a better club than ever before. No steps have yet been taken for an organization.

Though delayed some by the rain and inclement weather ore business has been very brisk and has reached its maximum. It was necessary to work Sunday and Sunday night at the docks and on the road to keep up with the work, and Sunday work will probably continue during the summer, the demand for ore being so urgent.

Presiding Elder E. C. Clemans of Duluth conducted services at the First M. E. church Friday evening.

Mrs. G. J. Roop visited with her son, Chris. Winchester at Virginia the fore part of the week.

Mrs. August Betzler visited with her mother, Mrs. Menadue at Biwabik a few days this week.

P. A. Elving had the misfortune to be blown from an ore car at the docks Thursday last during the heavy storm and breaking the bone of his right heel. He will be laid up for some time.

Among those from here who attend the Order of Railway Conductors' national convention at Portland, Or., this month are J. M. Burwick, A. H. Clark, G. H. McGrievy and J. C. McGrievy.

Ore shipments for April were 321,353 tons and receipts 411,961 tons. The shipments for May should be near the million mark, if not over that amount.

Supt. W. J. Marquis of the local schools has been appointed to conduct the state summer school at Grand Rapids this year. It makes the fifth summer he has been so appointed.

The Simonds estate lands, consisting of 1,600 acres, lying west of the Knife River-Waldo road west of town, were purchased at last week's tax sale by Thomas Owens for $5,500. The land will be partioned into small tracts of from one to forty acres and placed on the market for sale.

Joseph Latta has completed his work with the Barnett & Record company and has resumed his duties as conductor on the Duluth & Iron Range.

The opening of bids for the extension of the water mains on Ninth and Tenth avenues, amounting to a total of 1,670 feet, will be opened at the council meeting Monday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Ljunggren celebrated their fortieth wedding anniversary Sunday. Relatives from Kimberly, Minn., and Norway, Mich., attended, and a most enjoyable time was had.

The local Norwegians will celebrate Wednesday next, the 17th inst., their Independence day, and the following program, arranged by the local lodge Sons of Norway, will be given at the Norden hall, that evening.

Piano solo ..... Selected
Miss Hovland.
Song—"Sjona Maj" ..... L. Bien
Male choir.
Violin and piano duets—Norwegian Melodies ..... L. Mostad
Ester Bjorum and J. H. Nordby.
Speech—Norwegian .....
Rev. M. K. Mattson of Duluth.
Piano duet—"Der Barbier Von Seville" ..... G. Rossni
Mrs. Johnson and Miss ...ovland.
Speech—"Good Citizenship" .....
Rev. S. A. Johnson.
Song—"Aften Roster" .....
Male choir.

Refreshments will be served and a general good time had.

Rev. W. E. J. Gratz of the First M. E. church will preach at Knife River tomorrow afternoon.

Lumber business has been brisk the past week the steamer Viking clearing with a cargo and the barges Minnie Orton and J. Edwards are now at the dock taking on loads. As yet no pulp has been forwarded.

Eric Sonjeu was brought in from Little Marais on the boat Tuesday for treatment for a gunshot wound in the thigh incurred while out hunting near his homestead, near the above mentioned place. He tripped and fell and the gun was accidentally discharged with the above mentioned result.

Miss Helen Currie, principal of the high school has been laid up the past week, the result of a peculiar and unfortunate accident which occurred Friday morning. While she was sleeping a large piece of plaster fell from the ceiling of her room striking her on the face and badly cutting and scarring her.

The remains of Palos Thompson, who was killed by the south-bound passenger train near Mile 22 Saturday morning were brought to the morgue here, the same day, and no inquest being deemed necessary, they were later taken to Duluth for interment.

Coal boats are coming steady now and the prospects are that the receipts will continue so during the season. The increased work requiring a much increased supply. The steamers Yuma, Wm. S. Mack and Masaba discharged cargoes of it here this week.

Among the births reported the past week are, to Mr. and Mrs. James Walsh, Thursday last, a boy, and to Mr. and Mrs. John Wallen, Saturday, a daughter.

With the wet weather the past week making the woods and ground well soaked logging business has been delayed. The Alger-Smith company shipping logs only a part of the week and others reducing their work. John McAlpine will finish loading at Miles 46 and if this week and William Logan will load about 100 carloads for shipment from Webber's, before cleaning up his loadings.

Quite a heavy frost was precipitated and ice formed Friday morning. The latest cold weather in some years.

Miss Elizabeth Hill of Stillwater, Minn., well known as a reader, will appear at the First M. E. church next Thursday evening, under the auspices of the local Epworth League.

Five block stations have been installed by the Duluth & Iron Range between Cloquet river and here, and will be used to keep the trains a certain distance apart.

Following were the officers elected for the ensuing year at the last meeting of the local lodge United Ancient Order of Druids: Noble arch, Fred Hagberg; vice arch, Peter aCrlson; secretary, Gust Nelson; financier, Arvid Klingberg; treasurer, Gust Bergstrom; marshal, Arvid Norden; inside guard, hCarles Bodin; outside guard, Louis Bergen.

R. B. Elliott moved into his new residence on Fourth avenue this week.

Sheriff and Mrs. Emil Nelson are visiting with relatives at Pigeon Falls, Wis., for a few weeks.

The Christian Endeavor society of the Presbyterian church gave a very pleasant and successful social at the home of Miss Louise Dacey last evening.

The steamer Nepbing of Newcastle, Eng., took on a cargo of ore here last week for Sydney, Nova Scotia.

The city authorities have issued notices that dog taxes must be paid before June 15, or the dog catcher will begin work.

The Cedar street bridge has been out of service this week, owing to the putting on of new planking and undergoing repairs.

Mr. and Mrs. M. O. Aubolee visited with friends at Ely over Sunday.

Ore receipts are now from nine to fifteen hundred carloads per day.

Frank Bury returned this week from an extended visit with relatives in Southern Wisconsin and has resumed his duties at the dock office.

Calumet

Calumet, May 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—John G. Glasson has gone to Cornwall, Eng., where he will visit with friends and relatives for several months.

John Hartwell of Muskegon, is visiting with friends and relatives in Laurium for the next few weeks.

James Breshahan and family have gone to Houghton, where they will make their future home.

William Blewett has resigned his position at the North Tamarack, and has gone to Franklin, Junior, where he will reside in the future.

Thomas Penhall, delegate from Calumet and Andrew Laksell of the Hecla lodge, attended the state convention of the order of Odd Fellows at Muskegon, which was held in that city.

Fred Strike, the fast center player of the Calumet hockey team, has left for his home at Montreal, where he will visit with relatives and friends for some time.

Miss Margaret Murray of Bridgeport, Conn., is visiting with Calumet friends and relatives for a few weeks.

Buck Wester, who was signied to play this season with the Boone, Iowa, team, has arrived home from that city. Wester was taken ill while away, and is in no condition to play ball.

Fred Brandel has returned to Calumet from a short visit to Milwaukee and will arrange his affairs here so that he might take an extended trip to Europe in a few days.

James George, who is employed by P. P. Rohem, is lying at the Northern Michigan hospital in a precarious condition as a result of a runaway accident. He is injured about the head and body.

The Calumet Women's club elected the following officers for the ensuing year: President, Mrs. W. A. Childs; first vice president, Mrs. Georgs Fax; second vice president, Mrs. H. E. Kratz; secretary, Mrs. A. Petermann; assistant secretary, Mrs. P. J. McClennan; corresponding secretary, Mrs. J. Columbus; treasurer, Mrs. Fred Smith.

Joseph Wills, former sheriff of the county, accompanied by Mrs. Wills, have gone on an extended trip through the South, returning to Calumet in about two months.

Alfred Erickson and Victor Dalquist have left Calumet for Seattle, Wash., where they expect to make their future home if they find the place congenial.

Miss Grace Martin of Laurium, has gone to Green Bay, Wis., where she will visit with relatives for a few weeks.

W. M. Blackmar of Sheboygan is visiting with Calumet friends and relatives for some time.

John Johnson of Calumet left Saturday for Seattle, Wash., on an extended visit, and may decide to locate there permanently.

Miss E. A. Pope, superintendent of the Calumet school district No. 2, attended the superinteidtnss' banquet in Houghton, Saturday.

J. H. Lathrop has returned from a two weeks' visit with his daughter at Thomasville, Georgia.

A son has arrived at the home of Dr. and Mrs. West on Calumet avenue. Mother and child are doing nicely.

Rev. C. M. Tollefson left Monday afternoon for Marinette and other points in that vicinity for a few days.

Mr. Cullyford is visiting in Calumet, the guest of his sister-in-law, Miss Sophia Kilty of the First National bank.

Rev. E. Eynild, of Wilmar, Minn., has declined the call extended to him by the Norwegian Lutheran church of Calumet. A meeting will be held by the society Sunday to call a pastor.

Henry Gluba, a seaman in the United States navy, visited in Calumet Saturday and attended the Polish festivities Saturday.

The Calumet high school baseball team defeated the L'Anse team at L'Anse Saturday, by the score of 12 to 5. The high school players spent three days at L'Anse.

Mrs. Joseph Thomas has gone to Prairie du Chien, Wis., where she will enter a sanitarium for treatment for rheumatism. She is accompanied by her sister, Mrs. A. J. Lins of Laurium.

William Grabble, formerly a resident of Calumet, but now of Bisbee, Ariz., is reported as being seriously ill with typhoid fever at that city.

Joseph Smith of Calumet has returned from Wisconsin, where he was called by the illness and subsequent death of his sister.

Mrs. E. D. Johnson of Calumet avenue left Monday morning for Detroit, where she will visit her old home during the remainder of the month.

Rose Jacobson of Negaunee, who has been visiting withtt friends in Calumet for several months, has returned to her home.

Rev. K. Selin, pastor of the Swedish M. E. church has returned from Duluth, where he attended a church convention.

John Rowe, James Nankervis, George Tregigy and James Martin left Sunday evening for Cornwall, Eng., where they will visit a few months with friends and relatives.

Mrs. P. S. Eaton and son, also Miss Mary Eaton, left Sunday ror Waupaca, Wis., to visit for a few weeks with friends and relatives.

John Turk, an employe of the Tamarack Mining company, had his arm broken very badly, Saturday while at work unloading a car of rock at No. 3 shaft.

The Calumet and Hecla band gave a reception at the Washington school building Thursday evening in honor of the new leader of the organization, W. F. Robinson, who was the leader of the Kilties, for a number of years.

Rev. S. P. Todd of Alma, Mich., is in the Copper Country for some time in the interest of Alma college, of which he is an instructor.

The little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Knepper of Florida, while playing in front of her home, stuck her finger in the ring used to tie horses up; with her finger there, gave a jump to the ground, smashing the finger so that it has to be amputated.

The fish car Fontinalis arrived in Calumet Monday and the local sportsmen were planting the creeks in the vicinity of Calumet. Because of the high water there were about 250,000 trout planted in the vicinity of Calumet.

A twelve-pound boy has arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Martin Gorman of Tamarack, Street.

The official board of the First M. E. church of Calumet granted a vacation of nine weeks to the pastor, Rev. W. B. Coombe. The vacation will be spent in Cornwall, Eng., the old home of Mr. Coombe. Mrs. Coombe will accompany Mr. Coombe. They will leave in a few days.

William Jilbert and son, Edward, visited with relatives and friends at Redridge several days this week.

Mrs. Nicholas King of Rockland street visited with relatives in Hancock, Tuesday.

John McWatters of Chicago, and Thomas McQuirk of Brooklyn, N. Y., will officiate as the official umpires for the Copper Country-Soo baseball league for this season.

The Calumet and Hecla band turned down the proposition offered them by the Soo to become the Third Regiment band. Therefore the band will not go to Ludington this year.

A baby boy has arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Granholm, Pine street.

Agney Julla, a time boss of the Calumet and Hecla Mining company has gone to Italy, where he will sojourn with friends for several months.

Mrs. Sangster of Laurium has gone to Toronto, Canada, on a visit with relatives and friends for some time.

A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. John Brevick of Laurium.

Joseph Rosslo, while engaged at his work at the Wolverine mine, had his leg severely broken. It will be some time before he will be able to work.

Mrs. A. J. Peterson of the Swedish Mission church, visited in Ishpeming for some time this week, and preached at the Swedish church there Sunday.

Miss Lena Odgers has returned to her home on Pine street, after an extended visit of a few months in Chicago.

G. M. Hyams of Boston, Mass., and who is an officer of the Below group of mines in Calumet on his annual visit.

Alfred Pascoe of Tamarack No. 5, has returned from a five months' visit with friends and relatives in Cornwall, Eng.

Mrs. Georfge Meyer and daughter of Globe, Ariz., has arrived in Calumet on an extended visit with Calumet friends and relatives.

James Rowe, a timberman in the employ of the Tamarack Mining company, was seriously injured while at work this week at No. 2 shaft. He will keep home from work for two weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. John Honner of Laurium have gone to Cleveland and Buffalo for a few weeks' visit with friends.

Clyde Penhall of Corliss, Wis., arrived home the latter part of this week on a visit to his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Penhall of Scott street.

Miss Helen D. Dymock left Wednesday for Washington, D. C., where she will visit with her sister, Miss Anna Dymock, who is attending college near that city.

Miss Mildred McNally of Grand Rapids, is visiting with Calumet relatives for a few days.

Peter Heimlick, Jr., has purchased a beautiful nine-room house in Laurium and will move from his present home on Seventh street into his new residence June 1.

The infant son of Mr. and Mrs. John McLean of Laurium, died Wednesday.

The last meeting of the Home Fortnightly club was held at the home of W. B. Anderson. Mr. Anderson read a paper on "The New York Stock Exchange."

Miss Vina Milligan left Wednesday for Ann Arbor for a visit with friends and relatives for some time.

Anton Gullo left Tuesday evening for Sauny Island, where he will remain in the interest of his health for a few months.

Dr. and Mrs. W. J. Allen left Wednesday morning for Ann Arbor, where they will visit with friends for some time.

The stork paid a visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Brygendahl of Laurium, this week and was made welcome by all.

John Cameron of Ashfield, Ont., is the guest of his sister, Mrs. Donald Gillis of County road for a few weeks.

Mark Cunningham, has returned from an extended trip to Philadelphia, Buffalo and other Eastern points. Mr. Cunningham visited his old home.

James Perry, Alex Trezona and Martin Hinder have returned home from an extended trip of about three months' visit to Cornwall, Eng.

Joseph Gregory is in Calumet from Lead City, S. D. He will locate in Calumet.

Thomas Cox has arrived in Calumet from Bisbee, Ariz. It is his intention to locate here permanently.

Herbert Merryweather, mining engineer, has gone to Spokane, Wash., where he will enjoy a vacation extending over the entire summer.

Aitkin

Aitkin, Minn., May 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—Miss Dalgren of Brainerd was a guest of Miss McLeod over Sunday.

Mrs. Sweet has arrived from Minneapolis to join her husband, who recently purchased the Lano store.

Mr. and Mrs. Mearow are enjoing a visit from their daughter, Mrs. Newman.

Mrs. E. A. Gyde has been visiting friends at Redwood Falls.

Arthur Erickson of Lakefield has succeeded W. O. Flodin at the Potter-Casey store.

Mr. and Mrs. W. O. Flodin left last week for Duluth, where they will reside.

The Assembly club gave another pleasant dancing party at the opera house Thursday evening.

Mrs. Phillips and Mrs. Lano have been attending the grand lodge of the Eastern Star in Minneapolis this week, as delegates from the local lodge.

H. H. Osterhout has been spending the week in Staples, assisting Rev. E. K. Copper in special services.

John L. De Laittre arrived from Minneapolis Tuesday morning with one hundred men to go onto the Bovey De Laittre drive.

Asa Rutherford was called to Minneapolis Sunday night by the death of his brother. This is the fourth death that has occurred in the family within a few weeks.

Miss Wilson and Miss Burgess entertained a party of friends at dinner Sunday at the Willard in honor of Miss Fowler.

Tom Grant of Brainerd was in town last week.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Fred. Knupple last Saturday.

A child was born Sunday to Mr. and Mrs. George Cleary.

Twins were born Sunday to Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Goddard.

A son was born recently to Mr. and Mrs. T. M. Honnold at Duluth.

Superintendent F. O. King has been appointed conductor of the summer school at Park Rapids for six weeks, with Miss Carolyn Johnson as one of the instructors.

Andrew Fajder, who has been ill for some time, has gone to Kenosha, Wis., for treatment.

Miss Alice Kane and Miss Cecil Brooks began teaching spring terms of school in the county Monday.

William Thorpe was operated on Sunday at the Perdew hospital, for tubercular disease of the thigh.

S. H. Hodgeden was confined to the house with a severe cold several days last week.

J. Van Sickle has returned from the Hot Springs, Ark., where he spent the winter.

H. C. C. Kast, who has been visiting his sons here, has returned to his home in Wisconsin.

The Hodgeden & McDonald mill started up last week.

J. S. Billby, chief of the party of government engineers making the topographical survey of the Mississippi river valley, started in to work last week, beginning at Pine Knoll and working towards Duluth.

Miss Annie Tully, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Tully, and E. Holdorf were married last Tuesday at Grand Rapids. They arrived here Wednesday on the Irene and have gone to housekeeping on Elm street.

Miss Jennie Halbkat, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Halbkat of Cedar Lake, and Arthur Safford were married Wednesday evening at the home of the bride's parents. Mr. and Mrs. Safford will remain in Aitkin and occupy the Burns cottage on the South side.

The local Odd Fellows and their families celebrated the eighty-sixth anniversary of the founding of the order at their hall Monday evening. An address on Odd Fellowship was given by Rev. J. L. Jones, folowed by a musical program. Supper was served and dancing followed.

Through the Commercial club the necessary funds are being secured to rebuild the shingle mill of Welsh & Co. and work has been done in removing the debris and the new building is now underway.

The Aitkin creamery has been completed and is now in running order.

Last Sunday a stray bullet entered the home of John Lembke, but fortunately no one was struck. The gun from which it was fired was in the hands of a small boy.

The school entertainment given in the auditorium last Friday was attended by a large crowd and proved a great success. The proceeds will be used to buy pictures and decorations for the various rooms.

The Birch Lake, Farm Island and Pine Lake schools united last Friday and held their graduating exercises in the Hazelton church. There were eight graduates, Lyman Hazelton, Daisy Fassett, Ada Barrett, Alexander Olson, Pearl Fassett, Robert Safford, William Ferguson and Phillip Neisch. The county superintendent was present and presented the diplomas and an address was given by Rev. Galbraith.

Sparta

Sparta, May 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—Edward Rabb left for St. Paul Thursday where he will spend a few days.

Mrs. Carrie S. Dibble, state oracle for the Royal Neighbors, was a Sparta visitor, Thursday.

Mrs. Hope Mouser was a Duluth visitor, Thursday.

Louis Shurman transacted business in Eveleth, Thursday.

Raymond Trenholm found his team that strayed away from home two weeks ago at Mountain Iron. A want ad in The Evening Herald was the means of finding them.

Wm. Hogan drove to Biwabik, Thursday.

Hon. John Saari has been up in Rosseau county this week looking after his farming interests in that locality.

Miss Sackett was a Biwabik visitor, Saturday.

Frank Indihar went to Duluth today.

Frank Kilnk of McKinley transacted business here, Monday.

August Knutte has been appointed marshal for Aurora.

The Royal Neighbor lodge initiated a class of ten at Society hall, Thursday evening. State Oracle Mrs. Carrie Dibble of West Duluth was present and in a short appropriate speech complimented the officers and members for their efficiency. A lunch was served.

McKinley

McKinley, May 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—Ore business still continues good and has about reached a maximum. Many of the mines worked their steam shovels loading Sunday to keep up with their boats.

A cave-in under the D. & I. R. tracks to Virginia occurred near the Elba mine Saturday, making it unsafe for trains and necessitating the transfer of all passengers and baggage to and from Virginia for a few days.

Mayor Ed. Olson has recently purchased two lots and a dwelling house at Virginia.

The D. & I. R. have opened a telegraph office at Aurora, owing to the increasing business at that point.

Messrs. A. P. Holliday, assitant superintendent, and John Shea, roadmaster of the D. & I. R. were up on private car Vermilion over Sunday to look after the work at the cave-in at the Elba tracks.

Quite a fall of snow and sleet fell Sunday but melted as fast as it fell. The woods are now in good shape and there is no more danger of forest fires.

The D. & I. R. now have four train crews hauling ore between Biwabik and the mines and four crews hauling from Ely to Tower Junction. They also have forces of men at work putting in new bridges on the Colby-Wyman extension of double track and repairing their bridges near Mesaba.

J. M. Campbell transacted business at Duluth last week.

The Ford divorce case was heard at Duluth this week, the charge being non-support. A number of witnesses went down. Judge Cant's decision was brought in Wednesday granting Mrs. Ford a divorce and permanent alimony.

The Stephens mine commenced Friday loading their first ore for shipment since the season of 1903. They will ship about 2,000 tons per day for the present.

The D. & I. R. have taken off their work trains and suspended some of their improvement work for a few days, owing to the need of the engines in the ore hauling service.

Tower

Tower, May 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. S. J. P. Lackie arrived home on Saturday from a visit with relatives in West Duluth.

The Ladies' Aid of the Presbyterian church met at the home of Mrs. Fitzpatrick, Wednesday, and served a 10-cent tea which was well uatronized.

Miss Adalia Opple and Miss Blake returned to their homes in Duluth Wednesday afternoon after a week's visit here.

Mrs. Ole Reistead died at her home near the lake side Monday, and was buried Wednesday in the Lakeview cemetery.

Gust Jones returned home Monday from Duluth, where he has been employed for the past several months.

Dell Burgess of Ely spent Sunday here.

O. Hansen returned to Ashawa Wednesday morning after a few days' visit with his family here.

Dr. Moore was a passenger on Monday's train to Duluth.

Mrs. George Abrams and son, Russell, went to Duluth Tuesday morning and returned Wednesday evening.

G. Lee came down from Ashawa Wednesday evening and the next morning he and his wife left for their home.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Richards of Soudan left Monday for Battle Creek, Mich., but only got as far as

Northern railway (on which he is a brakeman) and will catch for the Crookston Northern league baseball team.

Archie Higgins and Mrs. Jessie Phelps were married a few days ago, at Grand Forks, and are making their home in Cass Lake.

D. J. McKenzie, formerly surveyor general of Wisconsin, has been appointed local superintendent for the Standard Lumber company, and is now looking after his company's interests at Santiago, where logging is being conducted, about six miles east of Cass Lake.

Grand Rapids

Grand Rapids, May 13.—Mrs. W. Quackenbush, who has been in Minneapolis the past month, has returned home.

Mrs. Ed Laughlin returned from Minneapolis Thursday of last week.

Mrs. Louise Jenson has accepted a position in the county treasurer's office.

Mrs. Will Sandretzky and children of Nashwauk are visiting in the Rapids this week.

Mrs. Chas. Claussen and little son left for their home in Duluth last Saturday afternoon.

The first game to be played this season by the Grand Rapids team will take place on the diamond in Grand Rapids next Sunday afternoon with Deer River's ball tossers.

The library board is receiving applications for the position of librarian. Salary $35 per month.

Ben Levey and son Abe are Duluth visitors.

Miss Grace Dinwiddie is reported on the sick list.

E. R. Brown of the plumbing firm of Brown & Garling, has bought out the interest of Mr. Garling.

William Becker returned Monday from Milwaukee, Wis., where he had been attending the funeral of his sister.

The ladies choral, under direction of Mrs. Bolter, will give three numbers at the school concert Friday evening, May 19.

Sam Dwyer of Minneapolis, superintendent of construction of the Northwestern Telephone company, was in the village several days last week looking over the local telephone line with a view of purchasing.

G. F. Van Dusen, one of the pioneer settlers of Split Hand, was married last week to Miss Caroline Dale of Minneapolis, at the Gladstone parlors.

The home of Mr. and Mrs. Roy Cook was gladdened Tuesday by the arrival of a fine twelve-pound boy.

Chisholm

Chisholm, May 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—Richard Bateson and R. F. Prout started for California, Thursday morning. They have gone there to work in the gold mines and have positions in view.

Dr. Clemans delivered a very interesting and entertaining lecture here Monday evening on "Paying the Full Price." He was greeted by a good audience.

William Little has opened the Lake View hotel after it had been closed for more than a year. He merges the New England restaurant and the hotel business into one.

William Grant has been in Duluth the fore part of the week.

Attorney Freeman is attending district court in Duluth.

R. S. O'Neil returned from Iron River Tuesday.

O. W. Randall of Hibbing was in the town the fore part of the week on business.

For the second time an automobile appeared in town the fore part of the week. Perhaps some one will buy one soon and then the sight will not seem so novel.

The Chisholm assembly will give a dance in Fugere hall Friday evening.

Buhl

Buhl, May 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—On Monday night Fred W. Anderson, one of the leading merchants of the town, was married to Johanna Anderson of Virginia. The ceremony was performed by the Swedish Lutheran minister in the church in Virginia. The newly married couple will be at home in Buhl by June the first.

Assistant General Manager Jones of the Interstate Iron company was in Buhl the fore part of the week superintending the work of the Grant mine.

Hibbing

Hibbing, May 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mesdames Henry and Trommery of the Monroe mine were entertained at tea by Mrs. J. W. Kliker Monday afternoon.

J. C. Sullivan, president of the Colorado Federation of Labor, arrived from Victor, that state, Monday, and will continue the work of organizing the miners of the Mesaba range into the Western Federation of Miners, of which he is an organizer. C. G. Kennison, who has been organizing in this field for several weeks left for his home at Victor, Monday.

Fred M. Smith spent Sunday with friends in Duluth.

D. G. Brose was attending to business in connection with a land contest at Duluth, Monday.

Martin and John Imbertson were attending a contest for their homesteads in the Sturgeon Lake country, before the land office at Duluth, Monday.

Carl Flattum returned from Chicago, St. Louis and other southern cities, Saturday noon.

Mrs. Wm. Hoy and children left for Bemidji, Tuesday morning, where they will make their future home.

Fred McFarlane has sold his residence property on Sellers street to J. L. Phillips, who took possession last week. Consideration, $1,500.

M. Ragalsky has sold the building on the lots he recently purchased of George Cobb on Third avenue, to J. J. Cox who will move the same to another location. Mr. Ragalsky will erect a handsome brick store building on the property.

Jacob Kitz transacted business in Duluth, Wednesday and Thursday of this week.

Mrs. J. S. Seigel of Eveleth, has been visiting her father, E. S. Woolfan, the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Gholz returned from Pasadena, Cal., Wednesday evening, where they were called about three weeks ago by the death of the former's mother, which occurred before Mr. Gholz reached her bedside.

S. O. Geiser has a part of the material on the ground for his new cigar factory on Center street, and the work will be pushed until the building is completed.

Miss Addie Van Blarcom, one of the teachers at the Center street school house wass called to her home at Ely, the first of the week in the illness of her father. His condition was found to be such that she will remain at home for some time, and Wednesday, Clerk Silliman received her resignation to take effect at once.

H. H. Stannard, the local agent of the American Express company was called to Mankato, the latter part of the week by a telegram announcing the dangerous illness of his father at that place.

The first game of baseball on the local grounds was scheduled for last Sunday, and the Universal Millers from Duluth were on hand to play, but the weather would admit of no game and they returned on the afternoon train. The same club is scheduled for a game here next Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

The Duluth White Sox are billed for two games here May 15 and 16. Manager Brady thinks his bunch of locals will keep the visitors busy. The Hibbing team

IF YOU ARE SICK.

Chrystal Tonic quickly cures rheumatism, constipation, torpid liver, kidney trouble, Bright's disease, heart disease, neuralgia, nervous exhaustion, bad blood, headache, backache, dizziness, sleeplessness, dyspepsia, general debility, tired brain and any run-down condition of the system. For sale all druggists, $1.00 a bottle. Try it. If not satisfied after using, write Crystal Tonic Co., Marshall, Mich., and they will refund your money without question.

WHAT IS THERE IN IT?

Scott's Emulsion is a careful blend of the purest cod liver oil, hypophosphites of lime and soda, glycerine and a dash of flavoring. The combination of these valuable ingredients emulsified as in Scott's Emulsion represents the greatest remedy yet discovered for weak lungs, poor blood, low vitality, child weakness and all wasting diseases.

We'll send you a sample, free

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl Street, New York

is as strong as it was last season and the members propose to maintain the record of last year—that of the champion amateur team of Northern Minnesota.

F. M. Clark transacted business in Duluth Wednesday.

John DeMit was killed while at work around a steam shovel at the Hull mine Thursday afternoon. The deceased was about 35 years of age and unmarried. The remains will be interred in the Hibbing cemetery.

Mrs. John H. Pearce, wo has been attending her mother the late Mrs. Hoar, the past two weeks, left for home at Mora, this state, Thursday.

Frank Lavell has petitioned the village council for a license to sell intoxicating liquors at the Palace hotel on Third avenue and Washington street. This is in the center of the residence district and the people in that part of the village are likely to express themselves in very emphatic language when the matter is considered by the council. The village administration of last year refused to entertain the proposition and the application was not put in shape for the people to protest against it.

Mrs. Peter Wring entertained in honor of J. R. Umphrey, Saturday evening. Mr. Umphrey left for his home in New York, Monday.

The school board are negotiating with the Oliver Mining company for the west half of the block on which the high school building stands, and if they are successful in securing it, a new building will be erected thereon with about a dozen rooms to accommodate the overcrowded rooms and the increased attendance that is sure to come with the opening of the fall term.

Iron King tent, Knights of the Maccabees will have a card party and dance at Central hall, Monday evening, May 15.

Edward J. Webb of this place and Miss Edna Hosking of Laurium, Mich., were married at Duluth, Tuesday evening, Rev. John Cullahan officiating. The young people arrived in Hibbing, Wednesday noon.

Mrs. Anna Hoar died at her home on Washington street, Friday, May 5th, of heart trouble. The deceased was born at Menominee, Mich., April 4, 1851, and was 44 years and 30 days old at the time of her decease. Was married Oct. 22, 1884, at Wauwedah, Wis. to Jacob B. Hoar, from which union two children were born; her husband died Jan. 8, 1893. The deceased was highly respected and leaves besides the relatives a large number of sorrowing friends. The funeral services took place from the Catholic church, Monday morning, and were conducted by Rev. Father Gamache.

George Metz, Butterfield and Richard Murphy were up before Judge Brady, Tuesday, on a charge of holding up John Spellman and relieving him of about $96. The prisoners were remanded to the grand jury for trial. John Cunningham, another of the hold-up artists who had a hand in the robbery escaped. They had been employed at Fower-Simpson's headquarters for some time and had been paid off when they came to town. Spellman had just had a check for $55 cashed and with this and about $35 in change, which he had in his pockets, he started out with his companions to visit the sporting houses near the village. On the rounds he was held up for his money. Later the party returned to the village and as the foot-pads refused to pay for the drinks for Spellman out of his own money he concluded that it was time to act, and had the three above mentioned arrested.

The vanguard of the immigration from Italy has reached this place. Wednesday evening two cars of Italian laborers arrived direct from Italy, and were brought to this place over the Duluth, Missabe & Northern. One car of them was transferred to the Great Northern at this place and sent to the Stevenson mine, while one car was unloaded at this place. Thursday evening another delegation arrived and this car was divided between the mines and stripping camps near the village.

Mr. and Mrs. James A. Robinson were the guests of Dr. and Mrs. Shaw at Buhl, Wednesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Harris returned from Rochester, this state, Thursday evening, where the latter has been for medical treatment. Mrs. Harris returns very much improved in health.

F. Somers is at Oshkosh, Wis., this week, and rumor says he will not return alone.

Mr. and Mrs. T. F. Cole have removed to Brainerd so as to be near to Mr. Cole's work in exploring for iron in that field.

Mrs. Mary Orr visited friends at Grand Rapids several days the past week.

L. L. Culbertson, of the Thomas Thompson company, comalesion merchants, of Duluth, was in the village Thursday, conferring with their local representative, O. W. Randall.

S. G. Plummer and D. Harkins were Duluth visitors Monday.

Charles Amundson returned Monday from a two weeks visit with friends at Chatfield, this state.

Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Thompson and Miss Gaven visited friends at Duluth early in the week.

Wm. Kohagen recently employed as bookkeeper by the Oliver Mining company, has moved his family from Duluth, and will occupy the rooms in the Chicago flats on Third avenue, recently vacated by Attorney Hughes and family.

In the weekly bowling contests which took place at the Hibbing club, Herman Geiser defeated all previous records since the club was opened two years ago, Saturday evening, when he made a score of 258. J. P. Wedmark has held the local championship the past two years with a score of 257.

J. Helstein was a Duluth visitor, Wednesday.

P. Wedmark of Lindstrom, this state, has been visiting his son, John P. Wedmark of this place the past week. Mr. Wedmark expresses surprise at the rapid growth of the village since his last visit here several years ago.

Mis Luella Woodruff of Buhl, was the guest of Mr. A. E. Pfremmer the latter part of the week.

Miss Emma Breen of Leachville, Ark., arrived Tuesday in response to a telegram announcing the death of her sister, Mrs. Hoar. Owing to belated telegrams she did not arrive in time to attend the funeral.

Work at the mines in this vicinity has about resumed its normal stage, and the increase in the shipping force will be more marked after this week. Owing to the storm on the lakes the past week there has been a shortage of cars part of the week, and several of the open pit mines have been running but one shift. Two pumps have been installed at the Morris mine, an open pit mine, to remove the water that has accummulated in that mine through the continuous rains of the past two weeks. The Drake & Stratton company are stripping this mine and they have four shovels in operation. The Morris mine will go on the shipping list the coming week, that is a Steel trust property and several of the new 130 ton locomotives will be used to haul ore from the mine.

Winston Bros. & Dear are moving their stripping outfit with which they have been stripping the Burt mine the past three seasons, to which new work at the Mahoning mine during the past week where they will resume operations on a larger scale than ever.

The heavy rains of the past two weeks has reached that stage where much more will seriously interfere with work at the mines. Nearly all of the open pit mines in this section contain considerable water and at some of them pumps have been installed to remove the water. The roads leading to the country are almost impassible for teams and but settlers are coming into town from the north.

W. A. Thomas was looking after his agricultural interests in the Sturgeon lake section last week. Will says there has been considerable corduroy road constructed this season out that way, and that after passing over some of it his teeth were found loosened.

Stanley Booth is down from his homestead in the Bear river section visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Booth.

Fred Carpenter will leave for his homestead in the Bear river country the first of the week.

Dr. Rood has discovered a mineral spring on his claim on the shore of Dark lake, the waters of which contain valuable healing properties. Some of the water has been analyzed at the state university and the report of its medicinal qualities are encouraging and the doctor will enlarge his plans, and will erect his buildings on a more elaborate scale.

Cloquet

Cloquet, May 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. Thomas Carroll left Wednesday for Chippewa Falls, where she was called by the serious illness of a relative.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Norton were Duluth visitors Wednesday.

Miss Nellie Gathier visited friends in Scanlon Tuesday.

J. A. Beach, contractor for the Tie and Post company, spent a few days in the city this week.

John Long came down from the drive and spent a few days with his family.

Dan. O'Meara, an employe of the Virginia Lumber company at Virginia, is in the city the guest of his brother, M. F. O'Meara.

Commencing next Sunday the Northern Pacific will put on a short line train to run every day, Sundays included, between Cloquet and Duluth. The scheduled time is as follows: Leaving Cloquet at 8 a. m. daily, arrive at Duluth at 9:05 a. m.; leave Duluth at 5:10 p. m., arriving at Cloquet at 6:25 p. m.

Mrs. W. H. Skemp and son, Bennie, left Wednesday for Minneapolis. She will place him in a sanitarium, where he will be treated for a nervous disease. Mrs. Skemp will remain with him for some time.

The ladies' aid of the M. E. church will give their annual supper and sale at the K. of P. hall, Saturday evening, May 20.

The game played on the Cloquet diamond last Sunday between the Duluth Fashions and the Cloquet baseball team was one of the most exciting games witnessed at this place. The score was 11 to 7 in favor of Cloquet.

Mrs. Patchen left Friday for a few days visit at her home in Superior.

Mesdames Andrew Johnson and Frank Elmo leave today for Sweden, their former home, where they will visit friends. They expect to be gone about six weeks.

Mrs. A. M. Olson died very suddenly Friday morning of heart failure. She was apparently in good health until a few hours before her death. Arrangements for the funeral will be given later.

The fire department were called out about 9 o'clock Friday night to fight a blaze in the residence of A. H. Arnold on Cloquet avenue. The fire was quickly got under control although considerable damage was done by water. Loss was fully covered by insurance.

Biwabik

Biwabik, May 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. Frank Gleason was over to Virginia visiting with her mother, Mrs. Brenan.

Mr. and Mrs. John Saccen are rejoicing over the arrival of a daughter, who came Tuesday, May 9.

Mrs. Henry Seeley gave a small farewell reception at her home Saturday afternoon in honor of Mrs. Jennie Crane, who left the following Tuesday for her old home in the southern part of the state, where she will spend the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Lovequist are the proud parents of a son, which arrived at their home last Thursday.

Superintendent Richard Sellwood was up from Duluth Thursday looking after business matters at the Cass mine here.

The ladies of the M. E. church met at Mrs. D. J. Eyer's Thursday afternoon.

Mrs. William Holden returned to her home at Two Harbors Thursday, after a short visit here with relatives.

Miss Minnie O'Hara, who was recently operated on for appendicitis at the Mayo hospital at Rochester, is getting along nicely and will soon be expected home.

A son arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Pagnuco Monday, May 8.

Mrs. Charles Bray entertained at her home Friday evening, the evening was pleasantly spent in singing and knitting. Later Prof. Grae read "Mark Twain's Sea Voyage," and it was proposed to have these entertainments every two weeks at the different homes and continue reading the book. The next meeting will be held the coming Friday at the home of Mrs. J. S. Lutes.

Miss Lily Eyer entertained a few friends at her home Wednesday evening.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Congregational church met Wednesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Frank Dane.

A special train came up from Duluth Saturday evening with four passenger coaches full of Odd Fellows. The lodge initiated nine new members here. At midnight a banquet was held at Hill's hotel. The train remained here until Sunday, 1 p. m., when they returned to Duluth.

Miss Annie Lasch of St. Paul is visiting with her sister, Miss Marie Lasch.

Word has been received here that the 6-year-old daughter of James Verrill died this week at their home in St. Paul. Mrs. Verrill died here five years ago.

Robert Rodgers, who has been very ill the past week at the Biwabik hospital with an attack of pneumonia, died Thursday afternoon.

Iron River

Iron River, May 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—Edward Persons has accepted a position in Pine City, Minn., and left for that city last Wednesday.

Town Clerk Frank Moore was in from his homestead last Wednesday and Thursday. He says he likes farming. He has about sixteen acres ready for crops as soon as the weather permits.

Helen Dickinson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Giles Dickinson, died last Monday afternoon, aged 1 year and 3 months, after an illness of a few days with cholera. The funeral took place last Wednesday afternoon at the Muskeg cemetery.

Rosie Frlover of Brule died last Sunday of dropsy. She was interred in the City cemetery in this city last Tuesday. The deceased was about 15 years of age, and had resided in this city with her parents when a little girl.

Edward H. Marlon left last Tuesday for the Head of the Lakes on business.

Hugh Fitzpatrick of this city died last Saturday, May 6, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at St. Mary's hospital in Superior. The remains were taken to Alpena, Mich., the old home of the deceased. The cause of death was due to a cancer on the liver. The deceased came to this city about five years ago and made it his home. He leaves a wife, a mother, five brothers and three sisters. Deceased was 25 years of age.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Herbert of this city, a boy.

T. A. and W. A. Lovland, two real estate men of Washburn, were in this city last Tuesday looking over some real estate.

Mike Burns of Rice Lake, Wis., has been visiting with his sister, Mrs. Isaac Hubbard, this week.

Mark Hessey returned home from Oregon last Thursday evening.

Mrs. William Mineau left last Saturday for Port Arthur, Ont., to join her husband, who is head filer in a sawmill in that city.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Whitcomb left last Thursday morning for Dunbar, Marinette county, where Mr. Whitcomb has secured a position as millwright, and will make that place their future home.

Dan O'Connell of Port Arthur, Ont., spent a few days in this city the first of this week.

James Taylor of Marquette, Mich., was in this city last Sunday visiting with his parents.

Herman Haasch is visiting with relatives and friends in Ashland this week.

John Fitzpatrick returned home yesterday morning from Alpena, Mich., where he attended the funeral of his brother, Hugh Fitzpatrick.

The Odd Fellows moved into their new hall on Main street last Saturday evening and held their first meeting in it last Wednesday evening. All the other lodges moved with the Odd Fellows to their new quarters.

Fred Johnson died last Thursday morning at his home in the Finland settlement. Mr. Johnson moved here from Ironwood, Mich., fifteen years ago and settled out in the woods. The deceased leaves a wife and four children.

District Attorney Morris is in Washburn attending the circuit court.

George F. Morgan of Washburn was in this city on business last Monday and Tuesday.

Mrs. Thomas O'Toole returned home from Superior last Tuesday, where she has been visiting with relatives and friends for the last week.

Proctor

Proctor, May 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—The hauling of iron ore over the Missabe has now started in good shape, and nearly all the men that have been awaiting employment have been put to work. Quite a number of new cabooses have been received at Proctor and put into service, and the new locomotives are expected in a short time. From the present appearances Proctor is in for an unusually prosperous summer.

A team belonging to the Yale laundry at Duluth caused a little excitement in the village Monday. The driver had left the team without tieing them, when they suddenly became frightened at something and started for another part of town, tipping the wagon and scattering clean linen on the street.

The goods for the new Y. M. C. A. gymnasium arrived in the village Tuesday and will be installed in the gym as soon as the repairs which it is now undergoing are completed.

Charles Eversole and brother departed Tuesday for their home in Arkansas, where they were called by the death of their mother.

J. Canfield spent a few days with relatives at Cloquet this week.

John Miller had two fingers dangerously cut while at work Monday.

T. H. Bell has resigned his position with George McEwen and accepted a position as traveling salesman for Sunby & Co. of Duluth.

Lester Nellis of Duluth called on friends in the village Monday last.

A. Quackenbush has started the erection of two more cottages on the East side for John Schriebar and James McGillvary.

Will Briggs resigned his position in the yardmaster's office and accepted a position with G. E. McEwen.

The auxiliary of the B. of R. T. will give a dance at the village hall on the 24th of this month.

George Anderson, who sprained his foot while getting off a caboose a few weeks ago, is again able to be out.

Miss Mabel McCurdy visited friends and relatives on the range a few days this week.

C. Strohl of Hibbing called on friends in the village Tuesday.

Pat Manley wears a happy smile, but we can't blame him. It's a boy.

The name of Curly Young has been added to the police force in the village, making two, which previous to this time had consisted of but one, J. M. Murray.

Niel Cameron is erecting a building on the East side, in which he will conduct a cigar and candy store.

Julius C. Vondervore has resigned his position in the storehouse and accepted one with A. Quackenbush.

A party of Proctor theater-goers will take in "The Burgomaster" at the Lyceum this evening.

L. F. Lockhart of Chicago spent several days in the village this week.

Mr. and Mrs. G. McKeller have gone to housekeeping in the Healy residence on the East side.

Charles Kinzel departed Monday for Two Harbors, Minn., where he will enter into the service of the D. & I. R. railway.

Mrs. T. Brown, who has been on the sick list for the past two weeks, is again able to be around.

F. McKinnon of Superior called on friends here on Monday of this week.

The Proctor junior baseball team has reorganized and is now ready for all comers. Arrangements for games can be made with Manager Bob Nombacker of the juniors. The uniforms worn by the team will be a light gray, and are nearly completed.

H. Bane has let a contract for the building of several new cottages on the East side.

W. A. Edwards is improving the appearance of his residence and the East side with several coats of paint.

Ely

Ely, May 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Ely fire department held its monthly practice Thursday evening.

Tom Phillips arrived in the city from Hibbing this week and will work at the Oliver Iron Mining company's laboratory during the absence of Clarence Mott, who is away on a visit at Detroit, Mich.

Capt. Harry Wicks returned from Biwabik Monday evening.

The law suit between the St. Croix Lumber company and Dr. Tanner of this city, which was called for Thursday, was adjourned until Monday morning.

Lewis J. White left Sunday for Duluth, where he was called to duties on the petit jury.

John Cowling is this week in Duluth, engaged on the grand jury.

C. F. Joyce of Duluth, who in company with Dave Childers of this city, were visiting some property at Hunter's Island, returned Tuesday.

C. S. Shipman spent a few days in Duluth this week.

"Curley" Bedford, who was visiting with friends and relatives in this city for some time, left this week for International Falls.

Mr. and Mrs. M. O. Aubolee of Two Harbors spent Saturday and Sunday in the city on a visit with friends.

John Labrec was in the city from Two Harbors a few days this week on business.

A. G. Fenske spent a few days in Duluth this week on business.

Thomas Harri is acting as news agent on the Duluth & Iron Range train this week, in the absence of Sam. Rapson, who is in the country north of here on a fishing trip.

M. J. Murphy returned Sunday from Duluth, where he had been some time consulting specialists in regard to his eyes.

F. C. Hoagle of Duluth spent a few days in the city this week.

John Mattson returned Monday evening from his visit on the Mesaba range.

Joseph Dunn returned Wednesday evening, after being absent for the winter, to his duties as engineer for the yards.

Eveleth

Eveleth, May 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—Albert Rohrer transacted business in Duluth the first of the week.

Mrs. James A. Robb, with her children, Florence and Albert, will leave Wednesday for Iron Mountain, Mich., to visit a month with Mrs. Robb's parents.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Lindsay of Chicago are guests of Dr. and Mrs. Frederick Barrett at the Fayal. They will remain until June.

Miss Mae Van Buskirk, who has been spending the last couple of months with her aunt, Mrs. D. T. Adams in Duluth, has returned for a short visit with her mother. She will return to Duluth next Wednesday, accompanied by Neil Van Buskirk and they expect to remain several weeks.

Gaul's "The Holy City" is to be given at the Methodist church tomorrow (Sunday) evening by local vocalists under the direction of Morris Falsom. Mr. Falsom is director and organist for the Methodist choir.

J. H. Whittlesey, traveling freight agent for the Pere Marquette road, formerly a range resident, but now of Minneapolis, called on old friends here the first of the week.

Mrs. T. C. Cerveny and son, Don, of Superior, are visiting Mr. Cerveny here and will remain until next week.

Louis Larson is helping out at the City drug store during the time Mr. Dowling is busy with the waterworks contract which keeps him out at St. Mary's lake a great deal.

Mrs. L. A. Marsell and daughter, Fern, left Monday noon for Duluth, where they took the Mariposa for a trip down the lakes.

Mrs. M. E. Nichols served luncheon at her home on Grant avenue yesterday for the benefit of the Methodist church. The sum of $7 was realized from the occasion.

Charles Mueller was over from Hibbing Sunday to visit old friends.

The tennis court for the Adams' Spruce office boys has been completed and is in readiness when the weather will permit out of door sports.

Miss Frances Garske was up from Duluth to spend Sunday with her parents, Miss Garske had the misfortune of losing all her clothes in the fire that destroyed the Fifth avenue hotel, where she was boarding, and where some of the guests lost their lives.

H. S. Sherman has returned from a short visit in Duluth.

N. F. Marion, the contractor, Sundayed in Duluth with his family.

R. H. Carey of Hibbing visited his brother's family here a few days this week.

L. Westaway, with four assistant surveyors, are here and will remain doing work in this vicinity for a few weeks.

Miss Barrett entertained a few friends informally at cards last Saturday evening.

F. A. Wildes, Jr., of Hibbing was in town Monday. Mr. Wildes holds the position of state tax collector with headquarters at Hibbing.

Clarence Albot of the Fayal, enjoyed a visit from his father, who came up from Madison, Wis., and was here between trains on Sunday.

Andrew Gulas, the aged man who was dry keeper at the Spruce mine, died from an attack of pneumonia last week. A jury has been trying to decide with the help of Dr. C. W. More whether or not an assault made upon him by John Erickson had anything to do with hastening his death. In the meantime Erickson is being held to await the decision of the court.

G. A. Whitman was a Tower visitor this week.

The Masonic lodge did Third degree work Wednesday night, ending with a banquet.

The musical given Friday evening by the Girls' Glee club at the Methodist church was well attended and much enjoyed by those present. Following is the program:

"Sing On" ..... Glee Club.

Piano solo—"Il Trovatore" ..... Pauline Rabinowitz.

Chorus—"Swing Song" ..... Glee Club.

Reading—"Widow O'Shane's Rent".... Alice M. Springer.

Vocal solo—"Past and Future"..... A. Emily Scott.

Chorus—"The Shower" ..... Glee Club.

Chorus—"Blow Soft Winds" ..... Glee Club.

Violin solo—"Hearts and Flowers" .. Miss Isabel Peterson.

Reading—"A Kentucky Watermelon".. Elodie Johnson.

Quartet—"Ching-a-Ring-a-Ring" ..... Teckla Jackson, Jean Talboys, Cora Williams, Esther Rebinowitz.

Piano duet—"Dance of the Demons".. Elodie Johnson, Helen Harwood.

Chorus—"Little Boy Blue" ..... Glee Club.

The Glee club has the following members: First sopranos, Emily Scott, Molly Donovan, Teckla Jackson, Ellen Carlson, Pauline Rabinowitz; second sopranos, Elodie Johnson, Helen Harwood, Jean Talboys, Cora Williams; altos, Mollie Corlett, Emma Engstrom, Gladys Springer, Esther Robinowitz, Sara Hegmer, Turcia Saguil, Edith Knight, Georgena Powell, Alice Springer. Piano, Miss Pearl Sheehy. Violin, Miss Isabel Peterson.

Richard Lasch is in Duluth serving on the grand jury.

The funeral of Joseph Becos, the Austrian miner who was crushed to death by a fall of earth at the Spruce mine was held Friday morning from the Catholic church of the Holy Family, Father Billan officiating. The Austrian society, headed by their band, marched to the city limits with the funeral procession. Interment was in Virginia cemetery. Deceased leaves a wife and three small children. He was 30 years of age.

Frank R. Campbell is serving as a petit juror this week in Duluth.

Dr. and Mrs. Frederick Barrett entertained very delightfully Thursday evening

Rheumatism Cured in 24 Hours.

T. J. Blackmore, of Haller & Blackmore, Pittsburgh, Pa., says: "A short time since I procured a bottle of Mystic Cure. It got me out of the house in 24 hours. I took to my bed with Rheumatism nine months ago and the Mystic Cure is the only medicine that did me any good. I had five of the best physicians in the city, but I received very little relief from them. I know the Mystic Cure to be what it is represented and take pleasure in recommending it to other poor sufferers." Sold by all druggists.

MAIL ORDER STORES OF DULUTH

Progressive firms which make a specialty of filling the orders of out-of-town customers promptly and thoroughly.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY — THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE — WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

THE MOST COMPLETE RETAIL STORE WEST OF CHICAGO.

Try Freimuth's Next Time.

Our mail order manager is an experienced, capable man—gives you the best possible every time. Samples sent—prices quoted, if you like.

Try us once and you'll always order of—

Freimuth's

Lake Ave., Superior and Mich. Sts. DULUTH, MINN.

LARGEST EXCLUSIVE DRY GOODS HOUSE in the Northwest.

The Best at the price of the Ordinary

Send for our New Spring and Summer Catalogue.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

Mail Order Coupon.

In order to know how widely this list is read by out-of-town buyers, we will accept this coupon as cash to the amount of 10 per cent of all orders sent by mail from surrounding towns, during the week ending May 20th.

Gray-Tallant Co. Department Store, Duluth.

(Established in Duluth in 1881.)

The Big Duluth

Williamson & Mendenhall,

Clothing Hats, Shoes, Furnishings for Men and Boys.

The season's best styles, in—

Fine Shoes!

Agents for SOROSIS LADIES SHOES

Wieland Shoe Co., 123 West Superior Street, DULUTH.

Nursery Stock!

GARDEN ROOTS, BULBS, ETC.

We can furnish anything needed in this line, and will guarantee better quality at about half the prices asked by tree men.

We carry the largest line of— FRESH CUT FLOWERS at the Head of the Lakes.

SEEKINS & LeBORIOUS 109 West Superior Street, DULUTH, MINN.

ORNAMENTAL FENCE

25 designs, wire and iron. Handsome, durable. Cheaper than a wood fence. Special inducements to churches and cemeteries. Catalogue free.

KELLEY HDW. CO., DULUTH, MINN.

Send to the leading, up-to-date, low price drug store for your wants. Prompt attention to all mail or express orders.

F. W. KUGLER & CO., (Druggists.) 108 West Superior Street, DULUTH, MINN. Write for prices.

F. D. Day & Co.

Fashionable Jewelers

315 West Superior Street, DULUTH.

Write us for anything wanted of a first-class jeweler.

The most complete line of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Shoes at the Head of the Lakes. Prices right. Styles for everybody.

SUFFEL & CO. 131 W. Superior St. Duluth.

Zimmerman Bros., Corner First St. & Fourth Ave. W., Duluth.

EASTMAN KODAKS, and NON-CURLING FILMS.

Everything in Photographic Supplies.

If You Fish or Play Ball

we can supply you with all you need in Fishing Tackle and Base Ball Goods.

ALBERTSON'S. Card and Wedding Engraving. DULUTH, MINN.

ATTENTION!

We handle the most complete and best line of anything under the sun in the Paint line. It will pay you to give us a call. Both 'phones.

Northwestern Paint Co., 323 West First Street. DULUTH.

WE CAN SAVE YOU MONEY ON GROCERIES!

Send us a list of what you need and we will quote prices that will surprise you.

D. O'LEARY, (Cash Grocer.) 15 East Superior Street, DULUTH.

GATELY'S GOOD GOODS.

CLOTHING

For Men, Women and Children.

Furniture, Carpets, Household Goods on Credit!

GATELY SUPPLY CO., 8 East Superior Street, Duluth.

BAYHA & CO

'Duluth's Greatest Furniture Store.' Medium and fine

Furniture, Carpets, Draperies, Stoves, Crockery and Housefurnishings.

Cor. Second Ave. W. and First St., Duluth.

ALL KINDS OF SPORTING GOODS!

Send for Base Ball Catalogue and sample card of uniforms. Discounts for club orders.

Complete line of Gymnasium Goods, etc. Guns and Fishing Tackle.

City Gun Store, 402 West Superior Street, DULUTH.

Mail and Telephone Orders

given prompt attention. Our agents deliver goods in all cities around the Head of the Lakes.

Sundby Tea Co. 16 East Superior Street, Duluth. BOTH 'PHONES.

Duluth's Largest Furniture Store.

THE F. S. Kelly Furniture Co.

Consolidated Stamp and Printing Co., BARKER & ORR, Proprietors.

RUBBER AND STEEL STAMPS.

Card Engraving. Seals. Job Printing. Banners. Stensils. Badges.

14 North Fourth Avenue West, Duluth, Minn.

In honor of Mrs. Barrett's sister and brother, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Lindsay of Chicago. Dominoes were played at six tables, the prizes being taken by Miss Barrett on a cut with Mrs. B. O. Greening and Mrs. N. B. Arnold and by Dr. C. W. More on a cut with Mr. Lindsay and George Dorner. Those present were: Dr. and Mrs. W. E. Harwood, Mr. and Mrs. James A. Robb, Dr. and Mrs. C. W. More, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Whittman, Mr. and Mrs. B. O. Greening, Mr. and Mrs. Carl F. Stillman, Mr. and Mrs. N. B. Arnold, Miss Mc-Keehim, Miss Bowers, Miss Barrett, Messrs. W. Dacey and G. Dorner.

The election held Tuesday to decide about taking in to Eveleth the portion of the town back of Hotel McNeil and up around the new high school building carried without a dissenting vote.

Claude M. MacKenzie of the Pettit, has returned from a week's visit in Minneapolis.

Park Rapids

Park Rapids, May 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—At the annual meeting of the Baptist society of Park Rapids, held Monday evening, it was decided to build a new church on the society's lots at the corner of First street and Park-avenue. It is expected that the new edifice will cost about $5,000.

The commencement exercises for the high school graduates will be held June 5th. There are five members in the graduating class this year: Miss Gene Griffith, valedictorian; Miss Bessie Olson, Miss Ruby Giles, Walter Dahms and Earl Fuller. Sunday, June 4th, the baccalaureate sermon will be delivered by Rev. E. A. Cooke, in Athletic hall. Friday, June 2, the juniors will give a reception for the seniors in Athletic hall.

A. Rima and Chas. Gage are anticipating the prospect of a lot of enjoyment this season, each having purchased a new touring automobile. Up to the present, however, it has rained so much they have had no chance to use them.

The members of E. S. Frazier Post, G. A. R. will present the Park Rapids public schools with a large picture, 28x34 inches, entitled, "From Log Cabin to White House," and will be presented the afternoon of May 26th.

A. M. Pilson, who was employed for several years in the Park Rapids flour mill, has gone to Audibon, to take charge of a mill there.

Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Schoneberger are at Long Prairie visiting relatives, and he is also attending the annual convention of the Sixth district bankers.

G. Buery, who has been a resident of Hubbard county for about two years, and has a fine farm near Long Lake, has gonegone to Oregon. Whether he will locate is still undecided.

The Park Rapids Lumber company is now running the planer on full time, and has unfilled orders which will last them for two weeks.

County Attorney U. G. Wray lost a valuable horses a few days ago. The team was turned out to graze for a short time, and one wandered into a slough and died.

It is expected that the high school baseball team will cross bats with the Wadena team, Saturday. A good game is expected.

The public school now have a new flag, 8x10 feet.

The firm of McKinley & Pierce has dissolved partnership. Mr. Pierce withdrawig from the firm.

The band boys will give a "minstrel show," in the opera house, Tuesday evening.

Mrs. T. J. Sweaney of Seattle, Wash., is visiting relatives at Itasca.

Mrs. Arthur Page is visiting relatives at Riceville, Iowa.

Jas. Thorpe returned this week from Washington. He prefers Minnesota to the western country.

Andrew Sesesalis was in town this week, and made a shipment of young spruce trees to parties in the southern part of the state. This is his second shipment.

J. H. Mingus has just returned from Polk county, where he has been teaching the past winter, and will prove up on his homestead.

Mrs. Gulliford returned to her home at Reedsburg, Wis., this week, after a visit with her daughter, Mrs. H. B. Hacket.

Mrs. S Joslin and Mrs. F. W. Rossman went to Minneapolis, Tuesday, as delegates from the local chapter of the Eastern Star, to the grand lodge.

The Baptist church at Nevis will be dedicated May 21st.

Chas. Foster, who was sent from the local Modern Woodmen lodge as a delegate to the grand lodge at St. Paul, last week, was also selected as a representative to attend the national convention at Milwaukee, to be held in June.

Mrs. Lewis of Owatonna, is visiting friends near Osage.

Born, Friday, May 5th, to Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Farman, a daughter.

Born, Saturday 6th, to Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Doucette, a daughter.

Born, Tuesday, May 9th, to Mr. and Mrs. Fred Butzon, a daughter.

Ironwood

Ironwood, May 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—H. B. Cline of Milwaukee transacted business in the city Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. George Driscoll returned Thursday from their short wedding tour through the copper country.

J. Hein returned Wednesday from Chicago, where he had been on a short business trip.

A large crowd attended the "Russian tea" party given by Mrs. E. H. Kelly at her home Saturday afternoon.

Dr. J. A. McLeod of Milwaukee spent Monday in the city visiting with his many friends.

The many friends of James Devoy will regret to hear of the deaths of his mother and sister at their home at Kaukanna, Wis., during the course of the week. The double funeral occurred Thursday morning at Kaukanna.

A. E. Hawley of Ripon was in the city on business Thursday.

Hugh J. McDonald of Bessemer visited with friends in the city Wednesday.

W. G. Wilcox returned Thursday from Waupaca, Wis., where he had been all week visiting with relatives.

D. M. Russell of Marquette was in town Thursday on a short business trip.

The pupils of the Central school presented the drama "Florinda" before a large audience at the auditorium of the L. L. Wright school Wednesday evening. The cast included sixty children taking the parts of witches and fairies, and eight principals. The following played the leading roles: Florinda, G. Renard; Yorimgal, S. Hogan; Fortunia, Mona Johnson; Ina, Esther Jacobson; first and second fairies, Dorothy Snavely and Florence Best; first and second witches, Julia Collins and T. Struk.

A. Rossberg of St. Paul was in the city on business Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. T. N. Owen were at Milwaukee all week, where they went on account of Mrs. Owen's health.

C. S. Clark of San Francisco transacted business in the city Tuesday.

Mrs. J. Price of Oshkosh was in the city all week visiting with relatives.

A Finnish miner, while at work at a shaft of the aurora mine, fell a distance of fifty feet, but on examination it was found that he had only received several slight scratches in his fall.

A new steel shafthouse is to be built at the Ashbed mine, and the material is being received for the construction. The work will begin about May 20.

M. A. Tromper of Detroit spent Wednesday in Ironwood on business.

The Ladies' auxiliary of the Gogebic Agricultural association gave a grand calico ball at the armory Friday evening and a very large crowd was in attendance. The ladies made extensive arrangements for the event, and nothing was left undone to make a grand success. The symphony orchestra furnished the music for the evening.

R. S. Pitch of Houghton spent Monday in Ironwood on business.

Miss M. Edwards visited with friends and relatives at Bessemer Monday and Tuesday.

S. E. Matthews of Ashland was in town on business Monday.

Miss C. Jeffery was at Bessemer Thursday visiting with friends.

E. Evans of Ashland was in the city on business Wednesday.

J. Kroll, a well-known resident of Ironwood, died at his home Monday of consumption. The deceased was 45 years of age and leaves a wife and five children to mourn his death. The funeral occurred Thursday morning from St. Michael's Polish Catholic church, Rev. Pawler officiating.

Miss C. Richards visited with friends in Bessemer Thursday.

Mrs. R. Paul of Hurley, well known in this city, died at her home Monday of inflammatory rheumatism. Mrs. Paul was well known in the Twin Cities, she having resided in Hurley for a number of years. The deceased leaves a husband and two children, a mother and seven brothers and sisters to mourn her death. The deceased was taken to Wausau Wednesday, where interment was made.

Miss W. Anderson of Ashland was in the city all week visiting with friends.

Mount Iron

Mount Iron, May 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. John Tresider left last Friday morning to visit with relatives at Soudan, Minn.

Arvie Cangus, for some time a delivery man at W. A. Roberts' store, has resigned, to accept a position at the Iroquois mine.

Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Edwards are settled in the Monroe cottage, which property they recently purchased.

Alex. Cook has assumed his former position as dryman at the Oliver mine.

Mary Seppi resigned her position as dry goods clerk in Henry Hughe's & Co.'s store, and accepted a similar position with H. Hendrickson & Co.

Geo. Ryan, a former Gogebic range trainman, is working in the yards of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern here.

Mary Takkala has resigned her position as clerk in H. Hendrickson's store, and accepted a similar position with W. H. Roberts.

Mr. and Mrs. R. N. Congar are the happy parents of a big baby boy, who arrive at their home last Thursday.

Brookston

Brookston, May 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. Ecklund is in Superior on a business mission.

Mr. and Mrs. McCamus have occupied their cottage on the north side of the river.

A number of children gathered at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Kaeble, Thursday afternoon, the occasion being a birthday party. An enjoyable time was had by all in attendance.

W. Latham, one of the engineers on the Cass Lake-Brookston local freight run, is taking an enforced lay-off, due to a number of broken ribs and a general shaking-up he received in a collision at Wawena a few days ago. The train was traveling along at the usual speed and upon rounding a sharp curve, the engineer noticed that several cars had run down from the siding to the main line and as there was no time to stop before hitting the cars, he was compelled to jump and came in contact with a pile of ties. The fireman was uninjured.

Rowe McCamus of last year's Bemidji baseball team has been offered an outfield position on the Cloquet team for this season. Manager O'Neil has picked up a corner in this youngster and he will undoubtedly make good from the start.

Mrs. Miles, who is quite ill, has been removed to the Cloquet hospital.

H. J. Bolley, who has been absent from town for the past month, returned last Wednesday morning. He left Thursday for Carlton on a short business trip.

The townsite company is having a piece of land cleared for a park. It is a substantial improvement for the south side.

An effort is being made to organize a local camp of the M. W. A. About fifteen members are required in order to receive a charter, and about that many have already signified their intention of joining.

Mrs. Hendrickson will leave Monday for an extended visit with her parents at Wadena.

Some time ago two roomers at the Sherman house were aroused from their peaceful slumbers in the early hours of the morning by an unusual noise in the back yard. Opening the window and peering into the darkness a black object was seen to be climbing in and out of a large box used for refuse from the hotel. Their first thought was of bears, but it did not seem possible that one of these beasts would venture into the very midst of civilization, and they thought nothing of the incident except to comment on the possibility of such boldness during the next day. Everyone was ready for such a happening, but on Wednesday last, J. F. Ryan, our local merchant, put these adverse thoughts at rest. While passing through the woods in the rear of the hotel he spied a cub bear making his escape from the refuse box, and he gave chase, but bruin made his getaway in the brush. He at once told Mr. Shur, the proprietor, who now has a trap set, and if he succeeds in capturing Mr. Bear an effort will be made at taming him.

P. A. Banto has completed a neat dwelling on the south side and moved his family therein.

It is rumored that the Great Northern will soon commence work on additional side tracks and a five-stall roundhouse. These are needed improvements and no doubt be welcomed by trainmen who "tie-up" here.

Virginia

Virginia, May 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Virginia Lumber company's saw mill closed down last Saturday for repairs, the move being necessary before the summer's work commences. The machinery in all departments of the mill will be thoroughly tested and the brick work in the burner will be renewed.

The Knights of Pythias members and their friends enjoyed a dancing party and luncheon at the lodge rooms Tuesday evening. Mayo's orchestra furnished the music.

The Virginia Masons met at the Eagle hall Monday and formerly organized. The appointed officers took their stations and necessary committees were appointed.

City Clerk Thompsan has moved into his new residence on Central avenue, in the second addition.

Gust Noble, the commission man, has purchased the property of Charles F. Ahlstrand on Central avenue, the price paid being $1,450. It is described as lot 13, block 20.

The Hercules Powder company is preparing to move its barn opposite the present site, so that the Great Northern people can have a clear right-of-way into the city.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. David Mills Monday.

Andrew Grande has been awarded the contract to erect the two-story solid brick building for Stein & O'Rourke. The building will be 25x80, the first floor and basement to be used by the Finnish Mercantile company and there will be two modern flats of five rooms each on the second floor.

The Hangner-Larson company of Superior, the firm who built our city hall, has been awarded the work of putting up the one-story brick building of John Kriss of West Duluth, on the two lots at the corner of Chestnut street and Cleveland avenue, next to Mesberg's furniture store.

A. E. Johnson is putting a commodious addition to his Maple street property.

Charles Johnson, the barber, will let the contract for the erection of his two-story brick veneer block the fore part of next week. This building will be put up on the vacant lot between Fred. Engle's market and Fred. Johnson's grocery on Chestnut street.

Louis Cohen has decided to go to Aurora and open a clothing store, while his partner, M. Meudelson, will remain here and conduct the Phoenix saloon.

Miss Delia Thouin, who recently resigned her position as assistant postmistress, is spending the week at her former home at Crystal Falls, Mich.

C. A. Munro, a Two Harbors meat dealer, attended the Anderson nuptials Wednesday night.

Mrs. Fred Speechley of Cloquet, and Miss Alma Johnson, a telephone operator at Duluth, were in the city Wednesday to be present at the wedding of their friend, Miss Johnson, Wednesday.

The employes of the Rainy Lake road organized a fast ball team and this aggregation and the Oilvers at Mountain Iron will soon cross bats.

M. T. Johnson, who sold the new chemical engine to the city, is here to give instructions to the fire chief how to operate it.

The Swedish Lutheran church was the scene of a beautiful and impressive wedding ceremony Wednesday evening, when Miss Johanna Anderson of this city and Fred William Anderson of Buhl were made man and wife. Despite the very wet weather the spacious church room was comfortably filled with invited guests and friends of the contracting parties. A nine o'clock, at the harmonious peal of the organ, presided at by Miss Josephine Sterte, the bridesmaids, Miss Rae Smith and Annie Nelson, walked slowly up the two aisles on the side of the ever-green arch, followed by the maid of honor, Miss Anna Anderson, sister of the bride. When these ladies had reached their places the groomsmen, Messrs. H. Georgs and Arthur Talboys, who also officiated as ushers, took their places beside the bridesmaid. At the entrance to the right aisle, the bride, on the arm of her father, preceded by little Misses Rossom and Gustafson, flower girls. Mrs. J. O. Shadbolt sung "When These Two Hearts Are Joined Together," in a very impressive manner. When the father and daughter had reached the altar Mr. Anderson left her at the side of her future husband, who, accompanied by his best man, Jonn Johnson, had approached the altar by the left aisle. When Mrs. Shadbolt had finished her song Miss Amelia Thompson sung "That Little Silver Ring You Gave to Me," at the conclusion of which Rev. J. O. Hanson read the beautiful marriage vows in a clear voice and all the while Miss Sterle, in a very low tone, presided at the organ. Soon Miss Anderson and Mr. Anderson, were pronounced man and wife, and hurriedly leaving the church were assisted in the carriage awaiting them outside and were driven to the former home of Miss Anderson in the First National Bank block, where a wedding supper was served the wedding party and the intimate friends of the young couple. Many very beautiful wedding presents were on display at the rooms of Mr. and Mrs. Shadbolt, their rooms in the same block being utilized for the purpose of entertaining the guests. Miss Anderson resided here for nearly five years, conducting dressmaking parlors, and by her amiable disposition has won friends on all sides, while Mr. Anderson had been a resident of this city for a number of years, being employed by the Virginia Cash Grocery company prior to his entering the grocery business with the firm name of Cronberg & Anderson, at Buhl. Mr. and Mrs. Anderson left Thursday morning for Chicago, Milwaukee and Minneapolis, their wedding tour to last about two weeks. They will reside at Buhl.

Neil McInnis, county commissioner for this district, was over from Eveleth Thursday in the interests of the Consolidation of the Virginia & Rainy Lake wagon road, five miles of which was built north last fall and which was used extensively by the lumbering interests, especially the Northern Lumber company, who paid a portion of the construction price. Mr. McInnis states that with the appropriation of the county, together with the $1,400 secured by Representative Searl at the session of the legislature during the winter, the road will be cut through to the Tower & Itasca road, some eighteen miles north, the work to be done this summer, the purpose being to make it a passable winter road for the present and later put it in shape for a good summer road. Of course most of it will be all right for a summer road as soon as graded, but the country through which it will wind its way, being so rough, and other places so swampy, the money appropriated just now will not admit of it being first-class. The road as built so far is good. It follows the section line, commencing at section 6-58-17, for three miles, and gradually bends towards the northwest until it reaches the range line dividing ranges 59 and 60. The tendency of the road will be toward the Northwest, the objective point being Ashawa, Pelican and Ash lakes, and Koochiching. This road will be a blessing to the farmers of the Little Fork country and will give Virginia another road for commerce. The Pike River road is being used by the farmers around Pike and is also a blessing.

Otto A. Poirier, city attorney, has been appointed assistant county attorney for the iron ranges. When the position was known to be open many of the range attorneys went after the job, but at the finish there were but two in the field, Attorneys Poirier and Bannan of Eveleth. The job carries with it a salary of $1,000 a year. Mr. Poirier has been receiving congratulations all the week.

P. McDonnell, contractor, was in the city from Duluth Wednesday. His case against the city for the collection of the balance of the money alleged to be due him on the sewer contract here will come up for hearing next week.

Judge Nelson has returned from the springs at West Baden, Ind.

William R. Wasson, secretary for the Bailey Lumber company, left Wednesday for a visit at his former home at New York.

Dr. Spratley has returned from a pleasure trip to his old home at Paynesville, Minn.

If a merchant fails to make it worth your while to read his advertisement he wastes his space. Space costs money; and very little of it is wasted. Therefore—it is usually "worth your while" to read any store-advertisement.

IT CURES LIQUOR HABIT.

Orrine is the only perfectly successful cure for the liquor habit the world has ever known. It is better than institutes or sanitariums, because it is used at home and does not interfere with the daily work; better than will-power, because it never fails. It strengthens the nerves and gives good appetite, regulates digestion and makes you sleep like a child.

Orrine No. 1 will cure the hardest drinker and destroy his craving for drink without his knowledge, as it can be given secretly in tea, coffee or food. Orrine No. 2, in pill form, is for those who wish to be cured. The cost of either is $1 per box. Orrine has the endorsement of ministers and physicians. It is the only remedy for the liquor habit that can be relied upon to cure at little expense and restore the drunkard to perfect vigor of manhood. Write to the Orrine Company, Inc., Washington, D. C., for book on "Drunkenness," sent free in plain envelope. Call on F. W. Kugler, 108 West Superior street, Duluth.

MIDGET,
The Smallest Smooth-coated Fox Terrier Known. Weight, 3 Pounds; Age, 2 Years—Owned by Mrs. S. G. Allen, Franklin, Pa.

NOTHING LEFT

For Jeffries to Do But Retire From the Ring.

Cannot Dispose of Title, Because He Drew Color Line.

San Francisco, May 13.—While the announcement of Champion Jim Jeffries' retirement from the ring was not expected just yet a while, there was little surprise in San Francisco when the determination of the biggest and best of heavyweights was made known. It is generally admitted, in fact, that in view of the conditions which prevail in the class to which Jeffries belongs there was nothing left for him to do but get out of the game.

It may tickle Jeffries' vanity to know that the sporting public places him so far above all his contemporaries that an attempt to match him with any of the men at present posing as championship candidates is regarded as ridiculous, but there is no money in a prospect of that kind.

The returns of his match with Jack Munroe gave Jeffries an idea of what he may expect when pitted against an opponent in whom the public take no stock. As there is no one in sight at present calculated to make Jeffries exert himself any more than the miner did, it is little wonder Jeffries thinks of turning to the growing of beets for the sugar mills or killing vension for the market as a more profitable pursuit than cracking the ribs of his fellow men or conferring cauliflower ears upon them.

But the man who can read between the lines is in evidence. There is a small-sized whisper around to the effect that the retirement story is merely a harmless little deceit conceived by the master mind of one William Delaney, the object being to create a yearning to see Jeff in action just once more with any kind of an adversary that may be scared up for him.

The suspicion may be unkind, of course, but it will be interesting to note if the events of the near future warrant it. If there is a scheme afoot to work up interest in a match which will have Jeffries as one of the principals, the man the plotters must have in view as an opponent for big Jim is undoubtedly Marvin Hart of Kentucky. Marvin, no doubt, will be quite willing to assist in making Jeffries' farewell appearance in any ring an unqualified success. If, however, the temper of the pugilistic patrons of San Francisco hasn't been changed entirely by the thought that the chances of seeing Jeffries in war paint are becoming desperate, there is every reason for believing that a Jeffries-Hart contest would be as much of a financial failure as the Jeffries-Munroe affair.

But this is dealing in surmises. The fact that Jeffries has announced his retirement is the only thing in evidence. Let us tag it "Retirement No. 1," and see, if he keeps on retiring, that each withdrawal from the sport which made him famous is numbered consecutively.

There is no fear, I guess, of Jeffries developing the Adelina Patti tendencies that have made such a jack-in-the-box of Fitzsimmons during the past few years, but it is as well to be in a position to spring the dope on Jeffries if he retires too often. It might cure him of the habit if some one looks him squarely in the eye at some time in the future when he is making a farewell speech and say: "James, this is the seventy-sixth time."

If Jeff's announcement in this instance is final and sincere, what will become of the championship?

A correspondent has asked me if Jeff has the power to confer the title on any one, and I am free to confess that I do not know. I believe that transfers of that kind have been made in the past, but I don't think the public regarded these ready-made champions seriously. This is a hard-hearted world, and to be Queen of the May in the domain of swats a man has to battle for the distinction.

To tell the truth Jeffries, with all his might, is the kind of a man that should have little to say in regard to the world's championship once he relinquishes it. He draws the color line, and according to the ethics he has established might exact from the man he endows with the title a promise that no negro fighter should be allowed a chance to become the world's premier pugilist. This would be manifestly unfair. As long as Jeffries himself refused to give battle to a black-skinned gladiator we didn't mind it so much, for we felt that it was largely a whim, and that Jeffries, if he did happen to change his mind, would dispose of his negro challengers as completely as he did of the white heavyweights who opposed him from time to time.

But Jeffries is one fighter in a thousand. There is little prospect of such another wonderful ringman being developed, and there is little fear, in the case he hands over the championship, of the man honored being regarded as a worthy successor. For an inferior heavyweight to emulate Jeffries and draw the color line would be ridiculous, though for that matter an attempt on any one's part to assume the prerogatives of a champion because Jeff named him "as such" would only prove ridiculous.

If Jeff drops the running there will have to be a new deal. Public opinion will dictate who is best entitled to battle for the blue ribbon, and the latter-day matchmakers, who make few mistakes in these matters, will see that public opinion is respected.

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MANY THINGS MUST THE DENTIST KNOW

Teeth Often Tell Him Tales of Organic Diseases Unsuspected By Patient—Then He Calls In the Medical Specialist—Contrast of the New With the Older Dentistry.

Boston, May 13.—(Special to The Herald.)—Familiar as most people more or less are with the practical achievements of dentistry, the importance that nowadays attaches to this branch of science is not popularly understood. Within less than three-quarters of a century the dentist has ceased to be a mere tooth-puller, and has become a man of scientific attainment in medicine as well as surgery. At the Harvard Dental school, for example, in this city, the first year of student work is practically identical with that of the Harvard Medical school, and is, in fact, carried on in the same environment, students in the two allied branches of science taking the same courses under the same instructors. And this partnership is typical of future relations, for the modern dentist is in frequent consultation with the modern physician, and one of the foremost practitioners of Boston, has lately predicted that the time is not far distant when no important surgical operation, except in emergencies, will be performed on any part of the human body until after the patient has undergone thorough dental overhauling of his mouth and teeth.

Never in the history of humanity, in other words, have the teeth been considered as important as they are nowadays—a condition that may be seen in the fact that since 1870 the number of dentists in this country has increased from about 7,000 to probably over 30,000; that dentists have been regularly appointed in the United States army, and that a bill is now pending in congress to extend the service to the navy also. The old idea was to let the teeth take care of themselves, and when they ached to have them removed through the rough surgery that preceded the discovery of ether. But the new idea, comparatively, is to take time by the forelock, and by proper care of the teeth, keep them in good service and condition as long as the owner has any use for them. But it is only in very recent years that the close relation has been noticed between the condition of the body and that of the teeth.

Nervous disorders, for example, would hardly seem to be the province of the dentist. But, as a matter of fact, any serious trouble of the nervous system—such as the breakdown of a man who has overworked himself in business, or has met with serious reverses and consequent mental disturbance, the general disturbance of an acute illness, or the nervous shock of an accident—is likely to affect the teeth; and that so seriously that the dentist can only hold their deterioration in check while his partner, the physician, slowly builds the patient's whole system up to its normal tone and vigor. Such a case would have obviously presented an incalculable puzzle to the dentist of the older regime—as indeed it would to many of the less thoroughly trained among modern dentists, so recent is any general knowledge of scientific dentistry—while to the trained practitioner of today it suggests an immediate telephone conversation with the patient's regular physician and a treatment of the case from the medico-dental standpoint.

Often indeed the dentist, through his knowledge of the ills that teeth are heir to, will suspect organic disease of which the patient is himself unaware and which a medical specialist will diagnose at the dentist's suggestion, and thus nip in the bud a disease that would sooner or later have manifested itself in a far more serious manner. The analysis of saliva, which has been considered primarily the dentist's province, is already taking its place as the most remarkable prophet of ills that are yet too distant to have become visible in the earlier and better known tests, and the proper care of teeth and mouth is every year proving itself of greater importance in the well-being of the entire body.

Broadly speaking, this development of dental science is considered by those who have come closest to it as an inevitable outgrowth of the present civilization, although the fact was guessed at long before it was proved by actual study and results. Our ancestors undoubtedly had better teeth than the last two generations, although false teeth, made originally out of bone or ivory and held in place by creaking metal springs, were not uncommon two hundred years ago. Modern nervousness, haste in eating, the various kinds of food, the prevalence of the candy habit, are all factors that have helped bring about the present conditions, as has the steady nervous pressure of daily life in a big city, with its constant noises and the accumulation of a thousand and one petty annoyances. And these factors, as we now know them, are of such comparatively recent origin that they can easily account for the fact that our ancestors got along almost without even an apology for a dentist, while we of today have given the dentist opportunity to develop from a merely ingenious manual laborer to a scientist of the first importance. Only within the last few years has the dentist made his work so important that the American Medical association has declared the degrees of D. M. D. on a par with that of the longer established M. D.—a compliment of no small significance, for the association is nothing if not conservative.

Literally considered, of course, our friend the dentist is not a physician, nor does the present trend of dental education intend that he shall be. But he has the same fundamental training. The new buildings of the Harvard Medical school in this city, which, thanks to the initial generosity of J. P. Morgan, will constitute undoubtedly of the world's best equipped plant for medical instruction, are thus virtually a part of the dental school which is a department of the same university. And this partnership is intended to give the dental student just that degree of medical knowledge necessary to modern dentistry—in other words, the foundation knowledge of physiology, anatomy, bacteriology and hygiene necessary to carry on the operations of a dentist's office and to recognize the proper moment for consultation with a family physician or trained specialist. On this foundation, plus his succeeding years of study in the more mechanical phases of his work, the average dentist builds his own reputation; but it is an undoubted fact that the best modern dentists are those who keep closely in touch also with the progress of medicine.

Despite the fact that it has already made remarkable advances, the medical side of dentistry is only just at its beginning—so much so that you will still find many physicians, and many dentists too, for that matter, who believe that dentistry is purely mechanical, an apotheosis of teeth pulling and filling. That is one side of the shield. On the other side is the actual fact that there is hardly an organic weakness that affects any part of the body—even gout in your big toe, if you happen to be so affected—that does not affect the teeth, and that the actual relation between them is a new and fruitful field of study that is only beginning to be investigated.

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SETTLEMENT OF THE LANDS IN THE DULUTH DISTRICT

(Continued from page 13.)

thorough investigation before he gave it his indorsement.

"I have," says Bishop McGolrick, "sent some hundreds of the maps of the country, which contain a description, together with a March issue of The Herald's interview with John G. Williams on the richness of St. Louis and Carlton county soil, to cities and villages farther to the South where they may reach people who may need an be benefited.

"People are beginning to be educated out of that old idea that the land in the vicinity of Duluth is worthless, and that the climate is too cold and the winters too long to raise profitable crops. We have demonstrated in recent years that we can raise grains and small fruits with the best of the country farther South and that the Northern soil is unsurpassed in the raising of vegetables.

"A great deal of attention in recent years has been paid to the matter of small fruit raising and the interests that have been working to get settlers in here have endeavored to impress on them the importance of this feature. It is already being felt. The plum as well as other fruit has been acclimated to this district and some splendid fruit crops are being cultivated.

"There are a great many localities in this county and adjoining counties where the opportunities that are being offered the new settlers are great inducements. We need more settlers. The country itself needs them and the cities and villages need them, for as the agricultural country develops in value and in population so will the business in our cities increase.

"Besides the district which is being settled by the Boston & Duluth company, I might cite a region on the Northern Pacific road between Duluth and Brainerd which is regarded now as sort of worthless, but which is a rich peat soil, and when drained will some day comprise some very valuable farming lands."

Speaking of the new state law which provides for the establishment and maintenance of county agricultural and domestic science schools, Bishop McGolrick says:

"I believe that it is a step in the right direction. I have always been in favor of such institutions, not that I would wish to detract from the building up of the state agricultural college, for it is a splendid institution, but there are in our own communities farmers who are not able to send their sons to the agricultural college and their daughters to the domestic science department of the state university, and for such I believe the county schools will fill a long-felt want.

"Some time ago I talked this matter over with the head of the department of agriculture in the state university, and I was asked if the plan of having numbers of these schools scattered throughout the state, schools with ten acres or more of land about them, where instruction could be given the farmer boys and girls, and where they could easily get to and from their homes and the school, would be a good thing. I said that it would be practicable and feasible, and I still continue in that opinion.

"The fact of the matter is, the commercial professions are being overcrowded and it is time that we should give the farmer boy an opportunity of learning that the profession of scientific farming is as noble and independent a calling as that of a bookkeeper, a lawyer or a doctor.

"We hear the old timers talk of their hardships, when they got up at 4 o'clock in the morning and worked until 8 o'clock in the evening. Such are not the conditions today. As an illustration I might refer to Polk county which I consider as one of the richest farming communities in this state. There you see splendid farms, with good buildings and fences. The farmer has his fine driving team besides his many work teams. He has his garden where are raised all the vegetables and small fruits which make him independent of the town markets. The farmer's wife has her chickens, and berries for canning and, altogether they are living in peace and comfort and independence. Just such conditions can be created in St. Louis county.

"I foresee the time when the man who formerly believed that a 320 or 160-acre farm was a necessity will be restricting his attention to forty and eighty-acre tracts, which, with less effort and by reason of scientific farming, he will be gaining a competence far greater than he was formerly with a farm larger than he could work.

"As the lands are settling up in the Northwest the values are gradually getting higher and I believe that this is the proper time to urge this matter of settlement. The development of the now wild lands into cultivated farms means that the land valuation is to be increased fifty-fold in the coming years.

"I believe that the Farmers' Institutes are doing a splendid work throughout the country in teaching the farmers things they ought to know about the soil and the proper methods of enriching it so that it will not run out. I hope to see many of such institutes held in our own country in the coming year."

OUR YOUNG FOLKS CORNER

Little Johnny Jump-up
Standing in the grass;
Little Billy Blinkiets
Happened by to pass!

Little Johnny Jump-up
Held his head in air;
Little Billy Blinkiets
Saw him standing there!

Down stooped little Billy
And reached forth his fist,
Grasped the neck of Johnny,
Gave it a quick twist!

Off came Johnny's headlet,
And—ah, me—alas!
There stood Johnny's body
Headless in the grass!

HELENA DAVIS.

Fatty and Natty Bruno.

Or a Tale of Some Bears.

By Maud Walker.

Mrs. Bruno lived in such a cozy house with her two cubs, Natty and Fatty. Her house was nothing more than the inside of a huge, hollow tree, but to Mrs. Bruno and the twins it was all that meant comfort and sweet security. The entrance—or door—to this queer abode was a great hole away up in the sheltered side of the great trunk, away from prying eyes of chance passersby; but it was no trick at all for the dwellers therein to ascend to it, both going in and coming out, for climbing a tree is as easy and natural for a bear as to walk on level ground is natural for us human beings.

It was Mrs. Bruno's custom each morning to go out into the woods that covered the mountain side and hunt for breakfast for herself. Natty and Fatty were not yet weaned, so they did not need to go along in quest of food. Mrs. Bruno, like human mothers, was very found of her babies, and often, when starting out to obtain breakfast, she would stop at the abode of a neighbor, old Mrs. Grizzle, to tell of the cleverness of Fatty and Natty. To all this mother-like praise old Mrs. Grizzle would sniff her nose contemptuously and toss her head, saying: "Your cubs are no smarter'n other bears' cubs." The truth was poor old Mrs. Grizzle had lost her cubs through their own lack of wisdom and the wickedness of a trapper, who cursed the mountains and terrorized the animals with his presence. Mrs. Bruno often boasted that under like circumstances Fatty and Natty would have saved themselves. Of course, this made old Mrs. Grizzle ill natured—any mother would get so to hear another's children praised above her own.

But this is a tale of Fatty and Natty, not of old Mrs. Grizzle, so let them have our attention.

One morning, as usual, Mrs. Bruno went out to get her breakfast. Hardly was she out of her own tree yard when Fatty and Natty decided to have a tumble in the bright spring sunshine. Accordingly they climbed clumsily up to the door and thrust their noses out, sniffing the fresh air eagerly. "Ah, it is lovely for a romp this morning!" cried Fatty. Then he tapped his brother on the shoulder and said: "Tag!" Then, in an instant, he was on the green grass below, with Natty at his heels. Over and under they rolled and tumbled each other in the happiest frolic imaginable—just for all the world like young puppies or little kittens at play. Suddenly a sound—strange, therefore dangerous—fell on their ears. Natty sat quickly upright and bent his ears to listen, while his sensitive little nose scented something wrong. Fatty also stopped play instantly and put his ear close to the earth in a listening attitude, his nose, like his brother's, smelling the blood of an enemy.

Crash—crush! Footsteps were approaching! But it was not the soft, even tread of four paws—it was the quick, uneven, jerky step of a man on two leather-shod feet. Natty looked at Fatty and gave the signal to ascend to their house door. In another instant they were deep down in their little quarters, hidden so snugly at the bottom that they seemed only a part of the darkness lurking there.

Hardly had they cuddled there, and almost stopped breathing, when they felt the intruder lean against the tree inside which they lay and heard him ejaculate in very gruff tones: "Ah, ha, I wasn't mistaken! An old one and some cubs. Here are their tracks. By George, wish I hadn't lost my ammunition. That was the worst piece of stupidity I was ever guilty of. But both barrels are loaded, which is enough to help me in case the old one appears and wants a lead pill or two. Wonder where the cubs are, anyway? Guess I'll climb up this tree and get a good view of the surroundings. They are some place near here. I'd better be on the lookout for the old one, too, and get the trigger on her from a good height. They fight like Sam Hill when they have young ones to protect."

Now, when Fatty and Natty heard the creature of evil intent climbing into the top of their tree they felt some alarm. And why should not they? Would not you be frightened most to death if you were in as close quarters with a terrible bear, who was bent on your destruction? Of course you would; and you must not forget that there are two sides to every picture.

Slowly the monster man climbed into the tree, making a great fuss about it as he went, his slick shoe soles slipping on the rough bark that tore and bruised his hands. "Thunder and lightning!" he exclaimed, just as he pulled himself to a point over the doorway leading into Mrs. Bruno's house. "If here isn't an opening in this tree big enough to admit an army. Wonder if the cubs could be in there?" In preparing to look down the man lost hold of his gun, which fell to the ground and exploded, the hammer doubtless striking against one of the ragged tree roots. The report was almost deafening to the ears of Fatty and Natty, who shook with terror in their wooly skins.

"There, drat the luck!" the man said, angrily. "Both barrels empty and me a mile or more from camp. Guess this place isn't the softest one to be in with a bulletless gun, so I'll be about making tracks. I'll come back and get the cubs alive and the old one for her skin."

As he finished these remarks, made aloud to himself, the man began to descend the tree, but in doing so one of his feet slipped and went into the hole over Fatty and Natty. Trying to extricate himself he lost his hold and fell feet first right down into the house of Mrs. Bruno. Before he could gather himself together to climb out Fatty and Natty, with one impulse, laid hold of his legs with teeth and claw, biting and scratching with all the fierceness born of instinct to protect themselves against this dangerous enemy. They realized that the time had come when it was fight or die—or, far worse, be taken into captivity, so they followed the promptings of mother nature and put their strength together against their foe.

Several minutes went by this when at last the man succeeded in freeing himself from the ferocious little cubs and clambered out of the hole, his feet and ankles bleeding from many wounds made by the sharp teeth, and his trousers almost torn from his legs. Just as he leaped down to the ground his startled eyes fell upon the form of Mrs. Bruno, who was coming through the grass with long leaps, her eyes wild with fear for her young. When the hunter saw her approaching he knew that he had to meet an antagonist who would yield not an inch.

Mrs. Bruno had not gone far in her search for breakfast when the explosion of the hunter's gun fell upon her ears. Her keen sense of hearing located the very spot where the sound came from and her instinct told her that Fatty and Natty were in danger, so it was that she reached the place just as the hunter dragged himself from her house. What the hurt was to her cubs she did not stop to question, her one thought being to take the life of the intruder who otherwise would take her children's and her own.

For the briefest part of a second the old bear looked into the terrorized eyes of the hunter, then she made a lunge towards him, lifting her powerful paw to strike the blow that would end his days of hunting. But quick as a flash the hunter—practiced in such work—grasped his gun and dealt old Mrs. Bruno a stunning blow between the eyes. It so dazed the poor old animal that she staggered over against the body of the tree and became quite blind and dizzy with the pain. During the few minutes that she was in this helpless condition the hunter made his escape, going off through the woods and brush at a speed almost equal to that of a running horse.

Just as the poor, stunned bear raised her paw unconsciously to rub her aching head Fatty and Natty crept stealthily to the top of their house and peeped down to see how the land lay. In an instant the frightened little ones were beside their mother, licking her with their moist, warm tongues and begging her to revive and speak to them. Bear children love their mothers just as dearly in their own ways as real human children love their mammas. "Mamma, mamma," the sorrowing little cubs wailed, "come—open your eyes. It is Natty and Fatty who are calling you. Come—open your dear eyes."

And just like many another mother, old Mrs. Bruno opened her eyes and looked about her. Then, with her cubs beside her, she staggered down the mountainside to a little brook, where she bathed her poor hurt head. After a little she came entirely to her senses and the three returned to their house, where old Mrs. Grizzle was awaiting them. The roar of the gun report had brought her thither, for she knew danger must be behind that terrible noise.

With much excitement the event of the hour was gone over, Fatty and Natty telling in a very vivid manner of the encounter with the hunter—"the terror of the mountains," as they called him—who had so unceremoniously dropped right down upon them without so much as a "howdy-do."

"Well," said Mrs. Grizzle, after the cubs had grown calm, "I for one am in favor of pulling stakes and pitching camp some place higher up the mountain. There's too many of these two-legged things about after us and ours. What do you say, Mrs. Bruno?"

And you do not wonder, do you, that not only Mrs. Bruno, but Fatty and Natty, agreed that it was the only thing left for them to do, since the hunter had discovered their retreat, and would, of course, return with many others like himself to capture and kill them? So that very night they set forth to climb the mountain just as the moon peeped over the snow-covered peaks to their right. The old man in the moon saw the four travelers and understood, so he gave them the best light he could to guide them along safe paths. Once, when Fatty and Natty almost gave out with fatigue, the old fellow beckoned to a heavy cloud to come and curtain his light, so that the older bears would consent to stop a bit and rest. During the little stop Fatty and Natty had a refreshing sleep, while their mother and Mrs. Grizzle sat beside them and conversed in whispers, waiting for the moonlight to continue their journey.

Just as the day was breaking, and the old man in the moon was withdrawing his light, the movers turned into a canon that led far in between great boulders. Here they chanced upon a fine, dry cave, deep and broad. Nearby trickled and sang a mountain brook, where they could refresh themselves with drink and bath. Food was in plenty, and no print of man's leather-shod foot was to be detected in the soil. "Ah," sighed Mrs. Grizzle, "here's the place for us to stay."

"Yes, till the hunters of the valleys and hills below chase us out," sighed Mrs. Bruno. "Why can't those creatures let live as well as live?" she added, laying a paw lovingly round each of her cubs.

And the old man in the moon lingered long enough to say: "Yes, why, indeed?"

A May Day picnic! A birthday party! And both in one!

Little Blue-eyes clapped her hands and danced about the room for joy. Mamma and papa had just arrived at that decision. The weather was so lovely, spring had seemed to invite summer to come and help her finish the month of May, and the smiling Summer had evidently accepted the invitation, for everywhere roses were in full bud and bloom and the trees were dressed in fullest frocks of green foliage.

Blue-eyes—whose real name was Mary Ethel, but who was always called Blue-eyes by her papa and mamma—would be eight years old on her birthday, which would come on Saturday.

Oh, how lovely that it should come on a day when there was no school! And how nice to have a spring birthday, too, instead of a wintry one. Indeed, there were many reasons why Blue-eyes should dance about the room and clap her little hands for joy.

For several days preceding the birthday mamma was very busy with preparations for the party, which was to be held in a beautiful grove several miles from town. And Blue-eyes was busy also, for she was the greatest little helper you ever saw. She would sit on the kitchen doorstep and beat the eggs for mamma to make cakes with. Then she would run errands for her mamma, and never once did she grow tired.

At last the Saturday morning came, and such excitement and fun prevailed! All the little friends of Blue-eyes were assembled early; really, the sun had scarcely opened his eyes and peeped over the eastern horizon when all the little ones who were to participate in the day's festivities were astir in their respective homes. The earliest lark was just singing his morning carol when Blue-eyes slipped from her little white bed and tripped down stairs in her nightgown and bare, pink feet to see if "things were moving." She found papa and mamma already down and busy preparing the huge luncheon baskets. When Blue-eyes ran into the room mamma threw her arms about her little girl and kissed her good morning.

"Ah, ha! Blue," laughed Papa, "we stole a march on you, didn't we?" Papa and Blue-eyes were always such chums, you know.

Many spring-wagons and a great picnic carryall—with rows of seats facing each other along its sides—were at the gate just on the minute of 8 o'clock and Papa, in the gayest of spirits, that set everyone to laughing, put the "little chaps" in their seats, stowed the baskets, swings and hammocks away in an express wagon for the purpose, took his seat beside the driver of the carryall, clucked to the horses, and away the procession started, the wheels turning as rapidly as spinning tops.

Along the broad, level road leading to the country they whirled, past farms of spreading green fields, across wooden bridges that spanned dancing creeks and over the uplands, among rock-covered hills that led to a beautiful patch of woodland beyond. The happy children laughed and talked to their hearts' content, no restraint being put upon their innocent enjoyment.

Papa had carefully selected the spot for the picnic and had sent men out the previous day to clean away the underbrush, hang swings and erect a table and seats. So, when the vehicles drew up to the shady spot, all was ready and inviting. Nearby the picnic spot—and under a huge rock ledge—glistened a spring of delicious, clear, cool water.

Although Mamma had prepared luncheon in abundance, there was to be much cooking on a camp fire. The boys had brought fishing tackle and soon they bordered the pretty creek—that was well stocked with fish—busy drawing out the finny fellows in great numbers. Papa also held a pole and line, and before Mamma had had time—with the assistance of a lot of the little girls—to unload the baskets of cooking utensils, a great pan of fine fish was placed before her.

Then came the fish-fry. And how the smell of the cooking did whet the already sharp appetites of the youngsters!

All the time the swings were busy, too, for there was plenty of time for fun before dinner, and plenty of children to make the fun.

"Oh, let's have some wild flowers!" cried Blue-eyes, who always had an eye for the beautiful. "They will look so pretty on the table."

"A sweet suggestion, dearie," said mamma, turning some browning fish over the crackling campfire. "You may go gather some, but be careful not to wander out of sight of the camp. Take Kitty Belle with you, and be careful about snakes."

Kitty Belle was Blue-eyes' little chum and seat mate at school, and the two were almost inseparable.

Away the two little girls went in their fresh white frocks, looking for all the world like spring blossoms themselves.

Owing to the shade near the creek flowers were not found there in great profusion, so Blue-eyes and Kitty Belle went into the open fields that lay along the rock-ledge banks. So busy were the little girls gathering flowers that they forgot to keep an eye on the camp, and soon they had turned the corner of a hedge and wandered into another patch of wood, without being conscious of the fact that they were getting a long distance from the picnic ground.

Almost an hour must have elapsed before the blossom gatherers realized that it was time for them to return. With skirts full of flowers they faced about to retrace their steps, fully expecting to see the grove with the horses and wagons in full view. But to their dismay all about them bore a strange aspect. To their right lay a high hill, to their left a fenced pasture full of formidable-looking long-horned cattle.

"Which way did we come?" whispered Kitty Belle, becoming frightened instantly.

"I guess it was that way," answered Blue-eyes, her little heart throbbing. She designated the direction which led farthest from the pasture, for her mind was immediately filled with the stories she had heard of people being gored to death by wild bulls. "S'pose we go this way and see," she went on, taking the lead.

For several minutes they trudged on, hands clasped, too much preoccupied for conversation. Blue-eyes noticed that the way she was leading bore no familiar landmarks, and at every step she feared they would encounter a whole regiment of ferocious wild animals, led, perchance, by a roaring mad bull. Soon Kitty, unable to restrain herself longer, broke into a fit of frightened weeping. "Oh, mamma, mamma," wailed the little thing; "if I was only home with you! I don't ever want to go to a picnic again—so I don't."

Blue-eyes put her lips firmly together, batted her blue eyes that were on the point of overflowing, and putting her arm about Kitty Belle, said, reassuringly: "Don't cry, Kitty Belle; we'll find the place all right. Besides, when papa and mamma see we've been gone too long they'll come to find us. So please don't be afraid."

But Kitty wept just the same, for the troubled heart beat with fear.

"I know what we'll do," suggested Blue-eyes, a gleam of hope coming. "We'll go down to the creek yonder and follow it. You know our camp is on the bank of the creek."

Accordingly, the two turned toward the little stream that trickled along as gaily and sweetly as though no two lost little ones walked its bank.

Presently the bank became so steep and full of brush and rocks that they could not follow the stream in that way any further. "Oh, oh!" cried Kitty Belle, a new supply of tears raining, "what shall we do?"

Just a moment Blue-eyes stood irresolute, then a new plan came to her quick little mind. "Let's pull off our shoes and stockings and wade," she said, holding her voice steady for Kitty's sake.

Down they sat on the edge of a huge stone, removed shoes and stockings, tied them together, slung them over their shoulders and stepped into the cool, clear stream. The water was not quite knee-deep, so there was no fear of wetting their little frocks. On they waded for some minutes when suddenly Blue-eyes stopped, her baby face paling and a quiver shaking her chin. "What if we are going the wrong way?" she said in as brave a tone as she could muster. "Maybe we'd better wait. Surely, some of them will come to find us."

"Let's scream for help," wailed Kitty. "Oh, oh, if only I were home with mamma!"

"No, let's not scream; let's sing," said Blue-eyes. "I've heard that singing in the woods can be heard farther than calling can. Let's sing together."

"What shall we sing?" plaintively inquired poor Kitty Belle.

Blue-eyes glanced about her. A huge boulder on the bank gave the suggestion. "Rock of ages, cleft for me," she began in her clear, sweet soprano, and Kitty's trembling voice joined in. Out through the woods the sweet duet rang, echoing through the stillness of the valley against the rock ledges of the surrounding hills. Along the bosom of the sparkling water floated the child voices, "Let me hide myself in thee."

Through the woods came a man almost leaping. He had heard that song and he knew the voices of the singers. In a few minutes he dashed round a curve in the stream and his eyes fell upon the saddest, though sweetest, little picture he had ever seen in all his life. In the middle of the stream the sunshine fell on their upturned faces wreathed with hair of gold, stood Blue-eyes and Kitty Belle, their hands tightly clasped together as they poured out their voices in the sweet old hymn—a hymn begging for succor.

In another minute, all unmindful of the water, Blue-eyes' papa had both little girls in his arms.

Oh, the joy of it!

"We were lost," smiled Kitty Belle, the tears drying.

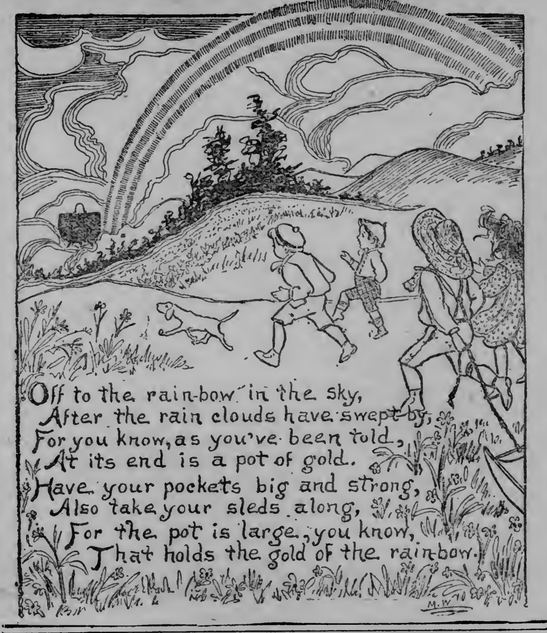
"But now we're found," joyously cried Blue-eyes, hugging her papa very tightly about his neck.

And with light, happy hearts, the three started campward, where the dinner was awaiting them. Of course, they all three sat down till Blue-eyes and Kitty Belle could don their stockings and shoes, for, as Papa said, it would never, never do to appear at so fashionable a function as Blue-eyes' birthday picnic with bare feet.

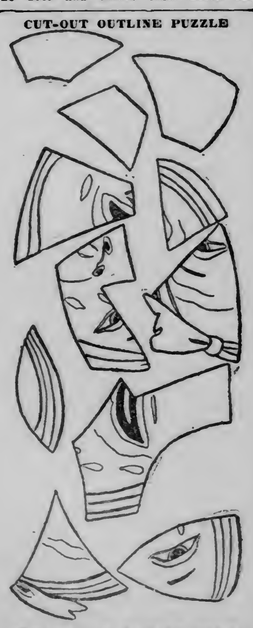
"Oh, I was only thinking of the briars and stickers in the grass," laughed Blue-eyes. "I wasn't thinking of fashion."

"And all I'm thinking of is how scared mamma will be when I tell her I was lost today," said Kitty Belle.

"But think how glad she will be to know you got found," consoled Blue-eyes, as they joined hands with Blue-eyes' papa and hurried to the picnic.


Off to the rain-bow in the sky,
After the rain clouds have swept by,
For you know, as you've been told,
At its end is a pot of gold.
Have your pockets big and strong,
Also take your sleds along,
For the pot is large, you know,
That holds the gold of the rainbow.

"Mamma! mamma!" cried Fatty and Natty, "open your dear eyes."



CUT-OUT OUTLINE PUZZLE

"WHAT'S THE MATTER HERE?"

Cut out the parts, being very careful to cut away the black outlines from the edges that are to be joined together, and paste on a piece of paper. Then you will learn what the matter is. Watch for solution next week.

"Rock of Ages, Cleft for Me!"

Palmistry.

Children May Study the Lines and Mounts of the Hand and Read the Secrets That Are Thus Revealed to the "Fortune-Teller."

There are eight plainly marked and important lines in the palm (see illustration No. 1) from which the palmist gleans his information concerning life and character. These lines are (1) Life, (2) Vitality, (3) Fate, (4) Health, (5) Head, (6) Heart, (7) Marriage, (8) Venus.

When any of these lines are broken or ragged it denotes weakness in that particular quarter. A palm full of deeply cut lines denotes a strong constitution and well-balanced makeup if accompanied by a strong thumb and good fingers.

Soft, full palms denote warm blood, good circulation and a love of ease. Thin palms denote impoverished blood, nervousness and usually an excitable disposition. Hollow, cold palms denote delicate health and low vitality. Broad, heavy, hard palms denote great physical strength and endurance. Slender, graceful, well-developed palms denote an artistic temperament and a generous, forgiving nature.

WHAT THE FINGERS TELL US.

Short, plump, smooth fingers denote impulsiveness and often fickleness of mind. Short, clumsy, irregular fingers denote selfishness, though they are sometimes on the philosophic hand. Crooked fingers with blunt ends—especially the third and little fingers—denote common, vulgar ancestry, some palmists contending that crooked little fingers denote degeneracy. Strong, knotty fingers denote a practical and philosophic mind. Slender, tapering, small-jointed fingers denote a highly sensitive and artistic temperament, a love of all things beautiful and a noble nature. Such fingers belong to the artist and the poet. Long, well-developed fingers, straight and muscular, denote love of detail and order in all things and great executive ability.

THE FINGER NAILS.

Long, tapering nails denote grace of person and innate refinement. The thin, slender nail never grows on the heavy, coarse hand. Short, broad nails belong to the practical and philosophic hand, and denote a strong will and self-control. The short, square nails, irregular in form—no two on the hand being alike—denote stupidity, lack of refinement and a taste for the low and common things of life. Spots on the nails denote ill health and poor circulation.

THE THUMB IMPORTANT.

Strength of character is often indicated by the thumb. In many ways the hand may point to weaknesses, but the strong, independent thumb proves the saving power.

The long, broad, muscular thumb, that opens well from the palm, denotes independence and determination. The supple, loose-jointed and tapering thumb denotes artistic temperament, but lack of perseverance, and also denotes that the owner is easily influenced by others for good or evil. The large, graceful thumb, firm jointed and broad, denotes a well-balanced and practical mind and a just consideration of the rights of others. A large thumb, slender in the middle, denotes great tact.

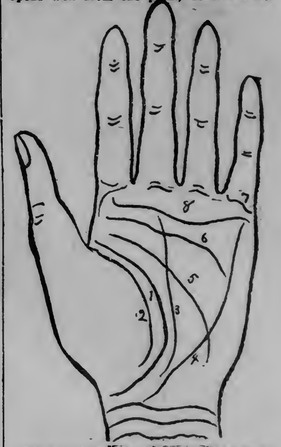
MOUNTS ON THE PALM.

(See Cut No. 2)

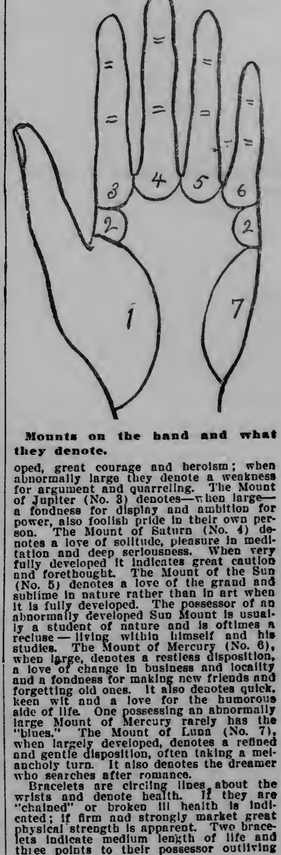
The Mount of Venus (not the same as the line of Venus) is shown on the palm as No. 1. When largely developed it denotes love of the opposite sex, love of beauty, art and music. If crossed by numerous small lines it pronounces strong passions and a violent temper.

The Mounts of Mars (No. 2)—of which there are two—denote, when fully developed, great courage and heroism; when abnormally large they denote a weakness for argument and quarreling. The Mount of Jupiter (No. 3) denotes—when large—a fondness for display and ambition for power, also foolish pride in their own person. The Mount of Saturn (No. 4) denotes a love of solitude, pleasure in meditation and deep seriousness. When very fully developed it indicates great caution and forethought. The Mount of the Sun (No. 5) denotes a love of the grand and sublime in nature rather than in art when it is fully developed. The possessor of an abnormally developed Sun Mount is usually a student of nature and is oftimes a recluse—living within himself and his studies. The Mount of Mercury (No. 6), when large, denotes a restless disposition, a love of change in business and locality and a fondness for making new friends and forgetting old ones. It also denotes quick, keen wit and a love for the humorous side of life. One possessing an abnormally large Mount of Mercury rarely has the "blues." The Mount of Luna (No. 7), when largely developed, denotes a refined and gentle disposition, often taking a melancholy turn. It also denotes the dreamer who searches after romance.

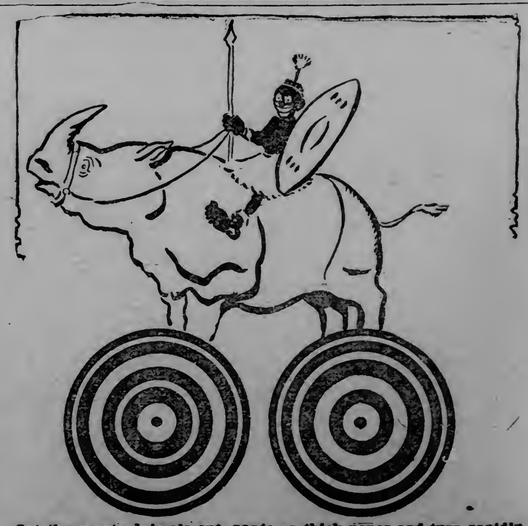
Bracelets are circling lines about the wrists and denote health. If they are "chained" or broken ill health is indicated; if firm and strongly marked great physical strength is apparent. Two bracelets indicate medium length of life and three points to their possessor outliving his three-score-and-ten.



Lines of the hand and what they denote.



Mounts on the hand and what they denote.



Cut these auto-animals out, paste on thick paper and turn rapidly from right to left. A collection of these animals will make great entertainment for the little ones when they are indoors.

COLORED INK